

Kaohsiung Opto-Electronics Inc.

FOR MESSRS : \_\_\_\_\_

DATE : Dec. 20th ,2018

CUSTOMER'S ACCEPTANCE SPECIFICATIONS

# TX16D201VM0BAB

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ACCEPTED BY:

PROPOSED BY: John Chou

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2. REC	ORD OF REVISI	NC			
DATE	SHEET No.		SUMMARY		
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## 3. GENERAL DATA

#### 3.1 DISPLAY FEATURES

This module is a 6.4" XGA of 4:3 format LTPS TFT. The pixel format is vertical stripe and sub pixels are arranged as R (red), G (green), B (blue) sequentially. This display is RoHS compliant, COG (chip on glass) technology and LED backlight are applied on this display that made in Taiwan.

Part Name	TX16D201VM0BAB
Module Dimensions	153.0(W) mm x 118.0(H) mm x 8.7 (D) mm typ.
LCD Active Area	129.792(W) mm x 97.344(H) mm
Pixel Pitch	0.126(W) mm x 0.126 (H) mm
Resolution	1024 x 3(RGB)(W) x 768(H) dots
Color Pixel Arrangement	R, G, B Vertical stripe
LCD Type	LTPS TFT; Transmissive Normally Black
Top Polarizer Type	Glare Polarizer Film
Display Type	Active Matrix
Number of Colors	16.7M Colors (8-bit RGB)
Backlight	Light Emitting Diode(LED)
Weight	190g typ.
Interface	LVDS; 20 pins
Power Supply Voltage	3.3V for LCD; 12V for Backlight
Power Consumption	0.231 W for LCD; 4.56 W for Backlight
Viewing Direction	Super Wide Version (In-Plane Switching)

## 4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	4.5	V	-
Input Voltage of Logic	VI	-0.3	$V_{DD}$	V	Note 1
Operating Temperature	Тор	-30	80	°C	Note 2
Storage Temperature	Tst	-30	80	°C	Note 2
Backlight Input Voltage	VL	0	15	V	-

#### 4.1 ENVIRONMENTAL ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Note 1: The rating is defined for the signal voltages of the interface such as CLK and pixel data pairs.

- Note 2: The maximum rating is defined as above based on the panel surface temperature, which might be different from ambient temperature after assembling the panel into the application. Moreover, some temperature-related phenomenon as below needed to be noticed:
  - Background color, contrast and response time would be different in temperatures other than  $25\,^\circ\mathrm{C}\,.$
  - Operating under high temperature will shorten LED lifetime.

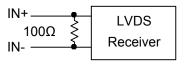
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# 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS

J.T LOD CHANACTL					7	_ <sub>a</sub> = 25 °C	$V_{ss} = 0V$
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$	-	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Differential Input Voltage for LVDS	Ň	"H" level	$0.7V_{DD}$	-	$V_{DD}$		Nata 4
Receiver Threshold	VI	"L" level	$V_{SS}$	-	$0.3V_{\text{DD}}$	mV	Note 1
Power Supply Current	I <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V	_	70	90	mA	Note 2
Frame Frequency	fFrame	-	55	60	65	Hz	-
CLK Frequency	$f_{CLK}$	-	51	56.3	66	MHz	-
Input Voltage of Logic	Vi	"H" level	2.1	-	3.6		
		"L" level	0	-	0.5	V	-

Note 1: VCM 1.2V is common mode voltage of LVDS transmitter and receiver. The input terminal of LVDS transmitter is terminated with  $100\Omega$ .



Note 2: An all white check pattern is used when measuring  $I_{DD}$ .  $f_{Frame}$  is set to 60 Hz. Moreover, 0.5A fuse is applied in the module for  $I_{DD}$ . For display activation and protection purpose, power supply is recommended larger than 1.25A to start the display and break fuse once any short circuit occurred.

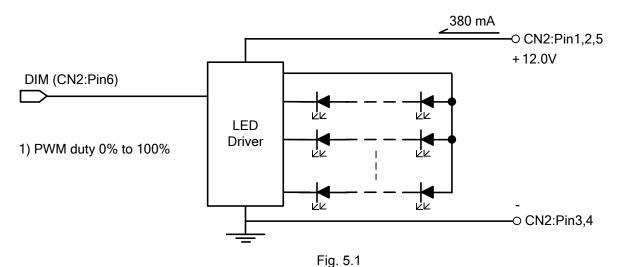
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5.2 BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS $T_a = 25 \degree C$							
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
LED Input Voltage	VL	-	10.8	12.0	13.2	V	Note1
LED Forward Current		0% duty	350	380	420		Nata 0
(Dim Control)	١L	100% duty	-	10	-	mA	Note 2
LED lifetime	-	I <sub>LED</sub> = 380 mA	-	70K	-	hrs	Note 3

Note 1: As Fig. 5.1 shown, LED current is constant, 380 mA, controlled by the LED driver when applying 12V.

