HITACHI

KAOHSIUNG HITACHI ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

FOR MESSRS:

DATE: Mar. 05th 2010

CUSTOMER'S ACCEPTANCE SPECIFICATION

TX14D10VM1BAA

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ACCEPTED BY:_____

PROPOSED BY: Kenthen

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		2.	RECORD OF REVISION		
DATE	SHEET No		SUMMARY		
Mar.05,'10	7B64PS 2710- TX14D10VM1BAA	10. (OUTLINE DIMENSIONS ete : Recommended design rule for CN1 FPC		
	Page 10-1/1				
KAOHSI ELECTRC	UNG HITACHI NICS CO., LTD.	SHEET NO.	7B64PS 2702-TX14D10VM1BAA-2	PAGE	2-1/1

3. GENERAL DATA

3.1 DISPLAY FEATURES

This module is a 5.7" VGA of 4:3 format amorphous silicon TFT.The pixel format is vertical stripe and sub pixels are arranged as R(red), G(green), B(blue) sequentially. This display is RoHS compliant, and COG (chip on glass) technology and LED backlight are applied on this display.

Part Name	TX14D10VM1BAA
Module Dimensions	131.0(W) mm x 102.2(H) mm x 11.6 (D) mm
LCD Active Area	115.2(W) mm x 86.4(H) mm
Dot Pitch	0.06(W) mm x 3(R, G, B)(W) x 0.18(H) mm
Resolution	640 x 3(RGB)(W) x 480(H) dots
Color Pixel Arrangement	R, G, B Vertical stripe
LCD Type	Transmissive Color TFT; Normally White
Display Type	Active Matrix
Number of Colors	262k Colors (6-bit RGB)
Backlight	LED (Life-time 40 Khr)
Weight	(160) g (typ.)
Interface	LVDS (20pins)
Power Supply Voltage	3.3V for LCD; 12V for Backlight
Power Consumption	479 mW for LCD (VGA) ;1W for backlight
Viewing Direction	6 O'clock (without image inversion and least brightness change) 12 O'clock (contrast peak located at)

4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item		Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Supply Voltage		VDD	-0.3	4.0	V	-
Input Voltage of Logic		VI	-0.2	VDD+0.3	V	Note 1
Operating	Operating Temperature		-20	70	°C	Note 2
Storage	Storage Temperature		-30	80	°C	Note 2
	Forward Current	IF	-	35	mA	
LED Unit	Reverse Voltage	VR	-	5	V	-

Note 1: The rating is defined for the signal voltages of the interface such as pixel data and clock.

- Note 2: The maximum rating is defined as above based on the temperature on the panel surface, which might be different from ambient temperature after assembling the panel into the application. Moreover, some temperature-related phenomenon as below needed to be noticed:
 - Background color, contrast and response time would be different in temperatures other than $25\,^\circ\mathrm{C}\,.$
 - Operating under high temperature will shorten LED lifetime.

5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

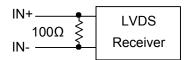
5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_a = 25 \ ^{\circ}C, \ \text{VSS} = 0\text{V}$

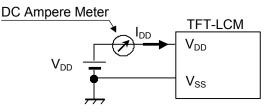
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	-	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Differential Input		VIH	-	-	+100		
Voltage for LVDS Receiver Threshold	VI	VIL	-100	-	-	mV	Note 1
Power Supply Current	Supply Current IDD	VDD-VSS	- 145	115	174	m۸	Note 2,3
r ower oupply current		=3.3V		145	174	mA	
Vsync Frequency	f_v	-	-	60	70	Hz	
Hsync Frequency	$f_{\scriptscriptstyle H}$	-	29.2	31.5	36	KHz	Note 4,5
DCLK Frequency	f_{CLK}	-	21.9	25.2	30.6	MHz	

Note 1: VCM=+1.2V

VCM is common mode voltage of LVDS transmitter/receiver. The input terminal of LVDS transmitter is terminated with 100Ω.



Note 2: An all black check pattern is used when measuring IDD. f_v is set to 60Hz.



Note 3: 1.0A fuse is applied in the module for IDD. For module protection purpose, power supply is recommended larger than 2.5A to break fuse once any short circuit occurred.

Note 4: For LVDS transmitter input.

Note 5: Vertical frequency is recommended to apply 60Hz.

5.2 BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
LED Input Voltage	VLED	Backlight Unit	11.5	12.0	12.5	V	-
LED Forward Current	ILED	Backlight Unit	-	84	91	mA	-
LED Lifetime	-	84 mA	-	40K	-	hrs	Note 1

Note 1: Fig. 5.1 shows the LED backlight circuit. The circuit has 21 LEDs in total and R is 255Ω .

Note 2: The estimated lifetime is specified as the time to reduce 50% brightness by applying 84 mA at $25^{\circ}C$.

