



TFT LCD Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: M185B1-L07

Customer:	
Approved by:	
Note:	

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REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Section	Description
Version Ver 2.0 Ver 2.1	Date Jul,01, 09' Aug,11, 09'	3.1 3.3 6.1 12	M185B1-L07 Approval specification was first issued. Revised TFT LCD Module-Ripple Voltage Revised Backlight Unit-Lamp Current Revised Input Signal Timing Specifications Revised Mechanical Characteristics-Drawing Notes



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1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

M185B1-L07 is a 18.5" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with 2 CCFL Backlight unit and 30pin 1ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1366 x 768 WXGA mode and can display up to 16.7M colors. The inverter module for Backlight is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- Contrast ratio 700:1
- Response time 5ms.
- Brightness 200nits
- Color saturation NTSC 72%.
- WXGA (1366 x 768 pixels) resolution.
- DE (Data Enable) only mode.
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface.
- RoHS compliance.

1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD Monitor

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	409.8 (H) × 230.4(V) (18.5" diagonal)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	413.4(H) x 234 (V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1366 x R.G.B. x 768	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.3 (H) x 0.3 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7M	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally White	-	-
Surface Treatment	Glare type, 3H hard coating	-	-
Module Power Consumption	15.21	Watt	(2)

1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Ite	Item		Item Min. Typ.		Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal(H)	429.87	430.37	430.87	mm		
Module Size	Vertical(V)	254.1	254.6	255.1	mm	(1)	
	Depth(D)	9.8	10.5	11	mm		
We	ight	-	1430	1480	g	-	

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Please refer to sec. 3.1 & 3.2 in this document for more information of power consumption.





2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

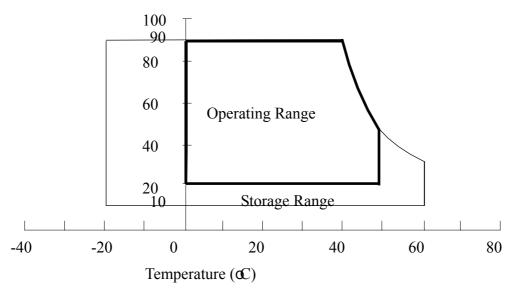
Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic		
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	60	°C	(1)	
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{OP}	0	50	°C	(1), (2)	
Shock (Non-Operating)	S _{NOP}	-	50	G	(3), (5)	
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V_{NOP}	-	1.5	G	(4), (5)	

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta \leq 40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.

Note (2) The temperature of panel display surface area should be 0 °C Min. and 60 °C Max.

Relative Humidity (%RH)

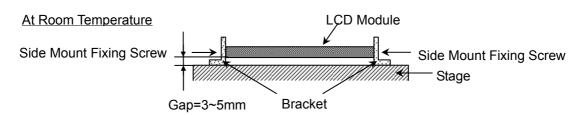


Note (3) 50G,11ms, half sine wave, 1 time for \pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z.

Note (4) 10 ~ 300 Hz, 10min/cycle, 3 cycles each X, Y, Z.

Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

The fixing condition is shown as below:





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2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol Valu		lue	Unit	Note
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	+6.0	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	Vlogic	-0.3	2.7	V	

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note
Lamp Voltage	V_L	-	2.5K	V_{RMS}	(1), (2), $I_L = 8.0 \text{mA}$
Lamp Current	ΙL	2.0	8.0	mA _{RMS}	(1) (2)
Lamp Frequency	F∟	40	80	KHz	(1), (2)

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to 3.2 for further information).





3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

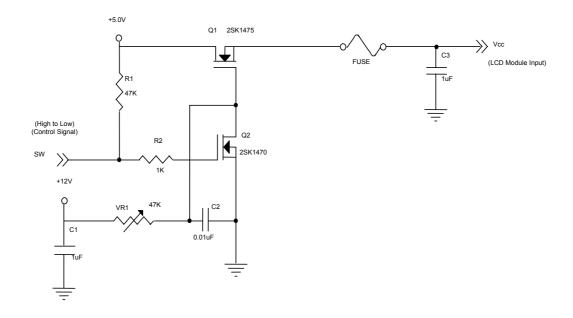
3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

