

Spec. No.	
Version :	1
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# **Product Specification**

## **20.1" COLOR TFT-LCD MODULE**

MODEL NAME: A201SN01 V.0

< ◆ >Preliminary Specification

< > Final Specification

Note: The content of this specification is subject to change.

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## Record of Revision

Version	Revise Date	Page	Content																																																								
0	15/Dec./2001		First draft.																																																								
1	11/Apr./2002		<p>1. Total pages 14→15</p> <p>2. Overall dimension H : 345 →347 D : 25 → 23</p> <p>3. Typical operation (Page 4)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px; border-collapse: collapse; width: 80%;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 25%;">Symbol</th> <th style="width: 25%;">Min.</th> <th style="width: 25%;">Typ.</th> <th style="width: 25%;">Max.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">V<sub>CC</sub></td> <td style="text-align: center;">4.7→4.75</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">5.3→5.25</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">I<sub>A</sub></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">700→800</td> <td style="text-align: center;">800→1000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">I<sub>RUSH</sub></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">TBD→1.5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>4. Timing characteristic of input signal (Page 6) Add H/V input mode</p> <p>5. Black light unit (Page 7)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px; border-collapse: collapse; width: 80%;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 25%;">Symbol</th> <th style="width: 25%;">Min.</th> <th style="width: 25%;">Typ.</th> <th style="width: 25%;">Max.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">V<sub>L</sub></td> <td style="text-align: center;">740→720</td> <td style="text-align: center;">820→800</td> <td style="text-align: center;">900→880</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">I<sub>L</sub></td> <td style="text-align: center;">5 →4</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6 →5.5</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">P<sub>L</sub></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">4.92→4.4X6</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">F<sub>L</sub></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">50 → 52</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>6. Optical specification (Page 8)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px; border-collapse: collapse; width: 80%;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 25%;">Symbol</th> <th style="width: 25%;">Min.</th> <th style="width: 25%;">Typ.</th> <th style="width: 25%;">Max.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">T<sub>r</sub></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">4 → 6</td> <td style="text-align: center;">8 →10</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">T<sub>f</sub></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">12 → 16</td> <td style="text-align: center;">24 → 25</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">W<sub>x</sub></td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.283→0.25</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.313→0.28</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.343→0.31</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">W<sub>y</sub></td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.299→0.27</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.329→0.30</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.359→0.33</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>7. Driving condition for CCFL (Page 9) I<sub>L</sub> : 6 →5.5mA 50 → 52KHz</p> <p>8. Reliability test items (Page 10) High temp. storage 70→60 Thermal shock 70 →60</p> <p>9. Update outline dimension drawing (Page 12)</p>	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	V <sub>CC</sub>	4.7→4.75		5.3→5.25	I <sub>A</sub>		700→800	800→1000	I <sub>RUSH</sub>			TBD→1.5	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	V <sub>L</sub>	740→720	820→800	900→880	I <sub>L</sub>	5 →4	6 →5.5		P <sub>L</sub>		4.92→4.4X6		F <sub>L</sub>		50 → 52		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	T <sub>r</sub>		4 → 6	8 →10	T <sub>f</sub>		12 → 16	24 → 25	W <sub>x</sub>	0.283→0.25	0.313→0.28	0.343→0.31	W <sub>y</sub>	0.299→0.27	0.329→0.30	0.359→0.33
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### A. Physical specifications

NO.	Item	Specification	Remark
1	Display resolution(pixel)	800x3(H)x600(V)	
2	Active area(mm)	408(H)x306(V)	
3	Screen size(inch)	20.1(Diagonal)	
4	Pixel pitch(mm)	0.51(H)x0.51(V)	
5	Color configuration	R. G. B. Vertical stripe	
6	Overall dimension(mm)	448(W)x347(H)x23(D)	Note 1
7	Weight(g)	3500	

Note 1: Refer to Fig. 1.

