

# Model Name: P460HW04 V0

Issue Date: 2010/10/01

(\*)Preliminary Specifications

( )Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date								
Approved By		Approval By PM Director  Michael Goan									
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## **Record of Revision**

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2010/09/23		First release
0.2	2010/1215	6	Correct backlight power consumption
0.3	2011/1/5	23	Add Drawing
		24	Add Drawing
04.	2011/1/11	NA	Format Correction
		4	Display Colour correct from 16.3 to 1073.7M
		16	Input Current Correct from 3.9 to 3.64
0.5	2011/03/08	22	Front View Drawing change (with side mount)
		23	Front Rear Drawing Change (with side mount)



### 1. General Description

This specification applies to the 46.0 inch Color TFT-LCD PID Module P460HW04 V0. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,920x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 42.0 inch. This module supports 1,920x1,080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The P460HW04 V0 has been designed to apply the 10-bit 4 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation.

#### \* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	46	inch	
Display Area	1018.08(H) x 572.67(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	1056.9(H) x 612.3(V) x 18.3(D)	mm	1, 2
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	10 bit, 1073.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1920 x 1080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.53025	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Display Orientation	Landscape/Portrait Enable		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze=11%

#### Note:

(1) D: from bezel to rear boss

(2) Dmax: 24.3mm (D/B cover); Dmin: 9.6mm



- ✓ Touchscreens For LCD Panels
- ✓ Optical Bonding and Air Bonding www.Revo-Sys.com
- ✓ Sunlight Readable Enhancement

## 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

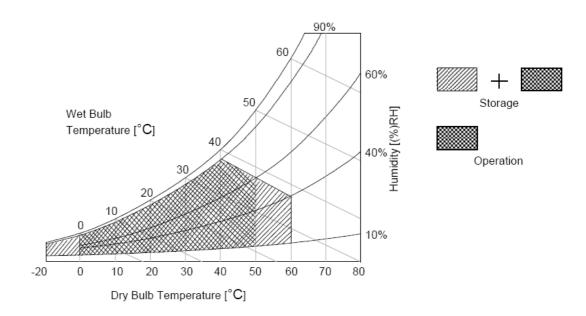
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39<sup>°</sup>C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of  $40^{\circ}$ C or less. At temperatures greater than  $40^{\circ}$ C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed  $39^{\circ}$ C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition



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## 3. Electrical Specification

The P460HW04 V0 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input for BLU is to power driver board.

#### 3.1 Electrical Characteristics

#### 3.1.1: DC Characteristics

	Parameter	Cymbol		Value		Unit	Note
	Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offic	Note
LCD							
Power Su	pply Input Voltage	$V_{DD}$	10.8	12	13.2	$V_{DC}$	
Power Su	pply Input Current	I <sub>DD</sub>		0.44	1.16	Α	1
Power Co	nsumption	P <sub>C</sub>		5.28	13.92	Watt	1
Inrush Cu	rrent	I <sub>RUSH</sub>			4	Α	2
	Input Differential Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	200	400	600	$mV_{DC}$	3
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	$V_{TH}$	+100		+300	$mV_{DC}$	3
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	$V_{TL}$	-300		-100	$mV_{DC}$	3
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V <sub>ICM</sub>	1.1	1.25	1.4	$V_{DC}$	3
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub> (High)	2.7		3.3	V <sub>DC</sub>	5
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub> (Low)	0		0.6	$V_{DC}$	5

#### 3.1.2: AC Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note		
	raiametei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offic	1,010	
LVDS	Input Channel Pair Skew Margin	t <sub>SKEW (CP)</sub>	-500		+500	ps	6	
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	7	
Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum  Modulation frequency	Fss	30	1	200	KHz	7	
	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5	1 1	0.4 0.5	ns	8	

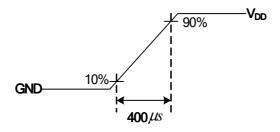
Note:



