

Chunghwa Picture Tubes, Ltd. Technical Specification

To: SCL

Date: 2011/02/15

TFT LCD	
CLAA133WB01A	\

ACCEPTED BY:			

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RECORD OF REVISIONS

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1. OVERVIEW

CLAA133WB01A is 13.3" color (16: 9) TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module composed of LCD panel, LVDS driver ICs, control circuit and backlight. By applying 6 bit digital data, 1366×RGB (3) ×768, 262K-color images are displayed on the 13.3" diagonal screen. General specifications are summarized in the following table:

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Display Area	293.417(H)×164.966(V)(mm) (13.3-inch diagonal)
Number of Pixels	1366×3(H)×768(V)
Pixel Pitch	0.2148(H)×0.2148(V) (mm)
Color Pixel Arrangement	RGB island
Display Mode	Normally white
Number of Colors	262,144(6bits) (LVDS)
Gamut	42%(min)/45% (Typ)
Optimum Viewing Angle	6 o'clock
Response Time	8ms (Typ)
Surface Treatment	Glare
Viewing Angle	40° \ 40° /15° \ 30° (Min)
Brightness	200 cd/m2 (5point) (Typ)
Uniformity	5point: 80%
Consumption of Power	3.6 W (Max)
Module Size	306.8(W)×189.25(H)×3.6(D) (mm) (Max)
Module Weight	290 g (Max)

The LCD Products listed on this document are not suitable for use of aerospace equipment, submarine cable, and nuclear reactor control system and life support systems. If customers intend to use these LCD products for applications listed above or those not included in the "Standard" list as follows, please contact our sales in advance.

Standard: Computer, Office equipment, Communication equipment, Test and Measurement equipment, Machine tool, Industrial robot, Audio and Visual equipment, Other consumer products.

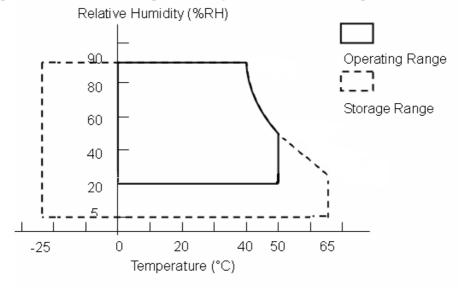
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

The following are maximum value, which if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
LCD Power Voltage	VCC	0	4.0	V	
LED Driver Input Voltage	VBL+	7	21	V	
Operation Temperature	Тор	0	50	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$	*1).*2).*3).*4)
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-25	65	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$	*1).*2).*3)

[Note]

- *1) The relative temperature and humidity range are as below sketch, 90%RH Max. (Ta \leq 40°C)
- *2) The maximum wet bulb temperature $\leq 39^{\circ} \text{C}(\text{Ta} > 40^{\circ} \text{C})$ and without dewing.
- *3) If product in environment which over the definition of the relative temperature and humidity out of range too long, it will affect visual of LCD.
- *4) If you operate LCD in normal temperature range, the center surface of panel should be under 50°C.



3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

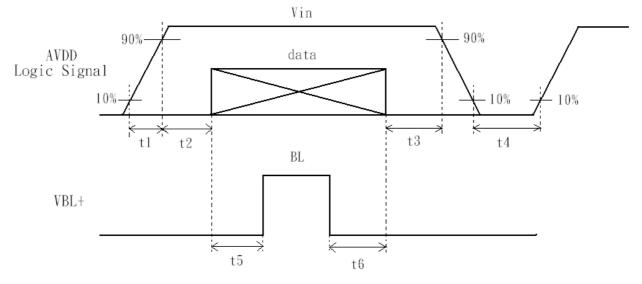
(A) TFT LCD

	ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
LCD F	Power Voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	*1)
LCD P	Ower Current	ICC	ı	240	300	mA	*2)
Rus	sh Current	Irush	ı	-	2	A	*4)
	Common Voltage		1.125	1.25	1.375	V	*3)
Logic Input Voltage	Differential Input Voltage	VID	250	350	450	mV	*3)
(LVDS: IN+,IN-)	Threshold Voltage (HIGH)	VTH	-	-	100	mV	*3)
141,114-)	Threshold Voltage (LOW)	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	When $VCM = +1.2V$

