

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(•)	Preliminary	Specification
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() Final Specification

Title

1.11.0		
Customer	SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
MODEL	*MODEL	LP156WHB
	Suffix	TLA1

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

15.6" HD TFT LCD

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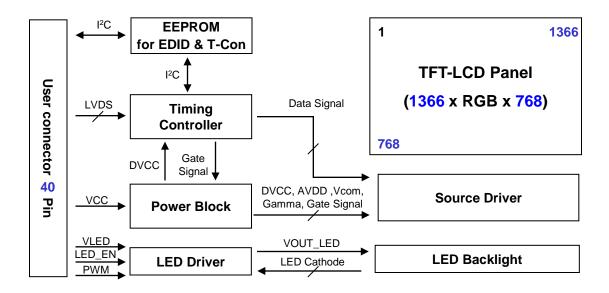
Record of Revisions

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID version
0.0	Jan. 06. 2014	All	First Draft (Preliminary Specification)	0.0



1. General Description

The LP156WHB is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral LED backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.6 inches diagonally measured active display area with HD resolution (1366 horizontal by 768 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue subpixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors. The LP156WHB has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI. The LP156WHB is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the subpixels, the LP156WHB characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



General Features

Active Screen Size	15.6 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	359.5(H, Typ.) × 217.2(V, Typ.) × 3.80(D, Max.) [mm] (with PCBA)
Pixel Pitch	0.252 mm X 0.252 mm
Pixel Format	1366 horiz. by 768 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	200 cd/m ² (Typ.)
Power Consumption	Total 2.8W (Typ.) Logic: 0.7W (Typ. @ Mosaic), B/L: 2.1W (Typ.)
Weight	400g (Max.)
Display Operating Mode	Normally white
Surface Treatment	Glare treatment (3H) of the front Polarizer
RoHS Compliance	Yes
BFR/PVC/As Free	Yes for all



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

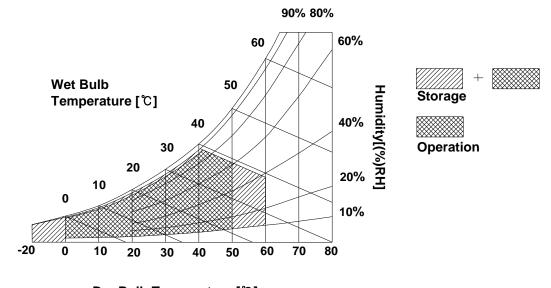
Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
raidilletei	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Notes	
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	V _{DC}	at 25 ± 2°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.

Note: 2. Storage Condition is guaranteed under packing condition.



Dry Bulb Temperature [℃]



3. Electrical Specifications

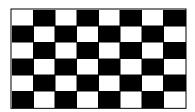
3-1. LCD Electrical Characteristics

Table 2. LCD ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

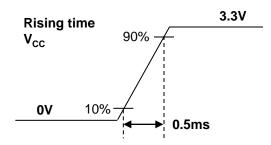
Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Notes
Power Supply Input Voltage		Vcc	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	1
Permissive Power Supply Input Ripple		Vccrp	-	-	100	mV_{p-p}	
Power Supply Input Current Mosaic		Icc	-	220	255	mA	2
Power Consumption		Pcc	-	0.7	0.8	W	2
Power Supply Inrush Current		Icc_p	-	-	1.5	Α	3
Differential Impedance		ZLVDS	90	100	110	Ω	

Note)

- 2. The specified I_{CC} current and power consumption are under the V_{CC} = 3.3V , 25 °C, fv = 60Hz condition and Mosaic pattern.



