

CUSTOMER APPROVAL SHEET

Company Name	
MODEL	A070VW08 V0
CUSTOMER	Title:
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ADDROVAL FOR SPECIFICAT	CIONIS ONLY (Spec Voy 0.2)

APPROVAL FOR SPECIFICATIONS ONLY (Spec. Ver. <u>0.2</u>)

☐ APPROVAL FOR SPECIFICATIONS AND ES SAMPLE (Spec. Ver. 0.2)

☐ APPROVAL FOR SPECIFICATIONS AND CS SAMPLE (Spec. Ver. 0.2)

☐ CUSTOMER REMARK:

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Product Specification

7" COLOR TFT-LCD MODULE

MODEL NAME: A070VW08 V0

Model Name: A070VW08 V0

Planned Lifetime: From 2010/Jul To 2011/Dec
Phase-out Control: From 2011/Jul To 2011/Dec

EOL Schedule: 2011/Dec

- < □ >Preliminary Specification
- < >Final Specification

Note: The content of this specification is subject to change.

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Record of Revision

Version	Revise Date	Page	Content
0.0	2010/04/02	All	First Draft.
0.1	2010/04/28		
0.2	2010/06/07	All	Revised EE characteristics



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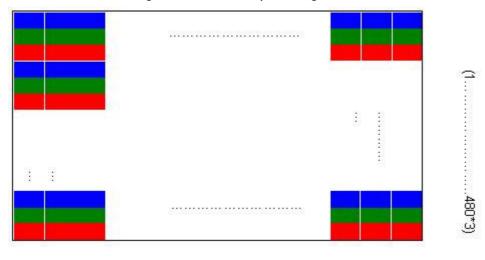
A. General Information

This product is for digital photo frame and other suitable application.

	• •			
NO.	ltem	Unit	Specification	Remark
1	Screen Size	inch	7(Diagonal)	
2	Display Resolution	dot	800(H)×480RGB(V)	
3	Overall Dimension	mm	164(H) × 103(V) × 5.1(T)	Note 1
4	Active Area	mm	152.40(H)×91.44(V)	
5	Pixel Pitch	mm	0.1905(H)×0.1905(V)	
6	Color Configuration		Tri-Gate	Note 2
7	Color Depth		16.7M Colors	Note 3
8	NTSC Ratio	%	50	
9	Display Mode		Normally White	
10	Panel surface Treatment		Anti-Glare, 3H	
11	Weight	g	150±10	
12	Panel Power Consumption	mW	TBD	Note 4
13	Backlight Power Consumption	W	1.8	
	Viewing direction		6 o'clock (gray inversion)	

Note 1: Not include blacklight cable and FPC. Refer next page to get further information.

Note 2: Below figure shows dot stripe arrangement.



Note 3: The full color display depends on 24-bit data signal (pin 33~40, 42~49, 51~58)

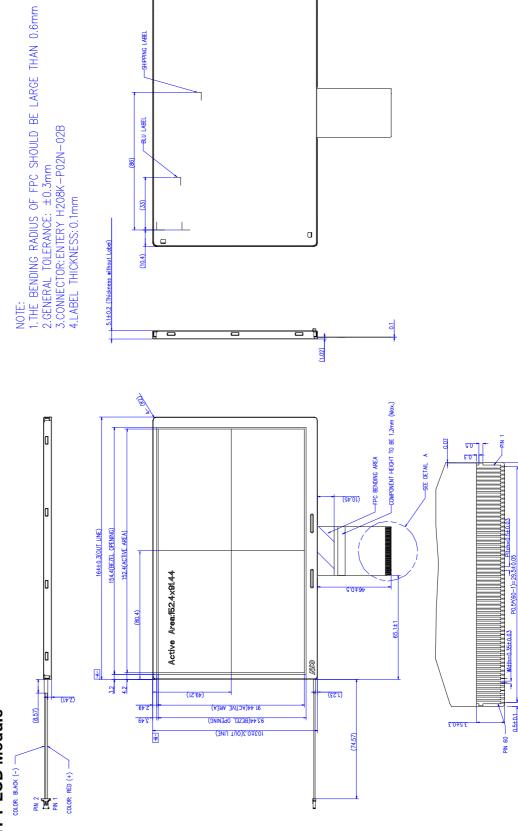
Note 4: Please refer to Electrical Characteristics chapter.



