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HT15X22-100


Product Specification

Rev. 0

LCD SBU

Hyundai Electronics Industries Co.,Ltd

SPEC. NUMBER S864-1026	PRODUCT GROUP TFT-LCD PRODUCT	Rev. 0	ISSUE DATE 1999.07.08	PAGE 1 OF 26
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	PRODUCT GROUP	REV.	ISSUE DATE
	TFT-LCD PRODUCT	0	1999.07.08

REVISION HISTORY

REV.	ECN NO.	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES	DATE	PREPARED
0		Initial Release	99.07.08	S.K. KIM

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PRODUCT GROUP

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TFT-LCD PRODUCT

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1999.07.08

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SPEC. NUMBER
S864-1026

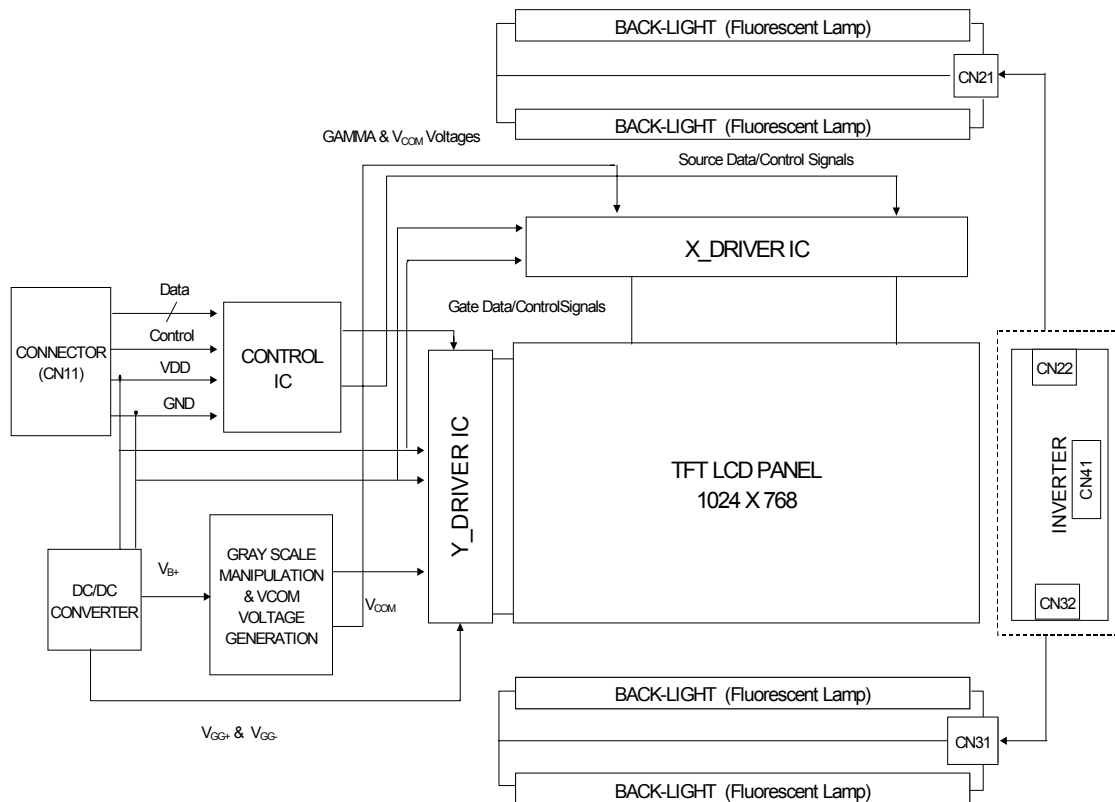
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1.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 Introduction

HT15X22-100 is a color active matrix TFT LCD module using amorphous silicon TFT's (Thin Film Transistors) as an active switching devices. This module has a 15.0 inch diagonally measured active area with XGA resolutions (1024 horizontal by 768 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into RED, GREEN, BLUE dots which are arranged in vertical Stripe and this module can display 16,777,216 colors. The TFT-LCD panel used for this module is a low reflection and higher color type. Therefore, this module is suitable for Desk-top type of PC. The DC/AC inverter for back-light driving is not built in this model.



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1.2 Features

- Desk-top type of PC
- Display terminals for control system
- Monitors for process controller
- CMOS RGB Interface
- High speed response
- 256 Gray Scale (8 bits) / 64 Gray Scale (6 bits)
- Incorporated edge type back-light (Four lamps, Inverter optional)
- High luminance and Contrast ratio, Low reflection and wide viewing angle
- DE (Data Enable) Mode only

1.3 General Specifications

The followings are general specifications at the model HT15X22-100. (listed in Table 1)

<Table 1. General Specifications>

Parameter	Specification	Unit	Remarks
Active area	304.128 (H) x 228.096(V)	mm	
Number of pixels	1024(H) x 768(V)	pixels	
Pixel pitch	0.297(H) x 0.297(V)	mm	
Pixel arrangement	RGB Vertical stripe		
Display colors	16,777,216	colors	
Display mode	Normally Black		
Dimensional outline	350.0 ± 0.5(H)x266.5 ± 0.5(V)x17.2(D)Typ.	mm	Note 1
Weight	1500 Max.	g	Note 1
Back-light	Top/Bottom edge side 4-CCFL type		Note 2

Note : 1. Excluding Back-light inverter

2. CCFL (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp)

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2.0 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

The followings are maximum values which, if exceed, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit. The operational and non-operational maximum voltage and current values are listed in Table 2.

< Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings >

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Power Input Voltage	V_{DD}	-0.3	6.0	V	Ta = 25 °C
Backlight Power Supply Voltage	V_{DDB}	-0.3	14	V	
Logic Input Voltage	V_{IN}	-0.3	4.6	V	
Operating Temperature (Humidity)	T_{OP} RH	0	+50 95	°C %	≤ 40 °C
Storage Temperature (Humidity)	T_{SP} RH	-20	+60 95	°C %	≤ 40 °C


3.0 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

< Table 3. Electrical specifications >

 $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Power Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
Power Supply Current	I_{DD}		700		mA	Note 1
“Low” Input Voltage	V_{IL}	0		0.8	V	Note 2
“High” Input Voltage	V_{IH}	2.0		3.6	V	
Back-light Lamp Voltage	V_{BL}		740		V_{rms}	
Back-light Lamp Current	I_{BL}		6.0		mA_{rms}	per CCFL
Back-light Lamp operating frequency	F_L		45		KHz	Note 3
Lamp Start Voltage	V_S			(780) (25°C) (1160) (0°C)	V_{rms}	Note 4
Lamp Life	Hr	25,000			hrs	
Power Consumption	P_D		3.5		W	
	P_{BL}		17.8		W	Note 5
	P_{total}		21.3		W	

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Notes : 1. Test Pattern of power supply current

- a) Typ : Vertical color bar pattern
 - b) Max : Vertical 2 line pattern
2. Input signals are DE, I_{CLK}, RA[7:0], GA[7:0], BA[7:0], RB[7:0], GB[7:0], BB[7:0]
3. The lamp frequency should be selected as different as possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics to avoid interference which may cause line flow on the display.
4. The voltage above this value should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second to startup. Otherwise the lamps may not to be turned on.
5. Calculated value for reference ($V_{BL} \times I_{BL}$) x 4 excluding inverter loss.

4.0 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 Overview

The test of Optical specifications shall be measured in a dark room (ambient luminance ≤ 1 lux and temperature = $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$) with the equipment of Luminance meter system (Goniometer system and TOPCONE BM-5) and test unit shall be located at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of θ and Φ equal to 0° . We refer to $\theta_{\phi=0}$ ($= \theta_3$) as the 3 o'clock direction (the "right"), $\theta_{\phi=90}$ ($= \theta_{12}$) as the 12 o'clock direction ("upward"), $\theta_{\phi=180}$ ($= \theta_9$) as the 9 o'clock direction ("left") and $\theta_{\phi=270}$ ($= \theta_6$) as the 6 o'clock direction ("bottom"). While scanning θ and/or Φ , the center of the measuring spot on the Display surface shall stay fixed. The measurement shall be executed after 30 minutes warm-up period. VDD shall be 5.0+/- 10% at 25°C . Optimum viewing angle direction is 6 o'clock.

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4.2 Optical Specifications

<Table 4. Optical Specifications>

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing Angle range	Horizontal	θ_3	CR > 10		80		Deg.	Note 1
		θ_9			80		Deg.	
	Vertical	θ_{12}			80		Deg.	
		θ_6			80		Deg.	
Luminance Contrast ratio		CR	$\theta = 0^\circ$		200			Note 2
Average Luminance of White		Y_w	$\theta = 0^\circ$		200		cd/m ²	Note 3
White luminance uniformity		ΔY	IBL = 6.0.mA			1.45		Note 4
Reproduction Of color	White	x_w	$\theta = 0^\circ$		0.314			Note 5
		y_w			0.325			
	Red	x_R			0.621			
		y_R			0.329			
	Green	x_G			0.294			
		y_G			0.611			
	Blue	x_B			0.143			
		y_B			0.105			
Response Time	Rise	T_r	$T_a = 25^\circ C$		40		ms	Note 6
	Decay	T_d	$\theta = 0^\circ$		40		ms	
Cross Talk		CT	$\theta = 0^\circ$			2.0	%	Note 7

Note :

- Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The viewing angles are determined for the horizontal or 3, 9 o'clock direction and the vertical or 6, 12 o'clock direction with respect to the optical axis which is normal to the LCD surface (see FIGURE 1 shown in Appendix).

