

## **TFT LCD Approval Specification**

# **MODEL NO.:** G104V1-T01

Customer:	-
Approved by:	
Note:	

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Approval

#### **REVISION HISTORY**

Version	Date	Section	Description
Ver 2.0	Nov.07. 05	All	G104V1-T01 Specifications was first issued.
Ver 2.1	Aug.09 . 06	2.1	ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT 1.Change the Operation Temp.
			3/26



#### 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 OVERVIEW

G104V1-T01 is an 10.4 inch TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with a 2-CCFL Backlight unit and a-31-pin-and-1ch-TTL interface. This module supports 640 x 480 VGA mode and can display 262,144 colors. The inverter module for Backlight is not built in.

#### **1.2 FEATURES**

- Wide viewing angle.
- High contrast ratio
- Fast response time
- High color saturation
- VGA (640 x 480 pixels) resolution
- Wide operating temperature
- DE (Data Enable) mode
- CMOS/TTL (Transistor Transistor Logic) Interface
- Reversible scan function

#### **1.3 APPLICATION**

- -TFT LCD Monitor
- -TFT LCD TV
- Factory Application
- Amusement
- Vehicle

#### **1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Diagonal Size	264.0 (10.4 inch )	mm	
Active Area	211.2x158.4	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	215.4x161.8	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	640xR.G.B.x480	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.33x0.33	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	262,144	color	-
Display Mode	Normally Black	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard Coating (3H), AG (Haze 25%)	-	-
Weight	470	g	

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

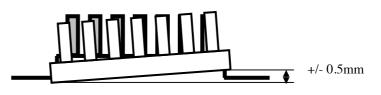


#### 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal(H)	225.0	225.5	226.0	mm	(1)
Module Size	Vertical(V)	175.8	176.3	176.8	mm	(1)
	Depth(D)	-	9.5	10.0	mm	
I/F connector r position	nounting	The mounting in the screen center		(2)		

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Connector mounting position





#### 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

#### 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

No.	Test Item	Test Condition	Note
1	High Temperature Storage Test	80℃, 240 hours	
2	Low Temperature Storage Test	-20°C, 240 hours	
3	Thermal Shock Storage Test	-20°C, 0.5hour↔80°C, 0.5hour; 100cycles, 1hour/cycle	
4	High Temperature Operation Test	70°C, 240 hours	(1) (2)
5	Low Temperature Operation Test	-20°C, 240 hours	
6	High Temperature & High Humidity Operation Test	60℃, RH 90%, 240hours	
7	Heat Cycle Operation Test	-20°C, 1hour $\longleftrightarrow$ 70°C, 1hour; 50cycles, 4hour/cycle	
8	ESD Test (Operation)	150pF, 330Ω, 1sec/cycle Condition 1 : panel contact, ±8KV Condition 2 : panel non-contact ±15KV	(2)
9	Shock (Non-Operating)	220G, 2ms, half sine wave, 1 time for $\pm X$ , $\pm Y$ , $\pm Z$ .	(2)(3)
10	Vibration (Non-Operating)	1.5G, 10 ~ 300 Hz, 10min/cycle, 3 cycles each X, Y, Z	(2)(3)

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

(a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta  $\leq$  40 °C).

(b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).

(c) No condensation.

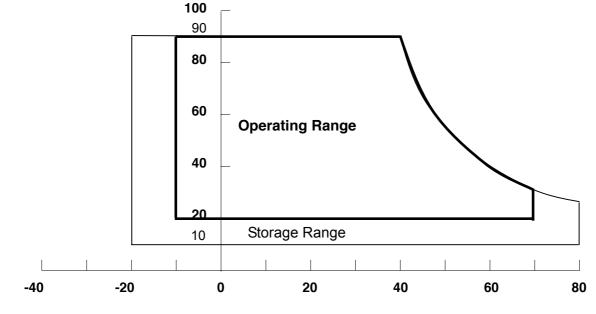
Note (2) No display malfunctions.

Note (4) The temperature of panel display surface area should be 80 °C Max.

Note (3) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.



