

SPEC. NO.

TQ3C-8EAF0-E1DKG12-00

DATE

April 17, 2007

## S P E C

FOR :

TYPE : THG057VGLAC-H00

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KYOCERA CORPORATION  
KAGOSHIMA HAYATO PLANT  
LCD DIVISION

This specification is subject to change without notice.  
Consult Kyocera before ordering.

Original	Designed by :Engineering Dept.			Confirmed by :QA Dept.	
Issue Date	Prepared	Checked	Approved	Checked	Approved
April 17, 2007	<i>D. Ajsaka</i>	<i>T. Tsumura</i>	<i>Y. Matsumoto</i>	<i>J. Sakaguchi</i>	<i>S. Higashio</i>

## **Warning**

1. This Kyocera LCD module has been specifically designed for use only in electronic devices and industrial machines in the area of audio control, office automation, industrial control, home appliances, etc. The module should not be used in applications where the highest level of safety and reliability are required and module failure or malfunction of such module results in physical harm or loss of life, as well as enormous damage or loss. Such fields of applications include, without limitation, medical, aerospace, communications infrastructure, atomic energy control. Kyocera expressly disclaims any and all liability resulting in any way to the use of the module in such applications.
2. Customer agrees to indemnify, defend and hold Kyocera harmless from and against any and all actions, claims, damages, liabilities, awards, costs and expenses, including legal expenses, resulting from or arising out of Customer's use, or sale for use, or Kyocera modules in applications.

## **Caution**

1. Kyocera shall have the right, which Customer hereby acknowledges, to immediately scrap or destroy tooling for Kyocera modules for which no Purchase Orders have been received from the Customer in a two-year period.

## Revision Record

Date	Designed by: Engineering Dept.			Confirmed by: QA Dept.	
	Prepared	Checked	Approved	Checked	Approved
Rev. No.	Date	Page	Descriptions		

## 1. Application

This data sheet defines the specification for a  $(640 \times \text{R.G.B}) \times 480$  dot, amorphous silicon TFT transfective color dot matrix type Liquid Crystal Display with LED backlight. 『RoHS Compliant』

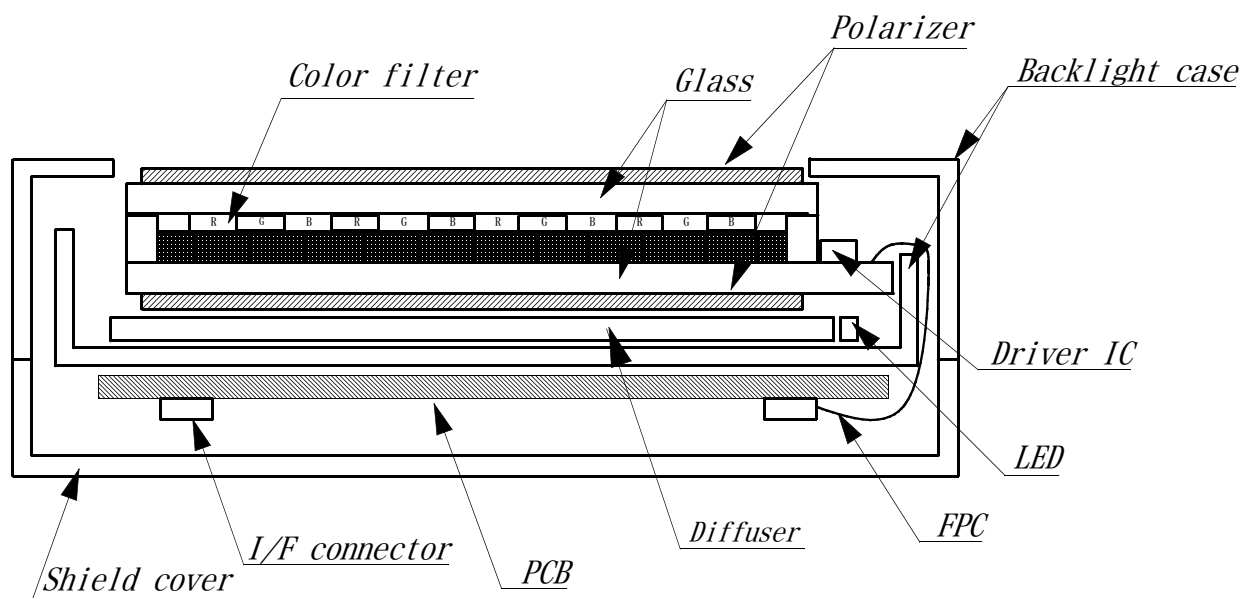
## 2. Construction and Outline

$(640 \times \text{R.G.B}) \times 480$  dots, COG type LCD with LED backlight.

Backlight system : Side-edge type (LED).

Polarizer : Glare Anti-reflection treatment.

Additional circuits : Timing controller, Power supply (3.3V input)



This drawing is showing conception only.

