

Model Name: T645HW05 V0

Issue Date : 2010/10/21

(*)Preliminary Specifications

()Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date							
Approved By		Approval By PM Director <i>Yenting Chiu</i>								
Note		Reviewed By RD Director <i>Eugene Chen</i> Reviewed By Project Leader <i>Hank Chiu</i> Prepared By PM <i>Ryan Chung</i>								



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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2010/08/12		First release
0.1	2010/08/20	9,10	LVDS pin map update
0.2	2010/10/21	19	Update 3D spec



Note: This is preliminary version product spec, all items are subject to be modified without notice

1. General Description

This specification applies to the 64.5 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T645HW05 V0. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1920 x 1080 pixels, and diagonal size of 64.5 inch. This module supports 1920 x 1080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T645HW05 V0 has been designed to apply the 10-bit 4 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	64.53	inch	
Display Area	1428.48 (H) x 803.52 (V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	1508.0(H) x 878.0(V) x 12.8(D)	mm	
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	10 bit, 1.07B	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1920 x 1080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.744	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	НС, ЗН		
Best Viewing Distance	2.4	М	



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

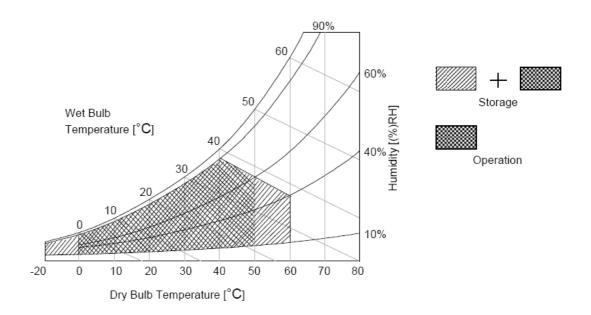
Item	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	V _{DD}	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST	-	65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be $39^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at $50^\circ\!\mathrm{C}\,$ Dry condition





3. Electrical Specification

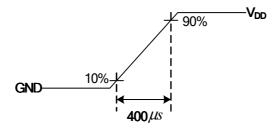
The T645HW05 V0 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input for BLU is to power inverter.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
	Falameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Onit	Note
LCD							
Power Sup	pply Input Voltage	V _{DD}	10.8	12.0	13.2	V _{DC}	1
Power Sup	pply Input Current	I _{DD}	0.6	1.2	1.8	Α	2
Power Cor	nsumption	Pc	7.92	14.4	19.44	Watt	2
Inrush Cur	rent	I _{RUSH}			13	Α	3
	Input Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	200	400	600	mV_{DC}	4
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}	+100		+300	4	4
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{TL}	-300		-100	4	4
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.10	1.25	1.40	V _{DC}	4
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.7		3.3	V _{DC}	
Interface Input Low Threshold Voltage		V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V _{DC}	
Backlight F	Power Consumption	P _{BL}		200		Watt	
Life Time			30,000			Hours	

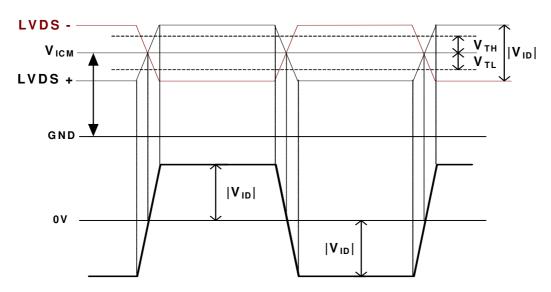
Note :

- 1. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of $V_{\mbox{\tiny CC}}$
- 2. $V_{DD} = 12.0V$, Fv = 120Hz, $F_{CLK} = 82MHz$, 25 °C, Test Pattern : White Pattern >> refer to "Section:3.3 Signal Timing Specification, Typical timing"
- 3. Measurement condition : Rising time = 400us





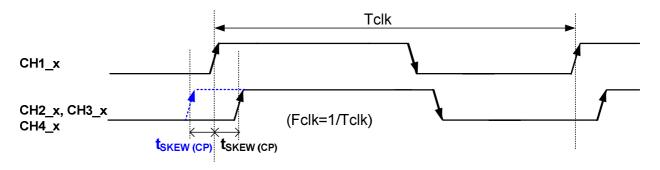
4. V_{ICM} = 1.25V

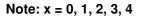


3.2 AC Electrical Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note	
	Falameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Onit	NOLE	
	Input Channel Pair Skew Margin	t _{SKEW (CP)}	-500		+500	ps	1	
LVDS	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	2	
Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30		200	KHz	2	
	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5		0.4 0.5	ns	3	

