

Document Version: 1.5

Date: 2006/2/28

Product Specifications

31.5" WXGA Color TFT-LCD Module Model Name: T315XW01 V9

() Preliminary Specifications (*) Final Specifications



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Record of Revision

Version	Date	No	Old Description	New Description	Remark
0.1	2005/8/2	All		All	First Issued
1.0	2005/10/12	6	Electrical Characteristics: TBD	Electrical Characteristics:	Updated
		9	Inverter specs : TBD	Inverter specs:	Updated
		18,19		Front and rear drawing	Add
		20	Shock: 50G/11ms	Shock: 100G/2ms	Updated
1.1	2005/10/17	16	Response time: max 20ms	Response time: max	Updated
1.2	2005/11/30	14	t3 min : 800ms	t3 min: 700 or (200)*1 ms	Updated
1.3	2005/12/2	14	t2 min:50ms, max:100ms	t2 min:20ms, max:50ms	Updated
		15	Inverter timing	Inverter timing	Updated
1.4	2005/12/23	16	Luminance Variation 9pnt < 1.4	Luminance Variation 5pnt < 1.3	Updated
1.5	2006/2/28	11	Timing Table	Add recommend maximum rating	Updated



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 31.51 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T315XW01 V9. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1366x768 pixels, and diagonal size of 31.51 inch. This module supports 1366x768 XGA-WIDE mode (Non-interlace). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T315XW01 V9 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	31.51 inches		
Display Area	Area 697.68 (H) x 392.26(V)		
Outline Dimension	760.0(H) x 450.0(V) x 47(D)	mm	With inverter
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1366 x 768	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.51075	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	AG, 3H		



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

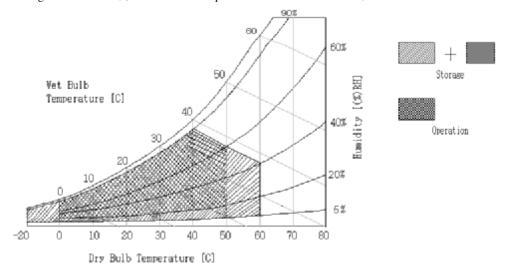
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause permanent damage to the unit.

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14.0	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	3.6	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Input Voltage	VDDB	-0.3	27	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	VBLON	-0.3	5.0	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	НОР	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2

Note 1 : Duration = 50msec

Note 2: Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39°C and No condensation.

Note 3 :The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C , the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C .





3. Electrical Specification

The T315XW01 V9 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the BLU, is to power inverter..

3-1 Electrical Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Values		Unit	Notes
			Min	Тур	Max		
LCD:							
Power S	Supply Input Voltage	Vcc	10.8	12	13.2	Vdc	
Power S	Supply Input Current	Icc	-	0.42	0.5	A	1
Power (Consumption	Pc	-	5.0	6.6	Watt	1
Inrush (Current	I_{RUSH}	-	-	2.0	Apeak	2
LVDS	Differential Input High	VTH			+100	mV	
Interface	Threshold Voltage						3
	Differential Input Low	VTL	-100			mV	
	Threshold Voltage						3
	Common Input Voltage	VICM	1.10	1.25	1.40	V	
CMOS	Input High Threshold	VIH	2.4		3.3	Vdc	
Interface	Voltage	(High)					
	Input Low Threshold	VIL	0		0.7	Vdc	
	Voltage	(Low)					
Backlight	Power	Pbl	79.8	84	88.2	Watt	
Consumpt	ion						
Life Time			60,000			Hours	4

Note:

- 1. Vcc=12.0V, $f_v = 60$ Hz, fCLK=81.5Mhz, 25°C, Test pattern: white pattern.
- 2. Duration =470 μ s
- 3. VICM = 1.2V
- 4. The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC Inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the



- lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.
- 5. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- **6.** The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.