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B. Outline Dimension

1. TFT-LCD Module



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C. Electrical Specifications

1. TFT LCD Panel Pin Assignment

Recommended connector:

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description	Remark
1	VCOM	ı	Common electrode driving voltage	
2	VGL	Р	Negative power supply voltage for Gate driver	
3	VGH	Р	Positive power supply voltage for Gate driver	
4	VGH	Р	Positive power supply voltage for Gate driver	
5	VDPA	Р	Positive Supply voltage for analog power	
6	VDNA	Р	Negative Supply voltage for analog power	
7	GND	Р	Ground for digital circuit	
8	DRV_BLU	0	OUTPUT_PWM_SIGNAL output via an output buffer	
9	CABC EN	ı	CABC function enable (active high)	
10	UD	P	Up / Down Select	Note2
11	RL	0	Right / Left Select	Note2
12	GRB	ı	Global reset pin (active low: reset when GRB='L')	Note1
13	V10	ı	Gamma correction voltage reference	140101
14	V9	i	Gamma correction voltage reference	
15	V8	ı	Gamma correction voltage reference	
16	V7	ı	Gamma correction voltage reference	
17	V6	1	Gamma correction voltage reference	
18	V5	I	Gamma correction voltage reference	
19	V4	I	Gamma correction voltage reference	
20	V3	I	Gamma correction voltage reference	
21	V2	I	Gamma correction voltage reference	
22	V1	I	Gamma correction voltage reference	
23	VDDIO	Р	Supply voltage for digital circuit	
24	VDDIO	Р	Supply voltage for digital circuit	
25	CS	I	Chip select (Low active) of SPI	
26	SDA	I/O	Data input/output of SPI	
27	SCL	I	Clock input of SPI	
28	GND	Р	Ground for digital circuit	
29	DCLK	I	Data clock Input	
30	GND	Р	Ground for digital circuit	
31	DE	I	Data enable Input	
32	GND	Р	Ground for digital circuit	



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22	DD7	Π.	DI 11: 1/40D)
33	DB7	l	Blue data input (MSB)
34	DB6	I	Blue data input
35	DB5	I	Blue data input
36	DB4	l	Blue data input
37	DB3	I	Blue data input
38	DB2	I	Blue data input
39	DB1	I	Blue data input
40	DB0	I	Blue data input (LSB)
41	GND	Р	Ground for digital circuit
42	DG7	I	Green data input (MSB)
43	DG6	I	Green data input
44	DG5	I	Green data input
45	DG4	I	Green data input
46	DG3	I	Green data input
47	DG2	I	Green data input
48	DG1	I	Green data input
49	DG0	I	Green data input (LSB)
50	GND	Р	Ground for digital circuit
51	DR7	I	Red data input (MSB)
52	DR6	I	Red data input
53	DR5	I	Red data input
54	DR4	I	Red data input
55	DR3	I	Red data input
56	DR2	I	Red data input
57	DR1	I	Red data input
58	DR0	I	Red data input (LSB)
59	GND	Р	Ground for digital circuit
60	VCOM	I	Common electrode driving voltage

I: Input; P: Power

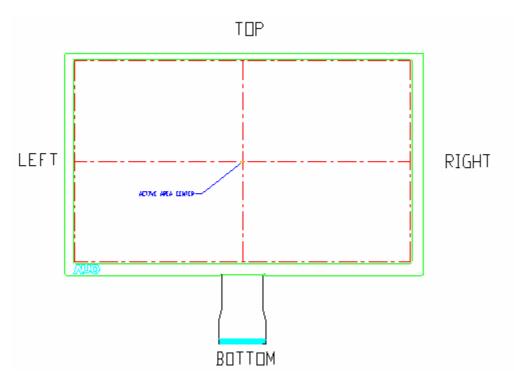
Note1: Global reset, normally pulled high. Suggest to connecting with an RC (R=10K ohm, C=1uF) reset circuit for stability. Normally pull high.

Note2:

U/D	Direction	L/R	Direction
Н	$D \rightarrow U$	Н	$R \rightarrow L$
L	U→D	L	$L \rightarrow R$



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2. Backlight Pin Assignment

Recommended connector: E&T H201K-P020N-02B

Pin no	Symbol	I/O	Description	Remark
1	VLED	Р	LED power supply	
2	GNDLED	Р	LED ground	

3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
	VDDIO	GND=0	-0.5	5	V	
Dower voltage	VDPA	GND=0	-0.5	5.9	V	
Power voltage	VDNA	GND=0	-5.9	0.5	V	
	VGH - VGL	GND=0	-	32	V	
	Vi	GND=0	-0.3	VDDIO+0.3	V	Note 1
Input signal voltage	VCOM	GND=0	-3.5	0		
iliput sigilai voitage	V1~V5	GND=0	0	VDPA-0.2		
	V6~V10	GND=0	VDNA+0.2	0		
Operating Temperature	Topa					
Storage temperature	Tstg					

Note 1:De, Digital Data

Note 2:Functional operation should be restricted under ambient temperature (25 ...).

Note 3:Maximum ratings are those values beyond which damages to the device may occur. Functional operation should be restricted to the limits in the Electrical Characteristics chapter.

