

Product Description: P420HW02 V0 TFT-LCD PANEL										
AUO Model Name: P420HW02 V0										
Customer Part No/Project Name:										
Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date							
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Document Version: 0.2

Date:2009/12/9

Product Functional Specification

42" Full-HD Color TFT-LCD Module Model Name: P420HW02 V0

(*) Preliminary Specification () Final Specification

Note: This specification is subject to change without notice.



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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Old Description	New Description	Remark
0.1	2009/7/17		Preliminary spec first release		
0.2	2009/12/9	9	Pin 27 NC/Low:10 bits ,selection	NC/High:10 bits	
			High: 8 bits	Selection Low:8 bits	
		10	BIT_SEL:NC/Low	BIT_SEL:NC/high	
		11	NA	Add 8 bit input	



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 42 inch Color TFT-LCD Module P420HW02 V0. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1920x1080 pixels, and diagonal size of 42 inch. This module supports 1920x1080 Full-HD mode (Non-interlace).

Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The P420HW02 V0 has been designed to apply the 8/10-bit selectable 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where narrow bezel width, high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	42.02	inches	
Display Area	930.24(H) x 523.26(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	957.45(H) x 550.2(V) x 52.7(D)	mm	With inverter
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	1073 M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1920 x 1080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.4845	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Mode	Normally Black		
Lamp quantity, type	16pcs, Straight type	pcs	
Courfe on Tuesday and	Anti-Glare coating (Haze 11%)		
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (3H)		
Display Orientation	Portrait/Landscape enable		
Front Chassis Color	Black		



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Input Voltage	VDD	-0.3	14	[Volt]	1
Logic Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3	3.6	[Volt]	1
BLU Input Voltage	VDDB	-0.3	26.4	[Volt]	1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	BLon	-0.3	3.6	[Volt]	1
Ambient Operating	Тор	0	+50	[°C]	0
Temperature	I OP	O	+50	U	2
Ambient Operating Humidity	Нор	10	80	[%RH]	2
Storage Temperature	Тѕт	-10	+60	[°C]	2
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	80	[%RH]	2
Shock (non-operation)		-	40	G	3
Vibration (non-operation)		-	1.5	G	4
Thermal shock		-20	60	С	5

Note 1 : Duration = 50msec

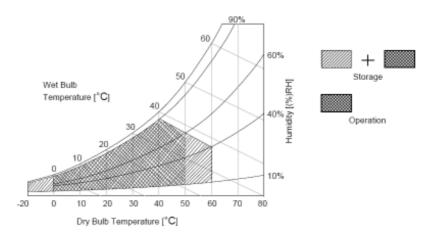
Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39[°]C and No condensation.

Note 3: Half sine wave, shock level: 40G(11ms), direction: ±x, ±y, ±z (one time each direction)

Note 4 : Wave form : Random, vibration level : 1.5G RMS, Bandwidth : $10\sim500\text{Hz}$

Duration: X,Y,Z 30min (one time each direction)

Note 5 : -20C/1hr ~ 60C/1hr, 100 cycles





3. Electrical Specification

The P420HW02 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input, which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter.

3-1 Electrical Characteristics

F	Parameter	Symbol		Values		Unit	Notes
			Min	Тур	Max		
LCD:							
Power Su	upply Input Voltage	Vdd	10.8	12	13.2	Vdc	
Power Su	upply Input Current	ldd	-	0.8		Α	1
Power Co	onsumption	Pc	-	9.6		Watt	1
Inrush Cu	urrent	I _{RUSH}	-	-	4	Α	5
LVDS	Differential Input	Vтн					
Interface	High Threshold				+100	mV	4
	Voltage						
	Differential Input	VTL					
	Low Threshold		-100			mV	4
	Voltage						
	Common Input	VCIM	0.6	1.2	1.8	V	
	Voltage		0.6	1.2	1.0	V	
CMOS	Input High	VIH	2.0		3.3	Vdc	
Interface	Threshold Voltage	(High)	2.0		3.3	Vuc	
	Input Low	VIL	0		0.0	Vdo	
	Threshold Voltage	(Low)	0		0.8	Vdc	
Backlight F	Power Consumption			175		Watt	2
Life Time			50,000	60,000		Hours	3

The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC Inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.



Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.

The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the lifetime of CCFL will be reduced.