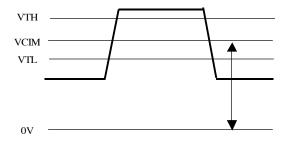


Figure: LVDS Differential Voltage



3-2 Interface Connections

LCD Panel Driving Signal Connector Type and Pin Assignment are as follows:

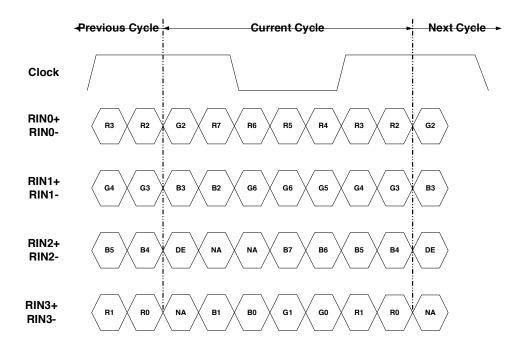
Connector on Panel: FI-X30SSL-HF (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent

Mating connector: FI-30C2L (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent

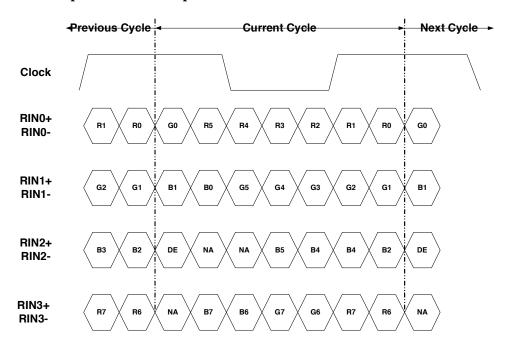
Pin No	Symbol	Description	Default
1	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
2	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
3	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
4	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
5	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
6	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
7	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
8	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
9	LVDS Option	Low/Open for Normal (NS), High for JEIDA	NS mode
10	Reserved	Open or High	AUO internal test
11	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
12	RXIN0-	LVDS Channel 0 negative	
13	RXIN0+	LVDS Channel 0 positive	
14	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
15	RXIN1-	LVDS Channel 1 negative	
16	RXIN1+	LVDS Channel 1 positive	
17	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
18	RXIN2-	LVDS Channel 2 negative	
19	RXIN2+	LVDS Channel 2 positive	
20	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
21	RXCLKIN-	LVDS Clock negative	
22	RXCLKIN+	LVDS Clock positive	
23	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
24	RXIN3-	LVDS Channel 3 negative	
25	RXIN3+	LVDS Channel 3 positive	
26	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
27	Reserved	Open or High	AUO internal test
28	Reserved	Open or High	AUO internal test
29	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
30	GND	Ground and Signal Return	



LVDS Option = High



LVDS Option = Low or Open





BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION -

1 · Electrical specification

Item	Symb	.a1	Condition		Spec		Unit	Note
item	Syllio	01	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Ollit	Note
Input Voltage	VDD	В		22.8	24.0	26.4	VDC	
Input Current	IDD	В	VDDB=24V	3.3	3.5	3.7	ADC	1
Input Power	PDD	В	VDDB=24V	79.8	84	88	W	1
Inrush Current	IRUS	Н	VDDB=24V			(6.0)	ADC	2
Output Frequency	FBI	,	VDDB=24V	64.0	66.0	68.0	KHz	
On/Off Control Voltage	VBLON	ON	VDDB=24V	2.0		3.3	VDC	
Oll/Oll Collifor Voltage	VBLON	OFF	VDDB=24V	0.0		0.8	VDC	
On/Off Control Current	I_VBL	ON	VDDB=24V	0.0		1.5	mADC	
Dimming Control Voltage	VDIM	MAX	VDDB=24V		3		VDC	
Diffilling Control Voltage	V DIIVI	MIN	VDDB=24V		0.0		VDC	
Dimming Control Current	I_VDIM	MIN	VDDB=24V			1.5	mADC	
External PWM Control Voltage	PDIM	MAX		2.0		3.3	VDC	
External I wiw Control voltage	1 DIM	MIN		0.0		0.8	VDC	
External PWM Control Current	I_PDI	M				1.5	mADC	
External PWM Duty Ratio	D_PD	D_PDIM		20		100	%	
External PWM Frequency	F_PD	IM		120	180.0	300	Hz	

Note 1 : VDIM/Open = 1.6V; PDIM = Open/High;

(Ta=25 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C , Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2 : Duration = 20 ms;

2 · Input specification

CN1: JST JST PHR-14

Pin No	Symbol	Description
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	VDIM	GND: 80%; Open/1.6V: 100%; High (3.3V) 120%, Luminance
12	VBLON	BL On-Off: Open/High (3.3V) for BL On as default
13	PDIM	External PWM/Analog Dimming Control input;
13	1.511/1	Open/High (3.3V, 100% Duty) for 100%
14	PDIM	GND: External PWM dimming in Pin13;
17	Selection	Open/High: Analog dimming in Pin13.