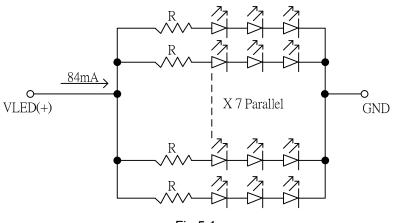


Fig 5.1

6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The optical characteristics are measured based on the conditions as below:

- Supplying the signals and voltages defined in the section of electrical characteristics.
- The ambient temperature is 25°C.

- In the dark room around 500~1000 lx, the equipment has been set for the measurements as shown in Fig 6.1.

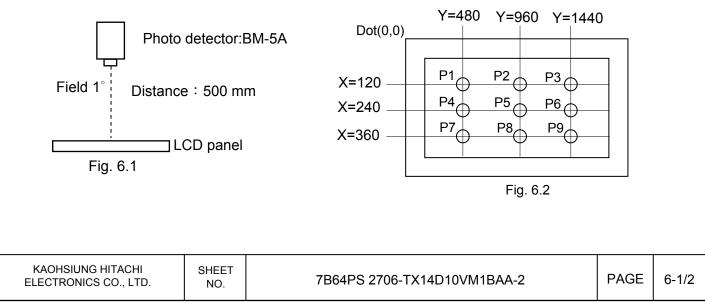
					7	$f_a = 25 \ ^{\circ}C, f$	$v_v = 60 \text{Hz}, \text{VD}$	D = 3.3V
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Brightness o	f White	-	/ 0° 0 0°	200	350	-	cd/m ²	Note 1
Brightness Ur	niformity	-	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ,$ ILED= 84 mA	75	-	-	%	Note 2
Contrast F	Ratio	CR	ILED- 64 IIIA	120	350	-	-	Note 3
Response	Time	Rise + Fall	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	-	45	-	ms	Note 4
NTSC R	atio	-	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	-	50	-	%	-
		$\theta \mathbf{x}$	$\phi = 0^{\circ}$, CR \geq 5	60	70	-		Note 5
	u al a	$\theta \mathbf{x}'$	$\phi = 180^{\circ}$, CR ≥ 5	60	70	-	Desires	
Viewing A	Ingle	<i>θ</i> у	$\phi = 90^{\circ}, CR \ge 5$	60	70	-	Degree	
		θ y'	$\phi = 270^{\circ}, \mathrm{CR} \ge 5$	60	70	-		
	Ded	X		0.57	0.62	0.67	-	
	Red	Y		0.30	0.35	0.40		
	Orean	Х		0.29	0.34	0.39		
Color	Green	Y		0.55	0.60	0.65		
Chromaticity	Dhuo	Х	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	0.10	0.15	0.20	-	Note 6
	Blue	Y		0.08	0.13	0.18		
	White	Х		0.28	0.33	0.38		
	white	Y		0.30	0.35	0.40		

Note 1: The brightness is measured from the center point of the panel, P5 in Fig. 6.2, for the typical value.

Note 2: The brightness uniformity is calculated by the equation as below:

Min. Brightness Brightness uniformity = X100% Max. Brightness

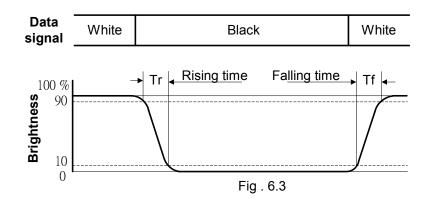
, which is based on the brightness values of the 9 points measured by BM-5 as shown in Fig. 6.2.



Note 3: The Contrast ratio is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, and defined as the following equation:

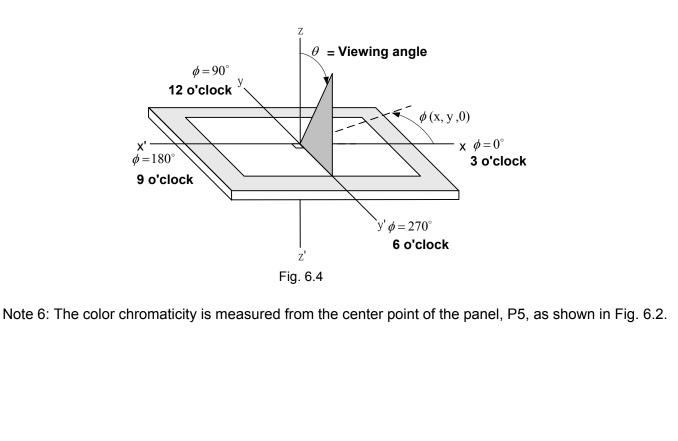
CR = Brightness of White Brightness of Black

