

Product Description: T315XW02 TFT-LCD PANEL with RoHS guarantee									
AUO Model Name: T315XW02 VD									
Customer Part No/Project N	Customer Part No/Project Name:								
Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date						



Document Version: 0.2

Date: 2007/01/17

Product Specifications

31.5" WXGA Color TFT-LCD Module Model Name: T315XW02 VD

() Preliminary Specifications (*) Final Specifications



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Record of Revision

Version	Version Date No Old Description		Old Description	New Description	Remark		
0	2006/09/11		First issue				
0.1	2006/11/23	1	General Description	Add RoHS description			
			General Information	Add Haze value of surface treatment			
		3-1	Electrical Characteristic: Inrush current: TBD	Electrical Characteristic: Inrush current: 6A	Update		
			Backlight Power Consumption (PDDB):	Backlight Power Consumption (PDDB):	Update		
			64W (Min), 74W (typ), 92W (Max)	69.2W (Min), 80.4W (typ), 96W (Max)			
		3-2	LCDS connections	Modify LVDS data mapping	Update		
			Inverter input specification: Pin 12	Inverter input specification: Pin 12	Update		
			VBLON High: on	VBLON High/Open: on			
			Backlight connector pin configuration:	Backlight connector pin configuration:	Update		
			External PWM duty ratio: 30 (Min)	External PWM duty ratio: 20 (Min)			
		3-6-1	Power Sequence for LCD T3: 500or(200)*1	Power Sequence for LCD T3: 200 (ms)	Update		
		4	Response time (TrR+TrD):20/8	Response time (TrR+TrD):17/7 and Note 4 and 5	Update		
		8	Packing: Panel label	Packing: Modify the description and add China infor	Update		
				mation			
0.2	2007/01/18	3	Electrical Specification: Input current	Electrical Specification: Input current	Update		
			3.1A (Typ.) 3.8A (Max)	3.35A (Typ.) 4.1A (Max)			
			Backlight Power Consumption (PDDB):	Backlight Power Consumption (PDDB):			
			69.2W (Min), 80.4W (typ), 96W (Max)	67.2W (Min), 80.4W (typ), 96W (Max)			
		4	Response time definition (Step=32 level)	Response time definition (5 luminance ratio matrix)	Update		
		6	Vibration test (non-operating)	Vibration test (non-operating)	Update		
			Bandwidth: 10-500Hz	Bandwidth: 10-300Hz			
			Reliability: Drop test, height= 53.5mm	Reliability: Drop test, height= 46mm	Update		



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 31.51 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T315XW02 VD. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1366x768 pixels, and diagonal size of 31.51 inch. This module supports 1366x768 XGA-WIDE mode (Non-interlace). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T315XW02 VD has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

The T315XW02 VD model is RoHS verified, which can be distinguished on panel label.

* General Information

Items	Specification		Note
Active Screen Size	31.51 inches		
Display Area	697.685 (H) x 392.256(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	760.0(H) x 450.0(V) x 45(D)	mm	With inverter
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1366 x 768	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.51075	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	AG, 3H		Haze = 40



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

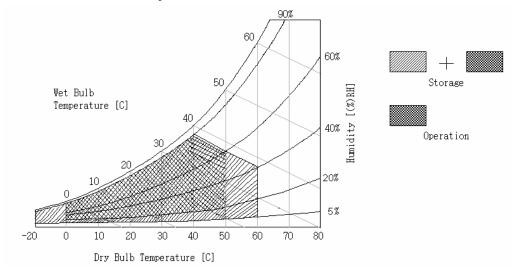
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause permanent damage to the unit.

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	3.6	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Input Voltage	VDDB	-0.3	28	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	Vdim	-0.3	7.0	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	НОР	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2: Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39°C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C , the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C .





3. Electrical Specification

The T315XW02 VD requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the BLU, is to power inverter..

