

Model Name: T370HW03 VD

Issue Date: 2009/09/02

(*)Preliminary Specifications

()Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date				
Approved By		Approval By PM Director Frank Hsu					
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen Reviewed By Project Leader: Jas Prepared By PM: Shuzi Cheng	son				



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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2009/09/2		First release



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 37.0 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T370HW03 VD. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1920*1080 pixels, and diagonal size of 37.0 inch. This module supports 1920*1080 HDTV mode (Non-interlace).

Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T370HW03 VD has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

The T370HW03 VD model is RoHS verified which can be distinguished on panel label.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	37.01	inch	
Display Area	819.36 (H) x 460.89(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	877(H) x 514.6(V) x 54.3(D)	mm	With inverter
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	8 bit, 16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1920 x 1080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.42675(H) x 0.42675(W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze = 11



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

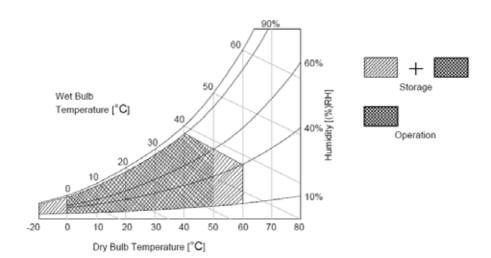
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	НОР	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 $^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$ and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition





3. Electrical Specification

The T370HW03 VD requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the BLU, is to power inverter. (INV)

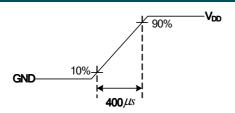
3.1 Electrical Characteristics

	Parameter			Value		Unit	Note
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
LCD							
Power Supp	ly Input Voltage	V_{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V _{DC}	1
Power Supp	ly Input Current	I _{DD}	-	1	1.2	Α	2
Power Cons	umption	Pc	-	12	14.4	Watt	2
Inrush Curre	ent	I _{RUSH}	-	-	4	Α	3
	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}	-	-	+100	4	4
LVDS Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{TL}	-100			4	4
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.10	1.25	1.40	V _{DC}	4
CMOS Interface	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.4		3.3	V _{DC}	
Backlight	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.9	V _{DC}	
Power		104	110	116			
Consumpti P _{BL}					Watt		
Life Time		50000			Hours	8	

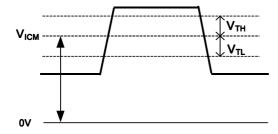
Note:

- 1. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{CC}
- 2. Test Condition:
 - (1) $V_{DD} = 12.0V$
 - (2) Fv = Type Timing, 60Hz, 120Hz or Other
 - (3) $F_{CLK} = Max freq.$
 - (4) Temperature = 25 °C
 - (5) Test Pattern : White Pattern
- 3. Measurement condition: Rising time = 400us





4. $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$



- 5. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- **6.** The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.
- 7. Specified values are for a single lamp only which is aligned horizontally. The lifetime is defined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to its original value.

[Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta = 25±2°C]



3.2 Interface Connections

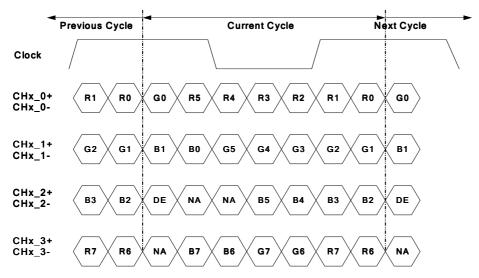
• LCD connector: P2 187059-51221

Mating connector:

PIN.	Symbol. ₁	Description. ₁	PIN.	Symbol. ₁	Description.
1.1	$V_{00^{-1}}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated.	26.1	CH2_0+.1	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+.1
2.1	$V_{00^{-1}}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated.	27.1	CH2_11	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-5
3.1	V _{DD-1}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated.	28.1	CH2_1+.1	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+.1
4.1	V _{DD-1}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated.	29.1	CH2_21	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-a
5.1	V _{DD-1}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated.	30.1	CH2_2+.1	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+.1
6.1	Reserved.	AUO Internal Use Only.	31.1	GND. ₁	Ground.1
7.5	GND. ₁	Ground.1	32.1	CH2_CLK1	LVDS Channel 2, Clock
8.1	GND. ₁	Ground.1	33.1	CH2_CLK+.	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +.1
9.1	GND. ₁	Ground.1	34.1	GND.1	Ground.1
10.	CH1_01	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0	35.1	CH2_31	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3
11.1	CH1_0+.5	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+.1	36.1	CH2_3+.1	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+.1
12.	CH1_11	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1	37.1	Reserved.	AUO Internal Use Only.1
13.	CH1_1+.1	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+.	38.1	Reserved.	AUO Internal Use Only.1
14.	CH1_21	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2	39.1	GND. ₁	Ground.1
15.	CH1_2+.1	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+.1		SCL.	EEPROM Serial Clock.
16.	GND.1	Ground. ₁	41.1	SDA. ₁	EEPROM Serial Data.
17.	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock	42.1	NC.	No connection.₁
18.	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	43.,	WP.	EEPROM Write Protection High(3.3V) for Writable, Low(GND) for Protection
19.	GND. ₁	Ground.1	44.1	Panel_SEL.	reserve 0603 footprint of resistor to ground
20.	CH1_31	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3	45.1	LVDS_SEL.	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA
21.	CH1_3+.4	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+.1	46.1	OD_SEL.	Open/Low(GND): OD on, 4 High(3.3V): OD off.
22.	Reserved.	AUO Internal Use Only.	47.1	NC.1	No connection.
23.	Reserved.	AUO Internal Use Only.	48.1	NC.1	No connection.
24.	GND. ₁	Ground.₁	49.1	NC.1	No connection.
25.	CH2_01	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0	50.1	TCON_RDY.	Connect 220ohm resistance to 3.3V.
		.1	51.1	NC.1	No connection.

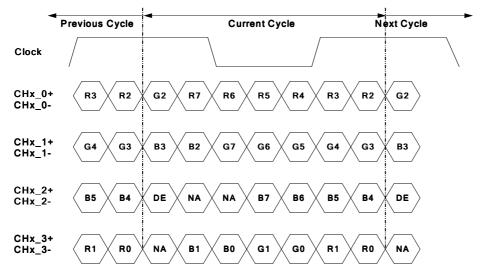


■ LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

■ LVDS Option = Low → JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...



3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

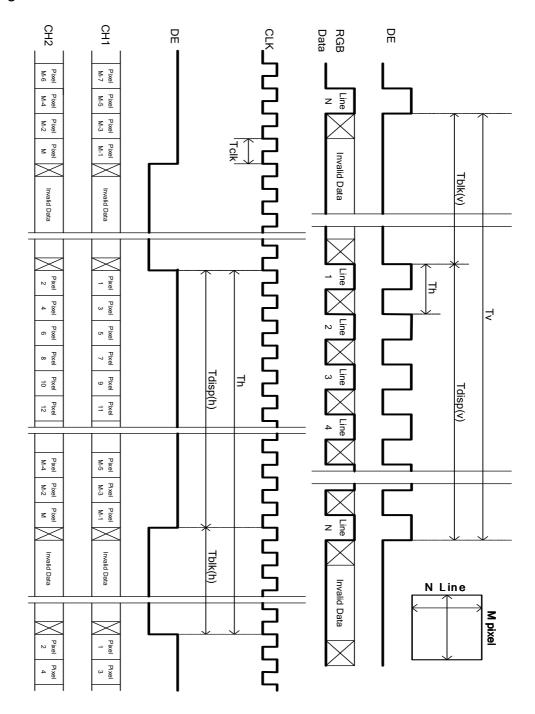
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	
	Period	Tv	1090	1125	1480	Th	
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080			
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	45	400	Th	
	Period	Th	1030 1100		1325	Tclk	
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		Tclk			
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	70	140	365	Tclk	
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	74.25	82	MHz	
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz	
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	60	67.5	73	KHz	

Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
 Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3)If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms





3.5 Color Input Data Reference

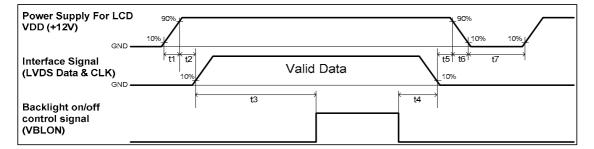
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

											ı	npu	t Co	lor	Data	a									
	Color				RE	ΞD							GRI	EEN							BL	UE			
	Color	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	SB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3.6 Power Sequence for LCD



Parameter		Units			
Farameter	Min.	Min. Typ. M			
T1	0.4		30	ms	
T2	0.1		50	ms	
Т3	300			ms	
T4	10			ms	
T5	0.1		50	ms	
Т6			300	ms	
T7	500			ms	

Note

(1) T4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) T6: voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)



3.7 Backlight Specification (Inverter Type)

The backlight unit contains 14-I type CCFLs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp)