### 3. Mechanical Specifications

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	UNIT
Outline dimensions	144.0 (W) × (104.8) (H) × 13 (D)	mm
Effective viewing area	117.2 (W) × 88.4 (H)	mm
Dot number	(640×R.G.B) (W) × 480 (H)	Dots
Dot pitch	0.06 (W) × 0.18 (H)	mm
Display mode *1	Normally white	—
Mass	(TBD)	g

\*1 Due to the characteristics of the LC material, the color vary with environmental temperature.

### 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

#### 4-1. Electrical absolute maximum ratings

ITEM	SYMBOL	Min.	Max.	UNIT
Power input voltage	VDD	0	4.0	V
Input signal voltage for LCD *1	Vin	-0.3	6.0	V
LED forward current (Backlight) *2	IF	—	(27)	mA
Reversed voltage *2	VR	—	(5)	V

\*1 Input signals : CK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, Hsync, Vsync, ENAB, R/L, U/D

\*2 For each : "AN1-CA1", "AN2-CA2", "AN3-CA3"

#### 4-2. Environmental absolute maximum ratings

ITEM	SYMBOL	Min.	Max.	UNIT
Operating temperature *1	Top	-10	70	°C
Storage temperature *2	Tsto	-30	80	°C
Operating humidity *3	Hop	10	*4	%RH
Storage humidity *3	Hsto	10	*4	%RH
Vibration	—	*5	*5	—
Shock	—	*6	*6	—

\*1 Operating temperature means a temperature which operation shall be guaranteed.  
Since display performance is evaluated at 25°C, another temperature range should be confirmed.

\*2 Temp. = -30 °C < 48 h , Temp = 80 °C < 168 h  
Store LCD panel at normal temperature/humidity.  
Keep it free from vibration and shock.  
LCD panel that is kept at low or high temperature for a long time can be defective due to the other conditions, even if the temperature satisfies standard.  
(Please refers to 12. Precautions for use as detail).

\*3 Non-condensation.

\*4 Temp. ≤ 40°C, 85%RH Max.  
Temp. > 40°C, Absolute Humidity shall be less than 85% RH at 40°C.

\*5

Frequency	10~55 Hz	Converted to acceleration value : (0.3~9 m/s <sup>2</sup> )
Vibration width	0.15 mm	
Interval	10-55-10 Hz	1 minute

2 hours in each direction X/Y/Z (6 hours as total)  
EIAJ ED-2531

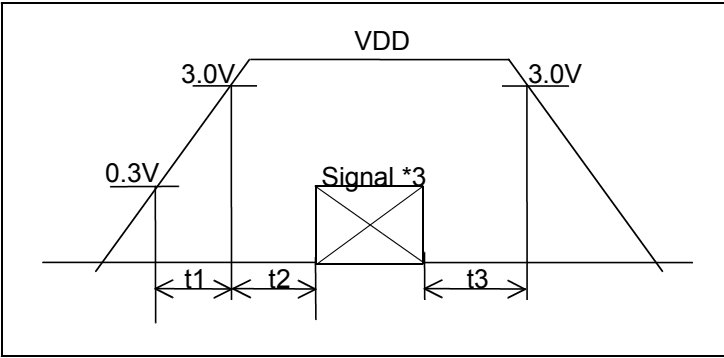
\*6 Acceleration: 490m/s<sup>2</sup>  
Pulse width : 11 ms  
3 times in each direction : ±X/±Y/±Z.  
EIAJ ED-2531

# 5. Electrical Characteristics

VDD = +3.3V ± 0.3V , Temp. = -10~70°C

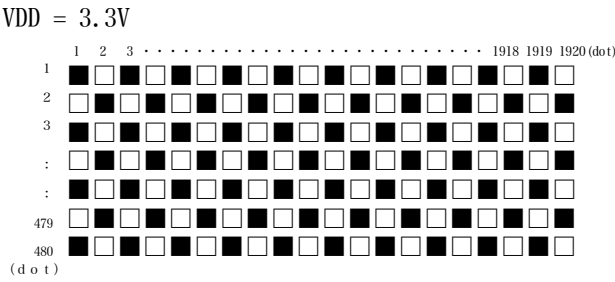
ITEM		SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Power input voltage *1	VDD=3.3V Temp. =25°C	VDD	(3.0)	(3.3)	(3.6)	V
Current consumption *2		IDD	—	(TBD)	(TBD)	mA
Permissive input ripple voltage (VDD=3.3V)		VRP	—	—	TBD	mVp-p
Input signal voltage (Low) *3		VIL	0	—	0.3VDD	V
Input signal voltage (High) *3		VIH	0.7VDD	—	5.5	V

\*1 VDD-turn-on conditions



$0 < t_1 \leq 20 \text{ ms}$   
 $0 < t_2 \leq 50 \text{ ms}$   
 $0 < t_3 \leq 1 \text{ s}$

\*2 Power consumption pattern :



\*3 Input signals : CK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, Hsync, Vsync, ENAB, R/L, U/D

