

Kaohsiung Opto-Electronics Inc.

FOR MESSRS:	DATE : Jun. 17 th ,20	014

CUSTOMER'S ACCEPTANCE SPECIFICATIONS

TX13D202VM5BPA

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2. RECORD OF REVISION

DATE	SHEET No.	SUMMARY

3. GENERAL DATA

3.1 DISPLAY FEATURES

This module is a 5" VGA of 4:3 format of amorphous silicon TFT. The pixel format is vertical stripe and sub pixels are arranged as R(red), G(green), B(blue) sequentially . This display is RoHS compliant, and COG (chip on glass) technology and LED backlight are applied on this display.

Part Name	TX13D202VM5BPA
Module Dimensions	119.4(W)mm x 89.1(H)mm x 10.8(D)mm
LCD Active Area	101.76(W)mm x 76.32(H)mm
Pixel Pitch	0.159(W)mm x 0.159(H)mm
Resolution	640x3(R,G,B)(W)x480(H) Dots
Color Pixel Arrangement	R, G, B Vertical stripe
LCD Type	Transmissive Color TFT; Normally White
Display Type	Active Matrix
Top Polarizer Type	Anti-glare Polarizer Film
Number of Colors	262k Colors (6-bit RGB)
Backlight	Light Emitting Diode (LED)
Weight	140 g
Interface	20pin LVDS
Power Supply Voltage	3.3V for LCD driving ; 12 V for B / L driving
Power Consumption	0.6 W for LCD ; 2.7 W for B/L
Viewing Direction	Super Wide version
Touch Panel	Resistive type; Film on Glass; 4-wire type; Anti-glare Surface

4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	-0.3	5.0	V	-
Input Voltage of Logic	V_{l}	-0.3	V _{DD} +0.3	V	Note 1
Operating Temperature	T _{op}	-30	80	°C	Note 2
Storage Temperature	T _{st}	-30	80	°C	Note 2
Backlight Input Voltage	V_{LED}	-	15	V	-

- Note 1: The rating is defined for the signal voltages of the interface such as CLK and pixel data pairs.
- Note 2: The maximum rating is defined as above based on the chamber temperature, which might be different from ambient temperature after assembling the panel into the application. Moreover, some temperature-related phenomenon as below needed to be noticed:
 - Background color, contrast and response time would be different in temperatures other than $25\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$.
 - -Operating under high temperature will shorten LED lifetime.

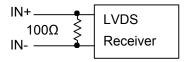
5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_a = 25 \, {}^{\circ}C, \text{ Vss} = 0V$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Power Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	-	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Differential Input		V _{IH}	-	-	+100		
Voltage for LVDS Receiver Threshold	V _I	V _{IL}	-100	-	-	mV	Note 1
Power Supply Current	I _{DD}	V _{DD} =3.3V	-	160	220	mA	Note 2,3
Frame Frequency	$f_{\it Frame}$	-	-	60	66	Hz	-
CLK Frequency	f_{CLK}	-	21.0	25.2	29.7	MHz	-

Note 1: VCM 1.2V is common mode voltage of LVDS transmitter and receiver. The input terminal of LVDS receiver is terminated with 100Ω .



Note 2: An all black check pattern is used when measuring I_{DD} . f_{Frame} is set to 60 Hz.

Note 3: 1.0A fuse is applied in the module for I_{DD} . For display activation and protection purpose, power supply is recommended larger than 2.5A to start the display and break fuse once any short circuit occurred.

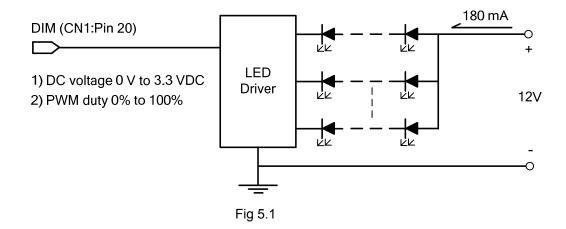
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5.2 BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_a = 25 \,^{\circ}C$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
LED Input Voltage	V_{LED}	-	11.5	12.0	12.5	V	Note1
LED Farmer (Ourse)		0V; 0% duty	150	180	230	_	
LED Forward Current	I _{LED}	3.3VDC; 100% duty	15	20	30	mA	Note 2
LED lifetime	-	I _{LED} =180 mA	-	70K	-	hrs	Note 3

- Note 1: As Fig. 5.1 shown, LED current is constant, 180 mA, controlled by the LED driver when applying 12V.
- Note 2: Dimming function can be obtained by applying DC voltage or PWM signal from the display interface CN1. The recommended PWM signal is 1kHz ~ 10kHz with 3.3V amplitude.
- Note 3: The estimated lifetime is specified as the time to reduce 50% brightness by applying 180 mA at 25° C.