[Note]

*1) Power Sequence:

 $0.50 \text{ ms} \leq t1 \leq 10 \text{ ms}$ $500 \text{ ms} \leq t4$ $0.01 \text{ ms} < t2 \leq 50 \text{ ms}$ $200 \text{ ms} \leq t5$ $0.01 \text{ ms} < t3 \leq 50 \text{ ms}$ $200 \text{ ms} \leq t6$

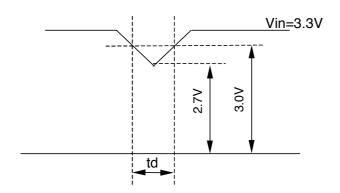


data: RGB DATA, DCLK, HD, VD, DENA

VCC-dip state

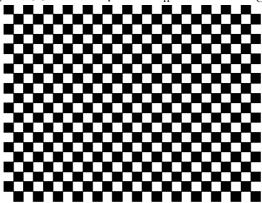
(1)when $3.0V > VCC \ge 2.7V$, $td \le 10$ ms.

(2)when VCC < 2.7V, VCC-dip condition should as the VCC-turn-off condition.



*2) Typical value is Mosaic (32*36 Checker board) Pattern : 768 line mode.

Circuit condition (Typ) : VCC=3.3 V , f_V =60 Hz f_H =48.36 kHz , f_{CLK} =75.44 MHz (one of LVDS dual port).

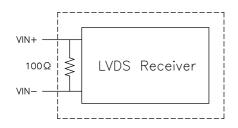


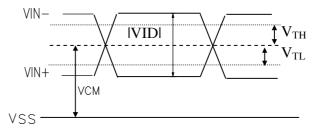
Max value is Black Pattern: 768 line mode.

Circuit condition (Max) : VCC=3.3 V , f_V =60 Hz f_H =48.36 kHz , f_{CLK} =75.44 MHz (one of LVDS dual port).



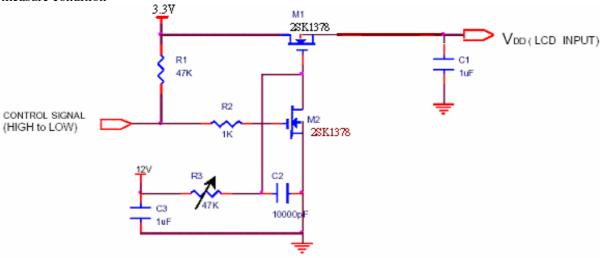
*3) LVDS Signal Definite:

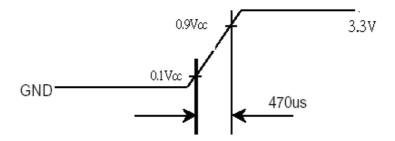




VIN+: Positive differential DATA & CLK Input VIN-: Negative differential DATA & CLK Input

*4) Irush measure condition





(B) BACK LIGHT

(a.) ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

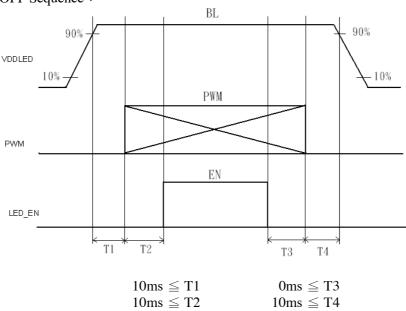
Ta=25°C

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
LED Driver Input Voltage	VBL+	7	12	21	V	
LED Driver Input Current	IBL+	-	190	380	mA	*1)
Forward Voltage	V_{F}	2.9	3.2	3.5	V	*2) $I_F=16.5$ mA
Forward Current	I_{F}	16	16.5	17	mA	*2) $I_F=16.5$ mA
Power Consumption	PLED	2.2	2.4	2.6	W	*2)*3) I _F =16.5mA
PWM Frequency	PWM_BL	180	200	1000	Hz	
Duty ratio	Dim	10	-	100	%	