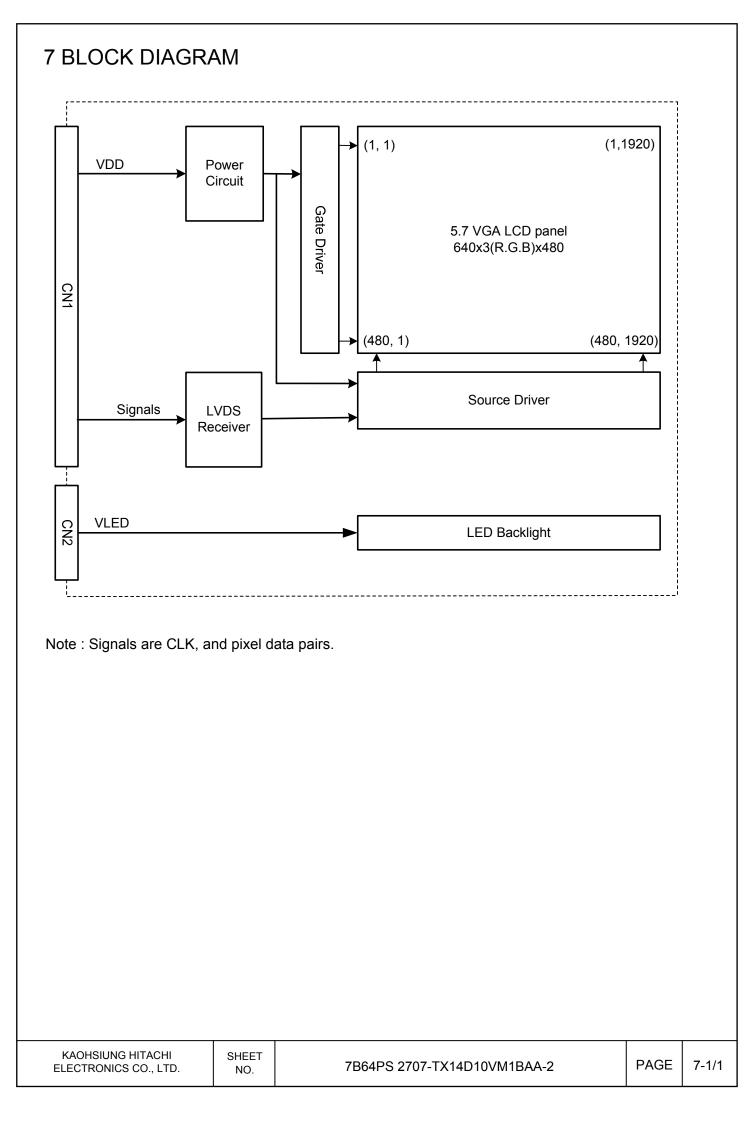
Note 4: The definition of response time is shown in Fig. 6.3. The rising time is the period from 90% brightness to 10% brightness when the data is from white to black. Oppositely, falling time is the period from 10% brightness rising to 90% brightness.



Note 5: The definition of viewing angle is shown in Fig. 6.4. Angle ϕ is used to represent viewing directions, for instance, $\phi = 270^{\circ}$ means 6 o'clock, and $\phi = 0^{\circ}$ means 3 o'clock. Moreover, angle θ is used to represent viewing angles from axis Z toward plane XY.

The viewing direction of this display is 6 o'clock, which means that a photograph with gray scale would not be reversed in color and the brightness change would be less from this direction. However, the best contrast peak would be located at 12 o'clock.





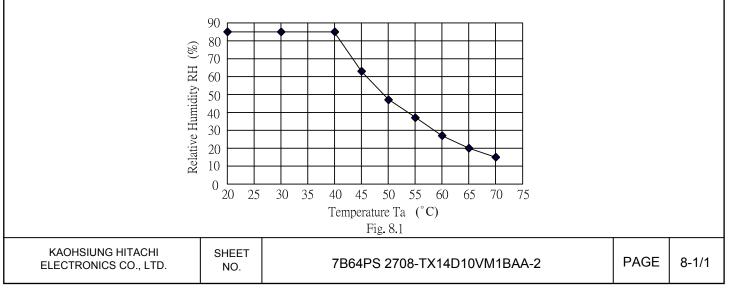
8. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test Item	Condition	
High Temperature	1) Operating 2) 70 °C	240 hrs
Low Temperature	1) Operating 2) -20 °C	240 hrs
High Temperature	1) Storage 2) 80 °C	240 hrs
Low Temperature	1) Storage 2) -30 °C	240 hrs
Heat Cycle	1) Operating 2) –20 °C ~70 °C 3) 3hrs~1hr~3hrs	240 hrs
Thermal Shock	 Non-Operating -35 °C ↔ 85 °C 0.5 hr ↔ 0.5 hr 	240 hrs
High Temperature & Humidity	 1) Operating 2) 40 °C & 85%RH 3) Without condensation 4) Note 4 	240 hrs
Vibration	 Non-Operating 2) 20~200 Hz 3) 2G 4) X, Y, and Z directions 	1 hr for each direction
Mechanical Shock	1) Non-Operating 2) 10 ms 3) 50G 4) $\pm X, \pm Y$ and $\pm Z$ directions	Once for each direction
ESD	 Operating Tip: 200 pF, 250 Ω Air discharge for glass: ± 8KV Contact discharge for metal frame: ± 8KV 	1) Glass: 9 points 2) Metal frame: 8 points

Note 1: Display functionalities are inspected under the conditions defined in the specification after the reliability tests.