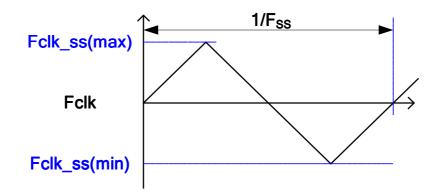
1. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin





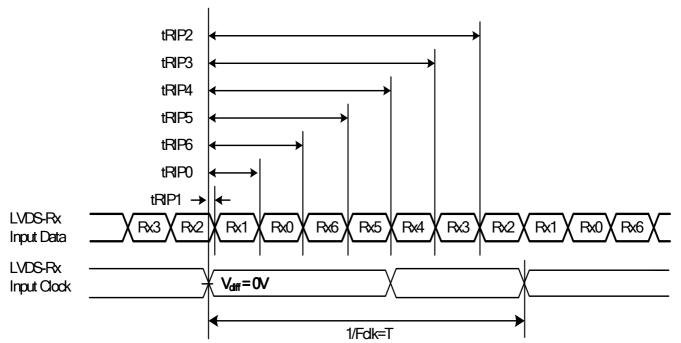


2. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures



3. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Symbol		Rating								
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Туре	Мах	Unit	Note					
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk					
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns						





3.3 Interface Connections (Tentative -> will be changed to LGE pin map)

LCD connector: FI-RE51S-HF (Manufactured by JAE)

Mating connector: FI-RE51S-HL (Manufactured by JAE)

PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	NC	No Connection	26	NC	No Connection
2	NC	No Connection	27	NC	No Connection
3	NC	No Connection	28	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-
4	NC	No Connection	29	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
5	NC	No Connection	30	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
6	NC	No Connection	31	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
7	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA	32	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
8	NC	No Connection	33	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
9	NC	No Connection	34	GND	Ground
10	NC	No Connection	35	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -
11	GND	Ground	36	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	37	GND	Ground
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	38	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-
14	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	39	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+
15	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	40	CH2_4-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4-
16	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	41	CH2_4+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4+
17	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	42	NC	No Connection
18	GND	Ground	43	NC	No Connection
19	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	44	GND	Ground
20	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	45	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	46	GND	Ground
22	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	47	NC	No Connection
23	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	48	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
24	CH1_4-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4-	49	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
25	CH1_4+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4+	50	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
			51	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated

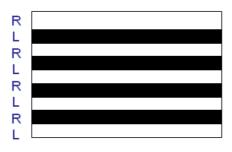


LCD connector: FI-RE41S-HF (Manufactured by JAE)

Mating connector: FI-RE41S-HL (Manufactured by JAE)

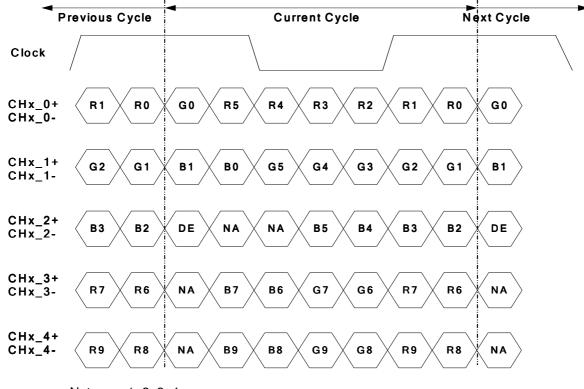
PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	NC	No Connection	21	CH3_3+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3+
2	NC	No Connection	22	CH3_4-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4-
3	NC	No Connection	23	CH3_4+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4+
4	NC	No Connection	24	GND	Ground
5	NC	No Connection	25	GND	Ground
6	NC	No Connection	26	CH4_0-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0-
7	NC	No Connection	27	CH4_0+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0+
8	NC	No Connection	28	CH4_1-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1-
9	GND	Ground	29	CH4_1+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1+
10	CH3_0-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0-	30	CH4_2-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2-
11	CH3_0+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0+	31	CH4_2+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2+
12	CH3_1-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1-	32	GND	Ground
13	CH3_1+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1+	33	CH4_CLK-	LVDS Channel 4, Clock -
14	CH3_2-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2-	34	CH4_CLK+	LVDS Channel 4, Clock +
15	CH3_2+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2+	35	GND	Ground
16	GND	Ground	36	CH4_3-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3-
17	CH3_CLK-	LVDS Channel 3, Clock -	37	CH4_3+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3+
18	CH3_CLK+	LVDS Channel 3, Clock +	38	CH4_4-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4-
19	GND	Ground	39	CH4_4+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4+
20	CH3_3-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3-	40	GND	Ground
			41	GND	Ground