3. The V_{CC} rising time is same as the minimum of T1 at Power on sequence.





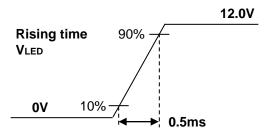
3-2. LED Backlight Electrical Characteristics

Table 3. LED B/L ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter		Symbol		Values		Unit	Notes
Para	i dianicici		Min	Тур	Max		
LED Power Input Vo	LED Power Input Voltage		7.0	12.0	21.0	V	1
LED Power Input Co	LED Power Input Current		-	175	193	mA	2
LED Power Consum	ption	PLED	-	2.1	2.3	W	2
LED Power Inrush Current		ILED_P	-	-	1.5	Α	3
PWM Duty Ratio			5	-	100	%	4
PWM Jitter	PWM Jitter		0	-	0.2	%	5
PWM Frequency		Fрwм	200	-	1000	Hz	6
PWM	High Level Voltage	V _{PWM_H}	2.5	-	3.6	V	
PVVIVI	Low Level Voltage	V _{PWM_L}	0	-	0.3	V	
LED EN	High Voltage	VLED_EN_H	2.5	-	3.6	V	
LED_EN	Low Voltage	VLED_EN_L	0	-	0.3	V	
Life Time			12,000	-	-	Hrs	7

Note)

- 1. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under 25 °C.
- 2. The current and power consumption with LED Driver are under the $V_{LED} = 12.0 \text{V}$, 25°C , PWM Duty 100% and White pattern with the normal frame frequency operated(60Hz).
- 3. The V_{LED} rising time is same as the minimum of T13 at Power on sequence.



- 4. The operation of LED Driver below minimum dimming ratio may cause flickering or reliability issue.
- 5. If Jitter of PWM is bigger than maximum, it may induce flickering.
- 6. This Spec. is not effective at 100% dimming ratio as an exception because it has DC level equivalent to 0Hz. In spite of acceptable range as defined, the PWM Frequency should be fixed and stable for more consistent brightness control at any specific level desired.
- 7. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of LCD is 50% compare to that of minimum value specified in table 7. under general user condition.

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3-3. Interface Connections

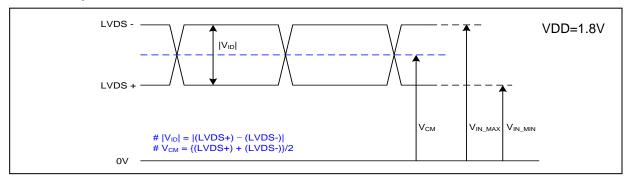
Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol Description		Notes
1	NC	No Connection	
2	VCC	LCD Logic and driver power (3.3V Typical)	
3	VCC	LCD Logic and driver power (3.3V Typical)	
4	V EDID	DDC power (3.3V)	
5	NC	No Connection	
6	CLK EDID	DDC clock	
7	DATA EDID	DDC data	
8	Х0-	Negative LVDS differential data input for pixel	
9	X0+	Positive LVDS differential data input for pixel	
10	GND	High speed ground	
11	X1-	Negative LVDS differential data input for pixel	
12	X1+	Positive LVDS differential data input for pixel	[Connector]
13	GND	High speed ground	LSM, GT05Q-40S-H10
14	X2-	Negative LVDS differential data input for pixel	or equivalent
15	X2+	Positive LVDS differential data input for pixel	
16	GND	High speed ground	
17	XC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input for pixel	
18	XC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input for pixel	[Connector pin arrangement]
19	GND	High speed ground	Pin 40 Pin 1
20	NC	No Connection	
21	NC	No Connection	
22	GND	High Speed Ground	
23	NC	No Connection	
24	NC	No Connection	
25	GND	High Speed Ground	
26	NC	No Connection	
27	NC	No Connection	[EDID & LGD P-Vcom Share pin]
28	GND	High Speed Ground	1. Pin for EDID & P-Vcom : #6, #7
29	NC	No Connection	2. P-Vcom Address : 0101000x
30	NC	No Connection	
31	BL_GND	LED Backlight ground	
32	BL_GND	LED Backlight ground	
33	BL_GND	LED Backlight ground	
34	NC	No Connection	
35	BL PWM	System PWM signal input for dimming	
36	BL ENABLE	LED Backlight on/off control	
37	NC	No Connection	
38	VLED	LED Backlight power (12V Typical)	
39	VLED	LED Backlight power (12V Typical)	
40	VLED	LED Backlight power (12V Typical)	



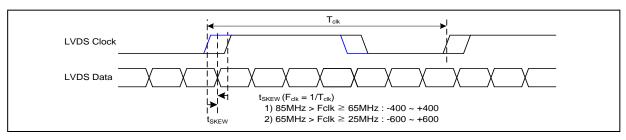
3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications

3-3-1. DC Specification



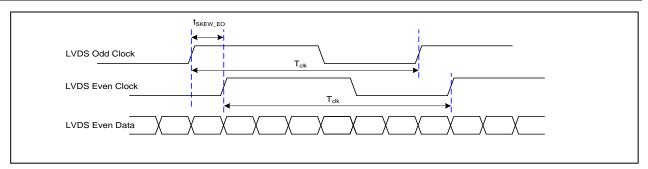
Description	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	100	-	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V _{CM}	V _{ID} /2	1.2	VDD- V _{ID} /2	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	0.3	-	VDD	V	-

3-3-2. AC Specification

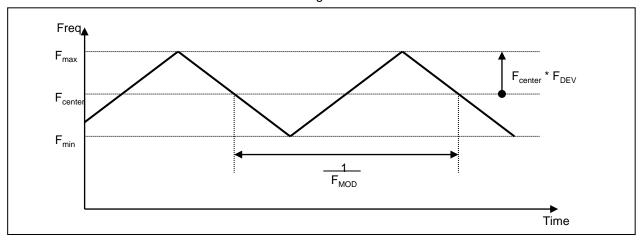


Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skow Margin	t _{SKEW}	- 400	+ 400	ps	85MHz > Fclk ≥ 65MHz
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t _{SKEW}	- 600	+ 600	ps	65MHz > Fclk ≥ 25MHz
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	t _{SKEW_EO}	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T _{clk}	-
Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during SSC	F _{DEV}	-	± 3	%	-
Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during SSC	F _{MOD}	-	200	KHz	-





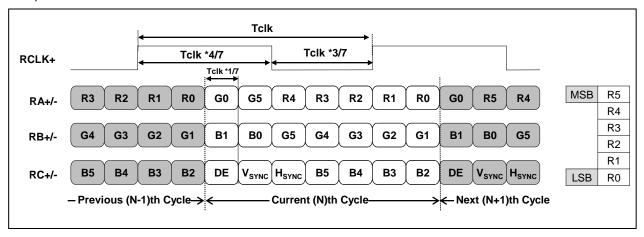
< Clock skew margin between channel >



3-3-3. Data Format

< Spread Spectrum >

1) LVDS 1 Port



< LVDS Data Format >



3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

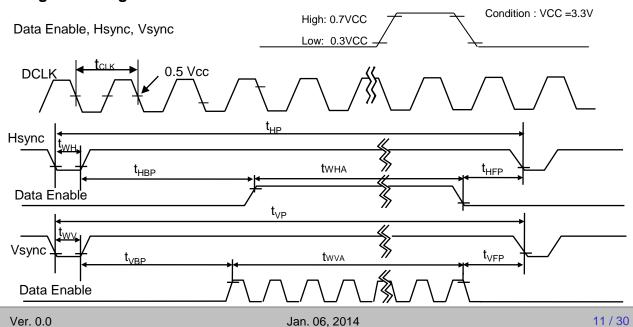
This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

ITEM Symbol Min Unit Note Тур Max **DCLK** 76.32 Frequency MHz f_{CLK} 1594 Period 1610 1626 t_{HP} 24 32 40 Hsync Width t_{WH} t_{CLK} Width-Active 1366 t_{WHA} Period 787 790 793 t_{VP} Vsync Width 4 5 6 t_{WV} t_{HP} Width-Active 768 t_{WVA} 160 164 168 Horizontal back porch t_{HBP} t_{CLK} 44 48 52 Horizontal front porch Data t_{HFP} Enable 13 14 15 Vertical back porch t_{VBP} t_{HP} 2 3 4 Vertical front porch t_{V/FP}

Table 4. TIMING TABLE

Notice. all reliabilities are specified for timing specification based on refresh rate of 60Hz. However, LP156WHB has a good actual performance even at lower refresh rate (e.g. 40Hz or 50Hz) for power saving Mode, whereas LP156WHB is secured only for function under lower refresh rate. 60Hz at Normal mode, 50Hz, 40Hz at Power save mode. Don't care Flicker level (Power save mode).