## 6. Optical Characteristics

### 6-1. Reflective mode

Measuring points =  $\phi 6.0\text{mm}$  , Temp. = 25°C

ITEM		SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Response time	Rise	$\tau_r$	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$	—	(10)	—	ms
	Down	$\tau_d$	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$	—	(20)	—	ms
Contrast ratio		CR	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$	(10)	(20)	—	—
Reflectance		$\rho$	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$	(7)	(10)	—	%

### 6-2. Transmissive mode

Measuring points =  $\phi 6.0\text{mm}$  , Temp. = 25°C

ITEM		SYMBOL	CONDITION		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Response time	Rise	$\tau_r$	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		—	(10)	—	ms
	Down	$\tau_d$	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		—	(20)	—	ms
Viewing angle range		$\theta$	$CR \geq 5$	Upper	—	(45)	—	deg.
				Lower	—	(80)	—	
		$\phi$		Left	—	(80)	—	deg.
				Right	—	(80)	—	
Contrast ratio		CR	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(100)	(150)	—	—
Brightness		L	IF= (25mA) /1LED Line		(100)	(150)	—	cd/m <sup>2</sup>
Chromaticity coordinates	Red	x	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(TBD)	(TBD)	(TBD)	—
		y			(TBD)	(TBD)	(TBD)	
	Green	x	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(TBD)	(TBD)	(TBD)	
		y			(TBD)	(TBD)	(TBD)	
	Blue	x	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(TBD)	(TBD)	(TBD)	
		y			(TBD)	(TBD)	(TBD)	
	White	x	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(TBD)	(TBD)	(TBD)	
		y			(TBD)	(TBD)	(TBD)	

### 6-3. Definition of Reflectance

$$\rho \text{ (Reflectance)} = \frac{\text{Measured Reflection Brightness}}{\text{Reflection Brightness against Standard White Board}} \times 100 \quad (\%)$$

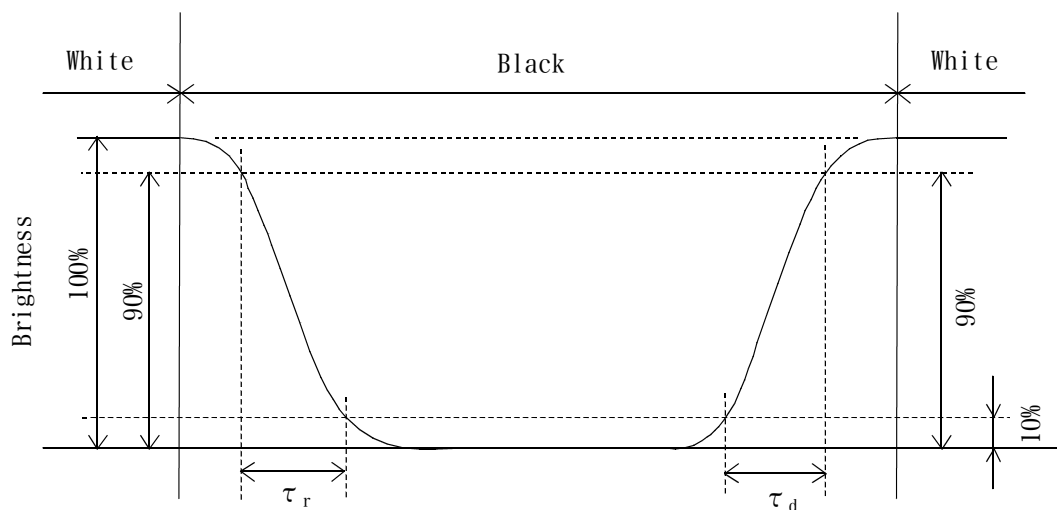
### 6-4. Definition of Contrast (Reflective Mode)

$$\text{CR (Contrast)} = \frac{\text{Reflectance at all pixels "White"}}{\text{Reflectance at all pixels "Black"}}$$

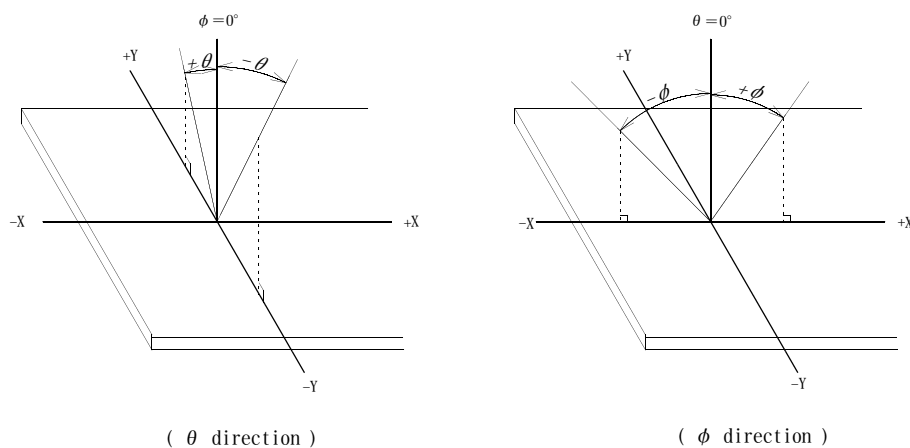
### 6-5. Definition of Contrast (Transmissive Mode)

$$\text{CR (Contrast)} = \frac{\text{Brightness at all pixels "White"}}{\text{Brightness at all pixels "Black"}}$$