6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The optical characteristics are measured based on the conditions as below:

- Supplying the signals and voltages defined in the section of electrical characteristics.
- The backlight unit needs to be turned on for 30 minutes.
- The ambient temperature is 25°C.
- In the dark room less than 100 lx, the equipment has been set for the measurements as shown in Fig. 6.1.

					T_a	= 25 °C, f	$F_{rame} = 60 \text{Hz}$	$, V_{DD} = 3.3V$
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Brightness of White		-	/ 0° 0 0°	400	500	-	cd/m ²	Note 1
Brightness U	niformity	-	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ},$	70	-	-	%	Note 2
Contrast F	Ratio	CR	I _{LED} = 180mA	200	350	-	-	Note 3
Response	Time	$T_r + T_f$	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ}$	-	-	45	ms	Note 4
NTSC R	atio	-	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ}$	-	60	-	%	-
		θ x	$\phi = 0^{\circ}$, CR ≥ 10	-	80	-		Note 5
		θ x'	φ = 180°, CR ≥ 10	-	80	-	Degree	
Viewing A	Viewing Angle	θ y	φ = 90°, CR ≥ 10	-	80	-		
		θ y'	φ = 270°, CR ≥ 10	-	80	-		
	Deal	Х		0.58	0.63	0.68		
	Red	Υ		0.26	0.31	0.36		
	0	Х		0.28	0.33	0.38		
Color	Green	Y		0.51	0.56	0.61		
Chromaticity	Divis	Х	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ}$	0.09	0.14	0.19	-	Note 6
	Blue	Y		0.03	0.08	0.13		
)A(I ')	Х		0.24	0.29	0.34		
	White	Υ		0.26	0.31	0.36		

Note 1: The brightness is measured from the panel center point, P5 in Fig. 6.2, for the typical value.

Note 2: The brightness uniformity is calculated by the equation as below:

$$Brightness\ uniformity = \frac{Min.\ Brightness}{Max.\ Brightness} \times 100\%$$

which is based on the brightness values of the 9 points in active area measured by BM-5 as

shown in Fig. 6.2.

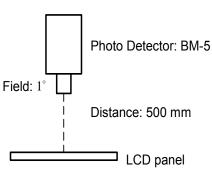
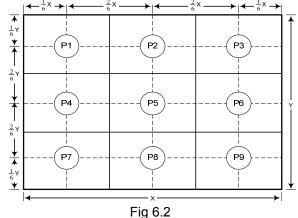


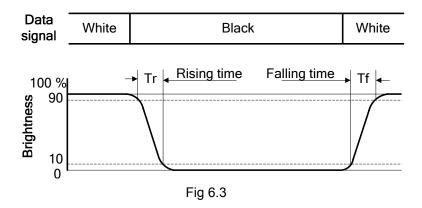
Fig 6.1



Note 3: The Contrast Ratio is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, and defined as the following equation:

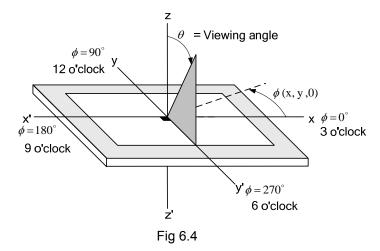
$$CR = \frac{Brightness of White}{Brightness of Black}$$

Note 4: The definition of response time is shown in Fig. 6.3. The rising time is the period from 90% brightness to 10% brightness when the data is from white to black. Oppositely, Falling time is the period from 10% brightness rising to 90% brightness.



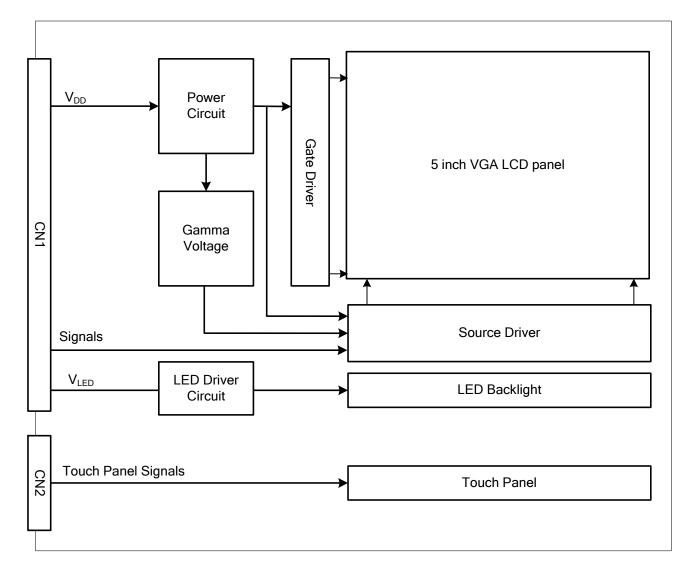
Note 5: The definition of viewing angle is shown in Fig. 6.4. Angle ϕ is used to represent viewing directions, for instance, $\phi = 270^{\circ}$ means 6 o'clock, and $\phi = 0^{\circ}$ means 3 o'clock. Moreover, angle θ is used to represent viewing angles from axis Z toward plane XY.

