

Product Description: 65" Full HD Color TFT-LCD Module							
AUO Model Name: T645HW02 \	/1						
Customer Part No. / Project Nam	ne:						
Customer Signature	AU Optronics Corp.						
	Approved by: PM Head / Frank Hsu						
	Reviewed by: RD Head / Hong-Jye Hong						
	Reviewed by: Project Leader / Howard Yeh						
	Prepared by: PM / Child Chiu						
Note							



Rev.01

Date: 2009/05/27

Product Functional Specification

65" Full HD Color TFT-LCD Module Model Name: T645HW02 V1

(*) Preliminary Specification () Final Specification

Note: This specification is subject to change without notice.



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Record of Revision

Rev.	Data	Page	Items	New Description	Remark
00	2009/05/05		First release	N/A	
01	2009/05/27	6	Wet-Bulb Figure	Modify to correct figure	
		16	Number of Lamps	Modify to right number = 26	
		23-24	2D Drawing	Modify to new version	
		27	Vibration & Shock Test	Modify the condition	



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 65 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T645HW02 V1. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1920x1080 pixels, and diagonal size of 64.5 inch. This module supports Full HD mode (non-interlace).

Each pixel is divided into Red, Green, and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined by 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T645HW02 V1 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 4-channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, double frame rate driving, and high color depth are important.

The T645HW02 V1 is RoHS verified which can be distinguished on panel label.

♦ General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	64.53	inches	Diagonal
Display Area	1428.48 (H) x 803.52 (V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	1508.0(H) x 878.0(V) x 60.0(D)	mm	w/ Inverter Cover
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	16.7M (8-bit)	colors	
Color Gamut	72	%	NTSC
Number of Pixels	1920 x 1080	pixel	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Pixel Pitch	0.744	mm	
Display Mode	Transmissive, Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	HCLR, 3H		
Total Power Consumption	(380)	watt	include BLU & Signal
Life Time (minimum)	50,000	hours	[1]
RoHS	RoHS compliance		

Note [1]: The life is determined as the time at which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at 25±2 ℃.



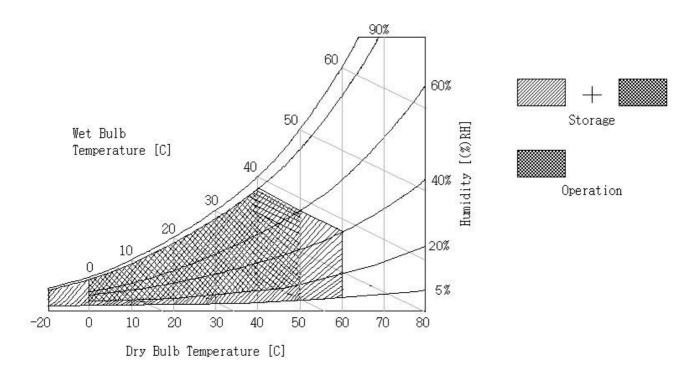
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit:

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max	Unit	Note
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	V _{CC}	-0.3	+14.0	V	[1]
Input Voltage of Signal	V _{IN}	-0.3	+3.6	٧	[1]
BLU Input Voltage	V_{DDB}	-0.3	+27.0	V	[1]
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	V_{BLON}	-0.3	+7.0	V	[1]
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	0	+50	ç	[2]
Operating Humidity	H _{OP}	10	90	%RH	[2]
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	+60	$^{\circ}$	[2]
Storage Humidity	H _{ST}	10	90	%RH	[2]
Panel Surface Temperature	T _{SUR}		+65	°	[2]

Note [1]: If operate over spec but under absolute maximum rating, duration must be < 50ms.

Note [2]: Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 °C and no condensation. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40 °C or less. At temperatures greater than 40 °C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39 °C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.





3. Electrical Specification

The T645HW02 V1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input is to power the inverter, which can power the CCFL.