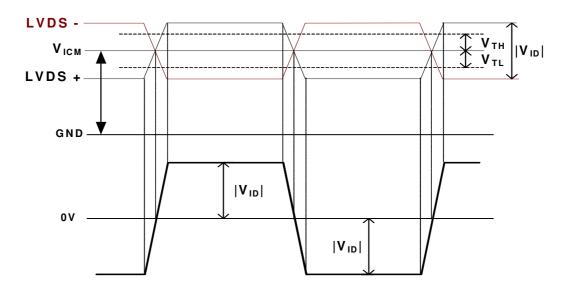
- 1. Test Condition:
  - (1)  $V_{DD} = 12.0V$
  - (2) Fv = 120Hz
  - (3) Fclk= Max freq.
  - (4) Temperature = 25 °C
  - (5) Typ. Input current : White Pattern

Max. Input current: Heavy loading pattern defined by AUO

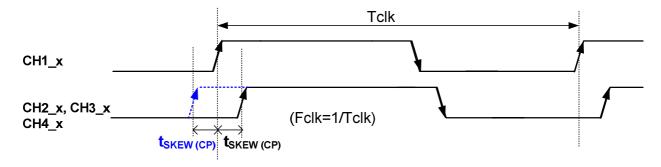
2. Measurement condition: Rising time = 400us



**3.**  $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$ 



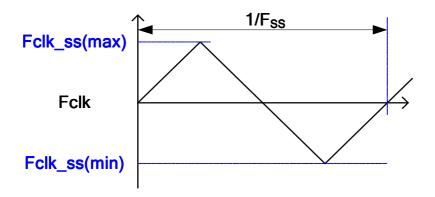
- **4.** The measure points of  $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$  are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
- 5. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin



Note: x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4

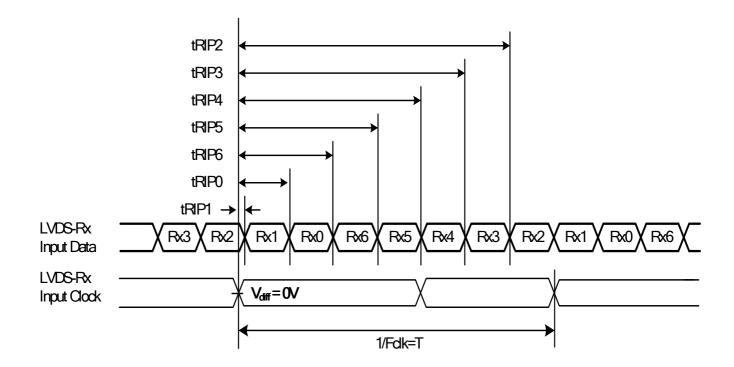


6. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures



#### 7. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Cymhol		Unit	Note		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit	Note
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)	Fclk (min)		MHz	T=1/Fclk
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position2	tRIP6 2T/7- tRMG  2T/7		2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns	





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#### 3.2 Interface Connections

LCD connector: 187059-51221 (P-TWO, LVDS connector)
 187060-41221 (P-TWO, LVDS connector)

Mating connector:

PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	N.C.	No connection	21	CH3_3+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3+
2	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	22	CH3_4-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4-
3	N.C.	No connection	23	CH3_4+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4+
4	N.C.	No connection	24	GND	Ground
5	N.C.	No connection	25	GND	Ground
6	N.C.	No connection	26	CH4_0-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0-
7	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	27	CH4_0+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0+
8	N.C.	No connection	28	CH4_1-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1-
9	GND	Ground	29	CH4_1+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1+
10	CH3_0-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0-	30	CH4_2-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2-
11	CH3_0+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0+	31	CH4_2+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2+
12	CH3_1-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1-	32	GND	Ground
13	CH3_1+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1+	33	CH4_CLK-	LVDS Channel 4, Clock -
14	CH3_2-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2-	34	CH4_CLK+	LVDS Channel 4, Clock +
15	CH3_2+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2+	35	GND	Ground
16	GND	Ground	36	CH4_3-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3-
17	CH3_CLK-	LVDS Channel 3, Clock -	37	CH4_3+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3+
18	CH3_CLK+	LVDS Channel 3, Clock +	38	CH4_4-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4-
19	GND	Ground	39	CH4_4+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4+
20	CH3_3-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3-	40	GND	Ground
			41	GND	Ground

Note: N.C.: please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).



