SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

() Preliminary	Specification
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(●) Final Specification

Title	26.0" WXGA TFT LCD

BUYER	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LC260WXN
SUFFIX	SBA1(RoHS Verified)

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE					
Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with						
your signature and co	omments.					

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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description
0.1	Jul, 24, 2008	-	Preliminary Specification (First Draft)
1.0	Mar. 02, 2009	4, 6	Updated the Power Consumption of Logic.
		4, 19	Changed the LCM Weight (Typ. : 4300 →4100g)
		7	Updated the Electrical Characteristics for Inverter
		8	Updated the Interface Pin Configuration.(#10, #27, #28)
		13, 14	Updated the Power Sequence
		15	Updated the Color Coordinates.
		20	Updated the Mechanical Drawings.
		29~31	Updated the Packing Assy and Label.
		35	Updated the Circuit Block Diagram of OPC Enable Pin.
		36~37	Updated the LVDS Input Characteristics
		39	Updated the Mega DCR using condition
		-	Final Specification.

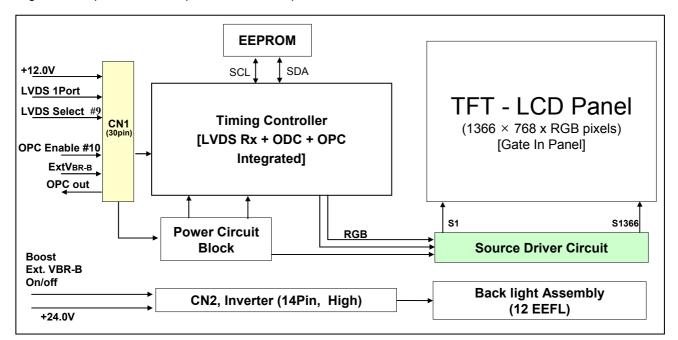
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1. General Description

The LC260WXN is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral External Electrode Fluorescent Lamp(EEFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive display type which is operating in the normally black mode. It has a 26.01 inch diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution (768 vertical by 1366 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in Horizontal stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus presenting a palette of more than 16.7M(true) colors.

It has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1-port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	26.01 inches(660.6mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	626 mm(H) x 373 mm(V) x 47.1 mm(D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	421.5 /m x 140.5 /m x RGB
Pixel Format	1366 horiz. by 768 vert. pixels RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	8bit, 16,7 M colors
Luminance, White	450 cd/m ² (Center 1 point) (Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 178(Min.), U/D 178(Min.))
Power Consumption	Total 78.36 Watt (Logic=3.36 W, Inverter= 75W @ [VBR-A=1.65V])
Weight	4,100g(Typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer (Haze 10%)

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

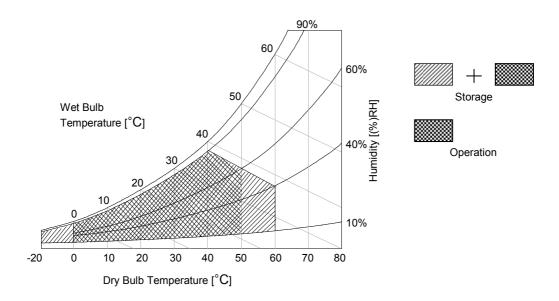
The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter		Symbol	Value		Unit	Remark
		Symbol	Symbol Min		Offic	Remark
Power Input	LCM	VLCD	-0.3	+14.0	VDC	at 25 ± 2 °C
Voltage	Backlight inverter	VBL	-0.3	+27.0	VDC	
ON/OFF Control Voltage		VON/OFF	-0.3	+5.5	VDC	
Brightness C	Brightness Control Voltage		0	+5.0	VDC	
Operating Te	Operating Temperature		0	+50	°C	
Storage Temperature		Тѕт	-20	+60	°C	Note 1,2
Operating Ambient Humidity		Нор	10	90	%RH	Note 1,2
Storage Humidity		Нѕт	10	90	%RH	

Notes: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be Max. 39 °C and no condensation of water.



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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit.

The other Is used for the EEFL backlight circuit.

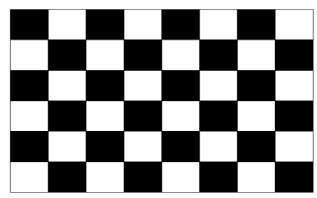
Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note		
rarameter	Oymboi	Min Typ Max			Offic	11010	
Circuit :	Circuit :						
Power Input Voltage	V _{LCD}	10.8	12.0	13.2	V _{DC}		
Power Input Current	I _{LCD}	-	280	364	mA	1	
Power Input Current		-	360	468	mA	2	
Power Consumption	P _{LCD}	-	3.36	4.37	Watt	1	
Rush current	I _{RUSH}	-	-	3.0	Α	3	

Notes : 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD} =12.0V, 25 \pm 2°C, f_V =60Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.

- 2. The current is specified at maximum current pattern (Vertical 2 line).
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min.).