The display is super wide viewing angle version, so that the best optical performance can be obtained from every viewing direction.



Note 6: The color chromaticity is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, as shown in Fig. 6.2.

7. BLOCK DIAGRAM

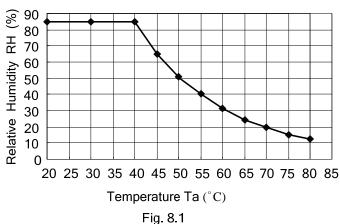


Note 1: Signals are CLK and pixel data pairs.

8. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test Item	Condition		
High Temperature	1) Operating 2) 80 °C	240 hrs	
Low Temperature	1) Operating 2) -30 °C	240 hrs	
High Temperature	1) Storage 2) 80 °C	240 hrs	
Low Temperature	1) Storage 2) -30 °C	240 hrs	
Heat Cycle	1) Operating 2) -30°C ~80°C 3) 3hrs~1hr~3hrs	240 hrs	
Thermal Shock	 Non-Operating -35 °C ↔ 85 °C 0.5 hr ↔ 0.5 hr 	240 hrs	
High Temperature & Humidity	1) Operating 2) 40 °C & 85%RH 3) Without condensation	240 hrs (Note3)	
Vibration	1) Non-Operating 2) 20~200 Hz 3) 2G 4) X, Y, and Z directions	1 hr for each direction	
Mechanical Shock	1) Non-Operating 2) 10 ms 3) 50G 4) ±X, ± Y and ±Z directions	Once for each direction	
ESD	1) Operating 2) Tip:150 pF,330 Ω 3) Air discharge for glass: \pm 8KV 4) Contact discharge for metal frame: \pm 8KV	1) Glass: 9 points 2) Metal frame: 8 points (Note4)	

- Note 1: Display functionalities are inspected under the conditions defined in the specification after the reliability tests.
- Note 2: The display is not guaranteed for use in corrosive gas environments.
- Note 3: Under the condition of high temperature & humidity, if the temperature is higher than 40 $^{\circ}$ C, the humidity needs to be reduced as Fig. 8.1 shown.



Note 4: All pins of LCD interface (CN1) have been tested by ± 100 V contact discharge of ESD under non-operating condition.

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9. LCD INTERFACE

9.1 INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

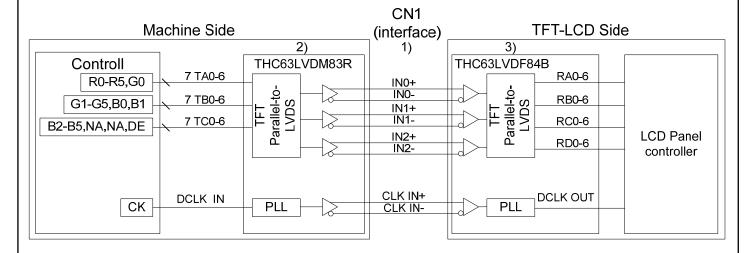
The display interface connector CN1 is FI-SEB20P-HF13E made by JAE and pin assignment is as below:

Pin No.	Signal	Signal	Pin No.	Signal	Signal	
1	V_{DD}	Power Supply for Logic	11	IN2-	D2. D5. DC	
2	L/R	Horizontal Display mode Control	12	IN2+	B2~B5, DE	
3	U/D	Vertical Display mode Control	13	V_{SS}	Ground	
4	V_{SS}	Ground	14	CLK IN-	Divol Clock	
5	INO-	DO DE CO	15	CLK IN+	Pixel Clock	
6	IN0+	R0~R5, G0	16	V_{SS}	Ground	
7	V_{SS}	Ground	17	NC	No Connection	
8	IN1-	C1. C5. D0. D1	18	V_{LED}	Dower Cumply for D/I	
9	IN1+	G1~G5, B0~B1	19	V_{LED}	Power Supply for B/L	
10	V_{SS}	Ground	20	DIM	Note 2	

Note 1: IN n- and IN n+ (n=0, 1, 2), CLK IN- and CLK IN+ should be wired by twist-pairs or side-by-side FPC patterns, respectively.

