

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

() Preliminary Specification

(●) Final Specification

| | |
|-------|--------------------|
| Title | 32.0" WXGA TFT LCD |
|-------|--------------------|

| | |
|-------|--|
| BUYER | |
| MODEL | |

| | |
|----------|----------------------|
| SUPPLIER | LG Display Co., Ltd. |
| *MODEL | LC320WXN |
| SUFFIX | SBA1(RoHS Verified) |

*When you obtain standard approval,
please use the above model name without suffix

| APPROVED BY | SIGNATURE DATE |
|--|-------------------|
| / | |
| / | |
| / | |
| Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments. | |

| APPROVED BY | SIGNATURE DATE |
|---|-------------------|
| S.S. Kim / Team Leader | |
| REVIEWED BY S.J. PARK / Sub Leader | |
| PREPARED BY Y.J. KIM / Engineer | |
| TV Product Development Dept. LG Display Co., Ltd | |

Product Specification

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Product Specification

RECORD OF REVISIONS

[illegible]

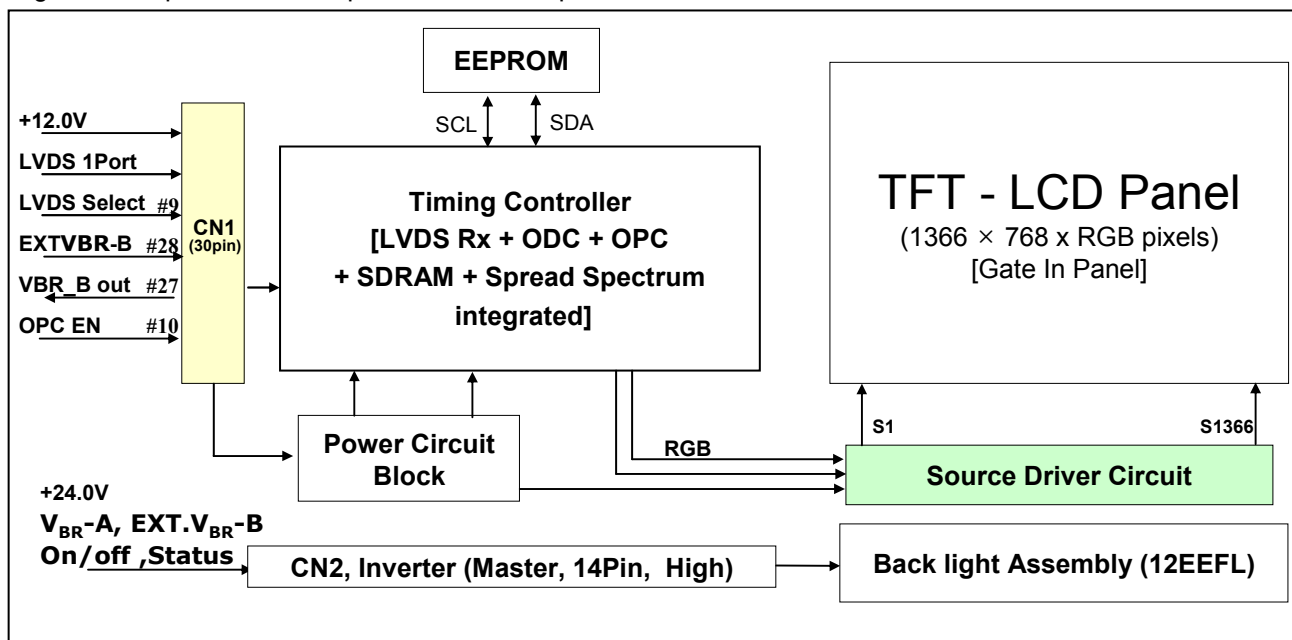
Product Specification

1. General Description

The LC320WXN is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral External Electrode Fluorescent Lamp(EEFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 31.51 inch diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution (768 vertical by 1366 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in Horizontal stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus presenting a palette of more than 16.7M(true) colors.

It has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1-port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



General Features

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Active Screen Size | 31.51 inches(800.4mm) diagonal |
| Outline Dimension | 760.0 mm(H) x 450.0 mm(V) x 48.0 mm(D) (Typ.) |
| Pixel Pitch | 510.75 μ m x 170.25 μ m x RGB |
| Pixel Format | 1366 horiz. by 768 vert. pixels RGB stripe arrangement |
| Color Depth | 8bit, 16,7 M colors |
| Luminance, White | 500 cd/m ² (Center 1 point) (Typ.) |
| Viewing Angle (CR>10) | Viewing angle free (R/L 178(Typ.), U/D 178(Typ.)) |
| Power Consumption | Total 87.7Watt (Typ.) (Logic=3.7 W, Inverter= 84W [VBR-A=1.65V]) |
| Weight | 5,700g(Typ.) |
| Display Operating Mode | Transmissive mode, normally black |
| Surface Treatment | Hard coating(3H), anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer (Haze 10%) |

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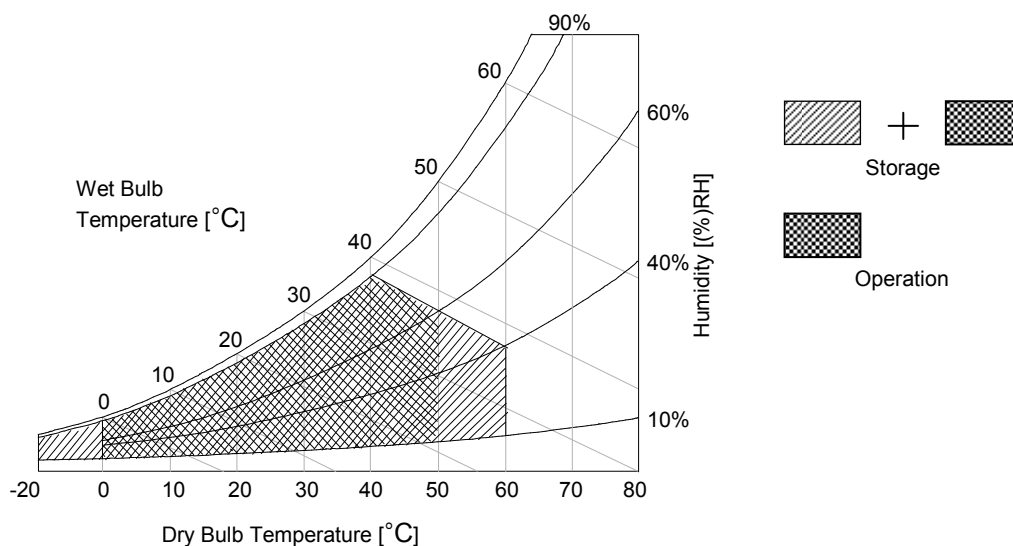
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Parameter | | Symbol | Value | | Unit | Remark |
|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|-----------------|--------------|
| | | | Min | Max | | |
| Power Input Voltage | LCM | V _{LCD} | -0.3 | +14.0 | V _{DC} | at 25 ± 2 °C |
| | Backlight inverter | V _{BL} | -0.3 | +27.0 | V _{DC} | |
| ON/OFF Control Voltage | | V _{ON/OFF} | -0.3 | +5.5 | V _{DC} | |
| Brightness Control Voltage | | V _{BR} | 0 | +5.0 | V _{DC} | |
| Operating Temperature | | T _{OP} | 0 | +50 | °C | Note 1,2 |
| Storage Temperature | | T _{ST} | -20 | +60 | °C | |
| Operating Ambient Humidity | | H _{OP} | 10 | 90 | %RH | |
| Storage Humidity | | H _{ST} | 10 | 90 | %RH | |

Notes : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.
 Wet bulb temperature should be Max 39 °C and no condensation of water.
 2. Gravity mura can be guaranteed below 40 °C condition.



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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit.

The other is used for the EEFL backlight and inverter circuit.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

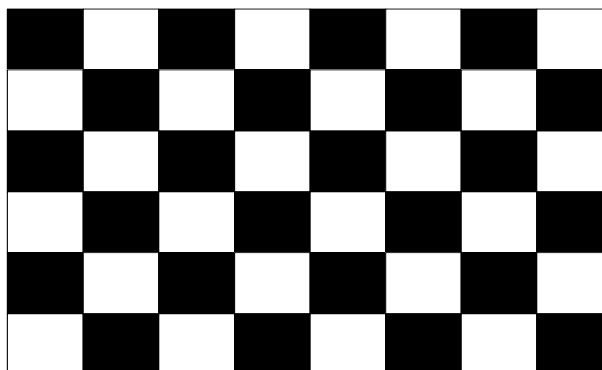
| Parameter | Symbol | Value | | | Unit | Note |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------|------|------|-----------------|------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| Circuit : | | | | | | |
| Power Input Voltage | V _{LCD} | 10.8 | 12.0 | 13.2 | V _{DC} | |
| Power Input Current | I _{LCD} | - | 311 | 404 | mA | 1 |
| | | - | 400 | 520 | mA | 2 |
| Power Consumption | P _{LCD} | - | 3.73 | 4.85 | Watt | 1 |
| Rush current | I _{RUSH} | - | - | 3.0 | A | 3 |

Notes : 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the $V_{LCD}=12.0V$, $25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$, $f_v=60Hz$ condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_v is the frame frequency.

2. The current is specified at maximum current pattern.

3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min.).

White : 255 Gray
Black : 0 Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

Product Specification

Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Parameter | | | Symbol | Values | | | Unit | Notes |
|--|------------------------------------|-------|------------------------|--------|------|------|---------------------------------|--|
| | | | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| Inverter : | | | | | | | | |
| Power Supply Input Voltage | | | VBL | 22.8 | 24.0 | 25.2 | Vdc | 1 |
| Power Supply Input Voltage Ripple | | | | - | - | 0.5 | Vp-p | 1 |
| Power Supply Input Current | After Aging | IBL_A | - | 3.5 | 3.85 | A | V _{BR-A} = 1.65V ... 1 | |
| | | | - | 3.6 | 4 | A | V _{BR-A} = 3.3V ... 1 | |
| | Before Aging | IBL_B | - | 4.0 | 4.5 | A | V _{BR-A} = 1.65V ... 2 | |
| | | | - | 4.5 | 5.0 | A | V _{BR-A} = 3.3V ... 2 | |
| Power Supply Input Current (In-Rush) | | | Irush | - | - | 6.3 | A | VBL = 22.8V Ext VBR-B = 100% V _{BR-A} = 1.65V |
| Power Consumption | | | PBL | - | 84 | 92.4 | W | V _{BR-A} = 1.65V ... 1 |
| Input Voltage for Control System Signals | Brightness Adjust | | V _{BR-A} | 0.0 | 1.65 | 3.3 | Vdc | |
| | On/Off | On | V on | 2.5 | - | 5.0 | Vdc | |
| | | Off | V off | -0.3 | 0.0 | 0.8 | Vdc | |
| | Brightness Adjust | | Ext. V _{BR-B} | 30 | - | 100 | % | On Duty |
| | PWM Frequency for NTSC & PAL | | NTSC | | 120 | | Hz | 5 |
| | | | PAL | | 100 | | Hz | |
| | Pulse Duty Level(PWM) (Burst mode) | | High Level | 2.5 | - | 5.0 | Vdc | HIGH: Lamp on LOW:Lamp off |
| | | | Low Level | 0.0 | - | 0.8 | Vdc | |
| Lamp: | | | | | | | | |
| Discharge Stabilization Time | | | Ts | | | 3 | min | 3 |
| Life Time | | | | 50,000 | | | Hrs | 4 |

Notes :

- Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 120 minutes at $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$. The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage 24V and V_{BR} ($V_{BR-A} : 1.65V$ & $ExtV_{BR-B} : 100\%$), it is total power consumption.
The ripple voltage of the power supply input voltage is under 0.5 Vp-p. LGD recommend Input Voltage is $24.0V \pm 5\%$.
- Electrical characteristics are determined within 30 minutes at $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$.
The specified currents are under the typical supply Input voltage 24V.
- The brightness of the lamp after lighted for 5minutes is defined as 100%.
TS is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95% at typical current.
The screen of LCD module may be partially dark by the time the brightness of lamp is stable after turn on.
- Specified Values are for a single lamp which is aligned horizontally.
The life time is determined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current ($V_{BR-A} : 1.65V$ & $ExtV_{BR-B} : 100\%$), on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$
- LGD recommend that the PWM freq. is synchronized with Two times harmonic of Vsync signal of system.
- The duration of rush current is about 10ms.