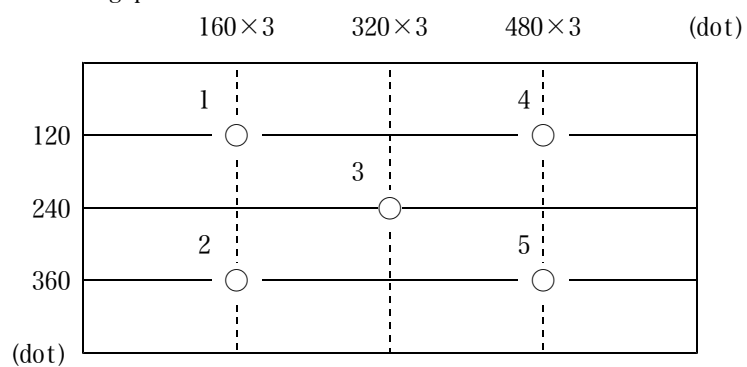
### 6-6. Definition of response time



### 6-7. Definition of viewing angle

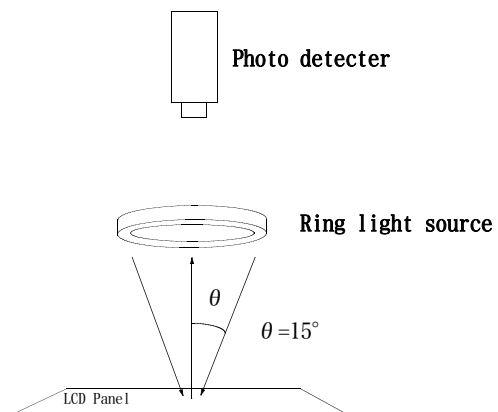


6-8. Measuring points



- 1) Rating is defined as the average brightness inside the viewing area.
- 2) 30 minutes after LED is turned on. (Ambient Temp.=25°C)

6-9. Measurement method of reflectance



## 7. Interface signals

### 7-1. CN1:LCD

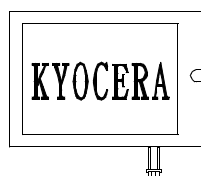
PIN NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	I/O	Note
1	GND	GND	—	
2	CK	Clock signal for sampling each data signal	I	
3	Hsync	Horizontal synchronous signal (negative)	I	
4	Vsync	Vertical synchronous signal (negative)	I	
5	GND	GND	—	
6	R0	RED data signal (LSB)	I	
7	R1	RED data signal	I	
8	R2	RED data signal	I	
9	R3	RED data signal	I	
10	R4	RED data signal	I	
11	R5	RED data signal (MSB)	I	
12	GND	GND	—	
13	G0	GREEN data signal (LSB)	I	
14	G1	GREEN data signal	I	
15	G2	GREEN data signal	I	
16	G3	GREEN data signal	I	
17	G4	GREEN data signal	I	
18	G5	GREEN data signal (MSB)	I	
19	GND	GND	—	
20	B0	BLUE data signal (LSB)	I	
21	B1	BLUE data signal	I	
22	B2	BLUE data signal	I	
23	B3	BLUE data signal	I	
24	B4	BLUE data signal	I	
25	B5	BLUE data signal (MSB)	I	
26	GND	GND	—	
27	ENAB	Signal to settle the horizontal display position (positive)	I	*1
28	VDD	3.3V power supply	—	
29	VDD	3.3V power supply	—	
30	R/L	Horizontal display mode select signal H : Normal , L : Left / Right reverse mode	I	*2
31	U/D	Vertical display mode select signal L : Normal , H : Up / Down reverse mode	I	*2
32	NC	No connect	—	
33	GND	GND	—	

LCD side connector : IMSA-9632S-33Z02-GF1 (IRISO)

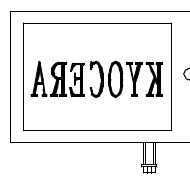
Recommended matching FFC or FPC : P = 0.5mm

- \*1 The horizontal display start timing is settled in accordance with a rising timing of ENAB signal.  
In case ENAB is fixed "Low", the horizontal start timing is determined as described in 8-2.  
Don't keep ENAB "High" during operation.