Note:

- 1. Vdd=12.0V, fv=60Hz, fcLk=80 Mhz , 25°C, Vdd Duration time= 470 μs , Test pattern : white pattern
- 2. The Backlight power consumption shown above does include loss of external inverter at 25℃. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current
- 3. The life is determined as the time at which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of horizontally continuous operating at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C.
- 4. VCIM = 1.2V

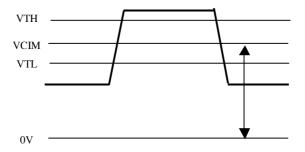
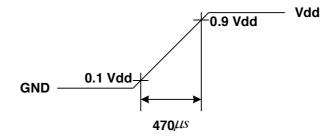


Figure : LVDS Differential Voltage

5. Measurement Condition: Rising time = 470 μ s





3-2 Interface Connections

- LCD connector: P-TWO 187059-5122 which is compatible FI-RE51S-HF (JAE)

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
	OND		07	DIT OF	8/10 bit LVDS :(NC/High:10 bits
1	GND	Ground	27	BIT_SEL	Selection Low:8 bits)
2	NC	No connection	28	RE_0N	SECOND CHANNEL 0-
3	NC	No connection	29	RE_0P	SECOND CHANNEL 0+
4	NC	No connection	30	RE_1N	SECOND CHANNEL 1-
5	NC	No connection	31	RE_1P	SECOND CHANNEL 1+
6	Reserved	AUO Internal test (open or low)	32	RE_2N	SECOND CHANNEL 2-
7	LVDS SEL	LVDS order Low/NC → NS mode High(3.3)→ JEIDA mode	33	RE_2P	SECOND CHANNEL 2+
8	NC	No connection	34	GND	Ground
9	Reserved	Open or high	35	RE_CLKN	SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL C-
10	Reserved	Open or high	36	RE_CLKP	SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL C+
11	GND	Ground	37	GND	Ground
12	RO_0N	FIRST CHANNEL 0-	38	RE_3N	SECOND CHANNEL 3-
13	RO_0P	FIRST CHANNEL 0+	39	RE_3P	SECOND CHANNEL 3+
14	RO_1N	FIRST CHANNEL 1-	40	RE_4N	SECOND CHANNEL 4-
15	RO_1P	FIRST CHANNEL 1+	41	RE_4P	SECOND CHANNEL 4+
16	RO_2N	FIRST CHANNEL 2-	42	GND	Ground
17	RO_2P	FIRST CHANNEL 2+	43	GND	Ground
18	GND	Ground	44	GND	Ground
19	RO_CLKN	FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL C-	45	GND	Ground
20	RO_CLKP	FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL C+	46	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	47	NC	No connection
22	RO_3N	FIRST CHANNEL 3-	48	VLCD	Power Supply +12V
23	RO_3P	FIRST CHANNEL 3+	49	VLCD	Power Supply +12V
24	RO_4N	FIRST CHANNEL 4-	50	VLCD	Power Supply +12V
25	RO_4P	FIRST CHANNEL 4+	51	VLCD	Power Supply +12V
26	GND	Ground	-	-	-

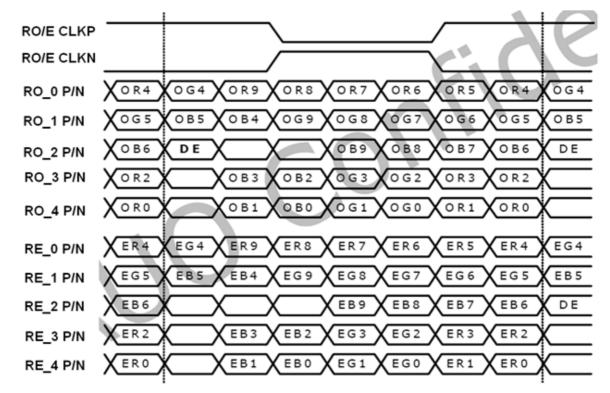
Note: 1. All GND (ground) pin should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.

^{2.} All $V_{\text{\tiny LCD}}\,$ (power input) pins should be connected.