White: 255 Gray Black: 0 Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

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Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continue)

Parameter		Cy make al		Values		l lmi4	Notes		
Falaniciei			Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes	
Inverter :									
Power Supply Input Voltage		VBL	22.8	24.0	25.2	Vdc	1		
Affan Anima		IBL A	-	3.12	3.62	Α	V _{BR-A} = 1.65V 1		
Power Supply	After Aging		IDL_A	-	3.30	3.80	Α	VBR-A = 3.3V 1	
Input Current	Poforo Agin	. ~	IBL B	-	3.20	3.70	Α	VBR-A = 1.65V 2	
	Before Agin	ıy	IDL_D	-	3.50	4.00	Α	VBR-A = 3.3V 2	
Power Supply Input Current (In-Rush)		Irush	-	-	6.12	А	VBL = 22.8V Ext VBR-B = 100% VBR-A = 1.65V		
Power Consumption	n		PBL	-	75	86.88	W	V _{BR-A} = 1.65V 1	
	Brightness Adjust		VBR-A	0.0	1.65	3.3	Vdc		
	On/Off	On	V on	2.5	-	5.0	Vdc		
		Off	V off	-0.3	0.0	0.8	Vdc		
Input Voltage for Control System	Brightness Adjust		ExtVBR-B	25	-	100	%	On Duty	
Signals	PWM Frequency for		PAL		100		Hz	5	
	NTSC & PA	L	NTSC		120		Hz	5	
	Pulse Duty Level(PWM)		High Level	2.5	-	5.0	Vdc	HIGH: Lamp on	
(Burst mode)		Low Level	0.0	-	0.8	Vdc	LOW:Lamp off		
Lamp:									
Discharge Stabiliz	zation Time		Ts			3	min	3	
Life Time			50,000			Hrs	4		

Notes:

- 1. Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 120 minutes at 25±2°C. The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage 24Vand VBR (VBR-A : 1.65V & ExtVBR-B : 100%), it is total power consumption.
- 2. Electrical characteristics are determined within 30 minutes at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The specified currents are under the typical supply Input voltage 24V.
- 3. The brightness of the lamp after lighted for 5minutes is defined as 100%. TS is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95% at typical current.
- The screen of LCD module may be partially dark by the time the brightness of lamp is stable after turn on.

 4. Specified Values are for a single lamp which is aligned horizontally.

 The life time is determined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current (VBR-A : 1.65V & ExtVBR-B :100%), on condition of continuous operating at 25± 2°C
- 5. LGD recommend that the PWM freq. is synchronized with Two times harmonic of Vsync signal of system.
- 6. The duration of rush current is about 10ms.

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3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, a 30-pin connector is used for the module electronics and One connectors are used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): KDF71G-30S-1H(Hirose) or FI-X30SSL-HF(JAE)
- Mating Connector : : FI-X30C2L (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent

Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Note
1	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
2	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
3	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
4	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
5	GND	Ground	
6	GND	Ground	
7	GND	Ground	
7	GND	Ground	
9	LVDS Select	'H' =JEIDA , 'L' or NC = VESA	Appendix IX
10	OPC_Enable	'H' = Enable , 'L' = Disable	Appendix V, VII
11	GND	Ground	
12	RA-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
13	RA+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
14	GND	Ground	
15	RB-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
16	RB+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
17	GND	Ground	
18	RC-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
19	RC+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
20	GND	Ground	
21	RCLK-	LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	
22	RCLK+	LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	
23	GND	Ground	
24	RD-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
25	RD+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
26	GND	Ground	
27	OPC Out	OPC output (From LCM)	
28	Ext VBR-B	External VBR (From System)	
29	Reserved	H : Interlace Free Mode , L : Normal Operation	
30	GND	Ground	

Notes: 1. All GND (Ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.

3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the **EIA 644** Standard.

2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.

- 4. Specific pins (Pin No. #10, #27~#28) are used for OPC function of the LCD module. If not used, these pins are no connection.
- 5. Specific pin No. **#30** is used for "No signal detection" of system signal interface. It should be GND for **NSB** (**No Signal Black**) during the system interface signal is not. If this pin is "H", LCD Module displays **AGP** (**Auto Generation Pattern**).

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3-2-2. Backlight Inverter

- Inverter Connector: 20022WR-14B1(Yeonho)

or Equivalent

- Mating Connector: 20022HS-14 or Equivalent

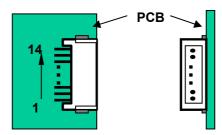
Table 5. INVERTER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGULATION

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Master	Note
1	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	
2	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	
3	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	
4	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	
5	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	
6	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	
7	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	
8	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	1
9	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	
10	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	
11	VBR-A	Analog Dimming	VBR-A	2
12	Von/off	Backlight ON/OFF control	On/Off	
13	Ext VBR-B	External PWM	EXTVBR-B	
14	Status	Lamp Status	Status	3

Notes: 1. GND should be connected to the LCD module's metal frame.

- 2. Minimum Brightness: 0.0V / Maximum Brightness: 3.3V / "OPEN": 1.65V
- 3. Normal : Low (under 0.7V) / Abnormal : High (upper 3.0V) Please see Appendix VI for more information.
- 4. Each impedance of pin #11, 12 and 13 is over 200[K Ω] , over 80[K Ω] and over 55[K Ω].

♦ Rear view of LCM



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3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timings should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table 6. TIMING TABLE for NTSC & PAL

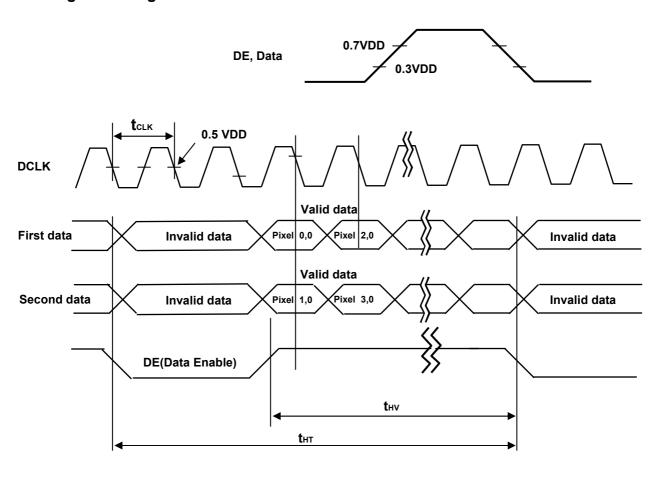
[DE (Data Enable) Only]

