

SPECIFICATION FOR **APPROVAL**

) Preliminary Specification

) Final Specification

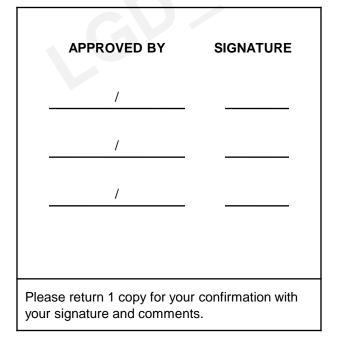
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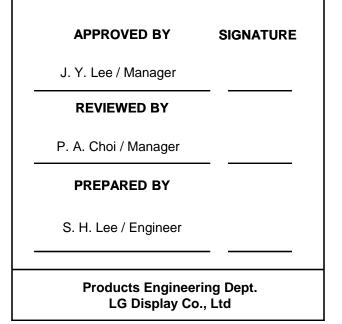
Customer	0
MODEL	

11.6	FHD	IFI	LCD	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.	
*MODEL	LP116WF1	
Suffix	SPA2	

*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix







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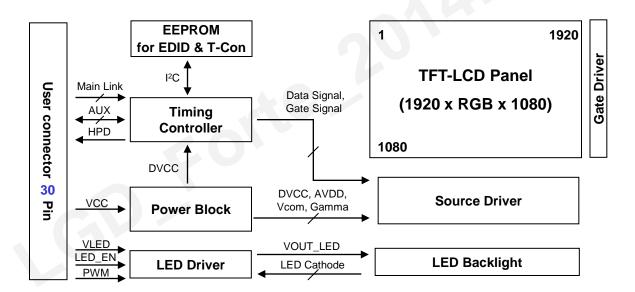
Record of Revisions

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID version
0.0	Jan. 04. 2014	All	First Draft (Preliminary Specification)	0.0



1. General Description

The LP116WF1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral LED backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. This TFT-LCD has 11.6 inches diagonally measured active display area with FHD resolution (1920 horizontal by 1080 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors. The LP116WF1 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI. The LP116WF1 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP116WF1 characteristics provide an excellent flat display.



General Features

Active Screen Size	11.6 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	268.9 (H, Typ.) × 158.0 (V, Typ.) × 3.0 (D, Max. w/o PCB) [mm]
Pixel Pitch	0.1335 mm x 0.1335 mm
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	350 cd/m ² (Typ.5 point)
Power Consumption	Total 3.15W (Typ.) Logic : 1.1W (Typ. @ Mosaic), B/L : 2.05W (Typ.)
Weight	200g (Max.)
Display Operating Mode	Normally Black
Surface Treatment	Glare treatment (3H) of the front Polarizer
RoHS Compliance	Yes
BFR / PVC / As Free	Yes for all

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

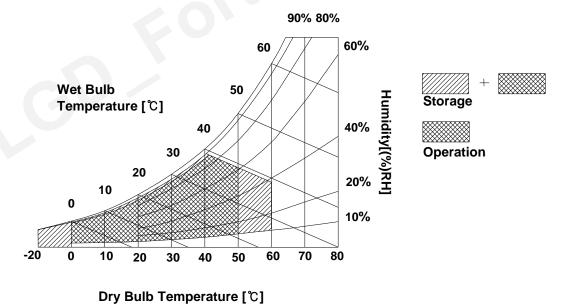
Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
Farameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	V _{DC}	at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.

Note : 2. Storage Condition is guaranteed under packing condition.



3. Electrical Specifications

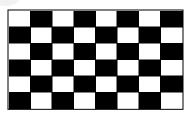
3-1. LCD Electrical Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Power Supply Input Voltage	Vcc	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	1	
Permissive Power Supply Input Ripple		VCCrp	-	-	100	mV _{p-p}	
Power Supply Input Current Mosaic		Icc	-	TBD	333	mA	2
Power Consumption		Pcc	-	TBD	1.1	W	2
Power Supply Inrush Current		ICC_P	-	-	1.5	Α	3
Differential Impedance		Zlvds	90	100	110	Ω	

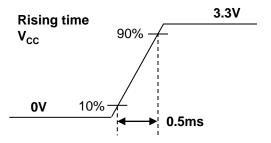
Table 2. LCD ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note)

- 1. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under $25 \degree$, fv = 60Hz
- 2. The specified I_{CC} current and power consumption are under the V_{CC} = 3.3V , 25 $^{\circ}$ C, fv = 60Hz condition and Mosaic pattern.