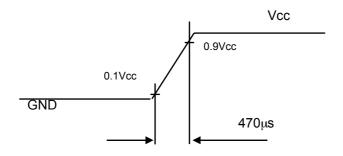
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Power Supply	/ Voltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	-
Ripple Vo	ltage	V_{RP}	-	-	300	mV	-
Power on Rus	h Current	I _{RUSH}	-	-	3	Α	(2)
	White		-	0.44	0.6	Α	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black	lcc	-	0.59	0.9	Α	(3)b
	Vertical Stripe		-	0.61	0.9	Α	(3)c
Power Consumption(wit	hout Backlight Unit)	PLCD	-	3.05	4.5	Watt	(4)
LVDS differential input voltage		Vid	100	-	600	mV	
LVDS common input voltage		Vic	-	1.2	-	V	
Logic High Input Voltage		VIH	2.0	=	2.7	V	
Logic Low Inpo	ut Voltage	VIL	-	-	0.5	V	

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2) Power on rush current Measurement Conditions:



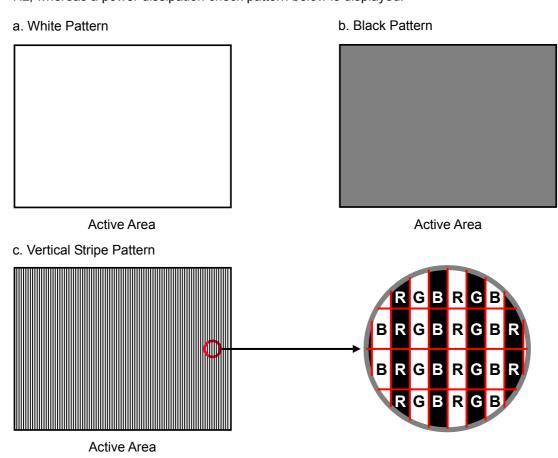
Vcc rising time is 470µs





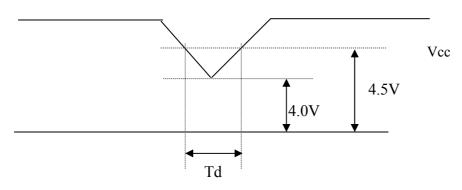


Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 5.0 V, Ta = 25 ± 2 °C, $f_v = 60$ Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



Note (4) The power consumption is specified at the pattern with the maximum current.

3.2 Vcc Power Dip Condition:



Dip condition: 4.0*V* : *Vcc* : 4.5*V*, *Td* : 20*ms*



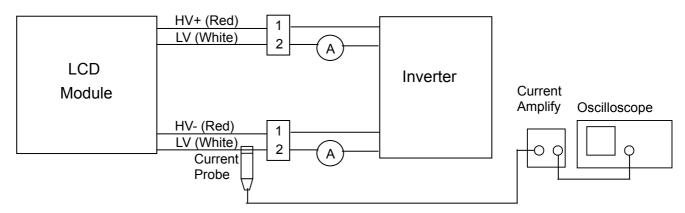


3.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note	
i arameter	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Lamp Input Voltage	V_{L}		760	836	V_{RMS}	$I_{L} = 8.0 \text{ mA}$	
Lamp Current	L	2.0	8.0	8.5	mA_{RMS}	(1)	
Lamp Turn On Voltage	V_{S}			1680(0°C)	V_{RMS}	(2)	
				1460(25°C)	V_{RMS}	(2)	
Operating Frequency	F_L	40		80	KHz	(3)	
Lamp Life Time	L_BL	50000			Hrs	$(5), I_L = 8.0 \text{mA}$	
Power Consumption	P_{L}		12.16		W	(4) , $I_L = 8.0 \text{ mA}$	

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by current amplify & oscilloscope as shown below:



Measure equipment:

Current Amplify: Tektronix TCPA300 Current probe: Tektronix TCP312 Oscilloscope: TDS3054B

- Note (2) The voltage that must be larger than Vs should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise, the lamp may not be turned on normally. It is the value output voltage of NF circuit.
- Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronization frequency from the display, which might cause line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronization frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.
- Note (4) $P_L = I_L \times V_L \times 2$ (for 2 lamps)
- Note (5) The lifetime of lamp can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition Ta = 25 ± 2 °C and (I_L = 8.0 mArms)until one of the following events occurs:
 - (a) When the brightness becomes \leq 50% of its original value.
 - (b) When the effective ignition length becomes \leq 80% of its original value.

