

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

- () Preliminary Specification
- (**♦**) Final Specification

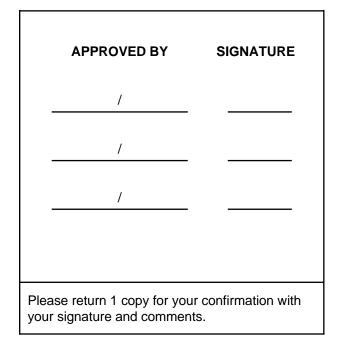
Title

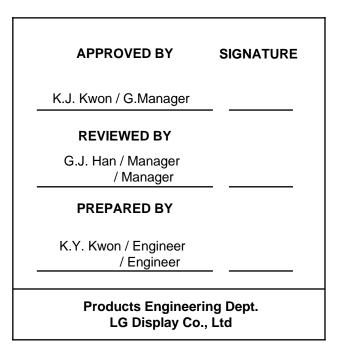
15.4" WUXGA TFT LCD

Customer	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LP154WU1
Suffix	TLA2

*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix







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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
1.0	June. 4. 2008	-	Final Specification	
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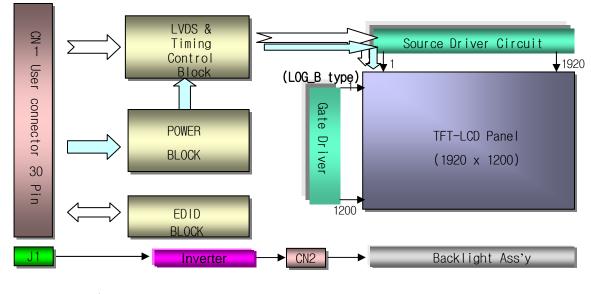


1. General Description

The LP154WU1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.4 inches diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution(1200 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP154WU1 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP154WU1 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP154WU1 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



Power



Active Screen Size	15.4 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	344.0 (H) × 222.0 (V) × 6.5(D, max) mm
Pixel Pitch	0.1725 mm × 0. 1725 mm
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1200 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	220 cd/m²(Typ.),5 point
Power Consumption	Total 5.91 Watt(Typ.) @ LCM circuit 1.49 Watt(Typ.), B/L input 4.42 Watt(Typ.)
Weight	560 g (Max.) without inverter & bracket
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Glare treatment of the front polarizer
RoHS Comply	Yes

⇒EDID signal & Power



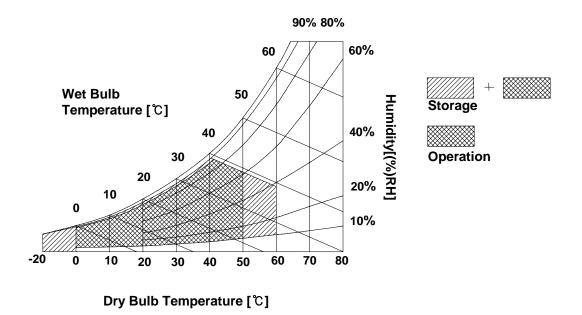
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
Farameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 \pm 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.





3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

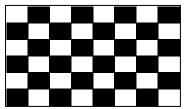
The LP154WU1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Deremeter	Symbol			1.1	Natao		
Parameter		Symbol	Min Typ		Max	Unit	Notes
MODULE :							
Power Supply Input Voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V _{DC}	
		Mosaic	-	450	518	mA	1
Power Supply Input Current	I_{CC}						
Power Consumption		Pc		1.49	1.71	Watt	1
Differential Impedance	Zm		90	100	110	Ohm	2
LAMP :							
Operating Voltage		V _{BL}	665(7.0mA)	680(6.5mA)	835(3.0mA)	V _{RMS}	
Operating Current		I _{BL}	3.0	6.5	7.0	mA _{RMS}	3
Power Consumption		P _{BL}	-	4.42	4.7		
Operating Frequency		f _{BL}	45	60	80	kHz	
Discharge Stabilization Time		Ts	-	-	3	Min	4
Life Time			15,000	-	-	Hrs	5
Established Starting Voltage at 25℃ at 0 ℃		Vs			1170 1400	V _{RMS} V _{RMS}	

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note)

1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V, 25°C, fv = 60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.

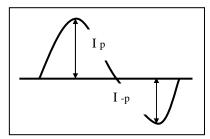


- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 3. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance (L_{WH}) in optical characteristics.
- 4. Define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%, Ts is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 5. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of lamp is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical lamp current.