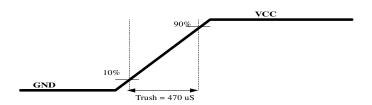
3-1 Electrical Characteristics

	Parameter			Va	lues	Unit	Notes	
			Min	Тур	Max			
LCD:								
Power S	Supply Input Voltage	Vcc	10.8	12	13.2	Vdc	1	
Power S	Supply Input Current	Icc	-	0.55	0.65	A	2	
Power (Consumption	Pc	-	6.6	7.5	Watt	2	
Inrush (Current	I_{RUSH}	-	-	6	Apeak	3	
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold	VTH			+100	mV	4	
Interface	Voltage							
	Differential Input Low Threshold	VTL	-100			mV	4	
	Voltage							
	Common Input Voltage	VCIM	1.10	1.25	1.40	V	4	
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	VIH	2.4		3.3	Vdc		
Interface		(High)						
	Input Low Threshold Voltage	VIL	0		0.7	Vdc		
		(Low)						
Backlight	Power Consumption	PDDB	67.2	80.4	98.4	Watt	8	
Life Time	W/O Boost Function		60,000			Hours	9	
	With Static Boost Function		20,000			Hours		

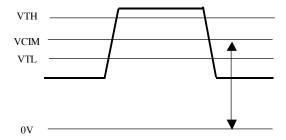
Note:

- 1. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{CC}
- 2. Vcc=12.0V, $f_v = 60$ Hz, fCLK=81.5Mhz , 25°C , Test Pattern : White Pattern
- **3.** Measurement condition :





4. VCIM = 1.2V



- 5. The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC Inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.
- **6.** Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- 7. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.
- **8.** The measured data is without boost function
- **9.** W/O boost function Lifetime is defined and judged for lamp when analog and PWM dimming are maximum values. With boost function Lifetime is defined and judged for lamp when boost function is high (3.3V).



3-2 Interface Connections

- Connector on Panel: FI-X30SSL-HF (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent
- Mating connector: FI-30C2L (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent

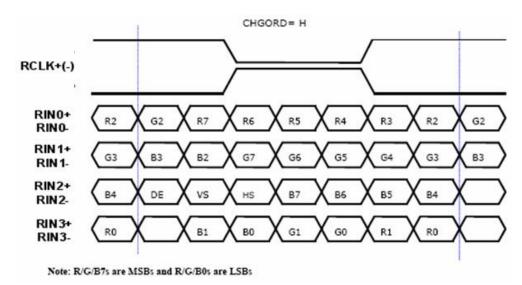
Pin No	Symbol	Description	Default
1	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
2	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
3	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
4	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
5	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
6	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
7	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
8	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
9	LVDS Option	Low/Open for Normal (NS), High for JEIDA	NS mode
10	Reserved	Open or High	AUO internal test
11	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
12	RIN0-	LVDS Channel 0 negative	
13	RIN0+	LVDS Channel 0 positive	
14	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
15	RIN1-	LVDS Channel 1 negative	
16	RIN1+	LVDS Channel 1 positive	
17	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
18	RIN2-	LVDS Channel 2 negative	
19	RIN2+	LVDS Channel 2 positive	
20	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
21	RCLK-	LVDS Clock negative	
22	RCLK+	LVDS Clock positive	
23	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
24	RIN3-	LVDS Channel 3 negative	
25	RIN3+	LVDS Channel 3 positive	
26	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
27	Reserved	Open or High	AUO internal test
28	Reserved	Open or High	AUO internal test
29	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
30	GND	Ground and Signal Return	

Note:

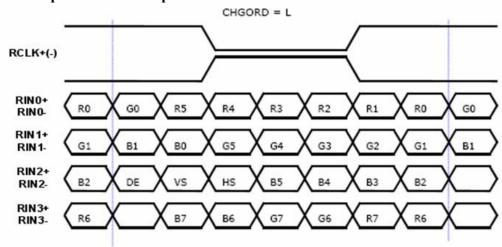
- 1. All GND (ground) pins should be connected together and should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame. All Vcc (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 2. For Pin 10, 27 and 28, panel will not damage if negligently connect these pins to high or low



LVDS Option = High



LVDS Option = Low or Open





BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION -

1. Electrical specification

Item	C		Condition		Spec		Unit	Note
Item	Symb.		Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Onit	Note
Input Voltage	VDDB			21.6	24.0	26.4	VDC	
Input Current	IDDB		VDDB=24V	2.80	3.35	4.10	ADC	1
Input Power	PDDB		VDDB=24V	67.2	80.4	98.4	W	1
Inrush Current	IRUSH		VDDB=24V			6.0	ADC	1,2
0.10000 . 111.1	VDI ON	ON	VDDB=24V	2.0		5.0	VDC	
On/Off Control Voltage	VBLON	OFF VDDB=2		0.0		0.8	VDC	
On/Off Control Current	IBLON		VDDB=24V	0.0		1.5	mADC	
Dimming Control Voltage	VDIM	MAX	VDDB=24V		3.3		VDC	
Diffilling Control Voltage	VDIM	MIN	VDDB=24V		0.0		VDC	
PWM Function	V PWM	MAX		2.0		5.0	VDC	
P W M Function	V_P W M	MIN		0.0		0.8	VDC	
External PWM Control Current	I_EPWM	I_EPWM				1.5	mADC	
External PWM Duty Ratio	D_EPW N	D_EPWM		20		100	%	
External PWM Frequency	F_EPWN	Л		120	180	300	Hz	