3-3 Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

			I	Tunction o	k	Recommend	for Waterfall			
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min	Type	Max	50Hz	60Hz	Unit		
	Period	Tv	784	_	1015	789~822	789~822	Th		
Vertical	Active	Tdisp (v)		768		76	58	Th		
Section	Blanking	Tblk (v)	16	_	247	21~54	21~54	Th		
	Period	Th	1414	_	2000	1414~1722	1414~1722	Telk		
Horizontal	Active	Tdisp (h)		1366		13	1366			
Section	Blanking	Tblk (h)	48	_	634	48~356	48~356	Telk		
Clock	Period	CLK		_			18.18	ns		
Clock	Frequency	Freq	55	_	88	55~88	55~88	MHz		
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Vs	44		66	48~52	58~62	Hz		
Horizntal Frequency	Frequency	Hs	39.45		53	39.45~41.1	47.34~49.32	KHz		

1.) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

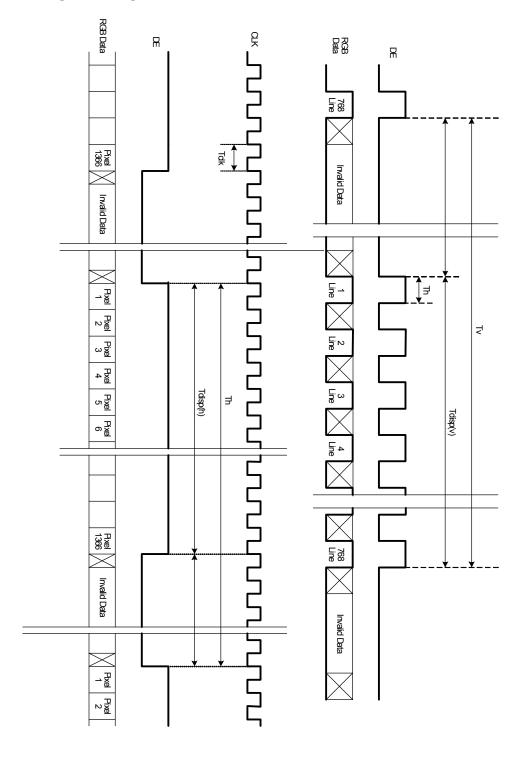
Horizontal display position is specified by the falling edge of 1st DCLK right after the rise of ENAB, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise the of ENAB is displayed at the top line of screen.

- 3.) If a period of DEB "High" is less than 1366 DCLK or less than 768 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- 4.) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3-4 Signal Timing Waveforms





3-5 Color Input Data Reference

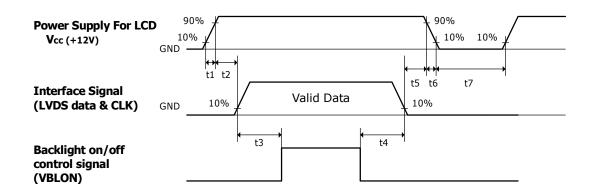
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

												Inpu	ıt Co	olor l	Data	ı									
Color					RI	ED					GREEN						BLUE								
		MS	В					I	LSB	MS	В					Ι	LSB	MS	В					I	LSB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	В5	B4	В3	B2	В1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3-6 Power Sequence



Parameter			Units	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
t1	470	-	1000	us
t2	20	-	50	ms
t3	700 or (200)*1	-	-	ms
t4	200	-	-	ms
t5	50	-	-	ms
t6	0.47	-	30	ms
t7	1	-	-	S

^{*1:} If t3=200ms, input black signal till 700ms from system is necessary.

In case of t3<200ms, the abnormal display will be happened. But it will not damage timing controller.

Note:

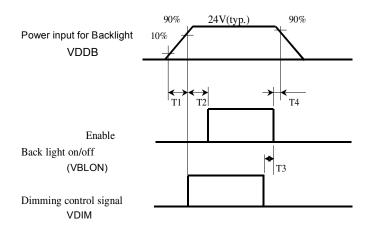
The timing controller will not be damaged in case of TV set AC input power suddenly shut down.

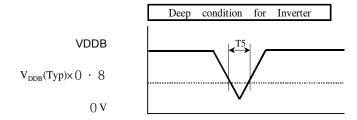
Once power reset, it should follow power sequence as spec. definition.

