

# KOE

---

## JDI Group

Kaohsiung Opto-Electronics Inc.

FOR MESSRS : \_\_\_\_\_

DATE : Jul. 24<sup>th</sup> ,2013

### CUSTOMER'S ACCEPTANCE SPECIFICATIONS

### TX26D25VM2BAA

#### Contents

No.	ITEM	SHEET No.	PAGE
1	COVER	7B64PS 2701-TX26D25VM2BAA-1	1-1/1
2	RECORD OF REVISION	7B64PS 2702-TX26D25VM2BAA-1	2-1/1
3	GENERAL DATA	7B64PS 2703-TX26D25VM2BAA-1	3-1/1
4	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	7B64PS 2704-TX26D25VM2BAA-1	4-1/1
5	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	7B64PS 2705-TX26D25VM2BAA-1	5-1/2~2/2
6	OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS	7B64PS 2706-TX26D25VM2BAA-1	6-1/2~2/2
7	BLOCK DIAGRAM	7B64PS 2707-TX26D25VM2BAA-1	7-1/1
8	RELIABILITY TESTS	7B64PS 2708-TX26D25VM2BAA-1	8-1/1
9	LCD INTERFACE	7B64PS 2709-TX26D25VM2BAA-1	9-1/6~6/6
10	OUTLINE DIMENSIONS	7B64PS 2710-TX26D25VM2BAA-1	10-1/2~2/2
11	APPEARANCE STANDARD	7B64PS 2711-TX26D25VM2BAA-1	11-1/3~3/3
12	PRECAUTIONS	7B64PS 2712-TX26D25VM2BAA-1	12-1/2~2/2
13	DESIGNATION of LOT MARK	7B64PS 2713-TX26D25VM2BAA-1	13-1/1

ACCEPTED BY: \_\_\_\_\_

PROPOSED BY: 

## 2. RECORD OF REVISION

DATE	SHEET No.	SUMMARY

### 3. GENERAL DATA

#### 3.1 DISPLAY FEATURES

This module is a 10.2" HSVGA TFT module. The pixel format is vertical stripe and sub pixels are arranged as R(red), G(green), B(blue) sequentially. This display is RoHS compliant, COG (chip on glass) technology and LED backlight are applied on this display.

Part Name	TX26D25VM2BAA
Module Dimensions	260.2(W) mm x 96.2(H) mm x 10.55(D) mm typ.
LCD Active Area	246.0(W) mm x 78.72(H) mm
Dot Pitch	0.1025(W) mm x 3(R, G, B)(W) x 0.3075(H) mm
Resolution	800 x 3(RGB)(W) x 256(H) dots
Color Pixel Arrangement	R, G, B Vertical stripe
LCD Type	Transmissive Color TFT; Normally White
Display Type	Active Matrix
Number of Colors	262k Colors
Backlight	3 LEDs series x 13 parallel (39 LEDs in total)
Weight	240 g (typ.)
Interface	C-MOS; 18-bit RGB; 40 pins
Power Supply Voltage	3.3V for LCD
Power Consumption	0.45 W for LCD ; 1.87W for Backlight
Viewing Direction	12 O'clock (Without image inversion and least brightness change) 6 O'clock (Contrast peak located at)

## 4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$	0	4.0	V	-
Input Voltage of Logic	$V_I$	-0.3	$V_{DD}+0.3$	V	Note 1
Operating Temperature	Top	-20	70	°C	Note 2
Storage Temperature	Tst	-30	80	°C	Note 2

Note 1: The rating is defined for the signal voltages of the interface such as DE, CLK and RGB data bus.

Note 2: The maximum rating is defined as above based on the chamber temperature, which might be different from ambient temperature after assembling the panel into the application. Moreover, some temperature-related phenomenon as below needed to be noticed:

- Background color, contrast and response time would be different in temperatures other than 25°C.
- Operating under low temperature will shorten LED lifetime.

## 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS

$T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$	-	3	3.3	3.6	V	-
Input Voltage of Logic	$V_I$	"H" level	$0.7 V_{DD}$	-	$V_{DD}$	mV	Note 1
		"L" level	0	-	$0.3 V_{DD}$		
Power Supply Current	$I_{DD}$	$V_{DD}-V_{SS} = 3.3\text{V}$	-	137	165	mA	Note 2,3
Vsync Frequency	$f_v$	-	-	60	66	Hz	-
Hsync Frequency	$f_H$	-	15.4	18.9	25	KHz	
DCLK Frequency	$f_{CLK}$	-	14.6	20	27.2	MHz	

Note 1: The rating is defined for the signal voltages of the interface such as DE, CLK and RGB data bus.

Note 2: An all black check pattern is used when measuring  $I_{DD}$ ,  $f_v$  is set to 60 Hz.

Note 3: 1.0A fuse is applied in the module for  $I_{DD}$ . For display activation and protection purpose, power supply is recommended larger than 2.5A to start the display and break fuse once any short circuit occurred.

## 5.2 BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

$T_a = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
LED Input Voltage	$V_{LED}$	Backlight Unit	11.5	12	12.5	V	Note 1
LED Forward Current	$I_{LED}$	Backlight Unit	-	156	-	mA	-
LED Lifetime	-	156 mA	-	40K	-	hrs	Note 2

Note 1: Fig. 5.1 shows the LED backlight circuit. The circuit has 39 LEDs in total and R is  $267\Omega$ .