#### **Relative Humidity (%RH)**



Temperature (°C)

#### 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

#### 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	NOLE
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	6.0	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V	(1)

#### 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol Va		lue	Unit	Note
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Lamp Voltage	VL	-	2.5K	V <sub>RMS</sub>	(1), (2), I <sub>L</sub> = (5.5)mA
Lamp Current	١L	2.0	6.0	mA <sub>RMS</sub>	(1) (2)
Lamp Frequency	FL	45	80	KHz	(1), (2)

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation

should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to 3.2 for further  $I_{L}$  information).



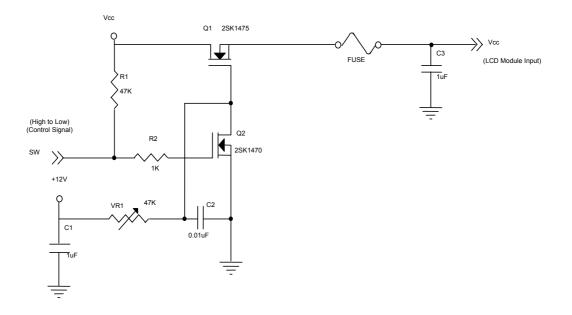
#### **3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

#### 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

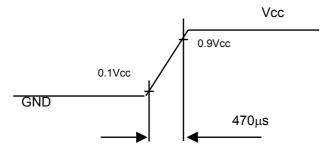
TFT LCD MODULE							Ta = 25 ± 2 °C	
Param	otor	Symbol		Value			Note	
T aram	etei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	NOLE	
Power Supply Voltage	Power Supply Voltage		3.0	3.3 / 5	5.25	V	-	
Ripple Voltage		V <sub>RP</sub>	-	-	100	mV	-	
Rush Current		I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	-	1	Α	(2)	
	White	-	-	420	-	mA	(3)a	
Power Supply Current	Power Supply Current Black		-	380	-	mA	(3)b	
Vertical Stripe		-	-	470	-	mA	(3)c	
Logic input voltage		V <sub>IH</sub>	$0.7V_{CC}$	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V		
		VIL	0	-	$0.3V_{CC}$	V		

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V, Ta = 25 ± 2 °C.

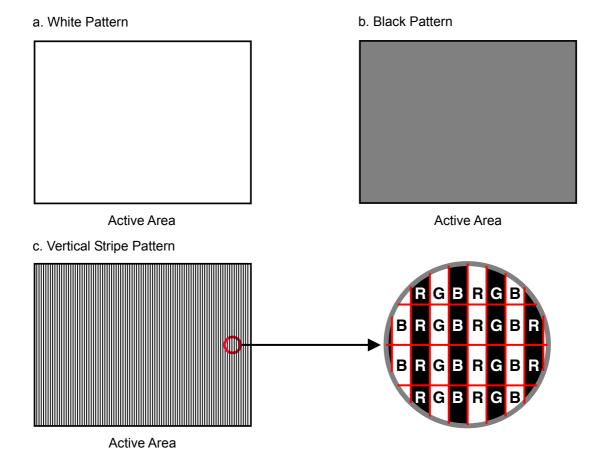








Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 3.3 V, Ta =  $25 \pm 2$  °C,  $f_v = 60$  Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



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#### 3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
rarameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	NOLE
Lamp Input Voltage	VL	440	490	540	V <sub>RMS</sub>	(1), I <sub>L</sub> = (5.5) mA
Lamp Current	١L	2.0	5.5	6.0	mA <sub>RMS</sub>	(1)
Lamp Turn On Voltage	Vs	-	-	770 (25°C)	V <sub>RMS</sub>	(2)
Lamp Turn On Voltage	VS	-	-	960 (0°C)	V <sub>RMS</sub>	(2)
Operating Frequency	FL	45	-	80	KHz	(3)
Lamp Life Time	L <sub>BL</sub>	50,000	-	-	Hrs	(5)
Power Consumption	PL	_	5.39	-	W	(4), I <sub>L</sub> = 5.5 mA

Note (1)  $I_L$  means the lamp current of one lamp.