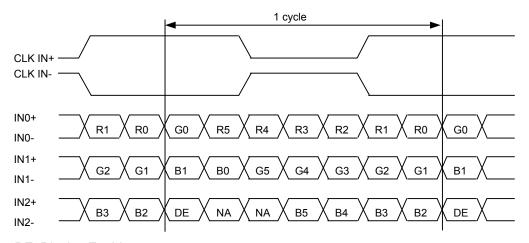
Note 2: Normal brightness: 0V or 0% PWM duty; Brightness control: 0V to 3.3V DC or 0% to 100% PWN duty.

9.2 LVDS INTERFACE



- Note 1: LVDS cable impedance should be 100 ohms per signal line when each 2-lines (+, -) is used in differential mode.
- Note 2: The recommended transmitter, THC63LVDM83R, is made by Thine or equivalent, which is not contained in the module.
- Note 3: The receiver built-in the module is THC63LVDF84B.

9.3 LVDS DATA FORMAT



DE: Display Enable NA: Not Available

9.4 TIMING CHART th = 800 CLK (1H) DE 60 800 1 CLK 25.2M Hz (typ. 100CLK (typ.) thd = 640 CLK (fixed) 60 CLK (typ.) Invalid data Display data Invalid data R [0:5] G [0:5] B [0:5] Fig. 9.1 Horizontal Timing tv = 525 H (60 Hz)DE 5H (typ.) tvd = 480 H (fixed)40H (typ.) Invalid lines Display lines Invalid lines **RGB**



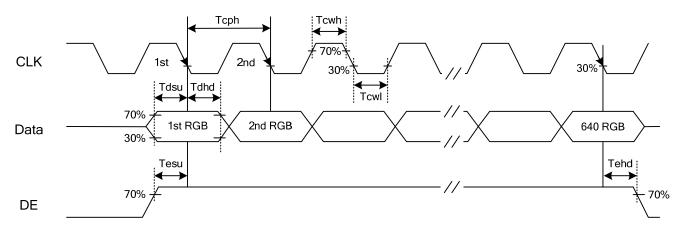


Fig. 9.3 Setup & Hold Time.

9.5 TIME TABLE

The column of timing sets including minimum, typical, and maximum as below are based on the best optical performance, frame frequency (Vsync) = 60 Hz to define. If 60 Hz is not the aim to set, less than 66 Hz for Vsync is recommended to apply for better performance by other parameter combination as the definitions in section 5.1.

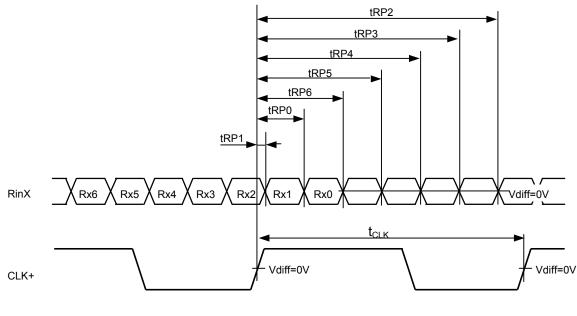
A. Horizontal and Vertical Timing

	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
	CLK Frequency	fclk	21.0	25.2	29.7	M Hz	
Horizontal	Display Data	thd	640	640	640	OL IX	
	Cycle Time	th	700	800	900	CLK	
Montion	Display Data	tvd	480	480	480	1.1	
Vertical	Cycle Time	tv	500	525	550	Н	

B. Setup and Hold Time

	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
CLK	Duty	Tcwh	45	50	55	%
CLK	Cycle Time	Tcph	34	40	-	
Data	Setup Time	Tdsu	12	-	-	
Data	Hold Time	Tdhd	12	-	-	ns
DE	Setup Time	Tesu	12	-	-	
DE	Hold Time	Tehd	12	-	-	

9.6 LVDS RECEIVER TIMING

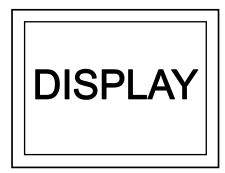


RinX = (RinX +) - (RinX -)	(X=0, 1, 2)
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	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
CLK	Cycle frequency	1/tcLK	21	25.2	29.7	MHz
	0 data position	tRP0	1/7* t _{CLK} -0.4	1/7* t _{CLK}	1/7* t _{CLK} +0.4	
	1st data position	tRP1	-0.4	0	+0.4	
Diay	2nd data position	tRP2	6/7* t _{CLK} -0.4	6/7* t _{CLK}	6/7* t _{CLK} +0.4	
RinX	3rd data position	tRP3	5/7* t _{CLK} -0.4	5/7* t _{CLK}	5/7* t _{CLK} +0.4	ns
(X=0,1,2)	4th data position	tRP4	4/7* t _{CLK} -0.4	4/7* t _{CLK}	4/7* t _{CLK} +0.4	
	5th data position	tRP5	3/7* t _{CLK} -0.4	3/7* t _{CLK}	3/7* t _{CLK} +0.4	
	6th data position	tRP6	2/7* t _{CLK} -0.4	2/7* t _{CLK}	2/7* t _{CLK} +0.4	