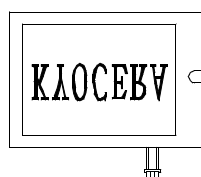
\*2



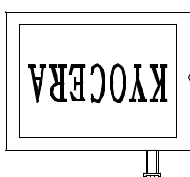
R/L = H  
U/D = L



R/L = L  
U/D = L



R/L = H  
U/D = H



R/L = L  
U/D = H

## 7-2. CN2:LED Backlight

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	AN1	Anode1
2	AN2	Anode2
3	AN3	Anode3
4	CA1	Cathode1
5	CA2	Cathode2
6	CA3	Cathode3

LCD side connector : SHLP-06V-S-B (JST)  
 Recommended matching connector : SM06B-SHLS-TF (JST)  
 : SM06B-SHLS-TF (LF) (SN) (JST) . . . (RoHS)

## 8. Timing Characteristics of input signals

### 8-1. Timing characteristics

ITEM		SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	—	(25.18)	(28.33)	MHz	
	Duty ratio	Tch/Tc	(40)	(50)	(60)	%	
Data	Set up time	Tds	(5)	—	—	ns	
	Hold time	Tdh	(10)	—	—	ns	
Horizontal sync. signal	Cycle	TH	(30.0)	(31.8)	—	$\mu s$	
			(770)	(800)	(900)	clock	
	Pulse width	THp	(2)	(96)	(200)	clock	
Vertical sync. signal	Cycle	TV	(515)	(525)	(560)	line	
	Pulse width	TVp	(2)	—	(34)	line	
Horizontal display period		THd	(640)			clock	
Hsync.-Clock phase difference		THc	(10)	—	(Tc-10)	ns	
Hsync.-Vsync. phase difference		TVh	(0)	—	(TH-THp)	ns	
Vertical sync.signal start position		TVs	(34)			line	
Vertical display period		TVd	(480)			line	

\*In case of lower frequency, the deterioration of the display quality, flicker etc., may occur.

#### 8-2. Horizontal display position

The horizontal display position is determined by ENAB signal.

ITEM		SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Enable signal	Set up time	Tes	(5)	—	(Tc-10)	ns	
	Pulse width	Tep	(2)	(640)	(TH-10)	clock	
Hsync.-Enable signal phase difference		The	(44)	—	(104)	clock	

\*When ENAB is fixed at "Low", the display starts from the data of (104) (clock) as shown in 8-5.

#### 8-3. Vertical display position

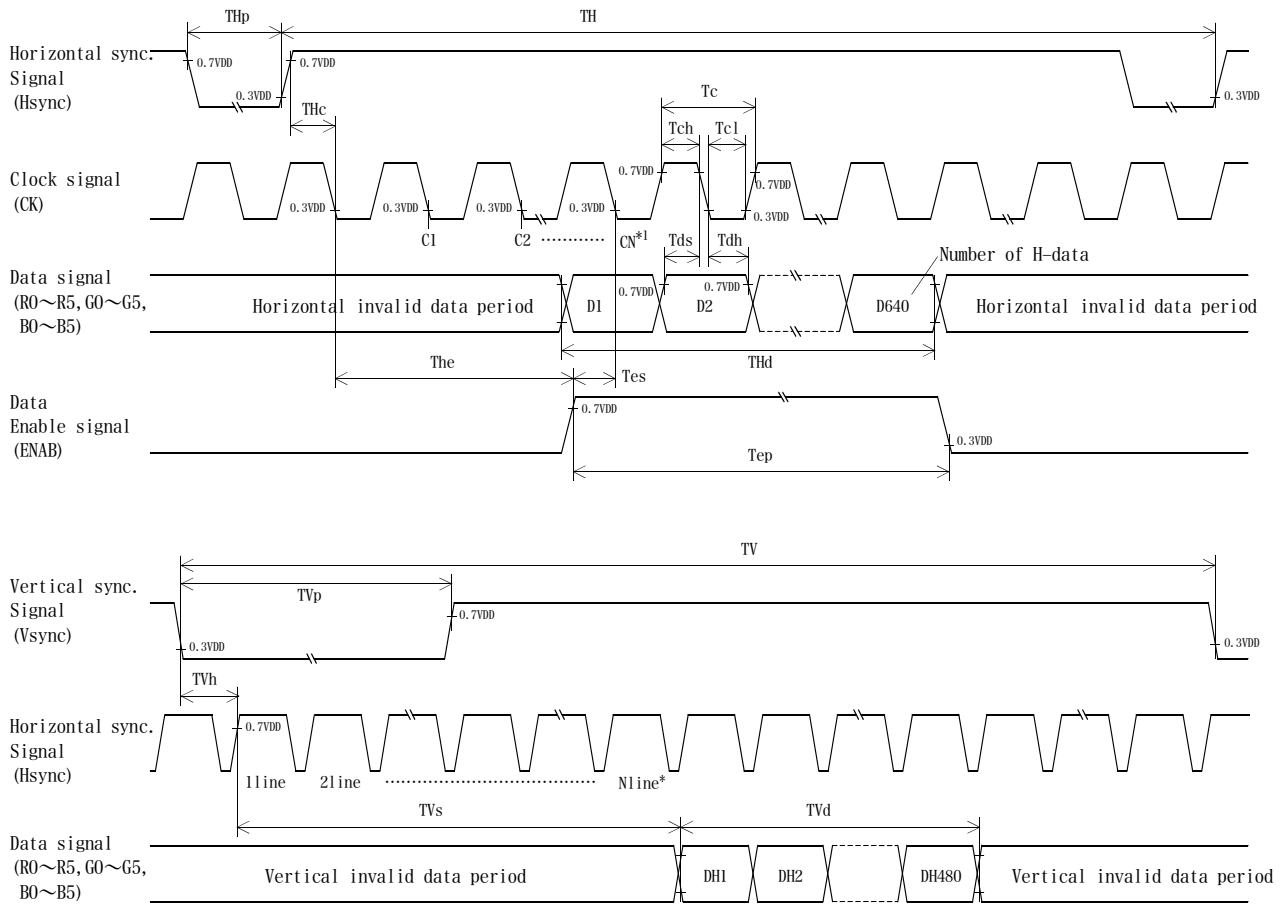
The vertical display position (TVs) is fixed at (34)th line.