- Note 1: All GND (ground) pins should be connected together and should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.
- Note 2: All V_{DD} (power input) pins should be connected together.
- Note 3: All Reserved pins should be open without voltage input.
- Note 4: All NC pins should be open without voltage input
- Note 5: Signal should be sent as following sequence: 1st line: right eye, 2nd line: left eye (T-con on upper side)

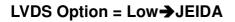


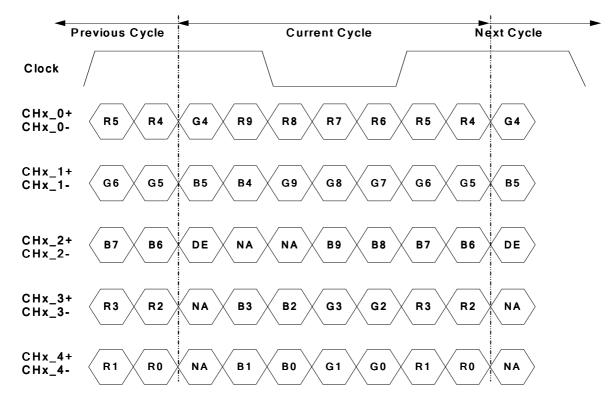


LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...





Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...



3.4 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit			
	Period	Tv	1090	1130	1392	Th			
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080					
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	50	312	Th			
	Period	Th	540	570	580	Tclk			
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		480		Tclk			
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	60	90	100	Tclk			
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	64.8	77.29	80.74	MHz			
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	94	120	122	Hz			
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	120	135.6	139.2	KHz			

Notes:

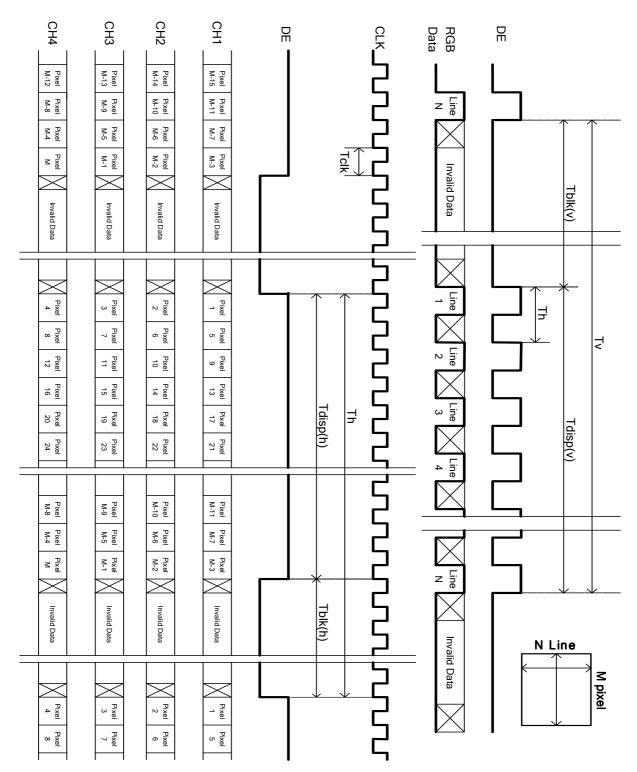
(1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3.5 Signal Timing Waveforms