- Note (2) The voltage shown above should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.
- Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency from the display, and this may cause line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.

Note (4)  $P_L = I_L \times I_L \times 2$ 

- Note (5) The lifetime of lamp can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition Ta = 25  $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C and I<sub>L</sub> = (5.5) mArms until one of the following events occurs:
  - (a) When the brightness becomes or lower than 50% of its original value.
  - (b) When the effective ignition length becomes or lower than 80% of its original value. (Effective ignition length is defined as an area that has less than 70% brightness compared to the brightness in the center point.)
- Note (6) The waveform of the voltage output of inverter must be area-symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. The performance of the Backlight, such as lifetime or brightness, is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. All the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed to avoid producing too much current leakage from high voltage output of the inverter. When designing or ordering the inverter please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the Backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. If the above situation is confirmed, the module should be operated in the same manners when it is installed in your instrument.

The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.

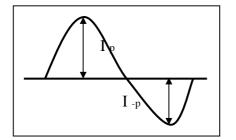
Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a

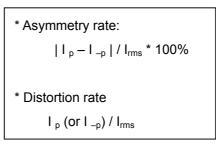
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better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce its leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be 10% below;
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within  $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$ ;
  - c. The ideal sine wave form shall be symmetric in positive and negative polarities.

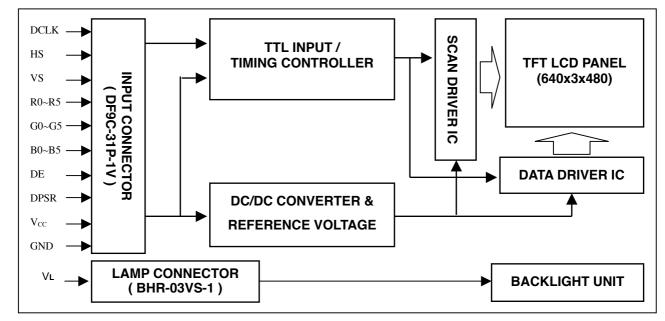




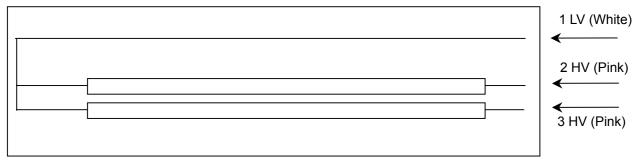


#### 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



#### 4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT





#### 5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

#### 5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Name	Description
1	GND	Ground
2	DCLK	Dot clock
3	HS	Horizontal synchronous
4	VS	Vertical synchronous
5	GND	Ground
6	R0	Red data (LSB)
7	R1	Red data
8	R2	Red data
9	R3	Red data
10	R4	Red data
11	R5	Red data (MSB)
12	GND	Ground
13	G0	Green data (LSB)
14	G1	Green data
15	G2	Green data
16	G3	Green data
17	G4	Green data
18	G5	Green data (MSB)
19	GND	Ground
20	B0	Blue data (LSB)
21	B1	Blue data
22	B2	Blue data
23	B3	Blue data
24	B4	Blue data
25	B5	Blue data (MSB)
26	GND	Ground
27	DE	Data enable signal
28	Vcc	Power supply
29	Vcc	Power supply
30	N.C.	Reserved, please keep it floating.
31	DPSR	Selection of scan direction

Note (1) Connector Part No.: DF 9C-31P-1V or equivalent.



#### 5.2 SCANNING DIRECTION

The following figures are seen from a front view and the arrow shows the direction of scan.