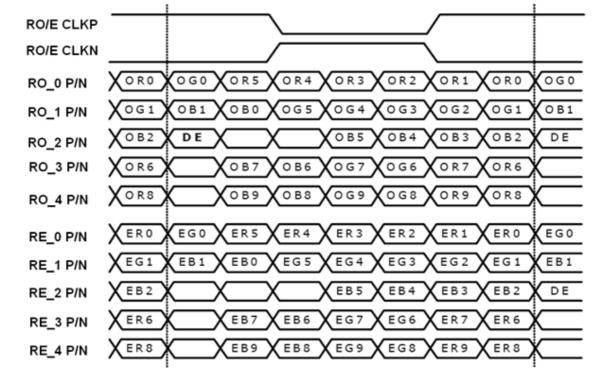


10 Bits Input:

JEIDA Mode LVDS input : LVDS_ORDER→high , BIT_SEL→NC/high



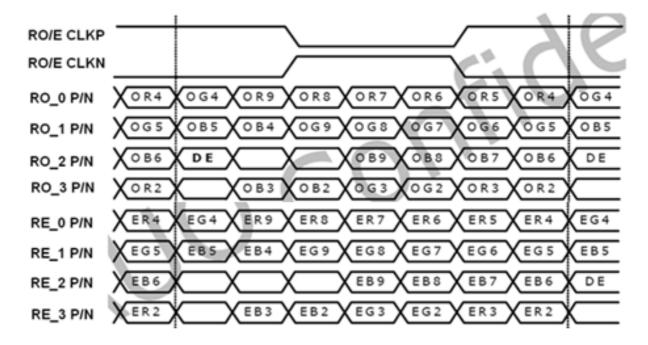
NS Mode LVDS input: LVDS_ORDER→NC/Low, BIT_SEL→NC/high





8 Bits Input:

JEIDA Mode LVDS input : LVDS_ORDER→high , BIT_SEL→Low





Backlight Connector Pin Configuration

1. Electrical specification

No	ITEM	SYM	BOL	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	Note
1	Input Voltage	V_D	DB		21.6	24.0	26.4	V_{DC}	
2	Input Current	I _{DE}	DВ	V _{DDB} =24V 100% Brightness	6.94	7.3	7.66	A _{DC}	
3	Input Power	P _D	DB	V _{DDB} =24V 100% Brightness		175		w	
4	Input inrush current	I _{RU}	SH	V _{DDB} =24V 100% Brightness		8.16		A _{DC}	
5	Output Frequency	F	BL	V _{DDB} =24V		44		kHz	
6	ON/OFF Control	V_{BLON}	ON	V _{DDB} =24V	2.0		3.3	V_{DC}	
	Voltage	V BLON	OFF	$V_{DDB}=24V$	0.0		0.8	V_{DC}	
7	ON/OFF Control Current	I _{BL}	ON	V _{DDB} =24V	0		2	mA _{DC}	
8	External PWM	EV_PWM	Max		2.0		3.3	V	
	Control Voltage	_ • 1 VV IVI	Min		0		0.8	V	
9	External PWM	El _{PWM}	Max	PWM=100%	0		2	mA	
	Control Current	□ IPWW	Min	PWM=10%	0		2	mA	
10	External PWM Duty Ratio	ED _F	PWM		10		100	%	
11	External PWM Frequency	EF _P	PWM		120	180	300	Hz	
12	Internal PWM Control Voltage	IV _P	WM	V_{DDB}	0		3.3	V	

(Ta=25 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C , Turn on for 45minutes)

^{*} Note : At < 20% dimming ratio, AUO would not guarantee display performance & start at High and Low Temperature condition.



2. Input specification

Connector: S14B-PH-SM4-TB (JST) or equivalent

	CN :S14B-PH-SM4-TB (JST)									
-		_								
No	Signal Name	Feature								
1	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply,+24V DC regulated								
2	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply,+24V DC regulated								
3	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply,+24V DC regulated								
4	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply,+24V DC regulated								
5	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply,+24V DC regulated								
6	GND	Ground and Current Return								
7	GND	Ground and Current Return								
8	GND	Ground and Current Return								
9	GND	Ground and Current Return								
10	GND	Ground and Current Return								
11	Reserved	Reserved								
12	V_{BLON}	GND:BL Off; Open/High (3.3V):BL On								
		External PWM (AC Signal Control Duty);								
13	PDIM	Internal PWM (DC Power Control Duty,0~3.3V)								
		Open/High (+3.3V,100% Duty) for 100%								
1.4	DDIM Coloctics	GND: External PWM dimming;								
14	PDIM Selection	Open/High (3.3V):Internal PWM dimming								