Note)

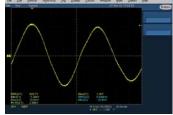
- 6. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical(negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Asymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 7. It is defined the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%. T_s is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 8. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The applied lamp current is a typical one.
- 9. Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.
 - It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
 - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%. b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$.
 - * Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



* Asymmetry rate: $|I_p - I_{-p}| / I_{rms} * 100\%$ * Distortion rate $I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$

- 10. Inverter open voltage must be more than lamp voltage for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on.
 - * Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.
 - If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.

Ex of current wave)



Normal current wave - Standard



Abnormal current wave - Bad



Abnormal current wave - Bad



Abnormal current wave - Bad



3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system. The

ne electronics interface connector is a model GT101-30S-HR11 manufactured by LS	SC.
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Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	GND	Ground	
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power	1, Interface chips
5	NC	Reserved for supplier test point	Siw, 2port LVDS Receiver
6	CIK EEDID	DDC Clock	
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	
8	R _{IN} 0-	Odd channel differential data input	2. Connector 2.1 LCD : FI-XB30SRL-HF11 (JAE)
9	R _{IN} 0+	Odd channel differential data input	or
10	GND	Ground	its compatibles
11	R _{IN} 1-	Odd channel differential data input	2.2 Mating : FI-X30M or equivalent.
12	R _{IN} 1+	Odd channel differential data input	2.3 Connector pin arrangement
13	GND	Ground	
14	R _{IN} 2-	Odd channel differential data input	30 1
15	R _{IN} 2+	Odd channel differential data input	
16	GND	Ground	
17	CLKIN-	Odd channel differential clock input	
18	CLKIN+	Odd channel differential clock input	[LCD Module Rear View]
19	GND	Ground	
20	RA2-	Even channel differential data input	
21	RA2+	Even channel differential data input	
22	GND	Ground	
23	RB2-	Even channel differential data input	
24	RB2+	Even channel differential data input	
25	GND	Ground	
26	RC2-	Even channel differential data input	
27	RC2+	Even channel differential data input	
28	GND	Ground	
29	RCLK2-	Even channel differential clock input	
30	RCLK2+	Even channel differential clock input	

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

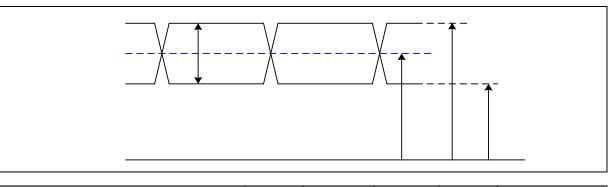
The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST or Compatible. The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 or equivalent.

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	Table 4.	BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGU	
Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1
Notes: 1.	The high voltage sid	te terminal is colored white and the low volta	ge side terminal is black.
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3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications

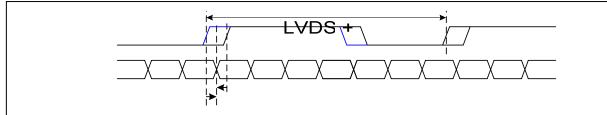
3-3-1. DC Specification



Description	Symb ol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	100	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V _{CM}	0.6	1.8	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range		$bs_{\overline{0.3}}$	2.1	V	-

 $|V_{ID}|$

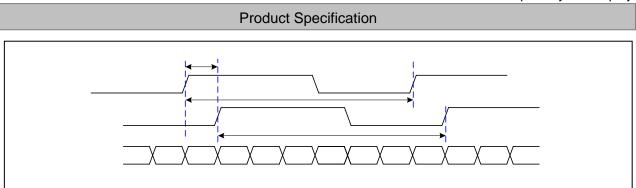
3-3-2. AC Specification



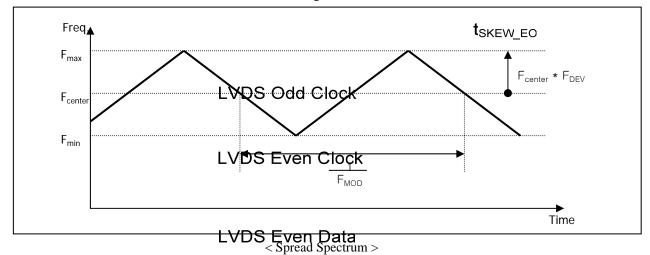
Description	Symbol	Min	Hax II		LVDS _{Notes} (LVDS	5-)
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t _{skew} 0	V ^{- 400}	# V _{CI} + 400	y = {(ps	LVDS+) + (LVDS 85MHz > Fcik ≥ 65MHz	5-) } /
	t _{skew}	- 600	+ 600	ps	65MHz > Fclk ≥ 25MHz	
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	t _{skew_eo}	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T _{clk}	-	
Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during SSC	F _{DEV}	-	± 3	%	-	
Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during SSC	F _{MOD}	-	200	KHz	-	