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4. Electrical DC Characteristics

a. (VDDIO = +3.3V, NDPA=5V, VDNA=-5V, AGND=GND=0V, TOPR = -10°C to +60°C)

Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
		VDDIO	3.0	3.3	3.6	>	Digital power
		VDPA	4.5	5	5.5	V	Analog Power
		VDNA	-5.5	-5	-4.5	V	Analog Power
Power Voltage		VGH	13.5	14	14.5	V	Positive power supply for gate driver
		VGL	-14.5	-14	-13.5	V	Negative power supply for
		VOL	14.0	-14	10.0	•	gate driver
Input	H Level	VIH	VDDIOx0.7	TBD	VDDIO	V	Note 1
Signal Voltage	L Level	VIL	GND	TBD	0.3xVDDIO	>	Note 1
				TBD		٧	
		V1		TBD			
		V2		TBD			
		V3		TBD			Detail Gamma voltage please
Gamma refe	erence	V4		TBD			refer to page 26
voltage		V5		TBD		V	Note 2
, o.u.go		V6		TBD			
		V7		TBD			
		V8		TBD			
		V9		TBD			
				TBD			

Note 1: DE, Digigal Data

Note 2: VDPA > V1 > V2 > V3 > V4 > V5 > V6 > V7 > V8 > V9 > V10 > VDNA

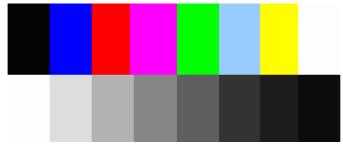


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b. Current Consumption (AGND=GND=0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Input current for VDDIO	I _{VDDIO}	VDDIO=3.3V	-	TBD		mA	Note 1
Inpur current for VDPA	I _{VDPA}	VDPA=5V	-	TBD		mA	Note 1
Input current for VDNA	I_{VDNA}	VDNA=-5V	-	TBD		mA	Note 1
Inpur current for VGH	$I_{ m VGH}$	VGH=14V	-	TBD		mA	Note 1
Inpur current for VGL	$I_{ m VGL}$	VGL= -14V		TBD		mA	Note 1
Inpur current for VCOM	I _{VCOM}	VCOM=TBD		TBD		mA	Note 1

Note 1: The test pattern use the following pattern.

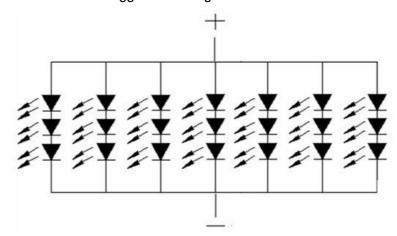


c. Backlight Driving Conditions

The backlight (LED module, Note 1) is suggested to drive by constant current 175mA.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
LED light bar Voltage	V_{L}	8.85	9.75	10.95	V	I _F =175mA
Power Consumption	\mathbf{P}_{BL}	1.548	1.706	1.916	W	Note 1
LED Life Time	L	10,000			Hr	Note 2, 3

Note 1: The LED driving condition is defined for LED module (21 LED). The voltage range will be 8.85V to 10.95V based on suggested driving current set as 175mA.





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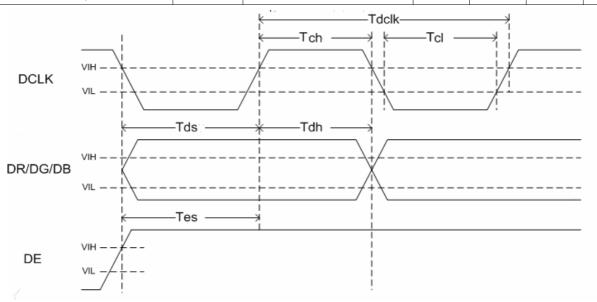
Note 2: Define "LED Lifetime": brightness is decreased to 50% of the initial value. LED Lifetime is restricted under normal condition, ambient temperature = 25□ and LED lightbar current = 175mA.

Note 3: If it uses larger LED lightbar voltage/ current more than 10.95V/175mA, it maybe decreases the LED lifetime.

5. Electrical AC Characteristics

a. Signal AC Characteristics

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
INPUT Signals						
Clock High time	Tch		8	-	-	ns
Clock Low time	Tcl		8	-	-	ns
Data setup time	Tds		5			ns
Data hold time	Tdh		10			ns
Data enable set-up time	Tes		4			ns



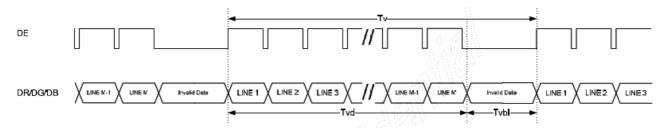
b. Input timing Setting (DE Mode only)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remark
DCLK frequency	F _{DCLK}	30.3	33.26	37.8	MHz	
Hsync period (= Thd + Thbl)	Th	986	1056	1183	T _{DCLK}	Note 1,2
Active Area	Thd		800		T _{DCLK}	
Horizontal blanking (= Thf+ The)	Thbl	186	256	383	T _{DCLK}	
Vsync period (= Tvd + Tvbl)	Tv	517	525	532	Th	
Active lines	Tvd		480		Th	
Vertical blanking (=Tvf + Tve)	Tvbl	37	45	52	Th	

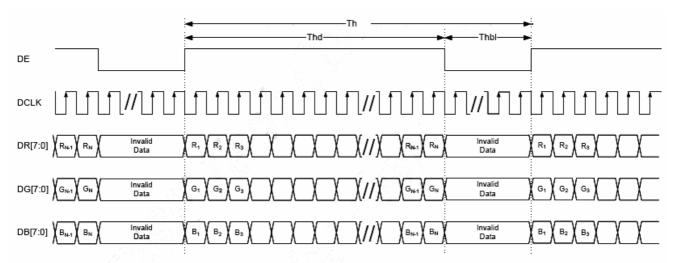


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Vertical timing:



Horizontal timing:



Note: horizontal resolution N = 800 Note: vertical resolution M = 480

Note 1: If input timing operates with Min. to Typ. setting, the PWCK value use default value 1973 (Register R39=0000_0111, Register R40=1011_0101), and no need to change SPI register. Note 2: If input timing operates with Typ. to Max. setting, the PWCK value must be set to 2025(Register R39=0000_0111, Register R40=1110_1001). Please reference the Serial interface setting table in Page.16 to set SPI Register R39 and R40 value.