Note) ENAB signal is independent of vertical display position.

#### 8-4. Input Data Signals and Display position on the screen

D1,DH1	D2,DH1	D3,DH1	.....	D640,DH1
D1,DH2	D2,DH2	D3,DH2	<div><div>⋮</div><div>RGB</div></div>	
D1,DH480	D2,DH480	D3,DH480		

## 8-5. Input Timing Characteristics



\*1 When ENAB is fixed "Low" the display starts from the data of C104(Clock).

\*2 The vertical display position( $TV_s$ ) is fixed at 34<sup>th</sup> line.

## 9. Backlight Characteristics

Temp. = 25°C

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTE
Forward current *1	IF	—	(25)	—	mA	Ta = -10~70°C
Forward voltage	VF	—	(24.2)	(27.0)	V	IF=25mA *1, Ta=-10°C
		—	(23.1)	(25.9)	V	IF=25mA *1, Ta=25°C
		—	(22.1)	(24.9)	V	IF=25mA *1, Ta=70°C
Operating life *2	T	—	(50,000) *3	—	h	IF=25mA *1

\*1 For each "AN1-CA1", "AN2-CN2" and "AN3-CN3".

\*2 When surface brightness decreases 50% of initial brightness .

\*3 Life time is estimated data.

\* A forward current below 8.0mA may reduce the brightness uniformity of the LED backlight.  
This is because the amount of light from each LED chip is different. Therefore, please evaluate carefully before finalizing the input current.

## 10. Lot Number Identification

The lot number shall be indicated on the back of the backlight case of each LCD.

THG057VGLAC-H00 - □ □ - □ □ - □ MADE IN □ □ □ □

↓   ↓   ↓   ↓   ↓  
 ① ② ③ ④ ⑤

① YEAR  
 ② MONTH  
 ③ DATE  
 ④ Version Number  
 ⑤ Country of origin (JAPAN or CHINA)

YEAR	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
CODE	7	8	9	0	1	2

MONTH	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY.	JUN.
CODE	1	2	3	4	5	6

MONTH	JUL.	AUG.	SEP.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
CODE	7	8	9	X	Y	Z

## 1 1. Warranty

### 11-1. Incoming inspection

Please inspect the LCD within one month after your receipt.

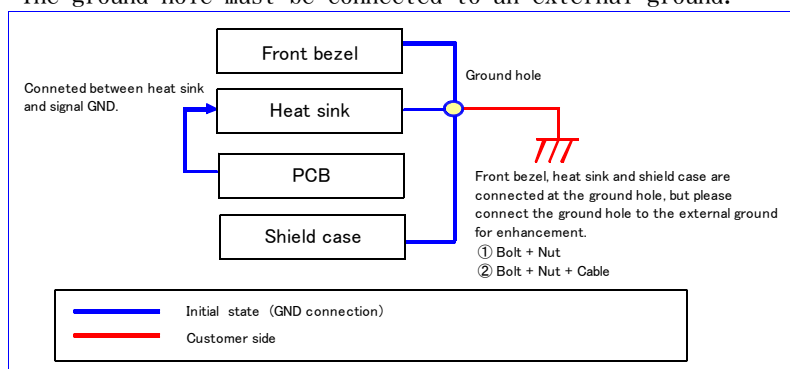
### 11-2. Production Warranty

Kyocera warrants its LCDs for a period of 12 months after receipt by the purchaser, and within the limits specified. Kyocera shall, by mutual agreement, replace or rework defective LCDs that are shown to be Kyocera's responsibility.

## 1 2. Precautions for use

### 12-1. Installation of the LCD

1. The LCD's bezel must be grounded. The heat sink and shield cover are connected at the ground hole. The ground hole is located on the right side of the LCD when viewed from the front. The ground hole must be connected to an external ground.