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#### Mating connector:

PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description				
1	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	26	GND	Ground				
2	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	27	GND	Ground				
3	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	28	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-				
4	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	29	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+				
5	BITSEL	LVDS 8/10bit Input Selection Open/High(3.3V) : 10bits Low(GND) : 8bits	30	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-				
6	ROTATE	Panel Rotation Display Control High(3.3V): Rotate Enable Open/Low(GND): Rotate Disable	31	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+				
7	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA	32	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-				
8	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	33	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+				
9	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	34	GND	Ground				
10	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	35	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -				
11	GND	Ground	36	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +				
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	37	GND	Ground				
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	38	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-				
14	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	39	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+				
15	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	40	CH2_4-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4-				
16	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	41	CH2_4+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4+				
17	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	42	GND	Ground				
18	GND	Ground	43	GND	Ground				
19	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	44	GND	Ground				
20	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	45	GND	Ground				
21	GND	Ground	46	GND	Ground				
22	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	47	N.C.	No connection				
23	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	48	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated				
24	CH1_4-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4-	49	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated				
25	CH1_4+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4+	50 V <sub>DD</sub>		Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated				
			51	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated				

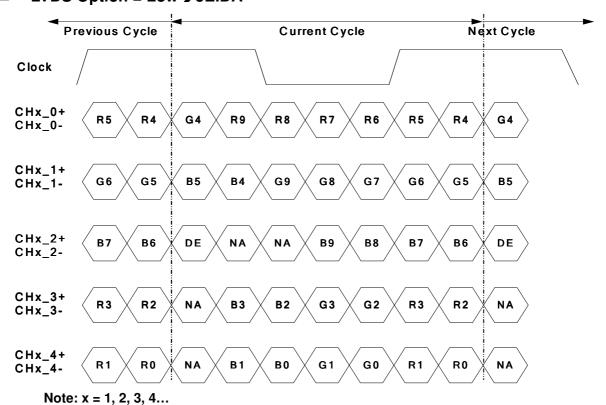
Note: N.C.: please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).



#### LVDS Option = High/Open→NS **Previous Cycle Current Cycle** Next Cycle Clock CHx\_0+ R 1 R0 R5 R1 R0 G0 R4 R3 R2 G0 CHx\_0-CHx\_1+ G2 G 1 В1 В0 **G**5 **G4 G3** G 2 G 1 В1 CHx\_1-CHx\_2+ В3 В2 DΕ NΑ В5 В4 В3 В2 DE NA CHx\_2-CHx\_3+ R7 R6 В7 G7 **G**6 R7 CHx\_3-В6 R6 NA CHx\_4+ R9 G9 G8 CHx\_4-В9 В8 R9 R8 NA

Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

#### ■ LVDS Option = Low→JEIDA





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#### 3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

#### **Timing Table (DE only Mode)**

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	Tv	1090	1130	1392	Th
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080		
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	50	312	Th
	Period	Th	540	570	580	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)				
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	60	90	100	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	64.8	77.29	80.74	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	94	120	122	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	120	135.6	139.2	KHz