6. Serial Interface Characteristics

a.Serial Control Interface

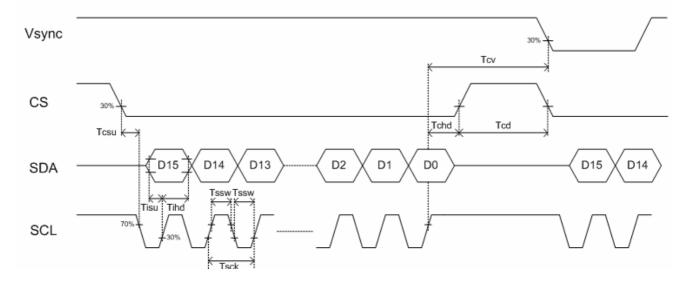
a.ociiai ooiitioi iiitoiii	400				
SERIAL Communication					
Serial clock	Tsck	320			ns
SCL pulse duty	Tscw	40%	50%	60%	Tsck
Serial data setup time	Tist	120			ns
Serial data hold time	Tihd	120			ns
Serial clock high/low	Tssw	120			ns
CS setup time	Tcst	120			ns
CS hold time	Tchd	120			ns
Chip select distinguish	Tcd	1			us
Delay from CSB to Vsync	Tcv	1			us

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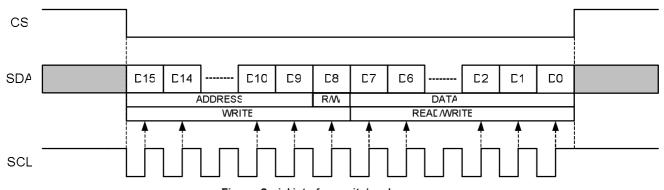
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AC serial interface write mode timings



b. Register Bank

A totally 16-bit register including 7-bit address D[15:9], 1-bit R/W bit D[8] and 8-bit data D[7:0] can be set via 3-wire serial peripheral interface. Below figure is for a detail description of the parameters.



- Figure: Serial interface write/read sequence
- ♦ Each serial command consists of 16 bits of data which is loaded one bit a time at the rising edge of serial clock SCL.
- Command loading operation starts from the falling edge of CS and is completed at the next rising edge of CS.
- ◆ The serial control block is operational after power on reset, but commands are established by the following the following rising edge of the End Frame(DE mode). If command is transferred multiple times for the same register, the last command before the following rising edge of the End Frame(DE mode) is valid, except for some special registers (ex. GRB, etc.).
- ♦ If less than 16 bits of SCL are input while CS is low, the transferred data is ignored.
 - The write operation is cancelled.
 - The read operation is interrupt.
- ♦ If 16 bits or more of SCL are input while CS is low, the first 16 bits of transferred data in the duration of CS="L" are valid data.
- Serial block operates with the SCL clock.
- Serial data can be accepted in the standby (power save) mode.
- ◆ Register R/W setting: D8 = "L" → write mode; D8 = "H" → read mode.
- ♦ It is suggested that DE,DCLK(for DE mode) always exists in the same time.

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c.Serial Interface Setting Table.

Reg	ADDRESS						R				DA [*]	TA				
ixeg	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
R0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-			1 note 1	1 note 1	1 note 1	0	1
R1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	O _{note 1}	O note 1			0	0	0	0
R39	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	-				PW_CK			
R40	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	PW_CK							

d.Register Description

R0 settings

Address	Bit		Default	
	7 - 2		AUO internal use	000111
000000	1	STB	Standby mode setting	0
	0	GRB	S/W global reset	1

Bit 1	STB
0	Nomal operation (default)
1	Standby mode. Register data are kept.

Bit 0	GRB
0	S/W global reset. Reset all register to default value. H/W GRB has higher priority.
1	Normal operation. (default)

S/W GRB	H/W GRB	Operation mode
0	0	H/W reset
0	1	Execute S/W reset procedure
1	0	H/W reset
1	1	Normal operation

R1 Settings

Address	Bit		Default	
	7 - 4		AUO internal use	0000
000001	3 - 2	CHUD	Vertical scan direction setting	00
	1 - 0	CHLR	Horizontal scan direction setting	00



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Bit 3 - 2	CHUD
0x	Accoring to H/W pin U/D setting. (default)
10	Vertical scan direction is from up to down.
11	Vertical scan direction is from down to up.