3.7.1 Electrical specification

	Item	Crem	hal	Condition		Spec		Unit	Note
	item	Sym	IDOI	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Note
1	Input Voltage	VD	DB	-	22.5	24	26.4	VDC	-
2	Input Current	I _{DI}	DB	VDDB=24V	-	4.58	4.81	ADC	1
3	Input Power	P _D	DB	VDDB=24V	104	110	116	W	1
4	Inrush Current	I _{RU}	ISH	VDDB=24V	-	-	7.2	ADC	2
_	5 On/Off control voltage		ON	VDDD 041/	2	-	5	\/D0	-
5		V_{BLON}	OFF	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
6	On/Off control current	I _{BL}	ON	VDDB=24V	-	-	1.5	mA	-
_		\\ D !! 4	MAX	1/DDD 041/	0	-	3.3	VDC	-
7	Dimming Control Voltage	V_DIM	MIN	VDDB=24V	-	0	-	VDC	-
8	Dimming Control Current	I_D	OIM	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
9	Internal Dimming Ratio	DIM	1_R	VDDB=24V	20		100	%	3
	External PWM	\/ F D\ / \	MAX	VDDB=24V	2	-	3.3	\/D0	-
10	Control Voltage	V_EPWM	MIN	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
11	External PWM Control Current	I_EP	wM	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
12	External PWM Duty ratio	D_EF	PWM	VDDB=24V	5	-	100	%	3
13	External PWM Frequency	F_EPWM		VDDB=24V	140	180	240	Hz	-
								(

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) (Ta=25 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2: Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (VDDB : 10%~90%);

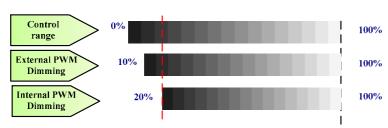
Note 3: Less than 10% dimming control is functional well and no backlight shutdown happened



3.7.2 Input Pin Assignment

Inverter Connector: Cl0114M1HRL-NH (Cvilux)

Pin	Symbol	Description
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	DET	BLU status detection:
11	DET	Normal: 0~0.8V; Abnormal: Open collector
		BLU On-Off control:
12	VBLON	High/Open (3.3V~5.5V) : BL On ;
		Low (0~0.8V/GND) : BL off
10	\/DIM(**)	Internal PWM (0~3.3V for 10~100% Duty, open for 100%)
13	VDIM(**)	< NC ; at External PWM mode>
14	PDIM(*)	External PWM (5%~100% Duty, open for 100%)
14	FDIIVI()	< NC; at Internal PWM mode>



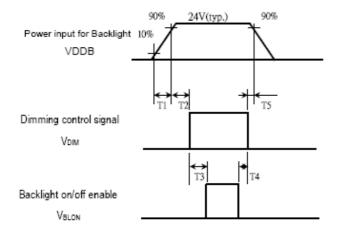
PWM Dimming: include Internal and External PWM Dimming

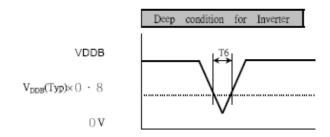
(Note*) IF External PWM function includes 10% dimming ratio. Judge condition as below:

- (1) Backlight module must be lighted ON normally.
- (2) All protection function must work normally.
- (3) Uniformity and flicker could NOT be guaranteed



3.7.3 Power Sequence for Inverter





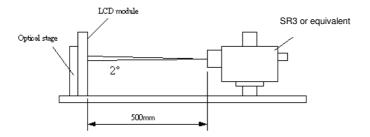
Parameter		Units		
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	50	-	-	ms
T3	0	-	-	ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	0	-	-	ms
T6	-	-	10	ms



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of ϕ and θ equal to 0°.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Б	0 1 1	Values				
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	3000	4000			1
Surface Luminance (White)	L _{WH}	360	450		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}			1.3		3
Response Time (G to G)	Тү		6.5		Ms	4
Color Gamut	NTSC		72		%	
Color Coordinates						
Red	R _X		0.640			
	R _Y		0.330			
Green	G _X		0.29			
	G _Y	Typ0.03	0.6	Typ.+0.03		
Blue	B _X] Τγρυ.υ3	0.144			
	B _Y		0.060			
White	W _X		0.280			
	W _Y		0.290			
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ_{r}		89		degree	
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	
y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ_{u}		89		degree	
y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{\sf d}$		89		degree	

Note:



1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current $I_H = 11mA$. $L_{WH} = Lon5$ where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

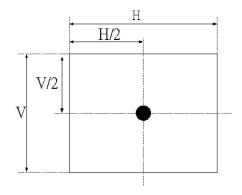
 $\delta_{WHITE(9P)} = Maximum(L_{on1},\,L_{on2},\ldots,L_{on9})/\,Minimum(L_{on1},\,L_{on2},\ldots L_{on9})$

4. Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_v =60Hz to optimize.

Measured		Target						
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%		
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%		
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%		
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%		
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%		
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%			

4. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

FIG. 2 Luminance



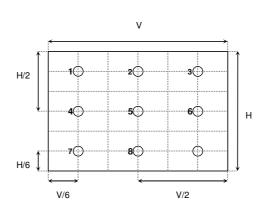




FIG.3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".