Note 2: Dimming function can be obtained by applying PWM signal from the display interface DIM (No.6pin) of CN2. The recommended PWM signal is 200Hz ~ 1K Hz with 3.3V amplitude.

Note 3: The estimated lifetime is specified as the time to reduce 50% brightness by applying 380 mA at  $25\,^\circ\mathrm{C}\,$  .



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## 6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The optical characteristics are measured based on the conditions as below:

- Supplying the signals and voltages defined in the section of electrical characteristics.
- The backlight unit needs to be turned on for 30 minutes.
- The ambient temperature is 25  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}\,.$

- In the dark room less than 100lx, the equipment has been set for the measurements as shown in Fig 6.1.  $T = 25 \degree C$  f = -60 Hz Vpp = 3 3V

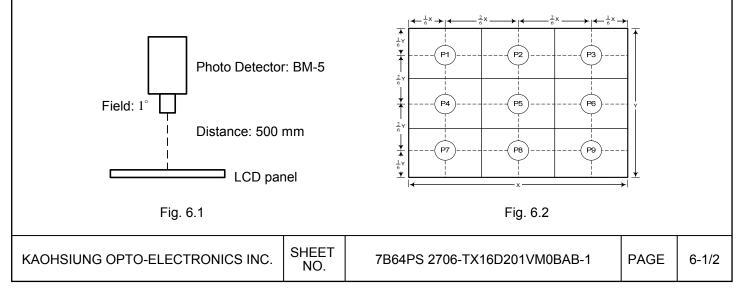
					1 <sub>a</sub>	-25 C, J	$F_{Frame} = 60 \text{ Hz}$	2, VDD – 3.3 V	
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks	
Brightness o	f White	-		1100	1400	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Note 1	
Brightness Ur	niformity	-	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ},$	75	-	-	%	Note 2	
Contrast F	Ratio	CR	I <sub>LED</sub> = 380 mA	400	800	-	-	Note 4	
Response	Time	$T_r + T_f$	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	-	30	-	ms	Note 5	
NTSC R	atio	-	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	-	60	-	%	-	
		$\theta \mathbf{x}$	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	70	85	-			
	Viewing Angle $\theta x' = \theta y$		φ = 180°, CR ≥ 10	70	85	-	Desmos	Note 6	
Viewing A			φ = 90°, CR ≥ 10	70	85	-	Degree		
		$\theta$ y'	φ = 270°, CR ≥ 10	70	85	-			
	Ded	Х		0.57	0.62	0.67			
	Red	Y		0.28	0.33	0.38			
	0	Х		0.27	0.32	0.37			
Color	Green	Y		0.53	0.58	0.63			
Chromaticity	Dhue	Х	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	0.11	0.16	0.21	-	Note 7	
	Blue	Y		0.03	0.08	0.13			
	White	Х		0.26	0.31	0.36			
	white	Y		0.28	0.33	0.38			

Note 1: The brightness is measured from the panel center point, P5 in Fig. 6.2, for the typical value.

Note 2: The brightness uniformity is calculated by the equation as below:

Brightness uniformity =  $\frac{\text{Min. Brightness}}{\text{Max. Brightness}} \times 100\%$ 

, which is based on the brightness values of the 9 points measured by BM-5 as shown in Fig. 6.2.



Note 3: Continuously operating the test pattern (see below chess pattern Fig.6.3) on display for 2 hours at  $25^{\circ}$ C then switch to completely white pattern, the previous test pattern shall disappear within 2 seconds.

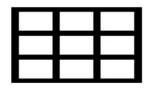
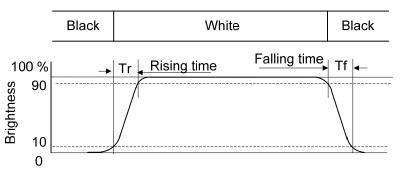


Fig.6.3

Note 4: The Contrast Ratio is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, and defined as the following equation:

 $CR = \frac{Brightness of White}{Brightness of Black}$ 

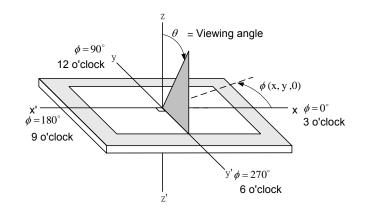
Note 5: The definition of response time is shown in Fig. 6.4. The rising time is the period from 10% brightness to 90% brightness when the data is from black to white. Oppositely, Falling time is the period from 90% brightness falling to 10% brightness.