(The effective ignition length is a scope that luminance is over 80% of that at the center point.)

Note (6) The waveform of the voltage output of inverter must be area-symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. The performance of the Backlight,



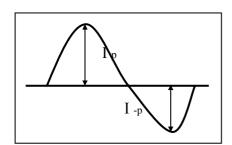
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such as lifetime or brightness, is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. All the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed to avoid producing too much current leakage from high voltage output of the inverter. When designing or ordering the inverter please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the Backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. If the above situation is confirmed, the module should be operated in the same manners when it is installed in your instrument.

The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform. (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce its leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be 10% below;
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$;
- c. The ideal sine wave form shall be symmetric in positive and negative polarities



* Asymmetry rate:

$$|I_{p} - I_{-p}| / I_{rms} * 100\%$$

* Distortion rate

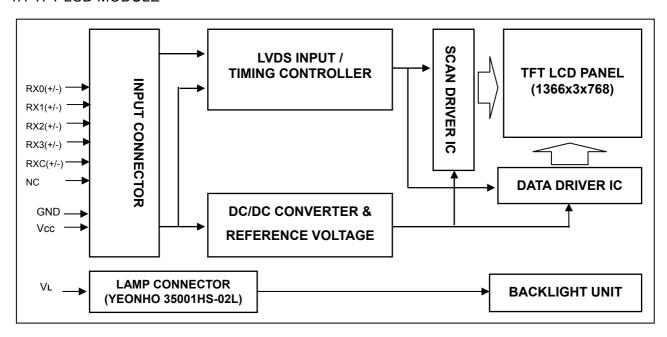
$$I_p$$
 (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}



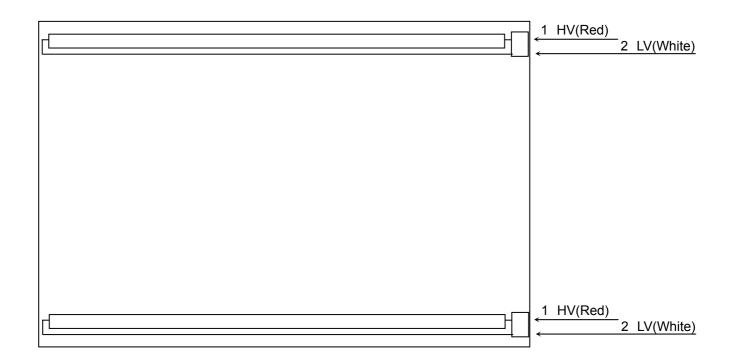
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4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT





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5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Name	Description
1	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
2	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
3	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
4	GND	Ground
5	RX0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 0
6	RX0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 0
7	GND	Ground
8	RX1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 1
9	RX1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 1
10	GND	Ground
11	RX2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 2
12	RX2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 2
13	GND	Ground
14	RXCLK-	Negative LVDS differential clock input.
15	RXCLK+	Positive LVDS differential clock input.
16	GND	Ground
17	RX3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 3
18	RX3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 3
19	GND	Ground
20	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
21	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
22	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
23	GND	Ground
24	GND	Ground
25	GND	Ground
26	Vcc	+5.0V power supply
27	Vcc	+5.0V power supply
28	Vcc	+5.0V power supply
29	Vcc	+5.0V power supply
30	Vcc	+5.0V power supply

Note (1) Connector Part No.: 093G30-B0001A(STARCONN) or MSCKT2407P30HA (STM)

Note (2) Mating Wire Cable Connector Part No.: FI-X30H(JAE) or FI-X30HL(JAE)

Note (3) Mating FFC Cable Connector Part No.: 217007-013001 (P-TWO) or JF05X030-1 (JAE)

Note (4) The first pixel is odd.

Note (5) Input signal of even and odd clock should be the same timing.