(1) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the back-light turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the back-light turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.



Power Sequence for Inverter





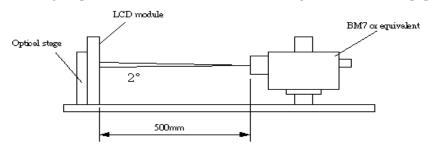
Parameter		Units		
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	500	-	-	ms
Т3	0	-	-	ms
T4	1	-	-	ms
T5	-	-	10	ms



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25° C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0° .

Fig.1 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Parameter		Symbol		Values			Notes
			Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Contrast Ratio		CR	650	800			1
Surface Luminance, white		LWH	400	500		cd/m²	2
Luminance Variation		δ _{white} 5	р		1.30		3
Response	Rise Time	Tr_{R}		8		ms	4
Time	Decay Time	${ m Tr}_{ m D}$		8		ms	Gray to Gray
Color Coo	rdinates						
	RED	R_X		0.640			
		R_{Y}		0.330			
	GREEN	G_X		0.270			
		G_{Y}	T 0.02	0.600	T 0.02		
	BLUE	B_X	Typ0.03	0.150	Typ.+0.03		
		B_{Y}		0.060			
	WHITE	W_{X}		0.280			
		W_{Y}		0.290	=		
Viewing A	ngle						
x axis, right($\varphi = 0^{\circ}$)		$ heta_{ m r}$		85		Degree	5
x axis, left($\varphi = 180^{\circ}$)		θ_1		85			
y axis, up(φ =90°)		$ heta_{ m u}$		85			
y axis, down ($\varphi = 0^{\circ}$)		$ heta_{ m d}$		85			



Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 1 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When VDDB = 24V, IDDB = 5A. L_{WH} =Lon1 Where Lon1 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 1 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δ WHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

$$\delta_{\text{ WHITE(5P)}}\!\!=\!\text{Maximum}(L_{on1},L_{on1},L_{on3},L_{on4},\!L_{on5})\!/\text{ Minimum}(L_{on1},L_{on2},L_{on3},L_{on4},\!L_{on5})$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transfer between any two gray level(Average) For additional information see FIG3. (Ton:15ms typ. Toff:5ms typ.)
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

FIG. 2 Luminance

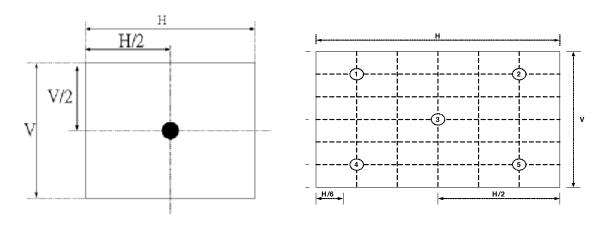




FIG.3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of gray(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".

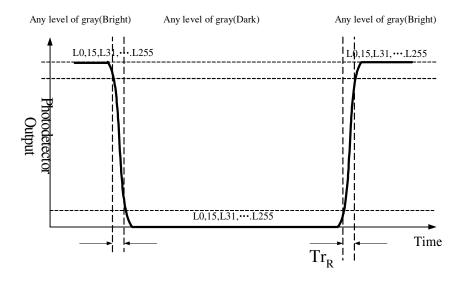
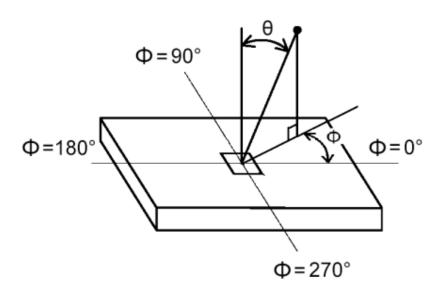