Note1: VDIM= 3.3V (MAX) (Ta=25 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C , Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2 : Measurement condition Rising time = 20 ms (VDDB : $10\%\sim90\%$);

2. Input specification CN1: JST PHR-14 or equivalent

No	Symbol	Description
1	 	*
1	VDDB (Main Power)	DC input 24.0 VDC
2	VDDB (Main Power)	DC input 24.0 VDC
3	VDDB (Main Power)	DC input 24.0 VDC
4	VDDB (Main Power)	DC input 24.0 VDC
5	VDDB (Main Power)	DC input 24.0 VDC
6	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground
9	GND	Ground
10	GND	Ground
11	Boost Function	GND (0V) 80% / OPEN (1.6V) 100% / High (3.3V) 120%, Luminance
12	VBLON (Enable Pin)	On/Off control Signal; High/Open: On; Low: Off
13	VDIM/PDIM (LCD	VDIM: Internal PWM Dimming control signal input (DC 0~3.3V)
	Bright)	PDIM: External PWM Dimming control signal input (AC 0~3.3V, Duty: 20%~100%)
		(3.3V: Maximum brightness, 0V min brightness)
14	VDIM/PDIM Selection	VDIM: High/Open
		PDIM: GND



3-3 Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

* Timing Table

DE only Mode

Vertical Frequency:

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Vertical	Period	Τv	789	806	1000	Th	
Section	Active	Tdisp(v)		768		Th	
Section	Blanking	Tblk(v)	21	38	232	Th	
Horizontal	Period	Th	1414	1560	1900	Tclk	
Section	Active	Tdisp(h)		1366		Tclk	
Section	Blanking	Tblk(h)	48	194	534	Tclk	
LVDS Clock	Frequency	Fclk (1/Tclk)	60	80	85	MHz	
Vertical Frequency	Frequency		47	60	63	Hz	
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	43	48	53	kHz	

Notes:

1.) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

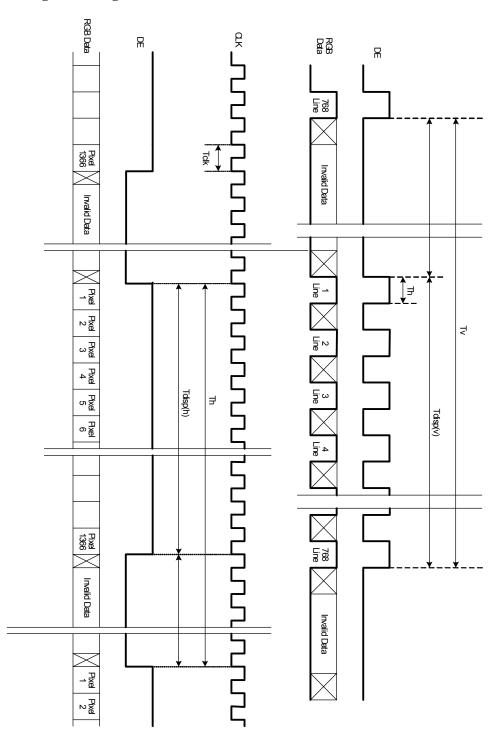
Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise the of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.

- 3.) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1366 DCLK or less than 768 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- 4.) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3-4 Signal Timing Waveforms





3-5 Color Input Data Reference

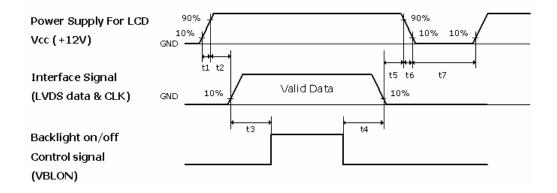
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

		Input Color Data																							
Color	Color			RED							GRI	EEN				BLUE									
		MS	В					I	SB	MS	В					I	SB	MS	В					I	LSB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	В5	В4	В3	В2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3.6.1 Power Sequence for LCD