Note 2: The display is not guaranteed for use in corrosive gas environments.

- Note 3: All pins of LCD interface (CN1) have been tested by \pm 100V contact discharge of ESD under non-operating condition.
- Note 4: Under the condition of high temperature & humidity, if the temperature is higher than 40° C, the humidity needs to be reduced as Fig. 8.1 shown.



9. LCD INTERFACE

9.1 INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

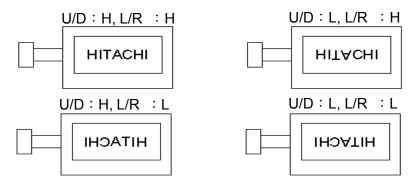
The display interface connector (CN1) is FI-SEB20P-HF13E-E1500 made by JAE and pin assignment is as below:

Pin No.	Signal	Signal	Pin No.	Signal	Signal
1	VDD	Dower Supply for Logic	11	IN2-	
2	VDD	Power Supply for Logic	12	IN2+	B2~B5, DE
3	U/D	Vertical Display mode Control (Note 2)	13	VSS	GND
4	L/R	Horizontal Display mode Control (Note 2)	14	CLK IN-	Divel Olech
5	IN0-	R0~R5, G0	15	CLK IN+	Pixel Clock
6	IN0+		16	VSS	GND
7	VSS	GND	17	NC	No Connection
8	IN1-	G1~G5, B0~B1	18	NC	No Connection
9	IN1+	ו מייזם, כטייו ט	19	NC	No Connection
10	VSS	GND	20	NC	No Connection

Note 1: IN n- and IN n+ (n=0, 1, 2), CLK IN- and CLK IN+ should be wired by twist-pairs or side-by-side FPC patterns, respectively.

Note 2: Scan direction is available to be switched as below by setting U/D and L/R pins. Defult value is

U/D : H; L/R : H.



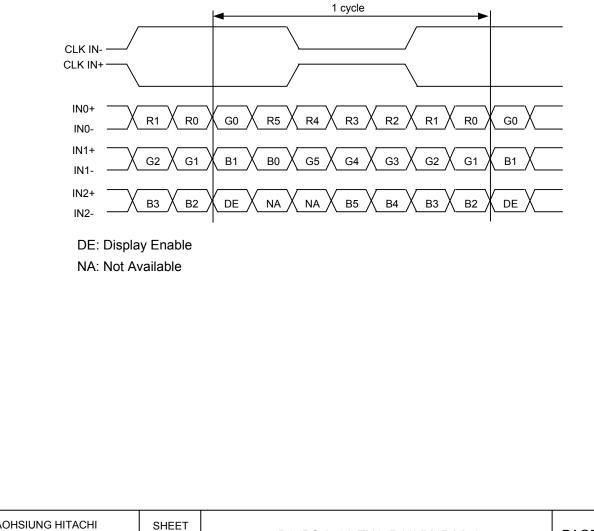
The backlight interface connector (CN2) is BHR-03VS-1 made by JST, and pin assignment is as below:

Pin No.	Signal	Level	Function
1	V_{LED} +	-	Power Supply for LED
2	NC	-	No Connection
3	V _{LED} -	-	GND

9.2 LVDS INTERFACE				
Machine Side	2)	CN1 (interface) 1)	TFT-LCD	Side
Controll 7 TA0-6 R0-R5,G0 7 TB0-6 G1-G5,B0,B1 7 TB0-6 B2-B5,NA,NA,DE 7 TC0-6	THC63LVDM83R	IN0+ IN0- IN1+ IN1- IN2+ IN2-	THC63LVDF84B RA0-6 P-1 OF C RB0-6 RC0-6 RD0-6	LCD Panel controller
CK DCLK IN	PLL	CLK IN+ CLK IN-		

- Note 1: LVDS cable impedance should be 100 ohms per signal line when each 2-lines (+, -) is used in differential mode.
- Note 2: The recommended transmitter, THC63LVDM83R, is made by Thine or equivalent, which is not contained in the module.
- Note 3: The receiver built-in the module is THC63LVDF84B made by Thine.