Bit 1 - 0	CHLR
0x	Accoring to H/W pin L/R setting. (default)
10	Horizontal scan direction is from left to right.
11	Horizontal scan direction is from right to left.

R39 setting

Address	Bit	Discription		
	3 - 0		AUO PW_CK default value	0111
100111	3 - 0		AUO PW_CK Max value	0111

R40 setting

Address	Bit		Default	
	7 - 0		AUO PW_CK default value	1011_0101
101000	7 - 0		AUO PW_CK Max value	1110_1001

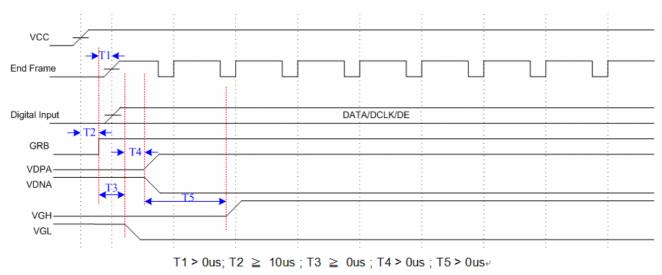


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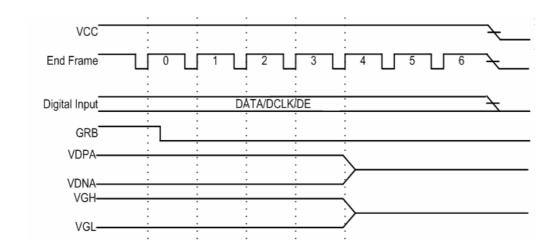
7. Power On/Off Characteristics

This IC may be damaged by a large current flow when an incorrect power sequence is applied. The recommended power-on sequence is to first connect the logical power (VDDIO=VCC&GND), then the digital signal (DCLK,DE), and then the global reset (GRB). After GRB rise up, five frames time is necessary and then the VGL is produced. Finally, VDPA,VDPA and VGH are produced. Under the power on sequence, panel can normally start up.

a. Recommended Power On Register Setting



b. Recommended Power Off Sequence

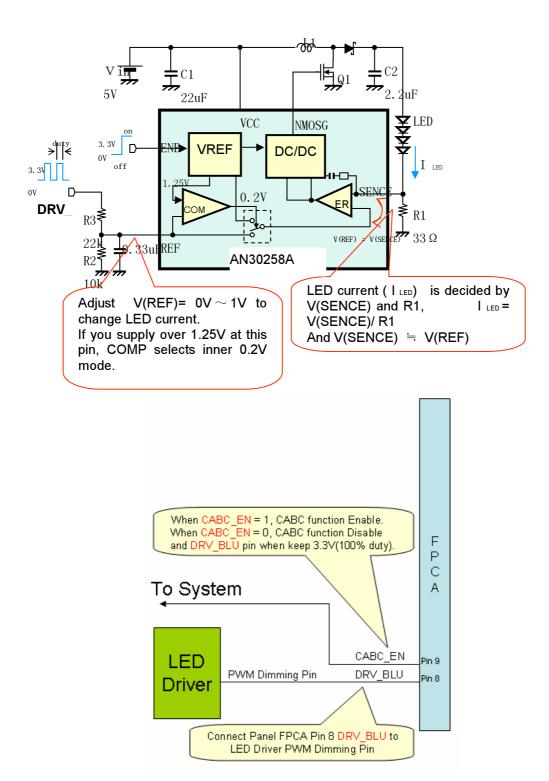




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8. Content-based Automatic Backlight Control (CABC) reference circuit

It is used in a step-up DCDC converter that drives an external NMOS power transistor using a constant frequency PWM architecture. With 2 current modes (Dimmi Mode / Normal Mode) selectable.





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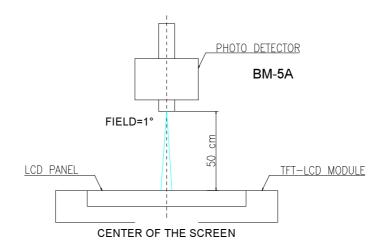
D. Optical Specification

All optical specification is measured under typical condition (Note 1, 2)

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Response Time								
Rise		Tr	θ=0°		12	20	ms	Note 3
Fall		Tf	0-0		18	30	ms	
Contrast ratio		CR	At optimized viewing angle		500			Note 4
	Тор		CR□10	40	50		deg.	Note 5
Viewing Angle	Bottom			50	60			
Viewing Angle	Left			55	65			
	Right			55	65			
Brightnes	SS	Y _L	θ=0°		250		cd/m ²	Note 6
	White	Х	θ=0°	0.25	0.30	0.35		
		Y	θ=0°	0.27	0.32	0.37		
	Dad	Х	θ=0°		TBD			
Charamatiaita	Red	Y	θ=0°		TBD			
Chromaticity	Green	Х	θ=0°		TBD			
		Y	θ=0°		TBD			
	DI	Х	θ=0°		TBD			
	Blue	Υ	θ=0°		TBD			
Uniformity		ΔY_{L}	%	70	75		%	Note 7

Note 1: Ambient temperature =25□, and LED lightbar current:175mA. To be measured in the dark room.