Parameter		Units		
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
t1	0.4	-	20	ms
t2	0.5	-	50	ms
t3	200	-	-	ms
t4	10	-	-	ms
t5	0.5	-	50	ms
t6		-	300	ms
t7	1	-	-	S

Note:

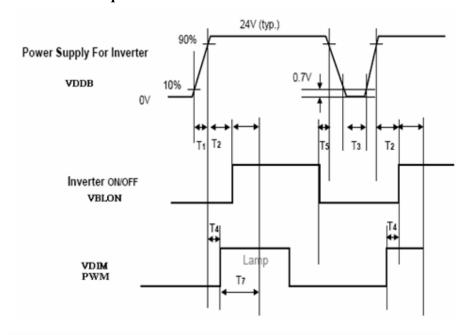
The timing controller will not be damaged in case of TV set AC input power suddenly shut down.

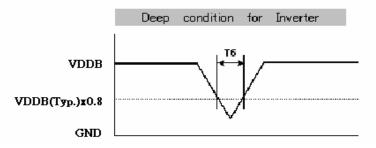
Once power reset, it should follow power sequence as spec. definition.

(1) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the back-light turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the back-light turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.



3.6.2 Power Sequence for Inverter





Parameter	Values			Units
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	500	-	-	ms
Т3	200	-	-	ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	10	-	-	ms
T6	-	-	10	ms
T7	1000	-		ms

Note:

In case of t3=200ms, uniformity and optical performance are not guaranteed. But it will not damage power supplier and inverter.

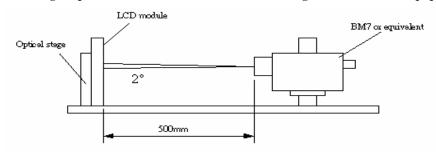
In case of t7=1000ms, inverter operation is guaranteed. But brightness control depends on lamp response time.



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25° C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0° .

Fig.1 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Parameter		Symbol Mi			Values		Units	Notes
				Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Contrast Ratio		CR		1200	1500			1
Surface Luminance, white		LWH		400	500		cd/m²	2
Luminance Variation		$\delta_{ ext{white}}$	9 p			1.30		3
Response	Ton / Toff	Ton & To	off		16/7	17/8	ms	4
time	Gray to Gray	Тγ			6.5	8	ms	5
Color Gamut		NTSC	;		72		%	
Color Coo	rdinates							
	RED	R_X			0.64			
		R_{Y}			0.33			
	GREEN	G_X			0.29			
		G_{Y}	,	E 0.02	0.60	T 0.02		
	BLUE	B_X		Гур0.03	0.15	Typ.+0.03		
		B_{Y}			0.06			
WHITE		W_{X}			0.28			
		\mathbf{W}_{Y}			0.29			
Viewing A	ngle							
x axis, right(φ=0°)		θ_{r}			89		Degree	6
x axis, left(φ=180°)		θ_{l}			89			
y axis, up(φ=90°)		θ_{u}			89			
y axis, down (φ=0°)		$\theta_{ m d}$			89			



Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 1 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When VDDB = 24V, IDDB = 5A. L_{WH} =Lon1 Where Lon1 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 1 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

$$\delta_{WHITE(9P)} = Maximum(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, \dots, L_{on9}) / Minimum(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, \dots L_{on9})$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from black to white (Ton) and from white to black (Toff). For additional information see FIG3.
- 5. Response time T γ is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on f_v =60Hz to optimize.

	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
0%		t:0%-25%	t:0%-50%	t:0%-75%	t:0%-100%
25%	t:25%-0%		t:25%-50%	t:25%-75%	t:25%-100%
50%	t:50%-0%	t:50%-25%		t:50%-75%	t:50%-100%
75%	t:75%-0%	t:75%-25%	t:75%-50%		t:50%-100%
100%	t:100%-0%	t:100%-25%	t:100%-50%	t:100%-75%	

6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

FIG. 2 Luminance

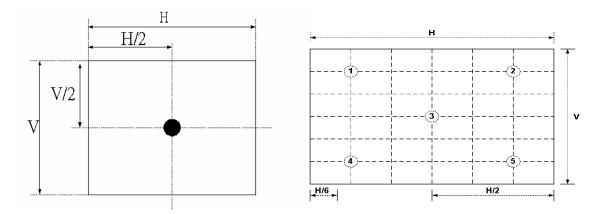




FIG.3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of gray(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".