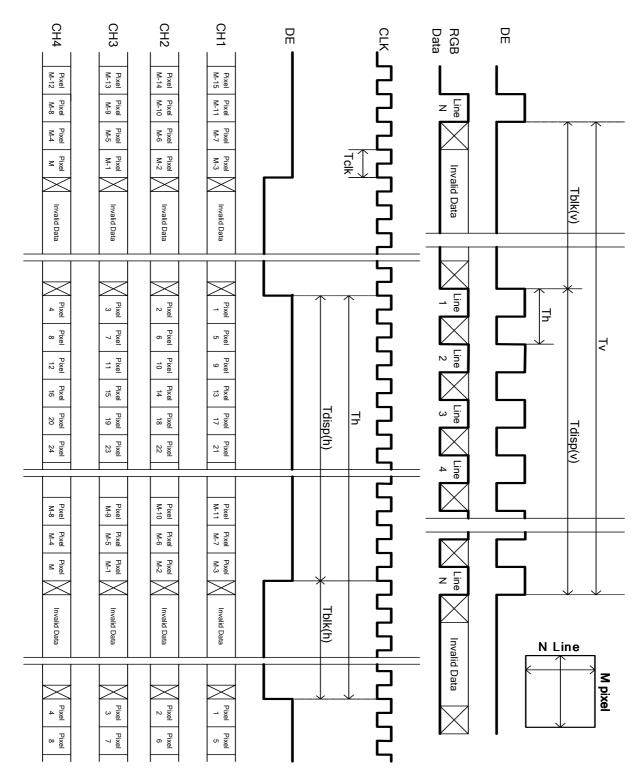
#### Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
  Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1<sup>st</sup> DCLK after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1<sup>st</sup> data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4)The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.





### 3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms





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#### 3.5 Color Input Data Reference

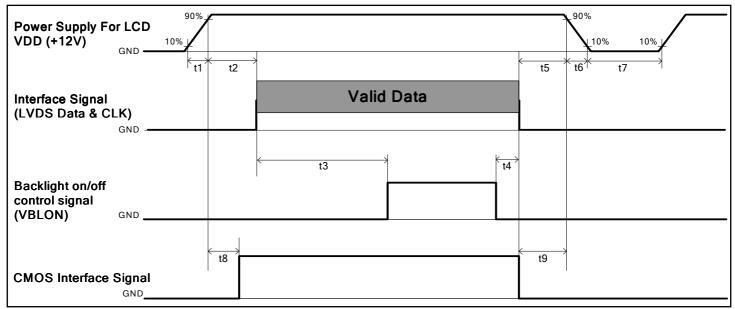
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 10 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

#### **COLOR DATA REFERENCE**

														lr	put	Col	lor [	Data	ι												
	Color					RE	ΞD								(	GRE	EEN	ı								BL	UE				
	Color	MS	В							L	SB	M	SB							LS	SB	MS	SB							L:	SB
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В9	B8	В7	В6	B5	В4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																															
	RED(1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																															
	GREEN(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																															
	BLUE(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



#### 3.6 Power Sequence for LCD



Davamatav		11		
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit
t1	0.4		30	ms
t2	0.1		150	ms
t3	450			ms
t4	0 <sup>*1</sup>			ms
t5	0			ms
t6			*2 	ms
t7	500			ms
t8	10		50	ms
t9	0			ms

#### Note:

(1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6: voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)

#### 3.7 Backlight Specification (independent driver board)

The backlight unit contains 4pcs light bar

Item	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Operating Life Time	50,000	-	-	Hour	1

Note (1) The value is defined as the time at which brightness is 50% of its original value.

Operating condition: Ta =25±2°c



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### 3.7.1 Electrical specificat ion

	liam	Com	ah al	Condition	Spec				Nete
	Item	Syn	nbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
1	Input Voltage	VD	DB	-	22.8	24	25.2	VDC	-
2	Input Current	I <sub>D</sub>	DB	VDDB=24V	3.21	3.64	3.85	ADC	1
3	Input Power	P	DDB	VDDB=24V	77.04	87.4	92.4	W	1
4	Inrush Current	I <sub>RL</sub>	JSH	VDDB=24V			3.88	ADC	2
5	On /Off a protect wall walls are	V	ON	VDDB=24V	2	-	5.5	VDC	-
5	On/Off control voltage	$V_{BLON}$	OFF VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-	
6	On/Off control current	I <sub>BLON</sub>		VDDB=24V	-	-	1.5	mA	-
7	7 Dimming Control Voltage	V DIM	MAX	MAX VDDB=24V	3.0	-	5.5	VDC	-
/		V_DIM	MIN		-	0	-	VDC	-
8	Dimming Control Current	I_DIM		VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
9	Internal Dimming Ratio	DIM	/I_R	VDDB=24V	5	-	100	%	3
10	External PWM	\/ ED\A/\A	MAX	VDDB=24V	2	-	5.5	VDC	-
10	Control Voltage	V_EPWM	MIN	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
11	External PWM Control Current	I_EF	PWM	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
12	External PWM Duty ratio	D_EI	PWM	VDDB=24V	5	-	100	%	3
13	External PWM Frequency	F_EPWM		VDDB=24V	140	180	240	Hz	-
14	DET status signal		НІ	VDDB=24V	Open Collector		ctor	VDC	4
	DET status signal	DET	Lo	VDDD=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	4
15	Input Impedance	R	in	VDDB=24V	300			Kohm	-