Note 2: The estimated lifetime is specified as the time to reduce 50% brightness by applying 156 mA at  $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

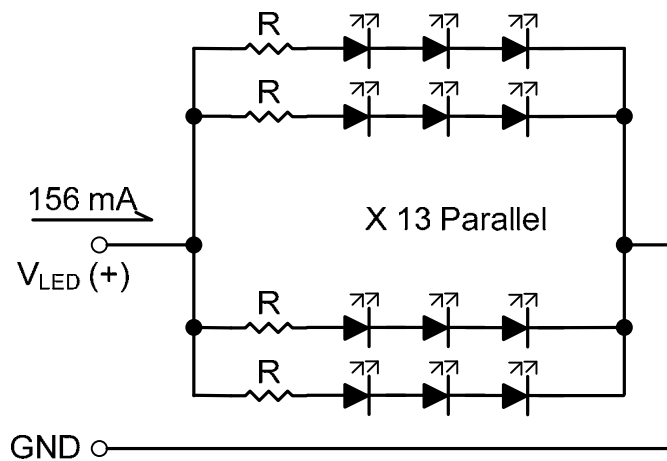


Fig 5.1

## 6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The optical characteristics are measured based on the conditions as below:

- Supplying the signals and voltages defined in the section of electrical characteristics.
- The backlight unit needs to be turned on for 30 minutes.
- The ambient temperature is 25 °C .
- In the dark room around 500~1000 lx, the equipment has been set for the measurements as shown in Fig 6.1.

$$T_a = 25 \pm 3 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}, V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}, f_v = 60 \text{ Hz}$$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks	
Brightness of White	-	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$ $I_{LED} = 156\text{mA}$	300	350	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Note 1	
Brightness Uniformity	-		75	-	-	%	Note 2	
Contrast Ratio	CR		200	500	-	-	Note 3	
Response Time (Rising + Falling)	Tr+Tf	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	-	45	-	ms	Note 4	
NTSC Ratio	-	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	-	60	-	%	-	
Viewing Angle	$\theta_x$	$\phi = 0^\circ, CR \geq 10$	50	-	-	Degree	Note 5	
	$\theta_{x'}$	$\phi = 180^\circ, CR \geq 10$	50	-	-			
	$\theta_y$	$\phi = 90^\circ, CR \geq 10$	45	-	-			
	$\theta_{y'}$	$\phi = 270^\circ, CR \geq 10$	50	-	-			
Color Chromaticity	Red	X	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	0.56	0.61	0.66	-	Note 6
		Y		0.31	0.36	0.41		
	Green	X		0.28	0.33	0.38		
		Y		0.53	0.58	0.63		
	Blue	X		0.10	0.15	0.20		
		Y		0.04	0.09	0.14		
	White	X		0.23	0.28	0.33		
		Y		0.24	0.29	0.34		

Note 1: The brightness is measured from the center point of the panel, P5 in Fig. 6.2, for the typical value.

Note 2: The brightness uniformity is calculated by the equation as below:

$$\text{Brightness uniformity} = \frac{\text{Min. Brightness}}{\text{Max. Brightness}} \times 100\%$$

, which is based on the brightness values of the 9 points measured by BM-5 as shown in Fig. 6.2.

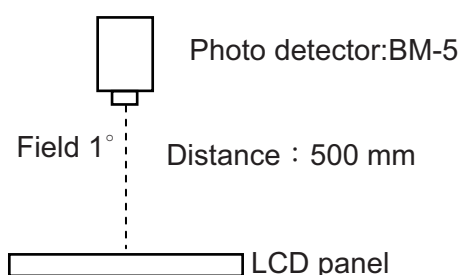


Fig. 6.1

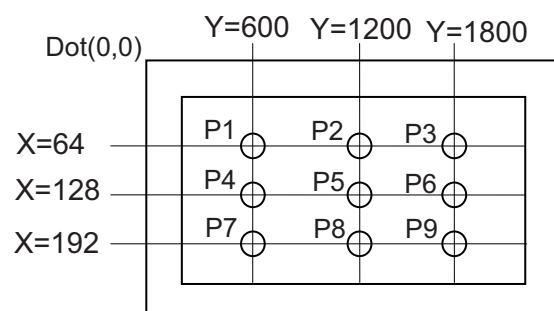


Fig. 6.2

Note 3: The Contrast ratio is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, and defined as the following equation:

$$CR = \frac{\text{Brightness of White}}{\text{Brightness of Black}}$$

Note 4: The definition of response time is shown in Fig. 6.3. The rising time is the period from 90% brightness to 10% brightness when the data is from white to black. Oppositely, Falling time is the period from 10% brightness rising to 90% brightness.

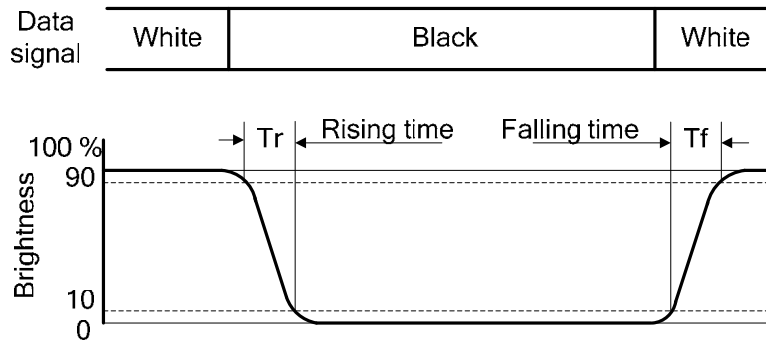


Fig . 6.3

Note 5: The definition of viewing angle is shown in Fig. 6.4. Angle  $\phi$  is used to represent viewing directions, for instance,  $\phi = 270^\circ$  means 6 o'clock, and  $\phi = 0^\circ$  means 3 o'clock. Moreover, angle  $\theta$  is used to represent viewing angles from axis Z toward plane XY.