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2. Contrast measurements shall be made at viewing angle of $\theta = 0^\circ$ and at the center of the LCD surface. Luminance shall be measured with all pixels in the view field set first to white, then to the dark (black) state . (see FIGURE 1 shown in Appendix) Luminance Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically .

$$CR = \frac{\text{Luminance when displaying a white raster}}{\text{Luminance when displaying a black raster}}$$

3. Average Luminance of white is defined as arithmetic mean of five measurement points across the LCD surface. Luminance shall be measured with all pixels in the view field set first to white. This measurement shall be taken at the locations shown in FIGURE 2 for a total of the measurements per display.
4. The White luminance uniformity on LCD surface is then expressed as : $\Delta Y = \text{Maximum Luminance of five points} / \text{Minimum Luminance of five points}$ (see FIGURE 2 shown in Appendix).
5. The color chromaticity coordinates specified in Table 4. shall be calculated from the spectral data measured with all pixels first in red, green, blue, and white. Measurements shall be made at the center of the panel.
6. The electro-optical response time measurements shall be made as FIGURE 3 shown in Appendix by switching the “data” input signal ON and OFF. The times needed for the luminance to change from 0% to 90% is Td and 100% to 10% is Tr.
7. Cross-Talk of one area of the LCD surface by another shall be measured by comparing the luminance (Y_A) of a 25mm diameter area, with all display pixels set to a gray level, to the luminance (Y_B) of that same area when any adjacent area is driven dark. (see FIGURE 4 shown in Appendix).

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5.0 INTERFACE CONNECTION

5.1 Electrical Interface Connection

CN11 The module-side connector : FX8-80S-SV (HIROSE Electric Co.)

The user-side connector : FX8-80P-SV (HIROSE Electric Co.)

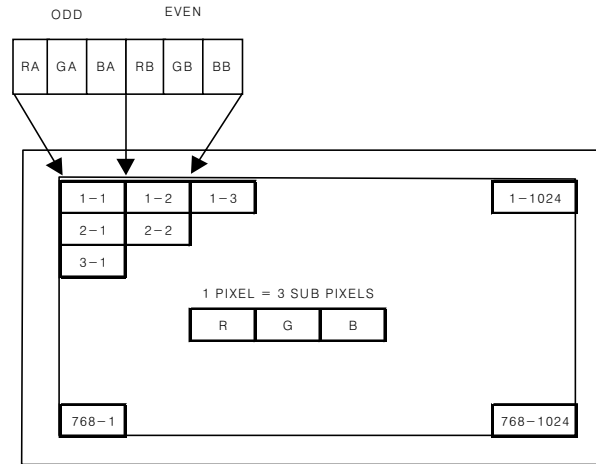
<Table 5. Pin Assignment for Receiver Interface Connection>

Pin No	Symbol	Function	Pin No	Symbol	Function
1	GND	Ground	41	GND	Ground
2	RA0(GND)	Red Odd data LSB	42	GB0(GND)	Green Even data LSB
3	RA1(GND)	Red Odd data	43	GB1(GND)	Green Even data
4	RA2(RA0)	“	44	GB2(GB0)	“
5	RA3(RA1)	“	45	GB3(GB1)	“
6	GND	Ground	46	GND	Ground
7	RA4(RA2)	Red Odd data	47	GB4(GB2)	Green Even data
8	RA5(RA3)	“	48	GB5(GB3)	“
9	RA6(RA4)	“	49	GB6(GB4)	“
10	RA7(RA5)	Red Odd data MSB	50	GB7(GB5)	Green Even data MSB
11	GND	Ground	51	GND	Ground
12	GA0(GND)	Green Odd data LSB	52	BB0(GND)	Blue Even data LSB
13	GA1(GND)	Green Odd data	53	BB1(GND)	Blue Even data
14	GA2(GA0)	“	54	BB2(BB0)	“
15	GA3(GA1)	“	55	BB3(BB1)	“
16	GND	Ground	56	GND	Ground
17	GA4(GA2)	Green Odd data	57	BB4(BB2)	Blue Even data
18	GA5(GA3)	“	58	BB5(BB3)	“
19	GA6(GA4)	“	59	BB6(BB4)	“
20	GA7(GA5)	Green Odd data MSB	60	BB7(BB5)	Blue Even data MSB
21	GND	Ground	61	GND	Ground
22	BA0(GND)	Blue Odd data LSB	62	GND	“
23	BA1(GND)	Blue Odd data	63	CLK	Clock
24	BA2(BA0)	“	64	GND	Ground
25	BA3(BA1)	“	65	GND	Ground
26	GND	Ground	66	NC	No Connection
27	BA4(BA2)	Blue Odd data	67	GND	Ground
28	BA5(BA3)	“	68	GND	Ground

29	BA6(BA4)	“	69	DE	Data Enable
30	BA7(BA5)	Blue Odd data MSB	70	NC	No Connection
31	GND	Ground	71	VDD	+5V Power Supply
32	RB0(GND)	Red Even data LSB	72	VDD	“
33	RB1(GND)	Red Even data	73	VDD	“
34	RB2(RB0)	“	74	VDD	“
35	RB3(RB1)	“	75	VDD	“
36	GND	Ground	76	NC	No Connection
37	RB4(RB2)	Red Even data	77	NC	"
38	RB5(RB3)	“	78	NC	"
39	RB6(RB4)	“	79	NC	"
40	RB7(RB5)	Red Even data MSB	80	GND	Ground

Note : () = for 6 bit (36 bit operation)

5.2 Data Input Format



Display Position of Input Data

5.3 Back-light Interface

5.3.1 The connector interface pin assignments (CN21,CN31)

The Back-light interface connector is a model BHR-04VS-1 manufactured by JST or equivalent. Connector pin assignment is listed in Table 6.