Note 2: To be measured on the center area of panel with a viewing cone of 1° by Topcon luminance meter BM-5A, after 15 minutes operation.



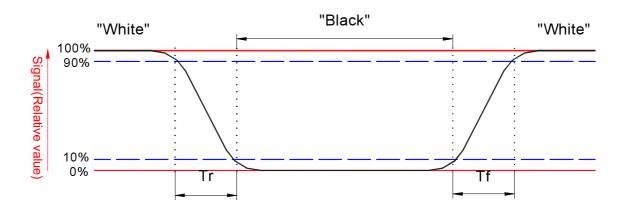


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Note 3: Definition of response time:

The output signals of photo detector are measured when the input signals are changed from "black" to "white" (falling time) and from "white" to "black" (rising time), respectively.

The response time is defined as the time interval between the 10% and 90% of amplitudes. Refer to figure as below.

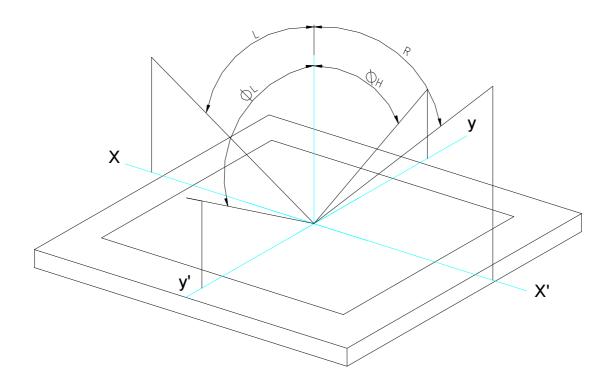


Note 4.Definition of contrast ratio:

Contrast ratio is calculated with the following formula.

Contrast ratio (CR) = $\frac{\text{Photo detector output when LCD is at "White" status}}{\text{Photo detector output when LCD is at "Black" status}}$

Note 5. Definition of viewing angle, θ , Refer to figure as below.

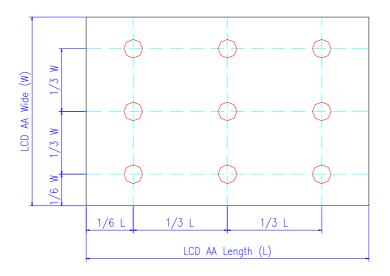




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Note 6. Measured at the center area of the panel when all the input terminals of LCD panel are electrically opened.

Note 7: Luminance Uniformity of these 9 points is defined as below:



Uniformity = $\frac{\text{minimum luminance in 9 points (1-9)}}{\text{maximum luminance in 9 points (1-9)}}$



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E. Reliability Test Items

No.	Test items	Conditions		Remark
1	High Temperature Storage	Ta= 70□	240Hrs	
2	Low Temperature Storage	Ta= -20□	240Hrs	
3	High Ttemperature Operation	Tp=60□	240Hrs	
4	Low Temperature Operation	Ta= -10□	240Hrs	
5	High Temperature & High Humidity	Tp= 50□. 80% RH	240Hrs	Operation
6	Heat Shock	-20□~70□, 50 cycle,	0.5Hrs/cycle	Non-operation
7	Electrostatic Discharge	Contact = ± 4 kV Air = ± 8 kV, cl		
8	Image Sticking	25□, TBI)	Note 5
9	Vibration		5mm Hz~55Hz~10Hz tion of X,Y,Z.	Non-operation JIS C7021, A-10 condition A
10	Mechanical Shock	100G . 6ms, ±X,±Y,±Z 3 times for each direction		Non-operation JIS C7021, A-7 condition C
11	Vibration (With Carton)	Random vibration: 0.015G ² /Hz from 5~200Hz –6dB/Octave from 200~500Hz		IEC 68-34
12	Drop (With Carton)	Height: 60cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces		
13	Pressure 5kg, 5sec		Note 6	

Note 1: Ta: Ambient Temperature. Tp: Panel Surface Temperature

Note 2: In the standard conditions, there is not display function NG issue occurred. All the cosmetic specification is judged before the reliability stress.

Note 3: All the cosmetic specification is judged before the reliability stress.

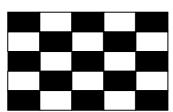


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Note4 : All test techniques follow IEC6100-4-2 standard.

Test Condition		Note	
Pattern			
Procedure And Set-up	Contact Discharge: 330Ω, 150pF, 1sec, 8 point, 25times/point Air Discharge: 330Ω, 150pF, 1sec, 8 point, 25times/point		
Criteria	B – Some performance degradation allowed. No data lost. Self-recoverable hardware failure.		
Others	Gun to Panel Distance No SPI command, keep default register settings.		