The viewing direction of this display is 12 o'clock, which means that a photograph with gray scale would not be reversed in color and the brightness change would be less from this direction. However, the best contrast peak would be located at 6 o'clock.

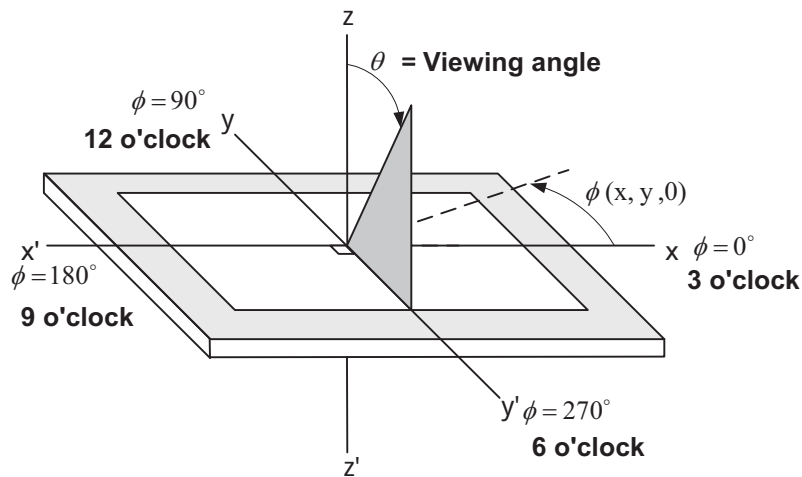
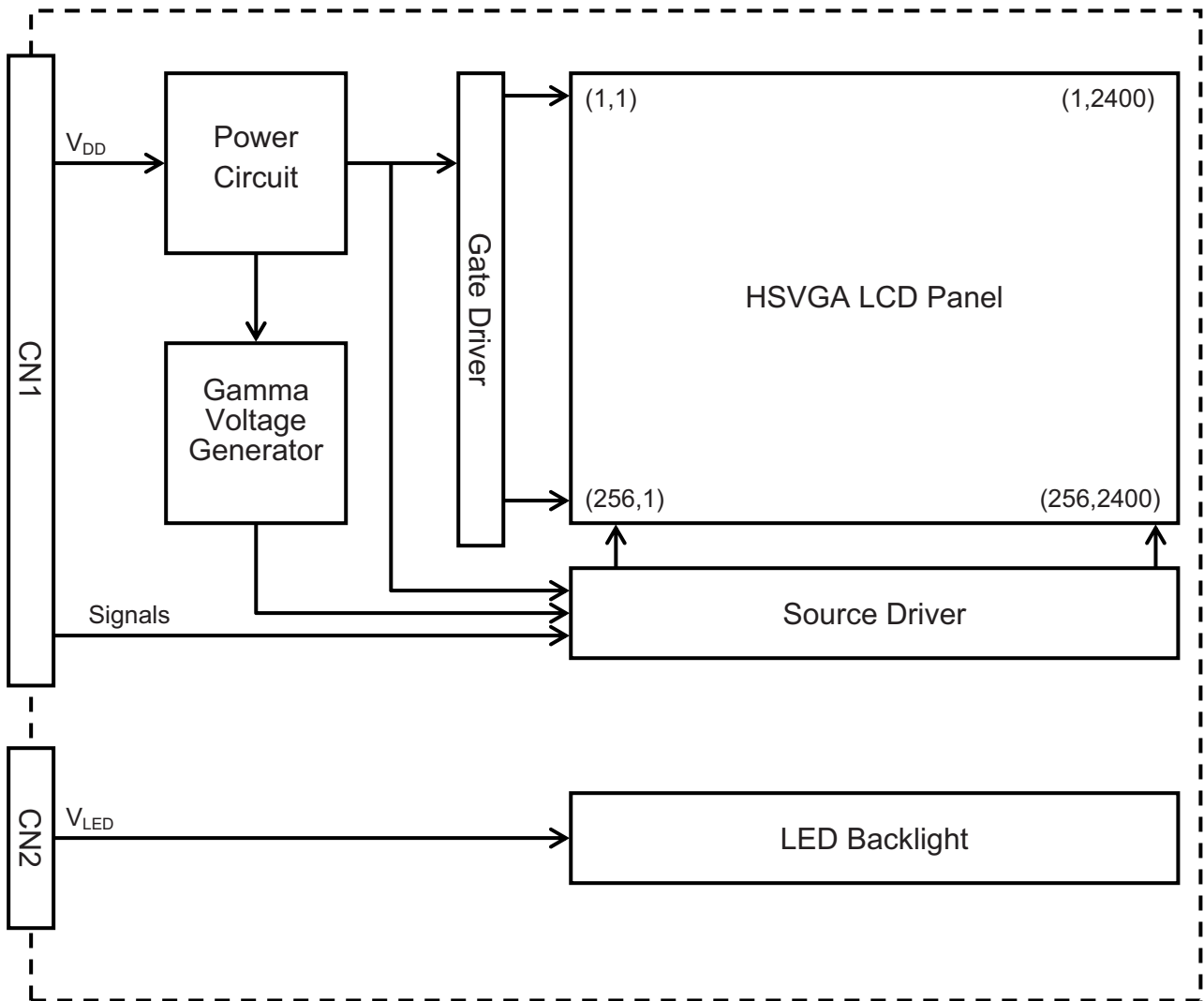


Fig. 6.4

Note 6: The color chromaticity is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, as shown in Fig. 6.2.