Product Specification

3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, a 30-pin connector is used for the module electronics and One connectors(14-pin) are used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1) : FI-X30SSL-HF (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent
- Mating Connector : FI-X30C2L (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent

Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

| Pin No. | Symbol | Description | Note |
|---------|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | VLCD | Power Supply +12.0V | |
| 2 | VLCD | Power Supply +12.0V | |
| 3 | VLCD | Power Supply +12.0V | |
| 4 | VLCD | Power Supply +12.0V | |
| 5 | GND | Ground | |
| 6 | GND | Ground | |
| 7 | GND | Ground | |
| 8 | GND | Ground | |
| 9 | LVDS Select | 'H' = JEIDA , 'L' or NC = VESA | Appendix VII |
| 10 | OPC_Enable | 'H' = Enable , 'L' = Disable | Appendix V, VII |
| 11 | GND | Ground | |
| 12 | RA- | LVDS Receiver Signal(-) | |
| 13 | RA+ | LVDS Receiver Signal(+) | |
| 14 | GND | Ground | |
| 15 | RB- | LVDS Receiver Signal(-) | |
| 16 | RB+ | LVDS Receiver Signal(+) | |
| 17 | GND | Ground | |
| 18 | RC- | LVDS Receiver Signal(-) | |
| 19 | RC+ | LVDS Receiver Signal(+) | |
| 20 | GND | Ground | |
| 21 | RCLK- | LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-) | |
| 22 | RCLK+ | LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+) | |
| 23 | GND | Ground | |
| 24 | RD- | LVDS Receiver Signal(-) | |
| 25 | RD+ | LVDS Receiver Signal(+) | |
| 26 | GND | Ground | |
| 27 | OPC OUT | OPC output (From LCM) | Appendix V |
| 28 | Ext VBR-B | External VBR (From System) | Appendix V |
| 29 | GND | Ground | |
| 30 | GND | Ground | |

- Notes :
1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.
 2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
 3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard. (Please see the Appendix VIII)
 4. Specific pins(pin No. #10, #27~#28) are used for OPC function of the LCD module.
If not used, these pins are no connection. (Please see the Appendix IX for more information.)
 5. Specific pin No. #30 is used for "No signal detection" of system signal interface.
It should be GND for NSB(No Signal Black) during the system interface signal is not.
If this pin is "H", LCD Module displays AGP(Auto Generation Pattern).

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3-2-2. Backlight Inverter

Master

- Inverter Connector : 20022WR-14B1
(manufactured by Yeon-Ho) or Equivalent
- Mating Connector : 20022HS-14 or Equivalent

Table 5. INVERTER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION

| Pin No | Symbol | Description | Master | Note |
|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|------|
| 1 | VBL | Power Supply +24.0V | VBL | |
| 2 | VBL | Power Supply +24.0V | VBL | |
| 3 | VBL | Power Supply +24.0V | VBL | |
| 4 | VBL | Power Supply +24.0V | VBL | |
| 5 | VBL | Power Supply +24.0V | VBL | |
| 6 | GND | Backlight Ground | GND | 1 |
| 7 | GND | Backlight Ground | GND | |
| 8 | GND | Backlight Ground | GND | |
| 9 | GND | Backlight Ground | GND | |
| 10 | GND | Backlight Ground | GND | |
| 11 | VBR-A | Analog Dimming | VBR-A | 2 |
| 12 | VON/OFF | Backlight ON/OFF control | VON/OFF | 3 |
| 13 | EXTVBR-B | External PWM | EXTVBR-B | 4 |
| 14 | Status | Lamp Status | Status | 5 |

Notes : 1. GND should be connected to the LCD module's metal frame.

2. Minimum Brightness : 0.0V / Maximum Brightness : 3.3V / "OPEN" : 1.65V

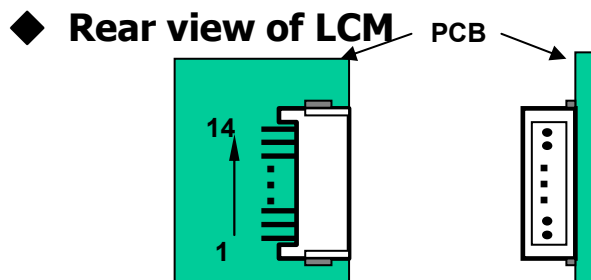
3. ON : 2.5 ~ 5.0V / OFF : 0.0 ~ 0.8V . Open or 'H' for B/L On is default status.

4. High : Lamp ON/ Low : Lamp OFF, Pin#13 can be opened. (if Pin #13 is open , EXTVBR-B is 100%)
Please see Appendix V for more information.

5. Normal : Low (under 0.7V) / Abnormal : High (upper 3.0V)

Please see Appendix VI for more information.

6. Each impedance of pin #11, 12 and 13 is **174[KΩ]** , **110[KΩ]** and **130[KΩ]**.



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3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6-1 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

[DE (Data Enable) Only]

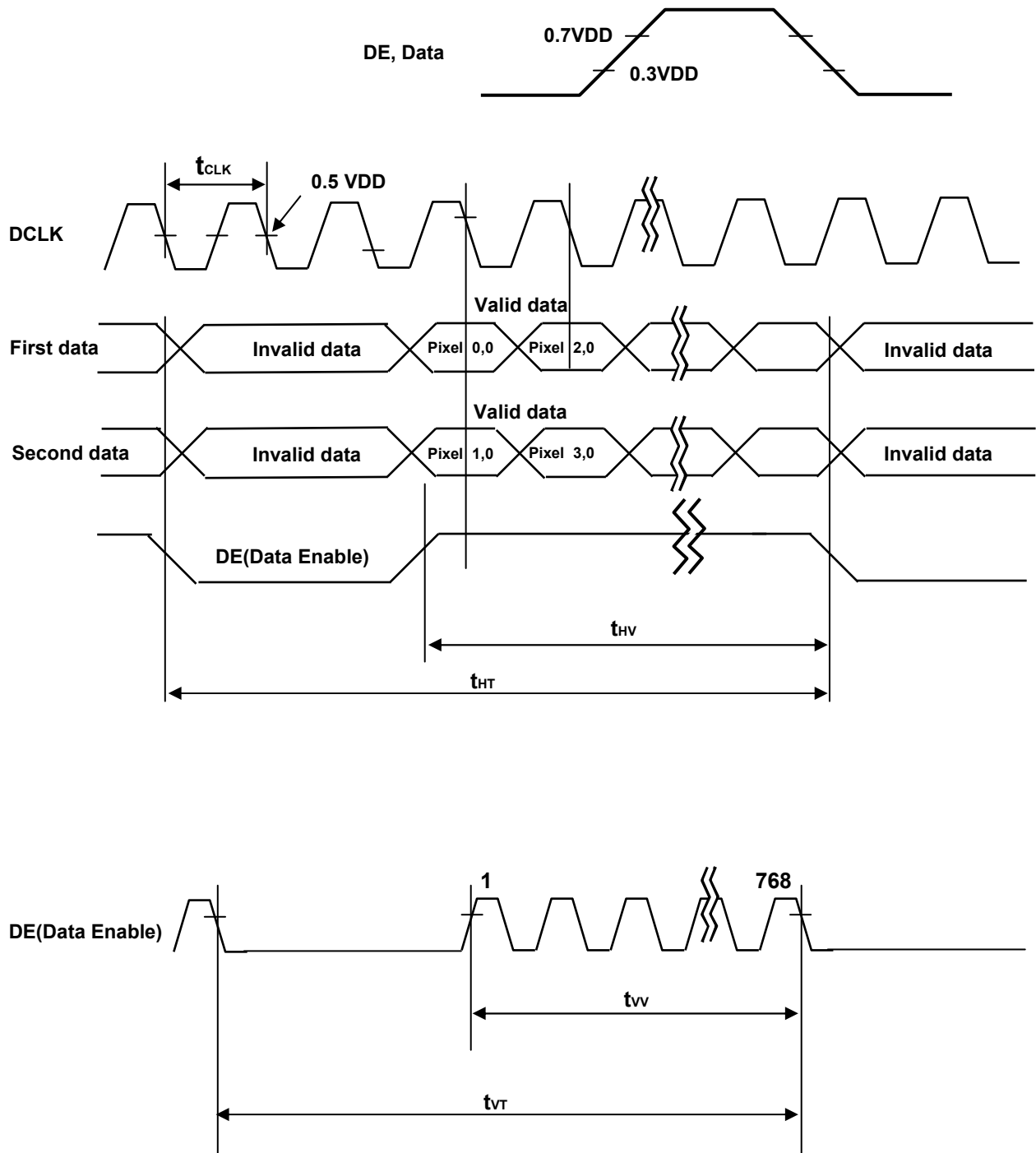
| ITEM | Symbol | | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Note |
|-------|------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|----------------|------|--|
| DCLK | Period | tCLK | 12.5 | 13.8 | 15.8 | ns | |
| | Frequency | - | 63 | 72.4 | 80 | MHz | |
| Hsync | Period | tHT | 1456 | 1528 | 1920 | tCLK | |
| | Horizontal Valid | tHV | 1366 | 1366 | 1366 | tCLK | |
| | Horizontal Blank | - | tHP- tHV | 162 | tHP- tHV | | |
| | Frequency | fH | 45 | 47.4 | 50 | KHz | |
| | Width | tWH | - | 32 | - | tCLK | |
| | Horizontal Back Porch | tHBP | 24 | 50 | - | | |
| | Horizontal Front Porch | tHFP | 40 | 80 | - | | |
| Vsync | Period | tVT | 776 (894) | 790 (948) | 1063 (1008) | tHP | Note 1) NTSC : 57~63Hz (PAL : 47~53Hz) |
| | Vertical Valid | tVV | 768 | 768 | 768 | tHP | |
| | Vertical Blank | - | tVP- tVV | 22 | tVP- tVV | tHP | |
| | Frequency | fV | 57 (47) | 60 (50) | 63 (53) | Hz | |
| | Width | tWV | - | 5 (12) | - | tHP | |
| | Vertical Back Porch | tVBP | 5 | 15 (128) | - | Hz | |
| | Vertical Front Porch | tVFP | 1 | 2 (40) | - | tHP | |

Note :

1. The input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation(DE Only Mode).
If you use spread spectrum of EMI, add some additional clock to minimum value for clock margin.
2. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate and the horizontal frequency
3. Timing should be set based on clock frequency.