Note 6: The definition of viewing angle is shown in Fig. 6.5. Angle  $\phi$  is used to represent viewing directions, for instance,  $\phi = 270^{\circ}$  means 6 o'clock, and  $\phi = 0^{\circ}$  means 3 o'clock. Moreover, angle  $\theta$  is used to represent viewing angles from axis Z toward plane XY.

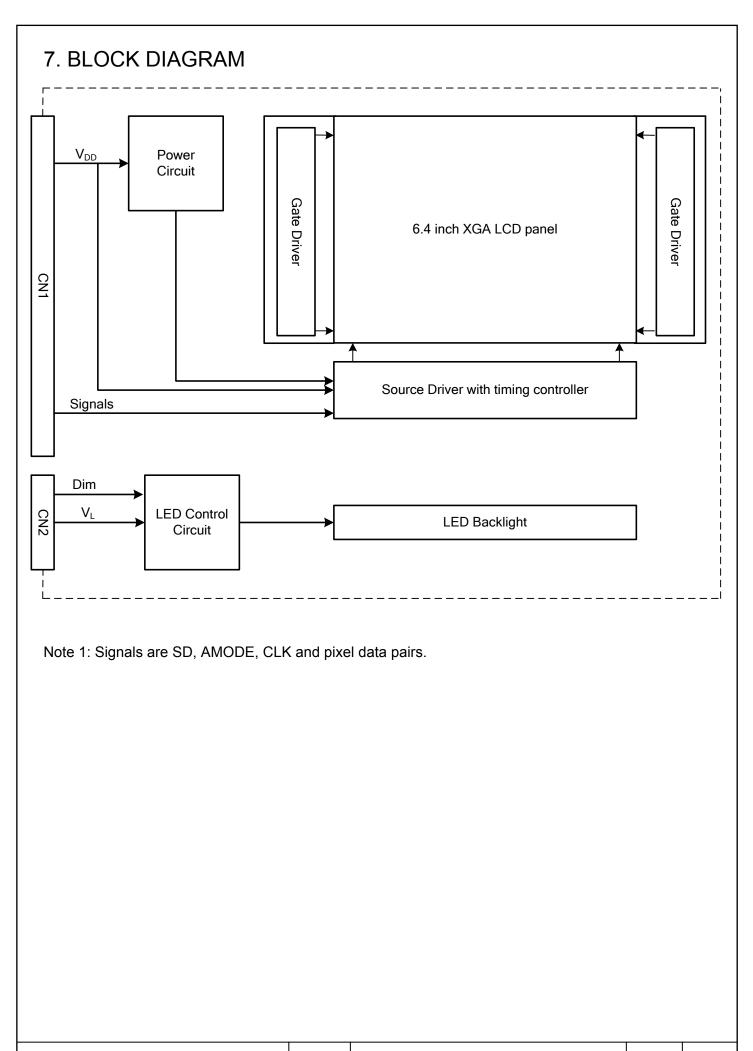
The display is super wide viewing angle version, so that the best optical performance can be obtained from every viewing direction.





Note 7: The color chromaticity is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, as shown in Fig. 6.2.

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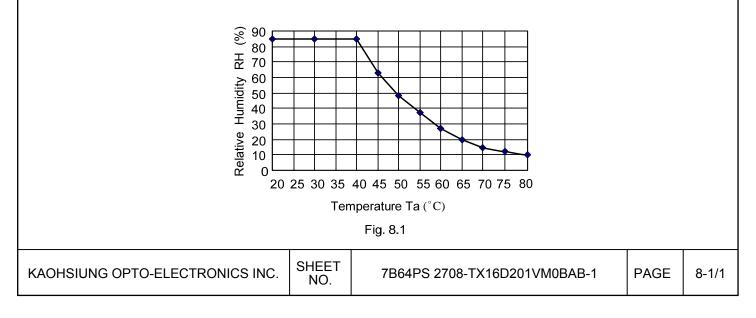


## 8. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test Item	Condition			
High Temperature	High Temperature     1) Operating       2) 80 °C			
Low Temperature	1) Operating 2) -30 °C	240 hrs		
High Temperature	1) Storage 2) 80 °C	240 hrs		
Low Temperature	1) Storage 2) -30 °C	240 hrs		
Heat Cycle	1) Operating 2) –20 °C ~70 °C 3) 3hrs~1hr~3hrs	240 hrs		
Thermal Shock	1) Non-Operating 2) -35 °C ↔ 85 °C 3) 0.5 hr ↔ 0.5 hr	240 hrs		
High Temperature & Humidity	<ol> <li>1) Operating</li> <li>2) 40 °C &amp; 85%RH</li> <li>3) Without condensation</li> </ol>	240 hrs (Note 3)		
Vibration	<ol> <li>Non-Operating</li> <li>2) 20~200 Hz</li> <li>3) 2G</li> <li>4) X, Y, and Z directions</li> </ol>	1 hr for each direction		
Mechanical Shock	1) Non-Operating 2) 10 ms			
ESD	1) Operating 2) Tip: 150 pE 330 O			

Note 1: Display functionalities are inspected under the conditions defined in the specification after the reliability tests.