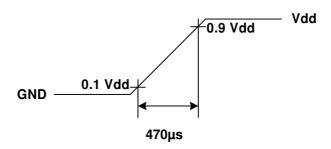
3.1 Signal Electrical Characteristics

 $(Ta = 25 \pm 2^{\circ}C)$

Do		Cymalaal		Value		l lm!t	Note
Pa	rameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply I	Power Supply Input Voltage			12.0	13.2	V	
Power Supply I	nput Current	I _{cc}		TBD		Α	[2]
Power Consum	ption	P _{CC}		TBD		Watt	[2]
Inrush Current		I _{RUSH}			TBD	Α	[3]
	Differential Input High Threshold	V_{TH}	-		+100	mV	[4]
	Voltage	VIH			+100	111 V	נדן
LVDS Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{TL}	-100			mV	[4]
	Common Input Voltage	V _{CIM}	1.10	1.25	1.40	V	
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.4		3.3	V	
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.7	V	

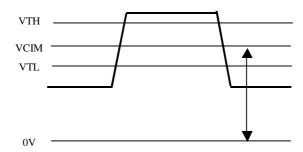
Note:

- 1. The check pattern is base on white pattern. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{CC}.
- 2. V_{CC} = 12.0V, F_V = 60Hz, F_{CLK} = 81.5Mhz, 25°C, V_{CC} duration time = 470 μ s, test pattern: full white pattern
- 3. Measurement condition: rising time=470µs





4. Measurement of LVDS differential voltage is shown as following:



5. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.



3.2 Signal Interface Connections

◆ LCD LVDS connector (41pin): JAE FI-RE41S-HF

PIN#	Signal Name	Description	Note
1	V _{CC}	Operating Voltage Supply, +12V DC Regulated	
2	V _{CC}	Operating Voltage Supply, +12V DC Regulated	
3	V _{CC}	Operating Voltage Supply, +12V DC Regulated	
4	V _{CC}	Operating Voltage Supply, +12V DC Regulated	
5	V _{CC}	Operating Voltage Supply, +12V DC Regulated	Power
6	GND	Ground	
7	GND	Ground	
8	GND	Ground	
9	GND	Ground	
10	R1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	
11	R1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	
12	R1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	
13	R1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	
14	R1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	
15	R1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	
16	GND	Ground	LVDC
17	R1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	LVDS Channel 1
18	R1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	Ghanner
19	GND	Ground	
20	R1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	
21	R1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	
22	R1_4-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4-	
23	R1_4+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4+	
24	GND	Ground	
25	R3_0-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0-	
26	R3_0+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0+	
27	R3_1-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1-	
28	R3_1+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1+	
29	R3_2-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2-	LVDS
30	R3_2+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2+	Channel 3
31	GND	Ground	
32	R3_CLK-	LVDS Channel 3, Clock -	
33	R3_CLK+	LVDS Channel 3, Clock +	
34	GND	Ground	



PIN#	Signal Name	Description	Note
35	R3_3-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3-	
36	R3_3+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3+	LVDS
37	R3_4-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4-	Channel 3
38	R3_4+ LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4+		Griannei 3
39	GND	Ground	
40	NC	No Connect (AUO Internal Use Only)	
41	NC	No Connect (AUO Internal Use Only)	

◆ LCD LVDS connector (51pin): JAE FI-RE51S-HF

PIN#	Signal Name	Description	Note
1	V _{CC}	Operating Voltage Supply, +12V DC Regulated	
2	V _{cc}	Operating Voltage Supply, +12V DC Regulated	
3	V _{cc}	Operating Voltage Supply, +12V DC Regulated	
4	V _{cc}	Operating Voltage Supply, +12V DC Regulated	
5	V _{cc}	Operating Voltage Supply, +12V DC Regulated	Power
6	GND	Ground	
7	GND	Ground	
8	GND	Ground	
9	GND	Ground	
10	R2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-	
11	R2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+	
12	R2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-	
13	R2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+	
14	R2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-	
15	R2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+	
16	GND	Ground	LVDS
17	R2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -	Channel 2
18	R2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +	Griannei 2
19	GND	Ground	
20	R2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-	
21	R2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+	
22	R2_4-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4-	
23	R2_4+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4+	
24	GND	Ground	