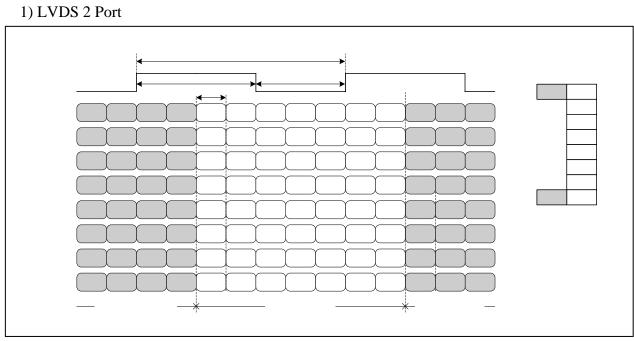
T_{clk}



< Clock skew margin between channel >



3-3-3. Data Format



< LVDS Data Format >



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2) LVDS 1 Port

RCLK+									
RA+/-	R3 R2 R1 R0	G0 R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0	C0 R5 R4						
RB+/-	G4 G3 G2 GI	B1 B0 C5 G4 G3 G2 G1	Bl B0 C5						
RC+/-	B5 B4 B3 B2	DE VSYNCHSYNC B5 B4 B3 B2	DE VSYNCHSYNC						
RD+/-	G7 G6 R7 R6	X B7 B6 G7 G6 R7 R6	X B7 B6						
	Previous (N-1)th CycleCurrent (Nth) Cycle								



Condition : VCC = 3.3V

Product Specification

3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation. **Table 6. TIMING TABLE**

ITEM	Symbol	-	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Note			
DCLK	Frequency	f _{CLK}	-	82.45	-	MHz				
	Period	Thp	990	1005	1040					
Hsync	Width	t _{WH}	10	15	50	tCLK				
	Width-Active	t _{wha}	960	960	960					
Vsync	Period	t _{vP}	1207	1250	1400					
	Width	t _{WV}	1	3	25	tHP				
	Width-Active	t _{WVA}	1200	1200	1200					
	Horizontal back porch	t _{HBP}	10	-	-	to I K				
Data	Horizontal front porch	t _{HFP}	10	-	-	tCLK				
Enable	Vertical back porch	t _{vBP}	5	-	-					
	Vertical front porch	t _{vFP}	1	-	-	tHP				

3-5. Signal Timing Waveforms

High: 0.7VCC Data Enable, Hsync, Vsync Low: 0.3VCC **t**clk 0.5 Vcc DCLK t_{HP} Hsync t_{WH} \$ twнa t_{HFP} t_{HBP} Data Enable t_{VP} τ_{ων} $\langle\!\!\!\langle$ Vsync t_{VFP} **t**wva t_{VBP} Data Enable 12/32 Ver. 1.0 June. 4, 2008



3-6. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color ; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

		Input Color Data																	
Color				RE	Ð					GR	EEN					BL	UE		
		MSE						MSE					LSB						LSB
	1	R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 		0	0	0	0	0 	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1 	1 	1	1	0	0		0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED												•••••	• • • • • •						
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN				•••••						·····	 	•••••					 		
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 1
BLUE				•••••	•••••					· · · · ·	 	• • • • • •	• • • • • •			· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 		
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	 1		1		1	 0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	 1		1	 1	1	 1

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE



3-7. Power Sequence

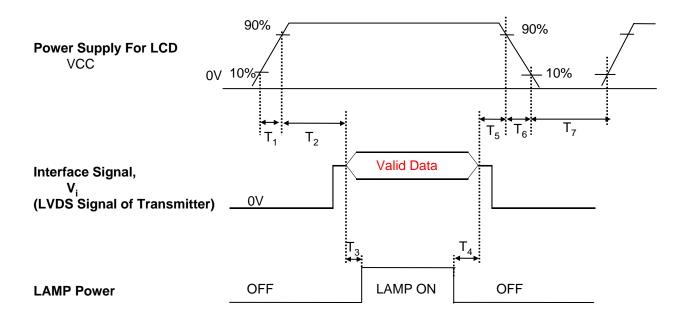


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE	Table 8.	R SEQUENCE TABLE
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Parameter		Value	Units	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T ₁	0	-	10	(ms)
T ₂	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₃	200	-	-	(ms)
T ₄	200	-	-	(ms)
T ₅	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₆	0	-	10	(ms)
T ₇	400	-	-	(ms)

Note)

- 1. Valid Data is Data to meet "3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications"
- 2. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 3. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 4. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.

🕒 LG Display

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4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and Θ equal to 0°.