## B. Electrical specifications

### 1. Pin assignment

P/N	Symbol	Function		P/N	Symbol	Function	
1	NC			26	R0	Red Data	
2	NC			27	GND	Ground	
3	NC			28	G7	Green Data	
4	GND	Ground		29	G6		
5	GND	Ground		30	G5		
6	V <sub>CC</sub>	Power Input (+5.0V)		31	G4		
7	V <sub>CC</sub>			32	GND	Ground	
8	V <sub>CC</sub>			33	G3	Green Data	
9	V <sub>CC</sub>			34	G2		
10	GND		35	G1			
11	HSYNC	Horizontal Sync.	Active	36	G0	Ground	
12	VSYNC	Vertical Sync.	Low	37	GND		
13	GND			38	B7	Blue Data	
14	DE	Data Enable		39	B6		
15	GND			40	B5		
16	DCLK	Dot Clock		41	B4	Blue Data	
17	GND	Ground		42	GND		Ground
18	R7	Red Data (R7 :MSB)		43	B3		
19	R6			44	B2		
20	R5			45	B1		
21	R4			46	B0		
22	GND	Ground		47	GND	Ground	
23	R3	Red Data		48	GND	Ground	
24	R2			49	NC		
25	R1			50	NC		

CN1 (50P) connector: Hirose FH12-50S-0.5SH or compatible

### 2. Absolute maximum ratings

(GND = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Unit	Remark
		Min.	Max.		
Power voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3	5.5	V <sub>DC</sub>	At 25°C
Input signal voltage	V <sub>LH</sub>	-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V <sub>DC</sub>	At 25°C
Operating temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	0	+50	°C	Note 1
Storage temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-20	+70	°C	Note 1

Note 1: The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the lifetime of CCFL will be reduced.

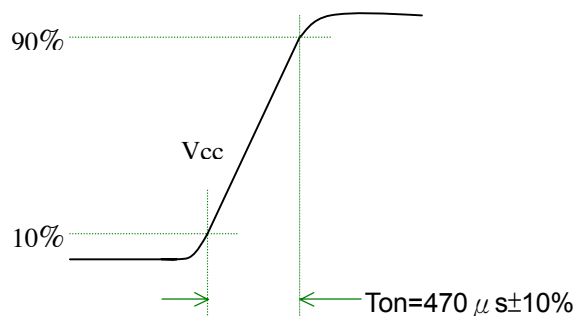
Note 2: The unit should not be exposed to corrosive chemicals.

3. Electrical characteristics  
 a. Typical operating conditions

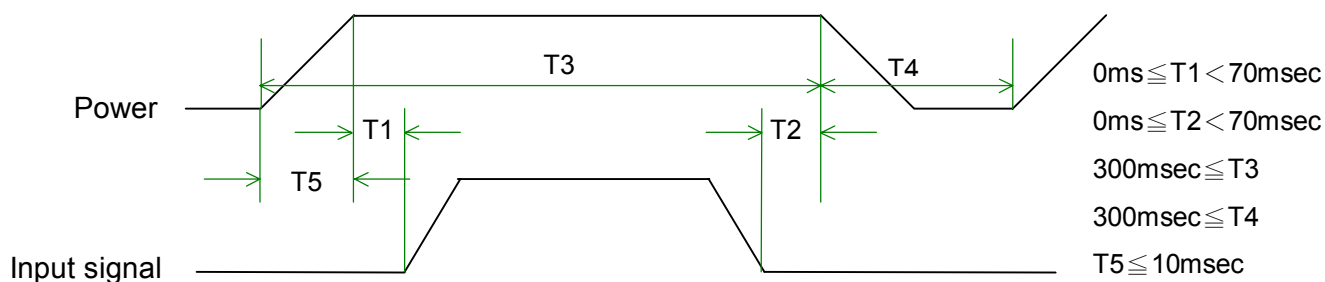
	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power supply voltage	Input voltage	$V_{CC}$	4.75	5.0	5.25	V	
	Current consumption	$I_A$	-	800	1000	mArms	Note 1
	Inrush current	$I_{RUSH}$	-	-	1.5	mApeak	Note 2
Internal logic	Low voltage	$V_{IL}$	0	-	1.0	V	
	High voltage	$V_{IH}$	2.3	-	3.3	V	
	Power ripple voltage	$V_{RP}$	-	-	100	mVp-p	

Note 1: Effective value (mArms) at  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}/25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Note 2: Refer to the following power-on condition.