3. The V_{CC} rising time is same as the minimum of T1 at Power on sequence.



3-2. LED Backlight Electrical Characteristics

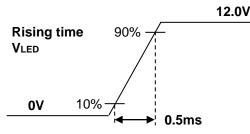
Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	notes
LED Power Input Vo	oltage	Vled	6.0	12.0	21.0	V	1
LED Power Input Cu	urrent	ILED	-	TBD	171	mA	2
LED Power Consum	ption	Pled	-	TBD	2.05	W	2
LED Power Inrush C	Current	ILED_P	-	-	1.5	А	3
PWM Duty Ratio	PWM Duty Ratio		5	- 1	100	%	4
PWM Jitter			0	-	0.2	%	5
PWM Frequency		Fpwm	200	9 -	1000	Hz	6
PWM	High Level Voltage	V _{PWM_H}	2.2	-	3.6	V	
Low Level Voltage		V _{PWM_L}	0	-	0.6	V	
	High Voltage	Vled_en_h	2.2	-	3.6	V	
LED_EN	Low Voltage	VLED_EN_L	0	-	0.6	V	
Life Time			12,000	-	-	Hrs	7

Table 3. LED B/L ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note)

1. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under 25 $^\circ$ C.

- 2. The current and power consumption with LED Driver are under the V_{LED} = 12.0V, 25℃, PWM Duty 100% and White pattern with the normal frame frequency operated(60Hz).
- 3. The V_{LED} rising time is same as the minimum of T13 at Power on sequence.



- 4. The operation of LED Driver below minimum dimming ratio may cause flickering or reliability issue.
- 5. If Jitter of PWM is bigger than maximum, it may induce flickering.
- 6. This Spec. is not effective at 100% dimming ratio as an exception because it has DC level equivalent to 0Hz. In spite of acceptable range as defined, the PWM Frequency should be fixed and stable for more consistent brightness control at any specific level desired.
- 7. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of LCD is 50% compare to that of minimum value specified in table 7. under general user condition.

3-3. Interface Connections

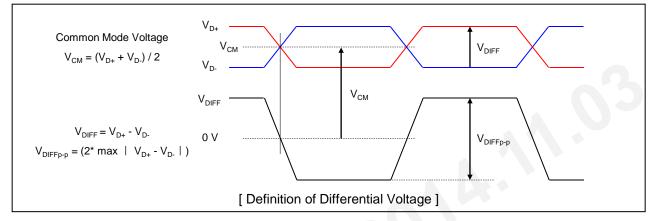
Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	NC	No Connection	
2	H_GND	High Speed Ground	
3	LANE1_N	Complement Signal Link Lane 1	
4	LANE1_P	True Signal Link Lane 1	
5	H_GND	High Speed Ground	
6	LANE0_N	Complement Signal Link Lane 0	
7	LANE0_P	True Signal Link Lane 0	
8	H_GND	High Speed Ground	
9	AUX_CH_P	True Signal Auxiliary Channel	[Connector]
10	AUX_CH_N	Complement Signal Auxiliary Channel	GT05Q-30S-H10, LSM, 30, 0.5
11	H_GND	High Speed Ground	
12	LCD_VCC	LCD logic and driver power	
13	LCD_VCC	LCD logic and driver power	[Connector pin arrangement]
14	NC	LCD Panel Self-Test	Pin 30 Pin 1
15	LCD_GND	LCD logic and driver ground	
16	LCD_GND	LCD logic and driver ground	
17	HPD	Hot Plug Detect	
18	BL_GND	Backlight Ground	
19	BL_GND	Backlight Ground	
20	BL_GND	Backlight Ground	
21	BL_GND	Backlight Ground	
22	BL_ENABLE	Backlight on/off	
23	BL_PWM_DIM	System PWM signal input for dimming	
24	NC	Reserved for LGD's use (EDID_CLK)	
25	NC	Reserved for LGD's use (EDID_DATA)	
26	BL_PWR	Backlight power (V_LED)	
27	BL_PWR	Backlight power (V_LED)	
28	BL_PWR	Backlight power (V_LED)	
29	BL_PWR	Backlight power (V_LED)	
30	NC	No Connection	

