

# **Product Specifications**

Customer		
Description	4.3" TFT LCD Panel (FOG)	
Model Name	LR430LC6001	
Date	2009/02/11	1
Doc. No.		7
Revision	A	

Customer Approval

Date		

The above signature represents that the product specifications, testing regulation, and warranty in the specifications are accepted

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Check	Date	Prepared	Date
Jessie Chu	2009.02.11	Phoebe Huang	2009.02.11



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# **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

A 2009/02/11 all New Creation	
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## 1. SUMMARY

LR430LC6001 is a transmissive type color active matrix liquid crystal display (LCD) which uses amorphous thin film transistor (TFT) as switching devices. This product is composed of TFT LCD panel, driver ICs, FPC. The following table described the features of LR430LC6001.

## 2. FEATURES

High Resolution: 391,680 Dots (480 RGB x 272).

Application: Portable Navigation

PMP (Personal Multimedia Player), MP4 application product

**DVB-S** 

## 3. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter		Specifications 2	Unit
Screen Size		4.3(Diagonal)	inch
Display Format		480 RGB x 272	Dot
Active Area		95.04(H) x 53.856(V)	mm
Pixel Pitch		0.198(H) x 0.198(V)	mm
Surface Treatment		Anti-glare Anti-glare	
Pixel Configuration		RGB-Stripe	
Outline Dimension		102.04(W) x 63.006(H) x 1.43(D) (Without FPC Dimension)	mm
Polarizer		EWV Film	
Weight		19.7+/-2	g
View Angle Direction		6 o'clock	
	Operation	-20~70	$^{\circ}$ C
Temperature Range	Storage	-30~80	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$

# 4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Val	ues	Unit	Condition
item	Зуньон	Min.	Max.	0111	Condition
Power Voltage	VCC	0.3	5.0	>	
Logic Input Signal	Vin	-0.3	VCC+0.3	V	
Logic Output Signal	Vout	-0.3	VCC+0.3	V	

Note: Device is subject to be damaged permanently if stresses beyond those absolute maximum ratings bove.

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## 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# 5.1. Operating conditions:

Item	Symbol		Values		Unit	Remark
lieni	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oilit	nemark
Power Supply	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Operating Current	ICC	-	15	-	mA	Black pattern
Frame frequency	fFrame	-	60	-	Hz	
Dot Data Clock	CLK	-	9.0	15	MHz	
Power Consumption	PLCD	-	49.5	-	mW	Black pattern

## 6. DC CHARATERISTICS

Doromotor	Cymbal		Rating	<b>g</b>	l lmi+	Condition
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Low level input voltage	$V_{IL}$	0	-	0.3*VCC	V .<	y day
Hight level input voltage	$V_{IH}$	0.7*VCC	-	VCC	V	
			S = 5			



# 7. Timing CHARATERISTICS 7.1 DC Timing Characteristics

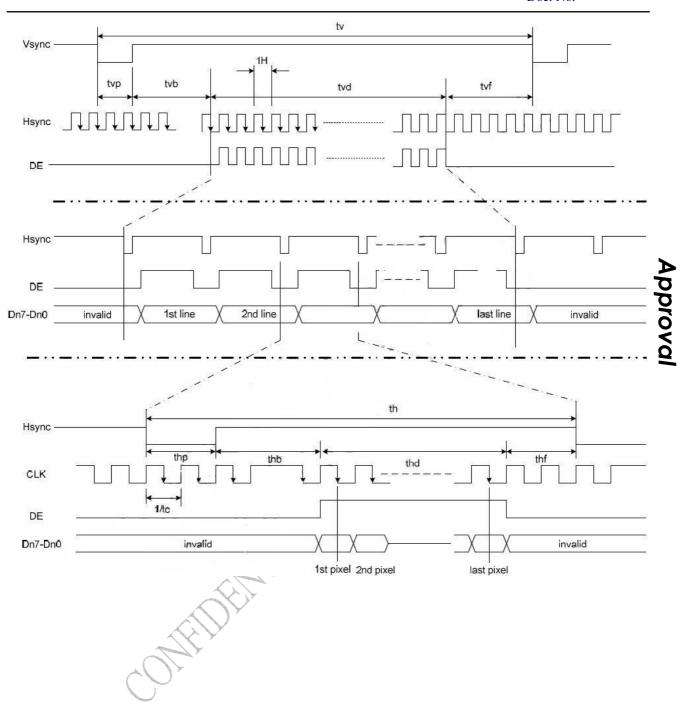
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
CLK	Frequency	CLK	-	9.0	15	MHZ	
	Period	TH	-	525	-	DCLK	(1)
	Pulse Width	Thp	2	41	-	DCLK	(2)
Hsync	Back-Porch	Thb	2	-	-	DCLK	(2)
	Display Period	Thd	-	480	-	DCLK	
	Front-Porch	Thf	2	-	-	DCLK	(2)
	Period	Tv	-	286	-	TH	
	Pulse Width	Tvp	1	10	-6	TH	
Vsync	Back-Porch	Tvb	1	2	C C	TH	
	Display Period	Tvd	-	272	7-	TH	
	Front-Porch	Tvf	1	2	-	TH	