2. A transparent protection sheet shall be added to protect the LCD and its polarizers.
3. The LCD shall be installed so that there is no pressure on the LSI chips.
4. The LCD shall be installed flat, without twisting or bending.
5. The display window size should be the same as the effective viewing area.
6. In case you use outside frame of effective viewing area as outward appearance of your product, unevenness of its outward appearance is out of guarantee.
7. Please refer to the following our recommendable value of Clamp-down torque when installing.  
Clamp-down torque:  $0.32 \pm 0.03 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$  Please set up 'SPEED-LOW', 'SOFT START-SLOW' when using electric driver .  
Recommendable screw JIS tapping screw two types nominal dia.3.0mm  
installing boss hole depth  $3.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$   
Please be careful not to use high torque which may damage LCD module in installation.
8. A transparent protection sheet is attached to the polarizer. Please remove the protection film slowly before use, paying attention to static electricity.
9. Do not pull the LED lead wires and do not bend the root of the wires.  
Housing should be designed to protect LED lead wires from external stress.
10. This Kyocera LCD module has been specifically designed for use in general electronic devices, but not for use in a special environment such as usage in an active gas.  
Hence, when the LCD is supposed to be used in a special environment, evaluate the LCD thoroughly beforehand and do not expose the LCD to chemicals such as an active gas.

### 12-2. Static Electricity

1. Since CMOS ICs are mounted directly onto the LCD glass, protection from static electricity is required. Operator should wear ground straps.

#### 12-3. LCD Operation

1. The LCD shall be operated within the limits specified. Operation at values outside of these limits may shorten life, and/or harm display images.
2. Operation of the LCD at temperature below the limit specified may cause image degradation and/or bubbles.

It may also change the characteristics of the liquid crystal.

This phenomenon may not recover. The LCD shall be operated within the temperature limits specified.

#### 12-4. Storage

1. The LCD shall be stored within normal temperature and humidity.  
Store in a dark area, and protected the LCD from direct sunlight or fluorescent light.
2. Always store the LCD so that it is free from external pressure onto it.

#### 12-5. Handling

1. DO not store in a high humidity environment for extended periods.  
Image degradation, bubbles, and/or peeling off of polarizer may result.
2. The front polarizer is easily scratched or damaged.  
Prevent touching it with any hard material, and from being pushed or rubbed.
3. The LCD screen may be cleaned with a soft cloth or cotton pad.  
Methanol, or Isopropyl Alcohol may be used, but insure that all solvent residue is removed.
4. Water may cause damage or discoloration of the polarizer.  
Clean any condensation or moisture from any source immediately.
5. Always keep the LCD free from condensation during testing.  
Condensation may permanently spot or stain the polarizers.
6. Do not disassemble LCD module because it will result in damage.
7. Please do not use solid-base image pattern for long hours because a temporary afterimage may appear. We recommend to use screen saver etc. in cases where a solid-base image pattern must be used.
8. Liquid crystal may leak when the module is broken. Be careful not to let the fluid go into your eyes and mouth. In the case the fluid touches your body, rinse it off right away with water and soap.

### 1 3. Reliability Data / Environmental Test

TEST ITEM	TEST CONDITION	TEST TIME	RESULT
High Temp. Atmosphere	80°C	240 h	Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Current Consumption : No defect
Low Temp. Atmosphere	-30°C	240 h	Low Temp. Bubble : None Solid Crystallization of Liquid Crystal : None Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Current Consumption : No defect
High Temp. Humidity Atmosphere	40°C 90 %RH	240 h	Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Peel-off of Organic Sealing : None Current Consumption : No defect
Temp. Cycle	-30°C 0.5 h R.T. 0.5 h 80°C 0.5 h	10 cycles	Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Peel-off of Organic Sealing : None Bubble on Cell : None
High Temp. Operation	70°C	500 h	Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Current Consumption : No defect

\* Each test item uses a test LCD only once. The tested LCD is not used in any other tests.

\* The LCD is tested in circumstances in which there is no condensation.

\* The reliability test is not an out-going inspection.

\* The results of the reliability test are for your reference purpose only.  
The reliability test is conducted only to examine the LCD's capability.

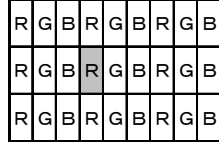
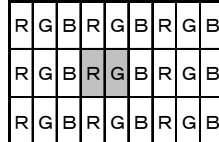
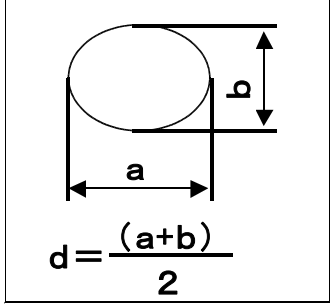
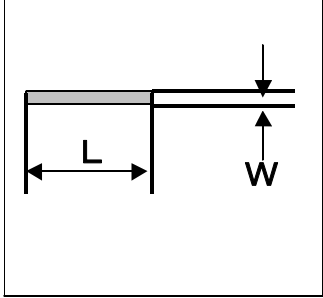