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

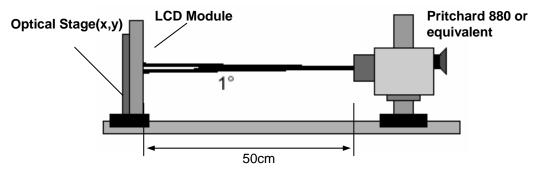


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 9.	OPTICAL	CHARACTERISTICS
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Demonster	O mark at		Values			Notes	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units		
Contrast Ratio	CR	500	-	-		1	
Surface Luminance, white	L _{WH}	200	220		cd/m ²	2	
Luminance Variation	δ_{WHITE}		-	2.0]	3	
Response Time	Tr _R ₊Tr _D	-	16	30	ms	4	
Color Coordinates						±0.03	
RED	RX	0.566	0.596	0.626	1		
	RY	0.321	0.351	0.381	[
GREEN	GX	0.293	0.323	0.353	[
	GY	0.519	0.549	0.579	[
BLUE	BX	0.128	0.158	0.188	[
	BY	0.118	0.148	0.178	[
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343	[
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359			
Viewing Angle	[]	5	
x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	60	-	-	degree		
x axis, left (Φ =180°)	Θl	60	-		degree		
y axis, up (Φ =90°)	Θu	40	-		degree		
y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd	50	-	-	degree		
Gray Scale							



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Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.

 $L_{WH} = Average(L_1, L_2, \dots, L_5)$

3. The variation in surface luminance , The panel total variation (δ_{WHITE}) is determined by measuring L_N at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as followed numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

 $\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(L_1, L_2, \ \dots \ L_{13})}{\text{Minimum}(L_1, L_2, \ \dots \ L_{13})}$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time, Tr_R) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.

6. Gray scale spec	ification
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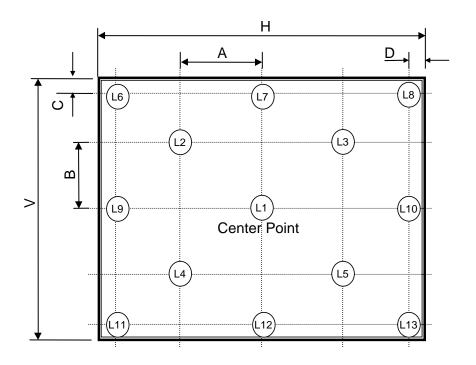
* $f_V = 60Hz$

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.1
L7	2.0
L15	7.6
L23	15.7
L31	25.6
L39	39.0
L47	55.6
L55	76.2
L63	100



FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>



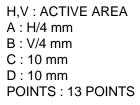
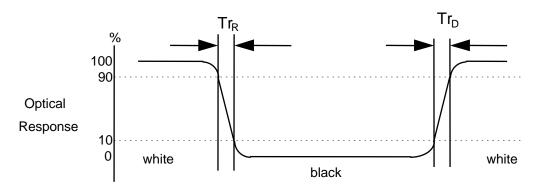


FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".





5. Mechanical Characteristics

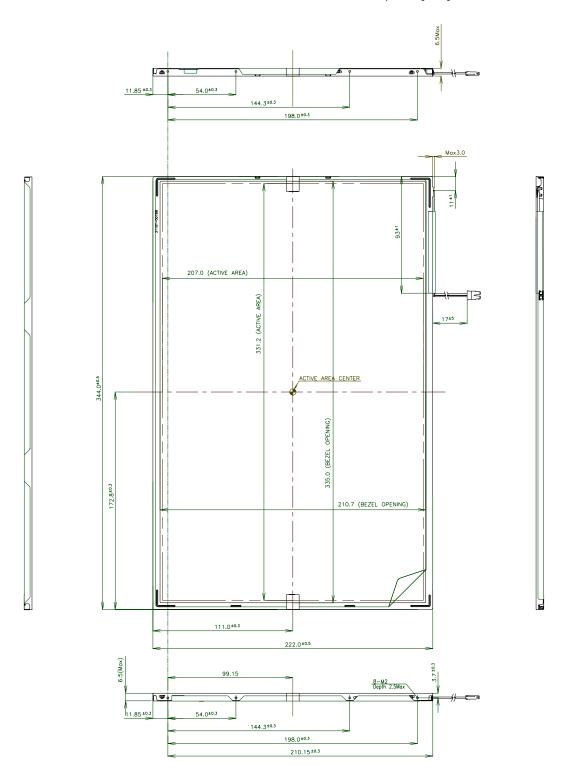
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP154WU1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	$344.0\pm0.5\text{mm}$			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	$222.0\pm0.5\text{mm}$			
	Depth	$6.2(typ)\pm0.3mm$			
Bezel Area	Horizontal	$335.0\pm0.5\text{mm}$			
	Vertical	$210.7\pm0.5\text{mm}$			
Active Display Area	Horizontal	331.2 mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	207.0 mm			
Weight	560 g (Max.) without inverter & bracket				
Surface Treatment	Glare treatment of the front polarizer				