Note 5: Operate with 5 x 5 chess board pattern as figure and lasting time and temperature as the conditions. Then judge with 32 degree gray pattern, the mura is less than JND 2.5

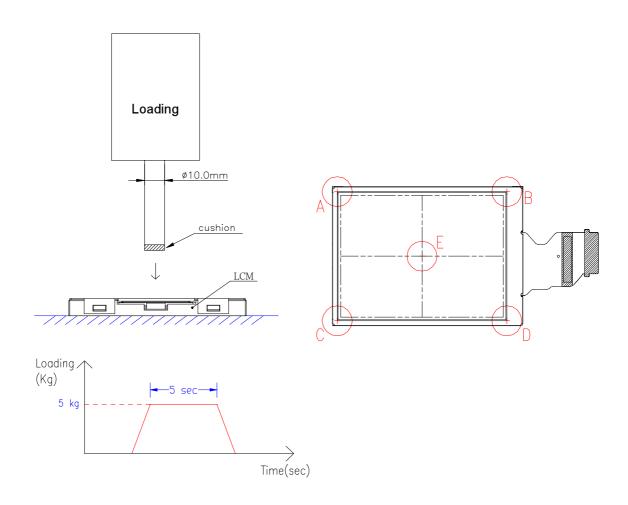




Note 6: The panel is tested as figure. The jig isψ10 mm made by Cu with rubber and the loading speed is 3mm/min on position A~E. After the condition, no glass crack will be found and panel function check is OK.(no guarantee LC mura · LC bubble)



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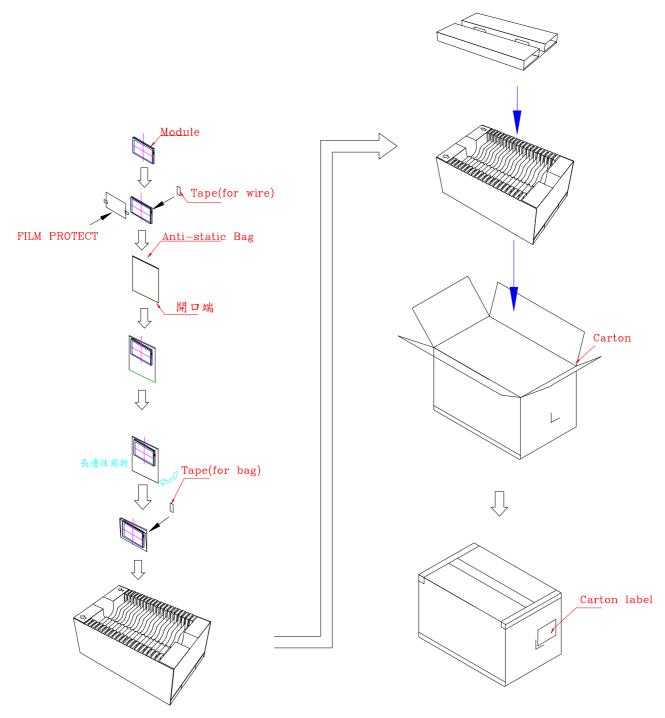




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F. Packing and Marking

1. Packing Form



Max. Capacity: 40 Pcs Modules

Carton outline: 520mm*340mm*250mm



0.2 Version:

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2. Module/Panel Label Information

The module/panel (collectively called as the "Product") will be attached with a label of Shipping Number which represents the identification of the Product at a specific location. Refer to the Product outline drawing for detailed location and size of the label. The label is composed of a 22-digit serial number and printed with code 39/128 with the following definition:

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV

—For internal system usage and production serial numbers.

-AUO Module or Panel factory code, represents the final production factory to complete the Product Product version code, ranging from 0~9 or A~Z (for Version after 9)

-Week Code, the production week when the product is finished at its production process

3. Carton Label Information

The packing carton will be attached with a carton label where packing Q'ty, AUO Model Name, AUO Part Number, Customer Part Number (Optional) and a series of Carton Number in 13 or 14 digits are printed. The Carton Number is apparing in the following format:

ABC-DEFG-HIJK-LMN

DEFG appear after first "-" represents the packing date of the carton Date from 01 to 31 ►Date from 01 to 31 •Month, ranging from 1~9, A~C. A for Oct, B for Nov and C for Dec.

A.D. year, ranging from 1~9 and 0. The single digit code reprents the last number of the year

Refer to the drawing of packing format for the location and size of the carton label.

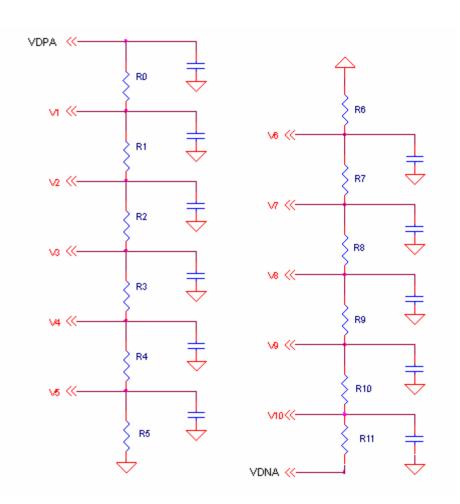


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G. Reference application circuit