3-3 Signal Timing Specifications

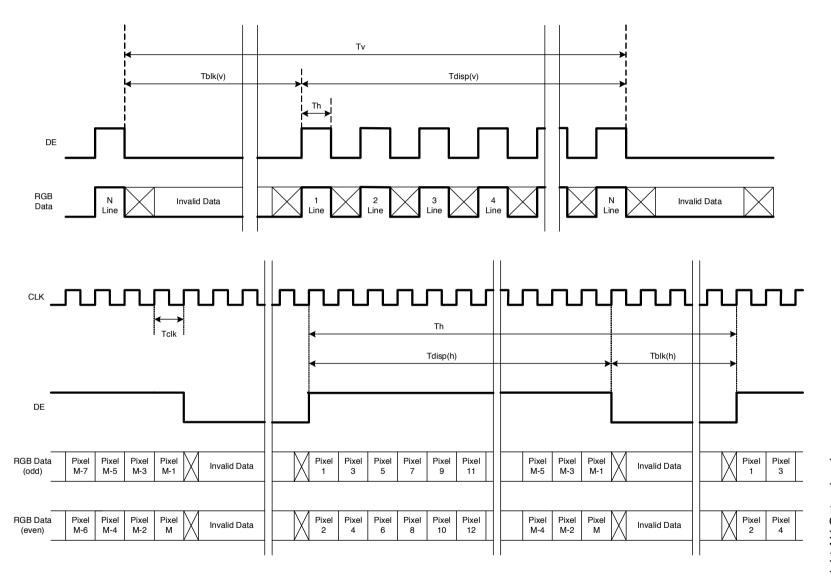
This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Vertical Frequency Range A (60Hz)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min	Type	Max	Unit		
	Period	Tv	1090	1125	1480	Th		
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)			Th			
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	45	400	Th		
	Period	Th	1030	1100	1300	Tclk		
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		960				
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	70	140	340	Tclk		
Clock	Period	CLK	20	13.47	12.9	ns		
Clock	Frequency	Freq	50	74.25	82	MHz		
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Vs	47	60	63	Hz		
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Hs	60	67.5	73	KHz		

3-4 Signal Timing Waveforms





3-5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

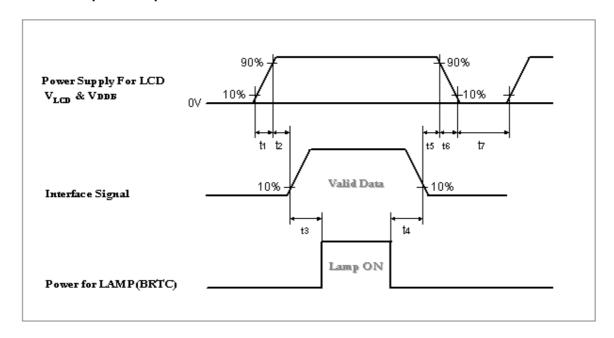
COLOR DATA REFERENCE

											ı	npu	t Cc	lor	Data	a									
Color					RE	ΞD					GREEN					BLUE									
		MSB LSB			MS	MSB LSB					MS	В					L	.SB							
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3-6 Power Sequence

1. Power sequence of panel



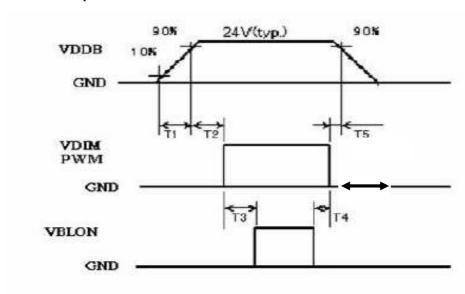
		Units		
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
t1	0.4	-	30	ms
t2	0.1	-	50	ms
t3	300	-	•	ms
t4	100	-	-	ms
t5	0.1	-	50	ms
t6		-	300	ms
t7	500	-	-	ms

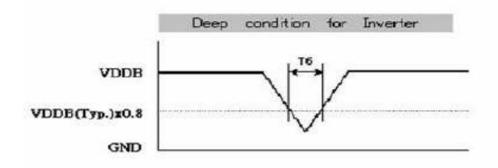
Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operating range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal.