9.7 SCAN DIRECTION

Scan direction is available to be switched as below:



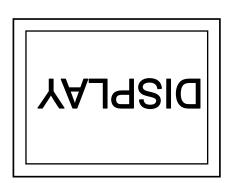
L/R: L, U/D: L (Default)



L/R: H, U/D: L

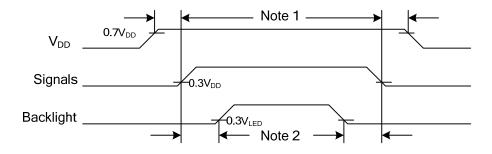


L/R: L , U/D: H



L/R: H, U/D: H

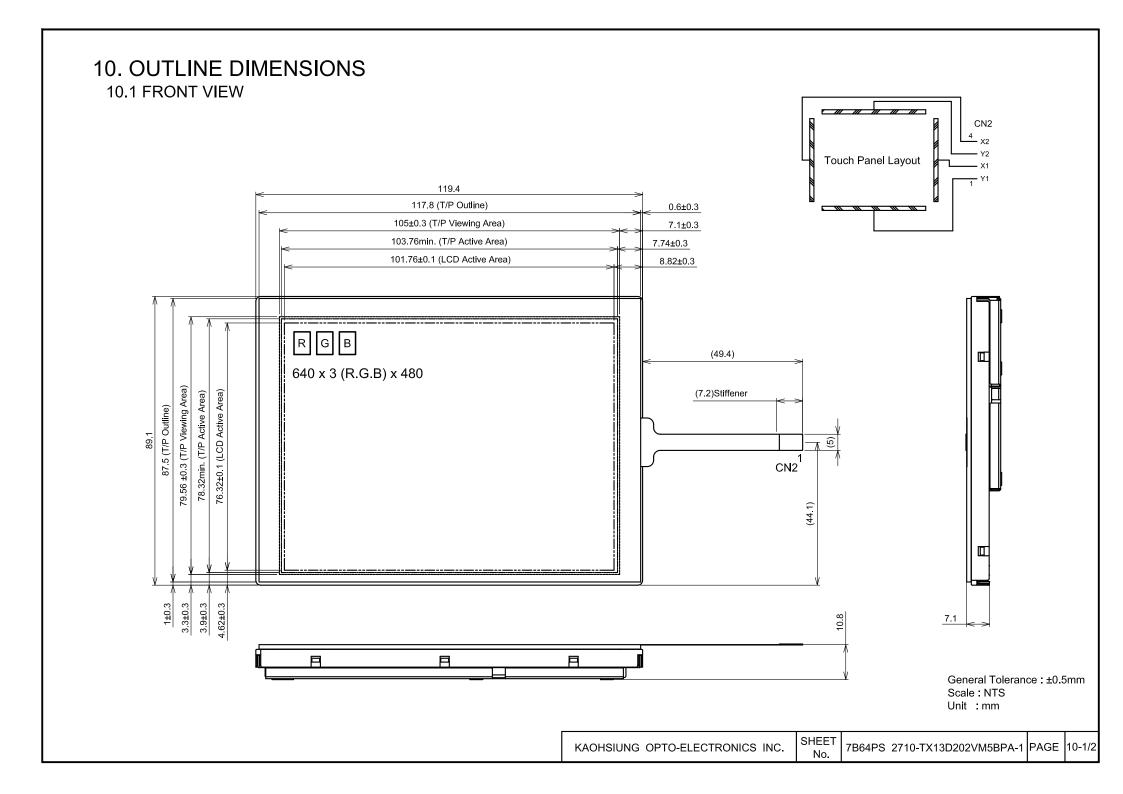
9.8 POWER SEQUENCE



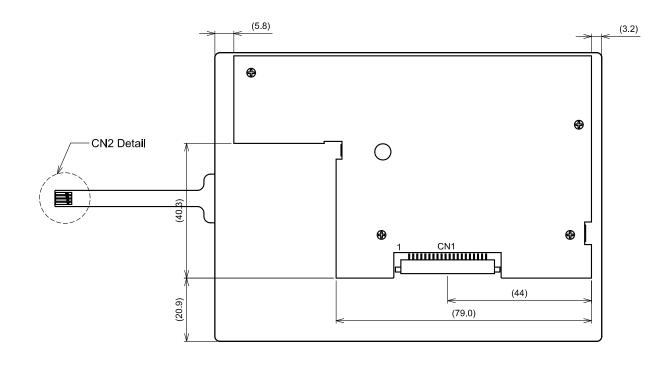
- Note 1: In order to avoid any damages, V_{DD} has to be applied before all other signals. The opposite is true for power off where V_{DD} has to be remained on until all other signals have been switch off. The recommended time period is 1 second. Hot plugging might cause display damage due to incorrect power sequence, please pay attention on interface connecting before power on.
- Note 2: In order to avoid showing uncompleted patterns in transient state. It is recommended that switching the backlight on is delayed for 1 second after the signals have been applied. The opposite is true for power off where the backlight has to be switched off 1 second before the signals are removed.