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5.2 LVDS DATA MAPPING TABLE

LVDS Channel 0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Charmer 0	Data order	G0	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0
LVDS Channel 1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Charmer 1	Data order	B1	B0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1
LVDS Channel 2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Charmer 2	Data order	DE	NA	NA	B5	B4	В3	B2
LVDS Channel 3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVDS Charmers	Data order	NA	B7	B6	G7	G6	R7	R6

5.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT:

Pin	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	HV	High Voltage	Red
2	LV	Low Voltage	White

Note (1) Connector Part No.: YEONHO 35001HS-02L or equivalent



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5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

												Da	ata	Sigr	nal										
	Color				Re									reer							Blu				
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	В6	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dania	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Blue Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 1	0	0	0	0 1	0 1	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	ő	0	1	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Gray	Diac(2)																								
Scale		·	·	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:		:	:		:	:		:	:			
Of	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	Ö	1
Blue	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



6. INTERFACE TIMING

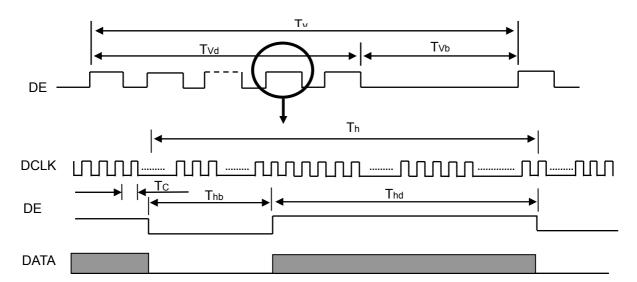
6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	Fc	60.0	76	96	MHz	-
	Period	Tc	-	13.0	-	ns	
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T_{rcl}			200	ps	(1)
LVDS Clock	Spread spectrum modulation range	Fclkin_mod	Fc*(-2%)		Fc*2%	MHz	(2)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F _{SSM}			200	KHz	(2)
	High Time	Tch	-	4/7	-	Tc	-
	Low Time	Tcl	_	3/7	-	Tc	-
LVDC Data	Setup Time	Tlvs	600	-	-	ps	(2)
LVDS Data	Hold Time	Tlvh	600	-	-	ps	(3)
	Frame Rate	Fr	50	60	75	Hz	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
Vertical Active Display Term	Total	Tv	800	806	815	Th	-
vertical Active Display Term	Display	Tvd	768	768	768	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	Tv-Tvd	38	Tv-Tvd	Th	-
	Total	Th	1500	1560	1570	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display	Thd	1366	1366	1366	Tc	-
	Blank	Thb	Th-Thd	194	Th-Thd	Tc	_

Note: Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals are ignored.

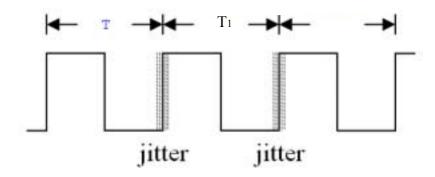
INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM



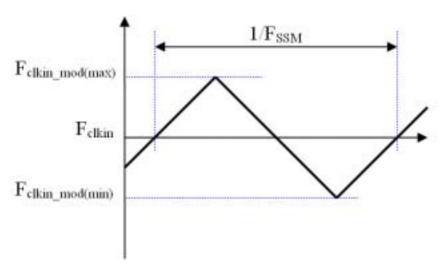




Note (1) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. Trcl = $IT_1 - TI$