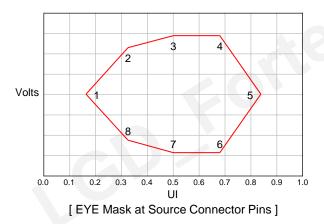


3-4. eDP Signal Timing Specifications

3-4-1. Definition of Differential Voltage

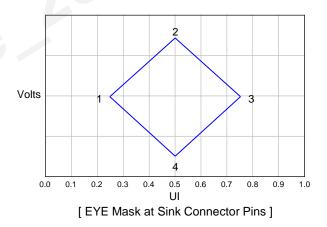


3-4-2. Main Link EYE Diagram



Deint	Reduce	d Bit Rate	High Bit Rate		
Point	Time(UI)	Voltage(V)	Time(UI)	Voltage(V)	
1	0.127	0.000	0.210	0.000	
2	0.291	0.160	0.355	0.140	
3	0.500	0.200	0.500	0.175	
4	0.709	0.200	0.645	0.175	
5	0.873	0.000	0.790	0.000	
6	0.709	-0.200	0.645	-0.175	
7	0.500	-0.200	0.500	-0.175	
8	0.291	-0.160	0.355	-0.140	

[EYE Mask Vertices at Source Connector Pins]



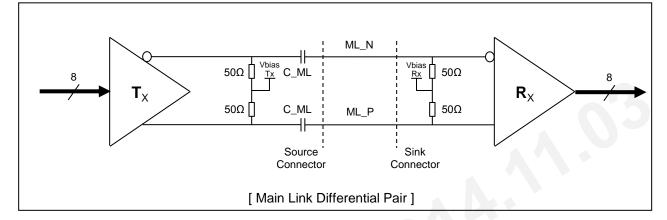
Point	Reduce	d Bit Rate	High Bit Rate				
Point	Time(UI)	Voltage(V)	Time(UI)	Voltage(V)			
1	0.375	0.000	0.246	0.000			
2	0.500	0.023	0.500	0.075			
3	0.625	0.000	0.755	0.000			
4	0.500	-0.023	0.500	-0.075			

[EYE Mask Vertices at Sink Connector Pins]

Point	Reduce	d Bit Rate	High Bit Rate			
Point	Time(UI)	Voltage(V)	Time(UI)	Voltage(V)		
1	0.270	0.000	0.246	0.000		
2	0.500	0.068	0.500	0.075		
3	0.731	0.000	0.755	0.000		
4	0.500	-0.068	0.500	-0.075		

[EYE Mask Vertices at embedded DP Sink Connector Pins]

3-4-3. eDP Main Link Signal



Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Unit Interval for high bit rate (2.7Gbps / lane)	UI_HBR		370	-	ps	
Unit Interval for reduced bit rate (1.62Gbps / lane)	UI_RBR		617	-	ps	
Link Clock Down Sprooding	Amplitude	0	-	0.5	%	
Link Clock Down Spreading	Frequency	30		33	kHz	
Differential peak-to-peak voltage at Source side connector	V _{TX-DIFFp-p}	350	-	-	mV	For HBR(2.7Gbps)
EYE width at Source side connector	T _{TX-EYE-CONN}	0.58	-	-	UI	For HBR(2.7Gbps)
Differential peak-to-peak voltage at Sink side connector	V _{RX-DIFFp-p}	150	-	-	mV	For HBR(2.7Gbps)
EYE width at Sink side connector	T _{RX-EYE-CONN}	0.51	-	-	UI	For HBR(2.7Gbps)
Rx DC common mode voltage	V _{RX CM}	0	-	1.0	V	
AC Coupling Capacitor	C _{SOURCE-ML}	75		200	nF	Source side

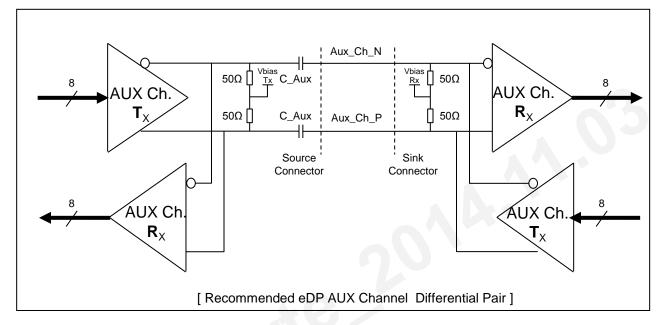
Note)

1. Termination resistor is typically integrated into the transmitter and receiver implementations.

2. AC Coupling Capacitor is not placed at the sink side.

3. In cabled embedded system, it is recommended the system designer ensure that EYE width and voltage are met at the sink side connector pins.