(b.) LED LIFE – TIME

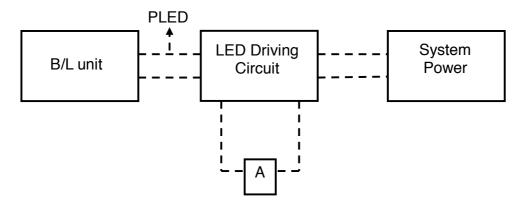
ITEM	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Life Time	$I_F=20$ mA \ Ta= 25 °C	15000			hrs	*4)

(c.) LED ON/OFF Sequence:



Note: The duty of LED dimming signal should be more than 20% in T2 and T3

- *1) Maximum LED Driver Input Current at 7V Input Voltage/PWM Duty 100%.
- *2) Measure method: a. LED current is measured by utilizing a current meter as show below.
 - b. System power PLED is measured at input voltage 12V.



- *3) Calculator value for reference $I_F \times V_F \times N = PLED$
- *4) Life time means that estimated time to 50% degradation of initial luminous intensity.

4. Connector Interface PIN & Function

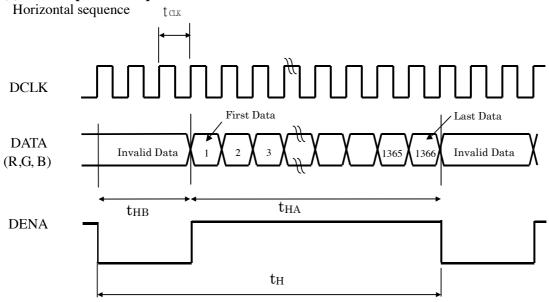
CN (Interface signal)

Outlet connector: 20455-040E-12 (I-PEX) or equivalent

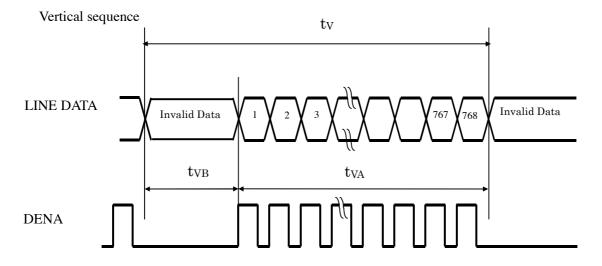
Pin No.	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
1	NC	No Connect
2	VDD	Power Supply, 3.3 V (typical)
3	VDD	Power Supply, 3.3 V (typical)
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power
5	NC	No Connect
6	Clk EEDID	DDC Clock
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data
8	Odd_Rin0-	- LVDS differential data input (R0-R5, G0) (odd pixels)
9	Odd_Rin0+	+ LVDS differential data input (R0-R5, G0) (odd pixels)
10	VSS	Ground – Shield
11	Odd_Rin1-	- LVDS differential data input (G1-G5, B0-B1) (odd pixels)
12	Odd_Rin1+	+ LVDS differential data input (G1-G5, B0-B1) (odd pixels)
13	VSS	Ground – Shield
14	Odd_Rin2-	- LVDS differential data input (B2-B5, HS, VS, DE) (odd pixels)
15	Odd_Rin2+	+ LVDS differential data input (B2-B5, HS, VS, DE) (odd pixels)
16	VSS	Ground – Shield
17	Odd_ClkIN-	- LVDS differential clock input (odd pixels)
18	Odd_ClkIN+	+ LVDS differential clock input (odd pixels)
19	NC	No Connect
20	NC	No connection(Please let it floating for CPT test only)
21	NC	No connection(Please let it floating for CPT test only)
22	VSS	Ground – Shield
23	NC	No connection(Please let it floating for CPT test only)
24	NC	No connection(Please let it floating for CPT test only)
25	VSS	Ground – Shield
26	NC	No connection(Please let it floating for CPT test only)
27	NC	No connection(Please let it floating for CPT test only)
28	VSS	Ground – Shield
29	NC	No connection(Please let it floating for CPT test only)
30	NC	No connection(Please let it floating for CPT test only)
31	VSSLED	Ground – LED
32	VSSLED	Ground – LED
33	VSSLED	Ground – LED
34	NC	No Connect
35	PWM	System PWM Signal Input (+3.3V Swing)
36	LED_EN	LED enable pin (+3.3V Input)
37	NC	No Connect
38	VDDLED	7V – 21V LED power
39	VDDLED	7V – 21V LED power
40	VDDLED	7V – 21V LED power