<FRONT VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: $\pm \ 0.5 \text{mm}$

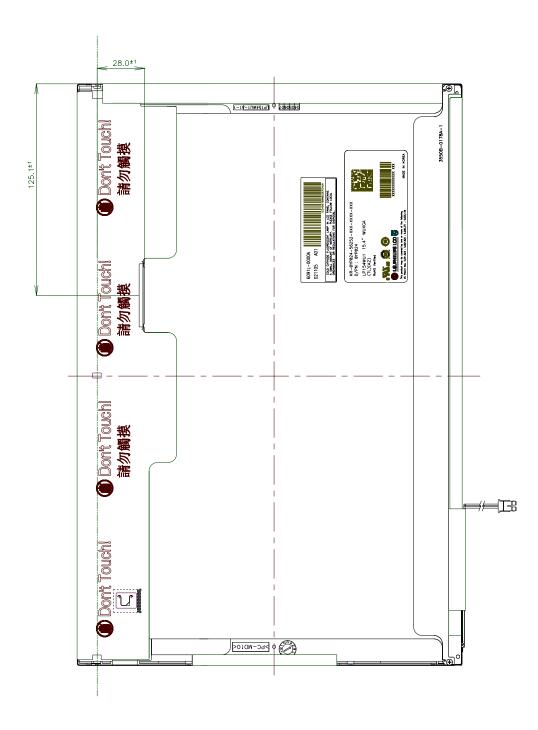


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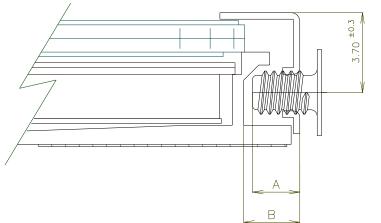
<REAR VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: $\pm \ 0.5 \text{mm}$





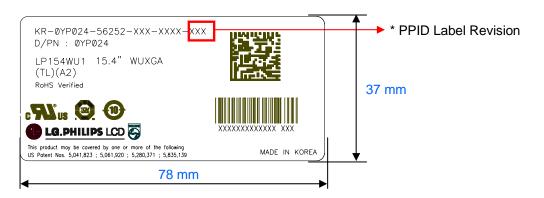
[DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW]



* Mounting Screw Length (A) = 2.0(Min) / 2.5(Max)

- * Mounting Screw Hole Depth (B) = 2.5(Min)
- * Mounting hole location : 3.7(typ.)
- * Torque : 2.5 kgf.cm(Max)
- (Measurement gauge : torque meter)
- Notes : 1. Screw plated through the method of non-electrolytic nickel plating is preferred to reduce possibility that results in vertical and/or horizontal line defect due to the conductive particles from screw surface.

[DETAIL INFORMATION OF PPID LABEL AND REVISION CODE]



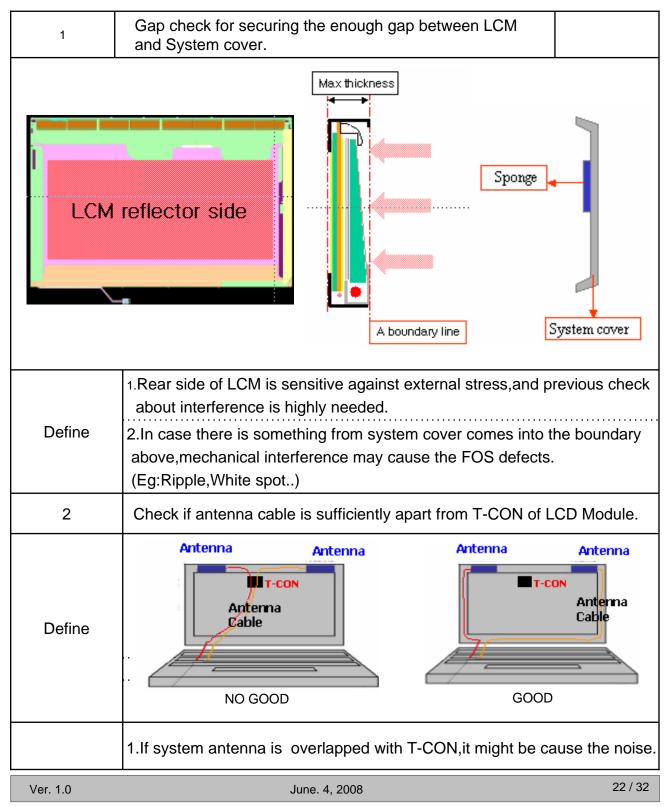
* PPID Label Revision :

It is subject to change with Dell event. Please refer to the below table for detail.