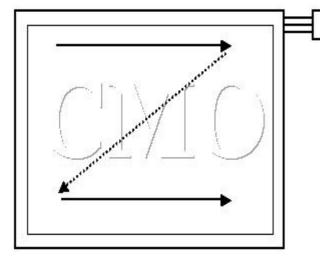


Figure1.Normal scan (DPSR : Low or Open )

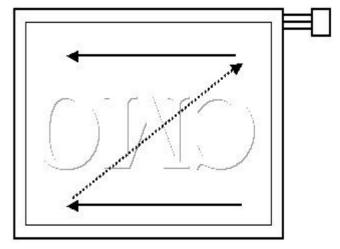


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPSR : High )

#### 5.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Pin	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	LV	Ground	White
2	HV1	High Voltage	Pink
3	HV2	High Voltage	Pink

Note (1) Connector Part No.: BHR-03VS-1 ( J.S.T Mfg,Co,Ltd )



#### 5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

		Data Signal																	
	Color	Red				Green				Blue									
	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В5	B4	В3	B2	B1	В0	
Basic Colors	Black Red Green Blue Cyan Magenta Yellow White	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 1 0
Gray Scale Of Red	Red(0) / Dark Red(1) Red(2) : Red(61) Red(62) Red(63)	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1	0 1 0 : 1 0 1	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0
Gray Scale Of Green	Green(0) / Dark Green(1) Green(2) : Green(61) Green(62) Green(63)	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1	0 1 : : 1 0 1	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0
Gray Scale Of Blue	Blue(0) / Dark Blue(1) Blue(2) : Blue(61) Blue(62) Blue(63)	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1	0 1 0 : 1 0

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



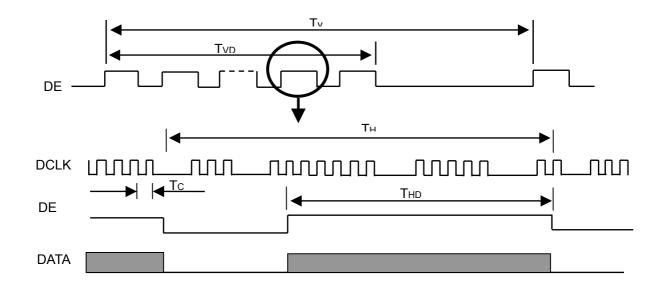
#### 6. INTERFACE TIMING

#### 6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Dot Clock	Frequency	Fc	21	25.175	29	MHz	-
	Duty		0.4	0.5	0.6		
Det Dete	Setup Time	Tlvs	8	-	-	ns	-
Dot Data	Hold Time	Tlvh	12	-	-	ns	-
	Frame Rate	Fr	-	60	-	Hz	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
Vertical Active Display Term	Total	Τv	-	800	-	Th	-
Ventical Active Display Term	Display	Tvd	640	640	640	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	-	160	Tv-Tvd	Th	-
	Total	Th	-	525	-	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display	Thd	480	480	480	Tc	-
	Blank	Thb	-	45	Th-Thd	Tc	-

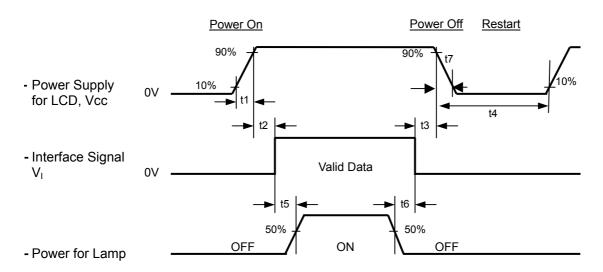
#### **INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM**





#### 6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Timing Specifications:

 $0.5 < t1 \leq 10 \text{ ms}$   $0 < t2 \leq 50 \text{ ms}$   $0 < t3 \leq 50 \text{ ms}$   $t4 \geq 500 \text{ ms}$   $t5 \geq 200 \text{ ms}$  $t6 \geq 200 \text{ ms}$ 

Note (1) Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

- Note (2) When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply of LCD Vcc to 0 V.
- Note (3) The Backlight inverter power must be turned on after the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is valid. The Backlight inverter power must be turned off before the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is invalid.



#### 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit			
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	°C			
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH			
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	3.3	V			
Input Signal	According to typical v	alue in "3. ELECTRICAL	CHARACTERISTICS"			
Lamp Current	ΙL	5.5	mA <sub>RMS</sub>			
Inverter Operating Frequency	FL	61	KHz			
Inverter	(Sumida IV40090T/B2)					

Note (1)  $I_L$  means the lamp current of one lamp.