3-4-4. eDP AUX Channel Signal



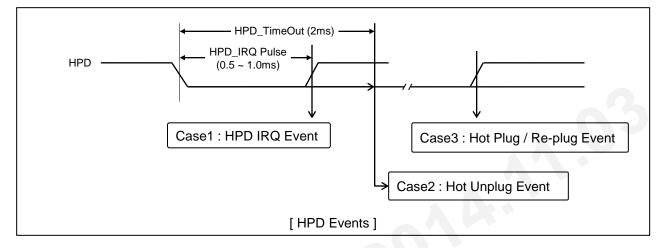
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
AUX Unit Interval	UI	0.4	-	0.6	us	
AUX Jitter at Tx IC Package Pins	–	-	-	0.04	UI	Equal to 24ns
AUX Jitter at Rx IC Package Pins	T jitter	-	-	0.05	UI	Equal to 30ns
AUX Peak-to-peak voltage at Connector Pins of Receiving		0.39	-	1.38	V	
AUX Peak-to-peak voltage at Connector Pins of Transmitting	V _{AUX-DIFFp-p}	0.36	-	1.36	V	
AUX EYE width at Connector Pins of Tx and Rx		0.98	-	-	UI	
AUX DC common mode voltage	V _{AUX-CM}	0	-	1.0	V	
AUX AC Coupling Capacitor	C _{SOURCE-AUX}	75		200	nF	Source side

Note)

- 1. Termination resistor is typically integrated into the transmitter and receiver implementations.
- 2. AC Coupling Capacitor is not placed at the sink side.
- 3. $V_{AUX-DIFFp-p} = 2^* | V_{AUXP} V_{AUXN} |$



3-4-5. eDP HPD Signal



Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
HPD Voltage		2.25	-	3.6	V	Sink side Driving
Hot Plug Detection Threshold	HPD	2.0	-	-	V	Source eide Detecting
Hot Unplug Detection Threshold		-	-	0.8	V	Source side Detecting
HPD_IRQ Pulse Width	HPD_IRQ	0.5	-	1.0	ms	
HPD_TimeOut		2.0	-	-	ms	HPD Unplug Event

Note)

1. HPD IRQ : Sink device wants to notify the Source device that Sink's status has changed so it toggles HPD line, forcing the Source device to read its Link / Sink Receiver DPCD field via the AUX-CH

2. HPD Unplug : The Sink device is no longer attached to the Source device and the Source device may then disable its Main Link as a power saving mode

3. Plug / Re-plug : The Sink device is now attached to the Source device, forcing the Source device to read its Receiver capabilities and Link / Sink status Receiver DPCD fields via the AUX-CH

3-5. Signal Timing Specifications

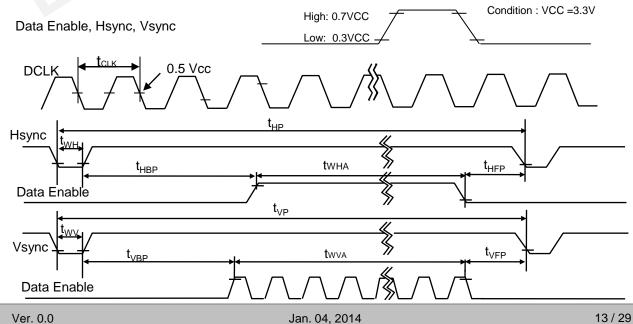
This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of eDP Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Note	
DCLK	Frequency	f _{CLK}	-	138.5	-	MHz		
	Period	t _{HP}	2065	2080	2095			
Hsync	Width	t _{WH}	24	32	40	t _{CLK}		
Width-Active		t _{WHA}		1920				
	Period	t _{VP}	1103	1111	1119			
Vsync	Width	t _{WV}	4	5	6	t _{HP}		
	Width-Active	t _{WVA}		1080				
	Horizontal back porch	t _{HBP}	76	80	84			
Data	Horizontal front porch	t _{HFP}	44	48	52	t _{CLK}		
Enable	Vertical back porch	t _{VBP}	t _{VBP} 22		24			
	Vertical front porch	t _{VFP}	2	3	4	t _{HP}		

Table 4.	TIMING	
		IADLL

Notice. all reliabilities are specified for timing specification based on refresh rate of 60Hz. However, LP116WF1 has a good actual performance even at lower refresh rate (e.g. 40Hz or 50Hz) for power saving Mode, whereas LP116WF1 is secured only for function under lower refresh rate. 60Hz at Normal mode, 50Hz, 40Hz at Power save mode. Don't care Flicker level (Power save mode).