Classification	No Change	1st Revision	2nd Revision	 9th Revision	
SST(WS)	X00	X01	X02	 A09	
PT(ES)	X10	X11	X12	 A19	
ST(CS)	X20	X21	X22	 A29	
XB(MP)	A00	A01	A02	 A09	

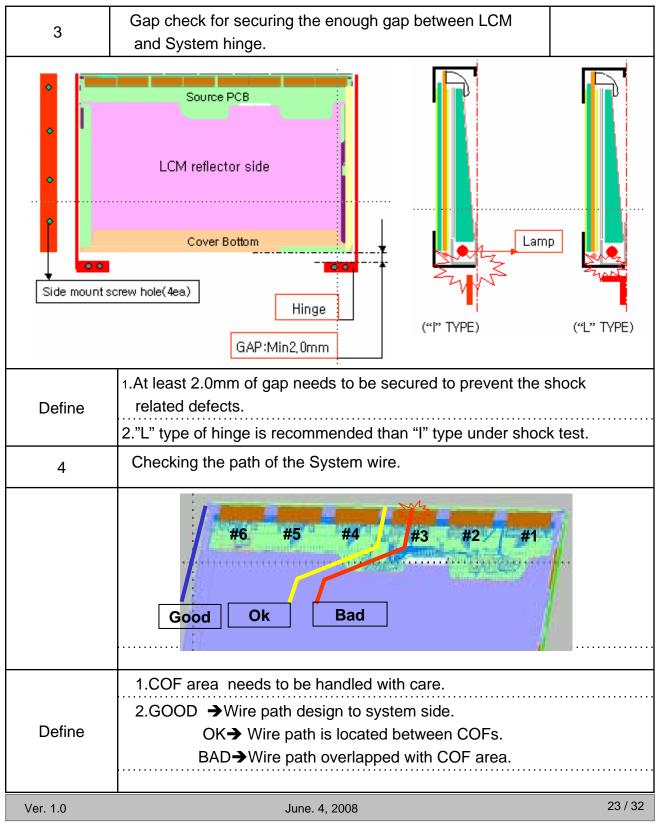


LPL Proposal for system cover design.(Appendix)



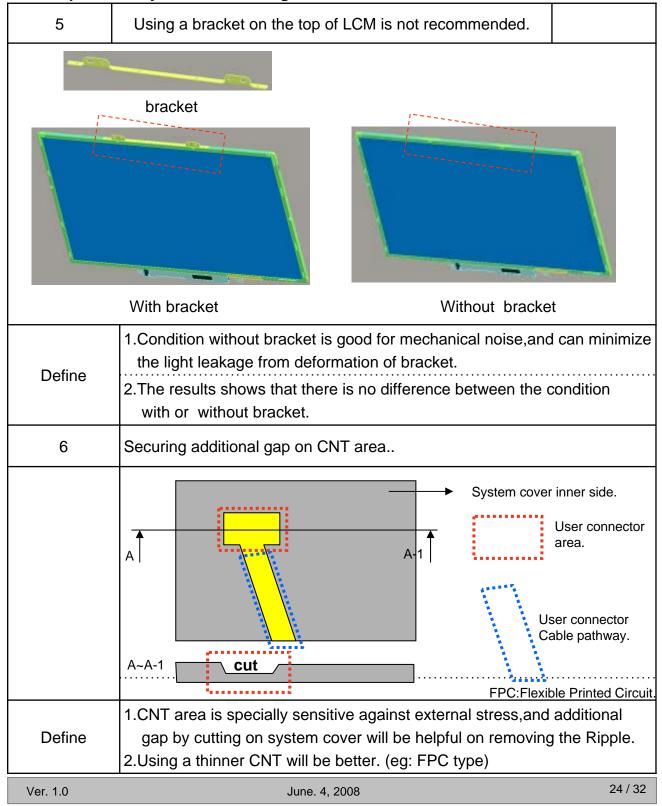


LPL Proposal for system cover design.





LPL Proposal for system cover design.





6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions				
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h				
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h				
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h				
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h				
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis				
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 6ms for all six faces)				
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr				

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC) European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

7-2. EMC

a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992

b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.

c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)

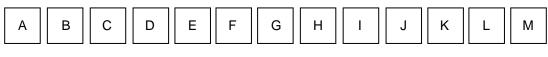
🕒 LG Display

Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)
E : MONTH

D : YEAR F ~ M : SERIAL NO.

Note 1. YEAR

						1				
Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

- a) Package quantity in one box : 20 pcs
- b) Box Size : 395mm × 390mm × 309mm



9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental)
- to the polarizer.)(7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm 200 mV$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.



9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.

Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.

- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID[™]) 1/3

	Byte		Value	Value
	(hex)	Field Name and Comments	(hex)	(binary)
	0	Header	00	00000000
	1	Header	FF	11111111
G.	2	Header	FF	11111111
Header	3	Header	FF	11111111
	4	Header	FF	11111111
	5	Header	FF	11111111
	6	Header	FF	11111111
	7	Header	00	0000000
	8	EISA manufacture code = 3 Character ID=LPL EISA manufacture code (Compressed ASCII)	0C	00110010 00001100
	9 0A	Panel Supplier Reserved – Product Code	00	00000001
Vendor / Product EDID Version	0A 0B	Panel Supplier Reserved – Product Code	2D	00101101
endor / Produc EDID Version	0D 0C	LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used)	00	00000000
Pro	0C	LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used)	00	00000000
L C	0E	LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used)	00	00000000
DIC	0F	LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used)	00	00000000
√eı E]	10	Week of manufacture	00	00000000
-	11	Year of manufacture =2008	12	00010010
	12	EDID structure version # = 1	01	00000001
	13	EDID revision # = 3	03	00000011
~	14	Video I/P definition = Digital I/P (80h)	90	10010000
Display Parameters	15	Max H image size =33.12cm (Rounded to cm) (33)	21	00100001
am	16	Max V image size $=20.7$ (Rounded to cm) (21)	15	00010101
D D	17	Display gamma = $(gamma \times 100)-100 = Example: (2.2 \times 100) - 100 = 120$	78	01111000
	18	Feature support (no DPMS, Active off, RGB, timing BLK 1)	0A	00001010
	19	Red/Green Low bit (RxRy/GxGy)	BA	10111010
	1A	Blue/White Low bit (BxBy/WxWy)	70	01110000
e s	1B	Red X Rx = 0.596	98	10011000
olo ate	1C	Red Y Ry = 0.351	59	01011001
Panel Color Coordinates	1D	Green X $Gx = 0.323$	52	01010010
ne	1E	Green Y $Gy = 0.549$	8C	10001100
\widetilde{C} Pa	1F	Blue X $Bx = 0.158$	28	00101000
	20	Blue Y $By = 0.148$	25	00100101
	21	White X $Wx = 0.313$	50 54	01010000
ned gs	22 23	White Y Wy = 0.329 Established timings 1 (00h if not used)	00	01010100
Established Timings	24	Established timings 2 (00h if not used)	00	00000000
щ	25	Manufacturer's timings (00h if not used)	00	00000000
	26	Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	27	Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	28	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	29	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
8	2A	Standard timing ID3 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
ng	2B	Standard timing ID3 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	2C	Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
Standard Timing ID	2D	Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
arc	2E	Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
pun	2F	Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
Sta	30	Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	31 32	Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used) Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	00000001 00000001
	32	Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used) Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	0000001
	33	Standard timing ID7 (01n ii not used) Standard timing ID8 (01h if not used)	01	0000001
	34	Standard timing ID8 (01h if not used)	01	0000001
	- 55			0000001