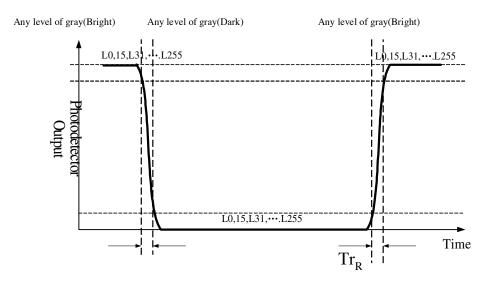
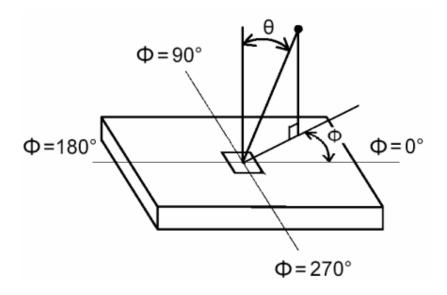


FIG.4 Viewing angle





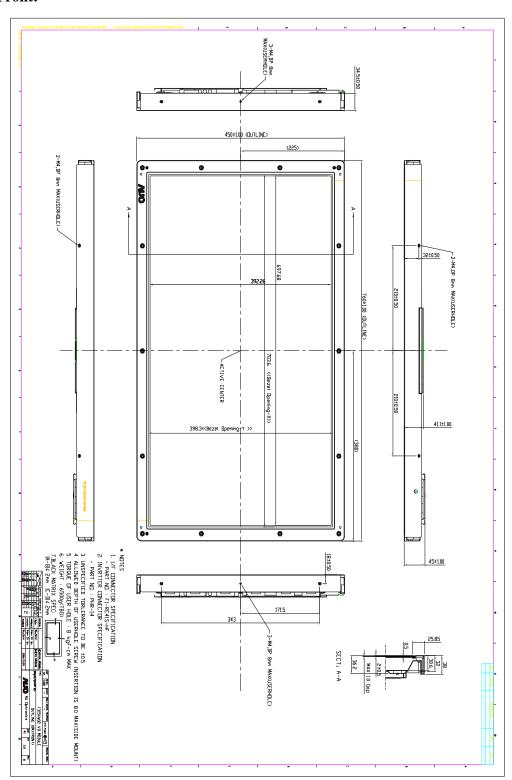
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T315XW02 VD. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	760.0mm	
Outline Dimension	Vertical	450.0mm	
	Depth	45mm	
Bezel Opening	Horizontal	703.6mm	
	Vertical	398.3mm	
Active Display Area	Horizontal	697.68mm	
	Vertical	392.26mm	
Weight	6500g Typ.		
Surface Treatment	AG	, 3Н	

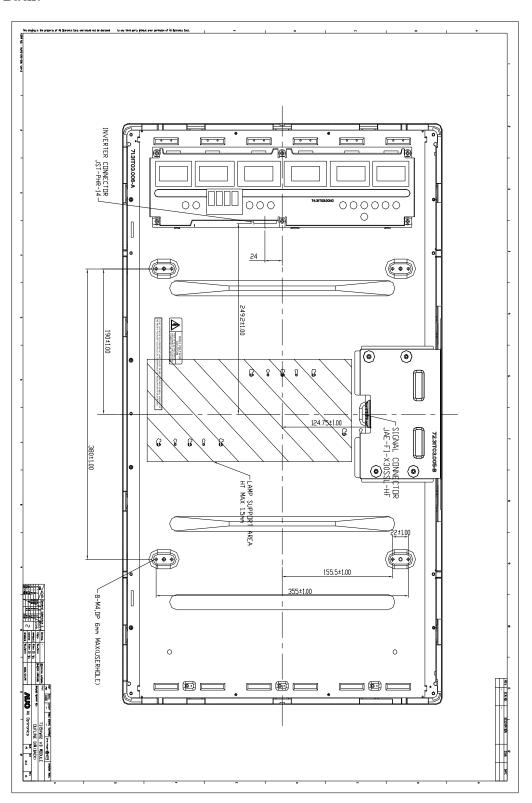


Front:





Back:





6. Reliability:

Environment test condition

No	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60°C 300h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-20°C 300h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta=50°C 80%RH 300h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta=0°C 300h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.0G RMS Bandwidth: 10-300Hz Duration: X, Y, Z 20min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level: 50G Waveform: half since wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z One time each direction
7	Vibration test (with carton)	Random Vibration: 10~200Hz,1.5G,30minutes in each X,Y,Z direction
8	Drop test (with carton)	Height: 46cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (ASTMD4169-I)



7. International Standard

7-1. Safety

(1) UL1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.