- Note 2: The display is not guaranteed for use in corrosive gas environments.
- Note 3: Under the condition of high temperature & humidity, if the temperature is higher than  $40^{\circ}C$ , the humidity needs to be reduced as Fig. 8.1 shown.
- Note 4: All pins of LCD interface (CN1) have been tested by ±100V contact discharge of ESD under non-operating condition.



## 9. LCD INTERFACE

### 9.1 INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

The display interface connector (CN1) is DF14H-20P-1.25H made by HIROSE and pin assignment is as below:

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Pin No.	Symbol	Signal			
1	V <sub>DD</sub>	Davien Oversky fan Lania	11	IN2-	Divel Dete			
2	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply for Logic	12	IN2+	Pixel Data			
3	V <sub>SS</sub>		13	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND			
4	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND	14	CLK IN-	Divel Cleak			
5	IN0-	Divel Date	15	CLK IN+	Pixel Clock			
6	IN0+	Pixel Data	16	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND			
7	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND	17	IN3-	Divel Date			
8	IN1-	Divel Date	18	IN3+	Pixel Data			
9	IN1+	Pixel Data	19	SD	Scan Direction Control (Note 2)			
10	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND	20	AMODE	Open / L:JEIDA, H:VESA			

Note 1: IN n- and IN n+ (n=0, 1, 2, 3), CLK IN- and CLK IN+ should be wired by twist-pairs or side-by-side FPC patterns, respectively.

Note 2: Scan direction is available to be switched as below.



SD : H

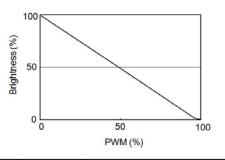


SD: L or open

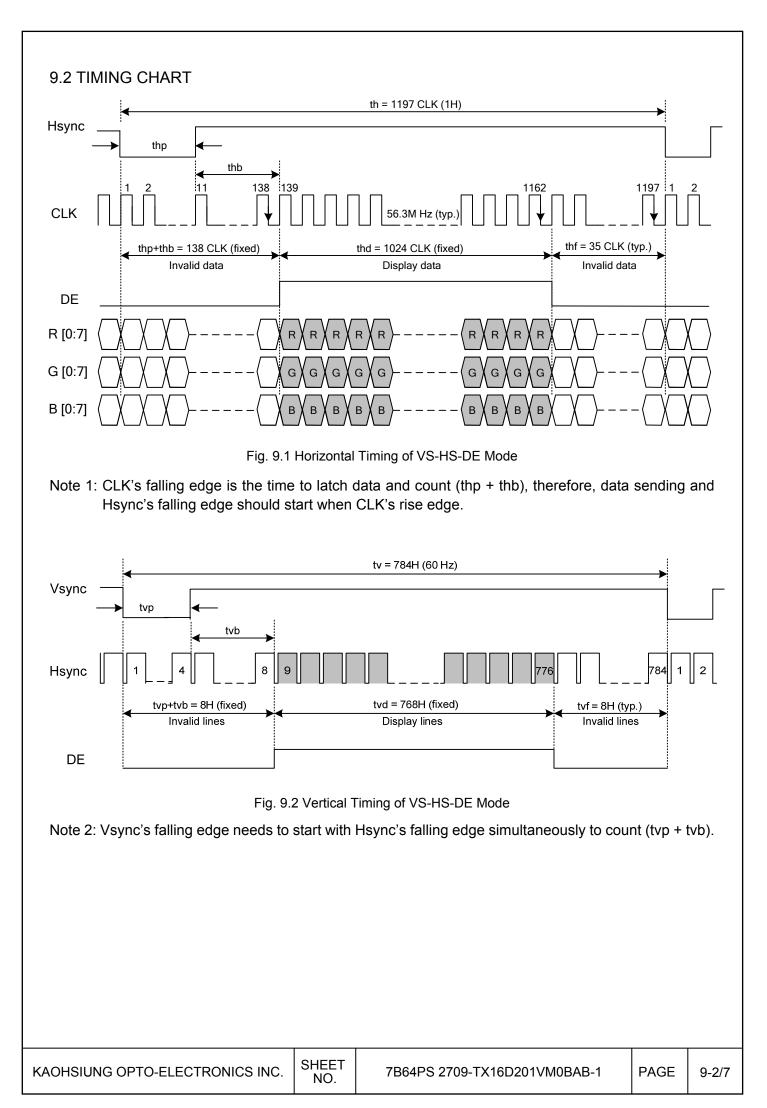
The backlight connector (CN2) is SM06B-SHLS-TF, and pin assignment is as below:

Pin No.	Signal	Signal
1	V <sub>LED</sub>	12VDC
2	V <sub>LED</sub>	12VDC
3	GND	Ground
4	GND	Ground
5	V <sub>LED</sub>	12VDC
6	DIM	3.3V @200Hz~1000Hz

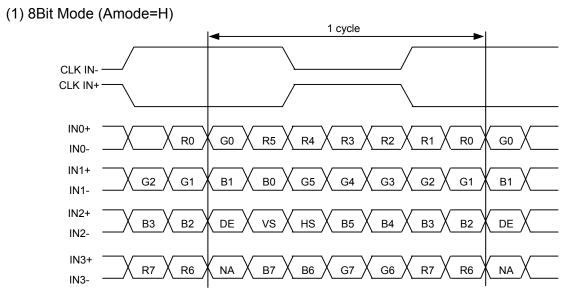
Note 3: The relationship of brightness and Dim control are shown as below.



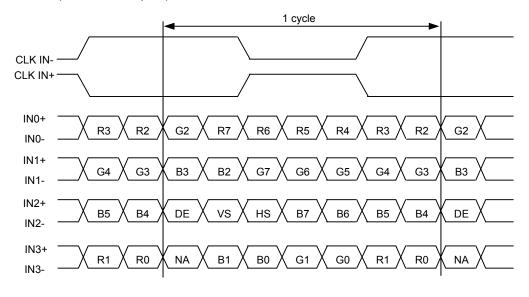
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#### LVDS DATA FORMAT



#### (2) 8Bit Mode (Amode=L/Open)



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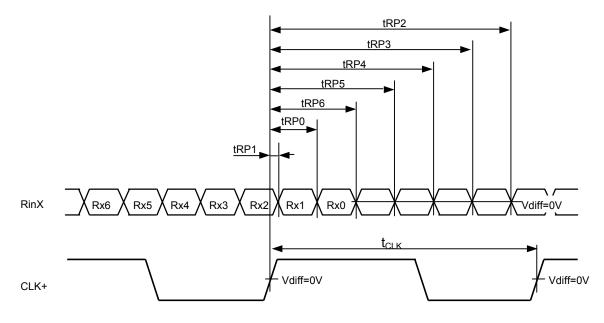
#### 9.3 TIME TABLE

The column of timing sets including minimum, typical, and maximum as below are based on the best optical performance, frame frequency ( $f_{Frame}$ ) = 60 Hz to define. If 60 Hz is not the aim to set, 55~65 Hz for  $f_{Frame}$  is recommended to apply for better performance by other parameter combination as the definitions in section 5.1.

#### A. HS-VS-DE MODE

	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	CLK Frequency	fclk	51	56.3	66	M Hz
	Display Data	thd	1024	1024	1024	
Horizontal	Cycle Time	th	1096	1197	1295	
Honzontai	Pulse Width	thp	2	10	20	CLK
	Pulse Width and Back Porch	thp + thb	42	138	206	
	Front Porch	thf	30	35	65	
	Display Line	tvd	768	768	768	
	Cycle Time	tv	776	784	849	
Vertical	Pulse Width	tvp	2	4	10	Н
	Pulse Width and Back Porch	tvp + tvb	6	8	35	
	Front Porch	t∨f	2	8	20	

### 9.4 LVDS RECEIVER TIMING



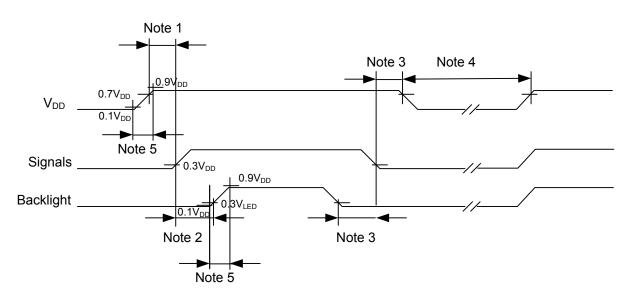
RinX= (RinX+)-(RinX-) (X=0, 1, 2, 3)

