

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(
Preliminary Specification

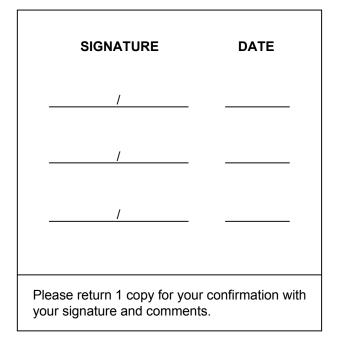
() Final Specification

	Title	6.4" VGA TFT LCD
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BUYER	
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD CO., Ltd.
*MODEL	LB064V02
SUFFIX	B1

*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix







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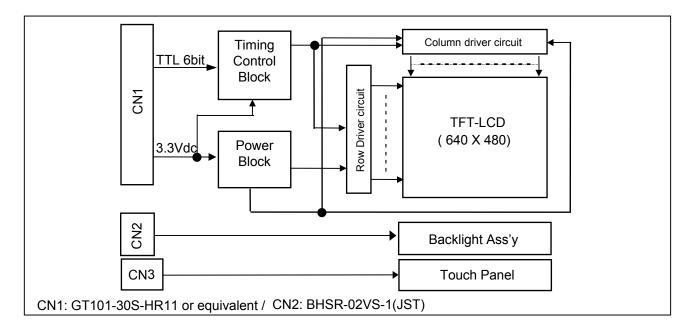
RECORDS OF REVISIONS

0.0 DEC 31,2002 - First Draft Modified a electrical characteristics - P_C, V_{BL}, Vs, f_{BL}, Ts, P_{BL}, Lamp Life time Modified a mechanical draw by Buyer request 	Revision No	Revision No	Revision No	Page	DESCRIPTION
	0.0	DEC 31,2002	0.0	- 6	 First Draft Modified a electrical characteristics P_C , V_{BL} , Vs, f_{BL}, Ts, P_{BL}, Lamp Life time



1. General Description

The LB064V02-B1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 6.4 inches diagonally measured active display area with VGA resolution(480 vertical by 640 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors. The LB064V02-B1 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power consumption, weight and thickness are critical factors and graphic display are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LB064V02-B1 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as portable Computer.



General Features

Active screen size	6.4 inches (163.2mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	145.5(H) x 111.5(V) x 6.7(D) mm(Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.204 mm x 0.204mm
Pixel format	640 horiz. By 480 vert. Pixels RGB stripes arrangement
Color depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, white	200 cd/m ² (Typ.)
Power Consumption	2.275 Watt (Typ.)
Weight	175g(Тур.)
Display operating mode	Transmissive mode, Normally white
Surface treatments	Anti-glare & Hard coating(3H)

Jan. 27, 2003



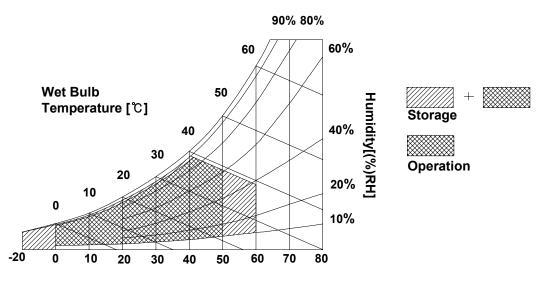
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Parameter	ovmbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes			
Farameter	symbol	Min.	Max.	Units				
Power Input Voltage Operating Temperature Storage Temperature Operating Ambient Humidity Storage Humidity	V _{CC} T _{OP} T _{ST} H _{OP} H _{ST}	-0.3 0 -20 10 10	4.0 50 60 90 90	Vdc °C °C %RH %RH	At 25 ± 5°C 1 1 1 1			

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max, and no condensation of water.