<Table 6. Back-light Electrical Interface>

Terminal No.	INPUT[CN21],[CN31]	Color	Function
1	HOT 1	Pink	High Voltage
2	HOT 2	Pink	High Voltage
3	N.C	-	No Connection
4	COLD	White	Ground

6.0 SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The specification of the signal timing parameter is listed in Table 7.

Basically , there are two signal timing methods to be operated. These are Data Enable Mode and SYNC Mode. The HT15X22-100 is operated by the Data Enable Mode.

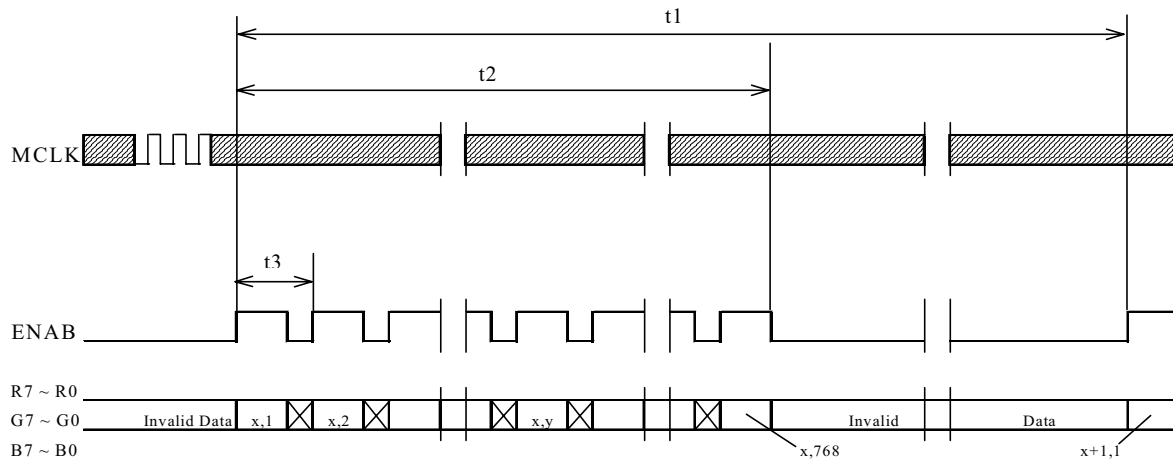
(not used SYNC Mode)

<Table 7. Signal Timing Specifications>

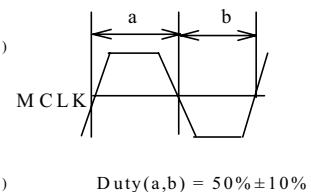
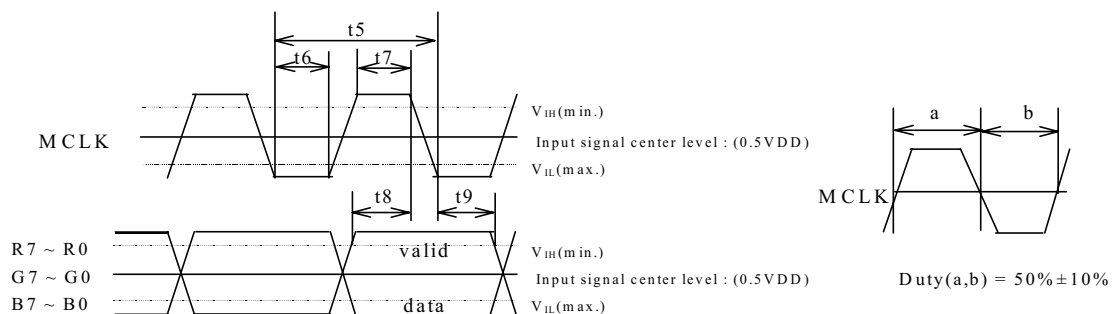
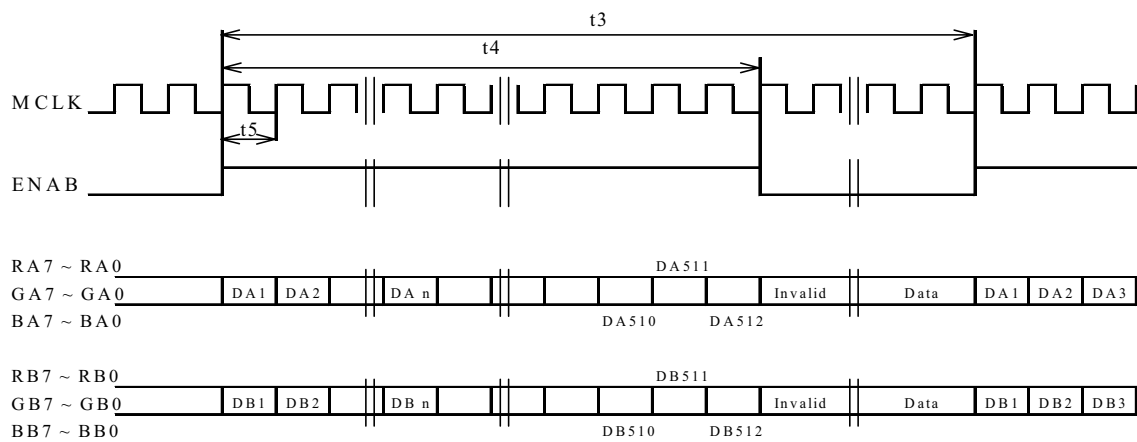
Items	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Frame Period	t1	778 X t3	806 X t3 16.67	860 X t3	-- ms
Vertical Display Period	t2	768 X t3	768 X t3 15.88	768 X t3	-- ms
One Line Scanning Period	t3	590 X t5	672X t5 20.68	682X t5	-- us
Horizontal Display Term	t4	512 X t5	512 X t5 15.75	512 X t5	-- us
Clock Time	t5	-	30.77		ns
Clock "L" Time	t6	9	-	-	ns
Clock "H" Time	t7	9	-	-	ns
Set up Time	t8	8	-	-	ns
Hold Time	t9	8	-	-	ns

