

| Product Description: T420XW01 V5 TFT-LCD PANEL with RoHS Guarantee | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|---------------------------------|------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| AUO Model Name: T42 | 20XW01 V5 | | | | | |
| Customer Part No/Project Name: | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Customer Signature | Date | AUO | Date | | | |
| Customer Signature | Date | AUO Approved By: PM Sr. Manager | | | | |
| Customer Signature | Date | | | | | |



Document Version: 1.1

Date:2007/7/18

Product Functional Specification

42" WXGA Color TFT-LCD Module Model Name: T420XW01 V5

() Preliminary Specification (*) Final Specification

Note: This specification is subject to change without notice.



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|-----|------------------------------|
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Record of Revision

| Version | Date | No | Old Description | New Description | Remark |
|---------|------------|----|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|
| 1.0 | 2006/08/15 | | First release (final version) | | |
| 1.1 | 2007/7/18 | | | Modified page 17 response time | |
| | | | | average from 6 ms to 8 ms | |
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1. General Description

This specification applies to the 42 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T420XW01 V5. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1366x768 pixels, and diagonal size of 42 inch. This module supports 1366x768 WXGA mode (Non-interlace).

Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T420XW01 V5 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

* General Information

| Items | Specification | Unit | Note |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------|---------------|
| Active Screen Size | 42.02 | inches | |
| Display Area | 930.25(H) x 523.01(V) | mm | |
| Outline Dimension | 983.0(H) x 576.0(V) x 52.3(D) | mm | With inverter |
| Driver Element | a-Si TFT active matrix | | |
| Display Colors | 16.7M | Colors | |
| Number of Pixels | 1366 x 768 | Pixel | |
| Pixel Pitch | 0.681 | mm | |
| Pixel Arrangement | RGB vertical stripe | | |
| Display Mode | Normally Black | | |
| Surface Treatment | AG, 3H | | |



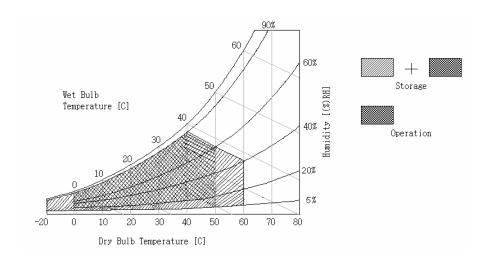
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

| Item | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Note |
|--------------------------------|--------|------|------|--------|------|
| Power Supply Input Voltage | VDD | -0.3 | 14.0 | [Volt] | 1 |
| Logic Input Voltage | Vin | -0.3 | 3.6 | [Volt] | 1 |
| BLU Input Voltage | VDDB | -0.3 | 27.0 | [Volt] | 1 |
| BLU Brightness Control Voltage | BLon | -0.3 | 5.5 | [Volt] | 1 |
| Ambient Operating Temperature | Тор | 0 | +50 | [°C] | 2 |
| Ambient Operating Humidity | Нор | 10 | 90 | [%RH] | 2 |
| Storage Temperature | Тѕт | -20 | +60 | [°C] | 2 |
| Storage Humidity | Нѕт | 10 | 90 | [%RH] | 2 |

Note 1 : Duration = 50msec

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 $^\circ\!\mathbb{C}^{}$ and No condensation.





3. Electrical Specification

The T420XW01 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. An inverter typically generates the second input, which powers the CCFL.