## 7. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note 1: Signals are DE, CLK and RGB data bus.

## 8. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test Item	Condition	
High Temperature	1) Operating 2) 70 °C	240 hrs
Low Temperature	1) Operating 2) -20 °C	240 hrs
High Temperature	1) Storage 2) 80 °C	240 hrs
Low Temperature	1) Storage 2) -30 °C	240 hrs
Heat Cycle	1) Operating 2) -20 °C ~70 °C 3) 3hrs~1hr~3hrs	240 hrs
Thermal Shock	1) Non-Operating 2) -35 °C ↔ 85 °C 3) 0.5 hr ↔ 0.5 hr	240 hrs
High Temperature & Humidity	1) Operating 2) 40 °C & 85%RH 3) Without condensation 4) Note 4	240 hrs
Vibration	1) Non-Operating 2) 20 ~ 50 Hz 3) 2G 4) X, Y, and Z directions	1 hr for each direction
Mechanical Shock	1) Non-Operating 2) 3 ms 3) 50G 4) ±X, ±Y and ±Z directions	Once for each direction
ESD	1) Operating 2) Tip: 200 pF, 250 Ω 3) Air discharge for glass: ± 8KV 4) Contact discharge for metal frame: ± 8KV (Note 3)	1) Glass: 9 points 2) Metal frame: 8 points

Note 1: Display functionalities are inspected under the conditions defined in the specification after the reliability tests.

Note 2: The display is not guaranteed for use in corrosive gas environments.

Note 3: All pins of LCD interface(CN1) have been tested by ± 100V contact discharge of ESD under non-operating condition, with 200pF, 250Ω at 25 °C, 70%RH environment.

Note 4: Under the condition of high temperature & humidity, if the temperature is higher than 40°C, the humidity needs to be reduced as Fig. 8.1 shown.

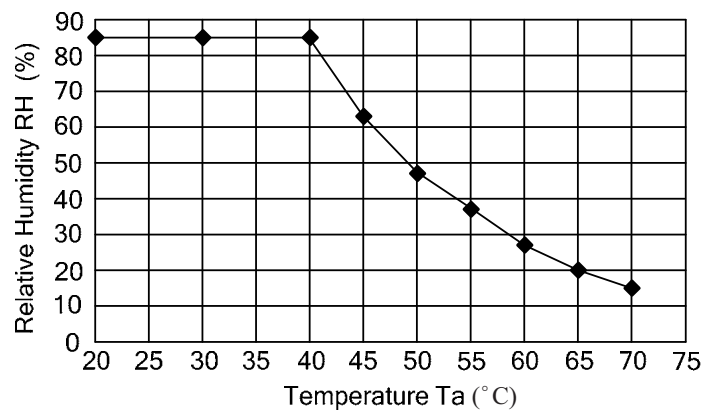


Fig. 8.1

## 9. LCD INTERFACE

### 9.1 INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

The display interface connector is FA5B040HP1R3000 made by JAE (Thickness:  $0.3 \pm 0.05\text{mm}$ ; Pitch:  $0.5 \pm 0.05\text{mm}$ ) and more details of the connector are shown in the section of outline dimension.

Pin assignment of LCD interface is as below:

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND	21	G5	Green Data
2	V <sub>SS</sub>		22	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND
3	CLK	Dot Clock	23	B0	Blue Data
4	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND	24	B1	
5	V <sub>SS</sub>		25	B2	
6	NC	No Connector	26	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND
7	R0	Red Data	27	B3	Blue Data
8	R1		28	B4	
9	R2		29	B5	
10	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND	30	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND
11	R3	Red Data	31	NC	No Connector
12	R4		32	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND
13	R5		33	NC	No Connection
14	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND	34	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND
15	G0	Green Data	35	DE	Data Enable Signal
16	G1		36	NC	No Connection
17	G2		37	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply
18	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND	38	V <sub>DD</sub>	
19	G3	Green Data	39	V <sub>DD</sub>	
20	G4		40	V <sub>DD</sub>	

### 9.2 BACK-LIGHT UNIT

The back light interface connector is BHR-03VS-1 made by JST, and pin assignment is as below:

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	V <sub>LED+</sub>	Power Supply
2	NC	No Connection
3	V <sub>LED-</sub>	GND

### 9.3 INTERFACE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The column of timing sets including minimum, typical, and maximum as below are based on the best optical performance, frame frequency (Vsync) = 60 Hz to define.

#### A. DE MODE

	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Horizontal	CLK Frequency	fclk	14.6	20	27.2	M Hz
	Display Data	thd	800	800	800	CLK
	Cycle Time	th	944	1056	1088	
Vertical	Display Data	tvd	256	256	256	H
	Cycle Time	tv	258	316	416	

#### B. CLOCK AND DATA INPUT TIMING

	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
CLK	Duty	Tcwh	40	50	60	%
	Cycle Time	Tcph	36	50	68	ns
Data	Setup Time	Tdsu	8	-	-	
	Hold Time	Tdhd	8	-	-	
DE	Setup Time	Tesu	8	-	-	
	Hold Time	Tehd	8	-	-	