7.0 SIGNAL TIMING WAVEFORMS

7.1 Vertical Timing Waveforms



7.2 Horizontal Timing Waveforms



Duty(a,b) = 50% ± 10%

8.0 INPUT SIGNALS, BASIC DISPLAY COLORS & GRAY SCALE OF COLORS

Each color is displayed in 16.7 Million gray scales from 8 bits/ 6 bits data signal input. Table 8 shows the 8 bits input signals and Table 9 shows the 6 bits input signals for basic display colors and gray scale.

<Table 8. 8 Bits Input signals, basic display colors and gray scale for each color>

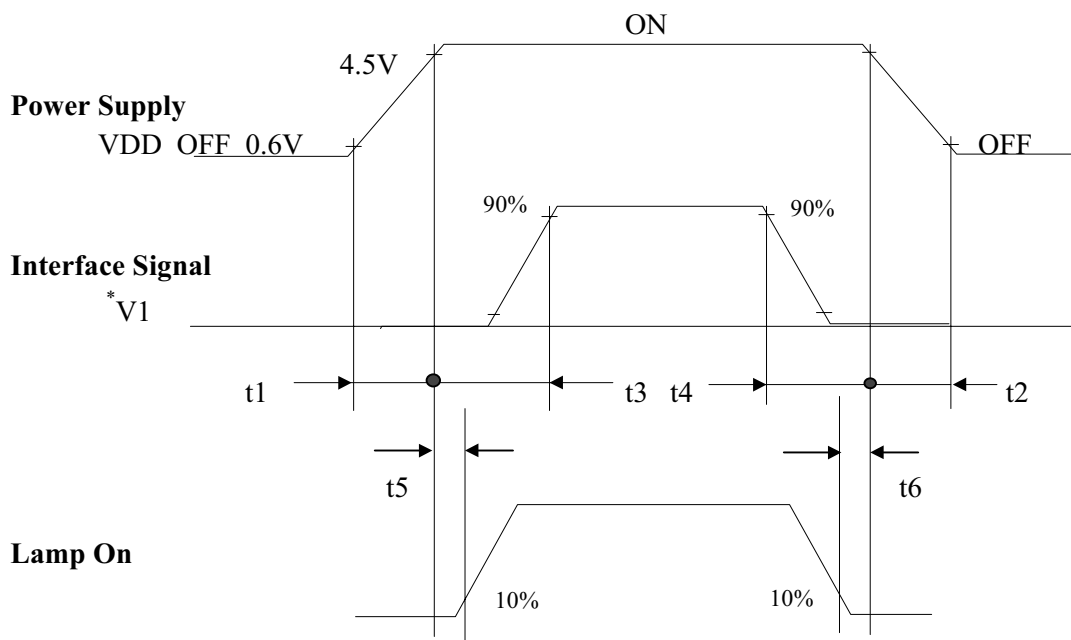
		Data signal																							
	ODD	RA7	RA6	RA5	RA4	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	GA7	GA6	GA5	GA4	GA3	GA2	GA1	GA0	BA7	BA6	BA5	BA4	BA3	BA2	BA1	BA0
	EVEN	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	GB7	GB6	GB5	GB4	GB3	GB2	GB1	GB0	BB7	BB6	BB5	BB4	BB3	BB2	BB1	BB0
Basic colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Light Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Purple	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray scale of Red	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△																								
	▽																								
	Brighter	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
▽	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Gray scale of Green	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△																								
	▽																								
	Brighter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
▽	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Gray scale of Blue	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	△																								
	▽																								
	Brighter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
▽	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	
Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Gray scale of White & Black	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	△																								
	▽																								
	Brighter	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
▽	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	
White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

<Table 9. 6 Bits Input signals, basic display colors and gray scale for each color>

		Data signal																	
	ODD	RA5	RA4	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	GA5	GA4	GA3	GA2	GA1	GA0	BA5	BA4	BA3	BA2	BA1	BA0
	EVEN	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	GB5	GB4	GB3	GB2	GB1	GB0	BB5	BB4	BB3	BB2	BB1	BB0
Basic colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Light Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Purple	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray scale of Red	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△				↓														
	▽				↓														
	Brighter	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	▽	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray scale of Green	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△				↓														
	▽				↓														
	Brighter	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	▽	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray scale of Blue	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	△				↓														
	▽				↓														
	Brighter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	▽	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray scale of White & Black	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	△	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Darker	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	△				↓														
	▽				↓														
	Brighter	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	▽	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