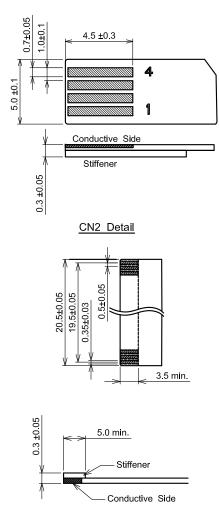
9.9 DATA INPUT for DISPLAY COLOR

		Red Data				Green Data				Blue Data									
Input		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В5	B4	ВЗ	B2	В1	В0
color		MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB	MSB	•	•	•	•	LSB
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1



10.2 REAR VIEW





Recommended design rule for CN1 FPC

General Tolerance: ±0.5mm

Scale: NTS Unit: mm

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11. TOUCH PANEL

The type of touch panel used on this display is resistive, analog, 4-wire and film on glass, and more characteristics are shown as below:

11.1 OPERATING CONDITIONS

Item	Specification	Remarks
Operating Voltage	DC 5V	DC 7V Max.
Operating Current	20mA	-

11.2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item		Specification	Remarks
Circuit registance	X- axis	250~1350 Ω	
Circuit resistance	Y-axis	100~800Ω	-
Insulation Resistance	X-Y	>10M Ω	At DC 25V
Lincovity	X	≤±1.5%	Note 1
Linearity	Υ	≤±1.5%	Note 1
Chattering		≤20ms	-

Note 1: The test conditions and equipments of linearity are as below:

- Material of pen: poly-acetal resin

- End shape: R 0.8 mm

- Test force: 120 gf

- Pitch: 10 mm

- Test area is shown in Fig. 11.1

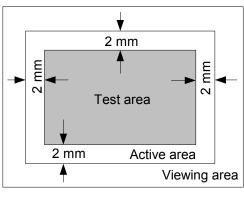


Fig. 11.1

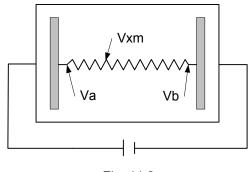


Fig. 11.2

As shown in Fig. 11.2, applying voltage meter to measure Va, Vb and Vxm, where Va is the maximum voltage in the active area; Vb is the minimum voltage in the active area; Vxm is the measured voltage of point x selected by random. Afterwards, the linearity can be calculated by following equation:

$$Linearity = \frac{|Vxi - Vxm|}{Va - Vb} \times 100\%,$$

where Vxi is the idea voltage of point x.

The method to measure the linearity of Y-axis is the same as above.

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11.3 MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	1	Specification	Remarks
A ativation force	Finger	120gf max.	End shape: R8.0 mm
Activation force	Pen	120gf max.	End shape: R0.8 mm
Surface Hardness		3H	JIS K 5400

11.4 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Specification	Remarks
Transmittance	>80%	-

11.5 SAFETY AND ATTENTIONS

- 1) Do not put heavy shock or stress on the touch panel.
- 2) Please use soft cloth or absorbent cotton with ethanol to clean the touch panel by gently wiping. Moreover, please wipe it by horizontal or vertical direction instead of circling to prevent leaving scars on the touch panel's surface.
- 3) Do not use any harmful chemicals such as acetone, toluene, and isopropyl alcohol to clean the display's surface
- 4) UV protection is recommended to avoid the possibility of performance degrading when touch panel is likely applied under UV environment for a long period of time.

12. APPEARANCE STANDARD

The appearance inspection is performed in a room around 500~1000 lx based on the conditions as below:

- The distance between inspector's eyes and display is 30 cm.
- The viewing zone is defined with angle θ shown in Fig. 12.1 The inspection should be performed within 45° when display is shut down. The inspection should be performed within 5° when display is power on.

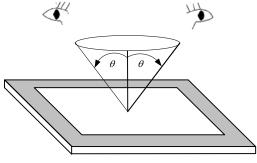


Fig. 12.1

12.1 THE DEFINITION OF LCD ZONE

LCD panel is divided into 2 areas as shown in Fig.12.2 for appearance specification in next section. A zone is the LCD active area (dot area); B zone is the area between A zone and metal frame.

In terms of housing design, B zone is the recommended window area customers' housing should be located in.