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3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms



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3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 7 provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

| Color | | Input Color Data | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------|------------------|----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|-------|----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|------|----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|
| | | RED | | | | | | | | GREEN | | | | | | | | BLUE | | | | | | | |
| | | MSB | | | | LSB | | | | MSB | | | | LSB | | | | MSB | | | | LSB | | | |
| | | R7 | R6 | R5 | R4 | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 | G7 | G6 | G5 | G4 | G3 | G2 | G1 | G0 | B7 | B6 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 |
| Basic Color | Black | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Red (255) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Green (255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Blue (255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Cyan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Magenta | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Yellow | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | White | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| RED | RED (000) Dark | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED (001) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ... | ... | | | | | | | | ... | | | | | | | | ... | | | | | | | |
| | RED (254) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED (255) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GREEN | GREEN (000) Dark | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN (001) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ... | ... | | | | | | | | ... | | | | | | | | ... | | | | | | | |
| | GREEN (254) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN (255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BLUE | BLUE (000) Dark | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | BLUE (001) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| | ... | ... | | | | | | | | ... | | | | | | | | ... | | | | | | | |
| | BLUE (254) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | BLUE (255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

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3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

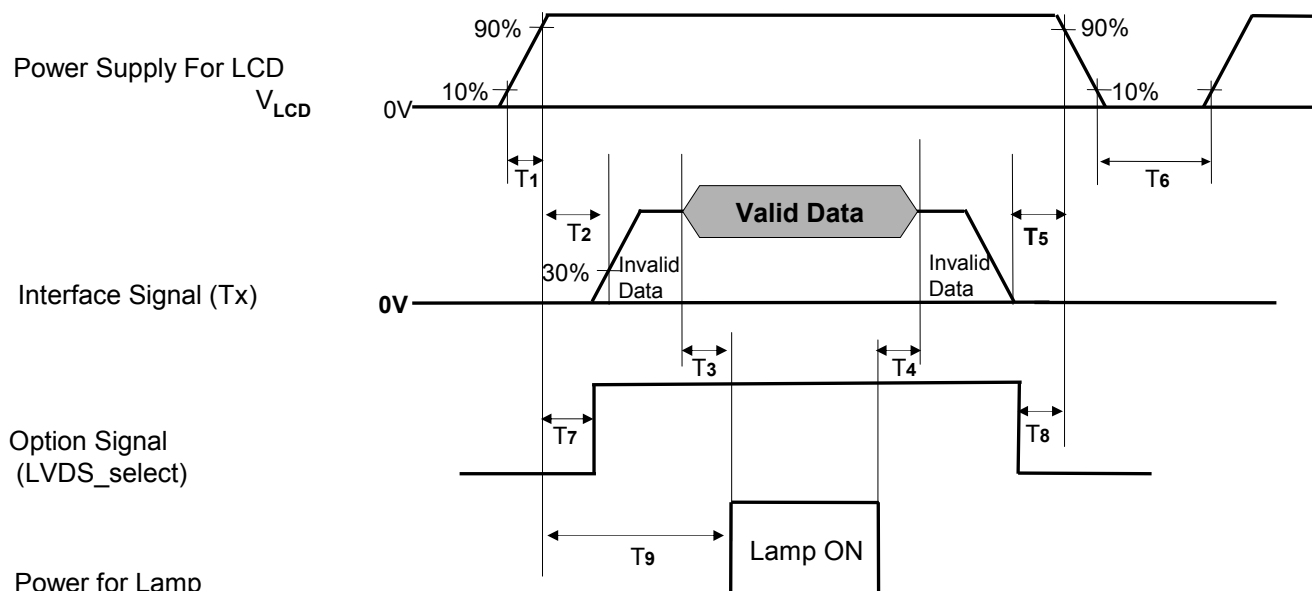


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE

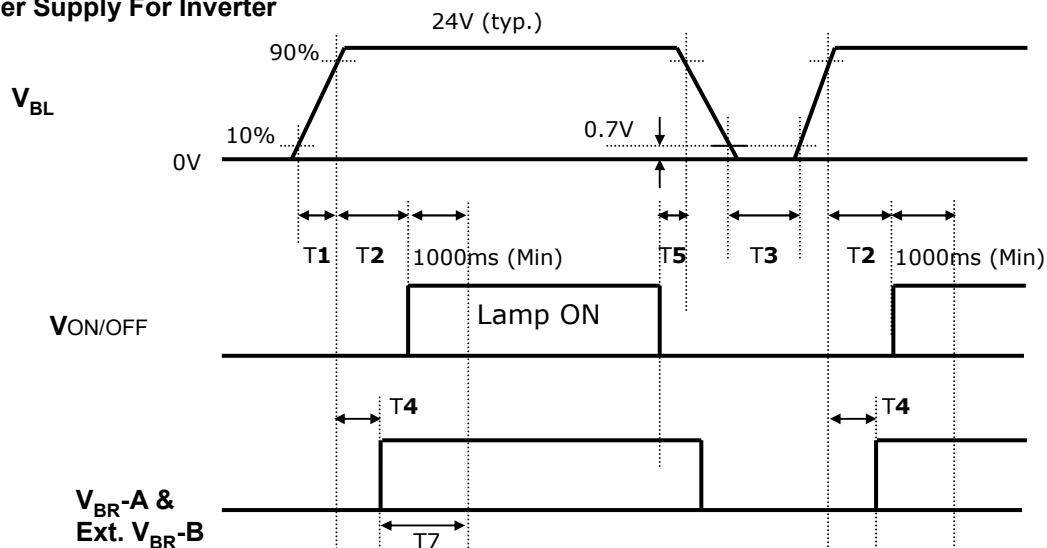
| Parameter | Value | | | Unit | Notes |
|-----------|---------|-----|-----|------|-------|
| | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| T1 | 0.5 | - | 20 | ms | |
| T2 | 0.5 | - | - | ms | 4 |
| T3 | 200 | - | - | ms | 3 |
| T4 | 200 | - | - | ms | 3 |
| T5 | 0 | - | - | ms | |
| T6 | 2.0 | - | - | s | 5 |
| T7 | 0.5 | - | T2 | ms | 4 |
| T8 | 0 | - | - | ms | 4 |
| T9 | T2 + T3 | - | 5 | s | |

- Note :
1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply V_{LCD} to 0V.
 3. The T3/T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
 4. If the on time of signals (Interface signal and Option signals) precedes the on time of Power (V_{LCD}), it will be happened abnormal display.
 5. T6 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.

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3-6-2. On/Off for Inverter

Power Supply For Inverter



3-6-3. Deep condition for Inverter

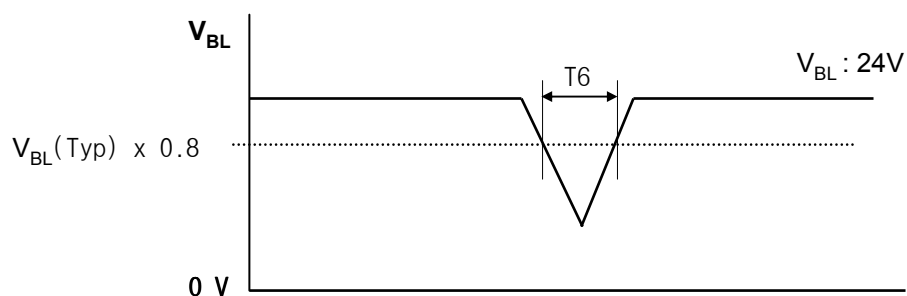


Table 9. Power Sequence for Inverter

| Parameter | Values | | | Units | Remarks |
|-----------|--------|-----|-----|-------|--------------------------|
| | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| T1 | 20 | - | - | ms | 1 |
| T2 | 500 | - | - | ms | |
| T3 | 200 | - | - | ms | 2 |
| T4 | 0 | - | - | ms | |
| T5 | 10 | - | - | ms | |
| T6 | - | - | 10 | ms | $V_{BL}(Typ) \times 0.8$ |
| T7 | 1000 | - | - | ms | 3 |

Notes : 1. T1 describes rising time of 0V to 24V and this parameter does not applied at restarting time.

2. T4(max) is less than T2.

3. In T7 section, $EXTV_{BR-B}$ is recommended 100%.

Product Specification

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and for 60 minutes in a dark environment at $25\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$. The values are specified at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of ϕ and θ equal to 0° .

FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

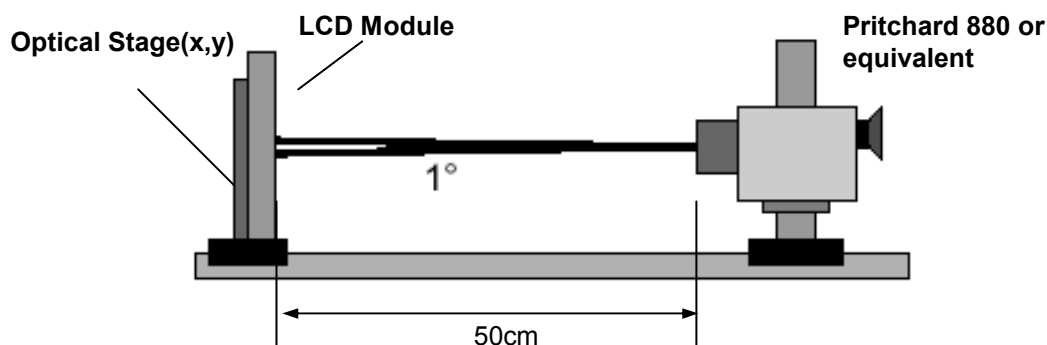


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 10. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_a = 25\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{\text{LCD}} = 12.0\text{V}$, $f_v = 60\text{Hz}$, $D_{\text{clk}} = 72.4\text{MHz}$, $V_{\text{BR-A}} = 1.65\text{V}$, Ext. $V_{\text{BR-B}} = 100\%$

| Parameter | | Symbol | | Value | | | Unit | Note |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----|--------------|-------|--------------|-------------------|------|
| | | | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| Contrast Ratio | | CR | | 800 | 1200 | - | | 1 |
| Surface Luminance, white | | L _{WH} | | 400 | 500 | | cd/m ² | 2 |
| Luminance Variation | | δ _{WHITE} | 5P | - | - | 1.3 | | 3 |
| Response Time | Gray-to-Gray | G to G | | - | 8 | 12 | ms | 4 |
| | Uniformity | δ _{G TO G} | | - | - | 1 | | 5 |
| Color Coordinates [CIE1931] | RED | Rx | | Typ -0.03 | 0.639 | Typ +0.03 | | |
| | | Ry | | | 0.333 | | | |
| | GREEN | Gx | | | 0.292 | | | |
| | | Gy | | | 0.604 | | | |
| | BLUE | Bx | | | 0.145 | | | |
| | | By | | | 0.064 | | | |
| | WHITE | Wx | | | 0.279 | | | |
| | | Wy | | | 0.292 | | | |
| Viewing Angle (CR>10) | | | | | | | | |
| | x axis, right(φ=0°) | θr | | 89 | - | - | degree | 6 |
| | x axis, left (φ=180°) | θl | | 89 | - | - | | |
| | y axis, up (φ=90°) | θu | | 89 | - | - | | |
| | y axis, down (φ=270°) | θd | | 89 | - | - | | |
| Gray Scale | | | | | 2.2 | | | 7 |

Product Specification

Notes :1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :

$$CR = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance at all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance at all black pixels}}$$

It is measured at center 1-point.

2. Surface luminance are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 60min after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.

3. The variation in surface luminance, δ WHITE is defined as :

$$\delta \text{ WHITE}(5P) = \text{Maximum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}) / \text{Minimum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5})$$

Where L_{on1} to L_{on5} are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations .

For more information, see the FIG. 2.

4. Response time is the time required for the display to transit from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3. ($N < M$)

※ G to G Spec stands for average value of all measured points.

Photo Detector : RD-80S / Field : 2°

5. Gray to Gray Response time uniformity is Reference data. Please see Appendix XI.

6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.

7. Gray scale specification

Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 11.

Table 11. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

| Gray Level | Luminance [%] (Typ.) |
|------------|----------------------|
| L0 | 0.08 |
| L15 | 0.32 |
| L31 | 1.10 |
| L47 | 2.60 |
| L63 | 4.90 |
| L79 | 8.10 |
| L95 | 12.1 |
| L111 | 16.7 |
| L127 | 21.6 |
| L143 | 28.0 |
| L159 | 35.4 |
| L175 | 43.9 |
| L191 | 53.3 |
| L207 | 64.1 |
| L223 | 75.8 |
| L239 | 88.0 |
| L255 | 100 |

Product Specification

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation.