3-1 Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter | | Symbol | | Values | | Unit | Notes |
|-------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------|--------|------|-------|-------|
| | | | Min | Тур | Max | | |
| LCD: | | | | | | | |
| Power S | Supply Input Voltage | Vdd | 11.4 | 12 | 12.6 | Vdc | |
| Power S | Supply Input Current | ldd | - | 0.75 | 0.83 | А | 1 |
| Power C | Consumption | Pc | - | 9.0 | 10 | Watt | 1 |
| Inrush C | Current | I _{RUSH} | - | - | 5 | Α | 5 |
| LVDS | Differential Input | VTH | | | +100 | mV | |
| Interface | High Threshold | | | | | | 4 |
| | Voltage | | | | | | |
| | Differential Input | VTL | -100 | | | mV | |
| | Low Threshold | | | | | | 4 |
| | Voltage | | | | | | |
| | Common Input | Vсім | 1.10 | 1.25 | 1.40 | V | |
| | Voltage | | | | | | |
| CMOS | Input High | VIH | 2.4 | | 3.3 | Vdc | |
| Interface | Threshold Voltage | (High) | | | | | |
| | Input Low Threshold | VIL | 0 | | 0.7 | Vdc | |
| | Voltage | (Low) | | | | | |
| Backlight I | Power Consumption | | | 156 | 204 | Watt | 2 |
| Life Time | | | 50000 | 60000 | | Hours | 3 |

The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC Inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you



confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.

Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.

The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40 $^{\circ}$ C or less. At temperatures greater than 40 $^{\circ}$ C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39 $^{\circ}$ C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the lifetime of CCFL will be reduced.

Note:

- 1. Vdd=12.0V, fv=60Hz, fcLk=81.5 Mhz , 25°C, Vdd Duration time= 400 μs , Test pattern : white pattern
- 2. The Backlight power consumption shown above does include loss of external inverter at 25 $^{\circ}$ C. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current
- 3. The life is determined as the time at which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C.
- 4. VCIM = 1.25V

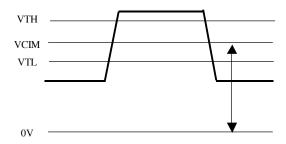
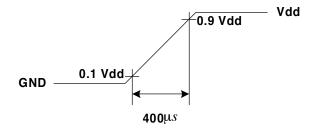


Figure: LVDS Differential Voltage

5. Measurement Condition: Rising time = 400 μ s





3-2 Interface Connections

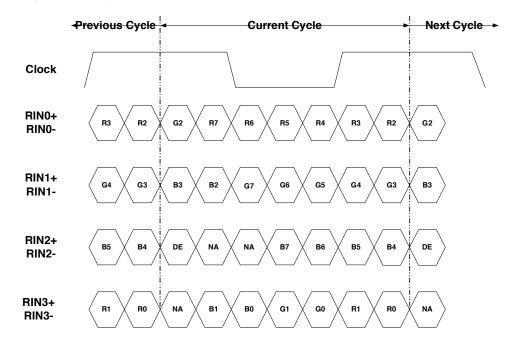
- LCD connector: FI-X30SSL-HF (JAE) or equivalent