Dry Bulb Temperature [℃]



3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LB064V02-B1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Parameter	Symbol		Values	Units	Notes	
raiameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onits	Notes
MODULE : Power Supply Input Voltage Power Supply Input Current Power Consumption	V _{CC} I _{CC} P _C	3.0 120 -	3.3 150 0.495	3.6 180 0.594	Vdc mA Watts	1 1
LAMP : Operating Voltage Operating Current Established Starting Voltage at 25 °C at 0 °C Operating Frequency Discharge Stabilization Time Power Consumption Life Time	V _{BL} I _{BL} V _S f _{BL} T _s P _{BL}	- - 40 - 30,000	355 5.0 - 60 1.78 -	- 1000 1200 80 1 -	V _{RMS} mA V _{RMS} V _{RMS} kHz Minutes Watts Hrs	2 3 4 5 6 7 8
TOUCH PANEL Operating Voltage		-	5	-	Vdc	9

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note : The design of the inverter must have specification for the lamp in LCD Assembly.

The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter(no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in you instrument.

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{CC}=3.3V, 25°C,f_V=60Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.
- 2. The variance of the voltage is \pm 10%.
- 3. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- 4. The voltage above V_s should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.



- 5. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 6. Let's define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%. T_s is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 7. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter.
- The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
- 8. The life is determined as the time at which brightness of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at **the typical lamp current** on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C.
- 9. Optimum Touch Panel Operating voltage value :
 - The referred characteristics such as power consumption, max current are highly dependent on touch controller specification.
 - for reference only
 - 1) resistance : 300Ω
 - 2) voltage : 5V
 - 3) max current : less than 16.7mA



3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model GT101-30S-HR11 manufactured by LG Cable.

The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
$ \begin{array}{c} 1\\ 2\\ 3\\ 4\\ 5\\ 6\\ 7\\ 8\\ 9\\ 10\\ 11\\ 12\\ 13\\ 14\\ 15\\ 16\\ 17\\ 18\\ 19\\ 20\\ 21\\ 22\\ 23\\ 24\\ 25\\ 26\\ 27\\ 28\\ 29\\ 30\\ \end{array} $	GND VCC VCC GND DCLK DE VSYNC HSYNC GND R0 R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 GND G0 G1 G2 G3 G4 G5 GND B0 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 GND	Ground Power (3.3V) Power (3.3V) Ground Data Input Clock Data Enable Signal Vertical Sync Signal Horizontal Sync Signal Ground Red Data 0[LSB] Red Data 1 Red Data 2 Red Data 3 Red Data 4 Red Data 5[MSB] Green Data 0[LSB] Green Data 1 Green Data 2 Green Data 3 Green Data 4 Green Data 5[MSB] Ground Blue Data 0[LSB] Blue Data 1 Blue Data 2 Blue Data 3 Blue Data 3 Blue Data 4 Blue Data 4 Blue Data 5[MSB] Ground	 1. Connector 1.1 LCD : GT101-30S-HR11 (LG Cable) 1.2 Mating : FI-X30M (JAE) or equivalent 2.3 Connector pin arrangement

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST. The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 by JST or equivalent.

The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

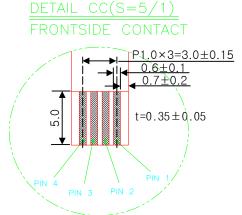
Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp(High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp(Low voltage side)	1

Table 4. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION

Notes : 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored pink. The low voltage side terminal is white.



<DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF TAIL(CN3) FOR TOUCH SCREEN>



NOTES 2. TERMINAL (DETAIL CC, TOUCH SCREEN 4 WIRE PIN CONFIG.) SIGNAL DIAGRAM (FRONT VIEW) PIN SIGNAL YU 1 XL 2 XR XR XL 3 YU 4 YD YD