PIN#	Signal Name	Description	Note
25	R4_0-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0-	
26	R4_0+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0+	
27	R4_1-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1-	
28	R4_1+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1+	
29	R4_2-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2-	
30	R4_2+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2+	
31	GND	Ground	LVDS
32	R4_CLK-	LVDS Channel 4, Clock -	Channel 4
33	R4_CLK+	LVDS Channel 4, Clock +	Griannei 4
34	GND	Ground	
35	R4_3-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3-	
36	R4_3+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3+	
37	R4_4-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4-	
38	R4_4+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4+	
39	GND	Ground	
40	NC	No Connect (AUO Internal Use Only)	
41	NC	No Connect (AUO Internal Use Only)	
42	NC	No Connect (AUO Internal Use Only)	
43	NC	No Connect (AUO Internal Use Only)	
44	NC	No Connect (AUO Internal Use Only)	
45	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA	Default: NS
46	NC	No Connect (AUO Internal Use Only)	
47	NC	No Connect (AUO Internal Use Only)	
48	NC	No Connect (AUO Internal Use Only)	
49	NC	No Connect (AUO Internal Use Only)	
50	NC	No Connect (AUO Internal Use Only)	
51	NC	No Connect (AUO Internal Use Only)	

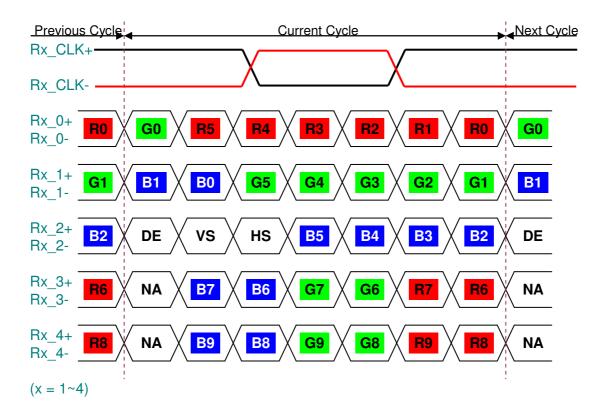
Note [1]: All GND (ground) pins should be connected together and should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.

Note [2]: All V_{CC} (power input) pins should be connected together.

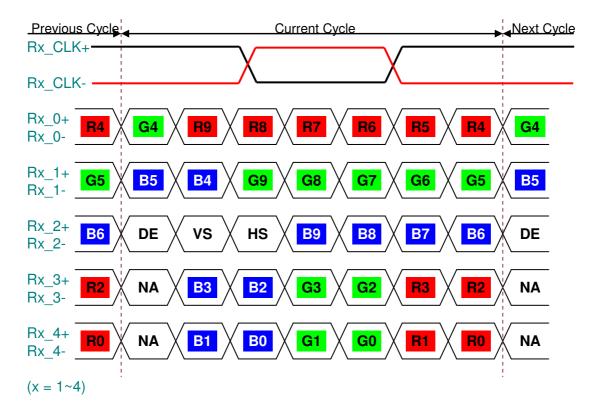
Note [3]: All NC (no connection) pins should be open without voltage input.



◆ LVDS Option = Open/High(3.3V) → NS



◆ LVDS Option = Low(GND) → JEIDA





3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

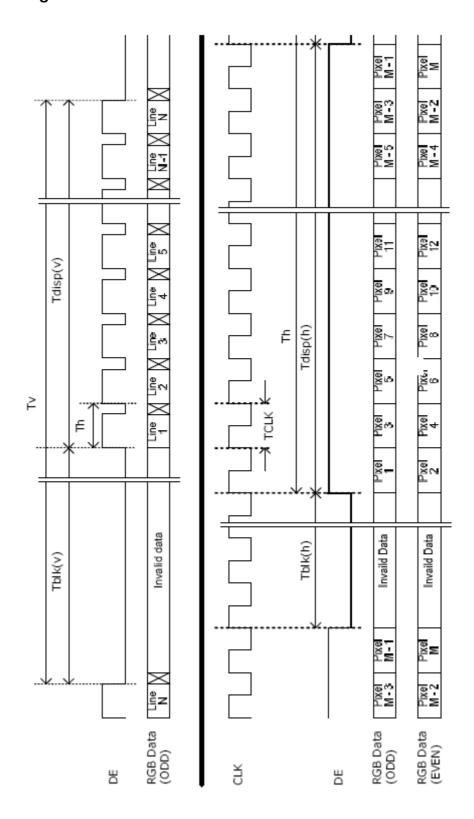
Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Vertical Frequency Range (120Hz)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	T _V	1096	1130	1160	T _H
Vertical Section	Active	T _{DISP} (V)		1080		
	Blanking	T _{BLK} (V)	16	50	80	T _H
	Period	T _H	560	570	580	T _{CLK}
Horizontal Section	Active	T _{DISP} (H)		480		
	Blanking	T _{BLK} (H)	80	90	100	T _{CLK}
Clock	Period	T _{CLK}	13.58	12.94	12.39	ns
Clock	Frequency	F _{CLK}	73.65	77.29	80.74	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	F _V	118	120	122	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	F _H	131.52	135.6	139.2	KHz