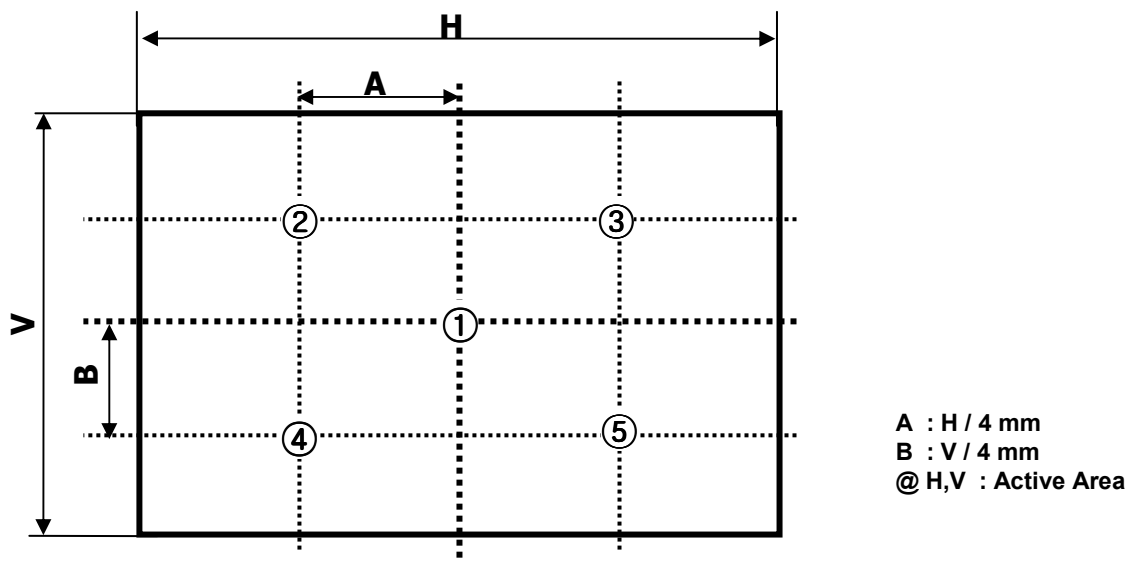


FIG. 2 5 Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

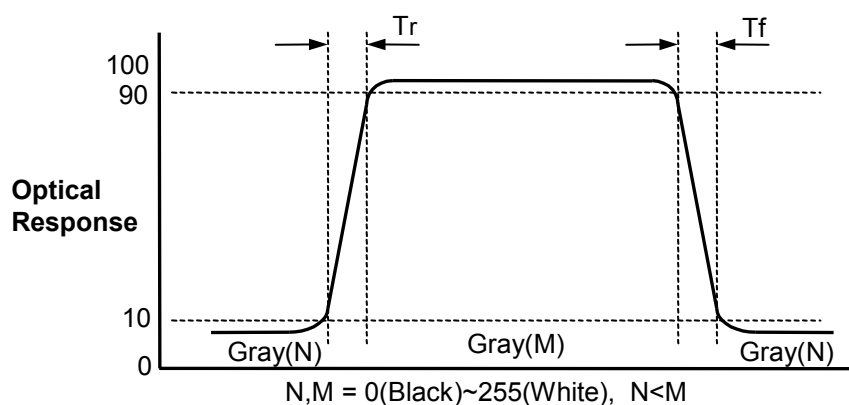


FIG. 3 Response Time

Product Specification

Dimension of viewing angle range

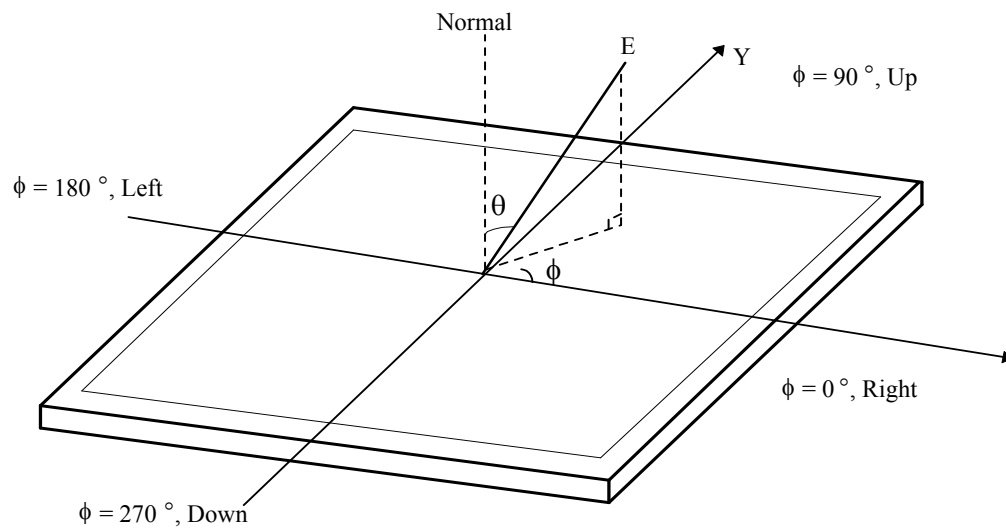


FIG. 4 Viewing Angle

Product Specification

5. Mechanical Characteristics

Table 12 provides general mechanical characteristics.

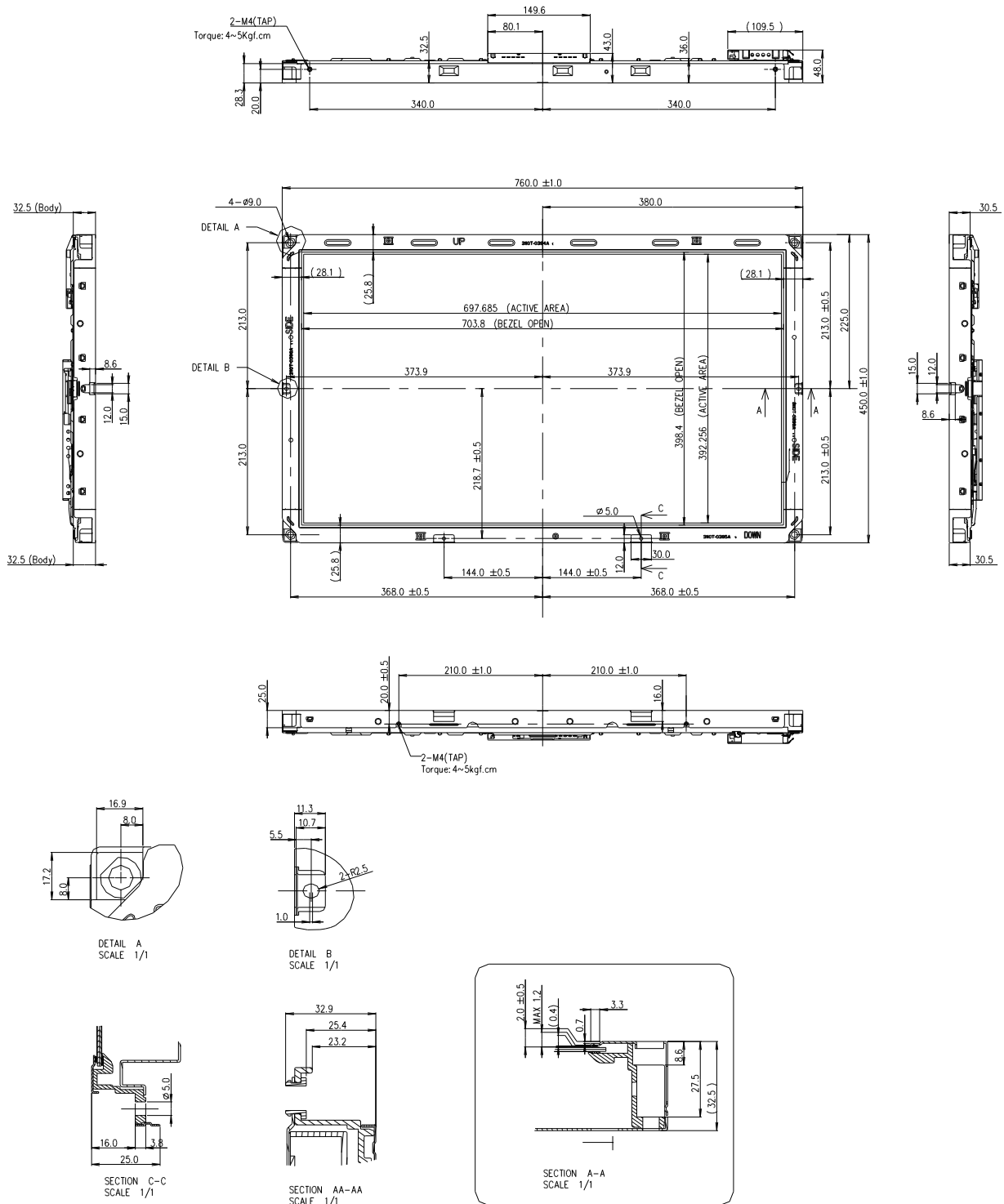
Table 12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Item | Value | |
|---------------------|----------------------------|-----------|
| Outline Dimension | Horizontal | 760.0mm |
| | Vertical | 450.0 mm |
| | Depth | 48.0 mm |
| Bezel Area | Horizontal | 703.8mm |
| | Vertical | 398.4mm |
| Active Display Area | Horizontal | 697.685mm |
| | Vertical | 392.256mm |
| Weight | 5,700 g(Typ.), 6,000g(Max) | |

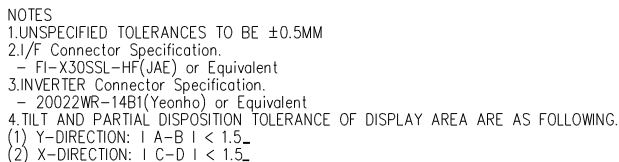
Note : 1.Please refer to a mechanical drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

Product Specification

<FRONT VIEW>



<REAR VIEW>



Product Specification

6. Reliability**Table 13. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION**

| No. | Test Item | Condition |
|-----|--|--|
| 1 | High temperature storage test | Ta= 60°C 240h |
| 2 | Low temperature storage test | Ta= -20°C 240h |
| 3 | High temperature operation test | Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h |
| 4 | Low temperature operation test | Ta= 0°C 240h |
| 5 | Vibration test (non-operating) | Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z Each direction per 10 min. |
| 6 | Shock test (non-operating) | Shock level : 100G Waveform : half sine wave, 2ms Direction : $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ One time each direction |
| 7 | Humidity condition Operation | Ta= 40 °C ,90%RH |
| 8 | Altitude operating storage / shipment | 0 - 15,000 ft 0 - 40,000 ft |

Note : Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.

Product Specification

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60065, 7th Edition, dated June 30, 2003, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60065:03, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.
- c) IEC60065:2001, 7th Edition CB-scheme and EN 60065:2002, Safety requirements for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus..

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) CISPR13 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
CISPR22 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN55013 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
EN55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" European Committee for Electro Technical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1988(Including A1:2000)

Product Specification

8. Packing**8-1. Information of LCM Label**

a) Lot Mark

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | M |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)
E : MONTH

D : YEAR
F ~ M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Year | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Mark | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 0 |

2. MONTH

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Month | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
| Mark | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B | C |

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module.
This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) LCM quantity in one pallet : 24 pcs

b) Pallet Size : 1030mm X 870mm X 1210mm

Product Specification

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using specified mounting holes (Details refer to the drawings).
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :
 $V = \pm 200\text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)
And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw.
(if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (10) It is recommended to avoid the signal cable and conductive material over the inverter transformer for it can cause the abnormal display and temperature rising.
- (11) Partial darkness may happen during 3~5 minutes when LCM is operated initially in condition that luminance is under 40% at low temperature (under 5°C). This phenomenon which disappears naturally after 3~5 minutes is not a problem about reliability but LCD characteristic.