Sequence of Power-on/off and signal-on/off



Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operating range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal.

**Caution**

The above on/off sequence should be applied to avoid abnormal function in the display.  
 In case of handling:  
 Make sure to turn off the power when you plug the cable into the input connector or pull the cable out of the connector.

b. Display color v.s. input data signals

Display colors		Data signal (0 : Low level, 1: High level)																							
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Red grayscale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dark ↑ ↓ bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green grayscale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dark ↑ ↓ bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Blue grayscale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dark ↑ ↓ bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

Note: Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales using the 8 bit data signals. By combining the 24-bit data signals(R, G, B), the 16777216 colors can be achieved on the display.

c. Input signal timing

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig 2.

(1). Timing characteristics of input signals

DE mode

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Clock frequency	Fck	38	40	42	MHz	
Horizontal blanking	Thb1	235	256	500	Clk	
Horizontal display period	Thd	-	800	-	Clk	
Horizontal sync. period	Th	1035	1056	1300	Clk	
Vertical frequency	-	46	60	76	Hz	
Vertical blanking	Tvb1	10	28	150	Th	
Vertical display width	Tvd	-	600	-	Th	
Vertical sync. period	Tv	610	628	750	Th	

H/V mode

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Clock frequency	Fck	38	40	42	MHz	
Horizontal display period	Thd	1030	1056	1300	Clk	
Hsync pulse width	Thw	5	128	-	Clk	
Hsync front porch	Thf	10	40	-	Clk	
Hsync back porch	Thb	8	88	-	Clk	
Hsync width+back porch	Thw+Thb	80	-	Thd-810	Clk	
Hsync blanking	Thb1	230	256	500-	Clk	
Vsync period	Tv	610	628	650	Th	
Vsync width	Tvw	2	4	-	Th	
Vsync front porch	Tvf	0	1	-	Th	
Vsync blanking	Tvb1	10	28	50	Th	
Hsync/Vsync phase shift	Tvpd	2	320	-	Clk	

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit	Description
Horizontal display start	The	218	Clk	After falling edge of Hsync, counting 218 clk, then getting valid data from 219th clk's data.
Vertical display start	Tve	25	Th	After falling edge of Vsync, counting 25 Th, then getting 26th Th's data.

Note 1:Clock falling edge latch the data.

Note 2:H/V is negative polarity.



d. Display position

D( 1,1 )	D( 2,1 )	.....	D( X,1 )	.....	D( 799,1 )	D( 800,1 )
D( 1,2 )	D( 2,2 )	.....	D( X,2 )	.....	D( 799,2 )	D( 800,2 )
⋮		.....	⋮	.....	⋮	⋮
D( 1,Y )	D( 2,Y )	.....	D( X,Y )	.....	D( 799,Y )	D( 800,Y )
⋮		.....	⋮	.....	⋮	⋮
D( 1,599 )	D( 2,599 )	.....	D( X,599 )	.....	D( 799,599 )	D( 800,599 )
D( 1,600 )	D( 2,600 )	.....	D( X,600 )	.....	D( 799,600 )	D( 800,600 )

e. Backlight unit

The backlight system is an edge-lighting type with a CCFT(Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

The characteristics of a single lamp are shown in the following tables.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Lamp voltage	V <sub>L</sub>	720	800	880	Vrms	Note 1
Lamp current	I <sub>L</sub>	4	5.5	7	mArms	Note 1
Power consumption	P <sub>L</sub>	-	4.4x6	-	W	Note 2
Lamp starting voltage	V <sub>s</sub>	-	-	1500(T=0°C)	Vrms	Note 3
		-	-	1150(T=25°C)		
Frequency	F <sub>L</sub>	40	52	60	KHz	Note 4
Lamp life time	L <sub>L</sub>	50000	-	-	Hr	Note 1, 5

Note 1: T= 25°C

Note 2: Inverter should be designed with the characteristic of lamp. When you are designing the inverter, the output voltage of the inverter should comply with the following conditions.