3.4 Signal Timing Waveform





3.5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green, and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

											I	npu	t Co	lor	Data	a									
	Color				RE	ΞD					GREEN						BLUE								
	Coloi	MS	В					L	SB	MSB LSB							MSB LSB								
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																		Q10000000							w
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3.6 Backlight Power Specification

♦ Electrical Specification

(Ta=25±5°C, Turn-on after 60mins)

	Item	Symbol	Specification			Unit	Note
	Rom	Cymbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	OTIL	14010
1	High Voltage (HV) Input	HV1/ HV2	TBD	TBD	TBD	V _{RMS}	
2	Input Current of ech HV	I _{HV}	TBD	TBD	TBD	mA _{RMS}	
3	High Voltage (HV) Output	V _{OUT}	TBD	TBD	TBD	V_{RMS}	
4	Output Lamp Current	I _{OUT}	8.0	8.5	9.0	mA_RMS	PWM=100%
5	Operating Frequency	F _{OP}	43	45	47	KHz	(Recommend)
6	PWM Dimming Frequency	F _{PWM}	140	180	240	Hz	(Recommend)
7	Dimming Duty Ratio	D _{PWM}	30		100	%	(Recommend)
8	Lamp Type		Straight				
9	Number of Lamps			26		pcs	

Protection Circuit (Feedback Signal):

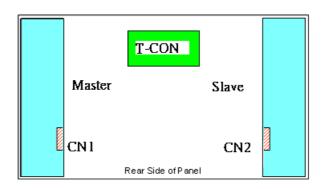
10	Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	-	TBD	-	V_{DC}	
11	Supply Current	I _{CC}		TBD		mA _{DC}	
12	Current Feedback Signal	V_{FB}		TBD		V_{RMS}	
10	Lamp Detection (OLP)	$V_{LD}(H)$	Vcc-0.5		Vcc	V_{DC}	Lamp normal status
13	13 Lamp Detection (OLP)	$V_{LD}(L)$			8.0	V_{DC}	Lamp protection status

Lamp Specification:

14	Output Working Voltage	V_{L}	TBD	TBD	TBD	V _{RMS}	I _L =6.0mA _{RMS}
15	Output Current	IL	8.0	8.5	9.0	mA_RMS	
16	Lamp Frequency	F _{LAMP}	43	45	47	KHz	
17	Starting Voltage	Vs	_	_	_	V_{RMS}	Ta=25°C(參考燈管 SPC.)



♦ Inverter Interface Connection



CN1: Civilux_CI0114M1HRL-NH

PIN#	Symbol	Description			
1	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC Regulated			
2	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC Regulated			
3	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC Regulated			
4	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC Regulated			
5	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC Regulated			
6	GND	Ground			
7	GND	Ground			
8	GND	Ground			
9	GND	Ground			
10	GND	Ground			
11	Det	Normal display: (≦0.8V), Fail: open collector			
12	VBLON	BL On-Off: High (3.3~5V) for BL On , Low/Open (GND) for off			
13	Internal PWM(VDIM)	Internal PWM Dimming High (3.3V/100% Duty) for 100% Lum; <nc; external="" pwm="" when=""></nc;>			
14	External PWM(PDIM)	External PWM Dimming (30%~100% Duty); <nc; internal="" pwm="" when=""></nc;>			

Note (1) Det is Output pin for detect power error. When backlight is normal operation, DET is GND(0V). When backlight is abnormal, DET is high(5V).

Note (2) PWM dimming function is included internal PWM and external PWM.

Internal PWM: input voltage 0 (GND) \sim 3.3V to pin 13th, and duty ratio of output voltage/current of inverter is from 30% to 100%. When use pin 13th to control backlight luminance, the pin 14th will be NC and can not be affect by noise!