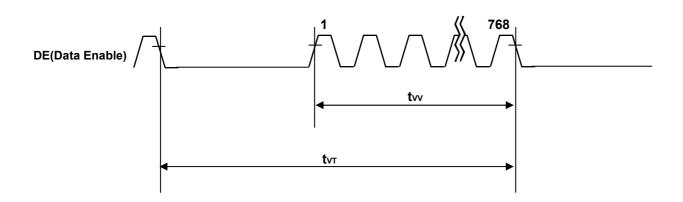
ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Period	tclk	12.5	13.8	15.8	ns	
DCLK	Frequency	-	63	72.4	80	MHz	
	Period	tнт	1456	1528	1920	tclk	
	Horizontal Valid	t⊢∨	1366	1366	1366	tclk	
	Horizontal Blank	-	thp-thv	162	thp-thv		
Hsync	Frequency	fн	45	47.4	50	KHz	
	Width	twн	-	32	-	tclk	
	Horizontal Back Porch	tHBP	24	48	-		
	Horizontal Front Porch	tHFP	40	80	-		
	Period	tvт	776 (894)	790 (948)	1063 (1008)	tHP	
	Vertical Valid	tvv	768	768	768	tHP	
	Vertical Blank	-	tvp-tvv	22	tvp-tvv	tHP	
Vsync	Frequency	fv	57 (47)	60 (50)	63 (53)	Hz	Note 1) NTSC : 57~63Hz
	Width	tw∨	-	5 (12)	-	tHP	(PAL : 47~53Hz)
	Vertical Back Porch	tvbp	5	15 (128)	-	Hz	
	Vertical Front Porch	tvfp	1	2 (40)	-	tHP	

Note:

- 1. The input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation (DE Only Mode). If you use spread spectrum of EMI, add some additional clock to minimum value for clock margin.
- 2. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate and the horizontal frequency
- 3. Timing should be set based on clock frequency.

3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms





3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (Red, Green, Blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 7 provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

													lnpι	ıt Co	olor	Data	а									
	Color			_		RE	D			_		_		GRE	EEN	l				_		BL	UE			
			MS							-	MS								MS							SB
	Ī					R4			R1 F	₹0				G4				G0						B2		В0
	Black		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Color	Red (255)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
, ,		Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED	RED (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (254)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000) I	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN										Î																
	GREEN (254)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (000) [Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE										Î																
	BLUE (254)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

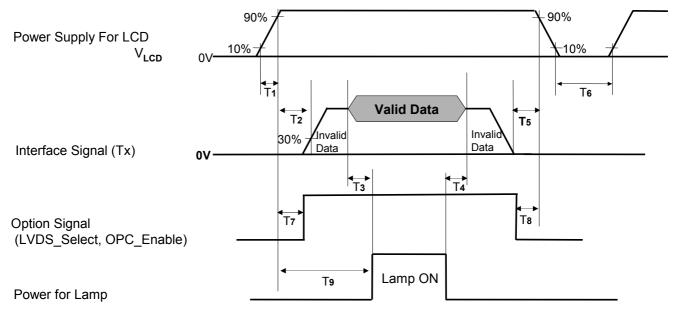


Table 9. POWER SEQUENCE

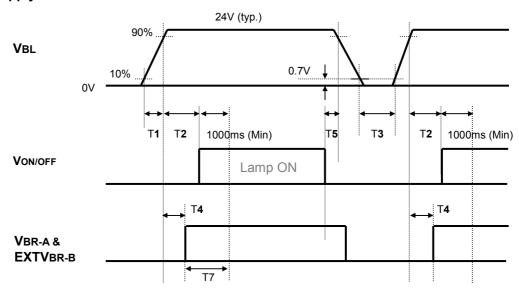
Devemeter		Value							
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes				
T1	0.5	-	20	ms					
T2	0.5	-	-	ms	4				
T3	200	-	-	ms	3				
T4	200	-	-	ms	3				
T5	0	-	-	ms					
T6	2.0	-	-	s	5				
Т7	0.5	-	T2	ms	4				
Т8	0	-	-	ms	4				
T9	T2 + T3	-	5	s					

Note: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply V_{LCD} to 0V.
- 3.The T3/T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
- 4. If the on time of signals (Interface signal and Option signals) precedes the on time of Power (V_{LCD}), it will be happened abnormal display.
- 5. T6 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.

3-6-2. Sequence for Inverter

Power Supply For Inverter



3-6-3. Dip condition for Inverter

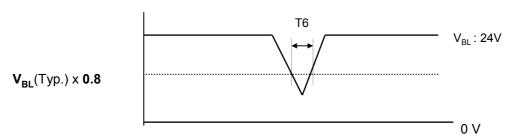


Table 10. Power Sequence for Inverter

Parameter		Values		Units	Remarks
Farameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Remarks
T1	20	-	-	ms	1
T2	500	-	-	ms	
Т3	200	-	-	ms	
T4	0		-	ms	2
T5	10	-	-	ms	
T6	-	-	10	ms	V _{BL} (Typ) x 0.8
T7	1000	-	-	ms	3

Notes: 1. T1 describes rising time of 0V to 24V and this parameter does not applied at restarting time.

- 2. T4(max) is less than T2.
- 3. In T7 section, EXTV_{BR-B} is recommended 100%.

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at 25 \pm 2°C. The values are specified at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °.

FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

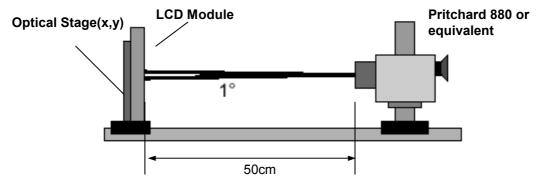


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 10. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parar	motor	Cumb	اما		Value		Unit	Note
Parar	neter	Symb	Ю	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Note
Contrast Ratio		CR			1000	-		1
Surface Luminano	ce, white	L _{WH}		360	450		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variat	ion	δ _{WHITE} 5P		-	-	1.3		3
Response Time	Gray-to-Gray	G to	G	-	8	12	ms	4
Response Time	Uniformity	δ_{GTO}	G	-	-	1		5
	DED	Rx	Rx		0.637			
	RED	Ry			0.333			
	ODEEN	Gx			0.290			
Color Coordinates [CIE1931]	GREEN	Gy Bx		Тур	0.607	Тур		
	DLUE			-0.03	0.145	+0.03		
	BLUE	Ву			0.061			
	VA/LUTE	Wx			0.279			
	WHITE	Wy			0.292			
Viewing Angle (C	R>10)							
x ax	is, right(φ=0°)	θr		89	-	-		
	is, left (φ=180°)	θΙ		89	-	-	domes	
y ax	y axis, up (φ=90°)			89	-	-	degree	6
y ax	is, down (φ=270°)	θd		89	-	-		
Gray Scale					-			7

Notes: 1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Surface Luminance at all white pixels

Surface Luminance at all black pixels

It is measured at center 1-point.

- 2. Surface luminance is determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 1Hour after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as : $\delta \, \text{WHITE(5P)} = \text{Maximum}(\text{L}_{\text{on1}}, \text{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \text{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \text{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \text{L}_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \text{Minimum}(\text{L}_{\text{on1}}, \text{L}_{\text{on2}}, \, \text{L}_{\text{on3}}, \, \text{L}_{\text{on4}}, \, \text{L}_{\text{on5}})$

Where L_{on1} to L_{on5} are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations . For more information, see the FIG. 2.

4. Response time is the time required for the display to transit from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3. (N<M)
 ※ G to G Spec stands for average value of all measured points.

Photo Detector: RD-80S / Field: 2°

- 5. Gray to Gray Response time uniformity is Reference data. Please see Appendix XI.
- 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.
- 7. Gray scale specification
 Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 11.

Table 11. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ.)
LO	0.10
L15	0.27
L31	1.04
L47	2.49
L63	4.68
L79	7.66
L95	11.5
L111	16.1
L127	21.6
L143	28.1
L159	35.4
L175	43.7
L191	53.0
L207	63.2
L223	74.5
L239	86.7
L255	100

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation.

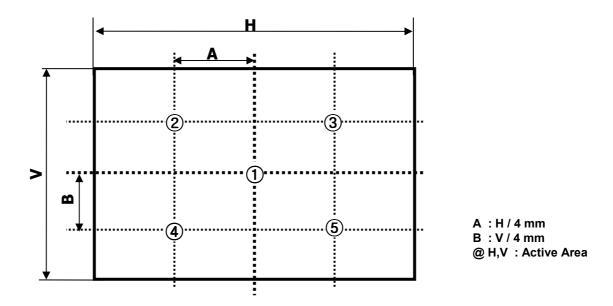


FIG. 2 5 Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

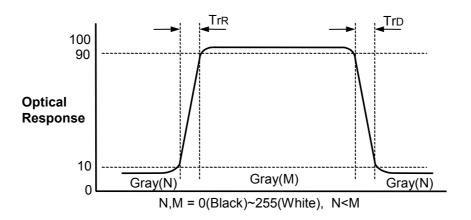


FIG. 3 Response Time

Dimension of viewing angle range

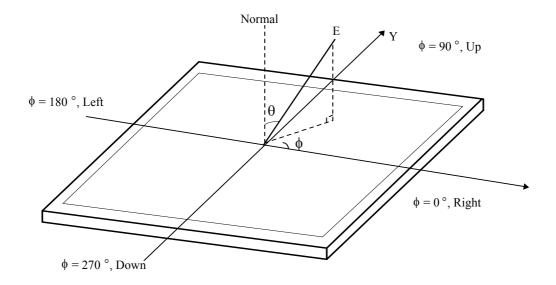


FIG. 4 Viewing Angle

5. Mechanical Characteristics

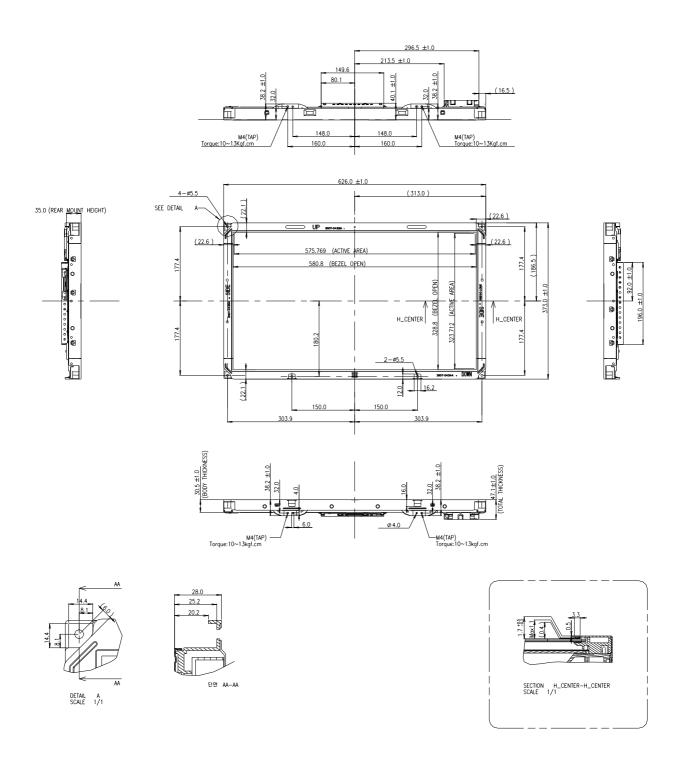
Table 12 provides general mechanical characteristics.