Note1: Thd=480 CLK, Thf=2 CLK, Thp= 41 CLK, Thb=2 CLK

525 CLK= 480 + 2 + 41 + 2 (CLK)

Note2: Thf+ Thp+ Thb >44



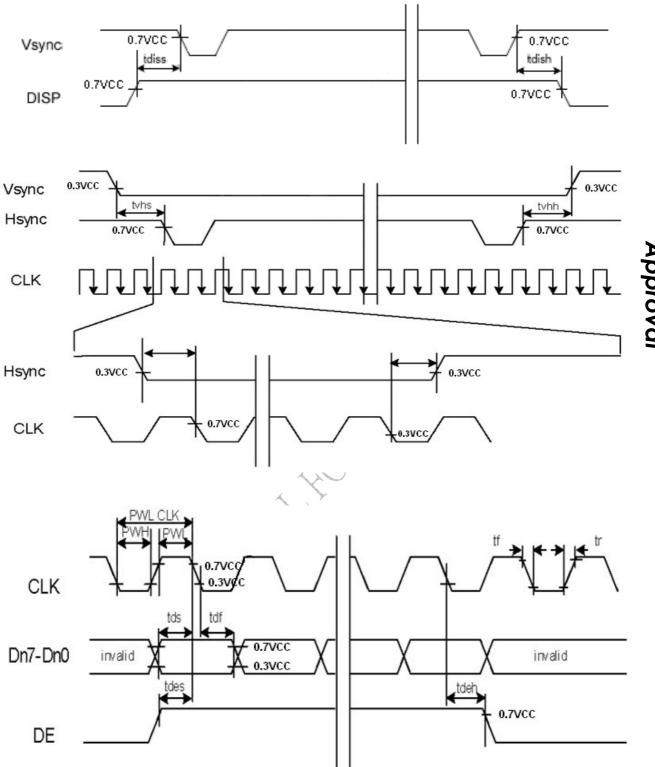


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# 7.2 AC Timing Characteristics

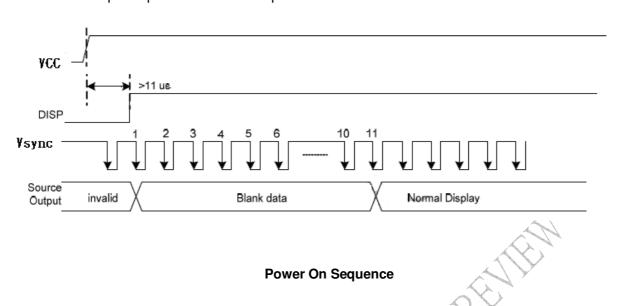
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Symbol		Spec.		Unit
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	DISP setup time	tdiss	10			ns
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	DISP hold time	<b>t</b> dish	10			ns
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Clock period	PW <sub>CLK</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	66.7	-	-	ns
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		PWH <sup>(2)</sup>	26.7	-	-	ns
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Clock pulse low period	PWL(2)	26.7	-	-	ns
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Hsync setup time	t <sub>hs</sub>	10	-	-	ns
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Hsync hold time	t <sub>hh</sub>	10	-	-	ns
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		t <sub>ds</sub>	10	-	- (	ns
DE hold time t deh 10 Vsync setup time t vhs 10	Data hold time	t <sub>dh</sub>	10	-		ns
Vsync setup time t vhs 10	DE setup time	t des	10	-		ns
	DE hold time	t <sub>deh</sub>	10	<u>-</u>		ns
Vsync hold time t vhh 10	Vsync setup time	t <sub>vhs</sub>	10	- 🛇	-	ns
	Vsync hold time	t <sub>vhh</sub>	10		<del>-</del>	ns
			,	N. W.		