External PWM: input duty ratio $30\% \sim 100\%$ to pin 14th, and duty ratio of output voltage/current of inverter is from 30% to 100%. When use pin 14th to control backlight luminance, the pin 13th will be NC and can not be affect by noise!

Pin 13th and pin 14th can not be used at the same time!



CN2: Civilux_CI0114M1HRL-NH

PIN#	Symbol	Description
1	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC Regulated
2	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC Regulated
3	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC Regulated
4	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC Regulated
5	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC Regulated
6	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground
9	GND	Ground
10	GND	Ground
11	NC	No Connect
12	NC	No Connect
13	NC	No Connect
14	NC	No Connect

Note [3]: All GND (ground) pins for all 4 connectors should be connected together and should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.

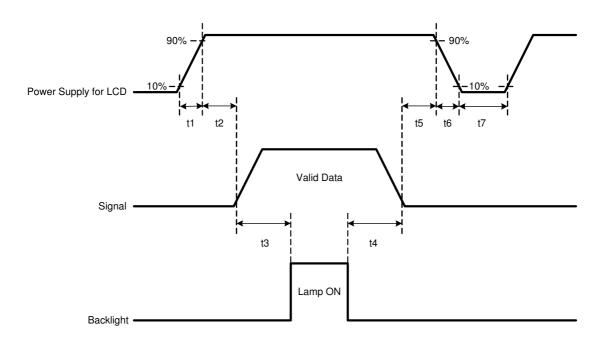
Note [4]: All V_{DDB} (power input) pins for all 4 connectors should be connected together.

Note [5]: All NC (no connection) pins should be open without voltage input.



3.7 Power Sequence

♦ Power Sequence of LCD



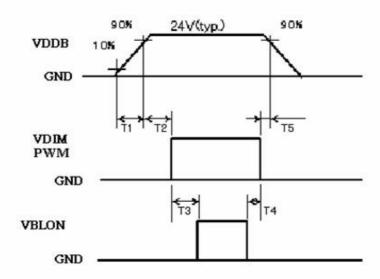
Parameter		Unit		
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oill
t1	0.4		30	ms
t2	0.1	-	50	ms
t3	300	-		ms
t4	10	1		ms
t5	0.1	-	50	ms
t6	-1	-	300	ms
t7	500			ms

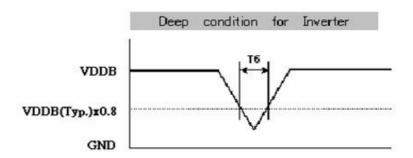
Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operating range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal.

Caution: The above on/off sequence should be applied to avoid abnormal function in the display. In case of handling, make sure to turn off the power when you plug the cable into the input connector or pull the cable out of the connector.



Power Sequence of Inverter





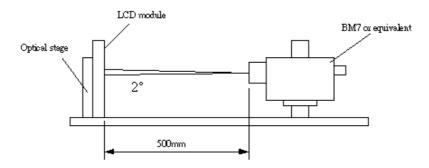
Parameter		Unit			
Farameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	
T1	20			ms	
T2	500			ms	
Т3	250			ms	
T4	0			ms	
T5	1		50	ms	
Т6			10	ms	



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 60 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of ϕ and θ equal to 0°.

Test condition:



(Ta=25±5°C, Turn-on after 60mins)

Devenuentes	0		Values		11	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	
Contrast Ratio	CR	4000	5000			[1], [2]
Surface Luminance (White)	L _{WH}	400	500		cd/m ²	[1], [3]
Luminance Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}			1.3		[4]
Response Time (Average)	T_R	-	5.5		ms	[1],[5] (Gray to Gray)
Color Coordinates						(CIE 1931)
Red	R_x		0.64			[1]
	R_y		0.33	Typ.+0.03		[1]
Green	G _x		0.29			[1]
	G_{y}	T 0.00	0.60			[1]
Blue	B_x	Тур0.03	0.15			[1]
	B_y		0.06			[1]
White	W_{x}		0.28			[1]
	W_{y}		0.29			[1]
Viewing Angle						(Contrast Ratio>10)
x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ_{r}		89		degree	[1], [6]
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θ_{l}		89		degree	[1], [6]
y axis, up(φ=90°)	$\theta_{\sf u}$		89		degree	[1], [6]
y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{\sf d}$		89		degree	[1], [6]



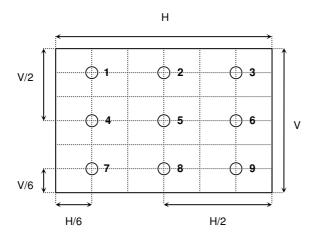
Note [1]: The values of contrast ratio, surface luminance, response time, color coordinates, and viewing angle are measured at center point of display area.