Caution: The above on/off sequence should be applied to avoid abnormal function in the display. In case of handling, make sure to turn off the power when you plug the cable into the input connector or pull the cable out of the connector.



2. Power sequence of inverter





Parameter	Values			Units
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	500	-	-	ms
Т3	250	-	-	ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	1	-	-	ms
T6			10	ms



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 60 minutes in a dark environment at 25° C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0° .

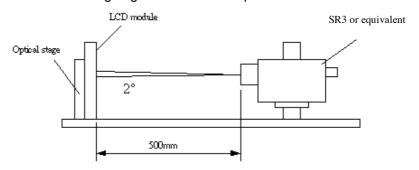


Fig.4-1 Optical measurement equipment and method

Parameter	Symbol		Values			Units	Notes
			Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Contrast Ratio	CR		2500	3500			1
Surface Luminance, white	LWH		550	700		cd/m²	2
Luminance Variation	$\delta_{ ext{white}}$	5р			1.3		3
Response Time (Average)	Τη	γ		8		ms	4,5 (Gray to Gray)
Color Coordinates							
RED	R	X		0.640			
	R	Y		0.330			
GREEN	G ₂	x		0.290			
	G.	Υ	T 0.00	0.600	T 0 00		
BLUE	В	x	Typ0.03	0.150	Typ.+0.03		
	В	Y		0.060			
WHITE	W	×		0.280			
	W	Y		0.290			
Viewing Angle							Contrast Ratio>10
x axis, right(φ =0°)	θ	r		89		Degree	6
x axis, left(φ =180°)	θ	I		89			
y axis, up(φ =90°)	θ	u		89			
y axis, down (φ =0°)	θ	d		89			



Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 1 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see Fig. 4-2. When VDDB = 24V, IDDB = 7.3A. $L_{WH} = L_{on1}$, Where L_{on1} is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 1 location.

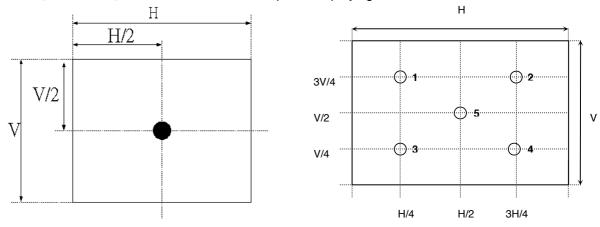


Fig.4-2 Optical measurement point

3. The variation in surface luminance, δ_{WHITE} is defined under 100% brightness as: $\delta_{\text{WHITE}}(5P) = \text{Maximum(Lon1, Lon2,...,Lon5)/Minimum(Lon1, Lon2,...,Lon5)}$



4. Response Time:

(a) G-to-G: average response time among brightness of 0%, 25%, 50%, 75% &100%.

	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
0%		tr: 0%→25%	tr: 0%→50%	tr: 0%→75%	tr: 0%→100%
25%	tf: 25%→0%		tr: 25%→50%	tr: 25%→75%	tr: 25%→100%
50%	tf: 50%→0%	tf: 50%→25%		tr: 50%→75%	tr: 50%→100%
75%	tf: 75%→0%	tf: 75%→25%	tf: 75%→50%		tr: 75%→100%
100%	tf: 100%→0%	tf: 100%→25%	tf: 100%→50%	tf: 100%→75%	

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see Fig. 4-3. (Optical measurement by SR3)