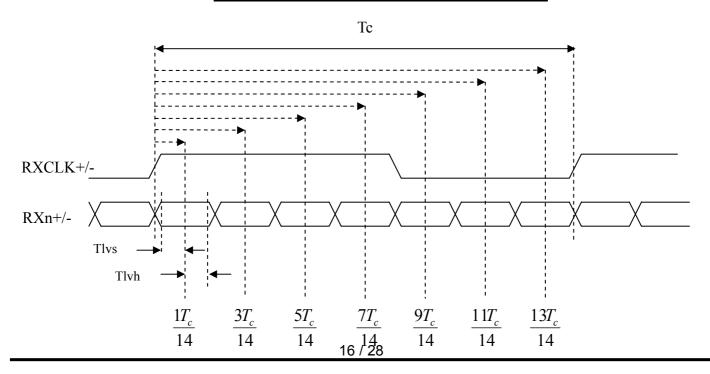


Note (2) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



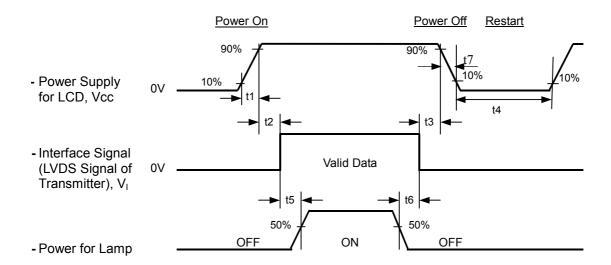
Note (3) The LVDS timing diagram and setup/hold time is defined and showing as the following figures.

LVDS RECEIVER INTERFACE TIMING DIAGRAM



6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Timing Specifications:

0.5< t1 ≤ 5msec

0 < t2 ≦ 50 msec

 $0 < t3 \le 50 \text{ msec}$

t4 ≥ 500 msec

t5 ≥ 450 msec

t6 ≥ 90 msec

5 ≦ t7 ≦ 100 msec

Note.

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- (6) CMO won't take any responsibility for the products which are damaged by the customers not following the Power Sequence.
- (7) There might be slight electronic noise when LCD is turned off (even backlight unit is also off). To avoid this symptom, we suggest "Vcc falling timing" to follow "t7 spec".



THI MEI

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7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	5V	V
Input Signal	According to typical v	alue in "3. ELECTRICAL	CHARACTERISTICS"
Lamp Current	IL	8.0 ± 0.5	mA
Inverter Operating Frequency	FL	55±5	KHz
Inverter		Logah MIT70070.50	

7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

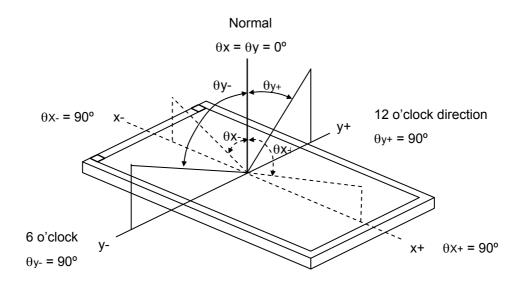
The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (5).

Iter	n	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Dod	Rx			0.646				
	Red	Ry			0.334				
	Green	Gx			0.284				
Color Chromaticity	Green	Gy		Тур -	0.602	Typ +		(1) (5)	
(CIE 1931)	Blue	Bx	0 -0° 0 -0°	0.03	0.152	0.03	-	(1), (5)	
(612 1661)	blue	Ву	θ_x =0°, θ_Y =0° CS-1000T		0.076				
	White	Wx	00-10001		0.313				
	vvriite	Wy			0.329				
Center Lumina (Center of		L _C		150	200	-	cd/m ²	(4), (5)	
Contrast	t Ratio	CR		500	700	-	-	(2), (5)	
Respons	o Timo	T_R	θ _x =0°, θ _Y =0°	-	1.5	2.5	ms	(3)	
Respons	e iiiie	T _F	0 _x =0 , 0γ =0	-	3.5	5.5	1115	(3)	
White Va	ariation	δW	θ_x =0°, θ_Y =0° USB2000	-	-	1.33	-	(5), (6)	
	Horizontal	θ_x +		40	45	-			
Viewing Angle	Tionzoniai	θ_{x} -	CR ≧ 10	40	45	-	Deg.	(1), (5)	
Viewing Angle	Vertical	θ _Y +	USB2000	15	20	-	Deg.	(1), (3)	
	vertical	θ_{Y} -		40	45	-			
	Horizontal	θ_x +		50	55	-			
Viewing Angle	Tionzoniai	θ_{x} -	CR ≧ 5	50	55	- Do		(1) (5)	
Viewing Angle	Vertical	θ _Y +	USB2000	25	30	-	Deg.	(1), (5)	
	vertical	θ _Y -		50	55	-			





Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx , θy):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