3.6 Color Input Data Reference

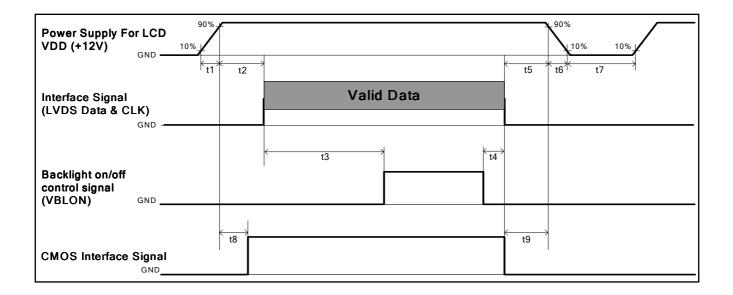
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 10 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Color Data Reference

			Input Color Data																												
	Color					RE	ED								0	GRI	EEN	I				BLUE									
	00101	MS	βB		1					L	SB	MSB LSB										MSB LSB									
		R9	R9 R8 R7 R6 R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0								G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B9	B8	Β7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0	
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																											ļ				
	RED(1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																											ļ				
	GREEN(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																															
	BLUE(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3.7 Power Sequence for LCD



Devenenter		L In H		
Parameter	Min.	Туре.	Max.	Unit
t1	0.4		30	ms
t2	0.1		150	ms
t3	450			ms
t4	0 ^{*1}			ms
t5	0			ms
t6			*2	ms
t7	500			ms
t8	10		50	ms
t9	0			ms

Note:

(1) T4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) T6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)

(3) When CMOS Interface is N.C. (no connection), opened in Transmitted end, T8 timing spec can be negligible



3.8 Backlight Specification

The backlight unit contains 8pcs LED lightbar

3.8.1 Electrical specification

	ltem	Symbol		Condition	Spec			Unit	Note
	item			Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Onit	NOLE
1	Input Voltage	VD	DB	-	22.8	24	25.2	VDC	-
2	Input Current	I _{DI}	DB	VDDB=24V		8.33	8.41	ADC	1
3	Input Power	PD	DB	VDDB=24V		200	212	W	1
4	Inrush Current	I _{RU}	ISH	VDDB=24V	-	-	13	ADC	2
Б	5 On/Off control voltage	V	ON	2	-	5.5		VDC	-
5		V _{BLON}	OFF	0	-	0.8		VDC	-
6	On/Off control current	I _{BLON}		VDDB=24V	-	-	1.5	mA	-
7	7 Dimming Control Voltage	V_DIM	MAX	3.0	-	3.3		VDC	-
/			MIN	-	0	-		VDC	-
8	Dimming Control Current	I_D	MIM	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
9	Internal Dimming Ratio	DIM	1_R	VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	3
10	External PWM		MAX	2	-	3.3		VDC	-
10	Control Voltage	V_EPWM	MIN	0	-	0.8		VDC	-
11	External PWM Control Current	I_EPWM		VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
12	External PWM Duty ratio	D_EPWM		VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	3
13	External PWM Frequency	F_EF	F_EPWM		140	180	240	Hz	-

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) (Ta=25 \pm 5°C, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2: Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (VDDB : 10%~90%);

Note 3: Less than10% dimming control is functional well and no backlight shutdown happened



3.8.2 Input Pin Assignment

14pin pin assignment

Connector: CI0114M1HR0-NH

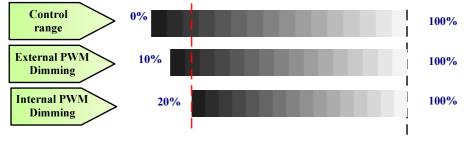
Pin NO.	Symbol	Pin Configuration (function)			
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated			
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated			
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated			
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated			
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated			
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return			
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return			
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return			
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return			
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return			
11	DET	BLU status detection: Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector (Recommend Pull high R > 10K, VDD = 3.3V)			
12	VBLON	BL On-Off: High/Open (2.0V~5.5V) for BL On, Low (GND) for off			
13	Internal PWM(VDIM)	Internal PWM (0~3.3V for 10~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC ; at External PWM mode>			
14	External PWM (PDIM)	External PWM (10%~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC ; at Internal PWM mode>			

12pin pin assignment

Connector: CI0112M1HR0-NH

Pin NO.	Pin NO. Symbol Pin Configuration (function)			
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated		
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated		
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated		
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated		
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated		
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return		
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return		
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return		
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return		
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return		
11	NC	NC		
12	NC	NC		