# 9.4 TIMING CHART

## A. DE MODE

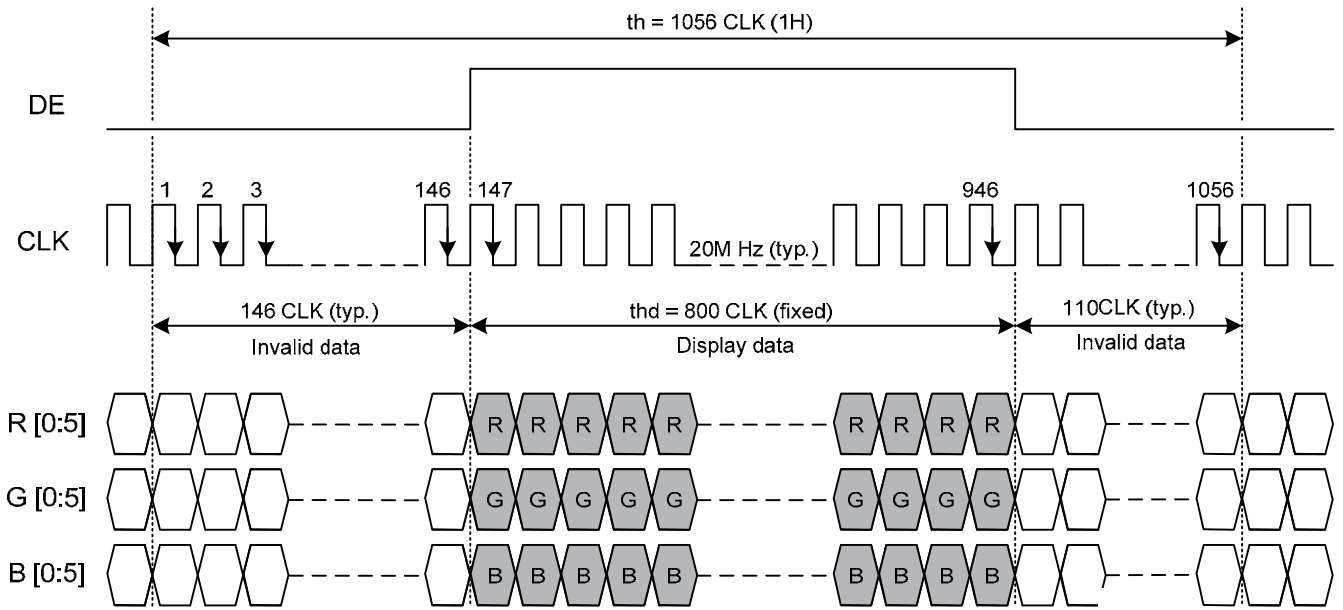


Fig. 9.1 Horizontal Timing of DE Mode

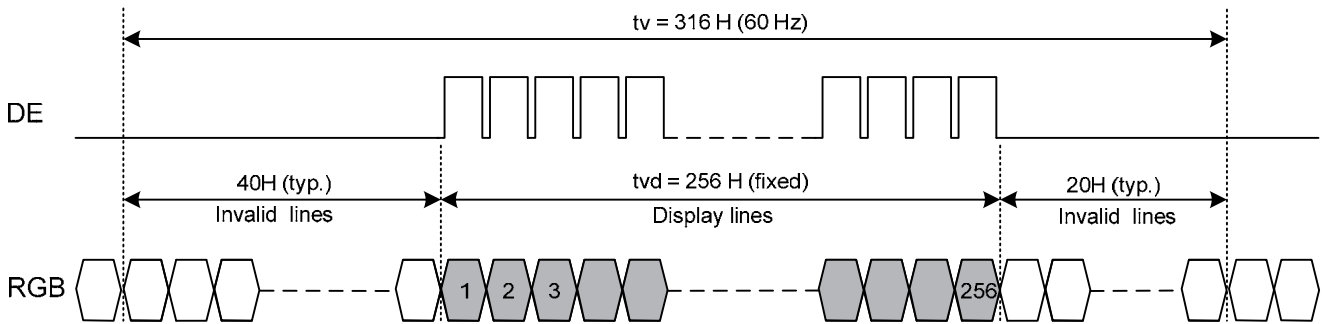


Fig. 9.2 Vertical Timing of DE Mode

## B. CLOCK AND DATA INPUT TIMING

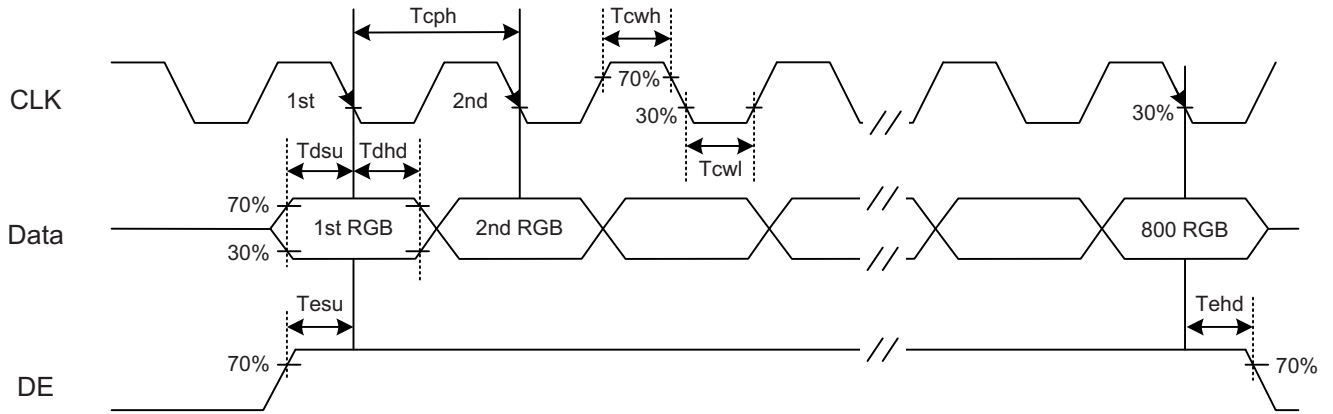


Fig. 9.3 Setup & Hold Time of Data and DE signal.