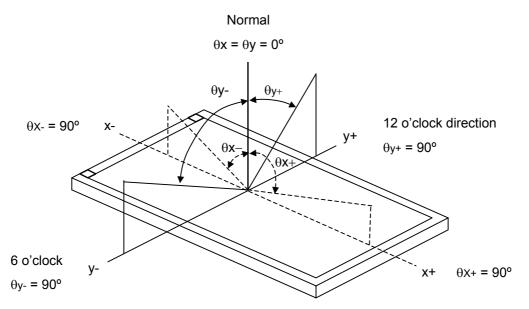
#### 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

Iter	n	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Red	Rx			0.626			
	Reu	Ry			0.348		-	
	Green	Gx			0.303			
Color	Gleen	Gy		Тур –	0.563	Typ +		(1) (6)
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx		0.03	0.145	0.03		(1), (6)
	Diue	Ву	θ <sub>x</sub> =0°, θ <sub>Y</sub> =0°		0.105			
	White	Wx			0.319			
		Wy			0.338			
Center Luminan	ce of White	L <sub>c</sub>		400	450	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	(4), (6)
Contrast Ratio		CR		1000	1500	-	-	(2), (6)
Response Time		T <sub>R</sub>		-	14	19 Ms 14 Ms		(2)
Response nine		T <sub>F</sub>		-	9			(3)
White Variation		δW		-	1.25	1.40	-	(5)
	Horizontal	$\theta_x$ +		80	88	-		
Viewing Angle	HUHZUHIAI	θ <sub>x</sub> -	CR ≧ 10	80	88	-	Dea	(1)
	Vertical	θ <b></b> +		80	88	-	Deg.	(1),
	vertical	θγ-		80	88	-		

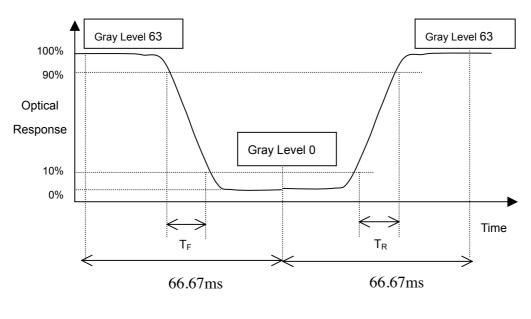


#### Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta x, \theta y$ ):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR): The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression. Contrast Ratio (CR) = L63 / L0 L63: Luminance of gray level 63 L 0: Luminance of gray level 0 CR = CR (5) CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (5).

#### Note (3) Definition of Response Time $(T_R, T_F)$ and measurement method:.





Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L<sub>C</sub>):

Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at center point

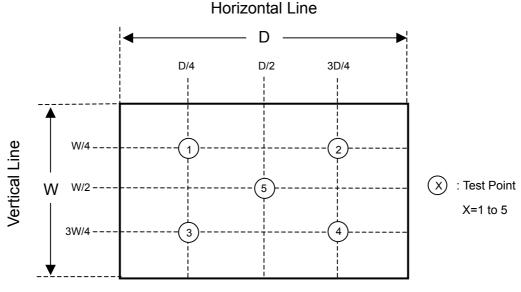
 $L_{\rm C} = L(5)$ 

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (5).

Note (5) Definition of White Variation ( $\delta W$ ):

Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 5 points

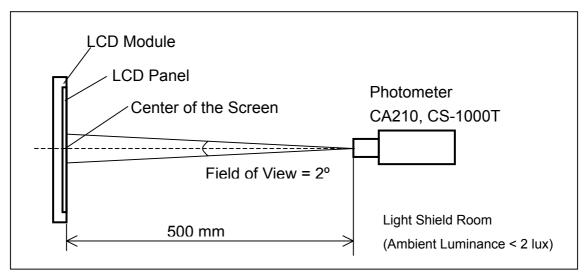
δW = Maximum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)] / Minimum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)]





Note (6) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.