3-5. Signal Timing Waveforms





3-6. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 5. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	ut Co	olor E	ata							
	Color			RE	ED					GRI	EEN					BL	UE		
	30.0.	MSE	3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																			
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																			
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1



3-7. Power Sequence

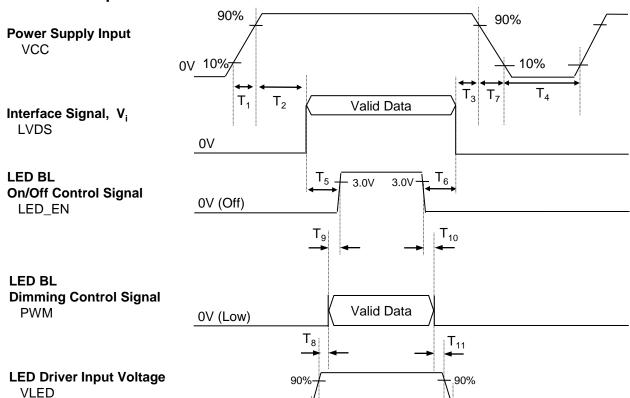


Table 6. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Cumbal		Value		Unito	Cumbal		Value		Units
Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units
T ₁	0.5	-	10	ms	T ₈	10	-	-	ms
T ₂	0	-	50	ms	T ₉	0	-	-	ms
T ₃	0	-	50	ms	T ₁₀	0	-	-	ms
T ₄	500	-	-	ms	T ₁₁	10	-	-	ms
T ₅	200	-	-	ms	T ₁₂	0.5	-	10	ms
T ₆	200	-	-	ms	T ₁₃	0.5	-	10	ms
T ₇	0.5	-	10	ms					

Note)

- 1. Do not insert the mating cable when system turn on.
- 2. Valid Data have to meet "3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications"

0V

- 3. LVDS, LED_EN and PWM need to be on pull-down condition on invalid status.
- 4. LGD recommend the rising sequence of VLED after the Vcc and valid status of LVDS turn on.

10%

 T_{13}



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 20 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and Θ equal to 0° .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

Optical Stage(x,y)

1°

500mm±50mm

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, fv=60Hz

_		0		Values		11	Neder	
P	arameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes	
Contrast Ratio		CR	400	500	-		1	
Surface Lumina	ance, white	L _{WH}	170	200	-	cd/m ²	2	
Luminance Var	intion	δ _{WHITE (5P)}	-	1.2	1.4		3	
Lummance var	lation	δ _{WHITE(13P)}	-	1.4	1.6	-	3	
Response Time)	Tr + Tf	-	16	25	ms	4	
	RED	Rx		0.578				
	RED	Ry		0.344				
	CDEEN	Gx		0.337				
Color	GREEN	Gy	Typical	0.571	Typical			
Coordinates	DLUE	Bx	- 0.03	0.159	+ 0.03			
	BLUE	Ву		0.12				
	VA/LUTE	Wx		0.313				
	WHITE	Wy		0.329				
	x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	40	-	-			
Viewing Angle	x axis, left (Φ=180°)	ΘΙ	40	-	-] Damaa	5	
	y axis, up (Φ=90°)	Θu	10	-	-	Degree		
	y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd	30	-	-			
Gray Scale							6	



Note)

1. It should be measured in the center of screen(1 Point). Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2.

$$L_{WH}$$
 = Average(1,2, ... 5 Point)

3. The variation in surface luminance, The panel total variation (δ WHITE) is determined by measuring N at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as following numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta \text{ WHITE (5P)} = \frac{\text{Maximum (1,2, ... 5 Point)}}{\text{Minimum (1,2, ... 5 Point)}} \qquad \delta \text{ WHITE (13P)} = \frac{\text{Maximum (1,2, ... 13 Point)}}{\text{Minimum (1,2, ... 13 Point)}}$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time, Tr) and from black to white (falling time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

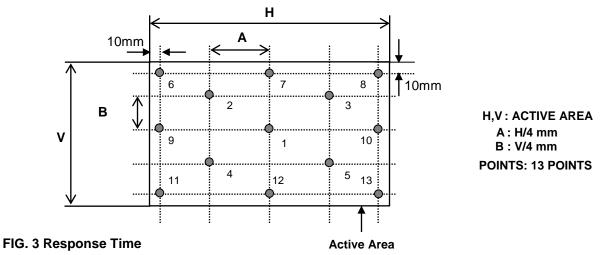
Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	TBD
L7	TBD
L15	TBD
L23	TBD
L31	TBD
L39	TBD
L47	TBD
L55	TBD
L63	100