Note [2]: Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Note [3]: Surface Luminance is luminance value at center point of display area, 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white.

Note [4]: The variation in surface luminance, $\delta_{WHITE(9P)}$ is defined as:

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}(9P)} = \text{Maximum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ..., L_{on9}) / \text{Minimum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ..., L_{on9})$$

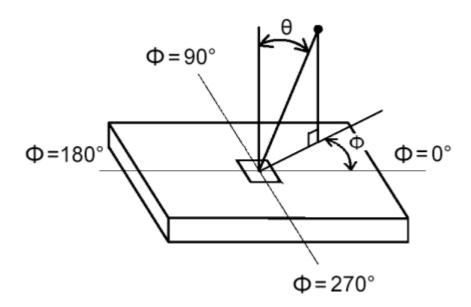


Note [5]: Response time TR is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100% brightness matrix) and is based on $F_V = 60$ Hz to optimize.

	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
0%		t:0%-25%	t:0%-50%	t:0%-75%	t:0%-100%
25%	t:25%-0%		t:25%-50%	t:25%-75%	t:25%-100%
50%	t:50%-0%	t:50%-25%		t:50%-75%	t:50%-100%
75%	t:75%-0%	t:75%-25%	t:75%-50%		t:50%-100%
100%	t:100%-0%	t:100%-25%	t:100%-50%	t:100%-75%	



Note [6]: Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal (or x-axis) and the vertical (or y-axis) with respect to the z-axis which is normal to the LCD surface.



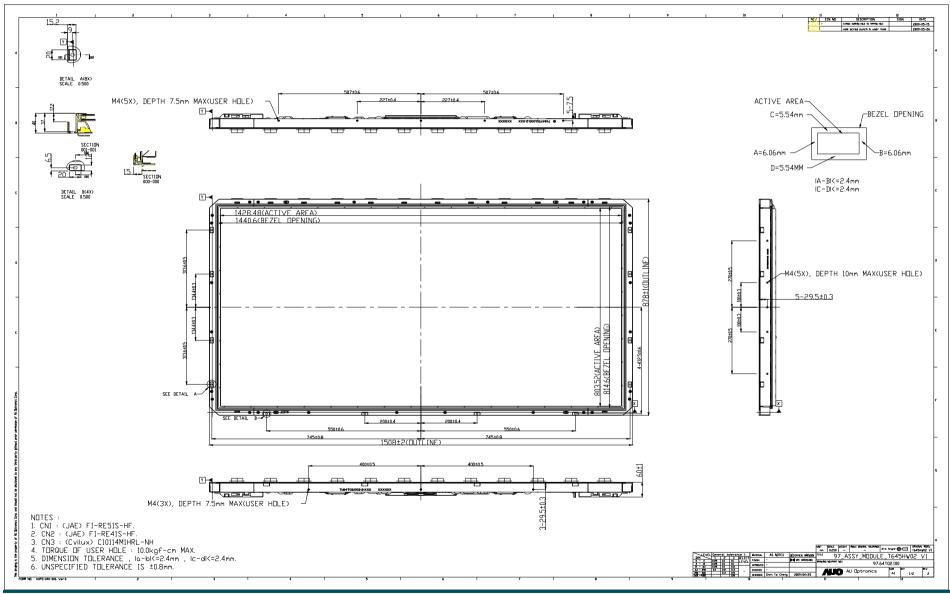
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T645HW01 V0. Detailed mechanical drawings are shown in the following pages.