	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
CLK	Cycle frequency	1/tc∟ĸ	51	56.3	66	MHz
	0 data position	tRP0	1/7* t <sub>ськ</sub> -0.55	1/7* t <sub>ськ</sub>	1/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.55	
	1st data position	tRP1	-0.55	0	+0.55	
DieV	2nd data position	tRP2	6/7* t <sub>ськ</sub> -0.55	6/7* t <sub>ськ</sub>	6/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.55	
RinX	3rd data position	tRP3	5/7* t <sub>ськ</sub> -0.55	5/7* t <sub>ськ</sub>	5/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.55	ns
(X=0,1,2,3)	4th data position	tRP4	4/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> -0.55	4/7* t <sub>CLK</sub>	4/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.55	
	5th data position	tRP5	3/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> -0.55	3/7* t <sub>CLK</sub>	3/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.55	
	6th data position	tRP6	2/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> -0.55	2/7* t <sub>CLK</sub>	2/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.55	

### 9.5 DATA INPUT for DISPLAY COLOR

					Red	Data	ı					G	Green	Dat	а						Blue	Data	ı		
Input		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	В0
color	ſ	MSB							LSB	MSB							LSB	MSB							LSB
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	: Green(253)	: 0	:	: 0	:	: 0	: 0	: 0	: 0	:	:	:	:	:	:	: 0	:	: 0	: 0	: 0	:	: 0	:	:	: 0
	Green(253)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(254)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
											1													1	
KAOH	HSIUNG C	PTC	)-EL	ECT	RO	NICS	S INC	<b>)</b> .	SHE N(			7B	64P\$	5 27	09-T	X16	D20	1VM	0BA	B-1		PA	GE	9	-6/7

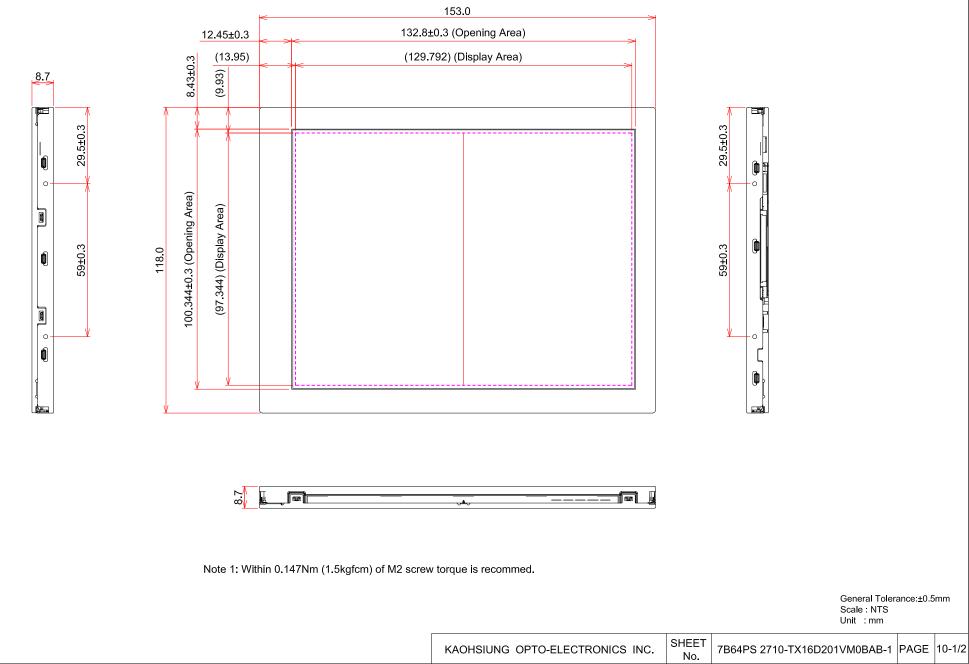
#### 9.6 POWER SEQUENCE



- Note 1: In order to avoid any damages, V<sub>DD</sub> has to be applied before all other signals. The recommended time period is 1 second (0.2 second is minimum). Hot plugging might cause display damage due to incorrect power sequence, please pay attention on interface connecting before power on.
- Note 2: In order to avoid uncompleted patterns in transient state, It is recommended that switching the backlight on is delayed for 1 second after the signals have been applied (0.1 second is minimum).
- Note 3: Off sequence is same. The time period from backlight off to signal off and signal off to power off are recommended 1 second. No damage is left if they are turned off simultaneously, but display irregular might be observed.
- Note 4: In order to avoid any damages, the interval time from power off to power on shall be 1 second minimum.
- Note 5: In order to avoid high Inrush current,  $V_{DD}$  &  $V_{LED}$  rising time need to set at