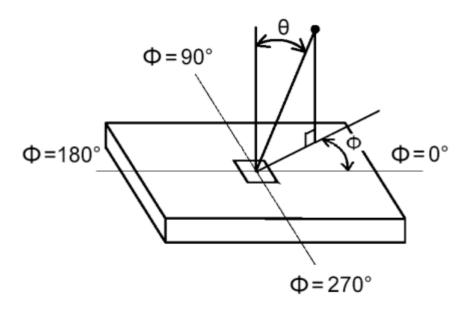


Fig.4-3 Viewing Angle Definition



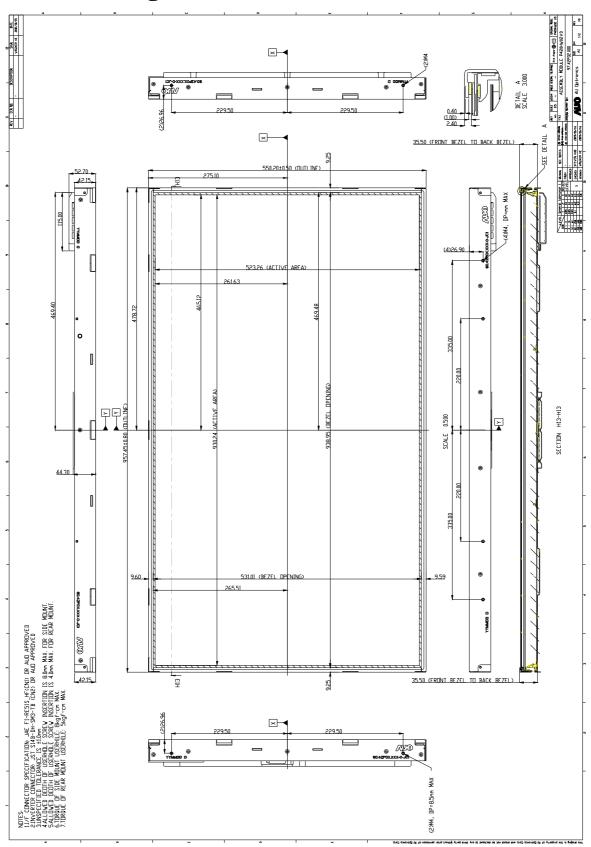
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model P420HW02. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

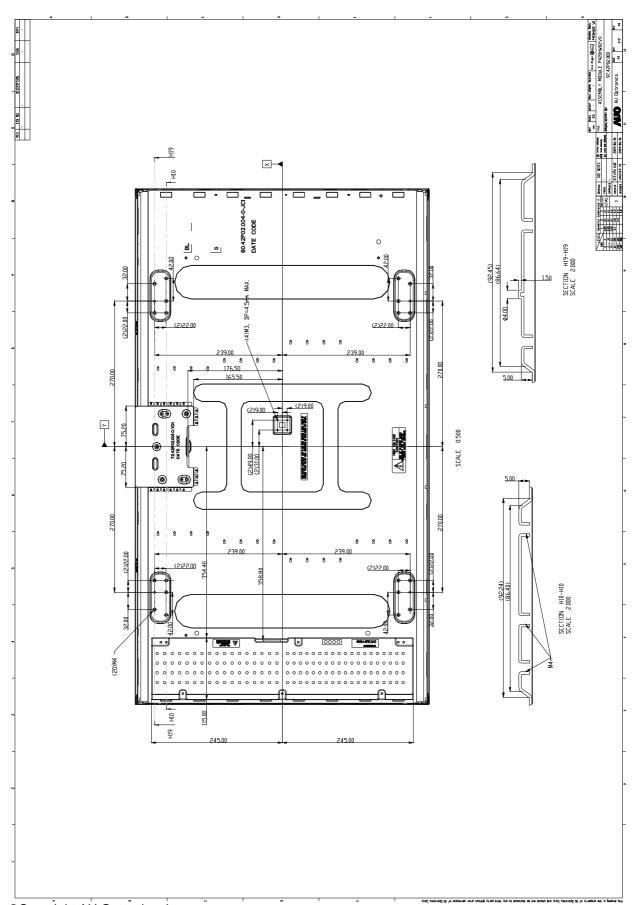
	Horizontal (typ.)	957.45mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical (typ.)	550.2mm		
	Depth (typ.)	52.7mm (with inverter)		
Bezel Area	Horizontal (typ.)	938.95mm		
Dezei Alea	Vertical (typ.)	531.01mm		
Active Dienley Area	Horizontal	930.24mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	523.26mm		
Weight	11100 (typ),			
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare coating (Haze 11%)			
Surface freatment	Hard coating (3H)			



2D drawing









6. Reliability

Panel condition in RA test

Brightness: 700nits

No	Test Item	Condition		
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60°C 500h		
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 500h		
3	High temperature operation test	Ta=50°C 500h		
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta=-5°C 500h		
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.5G RMS Bandwidth: 10-300Hz, Duration: X, Y, Z 30min One time each direction		
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level: 40G Waveform: half since wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z One time each direction		
7	Vibration test (with carton)	Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.5G RMS Bandwidth: 10-200Hz, Duration: X, Y, Z 30min One time each direction		
8	Drop test (with carton)	Height: 30.5cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (ASTMD4169-I)		