5. INTERFACE TIMING CHART

(1)(a) LVDS input time sequence



(b) LCD input time sequence



(2) Timing Chart

		ITEM		SYNBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
		Fran	ne Rate	-	55	60	60	Hz
	D	CLK	Frequency	f_{CLK}	65.93	75.44	80	MHz
	יט	CLK	Period	t_{CLK}	15.17	13.25	15.83	ns
LCD	DENA	Horizontal Vertical	Horizontal Total time	t _H	1480	1560	1700	t_{CLK}
Timing			Horizontal Active time	t _{HA}	1366	1366	1366	t_{CLK}
Immig			Horizontal Blank time	t _{HB}	114	194	334	t_{CLK}
			Vertical Total time	t_{V}	766	806	870	$t_{\rm H}$
			Vertical Active time	t_{VA}	768	768	768	$t_{\rm H}$
			Vertical Blank time	t_{VB}	8	38	102	t _H
	LVDS S _l	pread Spectro	ım Range *3)		-2		2	%

[Note]

- *1) DENA (DATA ENABLE) usually is positive.
- *2) During the whole blank period, DCLK should keep input.
 *3) LVDS input clock is 85MHz and modulation rate is fixed 300KHz

(3) DATA mapping

ATA mapping																			
		R DATA					G DATA					B DATA							
Color	Input Data			R3	R2	R1				G3	G2	G1	G0			В3	B2	B1	B0
		MS		:			LS	MS	! !	:	:	!	LS	MS				. !	LS
		В		<u>. </u>			В	В	-	<u>. </u>	<u>. </u>	i 	В	В				<u>.</u>	В
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	'		'	0	0
	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED			 !	'			'·		' '	<u> </u>		!: ! !					' '	\	
					, ·	; ;	·		; 	; 	;	ŗ	;	,	i			,/	:
	RED(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green			!	/ !	L 	 	` · 		! !	L	' ¦	L	¦		l ! !		L	'\ !	
				, !	r	, !	, !		, !	r	, '	r	i		 	 	r	;; ! !	
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	' ' 1	! . 1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63)	0	0	0		0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0		0	0
	Blue(0)	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	. 0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)			0			0	0	0		0		0	0		0			1
	Blue(2)	0	1	0		0	0	0	0		0		0	0		0		1	0
Blue				 	 		;		¦ 	¦	¦	¦ 	 		 		 	' <u>'</u>	
			! !	:	+ !	! !	;		; !	·	{ !	⊱ !	4 !		 	:: !	+ !	:	 !
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(63)	0		. 0	0	0	. 0	0	0	r	ς		0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	3100(00)			<u> </u>		_ <u> </u>	<u> </u>	Š		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1 -				<u>, </u>	-

[Note]

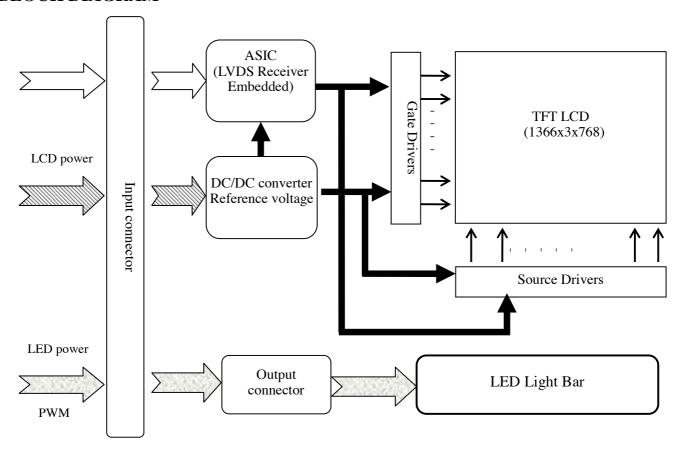
1) Gray level:

Color(n): n is level order; higher n means brighter level.