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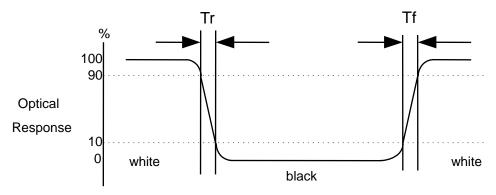


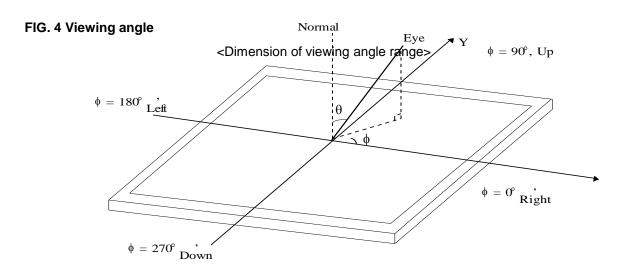
FIG. 2 Luminance

<Measuring point for Average Luminance & measuring point for Luminance variation>



The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".







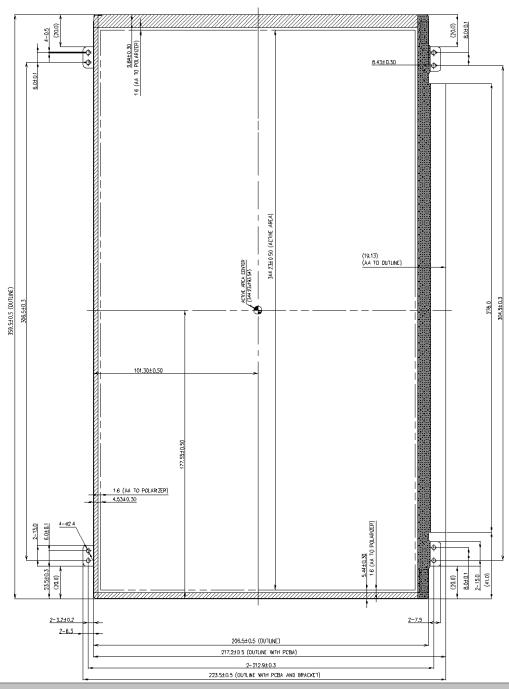
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP156WHB. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	359.5 ± 0.5 mm				
Outline Dimension	Vertical	217.2 ± 0.5 mm (with PCBA)				
	Thickness	3.8 mm (max)				
Bezel Area	Horizontal	347.5 ± 0.5 mm				
Dezei Area	Vertical	196.8 ± 0.5 mm				
Active Diopley Area	Horizontal	344.23 mm				
Active Display Area	Vertical	193.54 mm				
Weight	400g (Max.)					
Surface Treatment	Hard Coating(3H), Glare treatment of the front polarizer					