- Mating connector: FI-30C2L (JAE) or equivalent

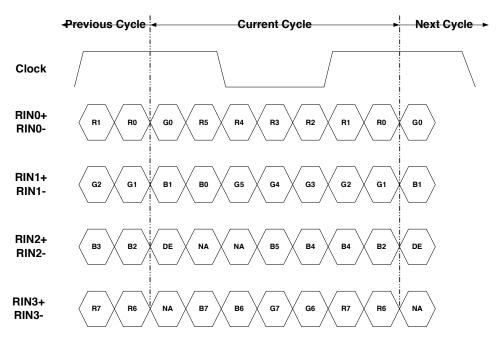
| Pin No | Symbol | Description | Note |
|--------|-------------|--|-------------------|
| 1 | VCC | +12V, DC, Regulated | |
| 2 | VCC | +12V, DC, Regulated | |
| 3 | VCC | +12V, DC, Regulated | |
| 4 | VCC | +12V, DC, Regulated | |
| 5 | GND | Ground and Signal Return | |
| 6 | GND | Ground and Signal Return | |
| 7 | GND | Ground and Signal Return | |
| 8 | GND | Ground and Signal Return | |
| 9 | LVDS Option | Low/Open for Normal (NS), High for JEIDA | Default : NS mode |
| 10 | Reserved | Open or High | AUO internal test |
| 11 | GND | Ground and Signal Return for LVDS | |
| 12 | RXIN0- | LVDS Channel 0 negative | |
| 13 | RXIN0+ | LVDS Channel 0 positive | |
| 14 | GND | Ground and Signal Return for LVDS | |
| 15 | RXIN1- | LVDS Channel 1 negative | |
| 16 | RXIN1+ | LVDS Channel 1 positive | |
| 17 | GND | Ground and Signal Return for LVDS | |
| 18 | RXIN2- | LVDS Channel 2 negative | |
| 19 | RXIN2+ | LVDS Channel 2 positive | |
| 20 | GND | Ground and Signal Return for LVDS | |
| 21 | RXCLKIN- | LVDS Clock negative | |
| 22 | RXCLKIN+ | LVDS Clock positive | |
| 23 | GND | Ground and Signal Return for LVDS | |
| 24 | RXIN3- | LVDS Channel 3 negative | |
| 25 | RXIN3+ | LVDS Channel 3 positive | |
| 26 | GND | Ground and Signal Return for LVDS | |
| 27 | Reserved | Open or High | AUO internal test |
| 28 | Reserved | Open or High | AUO internal test |
| 29 | GND | Ground and Signal Return | |
| 30 | GND | Ground and Signal Return | |



LVDS Option = High Ł JEIDA



LVDS Option = Low/Open Ł NS





Backlight Connector Pin Configuration

1. Electrical specification

| No | ITEM | SYME | BOL | CONDITION | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT | Note |
|----|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----|--|------|------|------|------------------|------|
| 1 | Input Voltage | V _{DE} | В | | 22.8 | 24.0 | 26.4 | V_{DC} | |
| 2 | Input Current | I _{DD} | В | V _{DDB} =24V 100% Brightness | 6.0 | 6.3 | 6.8 | A _{DC} | 1 |
| 3 | Input Power | P _{DE} |)B | V _{DDB} =24V 100% Brightness | | 156 | 204 | W | 1 |
| 4 | Input inrush current | I _{RUS} | SH | V _{DDB} =24V 100% Brightness | | | 9.5 | A _{DC} | 2 |
| 5 | Output Frequency | FBI | L | V _{DDB} =24V | | 36 | | kHz | |
| 6 | ON/OFF Control | V_{BLON} | ON | V _{DDB} =24V | 2.0 | | 3.3 | V_{DC} | |
| O | Voltage | V BLON | OFF | V _{DDB} =24V | 0.0 | - | 0.8 | V_{DC} | |
| 7 | ON/OFF Control Current | I _{BLC} | DN | V _{DDB} =24V | 0 | | 2 | mA _{DC} | |
| 8 | External PWM | | MAX | | 2.0 | | 3.3 | V_{DC} | |
| 0 | Control Voltage | EV_PWM | MIN | | 0 | | 0.8 | V_{DC} | |
| 9 | External PWM | Г | MAX | PWM=100% | 0 | | 2 | mA_{DC} | |
| 9 | Control Current | El _{PWM} | MIN | PWM=30% | 0 | | 2 | mA_{DC} | |
| 10 | External PWM Duty Ratio | EDP | WM | | 30 | | 100 | % | |
| 11 | External PWM Frequency | EF _{PWM} | | | 150 | 180 | 300 | Hz | |
| 12 | Internal PWM Control Voltage | IV_{PV} | VM | V _{DDB} =24V | 0 | | 3.3 | V_{DC} | |

(Ta=25 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 1 : ADIM=Open/1.6V; PDIM = Open/High

Note 2: Duration = 20 ms



2. Input specification

Master Board:

Connector 1: S14B-PH-SM3-TB(JST) or equivalent

| Pin No | Symbol | Description |
|--------|------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | VDDB | Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated |
| 2 | VDDB | Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated |
| 3 | VDDB | Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated |
| 4 | VDDB | Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated |
| 5 | VDDB | Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated |
| 6 | BLGND | Ground and Current Return |
| 7 | BLGND | Ground and Current Return |
| 8 | BLGND | Ground and Current Return |
| 9 | BLGND | Ground and Current Return |
| 10 | BLGND | Ground and Current Return |
| 11 | Reserve | Open |
| 12 | VBLON | BL On-Off: Open/High (3.3V) for BL On as default |
| 13 | Рым ⁽²⁾ | External PWM (AC Signal Control Duty); Internal PWM (DC Power Control Duty, 0~3.3V); Open/High (+3.3V, 100% Duty) for 100% |
| 14 | PDIM Selection ^(3,4) | GND: External PWM dimming; Open/High (3.3V): Internal PWM dimming. |

- Note (1) PDIM is PWM duty control input for +3.3V TTL level signal or DC voltage by Pin 14 input. This input signal is (a) continuous pulse signal with +3.3V, TTL level signal spec, or (b) DC power with 0~3.3V. If this is Open or +3.3V, 100% duty (i.e. +3.3V, DC level), back light should perform 100% luminance. Duty ratio of this input signal should be proportional relationship in certain range of control without any kind of inherent side effect like waterfall effect on screen. Guaranteed duty range and dimming ratio should be specified with supplementary measurement result.
- Note (2) Pin 14 is the selection pin for PWM control method; if this pin is connected to GND, PDIM input of Pin 13 should have logic level duty signal for PWM control. If this is set to High or Open, Pin 13 should have DC level signal therefore the Inverter should have Saw Tooth Wave Generator to generate internal PWM signal. Default setting is "Not Connected", Pin 13 of PWM control should have DC Level signal for PWM.
- Note (3) Pin 14 selection vs. Pin 13 control function table:

| | Pin 13 Default: Open/High: 100% |
|---------------------|---|
| Pin 14 = GND | External PWM (AC Signal Control Duty) |
| Pin 14 = Open/High | Internal PWM (DC Power Control Duty) |



3-3 Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Vertical Frequency Range A (60Hz)

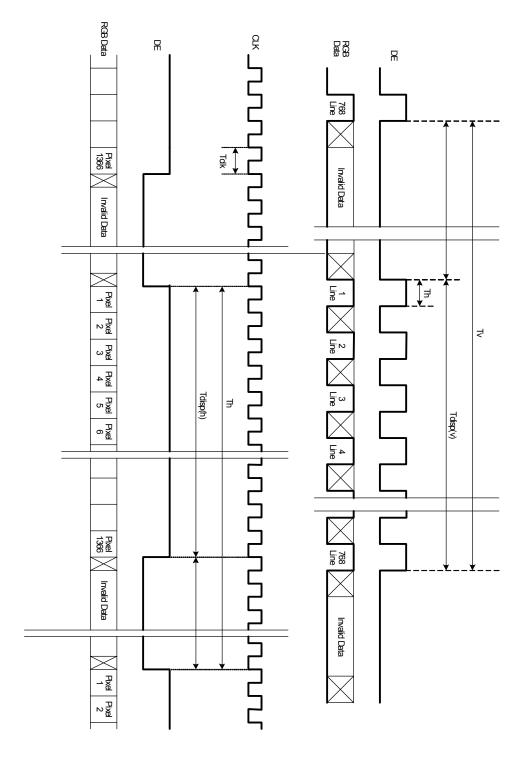
| Signal | Item | Symbol | Min | Туре | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-------|------|-------|------|
| | Period | Tv | 789 | | 822 | Th |
| | Active | Tdisp (v) | _ | 768 | _ | Th |
| Vertical Section | Blanking | Tblk (v) | 21 | | 54 | Th |
| | Period | Th | 1414 | | 1722 | Tclk |
| | Active | Tdisp (h) | _ | 1366 | _ | Tclk |
| Horizontal Section | Blanking | Tblk (h) | 48 | | 356 | Tclk |
| Clock | Period | CLK | 11.36 | _ | 15.38 | ns |
| Clock | Frequency | Freq | 65 | | 88 | MHz |
| Vertical Frequency | Frequency | Vs | 58 | 60 | 62 | Hz |
| Horizntal Frequency | Frequency | Hs | 45.76 | | 50.96 | KHz |