3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

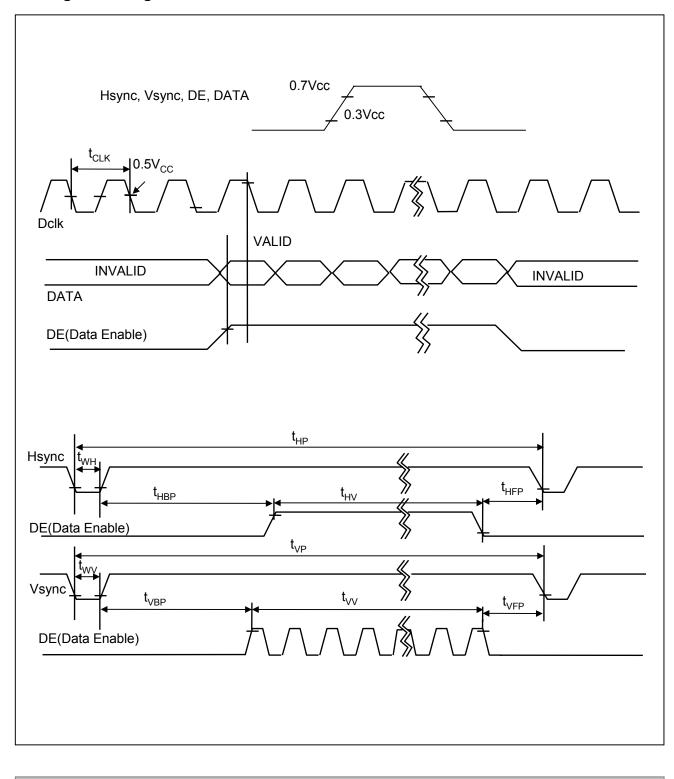
This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

	ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTES
Dclk	Period	t _{CLK}	35	39.7	46	ns	
DCIK	Frequency	fclk	22	25	28	MHz	
Hsync	Period	t _{HP}	696	800	880	+	
пзупс	Width	t _{WH}	24	96	144	t _{CLK}	
Period		t _{VP}	486	525	-	t _{HP}	
Vsync	Frequency	f _v	55	60	65	Hz	
	Width	t _{wv}	2	2	-	t _{HP}	
DE	Horizontal Valid	t _{H∨}	640	640	640	t _{CLK}	
(Data	Horizontal Back Porch	t _{HBP}	16	40	-		
	Horizontal Front Porch	t _{HFP}	16	24	-		
	Horizontal Blank	-	56	160	t _{HP} - t _{HV}		t _{WH} + t _{HBP} + t _{HFP}
	Vertical Valid	t _{vv}	480	480	480	t _{HP}	
	Vertical Back Porch	t _{VBP}	2	33	-		
	Vertical Front Porch	t _{vFP}	2	10	-		
	Vertical Blank	-	6	45	t_{VP} - t_{VV}		t_{WV} + t_{VBP} + t_{VFP}

1. Hsync Period and Hsync Width-Active should be even number times of t_{CLK} . If the value is odd number times of t_{CLK} , display control signal can be asynchronous



3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms





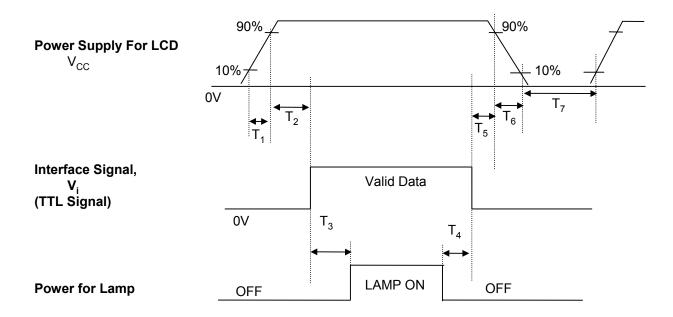
3-5. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

									Inpu	ut Co	lor D	ata							
-		Red MSB LSB M				MSE	Green MSB LSB					Blue MSB LSB							
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Colors	Black Red(63) Green(63) Blue(63) Cyan Magenta Yellow White	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 0 1
Red	Red(00) Dark Red(01) Red(02) : Red(61) Red(62) Red(63) Bright	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1	0 1 0 : 1 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0
Green	Green(00)Dark Green(01) Green(02) : Green(61) Green(62) Green(63)Bright	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 1 1	0 0 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1	0 1 0 : 1 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0
Blue	Blue(00) Dark Blue(01) Blue(02) : Blue(61) Blue(62) Blue(63) Bright	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0	0 0 : 0 0	0 0 : 1 1 1	0 0 : 1 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1	0 1 0 : 1 0 1



3-6. Power Sequence



Parameter		Units			
Faiametei	Min.	Min. Typ.		Units	
$\begin{array}{c} T_1\\T_2\\T_3\end{array}$	- 0 200	- -	10 50	ms ms ms	
T_4 T_5	200	-	- 50	ms ms	
T ₆	- 400	-	10	ms	
T ₇	400	-	-	115	

- Notes : 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
 - 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD $\rm V_{\rm CC}$ to 0V.
 - 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.