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#### 8. PACKAGING

- **8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS** 
  - (1) 30 LCD modules / 1 Box
  - (2) Box dimensions: 500(L) X 400(W) X 330(H) mm
  - (3) Weight: approximately 15.5Kg (30 modules per box)

#### 8.2 PACKING METHOD

(1) Carton Packing should have no failure in the following reliability test items.

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note		
Vibration	ISTA STANDARD			
	Random, Frequency Range: 1 - 200 Hz			
	Top & Bottom: 30 minutes (+Z), 10 min (-Z),			
	Right & Left: 10 minutes (X)			
	Back & Forth 10 minutes (Y)			
Dropping Test	1 Angle, 3 Edge, 6 Face, 60cm	Non Operation		

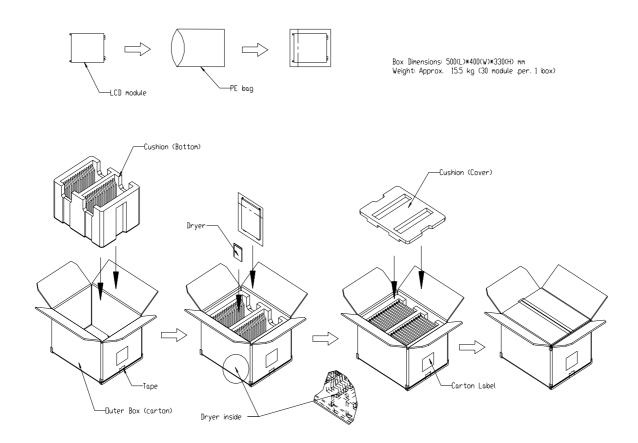
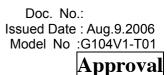


Figure. 8-1 Packing method





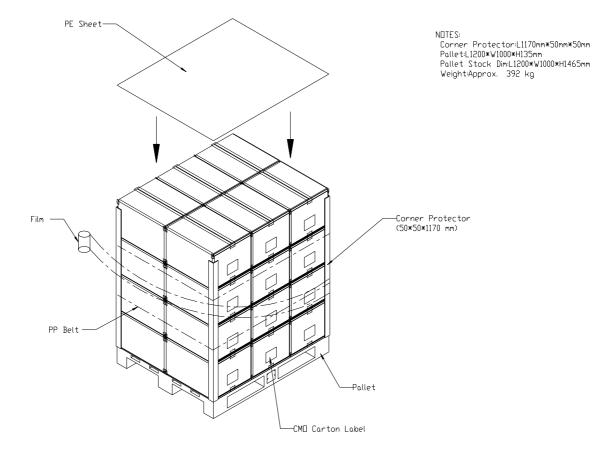


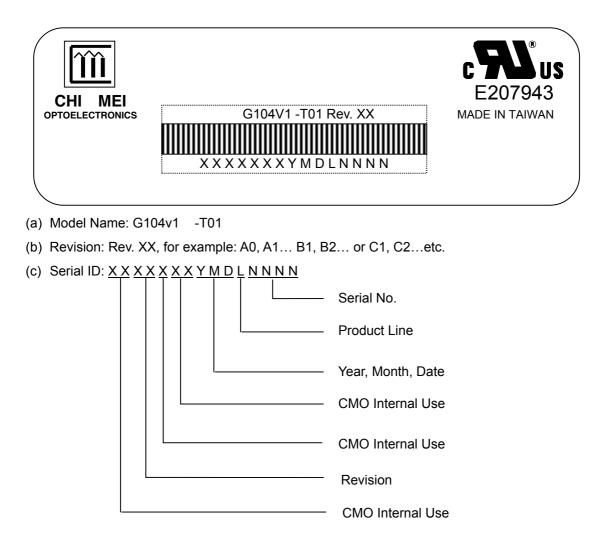
Figure. 8-2 Packing method



#### 9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

#### 9.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2000~2009

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for  $1^{st}$  to  $31^{st}$ , exclude I ,O, and U.

- (b) Revision Code: Cover all the change
- (c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product
- (d) Product Line: 1 -> Line1, 2 -> Line 2, ...etc.