	Horizontal (typ.)	1508.0 mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical (typ.)	878.0 mm		
	Depth (typ.)	60.0 mm (with inverter)		
Daniel On anima Auga	Horizontal (typ.)	1440.6 mm		
Bezel Opening Area	Vertical (typ.)	814.6 mm		
Active Diapley Area	Horizontal	1428.48 mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	803.52 mm		
Weight	33 KG (Max)			



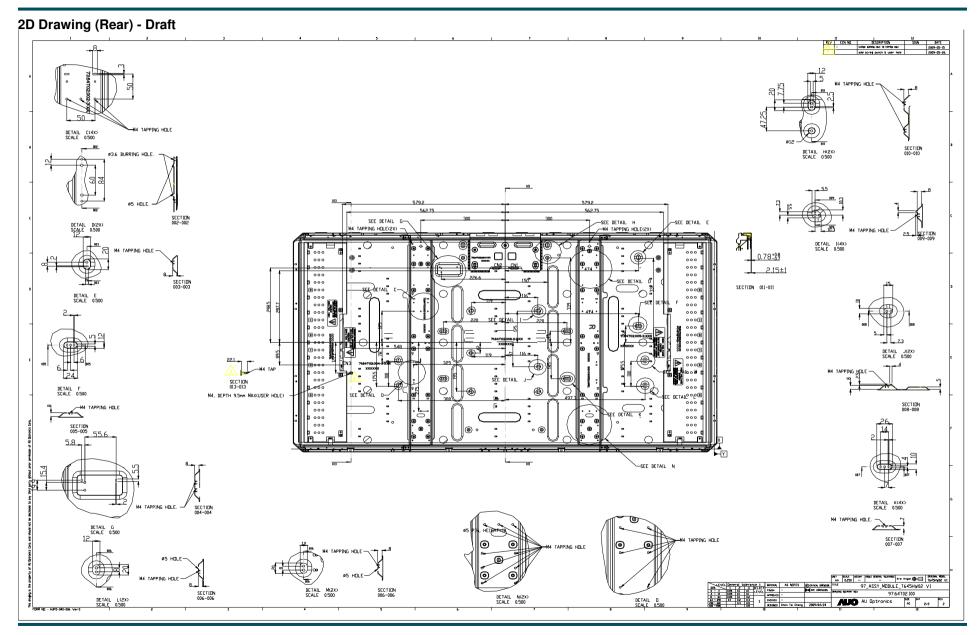
2D Drawing (Front) - Draft



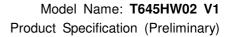
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6. Packing

- A. Panel Label
- **B.** Carton Label
- C. Packing Instruction
- D. Packing Specification

[Packing information will be updated in next specification revision.]



7. Reliability Test

No	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High Temperature Storage	3 pcs	Ta = 60 °C, 300Hr Judge
2	Low Temperature Storage	3 pcs	Ta = -20 °C, 300Hr Judge
3	High Temperature Operation	3 pcs	Ta = 50 °C, 300Hr Judge
4	Low Temperature Operation	3 pcs	Ta = -5℃, 300Hr Judge
			Waveform: random
5	Vibration Test [Note]	2 200	Vibration Level: 1.5G RMS
5	(non-operating)	3 pcs	Bandwidth:10-300Hz
			Duration: 30min in each X, Y, Z direction
	Charle Tart [Nata]		Shock Level: 30G
6	Shock Test [Note]	3 pcs	Waveform: sine wave, 11ms
	(non-operating)		Direction: $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ one time each direction
			Waveform: random
7	Vibration Test	4 hay	Vibration Level: 0.83G RMS
/	(with carton)	1 box	Bandwidth:10-200Hz
			Duration: 30min in each X, Y, Z direction
	Drop Toot		Height: 31cm
8	Drop Test	1 box	1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces
	(with carton)		(ASTMD5276

Note. Need to confirm the test criteria for ultra size panel with customer.



8. International Standard

8.1 Safety

- UL1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan 28, 1995
 Standard for safety of information technology equipment including electrical business equipment
- (2) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association
 Standard for safety of information technology equipment including electrical business equipment
- (3) EN60950: 1992+A2: 1993+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997

 IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4:1996

 European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC)

 European Standard for safety of information technology equipment including electrical business equipment

8.2 EMC

- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9.1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged on back or edge side of panel.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.
- (10) Due to heavy weight, please do not handle the panel by human without proper tooling for safety consideration.

9.2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in this product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application.
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV (over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.

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(6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.



(7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9.3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9.4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9.5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5 °C and 35 °C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9.6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of flue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.