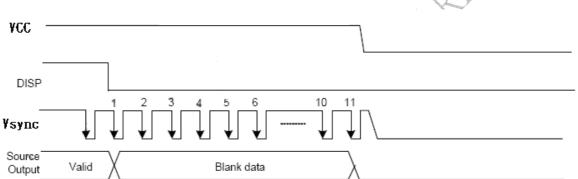




# 7.3 Power Sequence

The LCD panel power ON/OFF sequence is as below.





Power Off Sequence

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# 8. OPTICAL CHARATERISTIC (Light Source :CHE'S 4.3"BLU, For reference only)

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Transmittance					(6.1)		%	(1)
Response time		TR	Θ=0	ı	15	ı	ms	(4)(6)
		TF	<b>U</b> =0	ı	15	ı	ms	(4)(6)
Contrast ratio		CR	At optimized viewing angle	(450)	(550)	-	-	(5)
Color	White	Wx	Θ=0	(0.26)	(0.31)	(0.36)		(3)(7)(8)
Chromaticity		Wy	(0.28)	(0.33)	(0.38)	_	(3)(1)(0)	
Viewing Angle	Hor.	ΘR	CR≧10	(50)	(70)	ı	, A	
		ΘL		(50)	(70)	-		(2)
	Ver.	φΤ		(40)	(55)	-		(2)
		φВ		(50)	(70)	-	01/1	

Ta=25±2°C,

Note 1: Transmittance is base on C light and normal polarizer.

Note 2: Definition of viewing angle range

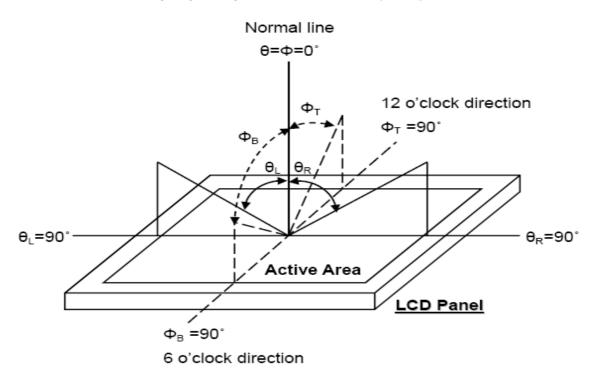


Fig. 8-1 Definition of viewing angle

Note 3: Test equipment setup:

After stabilizing and leaving the panel alone at a driven temperature for 10 minutes, the measurement should be executed. Measurement should be executed in a stable, windless, and dark room. Optical specifications are measured by Topcon BM-7 luminance meter 1.0° field of view at a distance of 50cm and normal direction.

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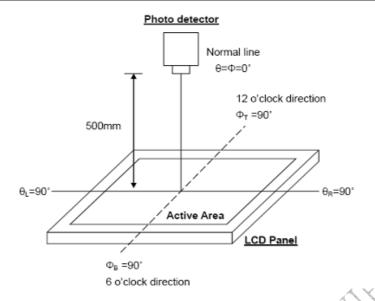
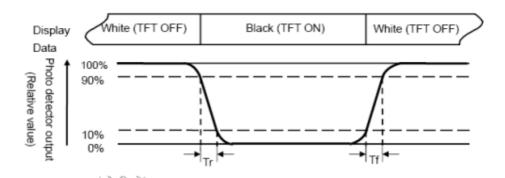


Fig. 8-2 Optical measurement system setup

Note 4: Definition of Response time:

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time, Tr, is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time, Tf, is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.



Note 5: Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following expression.

Contrast ratio (CR)=

Luminance measured when LCD on the "White" state

Luminance measured when LCD on the "Black" state

Note 6: White  $Vi = V_{i50} \pm 1.5V$ Black  $V = V_{i50} \pm 2.0V$ 

"±" means that the analog input signal swings in phase with VCOM signal.

"±" means that the analog input signal swings out of phase with VCOM signal.

The 100% transmission is defined as the transmission of LCD panel when all the input terminals of module are electrically opened.

Note 7: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE 1931) Color coordinates measured at the center point of LCD

Note 8: Measured at the center area of the panel when all the input terminals of LCD panel are electrically opened.