- (1). The area under the positive and negative cycles of the waveform of the lamp current and lamp voltage should be area symmetric (the symmetric ratio should be larger than 90%).
- (2). There should not be any spikes in the waveform.
- (3). The waveform should be sine wave as possible.
- (4). Lamp current should not exceed the maximum value within the operating temperature (It is prohibited to over the maximum lamp current even if operated in the non-guaranteed temperature). When lamp current over the maximum value for a long time, it may cause fire. Therefore, it is recommend that the inverter should have the current limited circuit.

Note 3: The inverter open voltage should be designed larger than the lamp starting voltage at T=0°C, otherwise backlight may be blinking for a moment after turning on or not be able to turn on. The open voltage should be measured after ballast capacitor. If an inverter has shutdown function it should keep its open voltage for longer than 1 second even if lamp connector is open.

Note 4: Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency and this may cause line flow on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible in order to avoid interference.

Note 5: Brightness ( $I_L = 6\text{mA}$ ) to be decrease to the 50% of the initial value.

Note 6: CN2 connector (backlight): BHSR-02VS-1 (JST)

Mating connector: SM02B-BHS-1-TB (JST)

Pin no.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	H	CCFL power supply(H.V.)	Cable color: Pink
2	L	CCFL power supply(GND)	Cable color: White

### C. Optical specifications ( Note 1, Note 2 )

Item	Symbol	Condition	Specification			Unit	Remark
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Response time Rising time Falling time	Tr Tf	$\theta = 0^\circ$	- -	6 16	10 25	ms	Note 4
Contrast ratio(center of screen)	CR	$\theta = 0^\circ$	400	500	-		Note 3,5
Viewing angle Top Bottom Left Right		$CR \geq 5$	80 80 80 80	- - - -	- - - -	deg.	Note 3,5,7
Brightness(center of screen)	$Y_L$	$\theta = 0^\circ$	400	500	-	nit	Note 3,6
Color chromaticity(CIE)	Wx	$\theta = 0^\circ$	0.25	0.28	0.31		Note 3
	Wy		0.27	0.30	0.33		
	Rx						
	Ry						
	Gx						
	Gy						
	Bx						
	By						
White uniformity	$\delta_w$		70	-	-	%	Note 3,8

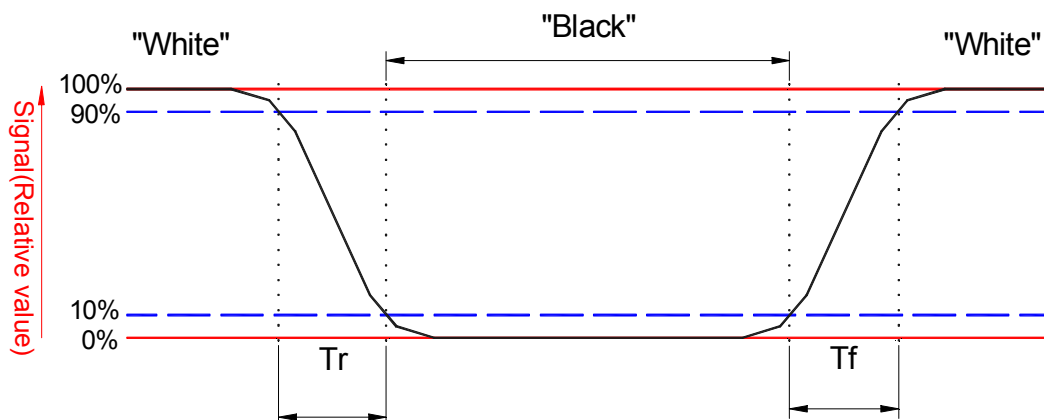
Note 1: Ambient temperature = 25°C.

Note 2: To be measured in dark room after backlight warm up 30 minutes.

Note 3: To be measured with a viewing cone of 1° by Topcon luminance meter BM-5A.

Note 4: Definition of response time:

The output signals of BM-7 are measured when the input signals are changed from “Black” to “White” (falling time) and from “White” to “Black” (rising time), respectively. The response time interval between the 10% and 90% of amplitudes. Refer to figure as below.