3-6. Signal Timing Waveforms



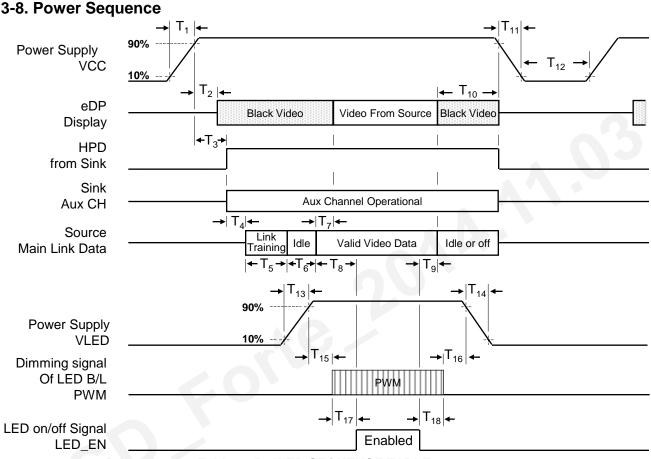
3-7. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color ; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

									Inp	ut Co	olor [Data							
	Color			R	ED					GRI	EEN					BL	UE		
		MS	3				LSB	MSI	3				LSB		3				LSB
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																			
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																			
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

Table 5. COLOR DATA REFERENCE







Symbol	Required	Lin	nits	Units	Notes	Symbol	Required	Lin	Limits		Notes
Зупрог	Ву	Min	Мах	Units	Notes	Symbol	Ву	Min	Max	Units	notes
T ₁	Source	0.5	10	ms	-	T ₁₀	Source	0	500	ms	-
T ₂	Sink	0	200	ms	-	T ₁₁	Source	-	10	ms	-
T ₃	Sink	0	200	ms	-	T ₁₂	Source	500	-	ms	
T ₄	Source	-	-	ms	-	T ₁₃	Source	0.5	10	ms	-
T ₅	Source	-	-	ms	-	T ₁₄	Source	0.5	10	ms	-
T ₆	Source	-	-	ms	-	T ₁₅	Source	10	-	ms	-
T ₇	Sink	0	50	ms	-	T ₁₆	Source	10	-	ms	-
T ₈	Source	-	-	ms	LGD recommend Min 200ms	T ₁₇	Source	0	-	ms	-
T ₉	Source	-	-	ms	-	T ₁₈	Source	0	-	ms	-

Note) 1. Do not insert the mating cable when system turn on.

2. Valid Data have to meet "3-3. eDP Signal Timing Specifications"

3. Video Signal, LED_EN and PWM need to be on pull-down condition on invalid status.

4. LGD recommend the rising sequence of VLED after the Vcc and valid status of Video Signal turn on.



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 20 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and Θ equal to 0°.

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

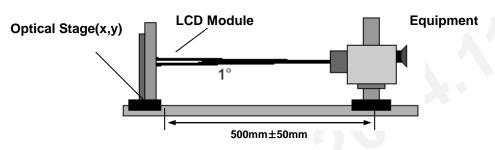


Table 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, fv=60Hz

		0		Values				
Р	arameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes	
Contrast Ratio		CR	500	800	-		1	
Surface Lumina	ance, white	L _{WH}	300	350	-	cd/m ²	2	
Luminance Var	iation	$\delta_{\text{ WHITE (5P)}}$	-	1.2	1.4		3	
Luminance var	lation	$\delta_{\text{ WHITE(13P)}}$	-	1.4	1.6	-	3	
Response Time)	Tr + Tf	-	25	-	ms	4	
		Rx		TBD				
	RED	Ry	Typical - 0.03	TBD				
	GREEN	Gx		TBD				
Color		Gy		TBD	Typical			
Coordinates		Bx		TBD	+ 0.03			
	BLUE	Ву		TBD				
	WHITE	Wx		0.313				
		Wy		0.329				
	x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	-	85	-			
Viewing Angle	x axis, left (Φ=180°)	ΘΙ	-	85	-	Dograa	5	
	y axis, up (Φ=90°)	Θu	-	85	-	Degree		
	y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd	-	85	-			
Gray Scale							6	



Note)

1. It should be measured in the center of screen(1 Point). Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio(1 Point) =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2.