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# 1) Note

	Note	
General	<p>1. Should any defects which are not specified in this standard happen, additional standard shall be determined by mutual agreement between customer and Kyocera.</p> <p>2. Inspection Conditions</p> <p>Luminance : 500 Lux minimum</p> <p>Inspection distance : 300 mm (from the sample)</p> <p>Temperature : 25 ± 5 °C</p> <p>Direction : directly above</p>	
Definition of Inspection item	Dot defect	<p><b>Bright dot</b></p> <p>Defect constantly appears bright, even in display of all "Black" pixels. Count : Visible though 5% transparency of filter. No count : Not visible though 5% transparency of filter.</p>  <p>dot defect</p>
	Black dot	<p>Defect constantly appears black, even in "White" pixels, Size is based on bright dot.</p>
	Two dots join	<p>Dot join defect is defined as two or more dots which always display a matching brightness, even when each of them is set to different brightness value.</p>  <p>dot defect</p> <p>As the above shows, two dot join is defined as defects of two adjoining dots like 'R' and 'G'.</p>
	External inspection	<p>Bubble, Scratches, Foreign particle (Polarizer, Cell, Backlight)</p> <p>Visible operating (all pixels "Black" or "White") and non operating.</p>
	Others	<p>CFL lead wires</p> <p>Damaged CFL lead wires, functional failure, appearance failure.</p>
Definition of size	<p>Definition of circle size</p> 	<p>Definition of linear size</p> 

## 2) Standard

Classification	Inspection item		Judgement standard																	
Dot defect	Bright dot		Acceptable number : 4 bright dots Bright dot spacing : 5 mm or more																	
	Black dot		Acceptable number : 5 black dots Black dot spacing : 5 mm or more																	
	2 dots join	Bright dot	Acceptable number : 2																	
		Black dot	Acceptable number : 3																	
	3 or more dots join		Acceptable number : 0																	
	Total dot defects		Acceptable number : 5 Max																	
	White dot, Black dot (Circle)		<table><tr><th>Size (mm)</th><th>Acceptable Number</th></tr><tr><td>d&lt;0.2</td><td>(neglected)</td></tr><tr><td>0.2&lt;d≤0.4</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>0.4&lt;d≤0.5</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>0.5&lt;d</td><td>0</td></tr></table>			Size (mm)	Acceptable Number	d<0.2	(neglected)	0.2<d≤0.4	5	0.4<d≤0.5	3	0.5<d	0					
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0.2<d≤0.4	5																			
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External inspection	Polarizer (Scratches)	<table><tr><th>Width (mm)</th><th>Length (mm)</th><th>Acceptable Number</th></tr><tr><td>W≤0.1</td><td>—</td><td>(neglected)</td></tr><tr><td rowspan="2">0.1&lt;W≤0.3</td><td>L≤5.0</td><td>(neglected)</td></tr><tr><td>5.0&lt;L</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>0.3&lt;W</td><td>—</td><td>0</td></tr></table>			Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Acceptable Number	W≤0.1	—	(neglected)	0.1<W≤0.3	L≤5.0	(neglected)	5.0<L	0	0.3<W	—	0		
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		0.1<W≤0.3	L≤5.0	(neglected)																
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	0.3<W	—	0																	
	Polarizer (Bubble, Dent)	<table><tr><th>Size (mm)</th><th>Acceptable Number</th></tr><tr><td>d&lt;0.2</td><td>(neglected)</td></tr><tr><td>0.2&lt;d≤0.3</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>0.3&lt;d≤0.5</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>0.5&lt;d</td><td>0</td></tr></table>			Size (mm)	Acceptable Number	d<0.2	(neglected)	0.2<d≤0.3	5	0.3<d≤0.5	3	0.5<d	0						
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	Foreign Particle (Circular shape)	<table><tr><th>Size (mm)</th><th>Acceptable Number</th></tr><tr><td>d&lt;0.2</td><td>(neglected)</td></tr><tr><td>0.2&lt;d≤0.4</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>0.4&lt;d≤0.5</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>0.5&lt;d</td><td>0</td></tr></table>			Size (mm)	Acceptable Number	d<0.2	(neglected)	0.2<d≤0.4	5	0.4<d≤0.5	3	0.5<d	0						
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	Foreign Particle (Linear shape), Scratches	<table><tr><th>Width (mm)</th><th>Length (mm)</th><th>Acceptable Number</th></tr><tr><td>W≤0.03</td><td>—</td><td>(neglected)</td></tr><tr><td rowspan="3">0.03&lt;W≤0.1</td><td>L≤2.0</td><td>(neglected)</td></tr><tr><td>2.0&lt;L≤4.0</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>4.0&lt;L</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>0.1&lt;W</td><td>—</td><td>(According to Circular shape)</td></tr></table>			Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Acceptable Number	W≤0.03	—	(neglected)	0.03<W≤0.1	L≤2.0	(neglected)	2.0<L≤4.0	3	4.0<L	0	0.1<W	—	(According to Circular shape)
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0.03<W≤0.1		L≤2.0	(neglected)																	
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