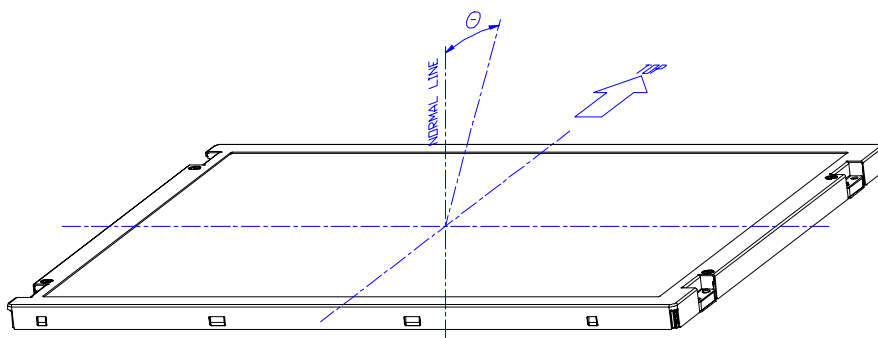
Note 5. Definition of contrast ratio:

Contrast ratio is calculated with the following formula.

$$\text{Contrast ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Brightness on the "white" state}}{\text{Brightness on the "black" state}}$$

Note 6: Driving conditions for CCFL:  $I_L = 5.5 \text{ mA}$ , 52KHz Frequency.

Note 7: Definition of viewing angle:

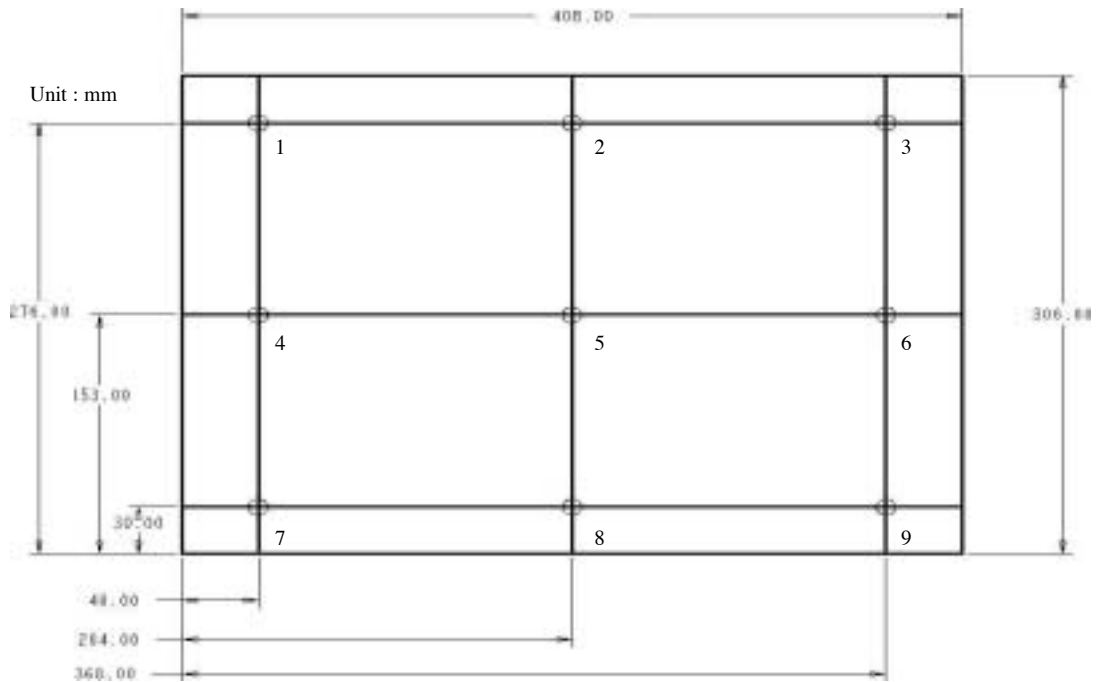


Note 8: Definition of white uniformity:

White uniformity is calculated with the following formula.