(2) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95/60950 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

(3) EN60950: 1992+A2: 1993+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997

IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4:1996

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



8. Packing

Panel label:



TW6562700014-ZMA00

Manufactured XX/XX
Model No: T315XW02 V.X
AU Optronics XXXXX
MADE IN XXXXXX (XX)





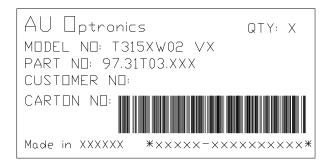
TW6562700014

TW65627: T: Taiwan, M: China 00014: Panel Serial Number ZMA: AUO internal code

Manufactured 06/23: 2006 week 23

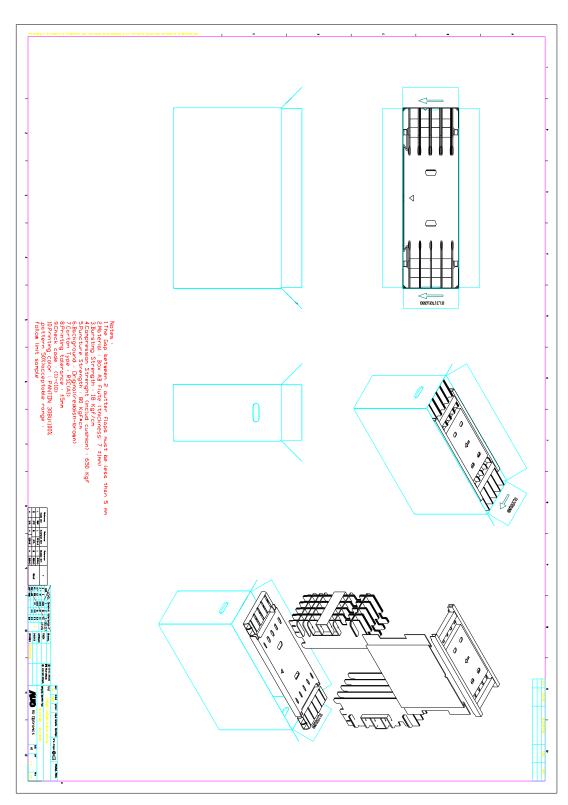
Made In Taiwan: Taiwan made

Carton Label:





Carton:





9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer...)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.



9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of flue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

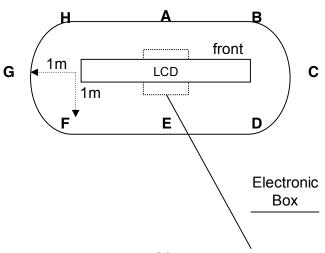
Appendix

1. Acoustical Noise Requirement

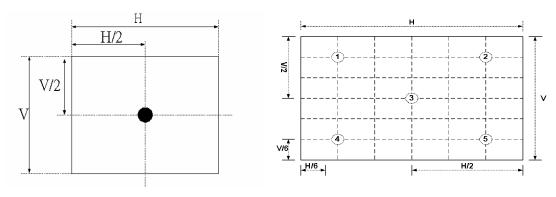
Measurement of all residual noises (e.g. back light, inverter, fans ...) will be done in a silent reverberant room. If available, the electronic box is placed under the LCD. Measure the sound level frequency dependant on 8 points around the LCD. The position in height of the sound audiometer is the middle of the LCD. Measures this on frequency span 25 Hz -20 kHz (gives an overview of the total spectrum) and measure this on frequency span 25 Hz - 1500 Hz.

Performance parameter	Class	LCD size	Requirement
General audible noise. Sound level.	ALL	ALL	< 20 (dBA)

$$\Sigma \text{ sound level from A to H} \\ \text{Sound level = ----- (dBA)} \\ 8$$



2. Luminance variation at 20% dimming(δ ,5P): 1.7(Max)



Appendix

- 3. Impedance of Pin9 of LVDS : 3.47K (Ω)
- 4. Impedance of Pin 11,12, and 13 of inverter input:

Pin 11: 5M(Ω), Pin 12: 200K(Ω), Pin 13: 200K(Ω)