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) ( Ta=25 $\pm$ 5 $^{\circ}$ C , Turn on for 45minutes )

Note 2: Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (VDDB : 10%~90%);

Note 3: Less than 5% dimming control is functional well and no backlight shutdown happened

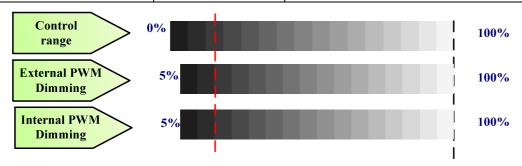
Note 4: Normal: 0~0.8V; Abnormal: Open collector



#### 3.7.2 Input Pin Assignment

LED driver board connector: Cvilux Cl0114M1HR0-NH

Pin	Symbol	Description		
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated		
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated		
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated		
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated		
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated		
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return		
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return		
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return		
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return		
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return		
		BLU status detection:		
11	DET	Normal: 0~0.8V; Abnormal: Open collector		
		(Recommend Pull high R > 10K, VDD = 3.3V)		
		BLU On-Off control:		
12	VBLON	High/Open (2~5.5V) : BL On ;		
		Low (0~0.8V/GND) : BL Off		
13	VDIM(**)	Internal PWM (0~3.3V for 5~100% Duty, open for 100%)		
13	V DIIVI( )	< NC; at External PWM mode>		
14	DDIM(*)	External PWM (5%~100% Duty, open for 100%)		
14	PDIM(*)	< NC; at Internal PWM mode>		



PWM Dimming: include Internal and External PWM Dimming

(Note\*) IF External PWM function includes 5% dimming ratio. Judge condition as below:

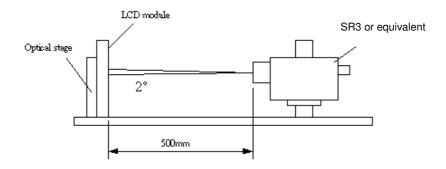
- (1) Backlight module must be lighted ON normally.
- (2) All protection function must work normally.
- (3) Uniformity and flicker could NOT be guaranteed



## 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C while panel is placed in the default position. The default position is T-con side as the bottom side of panel. The value specified is at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\varphi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0 °.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Dl	0		Values		11.2	Nata
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	3200	4000			1
Surface Luminance (White)	L <sub>WH</sub>		500		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation	δ <sub>WHITE(9P)</sub>			1.33		3
Response Time (G to G)	Тү		6.5		Ms	4
Color Gamut	NTSC		72		%	
Color Coordinates						
Red	$R_X$		0.640			
	$R_Y$		0.330			
Green	G <sub>X</sub>		0.281			
	$G_Y$	Typ0.03	0.590	Typ.+0.03		
Blue	$B_X$	туро.оз	0.144	тур.+0.03		
	$B_Y$		0.060			
White	W <sub>X</sub>		0.280			
	$W_Y$		0.290			
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(φ=0°)	$\theta_{r}$		89		degree	
x axis, left(φ=180°)	$\theta_{l}$		89		degree	
y axis, up(φ=90°)	$\theta_{u}$		89		degree	
y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{\sf d}$		89		degree	



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Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

- Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current I<sub>H</sub> = 11mA. L<sub>WH</sub>=Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance,  $\delta WHITE$  is defined (center of Screen) as:

 $\delta_{WHITE(9P)} = Maximum(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ..., L_{on9}) / Minimum(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ... L_{on9})$ 