Product Specification

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

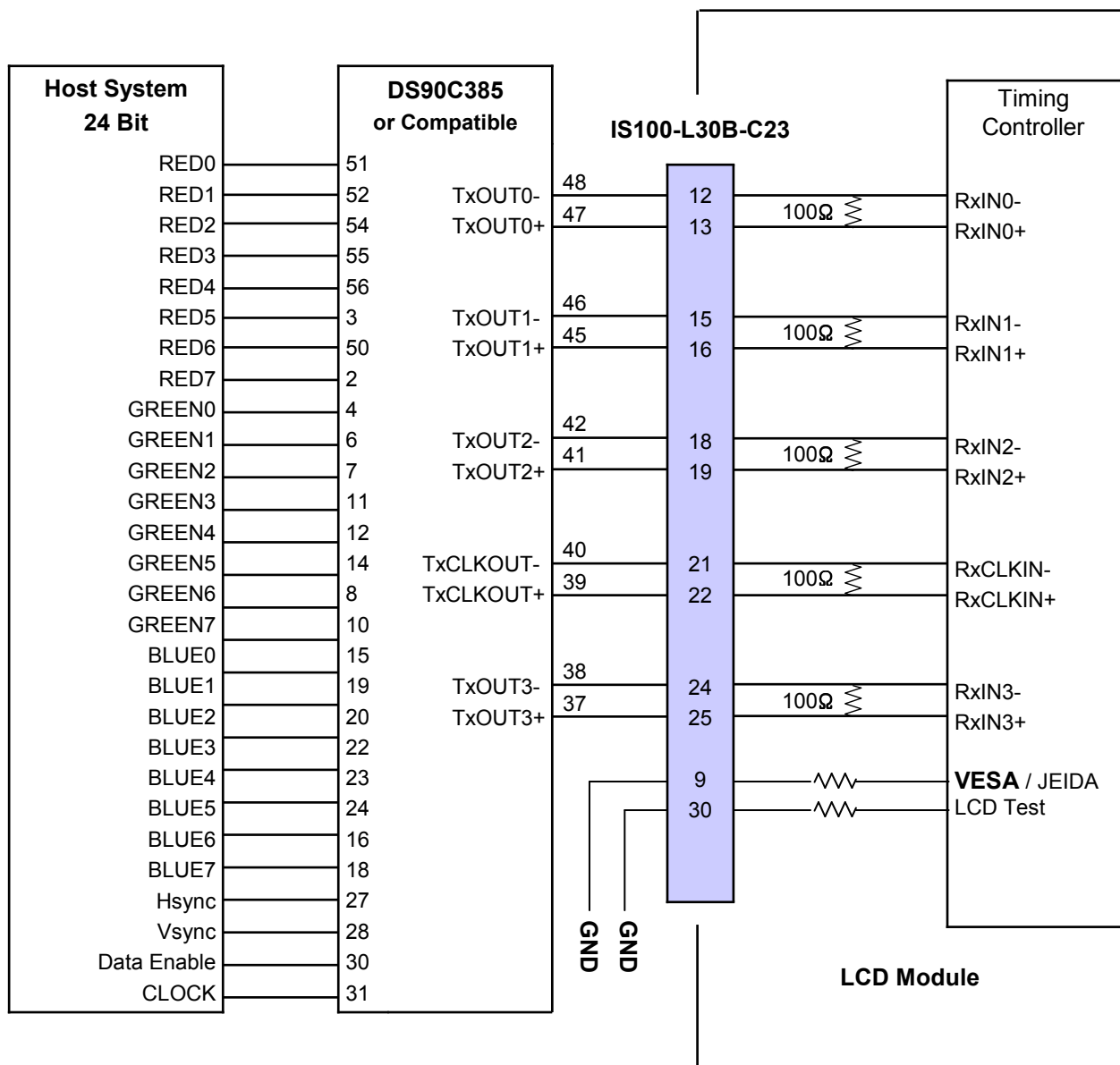
9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape.
When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer.
This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

Product Specification

APPENDIX-I-1

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link Transmitter(Pin9="L" or NC")



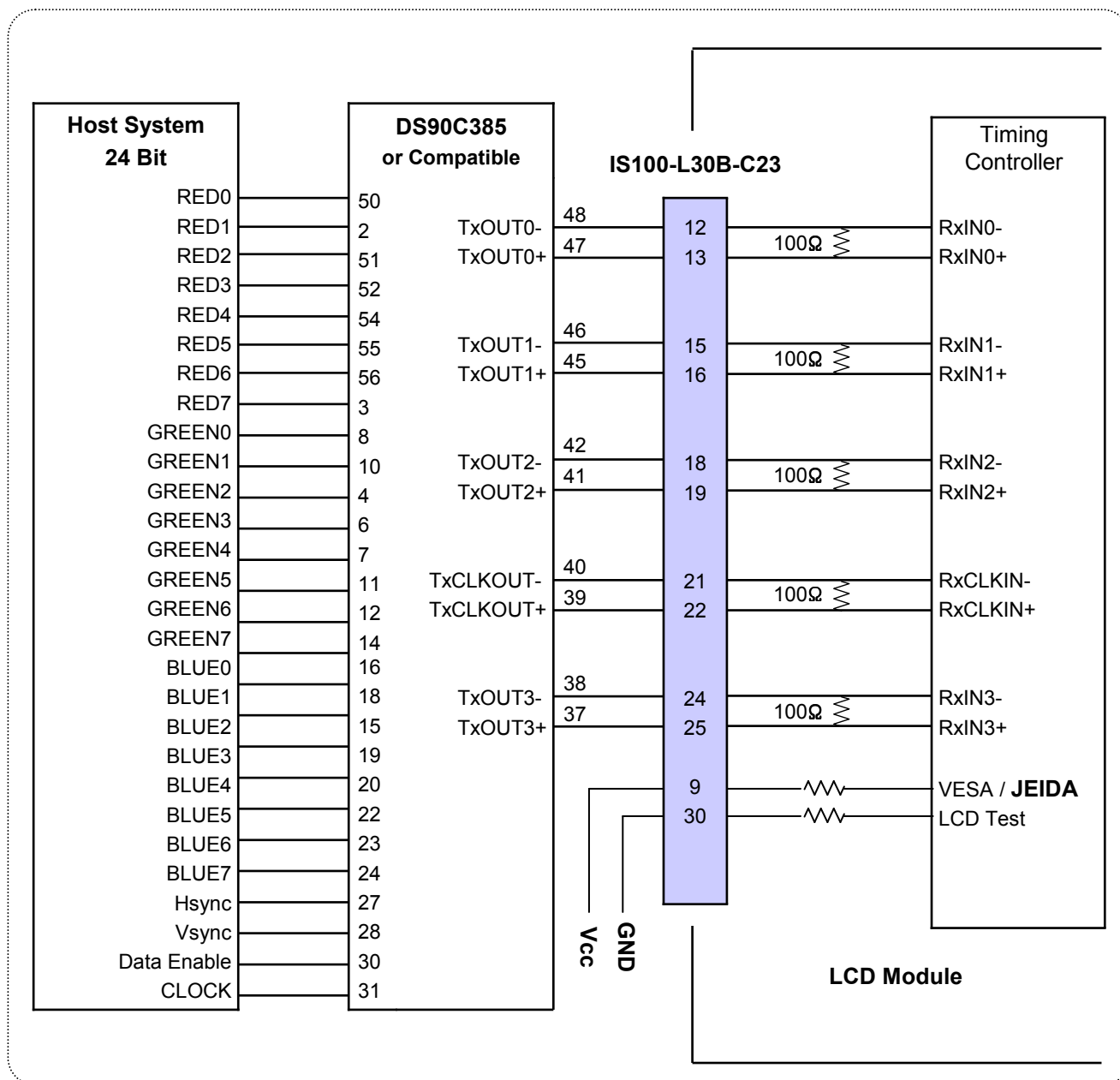
Notes:

1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm(Ω) resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
2. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions. (DS90C385 or Compatible)
3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

Product Specification

APPENDIX-I-2

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link Transmitter(Pin9="H")



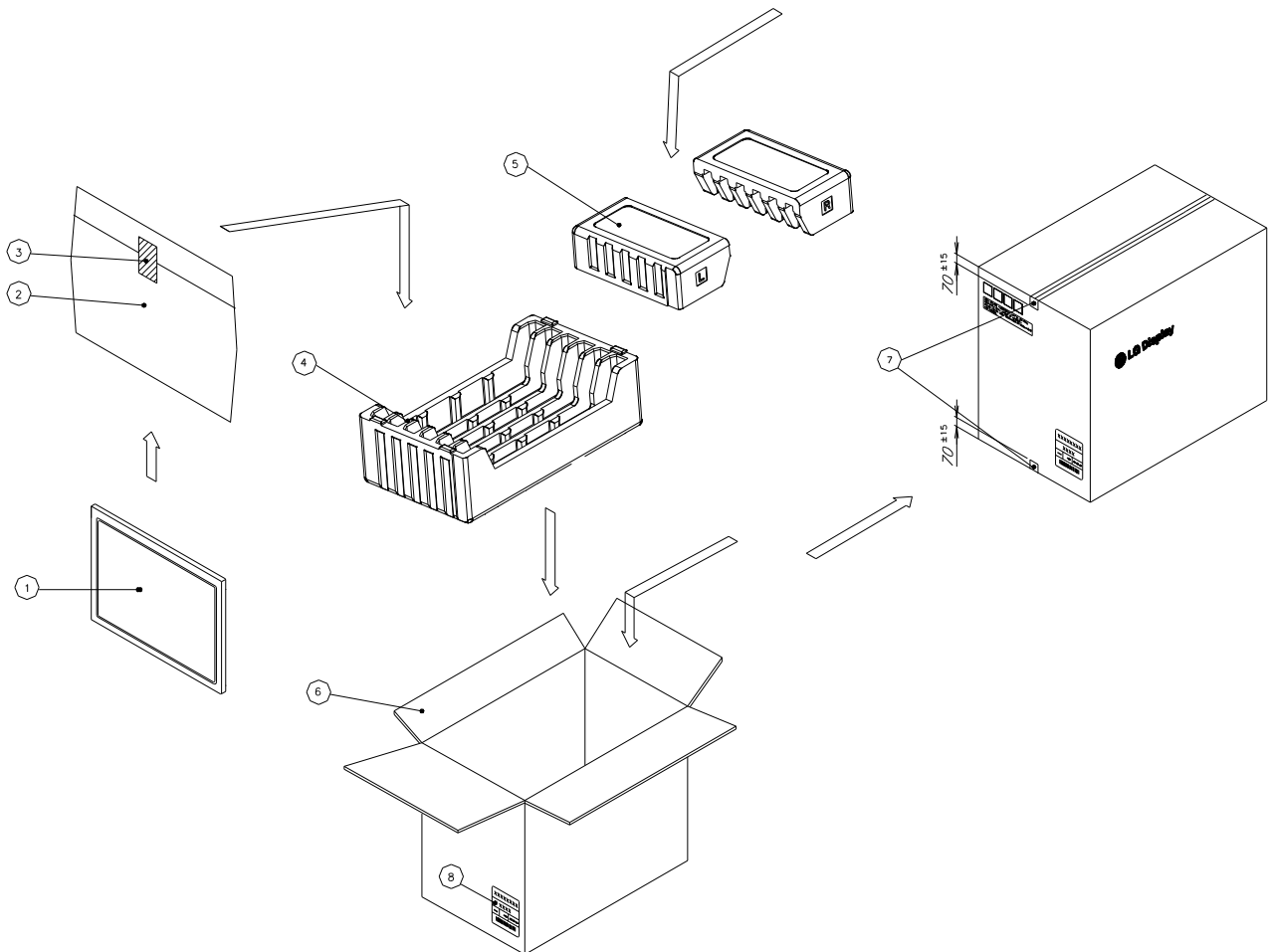
Notes:

1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm(Ω) resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
2. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions. (DS90C385 or Compatible)
3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