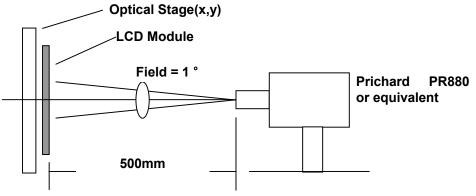


4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °.

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method



(Ta=25 °C, V_{CC} =3.3V, f_V =60Hz Dclk=25MHz, I_{BI} =5mA)

Parameter	Symbol		Values		Units	Notes			
Falameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	NOLES			
Contrast Ratio	CR	-	TBD	-		1			
Surface Luminance, white	L _{WH}	TBD	200	-	cd/m ²	2			
Luminance Variation	δ_{WHITE}	-	1.4	1.6		3			
Response Time Rise Time Decay Time	Tr Tr _R Tr _D	-	15 30	30 50	ms	4			
CIE Color Coordinates Red Green Blue White	Rx Ry Gx Bx By Wx Wy	- - - -	TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD TBD						
Viewing Angle x axis, right(φ=0°) x axis, left (φ=180°) y axis, up (φ=90°) y axis, down (φ=270°)	θr θl θu θd	40 40 10 30	45 45 15 35	- - - -	degree	5			
Gray Sclae	-	-	-	-		6			

Table 8. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS



Notes: 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

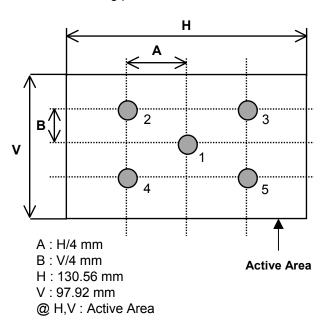
- Surface luminance is the center point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2. When I_{BL}=5mA, L_{WH}=TBD cd/m²(Min.) 200cd/m²(Typ.)
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is determined by measuring L_{ON} at each test position 1 through 5, and then dividing the maximum L_{ON} of 5 points luminance by minimum L_{ON} of 5 points luminance. For more information see FIG 2. δ WHITE = Maximum(L_{ON1},L_{ON2},, L_{ON5}) \div Minimum(L_{ON1},L_{ON2},, L_{ON5})
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from to black(Rise Time, Tr_R) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 5. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.

Gray Level	Luminance(%) (Typ.)
LO	TBD
L7	TBD
L15	TBD
L23	TBD
L31	TBD
L39	TBD
L47	TBD
L55	TBD
L63	TBD

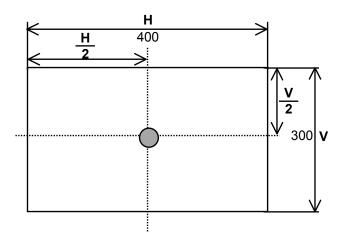
6. Gray scale specification



FIG. 2 Luminance



<measuring point for luminance variation>



<measuring point for surface luminance>

FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

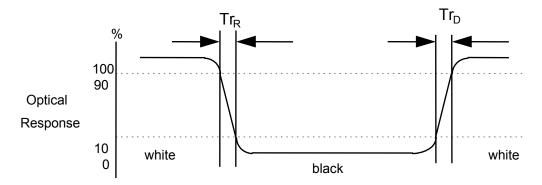
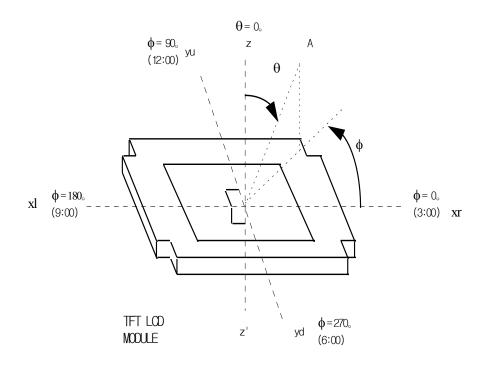