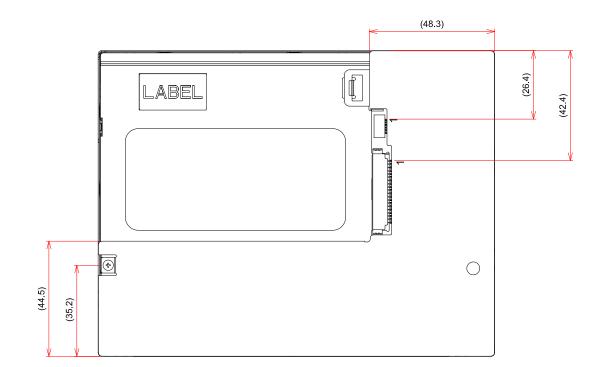
 $0.5ms < V_{DD} \& V_{LED} < 10ms.$ 

#### **10. OUTLINE DIMENSIONS** 10.1 FRONT VIEW



General Tolerance:±0.5mm Scale : NTS Unit : mm





General Tolerance:±0.5mm Scale : NTS Unit : mm

### 11. APPEARANCE STANDARD

The appearance inspection is performed in a dark room around 500~1000 lx based on the conditions as below:

- The distance between inspector's eyes and display is 30 cm.
- The viewing zone is defined with angle  $\theta$  shown in Fig. 11.1 The inspection should be performed within  $45^{\circ}$  when display is shut down. The inspection should be performed within  $5^{\circ}$  when display is power on.

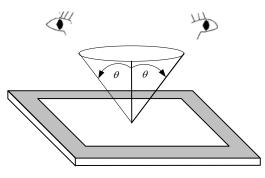


Fig. 11.1

#### 11.1 THE DEFINITION OF LCD ZONE

LCD panel is divided into 3 areas as shown in Fig.11.2 for appearance specification in next section. A zone is the LCD active area (dot area); B zone is the area, which extended 1 mm out from LCD active area; C zone is the area between B zone and metal frame.

In terms of housing design, B zone is the recommended window area customers' housing should be located in.

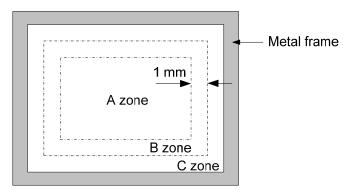


Fig. 11.2

#### 11.2 LCD APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

The specification as below is defined as the amount of unexpected phenomenon or material in different zones of LCD panel. The definitions of length, width and average diameter using in the table are shown in Fig. 11.3 and Fig. 11.4.

Item		Applied zone					
	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Maximum n	umber	Minimum space		
O swatah a s	Ignored	W≦0.02	Ignored	Ignored			
Scratches	L≦40	$0.02\!<\!W\!\leq\!0.04$	10		-	Α, Β	
	L≦20	W≦0.04	10		-		
Dent		Serious one is not allowed				А	
Wrinkles in polarizer		Serious one	e is not allowed			А	
	Average diam	neter (mm)	Max	kimum n	umber		
Dubbles on polarizor	D	≦0.3		Ignore	ed	^	
Bubbles on polarizer	0.3 <d< td=""><td>≦0.5</td><td></td><td>12</td><td></td><td>A</td></d<>	≦0.5		12		A	
	0.5 <d< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>3</td><td></td><td></td></d<>			3			
		Filamentou	s (Line shape)				
	Length (mm)	Wid	th (mm)	Max	imum number		
	L≦2.0		W≦0.03		Ignored	A, B	
	L≦3.0	0.03<	$0.03 {<} W {\leq} 0.05$		10		
	L≦2.5	0.05	$0.05 {<} W {\leq} 0.1$		1		
1) Stains							
2) Foreign Materials	Average diameter (	mm) Maximi	um number	Mir	imum Space		
3) Dark Spot	D<0.1	lg	Ignored		-		
	0.1≦D<0.3		3		10 mm	А, В	
	0.3≦D	1	lone		-		
	In total		Filamentous + Round=10				
	Those w						
		-	Гуре	Max	imum number		
			l dot	4			
	Dright dat dafaa	_ 2 adj	acent dot	1			
	Bright dot-defec	3 adjacen	t dot or above	Not allowed			
Dot-Defect		Ir	i total	5		^	
(Note 1)			l dot	5		A	
	Dark dot-defect	2 adj	acent dot	2			
		3 adjacen	t dot or above	Ν	lot allowed		
		Ir	i total		5		
		In total		10			

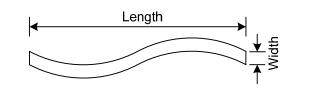


Fig. 11.3



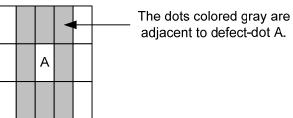
Average diameter =  $\frac{a+b}{2}$ 



а

Note 1: The definitions of dot defect are as below:

- The defect area of the dot must be bigger than half of a dot.
- For bright dot-defect, showing black pattern, the dot's brightness must be over 30% brighter than others.
- For dark dot-defect, showing white pattern, the dot's brightness must be under 70% darker than others.
- The definition of 1-dot-defect is the defect-dot, which is isolated and no adjacent defect-dot.
- The definition of adjacent dot is shown as Fig. 11.5.



adjacent to defect-dot A.