Product Specification

APPENDIX- II -1

■ LC320WXN-SBA1 Packing Ass'y

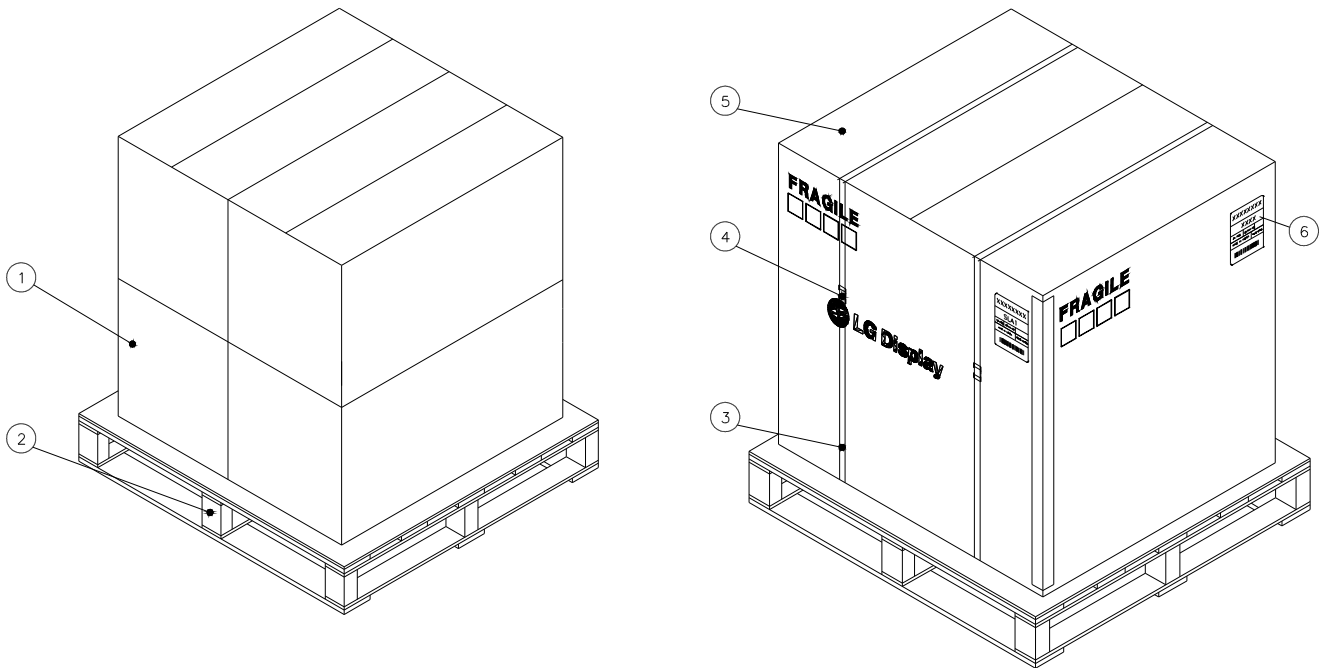


| NO. | DESCRIPTION | MATERIAL |
|-----|------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | LCD MODULE | |
| 2 | BAG | AL |
| 3 | TAPE | MASKING 20MM X 50M |
| 4 | PACKING, BOTTOM | EPS |
| 5 | PACKING, TOP R_L | EPS |
| 6 | BOX | PAPER_DW3 |
| 7 | TAPE | OPP 70MMX300M |
| 8 | LABEL | YUPO PAPER 100X100 |

Product Specification

APPENDIX- II -2

■ LC320WXN-SBA1 Pallet Ass'y



Box quantity per pallet: 4ea
 Pallet size: L1030 x W870 x H1210

| NO. | DESCRIPTION | MATERIAL |
|-----|----------------|--------------|
| 1 | PACKING ASS'Y | |
| 2 | PALLET | Plywood |
| 3 | BAND | PP |
| 4 | CLIP, BAND | STEEL |
| 5 | ANGLE, PACKING | PAPER (SWR4) |
| 6 | LABEL | PAPER |

Product Specification

APPENDIX- III


■ LCM Label




Product Specification

APPENDIX- IV

■ Box Label

| | | |
|---|-----------|---------------|
| LC320WXN | | |
| SBA1 | | |
| 6 PCS | 001/01-01 | |
| MADE IN KOREA | | RoHS Verified |
|  | | |

■ Pallet Label

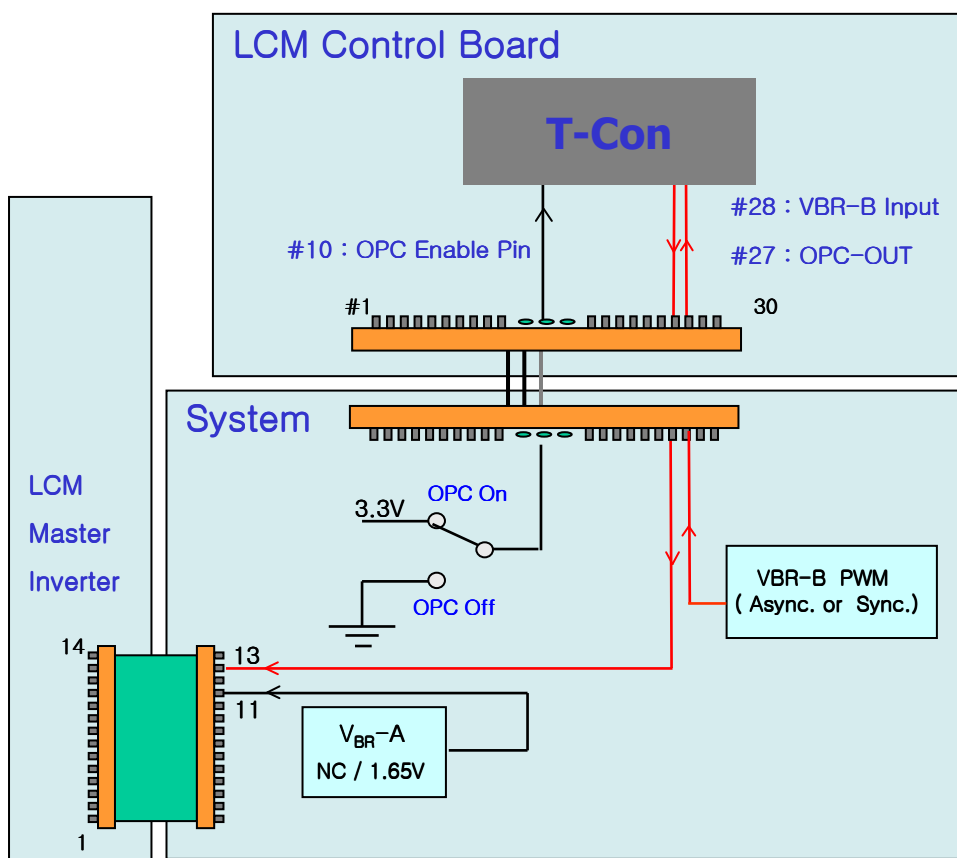
| | | |
|--|-----------|---------------|
| LC320WXN | | |
| SBA1 | | |
| 24 PCS | 001/01-01 | |
| MADE IN KOREA | | RoHS Verified |
|  ***** | | |

Product Specification

APPENDIX- V

Inverter 13th Pin (EXTVBR-B) Design Guide

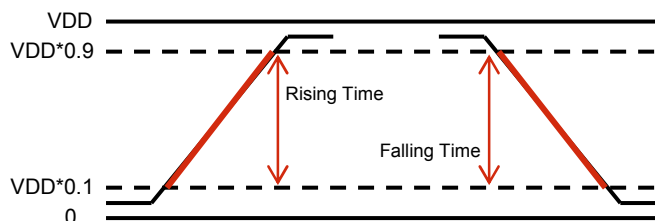
- ◇ When OPC Enable is "L", OPC Output = System Dimming.
- OPC Output(PWM Signal) is synchronized with V-Sync Freq. of System in T-Con Board.
- ◇ Regardless of OPC, System should always give dimming Signal (EXTVBR-B) to T-con.



◇ PWM Specification (VDD = 3.3V) @ OPC

1. PWM High Voltage Range : 2.5V~3.6V
2. PWM Low Voltage Range : 0.0V~0.8V

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Input Frequency | MAX 1Khz (Recommendation:50~300Hz) |
| Rising Time | MAX 10.0 μ s |
| Falling Time | MAX 10.0 μ s |



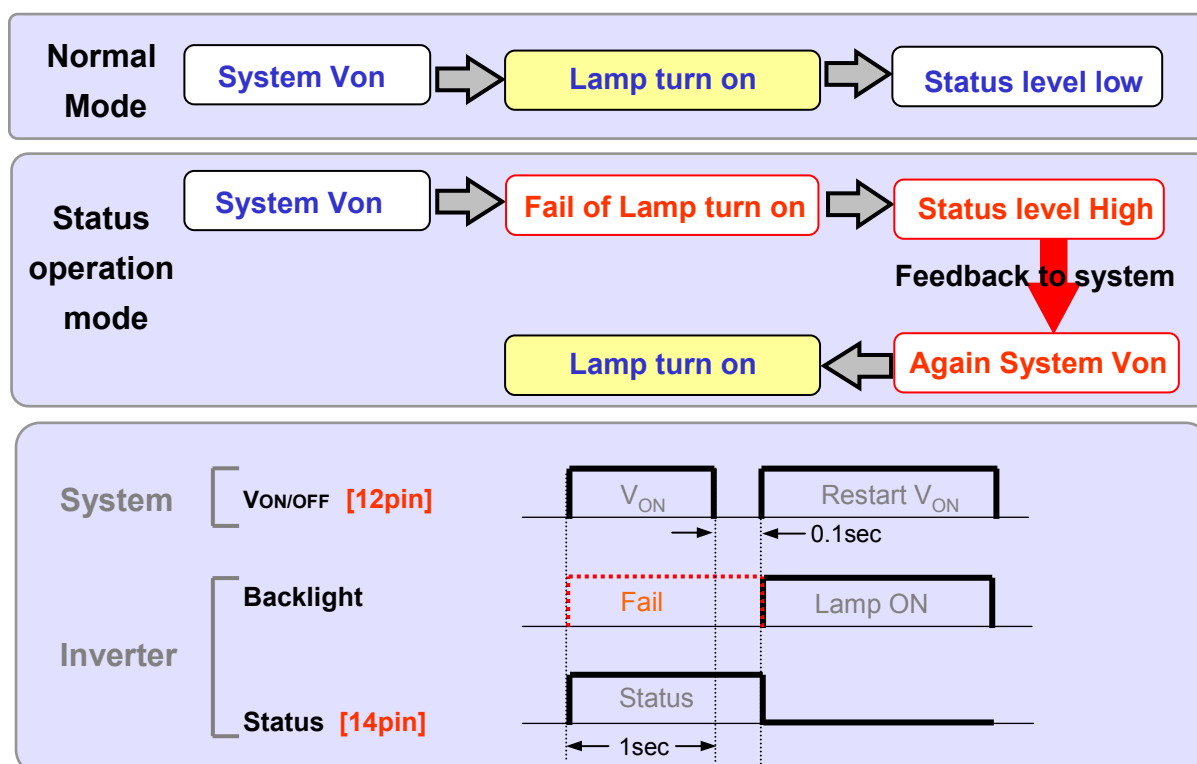
APPENDIX- VI

Inverter 14th Pin (Status) Design Guide

□ Function of Status pin

- Purpose : Preventing of backlight off by restarting the inverter technically
- How to : When inverter is abnormal operation, TV system inputs the Von signal in the inverter once more to turn on the lamp safely
- Attention : Restart system's Von signal when status pin maintain high for more than 7sec
(The turn on time of lamp can be late such as the low temperature or the storage time)