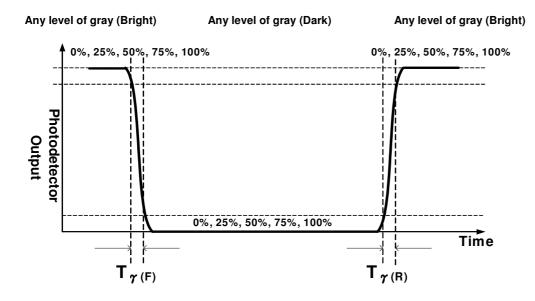
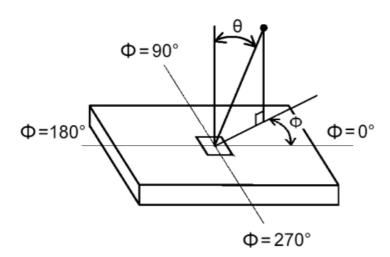


FIG.4 Viewing Angle





5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T420HW06 V2. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	877.0 mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical	514.6mm		
Oddine Dimension	Depth	54.3 mm(with inverter)		
	Horizontal	828 mm		
Bezel Opening	Vertical	469.8 mm		
Astina Diaglas Assa	Horizontal	819.36 mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	460.89 mm		
Weight	7000 g (Typ.)			
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H			



Front View (TBD)



Back View (TBD)



6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60°C, 300hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20℃, 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50°C, 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5°C, 300hrs
			Wave form: random
			Vibration level: 1.5G RMS
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Bandwidth: 10-300Hz,
			Duration: X, Y, Z 30min
			One time each direction
			Shock level: 50G
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Waveform: half since wave, 11ms
			Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction
7	Vibration took (Mikh conton)	_	Random wave (1.5G RMS, 10-200Hz)
7	Vibration test (With carton)	5	30mins/ Per each X,Y,Z axes
			Height: 30.5m
8	Drop test (With carton)	5	1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces
			(ASTMD4169-I)



7. International Standard

7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1 : 2001, IEC 60065:2001 ; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7.2 EMC

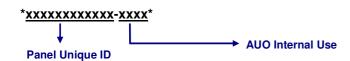
- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998

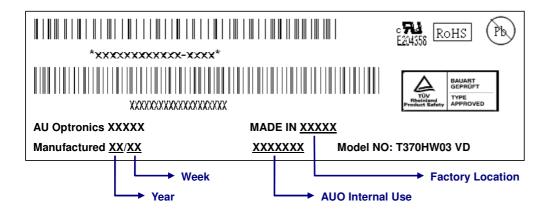


8. Packing

8-1 DEFINITION OF LABEL:

A. Panel Label:





Green mark description

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add for identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

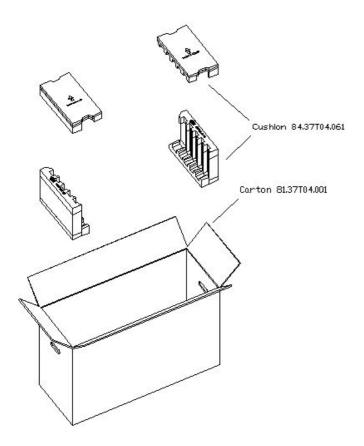
Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

B. Carton Label:





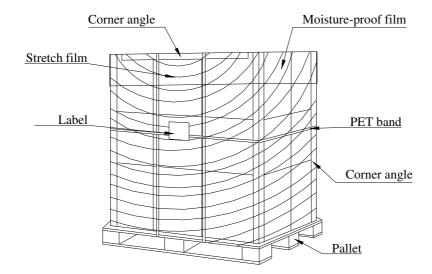
8-2 PACKING METHODS:





8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	Item	Specification					
	item	Qty.	Dimension		Weight (kg)	Remark	
1	Packing BOX	5 pcs/box	965(L)mm*375(W)mm*610(H)mm		30		
2	Pallet	1	1140(L)mm*980(W)mm*132(H)mm		15		
3	Boxes per Pallet	6 boxes/Palle	6 boxes/Pallet (By Air) ; 9 Boxes/Pallet (By Sea)				
4	Panels per Pallet	30 pcs/pallet(By Air) ; 45 Boxes/Pallet (By Sea)					
	Pallet after packing	24 (by Air)	1140(L)mm*980(W)mm*1352(H)mm	(by	285 (by Air)		
		36(by Sea)	Air)		435 (by Sea)		
			1140(L)mm*980(W)mm*2094(H)mm	(by			
			Sea)				





8. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall



be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.