1. Recomonded Gamma Voltage

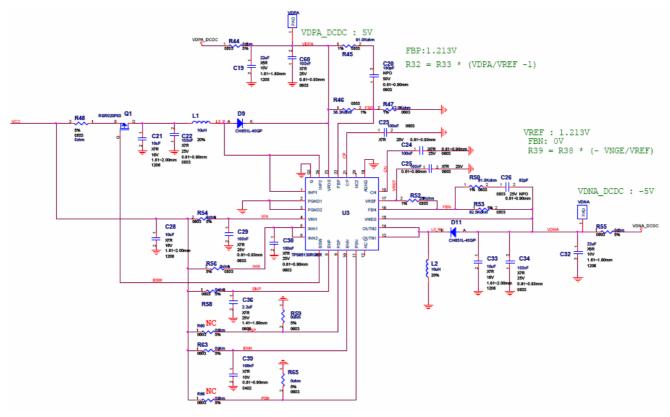
Symbol	Value (V)
V1	TBD
V2	TBD
V3	TBD
V4	TBD
V5	TBD
V6	TBD
V7	TBD
V8	TBD
V9	TBD
V10	TBD
VDPA	+5
VDNA	-5
VCOM	TBD

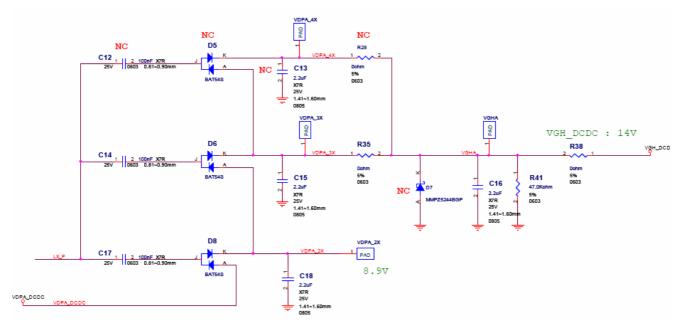




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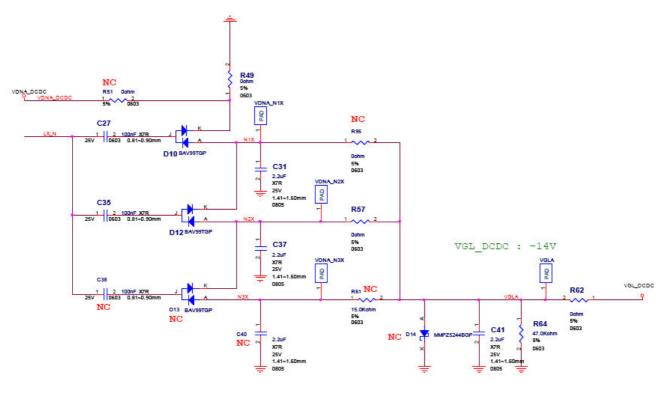
2. Application Circuit

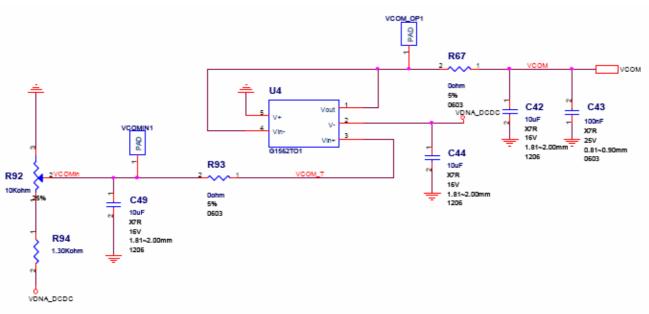






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H. Precautions

- 1. Do not twist or bend the module and prevent the unsuitable external force for display module during assembly.
- 2. Adopt measures for good heat radiation. Be sure to use the module with in the specified temperature.
- 3. Avoid dust or oil mist during assembly.
- 4. Follow the correct power sequence while operating. Do not apply the invalid signal, otherwise, it will cause improper shut down and damage the module.
- 5. Less EMI: it will be more safety and less noise.
- 6. Please operate module in suitable temperature. The response time & brightness will drift by different temperature.
- 7. Avoid to display the fixed pattern (exclude the white pattern) in a long period, otherwise, it will cause image sticking.
- 8. Be sure to turn off the power when connecting or disconnecting the circuit.
- 9. Polarizer scratches easily, please handle it carefully.
- 10. Display surface never likes dirt or stains.
- 11. A dewdrop may lead to destruction. Please wipe off any moisture before using module.
- 12. Sudden temperature changes cause condensation, and it will cause polarizer damaged.
- 13. High temperature and humidity may degrade performance. Please do not expose the module to the direct sunlight and so on.
- 14. Acetic acid or chlorine compounds are not friends with TFT display module.
- 15. Static electricity will damage the module, please do not touch the module without any grounded device.
- 16. Do not disassemble and reassemble the module by self.
- 17. Be careful do not touch the rear side directly.
- 18. No strong vibration or shock. It will cause module broken.
- 19. Storage the modules in suitable environment with regular packing.
- 20. Be careful of injury from a broken display module.
- 21. Please avoid the pressure adding to the surface (front or rear side) of modules, because it will cause the display non-uniformity or other function issue.