FIG. 4 Viewing angle

<dimension of viewing angle range>



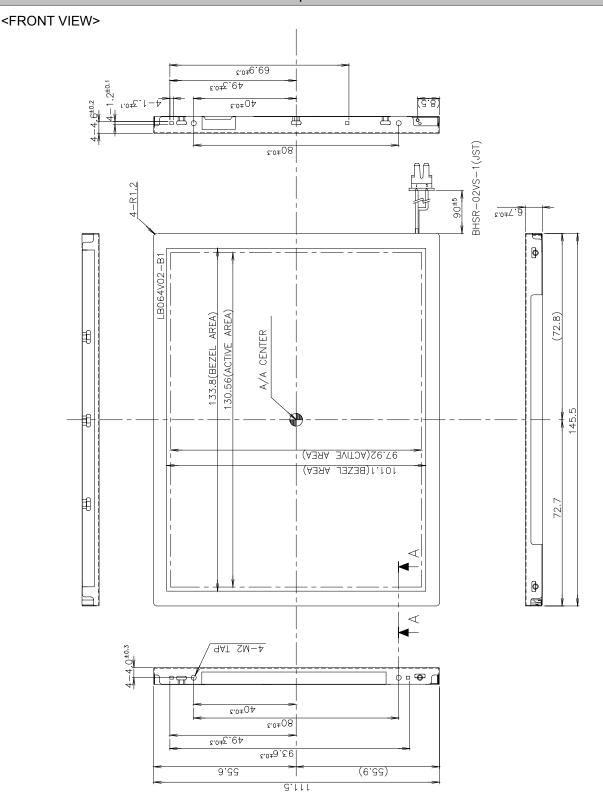


5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LB064V02-B1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

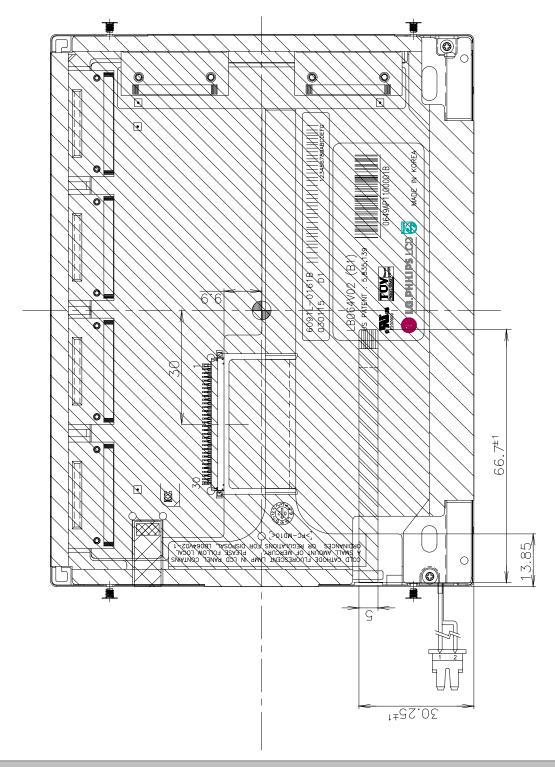
	Horizontal	$145.5\pm0.5\text{mm}$		
Outside dimensions	Vertical	111.5 ± 0.5mm		
	Depth	6.7 ± 0.3 mm		
Dezel eree	Horizontal	$133.8\pm0.5 mm$		
Bezel area	Vertical	$101.1\pm0.5mm$		
A ativa diantav area	Horizontal	130.56mm		
Active display area	Vertical	97.92mm		
Weight(approximate)	175g(Typ.),	185g(Max.)		
Surface Treatment	Anti-glare & Hard coating(3H)			





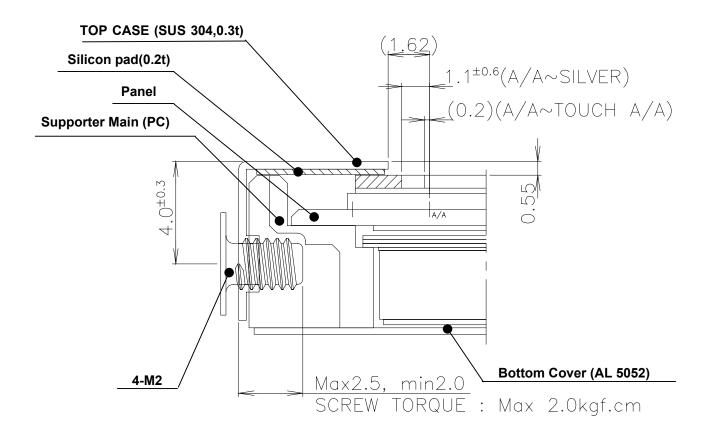


<REAR VIEW>





<DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW>



Notes : 1. Unspecified dimensional tolerances are \pm 0.3mm.