Table 12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item		Value			
	Horizontal	626.0mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	373.0 mm			
	Depth	47.1 mm			
Down Awar	Horizontal	580.8mm			
Bezel Area	Vertical	328.8mm			
Active Display Area	Horizontal	575.769mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	323.712mm			
Weight	4,100 g (Typ.), 4,300g (Max.)				

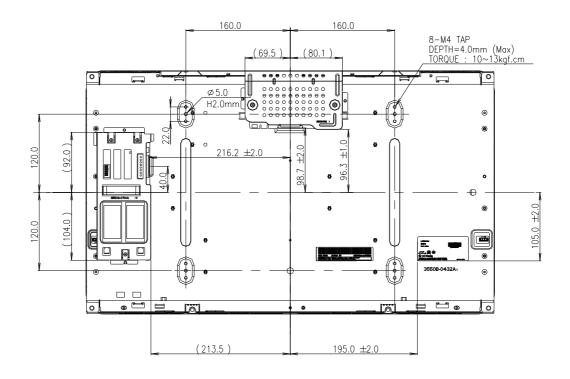
Note: 1.Please refer to a mechanical drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

<FRONT VIEW>

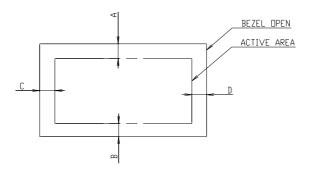


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<REAR VIEW>



NOTES 1.UNSPECIFIED TOLERANCES TO BE ± 0.5 MM 2.TILT AND PARTIAL DISPOSITION TOLERANCE OF DISPLAY AREA ARE AS FOLLOWING. (1) Y-DIRECTION: (A-B (\le 1.5 (2) X-DIRECTION: (C-D (\le 1.5



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6. Reliability

Table 13. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, axis Each direction per 10min
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : $100G$ Waveform : half sine wave, $2ms$ Direction : $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ One time each direction
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C ,90%RH
8	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 15,000 ft 0 - 40,000 ft

Note: Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.

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7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60065, 7th Edition, dated June 30, 2003, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60065:03, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.
- c) IEC60065:2001, 7th Edition CB-scheme and EN 60065:2002, Safety requirements for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus..

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) CISPR13 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
 CISPR22 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN55013 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"

 EN55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" European Committee for Electro Technical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1988(Including A1:2000)

8. Packing

8-1. Information of LCM Label

a) Lot Mark



D:YEAR

A,B,C: SIZE(INCH)

E: MONTH F ~ M: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 6 pcs

b) Box size: 750mm(W) X 504mm(D) X 458mm(H)

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9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1)You must mount a module using specified mounting holes (Details refer to the drawings).
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm 200 \text{mV}(\text{Over and under shoot voltage})$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)

 And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (10) Partial darkness may happen during 3~5 minutes when LCM is operated initially in condition that luminance is under 40% at low temperature (under 5°C). This phenomenon which disappears naturally after 3~5 minutes is not a problem about reliability but LCD characteristic.

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9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

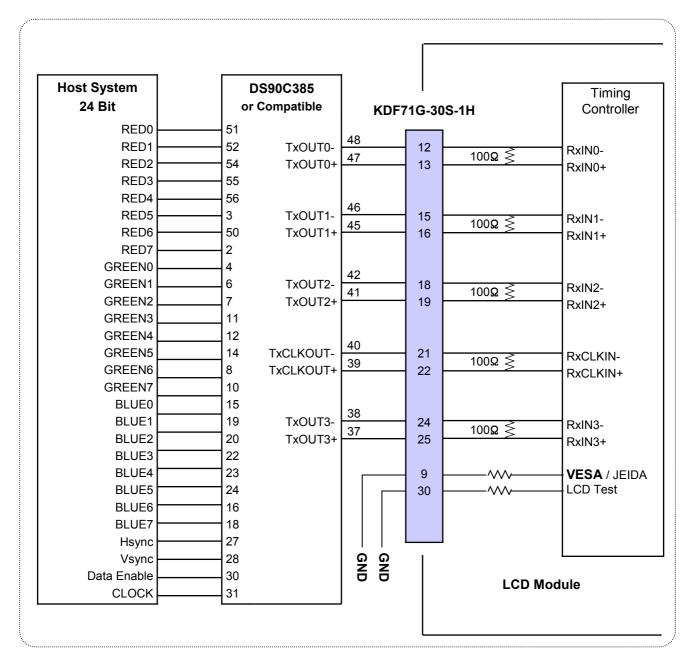
9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

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APPENDIX-I-1

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link Transmitter(Pin9="L" or NC)



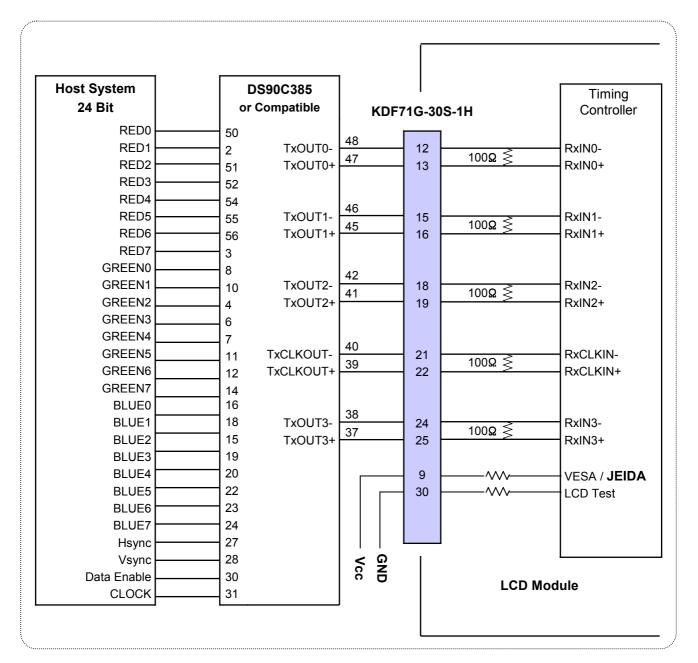
Notes:

- 1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm(Ω) resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
- 2. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions. (DS90C385 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

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APPENDIX-I-2

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link Transmitter(Pin9="H")



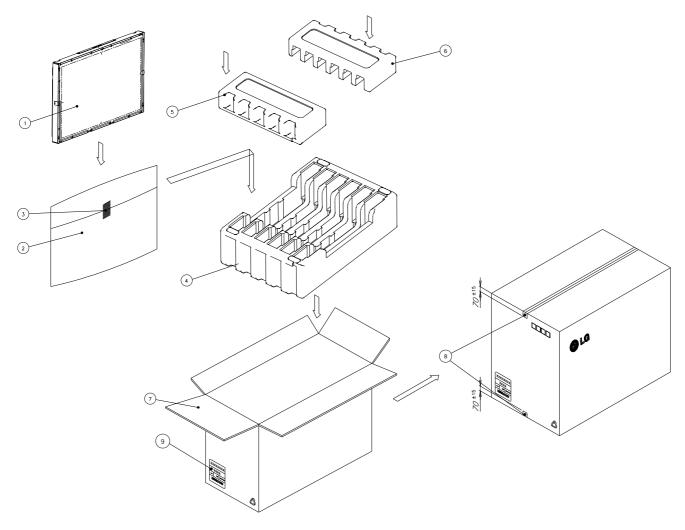
Notes:

- 1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm(Ω) resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
- 2. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions. (DS90C385 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

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APPENDIX- || -1

■ Packing Ass'y

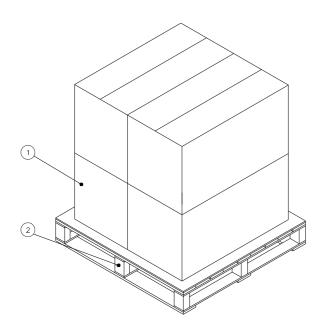


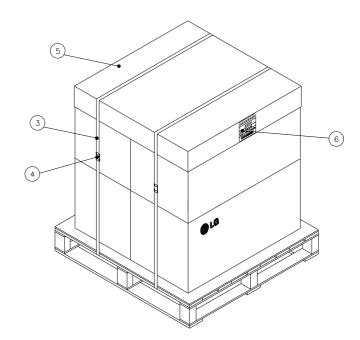
NO.	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1	LCD Module	
2	BAG	AL
3	TAPE	MASKING
4	Packing(B)	EPS
5/6	Packing(L/R)	EPS
7	вох	SWR4
8	TAPE	OPP

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APPENDIX- || -2

■ Pallet Ass'y



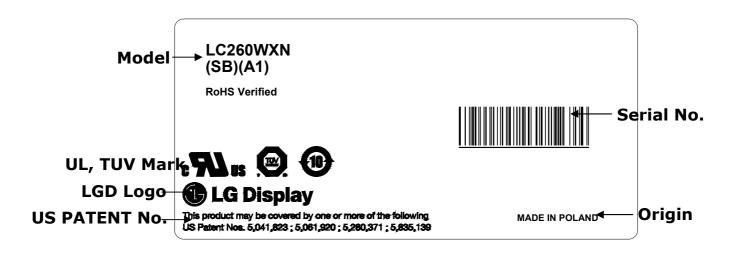


NO.	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1	PACKING ASS'Y	
2	PALLET	Plywood
3	Cover	PP
4	CLIP, BAND	STEEL
5	ANGLE, COVER	PAPER (DW3)
6	LABEL	PAPER

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APPENDIX- III

■ LCM Label



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APPENDIX- IV

■ Box Label

■ Pallet Label



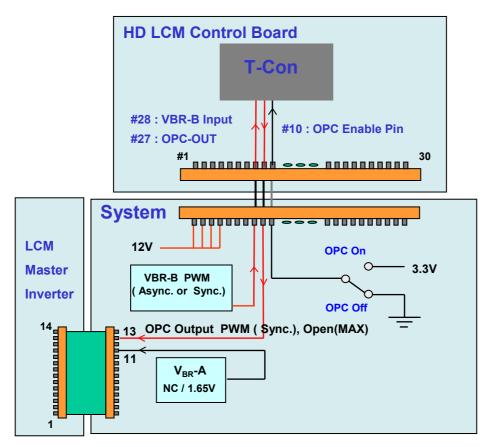


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APPENDIX- V

Inverter 13th Pin (EXTVBR-B) Design Guide

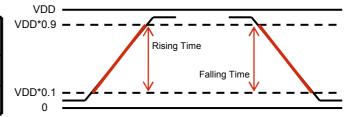
- When OPC Enable is "L", OPC Output = System Dimming.
 OPC Output (PWM Signal) is synchronized with V-Sync Freq. of System in T-Con Board.
- ♦ Regardless of OPC, System should always give dimming Signal (EXTVBR-B) to T-con.