□ Status operation modes in TV set



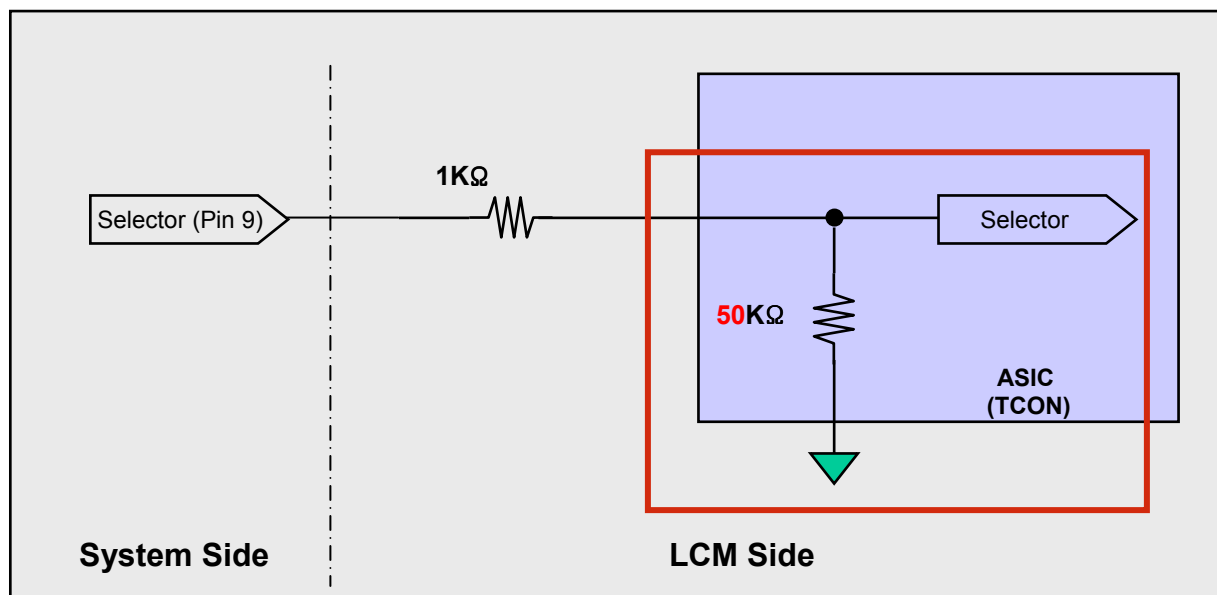
□ Inverter pin map

| Pin No | Symbol | Description | Inv. |
|-----------|---------------|--|-----------------|
| 11 | VBR-A | Analog dimming voltage DC 0.0V ~ 3.3V (Typ : 1.65V) | VBR-A |
| 12 | VON/OFF | 0.0V ~ 5.0V | On/Off |
| 13 | ExtVBR-B | Burst Dimming Control PWM signal input | External PWM |
| 14 | Status | Normal : Under 0.7V Abnormal : Upper 3.0V | status |

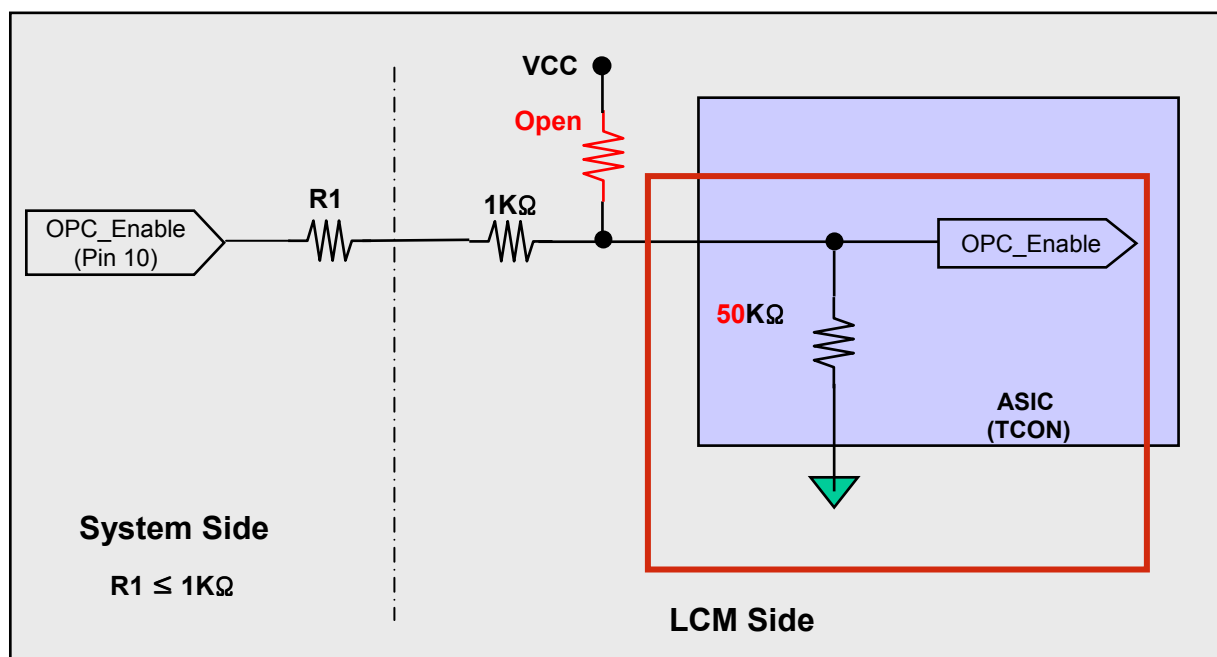
APPENDIX- VII

Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram

Circuit Block Diagram of LVDS Format Selection pin



Circuit Block Diagram of OPC_Enable pin

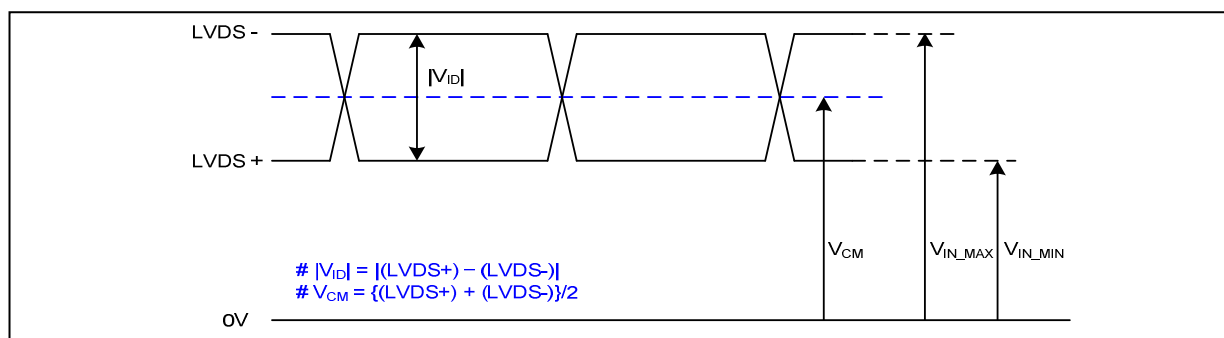


Product Specification

APPENDIX- VIII-1

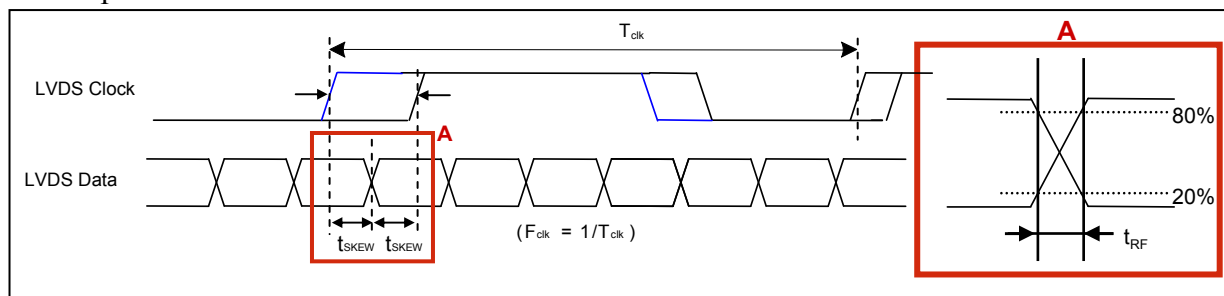
LVDS Input characteristics

1. DC Specification



| Description | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----|-----|------|-------|
| LVDS Single end Voltage | $ V_{ID} $ | 200 | 600 | mV | - |
| LVDS Common mode Voltage | V_{CM} | 1.0 | 1.5 | V | - |
| LVDS Input Voltage Range | V_{IN} | 0.7 | 1.8 | V | - |
| Change in common mode Voltage | ΔV_{CM} | | 250 | mV | - |

2. AC Specification



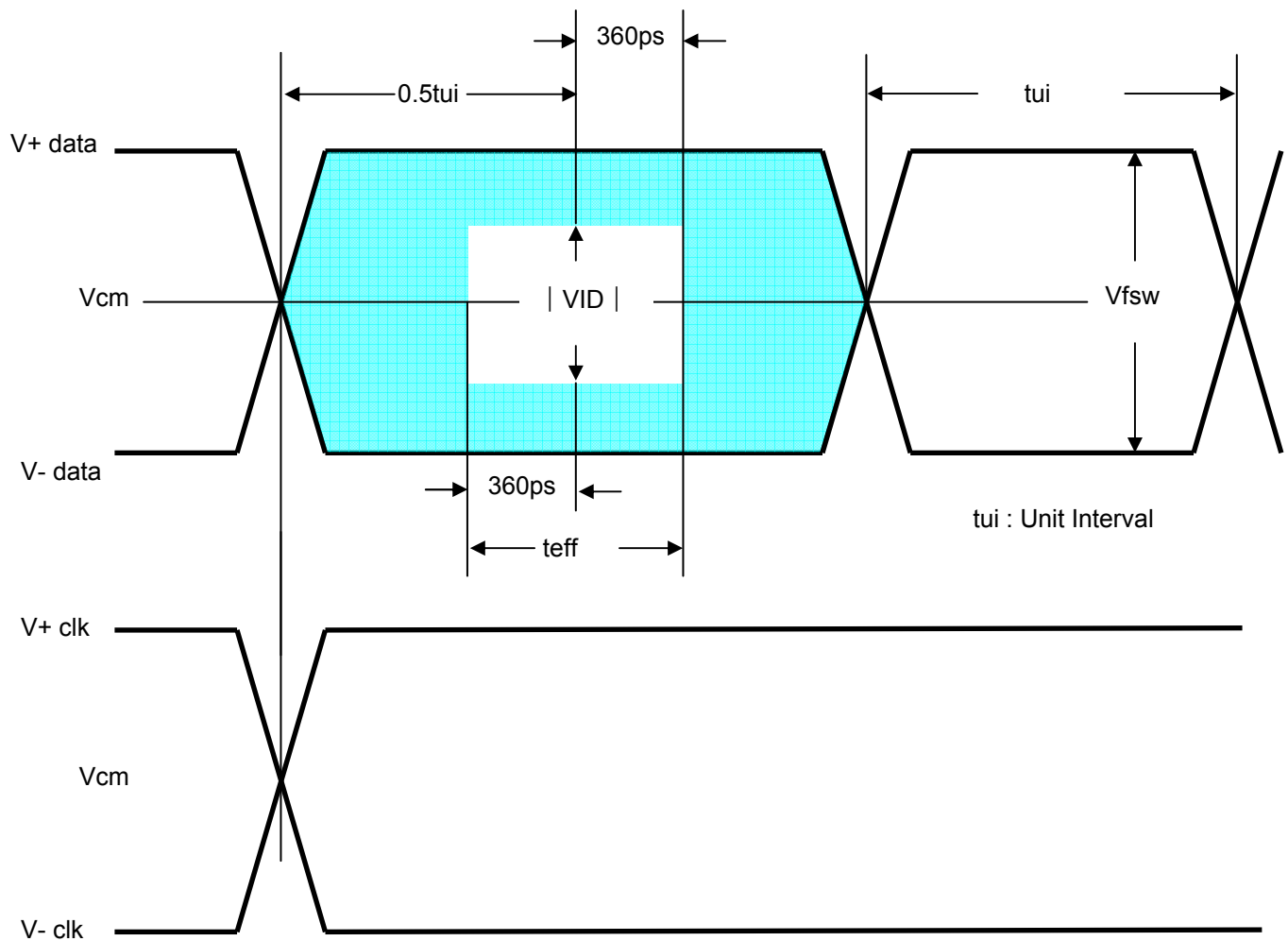
| Description | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|--------------------------|------|-------|
| LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin | t_{SKEW} | | $(0.25 \cdot T_{clk})/7$ | ps | - |
| LVDS Clock/DATA Rising/Falling time | t_{RF} | 260 | $(0.3 \cdot T_{clk})/7$ | ps | 2 |
| Effective time of LVDS | t_{eff} | ± 360 | | ps | - |

Notes : 1. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.