Result Evaluation Criteria

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



7. International Standard

7-1. Safety

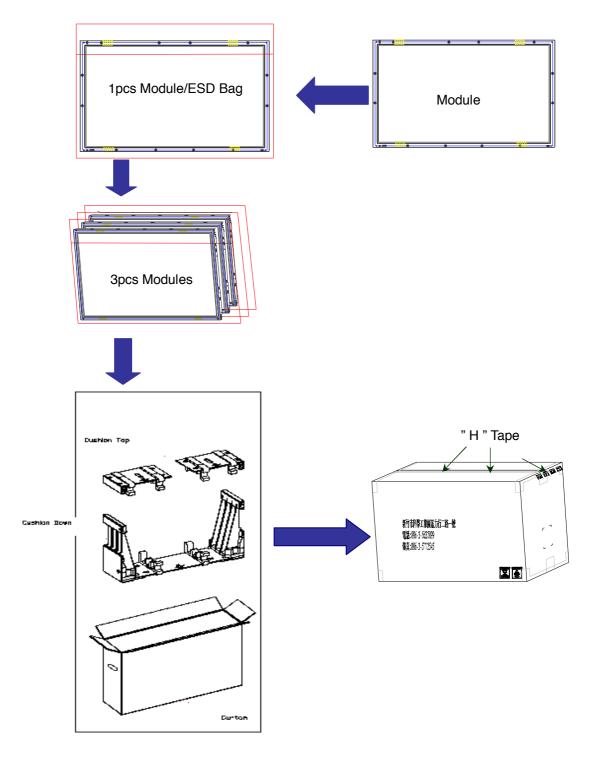
- (1) UL60065, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (AUO file number : E204356) Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) CSA E60065, Canadian Standards Association Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- (3) IEC 60065 ver. 7th, European Committee for Electro technical Standardization (CENELEC) EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



8. Packing: Packing Instruction



Package Information:

Carton outside dimension: 1050(L)mm× 277(W)mm× 650(H)mm

Carton/Package weight: 5kg ©Copyright AU Optronics, Inc. January, 2008 All Rights Reserved.



Gross weight (per Box): 41kg

Shipping label



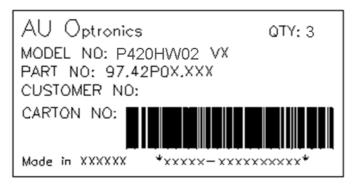
Green Mark Description:

For Pb Free products, AUO will add for identification.

For RoHS compatible products, AUO will add for identification.

Note: The Green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO Internal Green Team. (The definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

Carton label



Pallet information

By air cargo: : (4x1) x2 layers, one pallet put 8 boxes, total 24 pcs module.

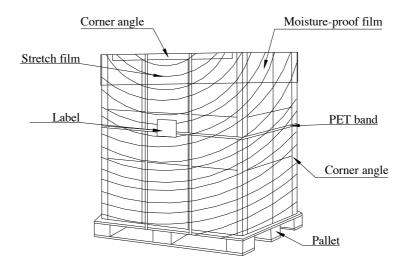
By sea: (4x1) x3 layers, one pallet put 12 boxes, total 36 pcs module.

Pallet dimension: 1140mmx 1060mmx 132mm

Pallet weight: 15.5kg

By air total weight: 41 kg/box X 8 boxes=328 kg (with pallet weight 343.5 kg)
By sea total weight: 41 kg/box X 12 boxes=492 kg (with pallet weight 507.5 kg)





9.PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged on back side of panel.
- (2) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (3) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (4) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (5) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (6) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (7) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (8) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.



9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5° and 35° at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there



- remains a very small amount of flue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

9-7 Operating Condition in PID Application

- (1) If the continuous static display is required, periodically inserting a motion picture is strongly recommended.
- (2) Recommend to periodically change the background color and background image.
- (3) Recommend not to continuously operate over 18 hours a day.
- (4) Recommend to adopt one of the following actions after long time display.
 - I. Running the screen saver (motion picture or black pattern)
 - II. Power off the system for a while
- (5) Try not to run the LCD in a closed environment. Suitable venting on the system cover would be helpful for cooling.
- (6) It is better to adapt active cooling with fans for long time displaying, especially for high luminance LCD model.