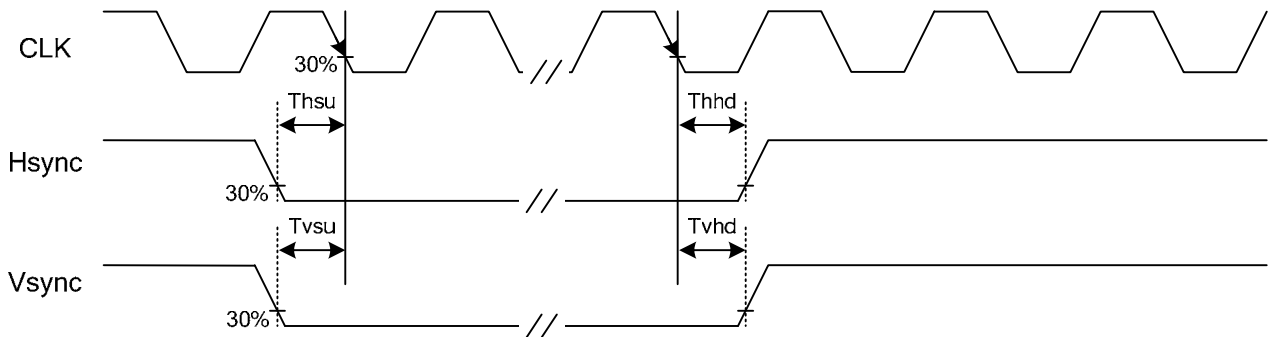
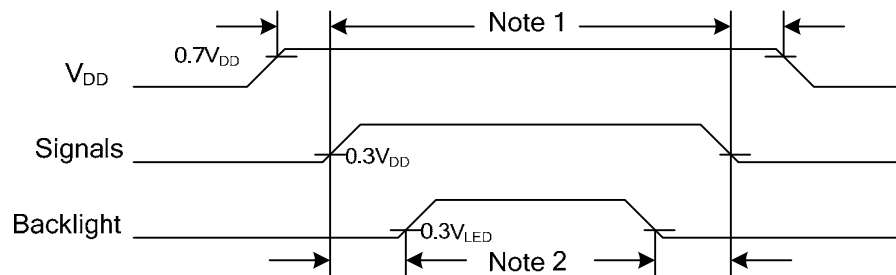


Fig. 9.4 Setup & Hold Time of Hsync and Vsync signal

### 9.5 DATA INPUT for DISPLAY COLOR

	COLOR & Gray Scale	Data Signal																	
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Red	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

## 9.6 POWER SEQUENCE



Power Sequence Timing

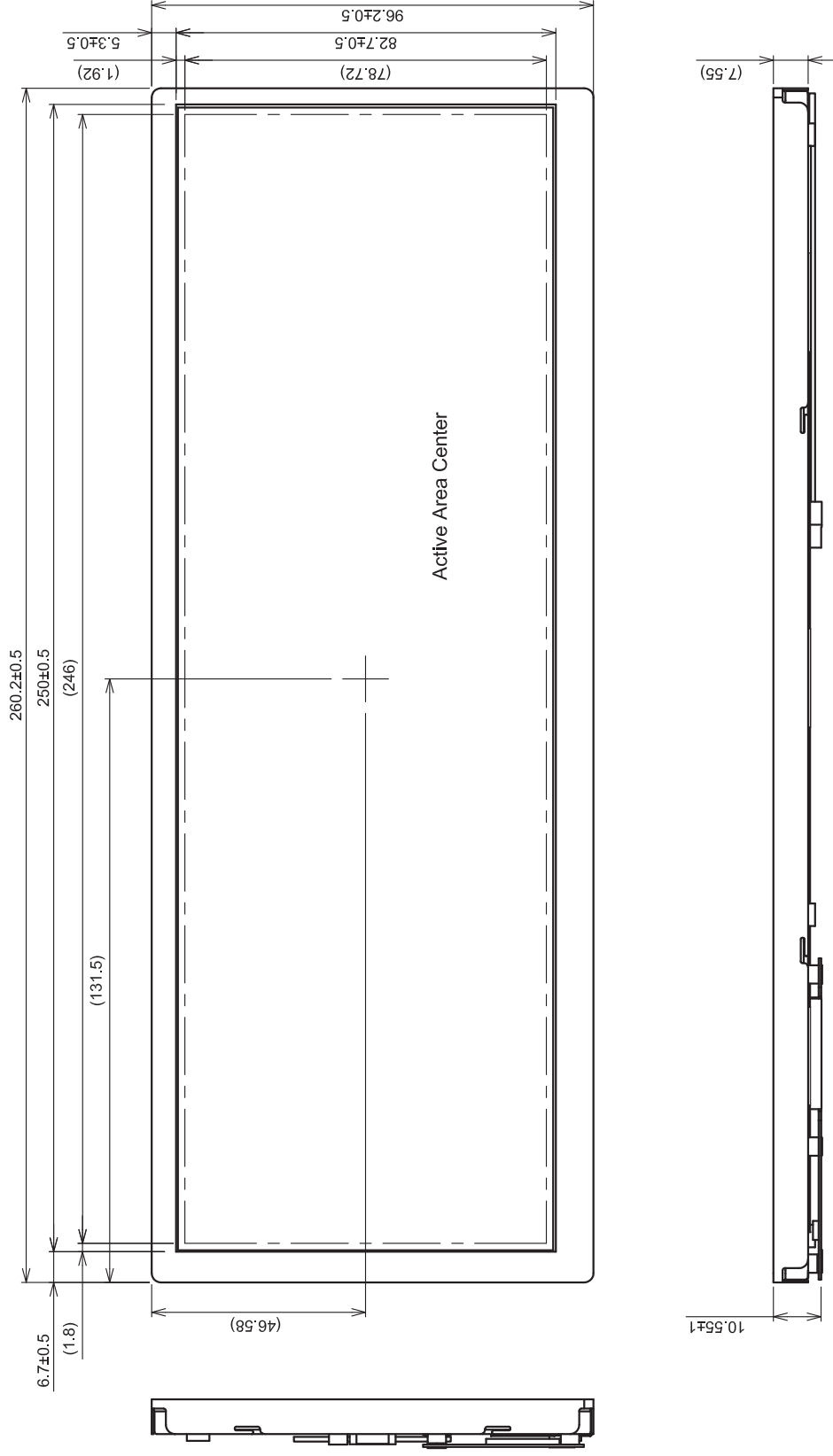
Note 1: In order to avoid any damages,  $V_{DD}$  has to be applied before all other signals. The opposite is true for power off where  $V_{DD}$  has to be remained on until all other signals have been switch off. The recommended time period is 1 second. Hot plugging might cause display damage due to incorrect power sequence, please pay attention on interface connecting before power on.