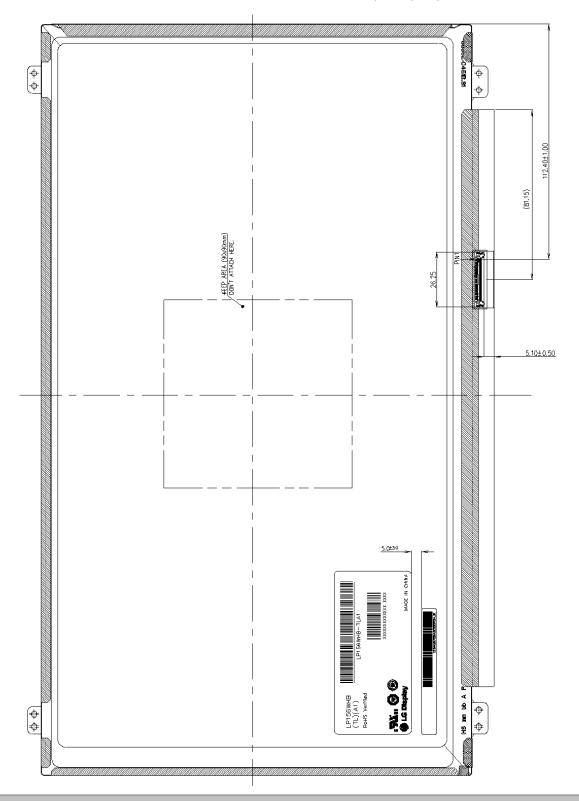






<REAR VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: \pm 0.5mm





6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions						
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h						
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h						
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h						
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h						
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Random, 1.0Grms, 10 ~ 300Hz(PSD 0.0035) 3 axis, 30min/axis						
6	Shock test (non-operating)	 No functional or cosmetic defects following a shock to all 6 sides delivering at least 180 G in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to the display module No functional defects following a shock delivering at least 200 g in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to each of 6 sides. Each of the 6 sides will be shock tested with one each display, for a total of 6 displays 						
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr						

[{] Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1, Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
 Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-07, Canadian Standards Association.
 Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.
- c) EN 60950-1, European Committee for Electro technical Standardization (CENELEC). Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.
- d) IEC 60950-1, The International Electro technical Commission (IEC).
 Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements

7-2. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the council of 8 June 2011



8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--

A,B,C: SIZE(INCH) D: YEAR

E: MONTH $F \sim M$: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Mark	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	Ð	Η	J	K

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 20 pcs

b) Box Size: 478 x 365 x 328



9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 - Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.
- (10) When handling the LCD module, it needs to handle with care not to give mechanical stress to the PCB and Mounting Hole area."

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm\ 200mV(Over\ and\ under\ shoot\ voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.



9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

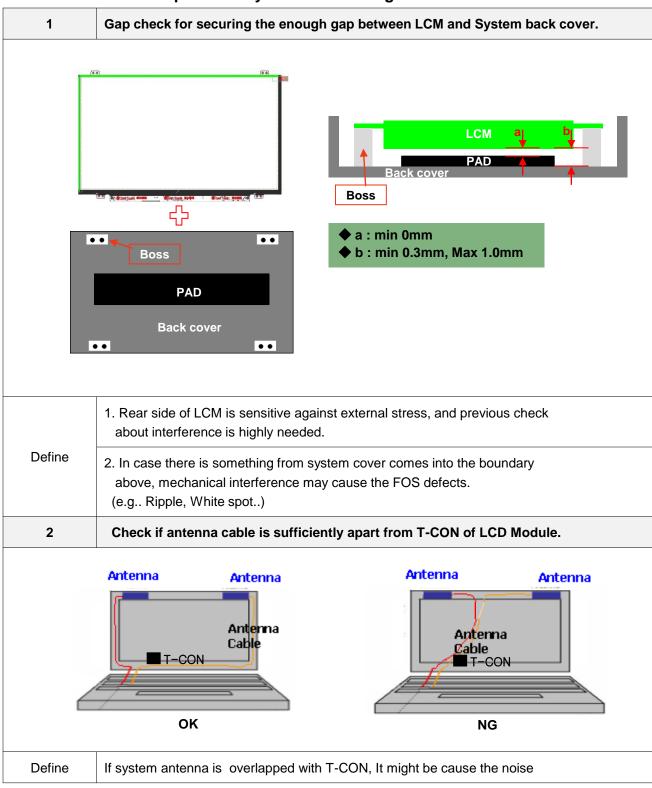
9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
 - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