Vertical Frequency Range B (50Hz)

| Signal | Item | Symbol | Min | Туре | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-------|------|-------|------|
| | Period | Tv | 789 | | 822 | Th |
| | Active | Tdisp (v) | _ | 768 | | Th |
| Vertical Section | Blanking | Tblk (v) | 21 | | 54 | Th |
| | Period | Th | 1414 | | 1722 | Tclk |
| | Active | Tdisp (h) | _ | 1366 | | Tclk |
| Horizontal Section | Blanking | Tblk (h) | 48 | | 356 | Tclk |
| Clock | Period | CLK | 13.51 | | 18.52 | ns |
| Clock | Frequency | Freq | 54 | | 74 | MHz |
| Vertical Frequency | Frequency | Vs | 48 | 50 | 52 | Hz |
| Horizntal Frequency | Frequency | Hs | 37.87 | | 42.74 | KHz |



3-4 Signal Timing Waveforms





3-5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

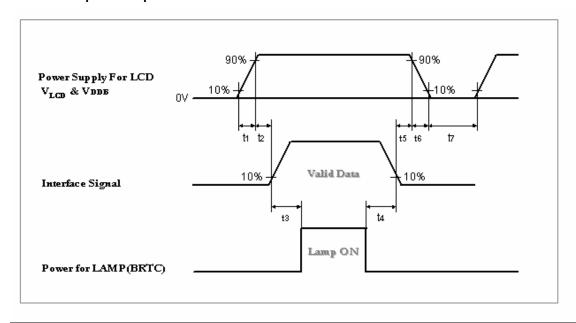
COLOR DATA REFERENCE

| | | | | | | | | | | | I | npu | t Co | lor l | Data | a | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|------------|-----|----|----|-------|----|----|----|------|----|----|-----|------|-------|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| Color | | RED | | | GREEN | | | | BLUE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | MS | В | | | | | L | SB | MS | В | | | | | LS | SB | MS | В | | | | | L | .SB |
| | | R7 | R6 | R5 | R4 | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 | G7 | G6 | G5 | G4 | G3 | G2 | G1 | G0 | В7 | В6 | B5 | В4 | ВЗ | В2 | В1 | В0 |
| | Black | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Red(255) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Green(255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Basic | Blue(255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Color | Cyan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Magenta | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Yellow | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | White | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | RED(000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED(001) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| RED | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | RED(254) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED(255) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN(000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN(001) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GREEN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | GREEN(254) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN(255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | BLUE(000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | BLUE(001) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| BLUE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | BLUE(254) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | BLUE(255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |



3-6 Power Sequence

1. Power sequence of panel



| | | Units | | | |
|-----------|---------------|-------|-------|--------|--|
| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Office | |
| t1 | 400 | - | 20000 | us | |
| t2 | 20 | - | 50 | ms | |
| t3 | 700 or (200)* | - | - | ms | |
| t4 | 200 | - | - | ms | |
| t5 | 1 | - | 50 | ms | |
| t6 | 0.47 | - | 30 | ms | |
| t7 | t7 1.0 | | - | S | |

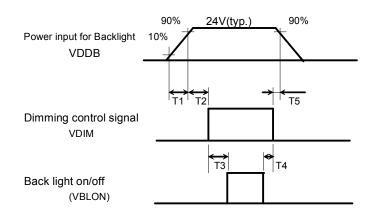
^{*:} If t3=200ms, input black signal till 700ms from system is necessary. In case of t3<200ms, the abnormal display will be happened. But it will not damage timing controller.