PWM Dimming : include Internal and External PWM Dimming

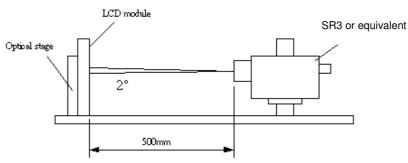
- (Note*) IF External PWM function includes 10% dimming ratio. Judge condition as below:
 (1) Backlight module must be lighted ON normally.
- (2) All protection function must work normally.
- (3) Uniformity and flicker could NOT be guaranteed



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of ϕ and θ equal to 0 °.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



	Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes	
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	NULES	
Contrast Ratio		CR	3200	4000			1	
Ourfees I		L _{WH} (2D)	340	420		cd/m ²	2	
Surface L	uminance (White)	L _{WH} (3D)		100			7	
Luminand	ce Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}			1.3		3	
Response	e Time (G to G)	Тγ		5.5		Ms	4	
Color Ga	mut	NTSC		72		%		
Color Co	ordinates							
	Red	R _X		0.630				
		R _Y		0.330				
	Green	G _X		0.320				
		G _Y	Turp 0.02	0.620	Ture - 0.02			
	Blue	B _X	Тур0.03	0.150	Тур.+0.03			
		B _Y		0.040				
	White	W _x		0.280				
		W _Y		0.290				
Viewing A	Angle						5	
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ _r		89		degree		
2D	x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree		
	y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ _u		89		degree		
	y axis, down (φ=270°)	θ _d		89		degree		
3D	y axis, up + down	$\theta_{u} + \theta_{d}$			30	degree	6,7	
3D cross	talk (middle)			1	3	%	6,7	
3D cross talk (vertical)					10	%	6,7	

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Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

$Contrast Ratio = \frac{Surface Luminance of L_{on5}}{Surface Luminance of L_{off5}}$

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current $I_H = 13.5$ smA. L_{WH} =Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, $\delta WHITE$ is defined (center of Screen) as:

 $\delta_{\text{WHITE(9P)}} = Maximum(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}}) / Minimum(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}})$

4. Response time T γ is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_v=60Hz to optimize.

Measured				Target		
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.
- 6. head in 0 degrees vertical angle from mid axis

FIG. 2 Luminance

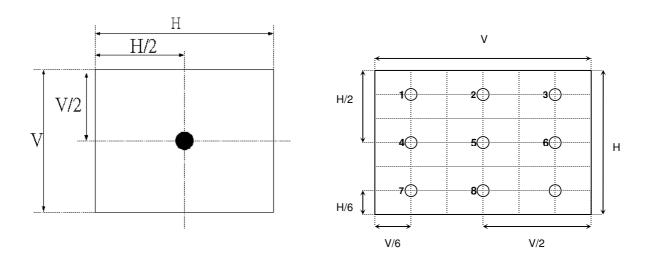




FIG.3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright) " and "any level of gray(dark)".

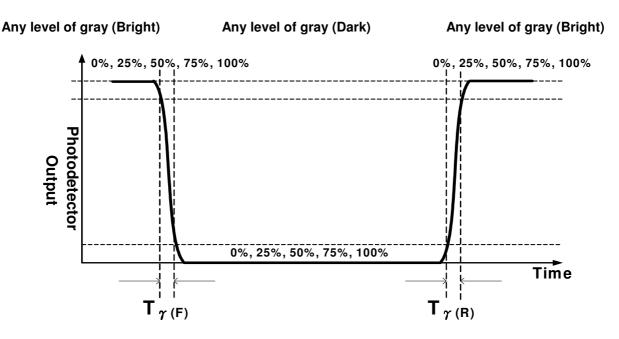
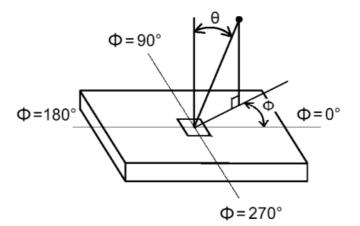


FIG.4 Viewing Angle



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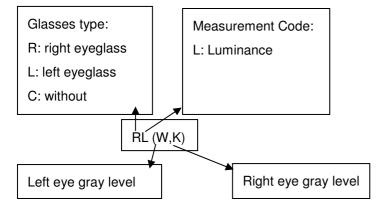


7. 3D performance specification is expressed by 3D luminance, 3D Crosstalk and 3D viewing angle. 3D luminance which is defined by summation of left and right eye brightness under wearing glasses condition is measured at panel center point. Also, 3D crosstalk is measured at panel center point.

a. Cross talk (middle) is defined by observation position which is 2.4m distance from panel center point and human head in 0 degree steady vertical angle from panel mid axis level.

b. Cross talk (in vertical viewing angle) is defined by observation position which is 2.4m distance from panel center point and observation range within specified degrees of vertical angle from panel mid axis level. For more information, refer to 6-5 3D Measurement of 3D view angle.