9.3 LVDS DATA FORMAT



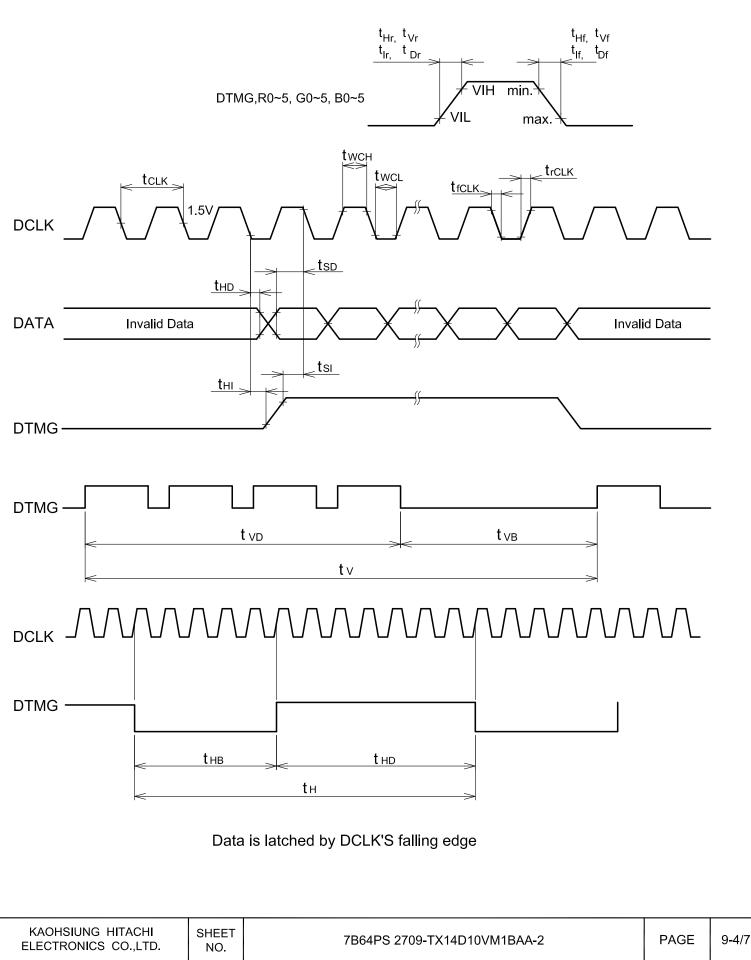
9.4 INTERFACE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The column of timing sets including minimum, typical, and maximum as below are based on the best optical performance, frame frequency (Vsync) = 60 Hz to define. If 60 Hz is not the aim to set, less than 70 Hz for Vsync is recommended to apply for better performance by other parameter combination as the definitions in section 5.1.

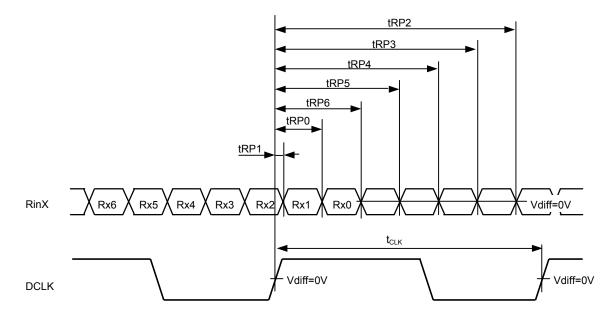
Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	Frequency	1/t _{CLK}	21.9	25.2	30.6	MHz
	Low level Width	t _{wcL}	12	-	-	
DCLK	High level Width	t _{WCH}	12	-	-	ns
	Rise time / Fill time	t_{rCLK} , t_{fCLK}	-	-	5	
	Duty	D	0.45	0.5	0.55	-
	Set up time	t _{si}	12	-	-	
	Hold time	t _{HI}	12	-	-	ns
	Rise/Fall time	t _{Ir} ,t _{If}	-	-	5	ns
	Horizontal Cycle	t _H	750	800	850	
DTMG	Horizontal Valid Data width	t _{HD}	640	640	640	t _{CLK}
	Horizontal porch width	t _{HB}	110	160	210	
	Vertical Cycle	tv	486	525	600	
	Vertical Valid Data width	t _{vD}	480	480	480	t _H
	Vertical porch width	t _{vB}	6	45	120	
	Set up time	t _{sD}	12	-	-	20
Data	Hold time	t _{HD}	12	-	-	ns
	Rise/Fall time	t _{Dr} ,t _{Df}	-	-	5	ns

9.5 TIMING CHART

DTMG (Data Enable) is the signal to determine valid data, and the timing of DTMG can be determined from Hsync and Vsync as below. For this display, only DTMG and DCLK are the essential signals. Hsync and Vsync are not necessary to connect to display interface after DTMG has been generated and input.