Note 2: In order to avoid showing uncompleted patterns in transient state. It is recommended that switching the backlight on is delayed for 1 second after the signals have been applied. The opposite is true for power off where the backlight has to be switched off 1 second before the signals are removed.



# 10. OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

## 10.1 FRONT VIEW



Scale : NTS  
Unit : mm



# 11. APPEARANCE STANDARD

The appearance inspection is performed in a dark room around 500~1000 lx based on the conditions as below:

- The distance between inspector's eyes and display is 30 cm.
- The viewing zone is defined with angle  $\theta$  shown in Fig. 11.1 The inspection should be performed within  $45^\circ$  when display is shutdown. The inspection should be performed within  $5^\circ$  when display is power on.

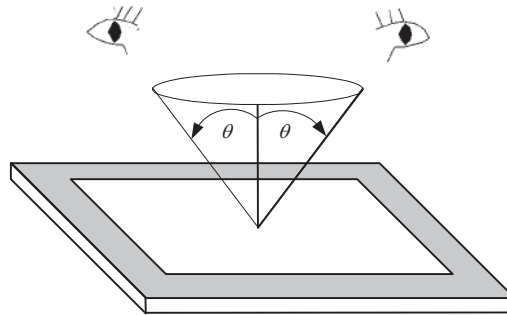


Fig. 11.1

## 11.1 THE DEFINITION OF LCD ZONE

LCD panel is divided into 3 areas as shown in Fig.11.2 for appearance specification in next section. A zone is the LCD active area (dot area); B zone is the area, which extended 1 mm out from LCD active area; C zone is the area between B zone and metal frame.

In terms of housing design, B zone is the recommended window area customers' housing should be located in.

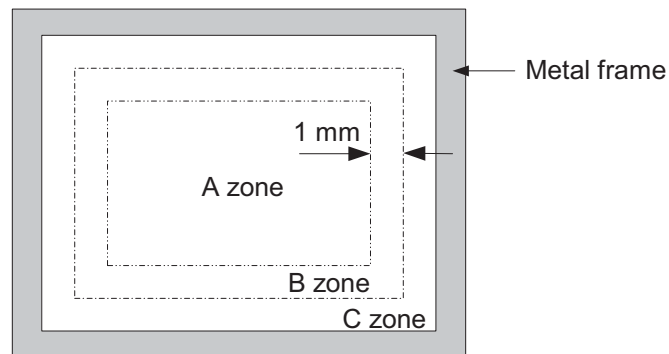


Fig. 11.2

## 11.2 LCD APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

The specification as below is defined as the amount of unexpected phenomenon or material in different zones of LCD panel. The definitions of length, width and average diameter using in the table are shown in Fig. 11.4 and Fig. 11.5.

Item	Criteria				Applied zone
	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Maximum number	Minimum space	
Scratches	$L \leq 15$	$W \leq 0.02$	Ignored	-	A
	$L \leq 15$	$0.02 < W \leq 0.1$	5	-	
	$L > 15$	$0.1 < W$	0	-	
Dent	Serious one is not allowed				A
Wrinkles in polarizer	Serious one is not allowed				A
Bubbles on polarizer	Average diameter (mm)		Maximum number		A
	$D \leq 0.3$		Ignored		
	$0.3 \leq D \leq 0.6$		4		
	$0.6 < D$		0		
1) Stains 2) Foreign Materials 3) Dark Spot	Filamentous (Line shape)				A
	Length (mm)		Width (mm)		
	$L \leq 2.0$		$W \leq 1.5$		
	$L > 2.0$		$1.5 < W$		0
	Round (Dot shape)				A
	Average diameter (mm)		Maximum number		
	$D \leq 0.2$		Ignored		
	$0.2 \leq D < 0.6$		4		
	$0.6 \leq D$		0		-
	Those wiped out easily are acceptable				
Dot-Defect		Area ①	Area ②	Maximum number	A (Note 1)
	Bright dot-defect	1 dot	2 dot	3 dot	
	Dark dot-defect	2 dot	3 dot	4 dot	
	Bright + Dark point	3 dot	4 dot	5 dot	

Note 1: The Dot-Defect inspection within A zone (active area) would be divided into area ①, ② as Fig. 11.3 shown.