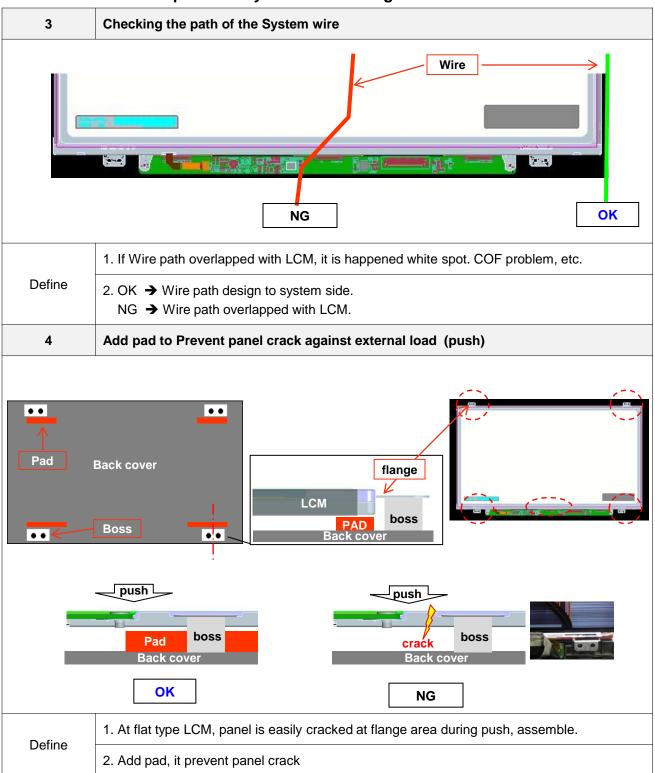
9-7. THE LGD QA RESPONSIBILITY WILL BE AVOIDED IN CASE OF BELOW

- (1) When the customer attaches TSM(Touch Sensor Module) on LCM without Supplier's approval.
- (2) When the customer attaches cover glass on LCM without Supplier's approval.
- (3) When the LCMs were repaired by 3rd party without Supplier's approval.
- (4) When the LCMs were treated like Disassemble and Rework by the Customer and/or Customer's representatives without supplier's approval.