Luminance are measured at the following nine points (1~9).

$$\delta_w = \frac{\text{Minimum Brightness of nine points}}{\text{Maximum Brightness of nine points}}$$



#### D. Reliability test items (Note 1)

Test tem	Test Condition	Remark
High temperature storage	60°C, 240Hrs	Note 1, 2, 3
Low temperature storage	-20°C, 240Hrs	Note 1, 2, 3
High temperature & high humidity operation	40°C, 90%RH, 240Hrs (No condensation)	Note 1, 2, 3
High temperature operation	50°C, 240Hrs	Note 1, 2, 3
Low temperature operation	0°C, 240Hrs	Note 1, 2, 3
Temperature cycling (non-operation)	-20°C~60°C 1H, 10mins, 1H, 5cycles	Note 1, 2, 3
Electrostatic discharge (non-operation)	150 pF, 150Ω, 10kV, 1 second, 9 position on the panel, 10 times each place	Note 3
Vibration (non-operation)	Sweep: 1G, 10Hz ~ 500Hz ~ 10Hz / 2.5min 2 hours for each direction X, Y, Z (6 Hrs in total)	Note 1, 2, 3
Mechanical shock (non-operation)	50G/11ms, 200G/2ms, ±X, ±Y, ±Z once for each direction	Note 1, 2, 3

Note 1: Evaluation should be tested after storage at room temperature for one hour.

Note 2: There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

Note 3: Judgement: 1.Function OK.

2.No serious image quality degradation.

**E. Display quality**

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module should be in compliance with the AUO's OQC inspection standard.

**F. Handling precaution**

The Handling of the TFT-LCD should be in compliance with the AUO's handling principle standard.