♦ PWM Specification (VDD = 3.3V) @ OPC

PWM High Voltage Range : 2.5V~3.6V
 PWM Low Voltage Range : 0.0V~0.8V

Input Frequency	MAX 1Khz (Recommendation:50~300Hz)
Rising Time	MAX 10.0 μs
Falling Time	MAX 10.0 μs



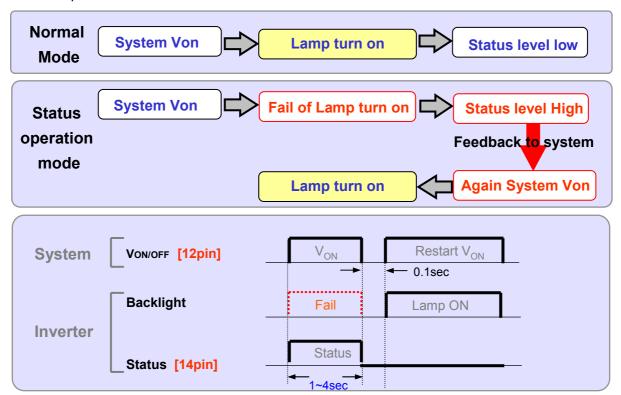
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APPENDIX- VI

Inverter 14th Pin (Status) Design Guide

- ☐ Function of Status pin
- Purpose : Preventing of backlight off by restarting the inverter technically
- How to: When inverter is abnormal operation, TV system inputs the Von signal in the inverter once more to turn on the lamp safely
- Attention : Restart system's Von signal when status signal is high for some time(min:1sec ,Max:4sec.)

 (The turn on time of lamp can be late such as the low temperature or the storage time)
- ☐ Status operation modes in TV set



□ Inverter pin map

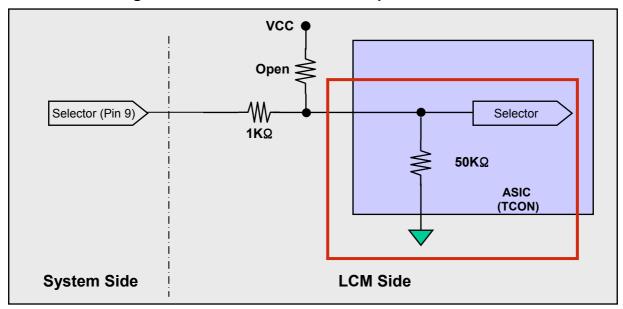
Pin No	Symbol	Description
11	DIM_SEL	Dimming Selection (H: Demo, L: Scanning)
12	VON/OFF	On/Off Conrol
13	ExtVBR-B	Burst Dimming Control (PWM)
14	Status	Normal : Low(Under 0.7V) Abnormal : High(Upper 3.0V)

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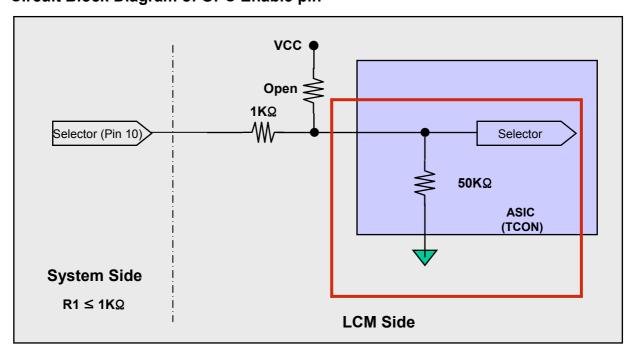
APPENDIX- VII

Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram

Circuit Block Diagram of LVDS Format Selection pin



Circuit Block Diagram of OPC Enable pin

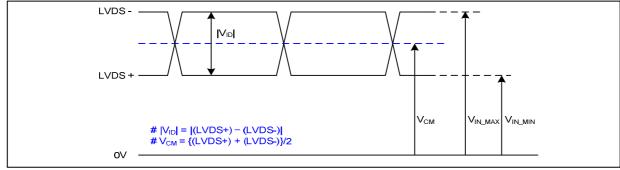


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APPENDIX- VIII

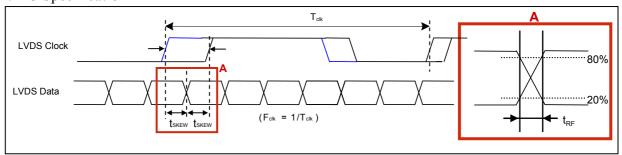
LVDS Input characteristics

1. DC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Single end Voltage	V _{ID}	200	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V _{CM}	1.0	1.5	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	0.7	1.8	V	-
Change in common mode Voltage	ΔV_{CM}		250	mV	-

2. AC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t _{SKEW}		(0.25*T _{clk})/7	ps	-
LVDS Clock/DATA Rising/Falling time	t _{RF}	260	(0.3*T _{clk})/7	ps	2
Effective time of LVDS	t _{eff}	±360		ps	-

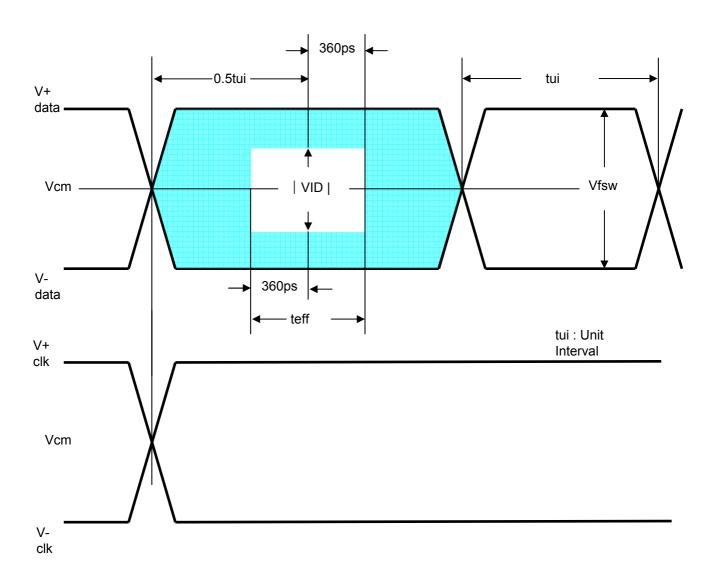
Notes: 1. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.