2. If t_{RF} isn't enough, t_{eff} should be meet the range.

APPENDIX- VIII-2

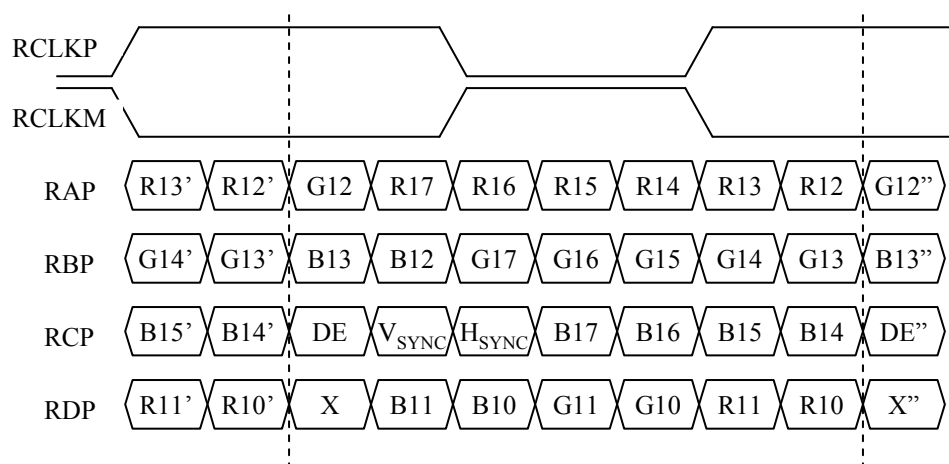
LVDS Input characteristics



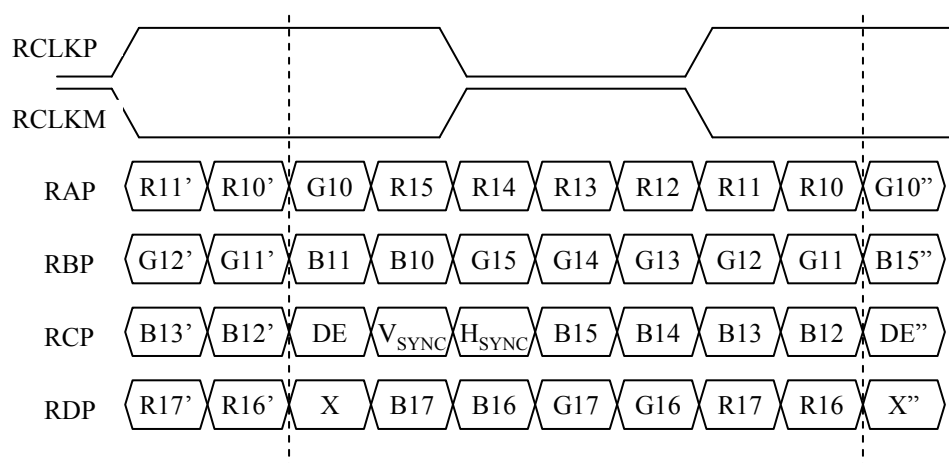
APPENDIX- IX

LVDS Data-Mapping info. (8bit)

■ LVDS Select : “H” Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



■ LVDS Select : “L” Data-Mapping (VESA format)



APPENDIX- X-1

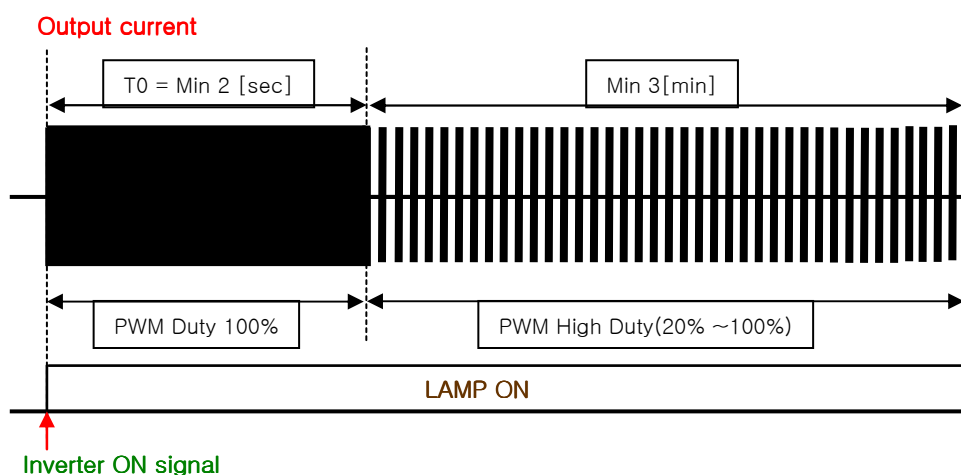
Mega DCR using condition(1)

- After Inverter ON signal, PWM Duty 100% should be sustained during 2sec.
- It is recommended not to sustain more than 10 min for Deep Dimming (PWM Low Duty 0%~20%).

The deep dimming must be used very carefully due to limitation of lamp characteristics and specification.

1) For stable lamp on, its duty condition should follow below the condition.

After Inverter ON signal, T0 duration should be sustained.

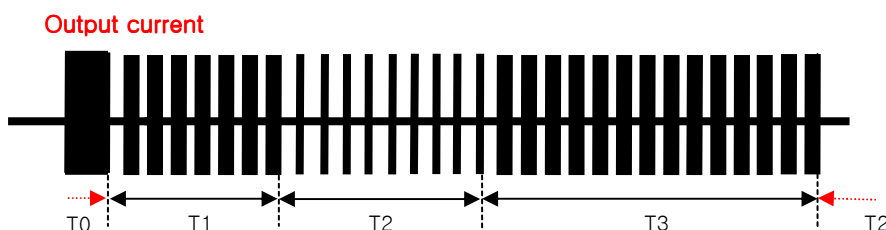


2) Low duty(0%~20%) of **the inverter output current**, B/L may not satisfy some of LCM specification.

- Duration : the low duty operation(0 ~ 20%) must be limited within 10 minutes for one time operation.
- Ratio : the period of the low duty operation must be less than 1/5 compare to that of the high duty operation(20~100%) in a certain period to prevent unwanted operation.
- FOS : **partial darkness or darkness of center area** during the low duty might be happened due to insufficient lamp current.
- Warm up : the low duty must be used 3 min after the lamps "ON". In case of low temperature, more warm up time may be needed.

APPENDIX- X-2

Mega DCR using condition(2)



| Parameter | Value | | | Unit | Note |
|-----------|--------|-----|-----|------|------------------------|
| | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| T1 | 3 | - | - | min | PWM High Duty[20~100%] |
| T2 | - | - | 10 | min | PWM Low Duty[0~20%] |
| T3 | T2 x 5 | - | - | min | PWM High Duty[20~100%] |

- 3) The output current duty may not be same as input PWM duty due to rise/fall time of output.
- 4) Following the recommended conditions as aforementioned, there is no difference of lamp lifetime between conventional method and new one.

Note : 1. To make Mega DCR > 50000:1, V_{BR-A} and PWM duty must be given by system.

2. DCR > 50000:1 is defined mathematically as :

DCR = Maximum DCRn (n=1, 2, 3, 4, 5)

DCRn = $\frac{\text{Surface Luminance at position n with all white pixels (PWM duty = 0~20\%, VBR-A=1.65V)}}{\text{Surface Luminance at position n with all black pixels (PWM duty = 0~20\%, VBR-A=1.65V)}}$

Surface Luminance at position n with all black pixels (PWM duty = 0~20%, VBR-A=1.65V)

n = the Position number(1, 2, 3, 4, 5).

3. Measurement Sequence (aging time 10 min each pattern) :

- ① Turn On LCM
- ② Measure Black Luminance (VBR-B=0~20%, VBR-A=1.65V)
- ③ Measure White Luminance (VBR-B=100%, VBR-A=1.65V)

Product Specification

APPENDIX- XI

Gray to Gray Response Time Uniformity

This is only the reference data of G to G and uniformity for LC320WXN-SBA1 model.

1. G to G Response Time :

Response time is defined as Figure3 and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray (N) " and "Gray(M)".(32Gray Step at 8bit)

2. G to G Uniformity

The variation of G to G Uniformity , $\delta_{G \text{ to } G}$ is defined as :

$$G \text{ to } G \text{ Uniformity} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(G \text{ to } G) - \text{Typical}(G \text{ to } G)}{\text{Typical}(G \text{ to } G)} \leq 1$$

*Maximum (GtoG) means maximum value of measured time (N, M = 0 (Black) ~ 255(White), 32 gray step).

| | 0Gray | 32Gray | 64Gray | ... | 223Gray | 255Gray |
|---------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-----|---------------|---------------|
| 0Gray | | TrR:0G→32G | TrR:0G→64G | ... | TrR:0G→223G | TrR:0G→255G |
| 32Gray | TrD:32G→0G | | TrR:32G→64G | ... | TrR:32G→223G | TrR:32G→255G |
| 64Gray | TrD:64G→0G | TrD:64G→32G | | ... | TrR:64G→223G | TrR:64G→255G |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | | ... | ... |
| 223Gray | TrD:223G→0G | TrD:223G→32G | TrD:223G→64G | ... | | TrR:223G→255G |
| 255Gray | TrD:255G→0G | TrD:255G→32G | TrD:255G→64G | ... | TrD:255G→223G | |

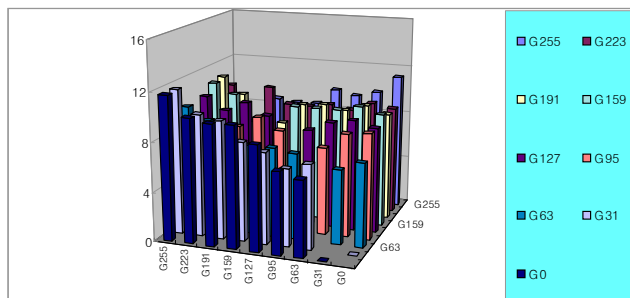
3. Sampling Size : 2 pcs

4. Measurement Method : Follow the same rule as optical characteristics measurement.

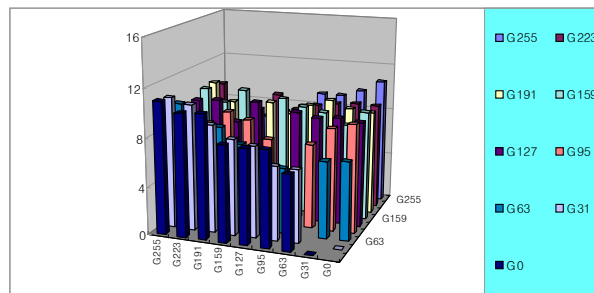
5. Current Status

Below table is actual data of production on 09. 27, 2008

| | G to G Response Time [ms] | | Uniformity |
|-----|---------------------------|------|------------|
| | Min. | Max. | |
| # 1 | 6.0 | 11.7 | 0.46 |
| # 2 | 5.4 | 11.0 | 0.38 |



< # 1 >



< # 2 >