4. Response time  $T_{\gamma}$  is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on  $F_{\nu}$ =60Hz to optimize.

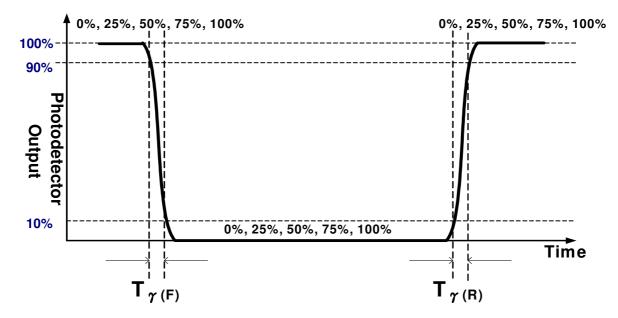
Measured		Target						
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%		
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%		
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%		
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%		
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%		
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%			

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".

Any level of gray (Bright)

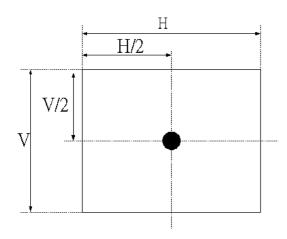
Any level of gray (Dark)

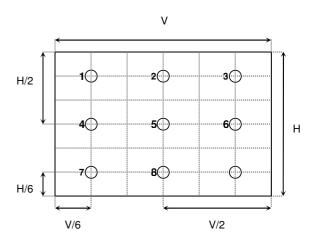
Any level of gray (Bright)





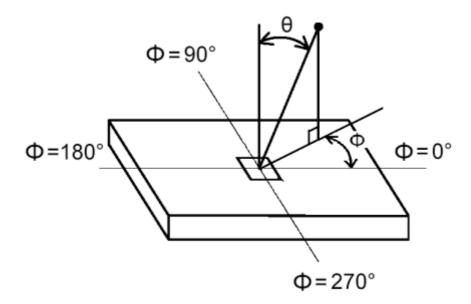
#### FIG. 2 Luminance





5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

#### FIG.3 Viewing Angle





### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model P460HW04 V0. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

It	em	Dimension	Unit	Note
Outline Dimension	Horizontal	1056.9	mm	
	Vertical		mm	
	Depth (Dmin)	10.8	mm	
	Depth (Dmax) 25.5		mm	front bezel to D/B cover
Weight	980	00	g	

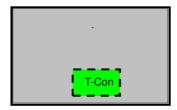
#### 5.1 Suggestion Placement

1. Landscape Mode: The default placement is T-Con Side as the bottom side.

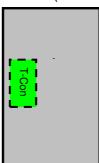
2. Portrait Mode: The default placement is T-Con side has to be placed in the

left side via viewing from the front.

Landscape (Front view)