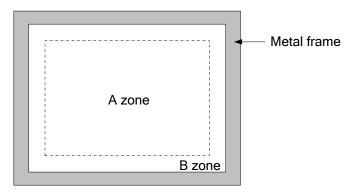


Fig. 12.2

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12.2 LCD APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

The specification as below is defined as the amount of unexpected phenomenon or material in different zones of LCD panel. The definitions of length, width and average diameter using in the table are shown in Fig. 12.4 and Fig. 12.5.

Item	Criteria				Applied zone		
	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Maximum n	umber	Minimum space		
0 11	L≦15	$W \leq 0.02$	Ignored		-		
Scratches	L≦15	0.02 <w≦0.1< td=""><td colspan="2">5</td><td>-</td><td>Α</td></w≦0.1<>	5		-	Α	
	L>15	0.1 <w< td=""><td>0</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td></w<>	0		-		
Dent		Serious one	is not allowed	s not allowed			
Wrinkles in polarizer		Serious one	is not allowed			Α	
	Average diar	meter (mm)	Max	ximum n	umber		
Dubbles on polarizor	Di	≦0.3		Ignore	ed	۸	
Bubbles on polarizer	0.3 < D \(\)	≦ 0.6		4		А	
	0.6 <d< td=""><td></td><td></td><td colspan="3">0</td></d<>			0			
	Filamentous (Line shape)						
	Length (mm)	Widt	Width (mm) Max		imum number	А	
	L≦2.0 V		<i>l</i> ≦1.5		5	^	
1) Stains	L>2.0 1.5 <w< td=""><td colspan="2">0</td><td colspan="2"></td></w<>		0				
,	Round (Dot shape)						
2) Foreign Materials 3) Dark Spot	Average diameter (verage diameter (mm) Maximu		m number Minim			
J Dark Spot	D<0.2		Ignored		-	Α	
	0.2≦D≦0.6		4		-	^	
	0.6 <d< td=""><td></td><td colspan="2">0</td><td>-</td><td colspan="2"></td></d<>		0		-		
	Those wiped out easily are acceptable						
		Area①	Area2	Max	imum number		
Dot-Defect	Bright dot-defed	ct 1 dot	2 dot		3 dot	Α	
	Dark dot-defec	t 2 dot	3 dot		4 dot	(Note 1,2)	
	Bright + Dark po	int 3 dot	4 dot		5 dot		

Note 1: The Dot-Defect inspection within A zone (active area) would be divided into area ①, ② as Fig. 12.3 shown.

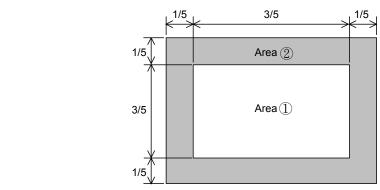
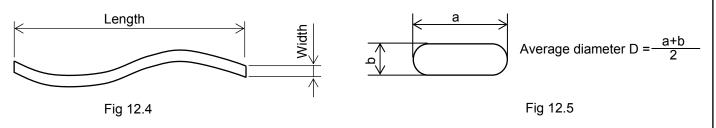


Fig. 12.3



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Note 2: The definitions of dot defect a	re as belo	w:			
- The defect area of the dot mu	ıst be bigg	er than half of a dot.			
 For bright dot-defect, showing than others. 	- For bright dot-defect, showing black pattern, the dot's brightness must be over 30% brighter				
 For dark dot-defect, showing than others. 	- For dark dot-defect, showing white pattern, the dot's brightness must be under 70% darker				
			Т		
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12.3 TOUCH PANEL APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

The specification as below is defined by the amount of unexpected material in different zones of touch panel.

Item	Criteria			Applied zone	
	Width (mm)	Length	n (mm)	Maximum number	
Scratches	W>0.1	L≧	<u>∶</u> 10	Not allowed	ΛР
Scratches	0.10>W≧0.05	L<	(10 4 pcs max.		A, B
	0.05>W	L<	10	Ignored	
	Fi				
	Width (mm)	Length (mm)		Maximum number	
	W>0.10	-		Dust (circular)	A, B
	0.10≧W>0.05	3 <l< td=""><td>Not allowed</td></l<>		Not allowed	
Foreign Materials	0.05≧W	L≦3		Ignored	
	Average diameter (mm)		Maximum number		A, B
	D>0.3		Not allowed		
	0.3≧D>0.2		3 pcs max.		В
	D≦0.2		Ignored		A, B

The limitation of glass flaw occurred on touch panel is defined in the table as below.