**G. Packing form:**

**TBD**

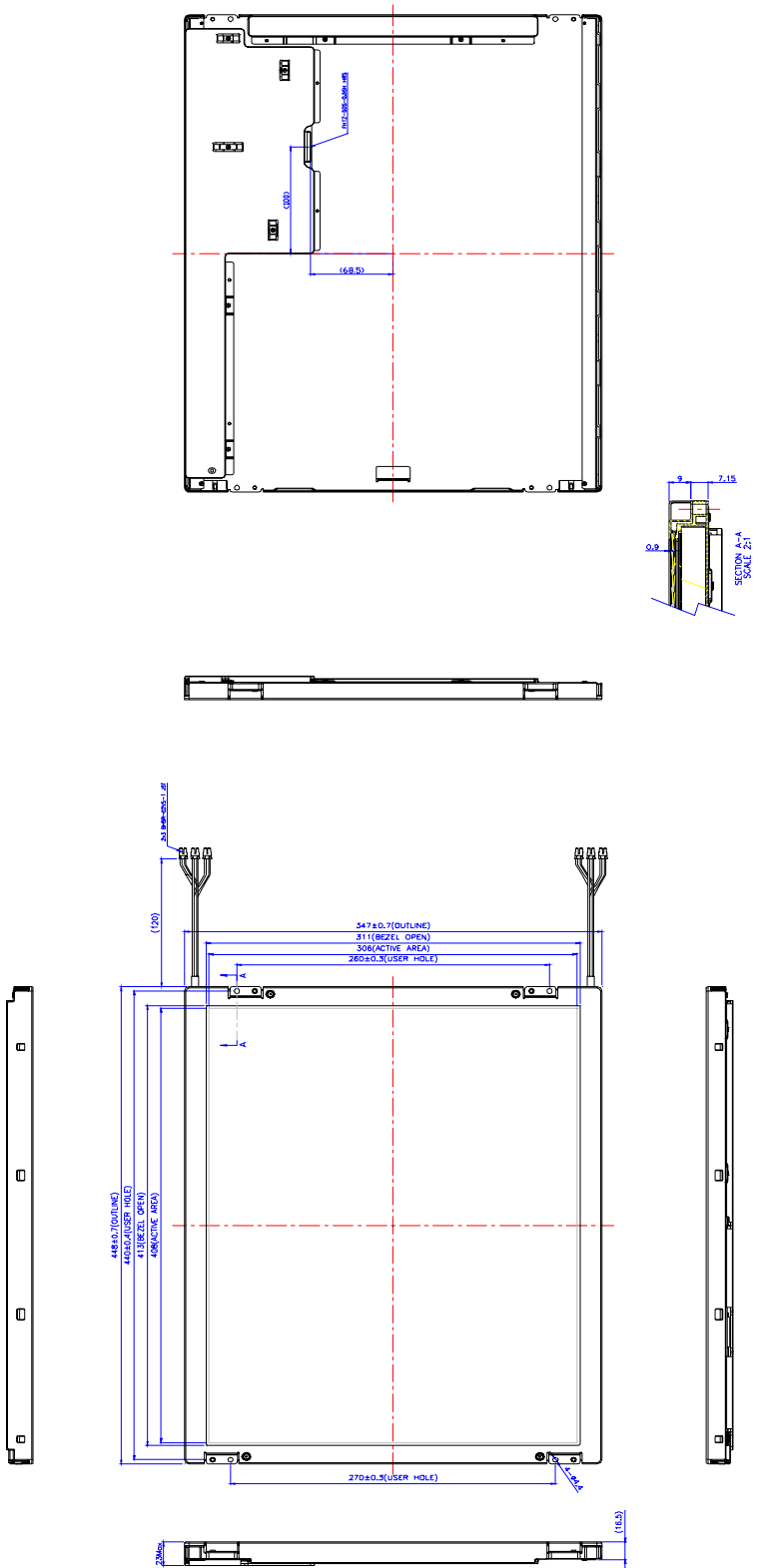
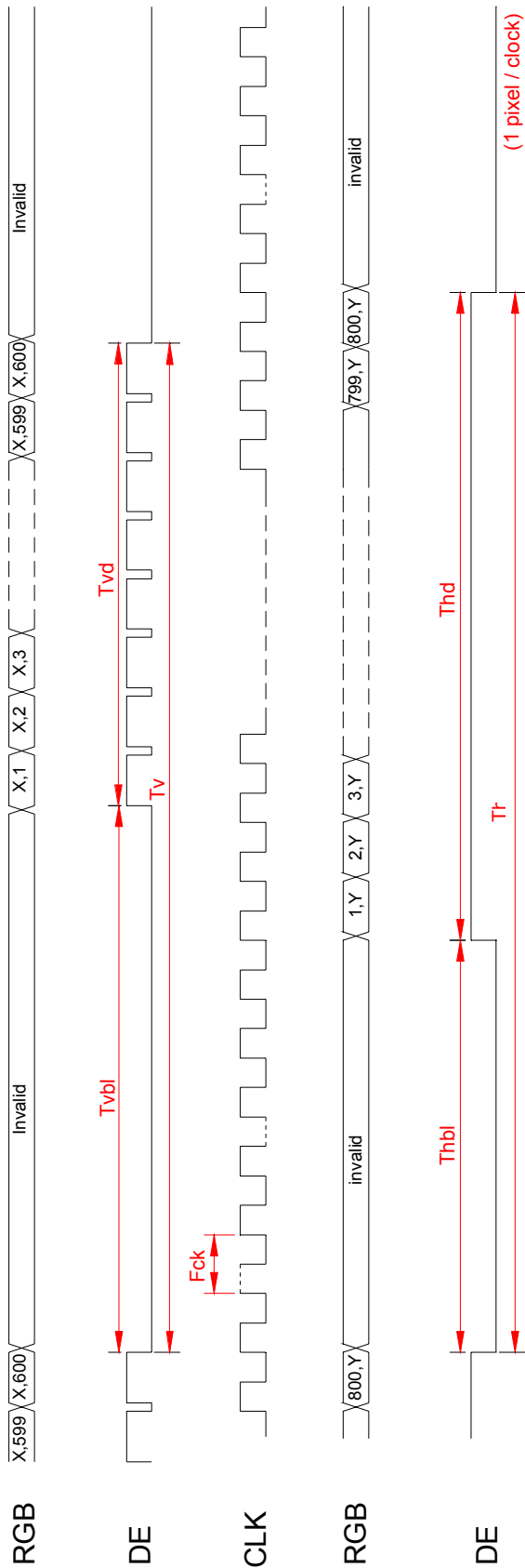


Fig.1 LCM outline dimension



**Fig.2 Timing chart**