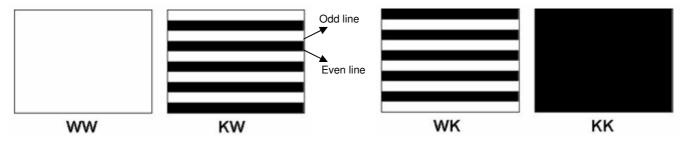
7-1 Notation of measurement.



7-2 Measurement Configuration

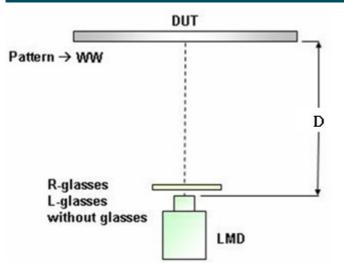
4-test patterns (first character refers to Left eye gray level; second one refers to Right eye gray level).

W is defined as brightness gray level; K is defined as dark state where black and white lines are displayed on even or odd lines.



- 7-3 Measurement of 3D luminance
 - a. Test pattern WW is displayed, measuring distance is 50cm.
 - b. Left or right eyeglass are placed in front of SR3 or equivalent equipment (as FIG1 showed) successively and luminance is measured at panel center point where the notation for luminance measurement is RL(W,W) and LL(W,W).

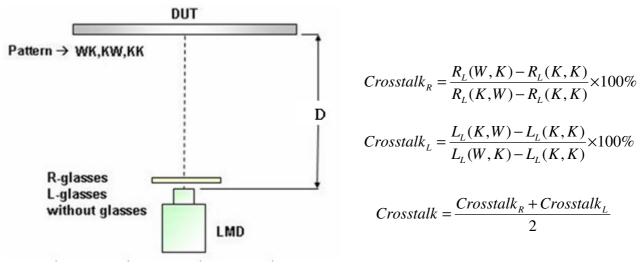




$$3D Lum = \frac{R_L(W,W) + L_L(W,W)}{2}$$

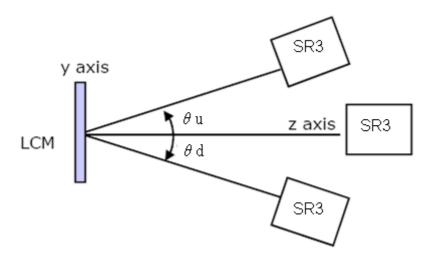
7-4 Measurement of 3D Crosstalk

- a. Test patterns KW, WK and KK are displayed, measuring distance is 2.4m.
- b. Right or left eyeglass is placed in front of SR3 or equivalent equipment (as FIG1 showed) successively and luminance is measured at panel center point



7-5 Measurement of 3D view angle

The angles are determined for the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface and measured at panel center position.