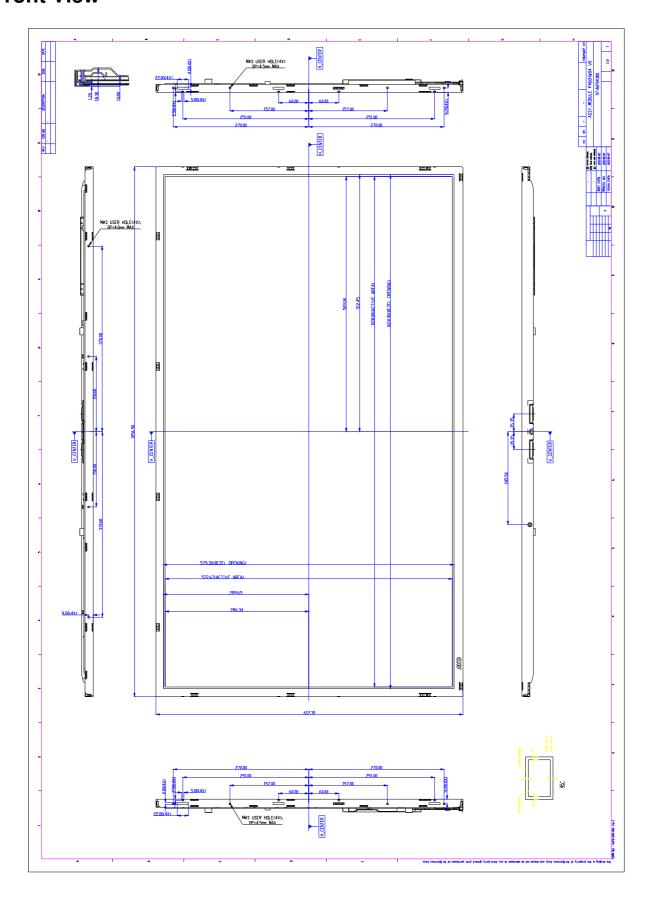


Portrait (Front view)



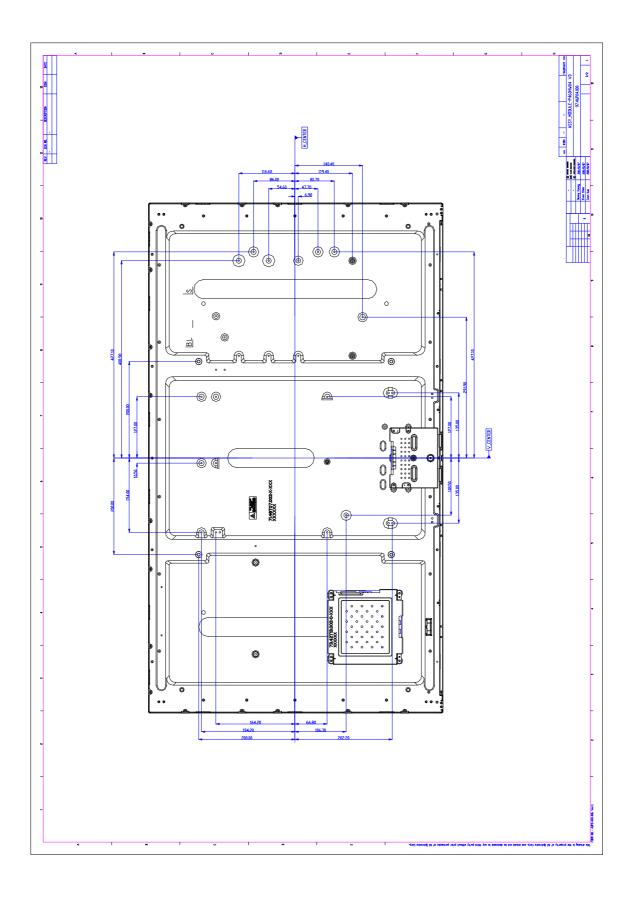


### **Front View**





### **Back View**





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## 6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60°C, 500hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20°C, 500hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50°C, 500hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5°C, 500hrs
			Wave form: random
			Vibration level : 1.0G RMS
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Bandwidth : 10-300Hz
			Duration: X,Y,Z 10min per axes
			X,Y,Z: Horizontal, face up
			Shock level
	Shock test (non-operation)	3	50G,11ms in ±X,Y,Z axis
6			Waveform: half sine wave
			Direction: One time each direction
			Random wave (1.05Grms 10~200Hz)
7	Vibration test (With carton)	1(PKG)	Duration: X,Y,Z 10min per axes
			University OF Apre (ACTMD 44 CO.))
	Drop test (With carton)		Height: 25.4cm (ASTMD4169-I)
8		1(PKG)	1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces
			(refer ASTM D 5276)



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#### 7. International Standard

#### 7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1,; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1: 2001, IEC 60065:2001; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

#### **7.2 EMC**

- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



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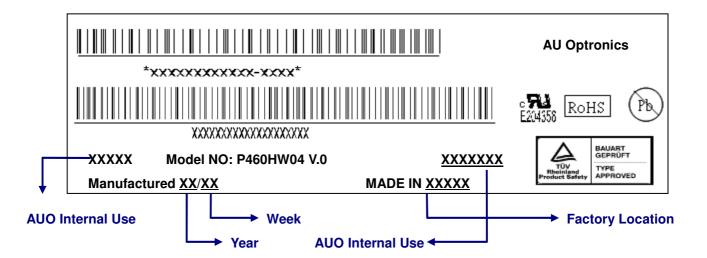