 The variation in surface luminance, The panel total variation (δ WHITE) is determined by measuring N at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as following numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

 $\delta \text{ WHITE (5P)} = \frac{\text{Maximum (1,2, ... 5 Point)}}{\text{Minimum (1,2, ... 5 Point)}} \qquad \delta \text{ WHITE (13P)} = \frac{\text{Maximum (1,2, ... 13 Point)}}{\text{Minimum (1,2, ... 13 Point)}}$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from black to white (rise time, Tr) and from white to black (falling time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.15
L7	1.24
L15	4.97
L23	11.4
L31	20.6
L39	34.4
L47	53.0
L55	75.7
L63	100

FIG. 2 Luminance

<Measuring point for Average Luminance & measuring point for Luminance variation>

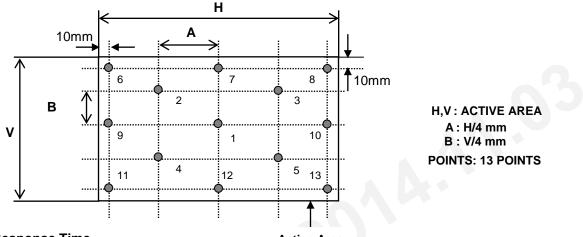
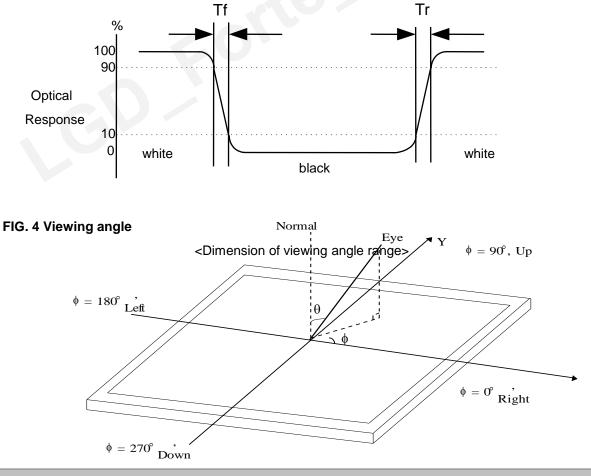


FIG. 3 Response Time

Active Area

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".





5. Mechanical Characteristics

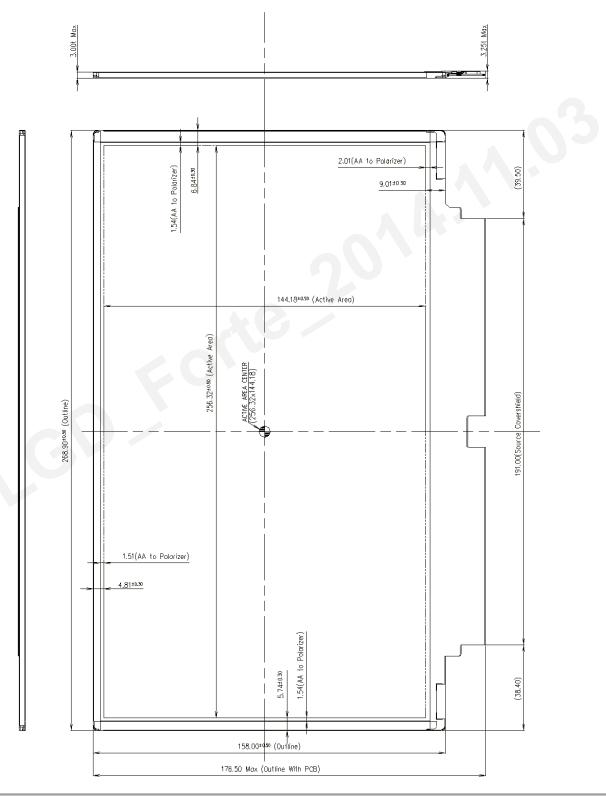
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP116WF1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	$268.90\pm0.5\text{mm}$
Outline Dimension	Vertical	158.00 ± 0.5mm
	Thickness	3.0mm (max.) / 3.25mm (max) With PCB
Bezel Area	Horizontal	246.80 ± 0.5 mm
Dezei Area	Vertical	$127.90 \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Active Display Area	Horizontal	$256.32\pm0.5\text{mm}$
Active Display Area	Vertical	144.18 ± 0.5mm
Weight	200 g (Max.) / 180 g (Typ.)	
Surface Treatment	Glare treatment of the front F	Polarizer