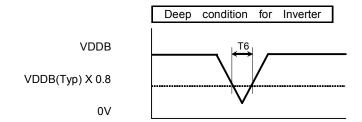
Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operating range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal.

Caution: The above on/off sequence should be applied to avoid abnormal function in the display. In case of handling, make sure to turn off the power when you plug the cable into the input connector or pull the cable out of the connector.



2. Power sequence of inverter





| Parameter | | | Units | |
|-----------|------|------|-------|----|
| | Min. | Тур. | Max. | |
| T1 | 20 | - | - | ms |
| T2 | 50 | - | - | ms |
| T3 | 0 | - | - | ms |
| T4 | 0 | - | - | ms |
| T5 | 0 | - | - | ms |
| T6 | - | - | 10 | ms |



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 60 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0°.

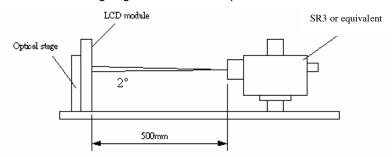


Fig.4-1 Optical measurement equipment and method

| Parameter | Symbol | | Values | | Units | Notes | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|----------|--------|-----------|--------|--------------------|--|--|
| | | Min. | Тур. | Max. | | | | |
| Contrast Ratio | CR | 1000 | 1500 | | | 1 | | |
| Surface Luminance, white | LWH | 400 | 500 | | cd/m² | 2 | | |
| Luminance Variation | δ white $$ 5p | | | 1.3 | | 3 | | |
| Response Time (Average) | Tγ | | 8 | | ms | 4,5 (Gray to Gray) | | |
| Rise Time | Tr | | 15 | | ms | 4 | | |
| Decay Time | Tf | | 5 | | ms | 4 | | |
| Color Coordinates | | | | | | | | |
| RED | R _X | | 0.640 | | | | | |
| | R _Y | - | 0.330 | | | | | |
| GREEN | G _X | - | 0.290 | | | | | |
| | G _Y | -Typ0.03 | 0.600 | Typ.+0.03 | | | | |
| BLUE | B _X | Тур0.03 | 0.150 | | | | | |
| | B _Y | - | 0.060 | | | | | |
| WHITE | W _X | | 0.280 | | | | | |
| | W _Y | - | 0.290 | | | | | |
| Viewing Angle | | | | | | Contrast Ratio>10 | | |
| x axis, right(φ =0°) | θ r | | 89 | | Degree | 6 | | |
| x axis, left(φ =180°) | θ_{\perp} | | 89 | | | | | |
| y axis, up(φ =90°) | heta u | | 89 | | | | | |
| y axis, down (φ =0°) | θ_{d} | | 89 | | | | | |



Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast ratio (CR)=
$$\frac{\text{Brightness on the "white" state}}{\text{Brightness on the "black" state}}$$

2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 1 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see Fig. 4-2. When $V \ DDB = 24V$, IDDB = 6.3A. $L_{WH} = L_{on1}$, Where L_{on1} is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 1 location.

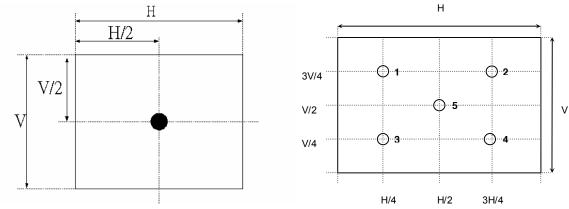


Fig.4-2 Optical measurement point

- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δ_{WHITE} is defined under 100% brightness as: $\delta_{\text{WHITE(5P)}} = \text{Maximum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, ..., L_{\text{on5}}) / \text{Minimum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, ..., L_{\text{on5}})$
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white(L255) to black(L0) (Decay Time, $Tr_D=Tf$) and from black(L0) to white(L255) (Rise Time, $Tr_R=Tr$). For additional information see Fig. 4-3.