9.0 POWER SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of the LCD module, the power on/off sequence shall be as shown in below



Power ON

Power OFF

$$t_1 < 5 \text{ ms}$$

$$t_2 < 1 \text{ second}$$

$$t_3 \leq 50 \text{ ms}$$

$$t_4 \leq 50 \text{ ms}$$

$$t_5 > 140 \text{ ms}$$

$$t_6 > 0 \text{ ms}$$

* SET $0V \leq V1(t) \leq VDD(t)$

HERE, $V1(t)$, $VDD(t)$ indicate the transitive state of $V1$, VDD

when the power supply is turned ON or OFF

Note : Do not keep the interface signal high-impedance when power is on.

10.0 MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

10.1 Dimensional Requirements

FIGURE 6 shown in appendix shows mechanical outlines for the model HT15X22-100. Other parameters are shown in Table 10.

<Table 10. Dimensional Parameters>

Parameter	Specification	Unit
Active area	304.128 (H) x 228.096(V)	mm
Number of pixels	1024(H) x 768(V)	pixels
	(1 pixel = R + G + B dots)	
Pixel pitch	0.297(H) x 0.297(V)	mm
Pixel arrangement	RGB Vertical stripe	
Display colors	16,777,216	colors
Display mode	Normally Black	
Dimensional outline (Excluding Inverter)	350.0 ± 0.5(H) x 266.5 ± 0.5(V) x 17.2(D) Typ.	mm
Weight	1500Max. (Without Inverter)	gram
Back-light	Top/Bottom edge side 4-CCFL type	

10.2 Mounting

See FIGURE 5 shown in appendix

10.3 Anti-Glare and Polarizer Hardness.

The surface of the LCD has an anti-glare coating to minimize reflection and a coating to reduce scratching.

10.4 Light Leakage

There shall not be visible light from the back-lighting system around the edges of the screen as seen from a distance 50 cm from the screen with an overhead light level of 350lux.


The manufacture shall furnish limit samples of the panel showing the most light leakage acceptable.

11.0 RELIABILITY TEST

The Reliability test items and its conditions are shown in below.

<Table 11. Reliability test>

No	Test Items	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta = 60 °C , 240 hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta = -20 °C , 240 hrs
3	High temperature & high humidity operation test	Ta = 50 °C , 80 %RH, 240 hrs
4	High temperature operation test	Ta = 50 °C , 240 hrs
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta = 0 °C , 240 hrs
6	Thermal shock	Ta = -20 °C ↔ 60 °C (30 min), 100 cycle
7	Vibration test (non-operating)	Frequency : 10 ~ 500 Hz Gravity/AMP : 1.5G Period : X,Y,Z 30 min
8	Shock test (non-operating)	Gravity : 70G Pulse width : 11 ms, half sine wave Direction : ±X, ±Y, ±Z once for each direction
9	Electrostatic discharge test	All pins : 150 pF, 330Ω, 15KV Surface : 150 pF, 330Ω, 8KV

	PRODUCT GROUP	REV.	ISSUE DATE
	TFT-LCD PRODUCT	0	1999.07.08

12.0 HANDLING & CAUTIONS

(1) Cautions when taking out the module

- Pick the pouch only, when taking out module from a shipping package.

(2) Cautions for handling the module

- As the electrostatic discharges may break the LCD module, handle the LCD module with care. Peel a protection sheet off from the LCD panel surface as slowly as possible.
- As the LCD panel and back-light element are made from fragile glass material, impulse and pressure to the LCD module should be avoided.
- As the surface of the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched, use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning.
- Do not pull the interface connector in or out while the LCD module is operating.
- Put the module display side down on a flat horizontal plane.
- Handle connectors and cables with care.

(3) Cautions for the operation

- When the module is operating, do not lose ICLK, DE signals.
If any one of these signals is lost, the LCD panel would be damaged.
- Obey the supply voltage sequence. If wrong sequence is applied, the module would be damaged.

(4) Cautions for the atmosphere

- Dew drop atmosphere should be avoided.
- Do not store and/or operate the LCD module in a high temperature and/or humidity atmosphere. Storage in an electro-conductive polymer packing pouch and under relatively low temperature atmosphere is recommended.

(5) Cautions for the module characteristics

- Do not apply fixed pattern data signal to the LCD module at product aging.
- Applying fixed pattern for a long time may cause image sticking.

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(6) Other cautions

- Do not disassemble and/or re-assemble LCD module.
- Do not re-adjust variable resistor or switch etc.
- When returning the module for repair or etc., Please pack the module not to be broken. We recommend to use the original shipping packages.