<FRONT VIEW>

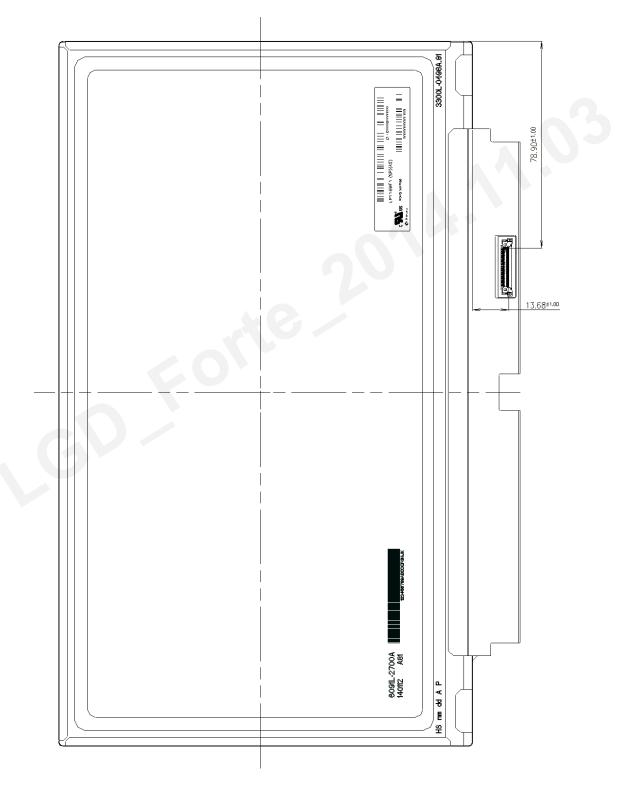
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.5 mm





<REAR VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: \pm 0.5mm





6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions					
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h					
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h					
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h					
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h					
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Random, 1.0Grms, 10 ~ 300Hz(PSD 0.0035) 3 axis, 30min/axis					
6	Shock test (non-operating)	 No functional or cosmetic defects following a shock to all 6 sides delivering at least 180 G in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to the display module No functional defects following a shock delivering at least 200 g in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to each of 6 sides. Each of the 6 sides will be shock tested with one each display, for a total of 6 displays 					
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr					

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1, Underwriters Laboratories Inc. Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-07, Canadian Standards Association.
 Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.
- c) EN 60950-1, European Committee for Electro technical Standardization (CENELEC). Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
- d) IEC 60950-1, The International Electro technical Commission (IEC). Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements

7-2. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the council of 8 June 2011



LGD Lot Mark

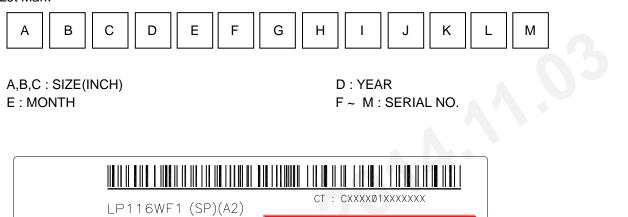
Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

RoHS Verified

a) Lot Mark



xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxx

Note

1. YEAR

G Dienk

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Mark	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	J	К

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

- a) Package quantity in one box : 30 pcs
- b) Box Size : 478 x 365 x 244



9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental)
- to the polarizer.)(7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.
- (10) When handling the LCD module, it needs to handle with care not to give mechanical stress to the PCB and Mounting Hole area."

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm 200 \text{mV}(\text{Over and under shoot voltage})$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.



9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.

Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.

- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

9-7. THE LGD QA RESPONSIBILITY WILL BE AVOIDED IN CASE OF BELOW

- (1) When the customer attaches TSM(Touch Sensor Module) on LCM without Supplier's approval.
- (2) When the customer attaches cover glass on LCM without Supplier's approval.
- (3) When the LCMs were repaired by 3rd party without Supplier's approval.
- (4) When the LCMs were treated like Disassemble and Rework by the Customer and/or Customer's representatives without supplier's approval.



APPENDIX C. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID[™]) 1/3



APPENDIX C. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID[™]) 2/3



APPENDIX C. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID[™]) 3/3