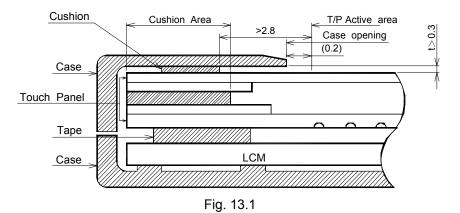
Item	Specifications		
Edge flaw	X	$X \leq 5.0 \text{ mm}$ $Y \leq 1.0 \text{ mm}$ $Z \leq \text{Thickness}$	
Corner flaw	X Y Z	$X \le 3.0 \text{ mm}$ $Y \le 3.0 \text{ mm}$ $Z \le \text{Thickness}$	
Progressive flaw		Not allowed	

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13. PRECAUTIONS

13.1 PRECAUTIONS of TOUCH PANEL

- 1) Please refer to Fig. 13.1 for housing the display with touch panel into applications. The Fig. 13.1 shows some points as below:
- The cushion needs to be designed between housing and touch panel in order to avoid unexpected pressure to cause any wrong reactions, and the cushion should be located in the cushion area.
- The housing should not cover the active area of touch panel as the figure shown.



13.2 PRECAUTIONS OF ESD

- 1) Before handling the display, please ensure your body has been connected to ground to avoid any damages by ESD. Also, do not touch display's interface directly when assembling.
- 2) Please remove the protection film very slowly before turning on the display to avoid generating ESD.

13.3 PRECAUTIONS OF HANDLING

- 1) In order to keep the appearance of display in good condition, please do not rub any surfaces of the displays by using sharp tools harder than 3H, especially touch panel, metal frame and polarizer.
- 2) Please do not stack the displays as this may damage the surface. In order to avoid any injuries, please avoid touching the edge of the glass or metal frame and wore gloves during handling.
- 3) Touching the polarizer or terminal pins with bare hand should be avoided to prevent staining and poor electrical contact.
- 4) Do not use any harmful chemicals such as acetone, toluene, and isopropyl alcohol to clean display's surfaces.
- 5) Please use soft cloth or absorbent cotton with ethanol to clean the display by gently wiping. Moreover, when wiping the display, please wipe it by horizontal or vertical direction instead of circling to prevent leaving scars on the display's surface, especially polarizer.
- 6) Please wipe any unknown liquids immediately such as saliva, water or dew on the display to avoid color fading or any permanent damages.
- 7) Maximum pressure to the surface of the display must be less than 1.96×10^4 Pa. If the area of applied pressure is less than 1 cm^2 , the maximum pressure must be less than 1.96N.

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13.4 PRECAUTIONS OF OPERATING

- 1) Please input signals and voltages to the displays according to the values defined in the section of electrical characteristics to obtain the best performance. Any voltages over than absolute maximum rating will cause permanent damages to this display. Also any timing of the signals out of this specification would cause unexpected performance.
- 2) When the display is operating at significant low temperature the response time will be slower than it at 25 °C. In high temperature, the color will be slightly dark and blue compared to original pattern. However these are temperature-related phenomenon of LCD and it will not cause permanent damages to the display when used within the operating temperature.
- 3) The use of screen saver or sleep mode is recommended when static images are likely for long periods of time. This is to avoid the possibility of image sticking.
- 4) Spike noise can cause malfunction of the circuit. The recommended limitation of spike noise is no bigger than ± 100 mV.

13.5 PRECAUTIONS OF STORAGE

If the displays are going to be stored for years, please be aware the following notices.

- 1) Please store the displays in a dark room to avoid any damages from sunlight and other sources of UV light.
- 2) The recommended long term storage temperature is between 10 °C ~35 °C and 55%~75% humidity to avoid causing bubbles between polarizer and LCD glasses and polarizer peeling from LCD glasses.
- 3) It would be better to keep the displays in the container which is shipped from KOE and do not unpack
- 4) Please do not stick any labels on the display surface for a long time, especially on the polarizer.

14. DESIGNATION of LOT MARK

1) The lot mark is showing in Fig.14.1. First 4 digits are used to represent production lot, T represented made in Taiwan, and the last 6 digits are the serial number.

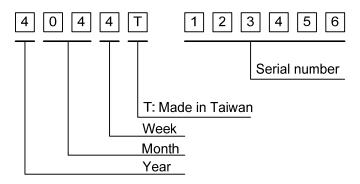


Fig. 14.1

2) The tables as below are showing what the first 4 digits of lot mark are shorted for.

Year	Lot Mark
2014	4
2015	5
2016	6
2017	7
2018	8

Month	Lot Mark	Month	Lot Mark
Jan.	01	Jul.	07
Feb.	02	Aug.	08
Mar.	03	Sep.	09
Apr.	04	Oct.	10
May	05	Nov.	11
Jun.	06	Dec.	12

Week	Lot Mark	
1~7 days	1	
8~14 days	2	
15~21 days	3	
22~28 days	4	
29~31 days	5	

- 3) Except letters I and O, revision number will be shown on lot mark and following letters A to Z.
- 4) The location of the lot mark is on the back of the display shown in Fig. 14.2.



Fig. 14.2