13.0 APPENDIX

Figure 1. Measurement Set Up

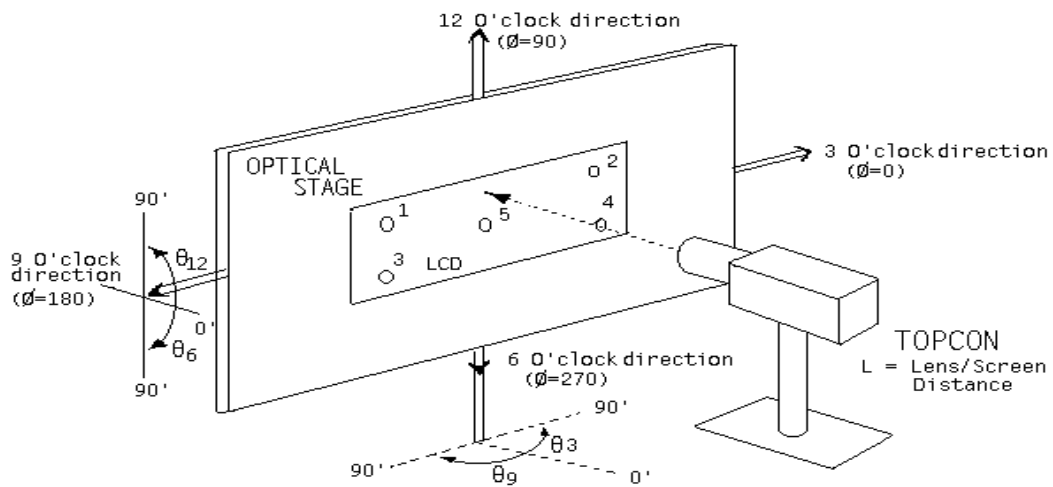


Figure 2. Average Luminance Measurement Locations & Uniformity Measurement Locations

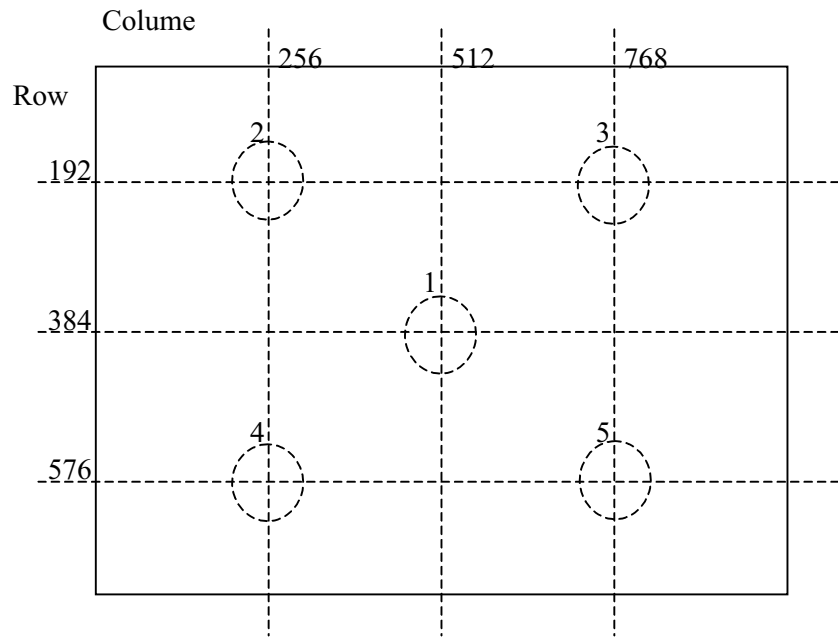


Figure 3. Response Time Testing

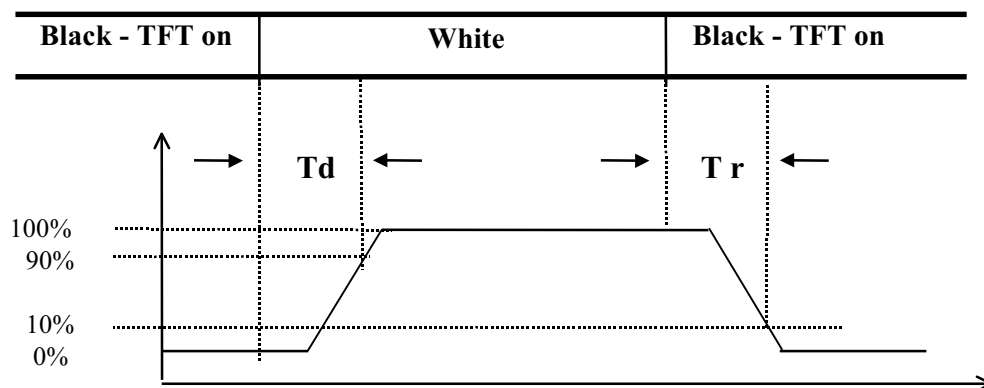
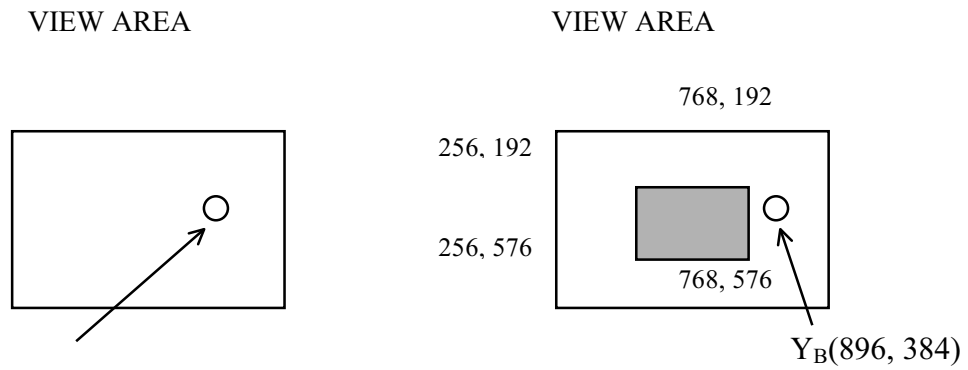