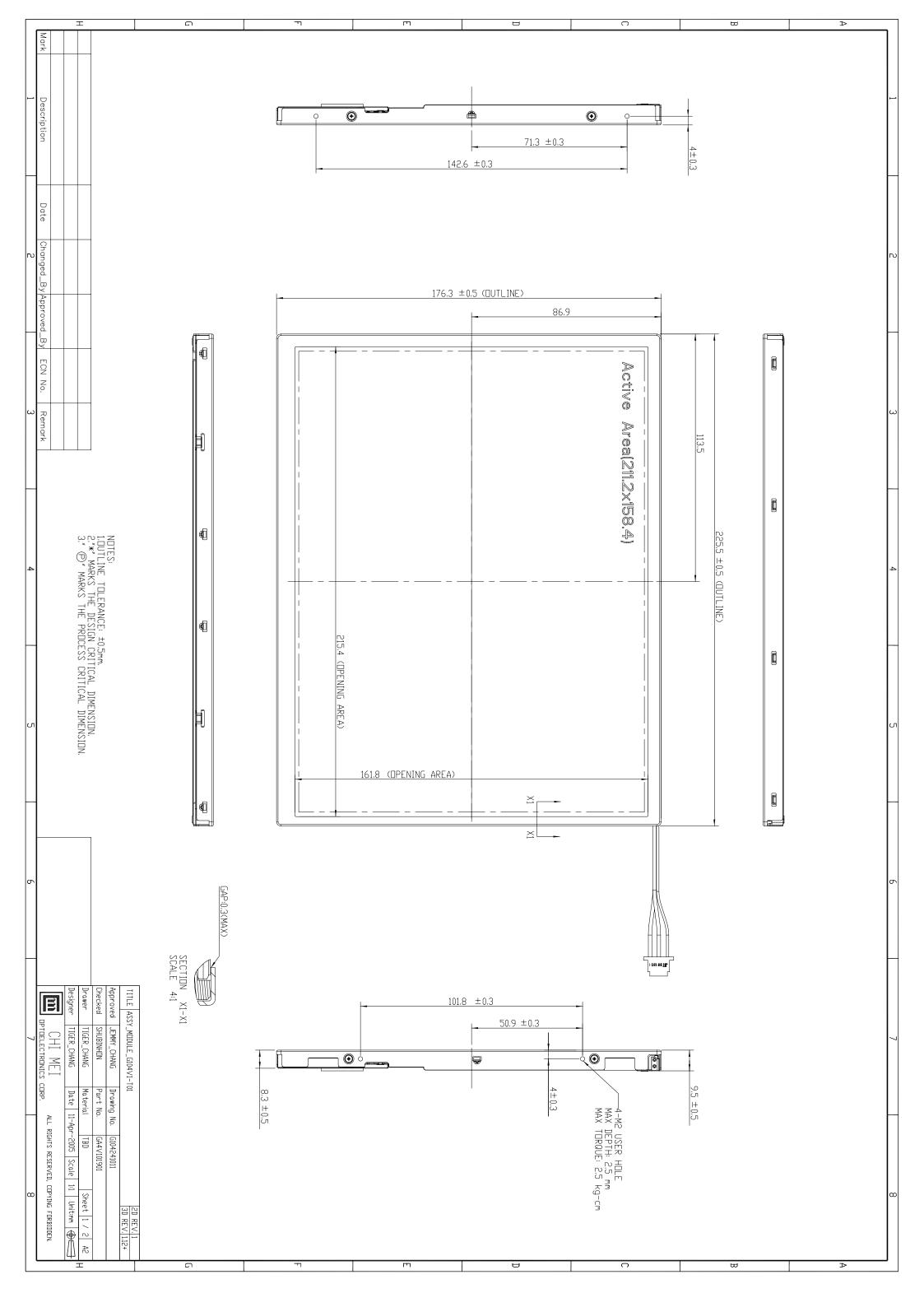
#### 10. PRECAUTIONS

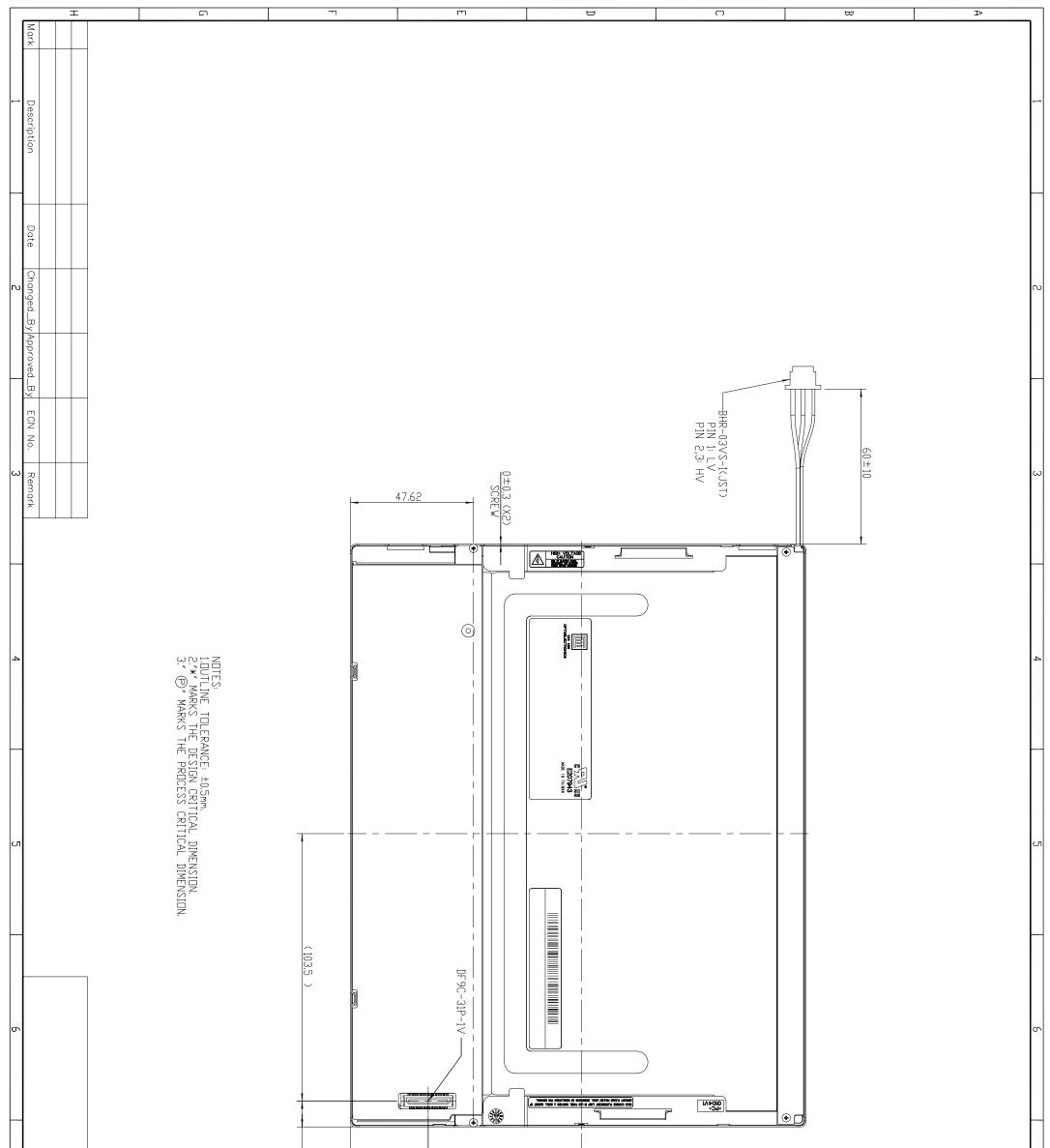
#### 10.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than room temperature.

#### **10.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

- (1) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.





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8	-TO1 -TO1 Drawing No. G104241011 Part No. GA4V101901 Material TBD Date 11-Apr-2005 Scale 1:1 Unitimm • 42 ALL RIGHTS RESERVED, COPYING FORBIDDEN.			IJ	0	₩	8
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