9.6 LVDS RECEIVER TIMING

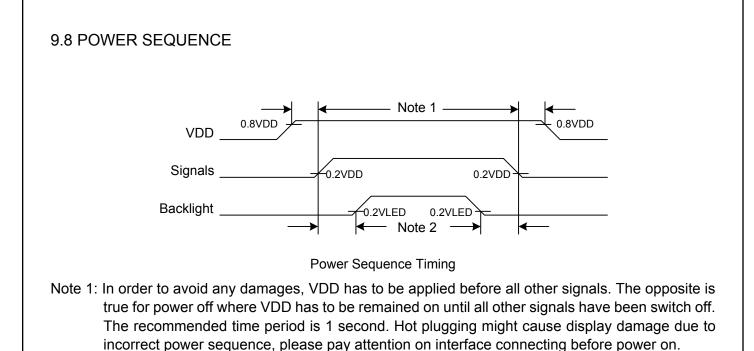




	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
DCLK	FREQUENCY	1/t _{CLK}	21.9	25.2	30.6	MHz
RinX	0 data position	tRP0	1/7*t _{ськ} -0.49	1/7*t _{CLK}	1/7*t _{CLK} +0.49	
(X=0,1,2)	1st data position	tRP1	-0.49	0	+0.49	
	2nd data position	tRP2	6/7*t _{ськ} -0.49	6/7*t _{CLK}	6/7*t _{CLK} +0.49	
	3rd data position	tRP3	5/7*t _{CLK} -0.49	5/7*t _{CLK}	5/7*t _{CLK} +0.49	ns
	4th data position	tRP4	4/7*t _{CLK} -0.49	4/7*t _{CLK}	4/7*t _{CLK} +0.49	
	5th data position	tRP5	3/7*t _{ськ} -0.49	3/7*t _{CLK}	3/7*t _{CLK} +0.49	
	6th data position	tRP6	2/7*t _{CLK} -0.49	2/7*t _{CLK}	2/7*t _{CLK} +0.49	

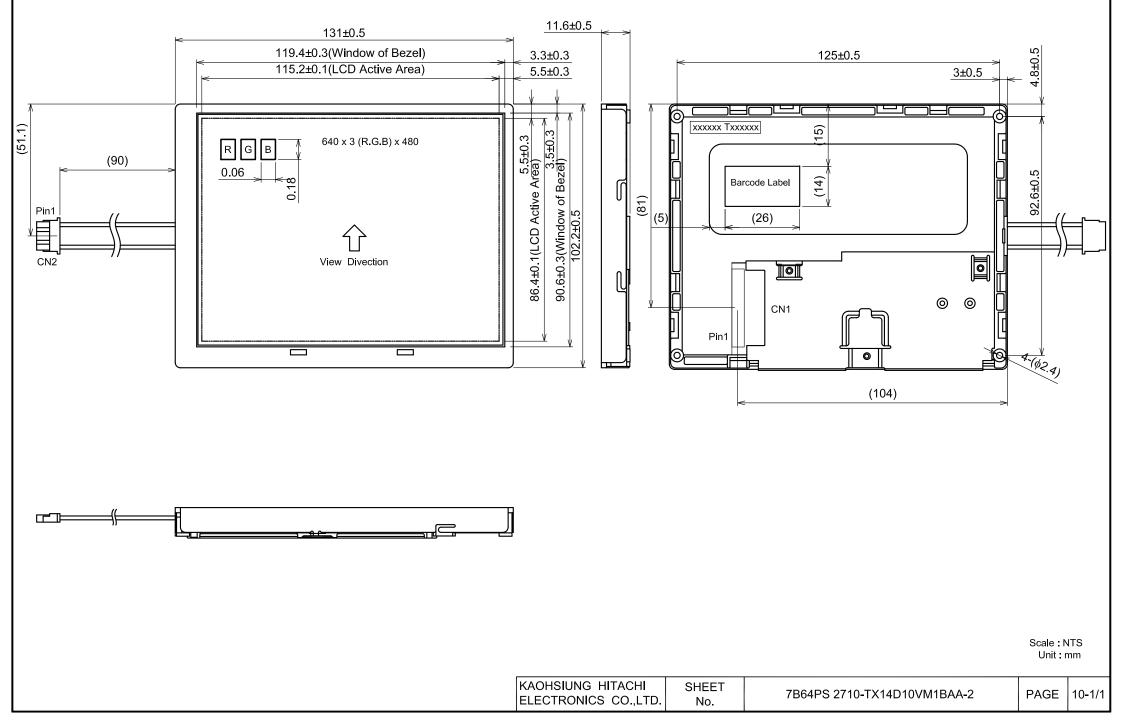
9.7 DATA INPUT for DISPLAY COLOR

	COLOR & Gray Scale								[Data	Signa	al							
	Oray Ocale	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (0)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (62)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (61)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red (1)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (0)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:		:
	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:		:
	Green (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue (61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:		:
	Blue (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1



Note 2: In order to avoid showing uncompleted patterns in transient state. It is recommended that switching the backlight on is delayed for 1 second after the signals have been applied. The opposite is true for power off where the backlight has to be switched off 1 second before the signals are removed.

10. OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



11. APPEARANCE STANDARD

The appearance inspection is performed in a dark room around 500~1000 lx based on the conditions as below:

- The distance between inspector's eyes and display is 30 cm.
- The viewing zone is defined with angle θ shown in Fig. 11. The inspection should be performed within 45° when display is shut down. The inspection should be performed within 5° when display is power on.

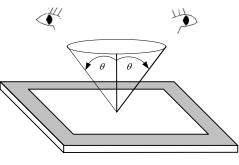


Fig. 11.1

11.1 THE DEFINITION OF LCD ZONE

LCD panel is divided into 3 areas as shown in Fig.11.2 for appearance specification in next section. A zone is the LCD active area (dot area); B zone is the area, which extended 1 mm out from LCD active area; C zone is the area between B zone and metal frame.

In terms of housing design, B zone is the recommended window area customers' housing should be located in.

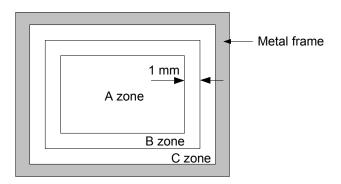


Fig. 11.2

KAOHSIUNG HITACHI ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	SHEET NO.	7B64PS 2711-TX14D10VM1BAA-2	PAGE	11-1/3
			•	

11.2 LCD APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

The specification as below is defined as the amount of unexpected phenomenon or material in different zones of LCD panel. The definitions of length, width and average diameter using in the table are shown in Fig. 11.3 and Fig. 11.4.

Item		Applied zone					
	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	idth (mm) Maximum nu		Minimum space		
	Ignored	W≦0.02	Ignored		-		
Scratches	L≦40 0.	02 <w≦0.04< td=""><td>10</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>A,B</td></w≦0.04<>	10		-	A,B	
	L≦20	W≦0.04	10		-		
Dent		Serious one	is not allowed		•	А	
Wrinkles in polarizer		Serious one	e is not allowed			А	
	Average diame	eter (mm)	Max	kimum n	umber		
	D≦	0.2		Ignore	d		
Bubbles on polarizer	0.2 <d≦< td=""><td>0.3</td><td></td><td>12</td><td></td><td>А</td></d≦<>	0.3		12		А	
	0.3 <d≦< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>3</td><td></td><td></td></d≦<>			3			
	0.5 <d< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>None</td><td>;</td><td></td></d<>			None	;		
		Filamentous	(Line shape))			
	Length (mm)	Wid	th (mm)	Maximum number			
	L≦2.0		W≦0.03		Ignored	A,B	
	L≦3.0	0.03<	0.03 <w≦0.05< td=""><td>6</td><td></td></w≦0.05<>		6		
	L≦2.5	0.05<	0.05 <w≦0.1< td=""><td>1</td><td></td></w≦0.1<>		1		
1) Stains							
2) Foreign Materials	Average diameter (m	m) Maximu	um number	Min	imum Space		
3) Dark Spot	D<0.2		nored		-		
	0.2≦D<0.3		10		10mm	4.5	
	0.3≦D<0.4		5		30mm	A,B	
	0.4≦D	Ν	lone		-		
	In total		Filamentous + Round=10				
	-	Those wiped out	se wiped out easily are acceptable				
		1	уре	Max	imum number		
		1	dot	4			
	Dright dat dafa t	2 adja	acent dot	1			
Dot-Defect	Bright dot-defect	3 adjacent	t dot or above	dot or above			
		In	total		5	۸	
(Note 1)		1	dot		5	A	
	Dorle dat date -	2 adja	acent dot		2		
	Dark dot-defect	3 adjacent	dot or above	Ν	lot allowed		
		In	In total		7		
		In total			12		

(2) LED BACKLIGHT APPEARANCE

Item		Applied zone			
Dark Spots	Average diamete	r (mm) Maximum number			
White Spots	D≦0.4			A	
Foreign Materials(Spot)	0.4 <d< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>				
Foreign Materials	Width (mm) Length (n		ר (mm)	Maximum number	
(Line)	W<0.0	L≦2.5		1	٨
	W≦0.2	2.5 <l< td=""><td>None</td><td>A</td></l<>		None	A
	0.2 <w< td=""><td colspan="2">-</td><td>None</td><td></td></w<>	-		None	
Scratches	Width (mm)	Length (mm)		Maximum number	
	W≦0.1	-		Ignored	А
	0.1 <w≦0.2< td=""><td colspan="2">L≦11.0</td><td>1</td></w≦0.2<>	L≦11.0		1	
	$0.1 \le VV \ge 0.2$	11.0 <l< td=""><td>None</td><td></td></l<>		None	
	0.2 <w< td=""><td colspan="2">-</td><td>None</td><td></td></w<>	-		None	

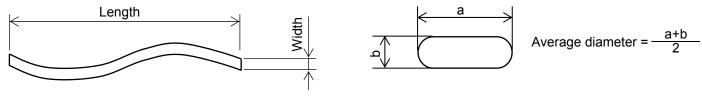
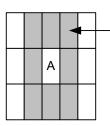


Fig 11.3

Fig 11.4

Note 1: The definitions of dot defect are as below:

- The defect area of the dot must be bigger than half of a dot.
- For bright dot-defect, showing black pattern, the dot's brightness must be over 30% brighter than others.
- For dark dot-defect, showing white pattern, the dot's brightness must be under 70% darker than others.
- The definition of 1-dot-defect is the defect-dot, which is isolated and no adjacent defect-dot.
- The definition of adjacent dot is shown as Fig. 11.5.
- The Density of dot defect is defined in the area within diameter $_{\varphi}$ =20mm.