Fig. 11.5

### **12. PRECAUTIONS**

#### 12.1 PRECAUTIONS OF ESD

- 1) Before handling the display, please ensure your body has been connected to ground to avoid any damages by ESD. Also, do not touch display's interface directly when assembling.
- 2) Please remove the protection film very slowly before turning on the display to avoid generating ESD.

### **12.2 PRECAUTIONS OF HANDLING**

- 1) In order to keep the appearance of display in good condition, please do not rub any surfaces of the displays by using sharp tools harder than 3H, especially touch panel, metal frame and polarizer.
- 2) Please do not stack the displays as this may damage the surface. In order to avoid any injuries, please avoid touching the edge of the glass or metal frame and wore gloves during handling.
- 3) Touching the polarizer or terminal pins with bare hand should be avoided to prevent staining and poor electrical contact.
- 4) Do not use any harmful chemicals such as acetone, toluene, and isopropyl alcohol to clean display's surfaces.
- 5) Please use soft cloth or absorbent cotton with ethanol to clean the display by gently wiping. Moreover, when wiping the display, please wipe it by horizontal or vertical direction instead of circling to prevent leaving scars on the display's surface, especially polarizer.
- 6) Please wipe any unknown liquids immediately such as saliva, water or dew on the display to avoid color fading or any permanent damages.
- 7) Maximum pressure to the surface of the display must be less than  $1,96 \times 10^4$  Pa. If the area of applied pressure is less than  $1 \text{ cm}^2$ , the maximum pressure must be less than 1.96N.

### **12.3 PRECAUTIONS OF OPERATING**

- 1) Please input signals and voltages to the displays according to the values defined in the section of electrical characteristics to obtain the best performance. Any voltages over than absolute maximum rating will cause permanent damages to this display. Also, any timing of the signals out of this specification would cause unexpected performance.
- 2) When the display is operating at significant low temperature, the response time will be slower than it at 25 C°. In high temperature, the color will be slightly dark and blue compared to original pattern. However, these are temperature-related phenomenon of LCD and it will not cause permanent damages to the display when used within the operating temperature.
- 3) The use of screen saver or sleep mode is recommended when static images are likely for long periods of time. This is to avoid the possibility of image sticking.
- 4) Spike noise can cause malfunction of the circuit. The recommended limitation of spike noise is no bigger than  $\pm 100$  mV.

NO.

#### 12.4 PRECAUTIONS OF STORAGE

If the displays are going to be stored for years, please be aware the following notices.

- 1) Please store the displays in a dark room to avoid any damages from sunlight and other sources of UV light.
- 2) The recommended long term storage temperature is between 10 C° ~35 C° and 55%~75% humidity to avoid causing bubbles between polarizer and LCD glasses, and polarizer peeling from LCD glasses.
- 3) It would be better to keep the displays in the container, which is shipped from KOE, and do not unpack it.
- 4) Please do not stick any labels on the display surface for a long time, especially on the polarizer.

### **13. DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK**

1) The lot mark is showing in Fig.13.1. First 4 digits are used to represent production lot, T represented made in Taiwan, and the last 6 digits are the serial number.

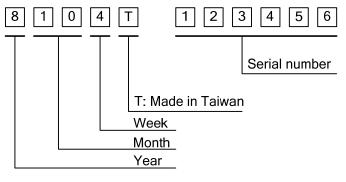


Fig. 13.1

2) The tables as below are showing what the first 4 digits of lot mark are shorted for.

Year	Lot Mark
2018	8
2019	9
2020	0
2021	1
2022	2

Month	Lot Mark	Month	Lot Mark	
Jan.	01	Jul.	07	
Feb.	02	Aug.	08	
Mar.	03	Sep.	09	
Apr.	04	Oct.	10	
May	05	Nov.	11	
Jun.	06	Dec.	12	

Week	Lot Mark
1~7 days	1
8~14 days	2
15~21 days	3
22~28 days	4
29~31 days	5

3) Except letters I and O, revision number will be shown on lot mark and following letters A to Z.

REV. No	Item	Remarks
A	-	-

4) The location of the lot mark is on the back of the display shown in Fig. 13.2.

#### Label example:



Fig. 13.2

KAOHSIUNG OPTO-ELECTRONICS INC.