Figure 4. Cross Modulation Test Description


$$\text{Cross-Talk (\%)} = \left| \frac{Y_B - Y_A}{Y_A} \right| \times 100$$

Where:

Y_A = Initial luminance of measured area (cd/m²)

Y_B = Subsequent luminance of measured area (cd/m²)

The location measured will be exactly the same in both patterns.

Figure 5. TFT-LCD Module Outline Dimensions (Front view)

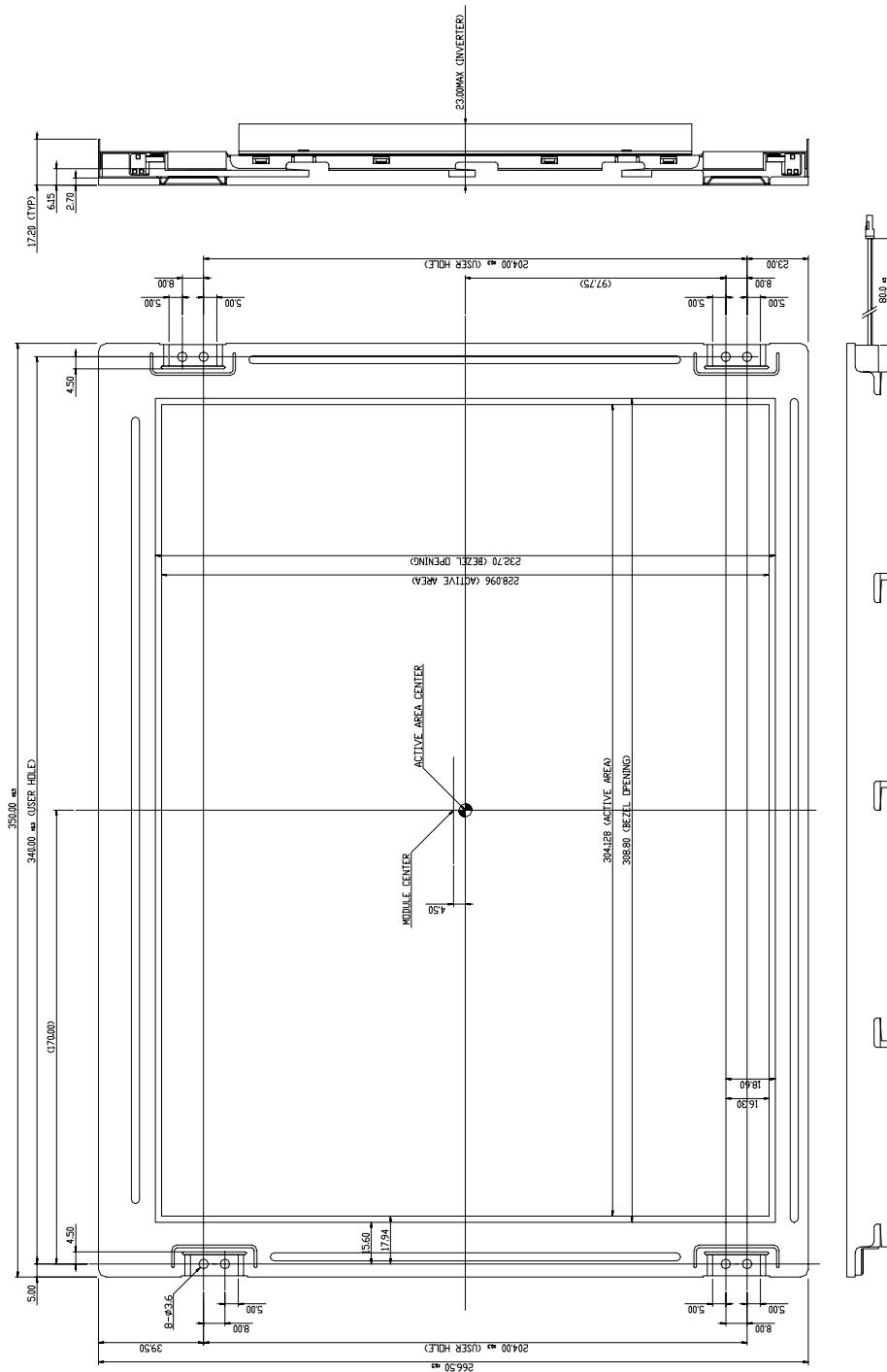


Figure 6. TFT-LCD Module Outline Dimensions (back view)