2. If \mathbf{t}_{RF} isn't enough, \mathbf{t}_{eff} should be meet the range.

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APPENDIX- VIII

LVDS Input characteristics

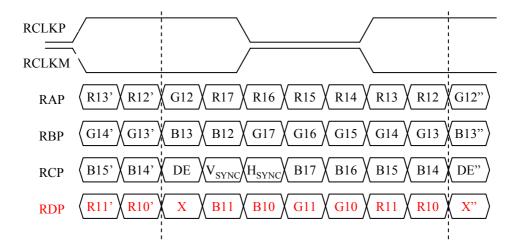


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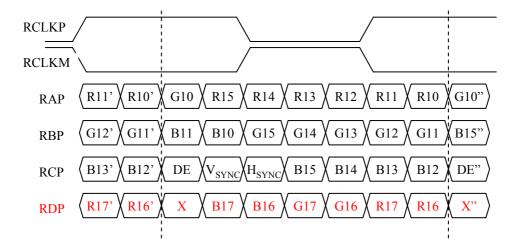
APPENDIX- IX

LVDS Data-Mapping info. (8bit)

■ LVDS Select: "H" Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



■ LVDS Select : "L" Data-Mapping (VESA format)



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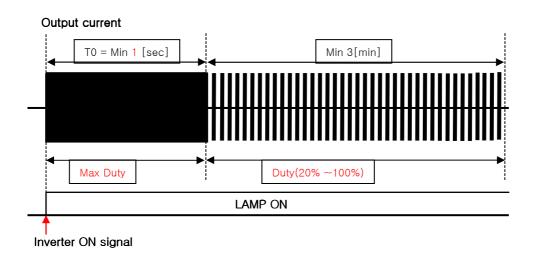
APPENDIX- X-1

Mega DCR using condition(1)

It is recommended not to sustain more than 10 min for Deep Dimming (Low Duty of the inverter output current 0%~20%). (About the input PWM duty see the table 3 on the page 7 (min duty)).

The deep dimming must be used very carefully due to limitation of lamp characteristics and specification.

1) For stable lamp on, its duty condition should follow below the condition. After Inverter ON signal, T0 duration should be sustained.

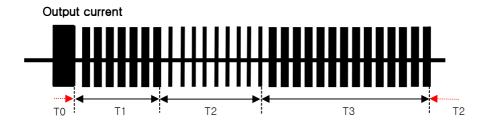


- 2) Low duty(0%~20%) of the inverter output current, B/L may not satisfy some of LCM specification.
- Duration : the low duty operation($0 \sim 20\%$) must be limited within 10 minutes for one time operation.
- Ratio: the period of the low duty operation must be less than 1/5 compare to that of the high duty operation(20~100%) in a certain period to prevent unwanted operation.
- FOS: partial darkness or darkness of center area during the low duty might be happened due to insufficient lamp current.
- Warm up : the low duty must be used 3 min after the lamps "ON". In case of low temperature, more warm up time may be needed.

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APPENDIX- X-2

Mega DCR using condition(2)



Parameter		Value		l lait	Note
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
T1	3	-	-	min	Output Current Duty [20%~Max duty]
T2	-	-	10	min	Output Current Duty [0~20%]
Т3	T2 x 5	-	-	min	Output Current Duty [20%~Max duty]

- 3) The output current duty may not be same as input PWM duty due to rise/fall time of output.
- 4) Following the recommended conditions as aforementioned, there is no difference of lamp lifetime between conventional method and new one.

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APPENDIX- XI

Gray to Gray Response Time Uniformity

This is only the reference data of G to G and uniformity for LC260WXN-SBA1 model.

1. G to G Response Time:

Response time is defined as Figure 3 and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray (N)" and "Gray(M)".(32Gray Step at 8bit)

2. G to G Uniformity

The variation of G to G Uniformity , δ G to G is defined as :

G to G Uniformity =
$$\frac{Maximum(GtoG) - Typical(GtoG)}{Typical(GtoG)} \le 1$$

*Maximum (GtoG) means maximum value of measured time (N, M = 0 (Black) ~ 255(White), 32 gray step).

	0Gray	32Gray	64Gray	•••	223Gray	255Gray
0Gray		TrR:0G→32G	TrR:0G→64G		TrR:0G→223G	TrR:0G→255G
32Gray	TrD:32G→0G		TrR:32G→64G		TrR:32G→223G	TrR:32G→255G
64Gray	TrD:64G→0G	TrD:64G→32G			TrR:64G→223G	TrR:64G→255G
223Gray	TrD:223G→0G	TrD:223G→32G	TrD:223G→64G			TrR:223G→255G
255Gray	TrD:255G→0G	TrD:255G→32G	TrD:255G→64G		TrD:255G→223G	

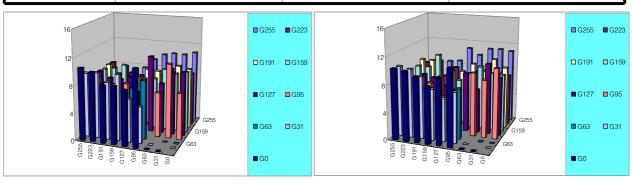
3. Sampling Size: 2 pcs

4. Measurement Method: Follow the same rule as optical characteristics measurement.

5. Current Status

Below table is actual data of production on 11. 27, 2008 (LGD RV Event Sample)

	G to G Respo	Uniformity	
Min.		Max.	Uniformity
# 1	5.16	11.19	0.35
# 2	5.44	11.25	0.32



<#1> <#2>

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