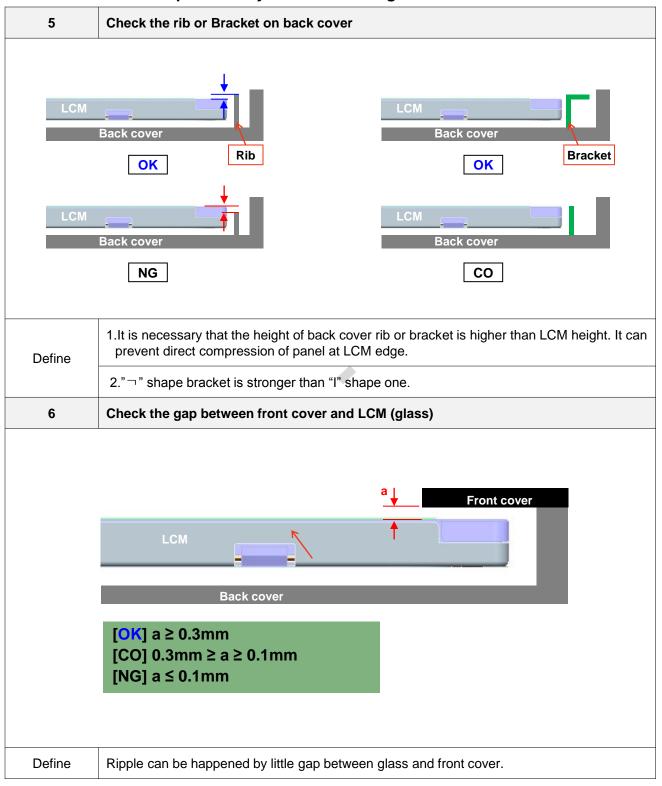




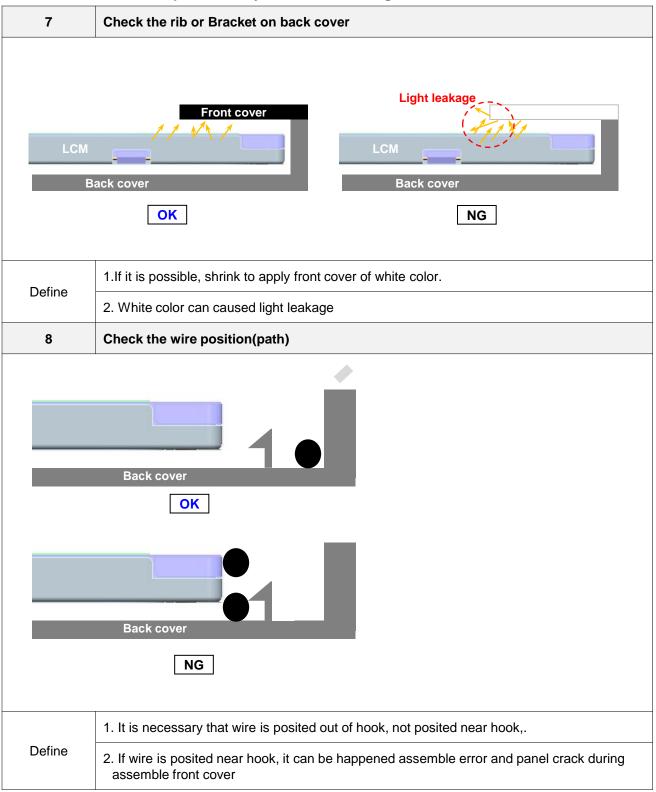




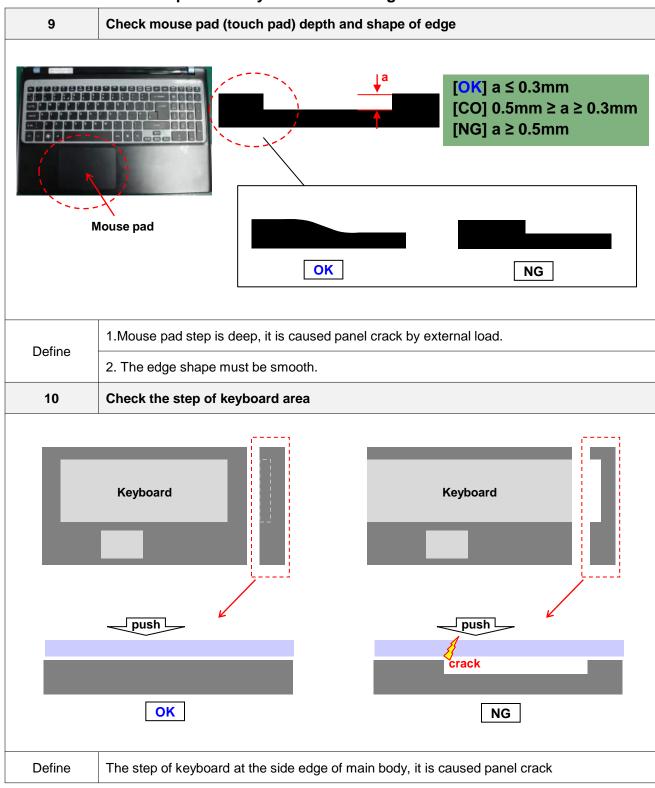




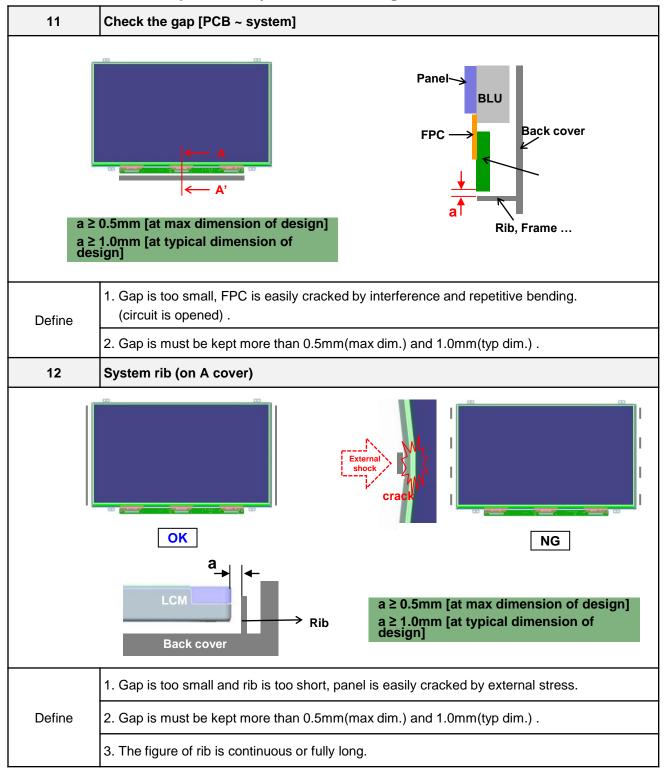














APPENDIX B. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3



APPENDIX B. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3



APPENDIX B. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3