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# 9. INTERFACE

# 9.1. LCM PIN Definition

Pin	Symbol	I/O	Function	Remark
1	NC	I	No Connect	
2	NC	I	No Connect	
3	GND	I	Ground	
4	VCC	I	Power Supply (+3.3 V)	
5	R0	I	Red Data Bit0 (LSB)	
6	R1	I	Red Data Bit1	A Common of the
7	R2	I	Red Data Bit2	
8	R3	_	Red Data Bit3	
9	R4	_	Red Data Bit4	
10	R5	_	Red Data Bit5	
11	R6	-	Red Data Bit6	
12	R7	I	Red Data Bit7 (MSB)	
13	G0	-	Green Data Bit0 (LSB)	
14	G1	I	Green Data Bit1	
15	G2	I	Green Data Bit2	
16	G3	I	Green Data Bit3	
17	G4	I	Green Data Bit4	
18	G5	I	Green Data Bit5	
19	G6	I	Green Data Bit6	
20	G7	1	Green Data Bit7 (MSB)	
21	В0	K	Blue Data Bit0 (LSB)	
22	B1	X	Blue Data Bit1	
23	B2	) I	Blue Data Bit2	
24	B3	I	Blue Data Bit3	
25	B4	I	Blue Data Bit4	
26	B5	I	Blue Data Bit5	
27	B6	- 1	Blue Data Bit6	
28	B7	I	Blue Data Bit7 (MSB)	
29	GND	I	Ground	
30	CLK	I	Dot Data Clock	
31	DISP	Ι	Display On/Off	Note 1
32	Hsync	I	Horizontal Sync Input	
33	Vsync	I	Vertical Sync Input	
34	DE	I	Data Enable Control	Note 2

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35	NC	I	No Connect	
36	GND	I	Ground	
37	NC	I	No Connect	
38	NC	I	No Connect	
39	NC	I	No Connect	
40	NC	I	No Connect	

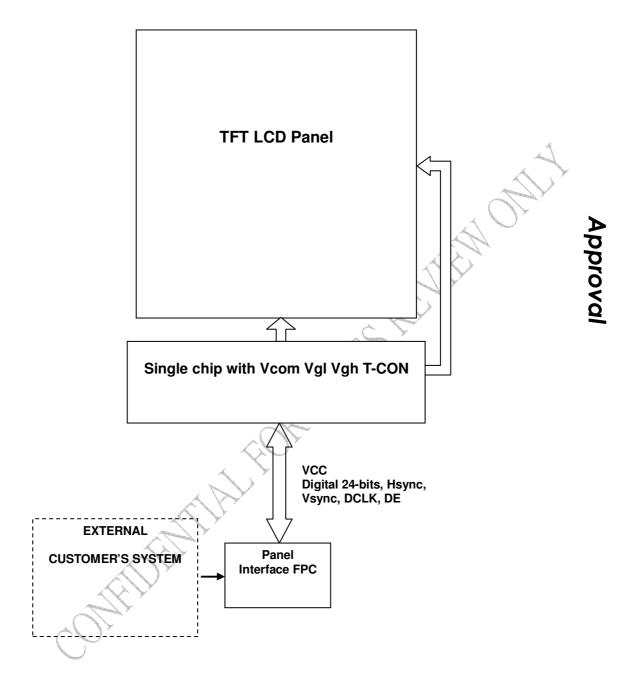
Note1: During set to DISP=" H ", input data are valid. During set to DISP=" L ", input data are invalid and white display data is written to data register automatically. alent type.

Note2: DE=" H ": data can be access, DE=" L ": data cannot be access

Note3: Recommended connector type: Hirose FH12 series or equivalent type.

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# 10. BLOCK DIAGRAM



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## 11. QUALITY ASSURANCE

No.	Test Items	Test Condition	REMARK
1	High Temperature Storage Test	Ta=80°C Dry 240h	
2	Low Temperature Storage Test	Ta=-30°C Dry 240h	
3	High Temperature Operation Test	Ta=70°C Dry 240h	
4	Low Temperature Operation Test	Ta=-20°C Dry 240h	
5	High Temperature and High Humidity Operation Test	Ta=60℃ 90%RH 240h	
6	Electro Static Discharge Test	Panel surface / FPC input Contact / Air: ±200V machine mode, 150pF, 330Ω	Non-operating
9	Thermal Shock Test	-30°C (0.5Hr) ~ +80°C (0.5Hr) for 100 cycles	