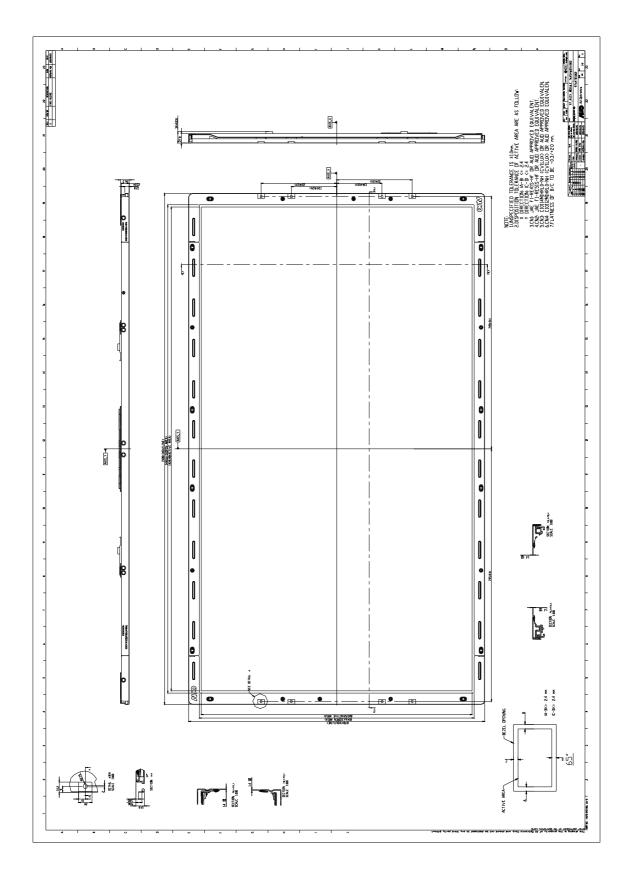
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T645HW05 V0. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	1508.0mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical	878.0mm		
	Depth	12.8mm (thinnest)		
5 10 1	Horizontal	1440.6 mm		
Bezel Opening	Vertical	814.6 mm		
Active Display Area	Horizontal	1428.48 mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	803.52 mm		
Weight	ght 33,000 g (Typ.)			
Surface Treatment	НС, ЗН			



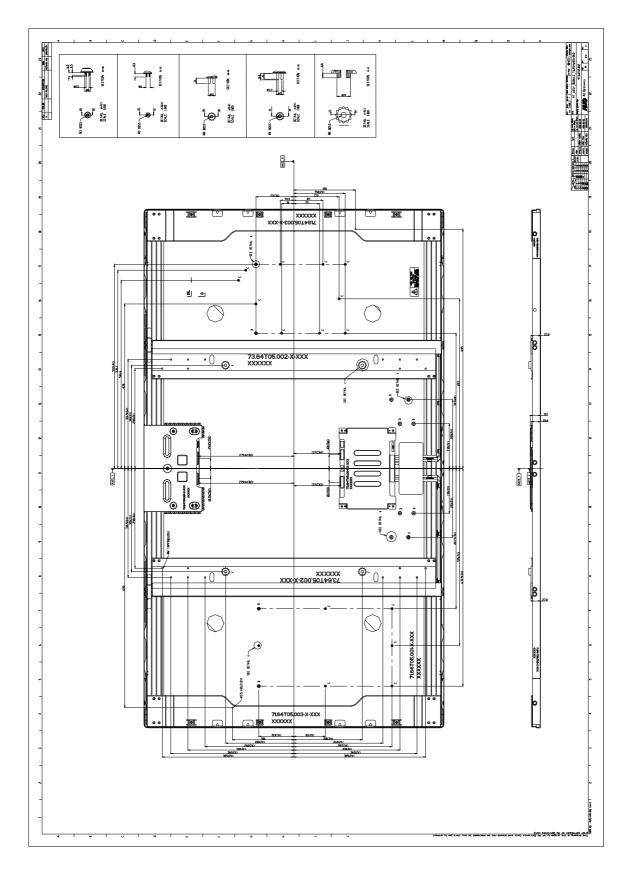
Front View



(tentative)



Back View



(tentative)



6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60℃, 300hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20°C , 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50℃, 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 300hrs
			Wave form : random
			Vibration level : 1.0G RMS
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Bandwidth: 10-300Hz
			Duration: X, Y, Z 10min
			One time for each direction
			Shock level: 30G
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Waveform: half since wave, 11ms
			Direction: $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$, One time each direction
			Random wave (1.05G RMS, 10-200Hz)
7	Vibration test (With carton)	3	10mins/ Per each X,Y,Z axes
			Height: 25.4 cm
8	Drop test (With carton)	3	Direction: Only bottom flat
_	, , , , , ,		(ASTMD4169-I)



7. International Standard

7.1 Safety

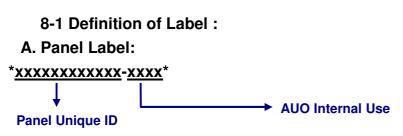
- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1 : 2001, IEC 60065:2001 ; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