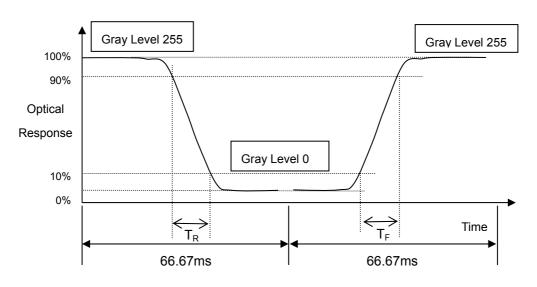
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T_R, T_F):







Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_C):

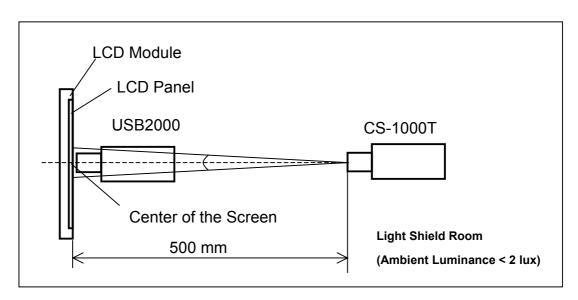
Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

$$L_C = L(5)$$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (5) Measurement Setup:

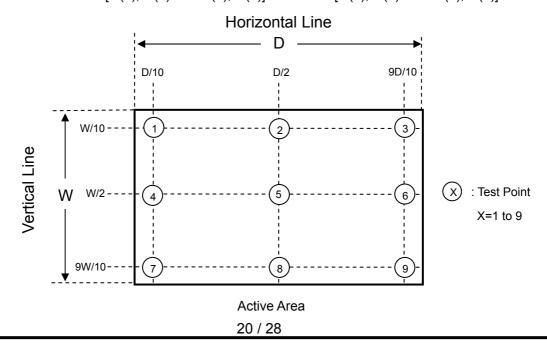
The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.



Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 9 points

 $\delta W = Maximum [L (1), L (2) L (4), L (9)] / Minimum [L (1), L (2) L (4), L (9)]$





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8. PACKAGING:

8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

(1) 12 LCD modules / 1 Box

(2) Box dimensions: 525(L) X 284 (W) X 360 (H) mm

(3) Weight: 19.9Kg (12 modules per box)

8.2 PACKING METHOD

(1) Carton Packing should have no failure in the following reliability test items.

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note
	ISTA STANDARD	
	Random, Frequency Range: 1 – 200 Hz	
Vibration	Top & Bottom: 30 minutes (+Z), 10 min (-Z),	Non Operation
	Right & Left: 10 minutes (X)	·
	Back & Forth 10 minutes (Y)	
Dropping Test	1 Corner, 3 Edge, 6 Face, 45.7cm	Non Operation

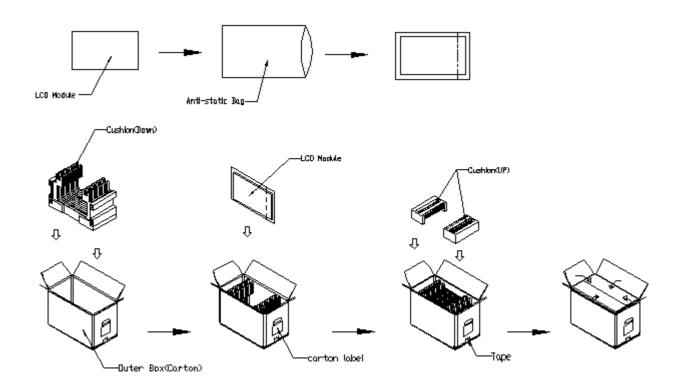


Figure. 8-1 Packing method



CHI MEI

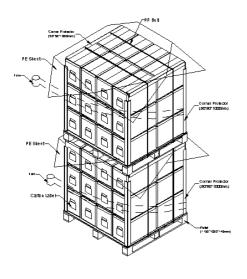
Doc No.: 400036322 Issued Date: Aug,11, 2009 Model No.: M185B1-L07

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For ocean shipping

Sea / Land Transportation (40ft HQ Container)

Sea / Land Transportation (40ft Container)



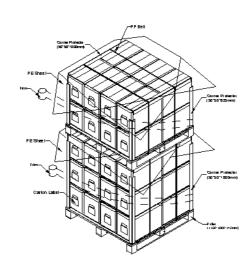


Figure. 8-2 Packing method

For air transport

Air Transportation

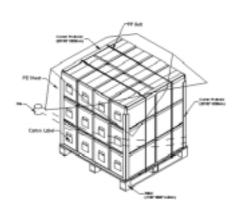


Figure. 8-3 Packing method





9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

9.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: M185B1-L07

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.