2) DATA:

1: high , 0: low

6. BLOCK DIAGRAM

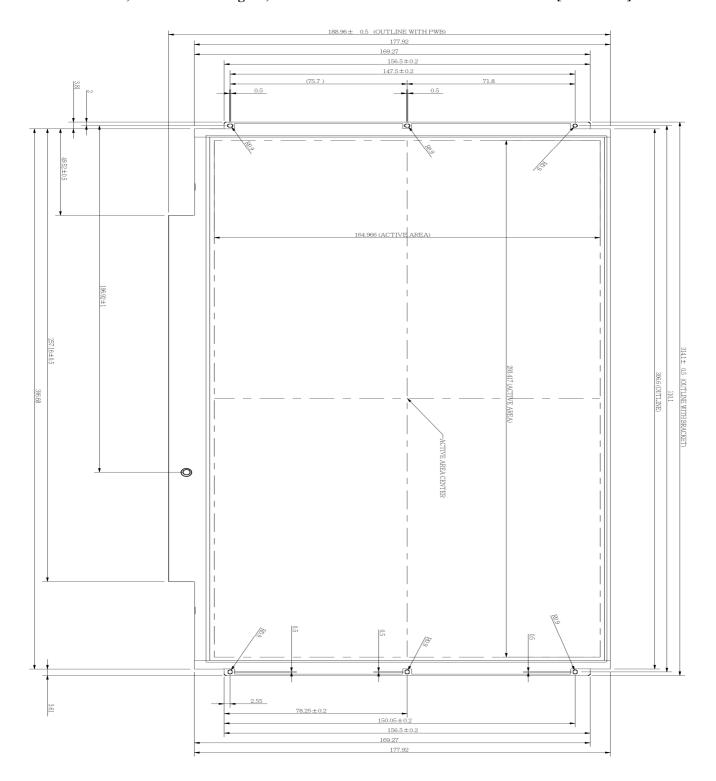


7. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION

(1) Front side

The tolerance, not show in the figure, is ± 0.5 mm.

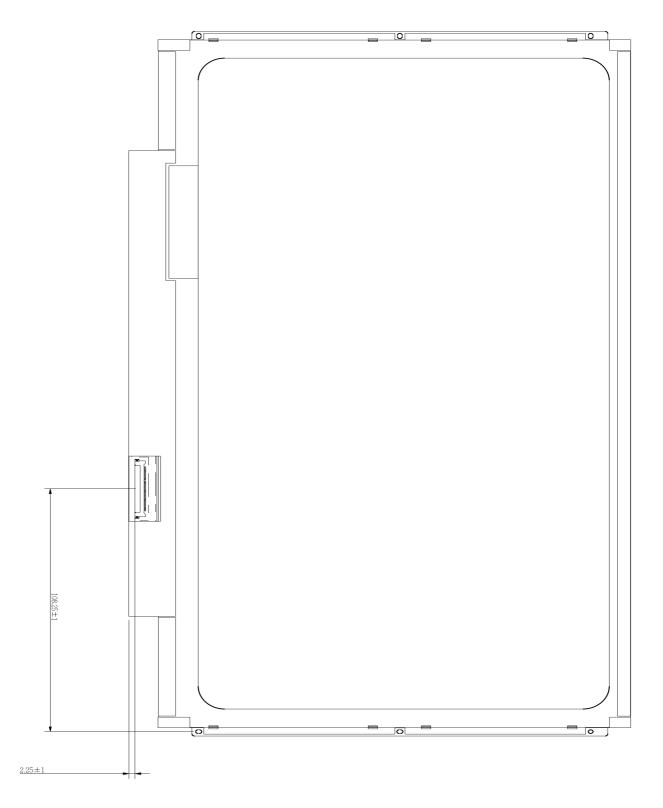
[Unit: mm]



(2) Rear side

The tolerance, not show in the figure, is ± 0.5 mm.