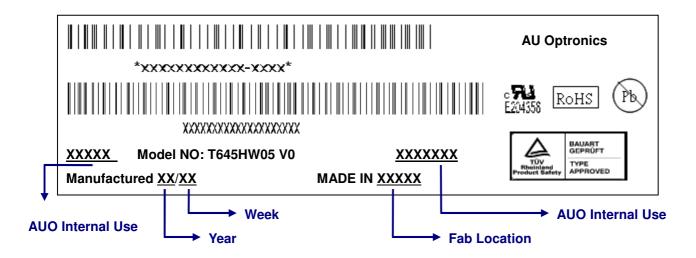
7.2 EMC

- ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



8. Packing



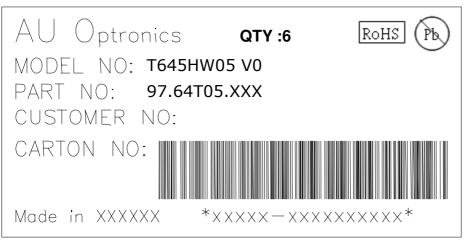


Green mark description

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (Pb) for identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

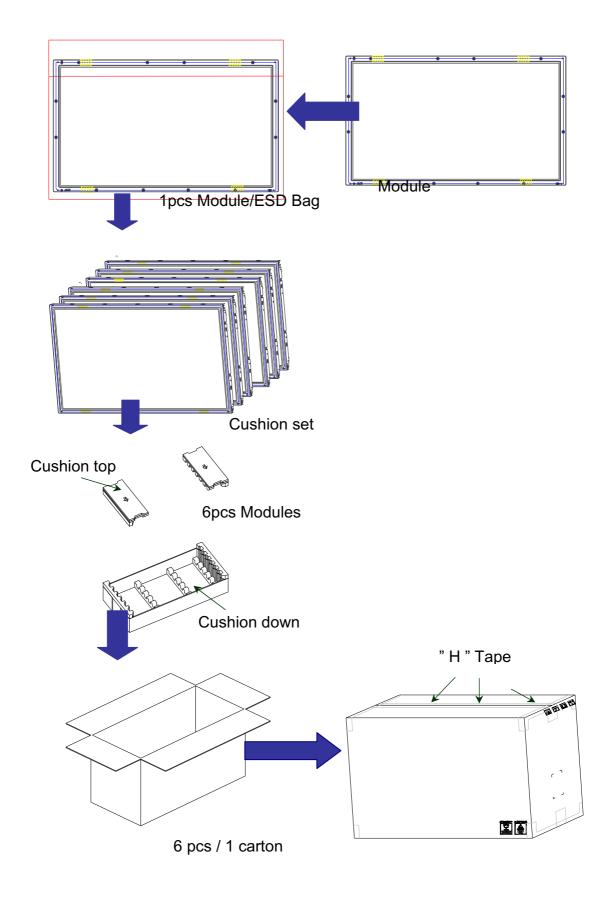
Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

B. Carton Label:





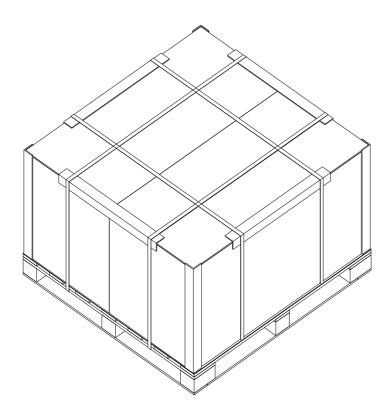
8-2 Packing Methods:





8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information (TBD)

			Specification					
	Item	Qty.	Qty. Dimension Weight (kg)		Remark			
1	Packing Box	6pcs/box	6pcs/box 1634(L)mm*555(W)mm*1035(H)mm 218					
2	Pallet	1	1660(L)mm*1150(W)mm*132(H)mm 20					
3	Boxes per Pallet	2 boxes/Pal	boxes/Pallet (By Air) ; 2 Boxes/Pallet (By Sea)					
4	Panels per Pallet	10 pcs/palle	0 pcs/pallet(By Air) ; 10 pcs/Pallet (By Sea)					
5	Pallet	10 (by Air)	0 (by Air) 1660(L)mm*1150(W)mm*1167(H)mm 456(by Air)					
	after packing 20 (by Sea) 1660(L)mm*1150		1660(L)mm*1150(W)mm*2334(H)mm	912(by Sea)	40ft HQ			





9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall



be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5° C and 35° C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.