FIG.4 Viewing angle





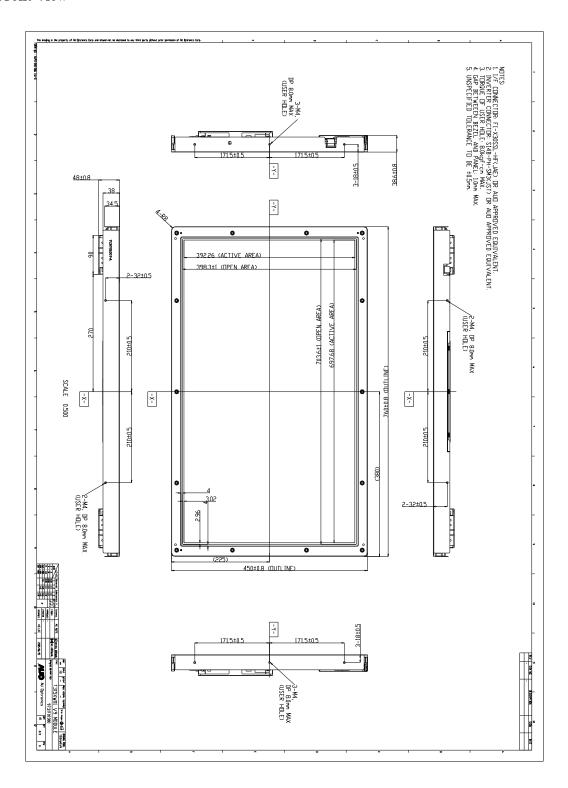
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T315XW01 V9. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	760.0mm	
Outline Dimension	Vertical	450.0mm	
	Depth	45mm	
Bezel Opening	Horizontal	703.6mm	
	Vertical	398.3mm	
Active Display Area	Horizontal	697.68mm	
	Vertical	392.26mm	
Weight	7200g Typ.		
Surface Treatment	AG, 3H		

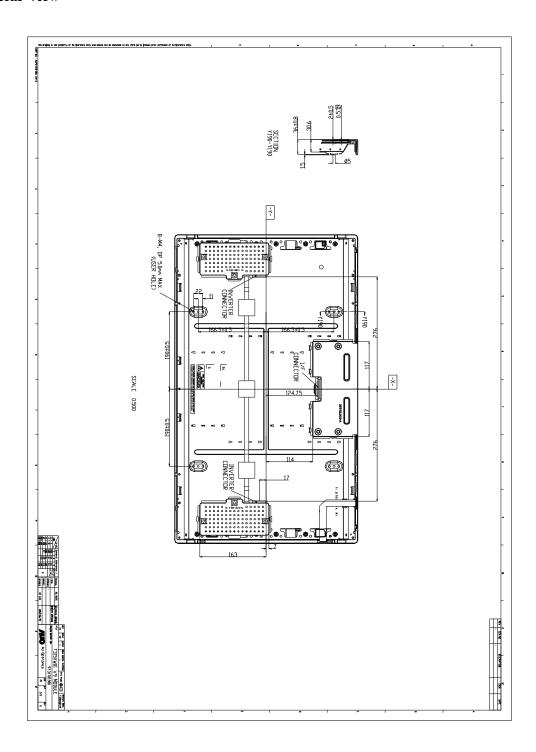


Front View





Rear View





6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No	Test Item	Condition	
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60°C 240h	
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-20°C 240h	
3	High temperature operation test	Ta=50°C 80%RH 240h	
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta=0°C 240h	
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.0G RMS Bandwidth: 10-500Hz Duration: X, Y, Z 20min One time each direction	
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level: 100G Waveform: half since wave, 2ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z One time each direction	
7	Vibration test (with carton)	Random Vibration: 10~200 Hz,1.5G,30 minutes in each X,Y,Z direction	
8	Drop test (with carton)	Height: 53.3cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (ASTMD4169-I)	



7. International Standard

7-1. Safety

(1) UL1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.

(2) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95/60950 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

(3) EN60950: 1992+A2: 1993+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997

IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4:1996

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



8. Packing

Label: 83mm * 23mm



Carton Label: 80mm * 40mm

AU Optronics QTY: 3

MODEL NO: T315XW01 VX PART NO: 9731T01.XXX

CUSTOMER NO:

CARTON NO:

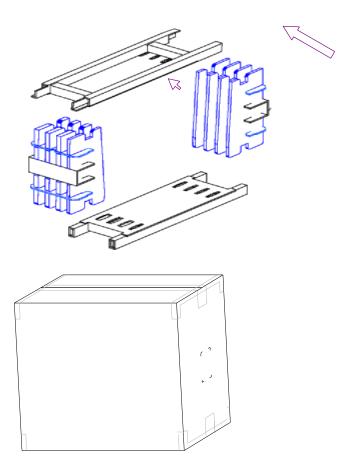
Made in Taiwan



Carton:

3pcs Modules





947(L)mm * 290(W)mm * 595(H)mm



9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.



9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5° C and 35° C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of flue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.