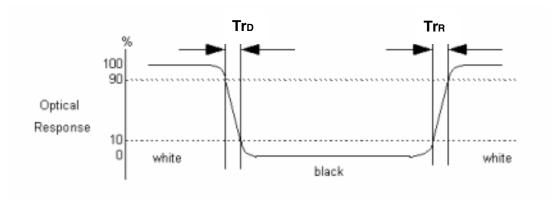


Fig.4-3 Response time



5. The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal among 0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100% luminance. For additional information see Fig. 4-4.

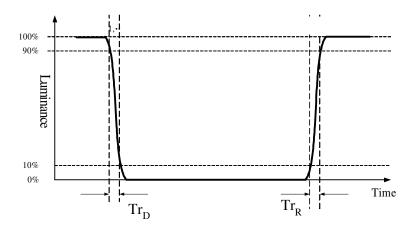


Fig.4-4 Response time

6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see Fig. 4-5. (Optical measurement by SR3)

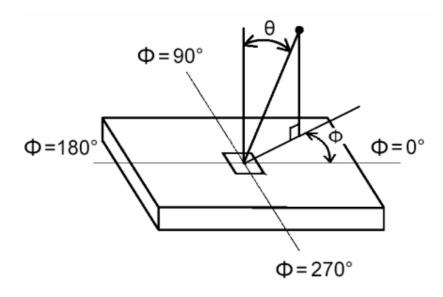


Fig.4-5 Viewing Angle Definition

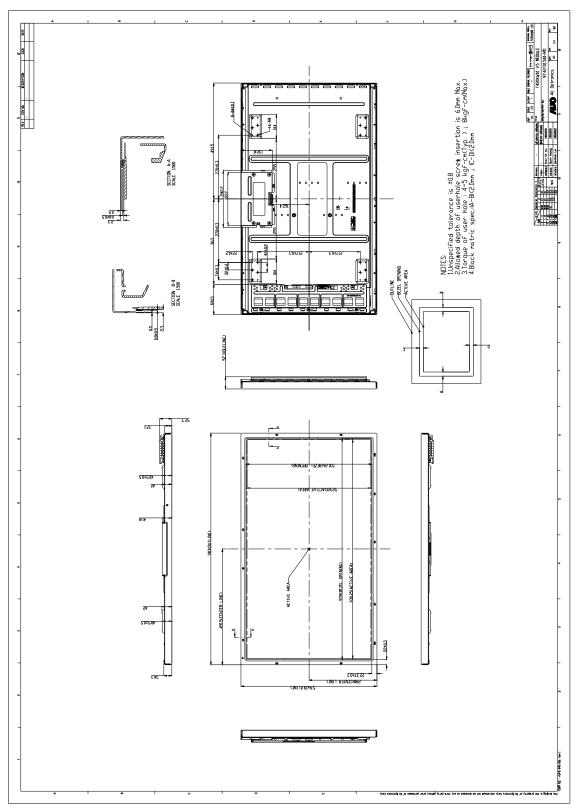


5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T420XW01. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

| | Horizontal (typ.) | 983.0mm | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Outline Dimension | Vertical (typ.) | 576.0mm | | | |
| | Depth (typ.) | 52.3mm (with inverter) | | | |
| Bezel Area | Horizontal (typ.) | 939.0mm | | | |
| | Vertical (typ.) | 531.3mm | | | |
| Active Display Area | Horizontal | 930.25mm | | | |
| Active Display Area | Vertical | 523.01mm | | | |
| Weight | 12600g (Max.) | | | | |
| Surface Treatment | AG, 3H | | | | |