### 8. Packing

#### **8.1 DEFINITION OF LABEL:**

#### A. Panel Label:



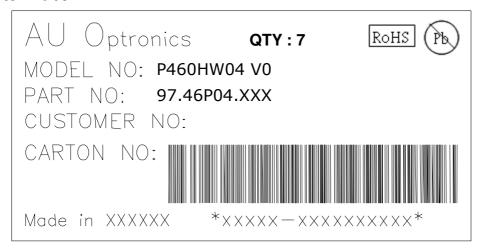


#### **Green mark description**

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (Pb) for identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

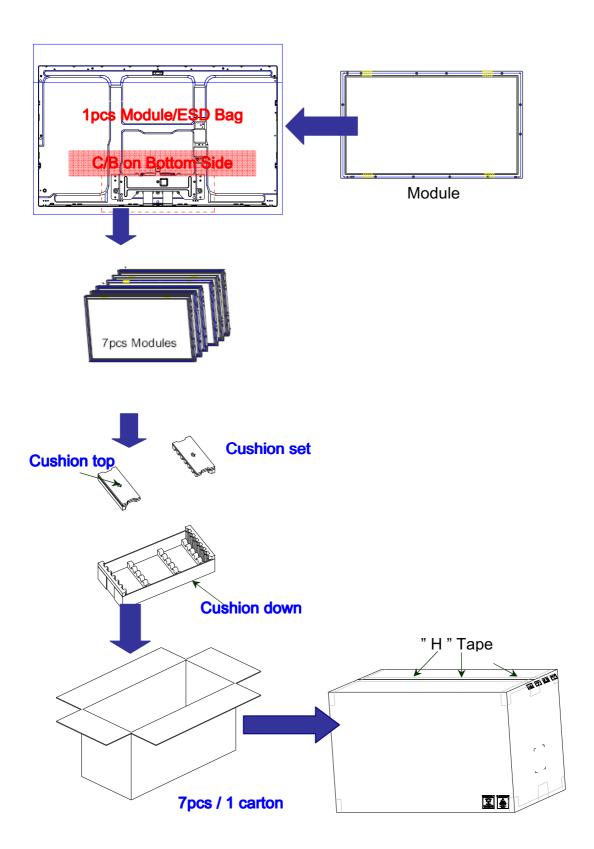
Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

#### **B. Carton Label:**





#### **8-2 PACKING METHODS:**

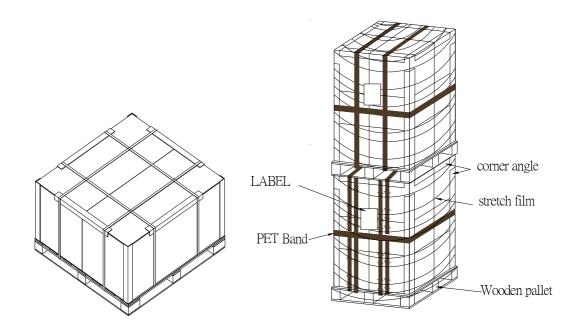




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### 8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

			Specification					
	Item	Qty.	Qty. Dimension		Remark			
1	Packing Box	7 pcs/box	7 pcs/box 1160(L)mm*375(W)mm*690(H)mm					
2	Pallet	1	1 1180(L)mm*1150(W)mm*132(H)mm 18					
3	Boxes per Pallet	3 boxes/Pal	B boxes/Pallet (By Air); 3 Boxes/Pallet (By Sea)					
4	Panels per Pallet	21pcs/palle	21pcs/pallet(By Air); 21 pcs/Pallet (By Sea)					
5	Pallet	21(by Air)	21(by Air) 1180(L)mm*1150(W)mm*812(H)mm (by Air) 243 (by Air)					
	after packing	63(by Sea)	1180(L)mm*1150(W)mm*2436(H)mm (by Sea)	729 (by Sea)	40ft HQ			





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#### 7. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.



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(7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

#### 9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### 9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.