The dots colored gray are adjacent to defect-dot A.

Fig. 11.5

12. PRECAUTIONS

12.1 PRECAUTIONS of ESD

- 1) Before handling the display, please ensure your body has been connected to ground to avoid any damages by ESD. Also, do not touch display's interface directly when assembling.
- 1) Please remove the protection film very slowly before turning on the display to avoid generating ESD.

12.2 PRECAUTIONS of HANDLING

- 1) In order to keep the appearance of display in good condition; please do not rub any surfaces of the displays by sharp tools harder than 3H, especially touch panel, metal frame and polarizer.
- 2) Please do not pile the displays in order to avoid any scars leaving on the display. In order to avoid any injuries, please pay more attention for the edges of glasses and metal frame, and wear finger cots to protect yourself and the display before working on it.
- 2) Touching the display area or the terminal pins with bare hand is prohibited. This is because it will stain the display area and cause poor insulation between terminal pins, and might affect display's electrical characteristics furthermore.
- 3) Do not use any harmful chemicals such as acetone, toluene, and isopropyl alcohol to clean display's surfaces.
- 4) Please use soft cloth or absorbent cotton with ethanol to clean the display by gently wiping. Moreover, when wiping the display, please wipe it by horizontal or vertical direction instead of circling to prevent leaving scars on the display's surface, especially polarizer.
- 5) Please wipe any unknown liquids immediately such as saliva, water or dew on the display to avoid color fading or any permanently damages.
- 6) Maximum pressure to the surface of the display must be less than $1,96 \times 10^4$ Pa. If the area of adding pressure is less than 1 cm^2 , the maximum pressure must be less than 1.96×10^4 Pa.

12.3 PRECAUTIONS OF OPERATING

- Please input signals and voltages to the displays according to the values defined in the section of electrical characteristics to obtain the best performance. Any voltages over than absolute maximum rating will cause permanent damages to this display. Also, any timing of the signals out of this specification would cause unexpected performance.
- 2) When the display is operating at significant low temperature, the response time will be slower than it at 25 C°. In high temperature, the color will be slightly dark and blue compared to original pattern. However, these are temperature-related phenomenon of LCD and it will not cause permanent damages to the display when used within the operating temperature.
- 3) The use of screen saver or sleep mode is recommended when static images are likely for long periods of time. This is to avoid the possibility of image sticking.
- 4) Spike noise can cause malfunction of the circuit. The recommended limitation of spike noise is no bigger than \pm 100 mV.

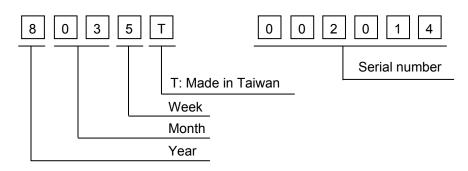
12.4 PRECAUTIONS of STORAGE

If the displays are going to be stored for years, please be aware the following notices.

- 1) Please store the displays in a dark room to avoid any damages from sunlight and other sources of UV light.
- 2) The recommended long-term storage temperature is between 10 C° ~35 C° and 55%~75% humidity to avoid causing bubbles between polarizer and LCD glasses, and polarizer peeling from LCD glasses.
- 3) It would be better to keep the displays in the container, which is shipped from Hitachi, and do not unpack it.
- 4) Please do not stick any labels on the display surface for a long time, especially on the polarizer.

13. DESIGNATION of LOT MARK

1) The lot mark is showing in Fig.13.3. First 4 digits are used to represent production lot, T represented made in Taiwan, and the last 6 digits are the serial number.



2) The tables as below are showing what the first 4 digits of lot mark are shorted for.

Year	Mark
2010	0
2011	1
2012	2
2013	3
2014	4

Month	Mark	Month	Mark
1	01	7	07
2	02	8	08
3	03	9	09
4	04	10	10
5	05	11	11
6	06	12	12

Week (Days)	Mark		
1~7	1		
8~14	2		
15~21	3		
22~28	4		
29~31	5		

3) Except letters I and O, revision number will be shown on lot mark and following letters A to Z.

4) The location of the lot mark is on the back of the display shown in Fig. 13.3.



Fig 13.3