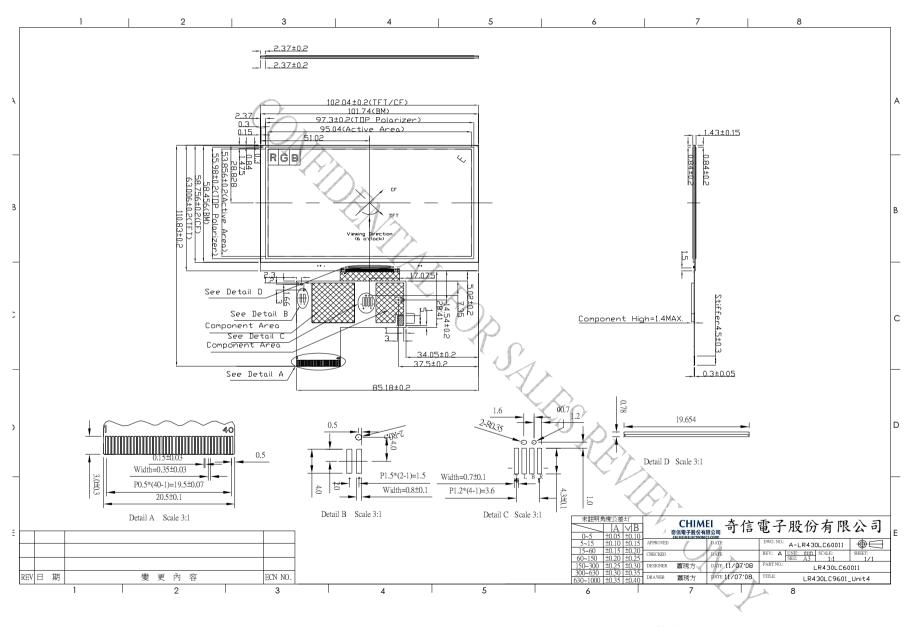
Note1: The test samples have recovery time for 4 hours at room temperature before the function check. In the standard conditions, there is no display function NG issue occurred.

Note2: All the cosmetic specifications are judged before the reliability stress.

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12. OUTLINE DRAWING

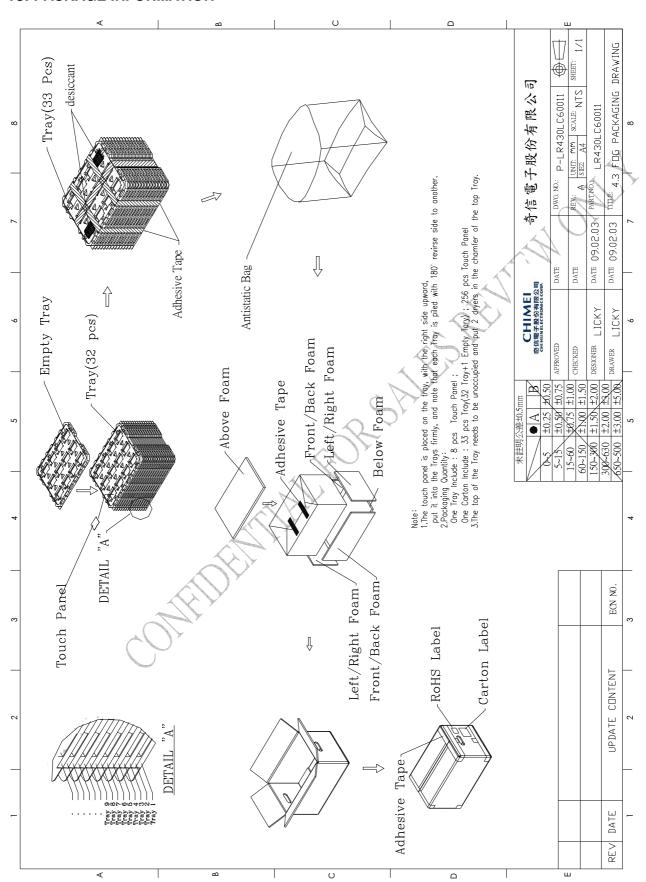
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**Approval** 



# 13. PACKAGE INFORMATION



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#### 14. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the following when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 14.1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module.
  - And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach a transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not describe because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with adsorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

### 14.2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower)
  And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.

## 14.3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

### 14.4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 14.5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5℃ and 35℃ at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended

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that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

### 14.6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. Is apt to remain on the polarizer. Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

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