[Unit: mm]



8. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25℃ , VDD=3.3V

14-26 (1700-007									
ITE	EM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT	NOTE	
Contrast Ratio		CR	$\theta = \psi = 0^{\circ}$	500	600			*1) 2)	
Luminance (5P)		L	$\theta = \psi = 0^{\circ}$	175	200		cd/m ²	*1) 3)	
Uniformity(5P)		ΔL	θ=ψ= 0°	80			%	*1) 3)	
Despons	a Tima	Tr	$\theta = \psi = 0^{\circ}$		8	16	ms	*5)	
Respons	Response Time		$\theta = \psi = 0^{\circ}$		0	10	ms	*5)	
Cross	Cross Talk		$\theta = \psi = 0^{\circ}$			1	%	*6)	
77' A 1	Horizontal	Ψ	CD > 10	40/-40			0	*4)	
View Angle	Vertical	θ	CR≧10	15/-30			0	*4)	
	W			0.283	0.313	0.343			
	VV	У		0.299	0.329	0.359		*3)	
	R	X		0.550	0.580	0.610			
Color	IX	у	$\theta = \psi = 0^{\circ}$	0.310	0.340	0.370	Color		
Coordinate	G	X		0.280	0.310	0.340	Coordinates	3)	
		у		0.520	0.550	0.580			
	В	X		0.125	0.155	0.185			
	D	у		0.095	0.125	0.155			
Gan	nut		$\theta = \psi = 0^{\circ}$	42	45		%		

Color coordinate and color gamut are measured by SRUL1R, response time is measured by TRD-100, and all the other items are measured by BM-5A (TOPCON). All these items are measured under the dark room condition (no ambient light). Measurement Condition: IL= 19mA (each LED)

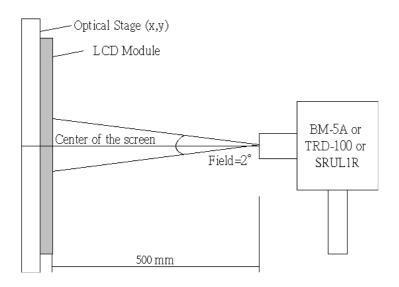
Definition of these measurement items is as follows:

*1) Setup of Measurement Equipment

The LCD module should be turn-on to a stable luminance level to be reached. The measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes and in a dark room.