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID[™]) 2/3

	Byte		Value	Value
	(hex)	Field Name and Comments	(hex)	(binary)
	36	Pixel Clock/10,000 164.9 (LSB)	6A	01101010
	37 38	Pixel Clock/10,000 164.9 (MSB) Horizontal Active = 1920 pixels (lower 8 bits)	40 80	01000000 10000000
	39	Horizontal Blanking (Thbp) = 244 pixels (lower 8 bits)	F4	11110100
	3A	Horizontal Active/Horizontal blanking (Thbp) (upper4:4 bits)	70	01110000
	3B	Vertical Active = 1200 lines	B0	10110000
	3C	Vertical Blanking (Tvbp) = 70 lines (DE Blanking typ. for DE only panels)	46 40	01000110
Ħ	3D 3E	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking (Tvbp) (upper4:4 bits) Horizontal Sync, Offset (Thfp) = 100 pixels	40 64	01000000 01100100
ŭ	3F	Horizontal Sync, Pulse Width = 44 pixels	2C	00101100
- fr	40	Vertical Sync, Offset (Tvfp) = 10 lines Sync Width = 20 lines	A4	10100100
ž	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2 bits	00	0000000
<u>а</u>	42 43	Horizontal Image Size =33.12 mm Vertical image Size = 20.7 mm	4B CF	01001011 11001111
Tining Descripter #1	43	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical image size	10	00010000
Ē	45	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	0000000
	46	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	47	Bit[7] 0: Non-interlace, 1: Interlace Bit[6:5] 00: Normal display, no strero, XX: see VESA EDID Spec 1.3 Bit[4:3] 00: Analog composite, 01: Bipolar analog composite, 10: Digital composite, 11: Digital separate Bit[2:1] :The interpretation of bits 2 and 1 is dependent on the decode of bits 4 and 3 - see VESA EDID Spec 1.3. Bit[0] :See VESA EDID Spec 1.3	19 00	00011001
	48 49	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	00	00000000
	49 4A	Horizontal Active = xxx pixels (lower 8 bits)	00	0000000
	4B	Horizontal Blanking (Thbp) = xxxx pixels (lower 8 bits)	00	00000000
	4C	Horizontal Active/Horizontal blanking (Thbp) (upper4:4 bits)	00	00000000
	4D 4E	Vertical Active = xxxx lines Vertical Blanking (Tvbp) = xxxx lines (DE Blanking typ. for DE only panels)	00	00000000
	4E 4F	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking (Tvbp) (upper4:4 bits)	00	00000000
	50	Horizontal Sync, Offset (Thfp) = xxxx pixels	00	00000000
а Ш	51	Horizontal Sync, Pulse Width = xxxx pixels	00	00000000
ğ	52	Vertical Sync, Offset (Tvfp) = xx lines Sync Width = xx lines	00	00000000
-dir	53 54	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2 bits Horizontal Image Size =xxx mm	00	00000000
Ă	55	Vertical image Size = xxx mm	00	00000000
ц ар	56	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical image size	00	00000000
lining Descripter #2	57 58	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD) Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
		 Bit[7] 0: Non-interlace, 1: Interlace Bit[6:5) 00: Normal display, no strero, XX: see VESA EDID Spec 1.3 Bit[4:3] 00: Analog composite, 01: Bipolar analog composite, 10: Digital composite, 11: Digital separate Bit[2:1] :The interpretation of bits 2 and 1 is dependent on the decode of bits 4 and 3 - see VESA EDID Spec 1.3. 		
	59	Bit[0] :See VESA EDID Spec 1.3	00	0000000
	5A 5B	Flag	00	00000000
	5B 5C	Flag	00	00000000
	5D	Data Type Tag: Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII)	FE	1111110
	5E	Flag	00	00000000
	5F	Dell P/N 1^{st} Character =Y	59	01011001
<u>6</u>	60	Dell P/N 2 nd Character=P	50	01011000
# H	61	Dell P/N 3 rd Character=0	30	00110000
Lo I	62	Dell P/N 4 th Character=2	32	00110000
DS -iii	63	Dell P/N 5 th Character=4	34	00110100
Timing Descripter #3 Dell specific informati	64	EDID Revision Bit[6:0] See charts below Bit[7] 0: X-rev, 1: A-rev	14	00010100
	65	Manufacturer P/N=1	31	00110001
	66	Manufacturer P/N=5	35	00110101
	67	Manufacturer P/N=4	34	00110100
	68	Manufacturer P/N=W	57	01010111
	69	Manufacturer P/N=U	55	01010101
	6A 6B	Manufacturer P/N=1 Manufacturer P/N (If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	31 0A	00110001 00001010
	UD	Manufacturer (1/19 (fr <15 chai, then terminate with ASCI code 0An, set remaining char = 20n)		0001010



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID[™]) 3/3

	Byte	Field Name and Comments	Value	Value
	(hex)	Field Name and Comments	(hex)	(binary)
	6C	Flag	00	00000000
	6D	Flag	00	00000000
	6E	Flag	00	00000000
	6F	Data Type Tag: Manufacturer Specified Data 00	00	00000000
	70	Flag	00	00000000
	71	SMBUS Value = 10 nits	28	00101000
	72	SMBUS Value = 17 nits	3E	00111110
	73	SMBUS Value = 24 nits	4C	01001100
.#4	74	SMBUS Value = 30 nits	53	01010011
pter	75	SMBUS Value = 60 nits	73	01110011
scrij	76	SMBUS Value = XXX nits	9B	10011011
Timing Descripter #4	77	SMBUS Value = XXX nits	BA	10111010
ng	78	SMBUS Value = max nits (Typically = FFh, XXX nits)	FF	11111111
Th	79	Bit[1:0] 00: reserved, 01: single LVDS, 10: dual LVDS, 11: reserved Bit[2] 0: No RTC support, 1: RTC support Bit[7:3] Reserved	02	00000010
	7A	Bit[0] 0: No BIST support, 1: BIST support Bit[7:1] Reserved	01	00000001
	7B	(If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	0A	00001010
	7C	(If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	20	00100000
	7D	(If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	20	00100000
Checksum	7E	Extension flag (# of optional 128 EDID extension blocks to follow, Typ = 0)	00	00000000
Ch	7F	Checksum (The 1-byte sum of all 128 bytes in this EDID block shall = 0)	1C	00011100