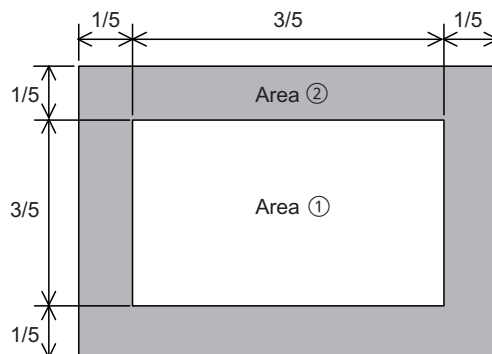


Fig. 11.3

### LED BACKLIGHT APPEARANCE

Item	Criteria			Applied zone
Dark Spots White Spots Foreign Materials (Spot)	Average diameter (mm)	Maximum number		A
	$D \leq 0.4$	Ignored		
	$0.4 < D$	None		
Foreign Materials (Line)	Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Maximum number	A
	$W \leq 0.2$	$L \leq 2.5$	1	
	$0.2 < W$	$2.5 < L$	None	
Scratches	Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Maximum number	A
	$W \leq 0.1$	-	Ignored	
	$0.1 < W \leq 0.2$	$L \leq 11.0$	1	
	$0.2 < W$	$11.0 < L$	None	

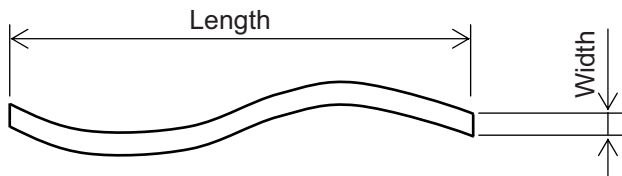


Fig 11.4



Fig 11.5

## 12. PRECAUTIONS

### 12.1 PRECAUTIONS of ESD

- 1) Before handling the display, please ensure your body has been connected to ground to avoid any damages by ESD. Also, do not touch display's interface directly when assembling.
- 2) Please remove the protection film very slowly before turning on the display to avoid generating ESD.

### 12.2 PRECAUTIONS of HANDLING

- 1) In order to keep the appearance of display in good condition, please do not rub any surfaces of the displays by using sharp tools harder than 3H, especially touch panel, metal frame and polarizer.
- 2) Please do not stack the displays as this may damage the surface. In order to avoid any injuries, please avoid touching the edge of the glass or metal frame and wore gloves during handling.
- 3) Touching the polarizer or terminal pins with bare hand should be avoided to prevent staining and poor electrical contact.
- 4) Do not use any harmful chemicals such as acetone, toluene, and isopropyl alcohol to clean display's surfaces.
- 5) Please use soft cloth or absorbent cotton with ethanol to clean the display by gently wiping. Moreover, when wiping the display, please wipe it by horizontal or vertical direction instead of circling to prevent leaving scars on the display's surface, especially polarizer.
- 6) Please wipe any unknown liquids immediately such as saliva, water or dew on the display to avoid color fading or any permanent damages.
- 7) Maximum pressure to the surface of the display must be less than  $1,96 \times 10^4$  Pa. If the area of applied pressure is less than  $1 \text{ cm}^2$ , the maximum pressure must be less than 1.96N.

### 12.3 PRECAUTIONS OF OPERATING

- 1) Please input signals and voltages to the displays according to the values defined in the section of electrical characteristics to obtain the best performance. Any voltages over than absolute maximum rating will cause permanent damages to this display. Also, any timing of the signals out of this specification would cause unexpected performance.
- 2) When the display is operating at significant low temperature, the response time will be slower than it at  $25 \text{ C}^\circ$ . In high temperature, the color will be slightly dark and blue compared to original pattern. However, these are temperature-related phenomenon of LCD and it will not cause permanent damages to the display when used within the operating temperature.
- 3) The use of screen saver or sleep mode is recommended when static images are likely for long periods of time. This is to avoid the possibility of image sticking.
- 4) Spike noise can cause malfunction of the circuit. The recommended limitation of spike noise is no bigger than  $\pm 100 \text{ mV}$ .

## 12.4 PRECAUTIONS of STORAGE

If the displays are going to be stored for years, please be aware the following notices.

- 1) Please store the displays in a dark room to avoid any damages from sunlight and other sources of UV light.
- 2) The recommended long term storage temperature is between 10 C° ~35 C° and 55%~75% humidity to avoid causing bubbles between polarizer and LCD glasses, and polarizer peeling from LCD glasses.
- 3) It would be better to keep the displays in the container, which is shipped from KOE, and do not unpack it.
- 4) Please do not stick any labels on the display surface for a long time, especially on the polarizer.

### 13. DESIGNATION of LOT MARK

1) The lot mark is showing in Fig.13.1. First 4 digits are used to represent production lot, T represented made in Taiwan, and the last 6 digits are the serial number.

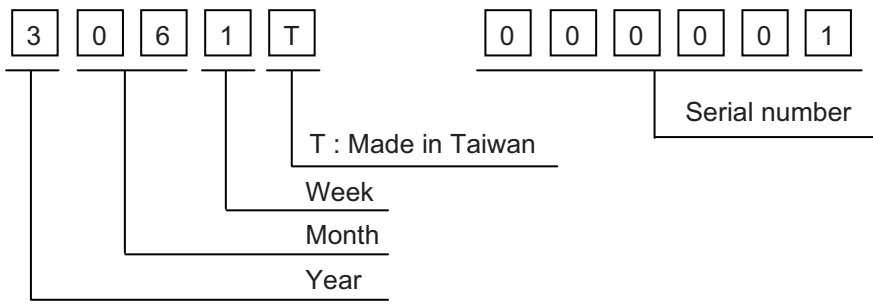


Fig. 13.1

2) The tables as below are showing what the first 4 digits of lot mark are shorted for.

Year	Mark
2013	3
2014	4
2015	5
2016	6
2017	7

Month	Mark	Month	Mark
1	01	7	07
2	02	8	08
3	03	9	09
4	04	10	10
5	05	11	11
6	06	12	12

Week (Days)	Mark
1~7	1
8~14	2
15~21	3
22~28	4
29~31	5

3) Except letters I and O, revision number will be showed on lot mark and following letters A to Z.

4) The location of the lot mark is on the back of the display shown in Fig. 13.2



Fig. 13.2