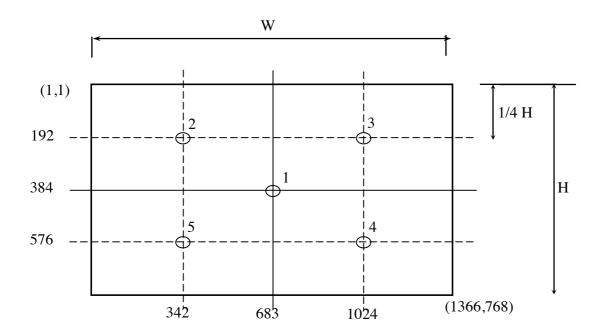
*2) Definition of Contrast Ratio

CR=ON (White) Luminance/OFF (Black) Luminance

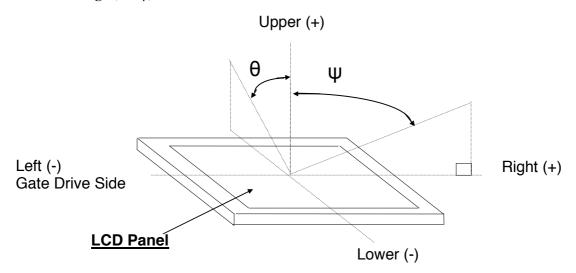


*3) Definition of Luminance and Luminance uniformity

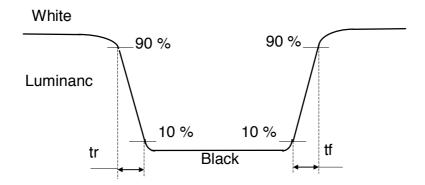
Central luminance: The white luminance is measured at the center position "5" on the screen, see Fig.1 below. 5P Luminance (AVG): The white luminance is measured at measuring points $5 \cdot 10 \cdot 11 \cdot 12 \cdot 13$, see Fig.1 below. 5P Uniformity: $\Delta L = (Lmin / Lmax) \times 100\%$ 13P Uniformity: $\Delta L = (Lmin / Lmax) \times 100\%$



*4) Definition of view angle(θ , ψ)



*5) Definition of response time

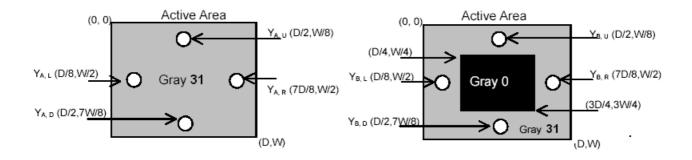


*6) Crosstalk Modulation Ratio

$$CT = | Y_B-Y_A | / Y_{Ax} \times 100\%$$

 $Y_A \cdot Y_B$ measure position and definition

Y_A means luminance at gray level 31(exclude gray level 0 pattern)
Y_B means luminance at gray level 31(include gray level 0 pattern)



9. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS

(1) Temperature and Humidity

TEST ITEMS	CONDITIONS
High Temperature Operation	50° C ; 250Hrs
High Temperature Storage	65° C ;250Hrs
High Temperature High Humidity Operation	40°C; 95% RH; 250Hrs
High Temperature High Humidity Storage	60° C ;90% RH;48 Hrs
Low Temperature Operation	0° C ;250 Hrs
Low Temperature Storage	-30° C ; 250 Hrs
Thermal Shock	-40° C (0.5 Hr)~65° C (0.5 Hr), Ramp<20° C, 100 CYCLES
Temperature & Pressure Storage	-30° C ;260hPa,24 Hrs

(2) Shock & Vibration

TEST ITEMS	CONDITIONS					
Shock (Non-Operation)	210G, 3ms, half sin ewave, ± X,± Y,± Z 1time each					
Vibration (Non-Operation)	Vibration level: $14.7 \text{m/s}^2 (1.5 \text{G})$, sinusoidal wave (each x, y, z axis: 1hr, total 3hrs) Frequency range: $5 \sim 500 \text{ Hz}$ Sweep speed: 0.5 Octave/min.					

(3) ESD

	Surface discharg area Frame PWB		Electrics capacity of Connector		
	Contact	Air	Contact		
Capacity	150 pF	150 pF	200 pF		
Resistance	330 Ω	330 Ω	0 Ω		
Voltage	±8kV	±8kV/±15kV	±250 V		
Interval	1 sec	1 sec	1 sec		
Times(single point)	25	25	1		

(4) MTBF without B/L: 200,000 Hrs (min) lifetimes.

(5) Judgment standard

The judgment of the above test should be made as follow:

Pass: Normal display image with no obvious non-uniformity and no line defect.

Partial transformation of the module parts should be ignored.

Fail: No display image, obvious non-uniformity, or line defects.

10. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR TFT-LCD MODULE

Please pay attention to the followings in handling- TFT-LCD products;

10.1 ASSEMBLY PRECAUTION

- (1) Please use the mounting hole on the module side in installing and do not beading or wrenching LCD in assembling. And please do not drop, bend or twist LCD module in handling.
- (2) Please design display housing in accordance with the following guidelines.
 - Housing case must be destined carefully so as not to put stresses on LCD all sides and not to wrench module. The stresses may cause non-uniformity even if there is no non-uniformity statically.
 - Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module back surface and housing when the LCD module is mounted. Approximately 1.0 mm of the clearance in the design is recommended taking into account the tolerance of LCD module thickness and mounting structure height on the housing.
 - When some parts, such as, FPC cable and ferrite plate, are installed underneath the LCD module, still sufficient clearance is required, such as 0.5mm. This clearance is, especially, to be reconsidered when the additional parts are implemented for EMI countermeasure.
 - Design the inverter location and connector position carefully so as not to give stress to lamp cable, or not to interface the LCD module by the lamp cable.
 - Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module and the others parts, such as inverter and speaker so as not to interface the LCD module. Approximately 1.0mm of the clearance in the design is recommended.
- (3) Please do not push or scratch LCD panel surface with any-thing hard. And do not soil LCD panel surface by touching with bare hands. (Polarizer film, surface of LCD panel is easy to be flawed.)
- (4) Please do not press any parts on the rear side such as source TCP, gate TCP, control circuit board and FPCs during handling LCD module. If pressing rear part is unavoidable, handle the LCD module with care not to damage them
- (5) Please wipe out LCD panel surface with absorbent cotton or soft clothe in case of it being soiled.
- (6) Please wipe out drops of adhesives like saliva and water on LCD panel surface immediately. They might damage to cause panel surface variation and color change.
- (7) Please do not take a LCD module to pieces and reconstruct it. Resolving and reconstructing modules may cause them not to work well.
- (8) Please do not touch metal frames with bare hands and soiled gloves. A color change of the metal frames can happen during a long preservation of soiled LCD modules.
- (9) Please pay attention to handling lead wire of backlight so that it is not tugged in connecting with inverter.

10.2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Please be sure to turn off the power supply before connecting and disconnecting signal input cable.
- (2) Please do not change variable resistance settings in LCD module. They are adjusted to the most suitable value. If they are changed, it might happen LCD does not satisfy the characteristics specification.
- (3) Please consider that LCD backlight takes longer time to become stable of radiation characteristics in low temperature than in room temperature.
- (4) A condensation might happen on the surface and inside of LCD module in case of sudden change of ambient temperature.
- (5) Please pay attention to displaying the same pattern for very long time. Image might stick on LCD. If then, time going on can make LCD work well.
- (6) Please obey the same caution descriptions as ones that need to pay attention to ordinary electronic parts.

10.3 PRECAUTIONS WITH ELECTROSTATICS

- (1) This LCD module use CMOS-IC on circuit board and TFT-LCD panel, and so it is easy to be affected by electrostatics. Please be careful with electrostatics by the way of your body connecting to the ground and so on.
- (2) Please remove protection film very slowly on the surface of LCD module to prevent from electrostatics occurrence.

10.4 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

- (1) When you store LCDs for a long time, it is recommended to keep the temperature between 0° C ~ 40° C without the exposure of sunlight and to keep the humidity less than 90%RH.
- (2) Please do not leave the LCDs in the environment of high humidity and high temperature such as 60° C and 90%RH.
- (3) Please do not leave the LCDs in the environment of low temperature(below -20°C.)

10.5 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) When you waste LCDs, it is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- (2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged-glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

10.6 OTHERS

- (1) A strong incident light into LCD panel might cause display characteristic changing inferior because of polarizer film, color filter, and other materials becoming inferior. Please do not expose LCD module direct sunlight Land strong UV rays.
- (2) Please pay attention to a panel side of LCD module not to contact with other materials in preserving it alone.
- (3) For the packaging box, please pay attention to the followings:
 - Packaging box and inner case for LCD are designed to protect the LCDs from the damage or scratching during transportation. Please do not open except picking LCDs up from the box.
 - Please do not pile them up more than 3 boxes. (They are not designed so.) And please do not turn over.
 - Please handle packaging box with care not to give them sudden shock and vibrations. And also please do not throw them up.
 - Packing box and inner case for LCDs are made of cardboard. So please pay attention not to get them wet. (Such like keeping them in high humidity or wet place can occur getting them wet.)