6. Reliability

| No | Test Item | Condition | | | | | |
|----|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | High temperature storage test | Ta=60°C, 300hr judge | | | | | |
| 2 | Low temperature storage test | Ta=-20℃, 300h judge | | | | | |
| 3 | High temperature/High humidity operation test | Ta=50°C, 80%RH, 300hr judge (interval 3min) | | | | | |
| 4 | High temperature operation test | Ta=50°C, 300hr judge | | | | | |
| 5 | Low temperature operation test | Ta=-5°C, 300hr judge | | | | | |
| 6 | Thermal shock | -20C/0.5hr ~ 60C/0.5hr, 10cycle | | | | | |
| 7 | Vibration test (non-operating) | Wave form: Random Vibration level: 1.5G RMS, Bandwidth: 10-500Hz Duration: X, Y, Z (1hr each direction) | | | | | |
| 8 | Shock test (non-operating) | Shock level: 50G Waveform: half since wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z (One time each direction) | | | | | |
| 9 | Vibration test (with carton) | Wave form: Random Vibration level: 2.16G RMS, Bandwidth: 5~500Hz Duration: X, Y, Z (120min each direction) | | | | | |
| 10 | Drop test (with carton) | Height: 46cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (ASTMD4169-I) | | | | | |



7. International Standard

7-1. Safety

- (1) UL60065, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (AUO file number : E204356)

 Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus, safety requirement.
- CSA E60065, Canadian Standards Association
 Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus, safety requirement.
- (3) IEC 60065 ver. 7th, European Committee for Electro technical Standardization (CENELEC) Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus, safety requirement

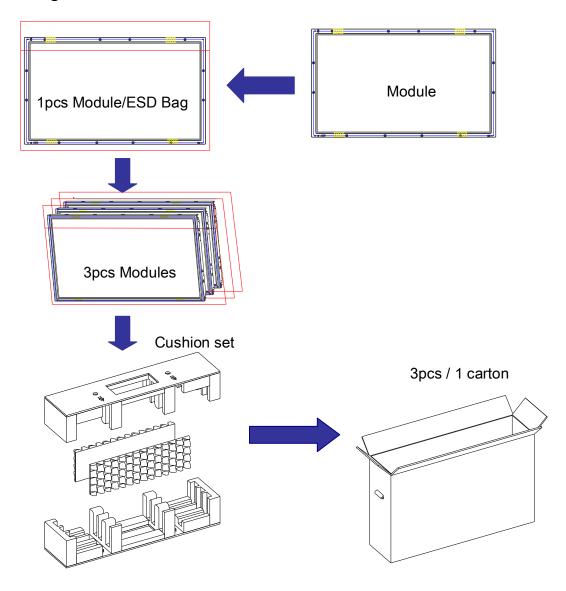
7-2. EMC

- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) CISPR 20 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



8. Packing

Packing Instruction



Package information:

Carton outside dimension: 1087x285x716mm

Carton/Package weight : 3kg Gross weight (per Box) : 40.8kg



Shipping label



Green Mark Description:

For Pb Free products, AUO will add for identification.

For RoHS compatible products, AUO will add for identification.

Note: The Green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO Internal Green Team. (The definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

Carton label



Pallet information

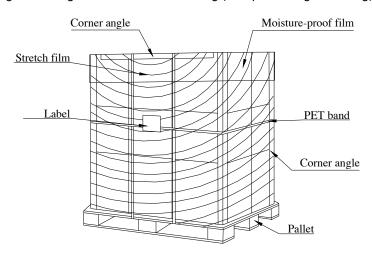
By air cargo : : (4x1) x2 layers, one pallet put 8 boxes, total 24 pcs module.

By sea: (4x1) x3 layers, one pallet put 12 boxes, total 36 pcs module.

Pallet dimension: 1150x1100x120mm

Pallet weight: 10kg

By air total weight: 40.8 kg/box X 8 boxes=326.4 kg (with pallet weight 336.4kg)
By sea total weight: 40.8 kg/box X 12 boxes=489.6 kg (with pallet weight 499.6kg)





9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged on back side of panel.
- (2) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (3) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (4) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (5) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (6) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (7) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (8) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference



shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5℃ and 35℃ at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of flue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.