(c) CMO barcode definition:

Serial ID: XX-XX-X-XX-YMD-L-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
XX	CMO internal use	-
XX	Revision	Cover all the change
Х	CMO internal use	-
XX	CMO internal use	-
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4 Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, W, X, Y, exclude I, O,
L	Product line #	Line 1=1, Line 2=2, Line 3=3,
NNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product

(d) Customer's barcode definition:

Serial ID: CM-18B17-X-X-X-X-L-XX-L-YMD-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
CM	Supplier code	CMO=CM
18B17	Model number	M185B1-L07 = 18B17
Х	Revision code	Non ZBD: 1,2,~,8,9 / ZBD: A~Z
Х	Source driver IC	Century=1, CLL=2, Demos=3, Epson=4, Fujitsu=5,
Х	Gate driver IC code	Himax=6, Hitachi=7, Hynix=8, LDI=9, Matsushita=A, NEC=B, Novatec=C, OKI=D, Philips=E, Renasas=F, Samsung=G, Sanyo=H, Sharp=I, TI=J, Topro=K, Toshiba=L, Windbond=M
XX	Cell location	Tainan Taiwan=TN,
L	Cell line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
XX	Module location	Tainan Taiwan=TN; Ningbo China=NP
L	Module line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4 Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, T, U, V
NNNN	Serial number	By LCD supplier



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(e) UL Factory ID:

Region	Factory ID
TWCMO	GEMN
NBCMO	LEOO
NBCME	CANO
NHCMO	CAPG

10. RELIABILITY TEST

Environment test conditions are listed as following table.

Items	Required Condition	Note
Temperature Humidity Bias (THB)	Ta= 50℃ , 80%RH, 240hours	
High Temperature Operation (HTO)	Ta= 50℃ , 50%RH , 240hours	
Low Temperature Operation (LTO)	Ta= 0°C , 240hours	
High Temperature Storage (HTS)	Ta= 60°C , 240hours	
Low Temperature Storage (LTS)	Ta= -20°C , 240hours	
Vibration Test (Non-operation)	Acceleration: 1.5 Grms Wave: Half-sine Frequency: 10 - 300 Hz Sweep: 30 Minutes each Axis (X, Y, Z)	
Shock Test (Non-operation)	Acceleration: 50 G Wave: Half-sine Active Time: 11 ms Direction: ± X, ± Y, ± Z.(one time for each Axis)	
Thermal Shock Test (TST)	-20°C/30min , 60°C / 30min , 100 cycles	
On/Off Test	25℃ ,On/10sec , Off /10sec , 30,000 cycles	
ESD (Electro Static Discharge)	Contact Discharge: ± 8KV, 150pF(330Ω) Air Discharge: ± 15KV, 150pF(330Ω)	
Altitude Test	Operation:10,000 ft / 24hours Non-Operation:30,000 ft / 24hours	



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11. PRECAUTIONS

11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than room temperature.

11.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

11.3 SAFETY STANDARDS

The LCD module should be certified with safety regulations as follows:

- (1) UL60950-1 or updated standard.
- (2) IEC60950-1 or updated standard.

11.4. Storage

- (1) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0°C to 35°C And relative humidity of less than 70%
- (2) Do not store the TFT LCD module in direct sunlight
- (3) The module should be stored in dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light in storing



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11.5. Operation condition guide

(1) The LCD product should be operated under normal condition.

Normal condition is defined as below:

Temperature : 20±15℃ Humidity: 65±20%

Display pattern: continually changing pattern(Not stationary)

(2) If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, high humidity, high altitude, display pattern or operation time etc...It is strongly recommended to contact CMO for application engineering advice. Otherwise, Its reliability and function may not be guaranteed.

11.6 OTHER

When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.

12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

[Refer to the next 2 pages]