2. FPC size is 40mm when it is folded outward by folding align.

3. Screw plated through the method of non-electrolytic nickel plating is preferred to reduce possibility that results in vertical and/or horizontal line defect due to the conductive particles from screw surface.



6. Touch Panel Characteristics

The contents provide general characteristics for the Touch Panel.

6.1 Operation Specification

Item	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Operating Voltage	-	5	-	V _{DC}	

6.2 Electrical Specification

Item	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Linearity	-1.5	-	+1.5	%	Notes 1.	
Terreinel Desisteres	R _x	250	400	550	Ω	
Terminal Resistance	R _Y	150	300	450	Ω	
Insulation Resistanc	25	-	-	MΩ	@DC 25V	
Chattering Time	-	-	10	ms	@100 ^{kΩ} pull-up	

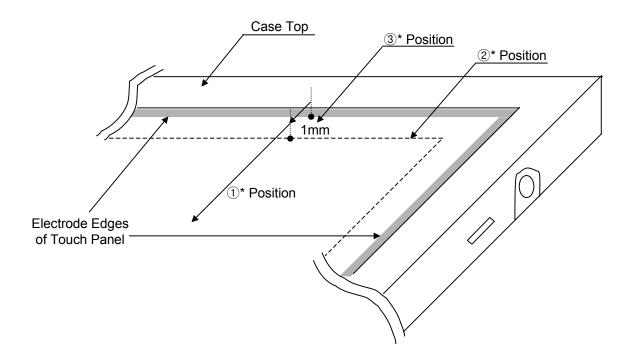
6.3 Mechanical Specification

Item	Spec.	Remark
Input Method	Finger or Stylus*	* Stylus : R0.8 Polyacetal pen
Activation Force	80g or less	
Surface Hardness	3H or more	According to JIS-K5400



6.4 Durability

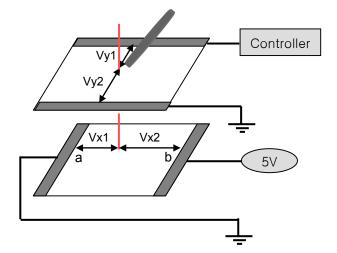
Item	Item			Max.	Unit	Remark
Hitting Life		1,000,000	-	-		250gf, 2times/sec, R0.8(Stylus) or R8.0(Silicon Rubber)
	1*	100,000	-	-		
Sliding Life	2 *	40,000	-	-		250gf, 60mm/sec, R0.8(Stylus)
	3*	-	-	40,000		110.0(01)103)
Tail Peeling Strength		500	-	-	g/cm	

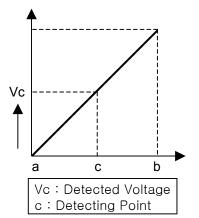


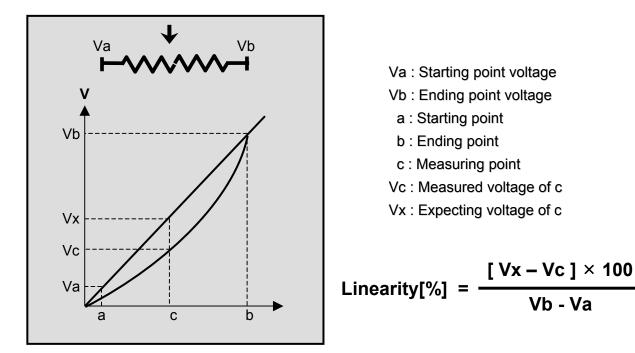


Notes : 1. Linearity

- 1. Impress DC 5V to X-directional electrode.
- 2. Press on the film from start-point(a) to end- point(b)
- 3. Detect the output voltages from Y-directional electrode.
- 4. As the same way, switching the connection of X & Y.









7. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 2ms for all six faces)
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 10,000 feet(3048m) 0 - 40,000 feet(12,192m)

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



8. International Standards

8-1. Safety

- a) UL 1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995.
 Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995. Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- c) EN 60950 : 1992+A1: 1993+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997
 IEC 950 : 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A4: 1996
 European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)
 EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

8-2. EMC

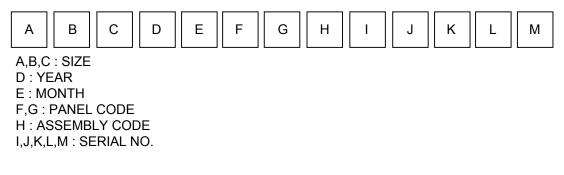
- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), 1998



9. Packing

9-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark



Note:

1. YEAR

YEAR	97	98	99	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mark	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

2. MONTH

MONTH	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

9-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box : 20 pcs

b) Box Size : 325mm X 271mm X 197mm



10. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the following when you use this TFT LCD module.

10-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force(ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module.

And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.

- (3) Do not hold Tail of touch panel on handling a module.
- (4) Always handle the outside of module's active area.
- (5) Please attach a transparent protective film(< 0.15mm) to the surface in order to protect the touch panel. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (6) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (7) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not describe because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the touch panel at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (8) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed touch panel with glass, tweezers or anything harder than 3H pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
- (9) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front touch panel and rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the touch panel.

Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the touch panel and polarizer.

- (10) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with touch panel and polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (11) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.
- (12) If there are some problems by using system bracket, system bracket should be first modified

and then LCD module reconfirmed under mutual approval .

10-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm 200 \text{mV}(\text{Over and under shoot voltage})$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to touch panel, polarizer or electrical contacted parts.
 - And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.



- (7) Use a "Finger" or "Stylus Pen(Polyacetal tip)" when operating.
- (8) The terminal resistance of the analog resistive touch screen varies by the individual, time and environment. The controller software must have the calibration function to adjust the input position and the display position.
- (9) Be careful not to press entire display so hard, especially edge area of display.
- (10) The Touch Sensor may not be activated by weak touch and force.

10-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

10-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of touch panel and color filter.

10-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The touch panel surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

10-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and touch panel. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the touch panel with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the touch panel during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the touch panel.

Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the touch panel.

- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the touch panel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the touch panel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



11. IIS (Incoming Inspection Standard)

11.1. Inspection Method

11.1.1. Ambient conditions

a. Temperature	: 20~25 °C
b. Humidity	: 65 \pm 5 % RH
c. Illumination	: Single 20W fluorescent lamp non-directive
	(300 to 700 Lux)

11.1.2. Viewing distance The distance between the LCM and the inspector's eyes shall be at least 30-50Cm.

11.1.3. Viewing Angle

The inspection shall be conducted within normal viewing angle range. * Refer to 16pages for viewing angle.

11.1.4. Measurement mode

Inspection method is based on transmissive mode only.

11.2 Inspection Criteria

- 11.2.1. Dot Defect
 - 11.2.1.1. Bright Dot

Dots(sub-pixels) which appeared brightly in the screen when the LCM displayed with dark pattern.

- R,G or B 1 dot ----- 4 Max
- Adjacent 2 dots ----- 1 Max
- Total amount of Bright dots ----- 4 Max
- Minimum Distance between bright dots ----- Within $\, {\mathfrak C} \,$ 20 mm, Max 2

11.2.1.2. Dark Dot

Dots(sub-pixels) which appeared darkly in the screen when the LCM displayed with bright pattern.

- 1 dot ------ 4 Max
- Adjacent 2 dots ----- 1 Max
- Total amount of Dark dot ----- 4 Max
- Minimum Distance between dark dots ------ Within $\, \mathbb{C} \,$ 20 mm, Max 2
- 11.2.1.3. Total amount of Dot Defects ------ 8 Max(Combination)
- Note) a. Every dot herein means Sub-Pixel(Each Red,Green, or Blue Color)
 b. Bright & Dark dots are larger than half sub-pixel.
 - (Dots smaller than half sub-pixel are not counted as a defect dots.)



11.3. Touch Panel and Polarizer Defects

Items		Criteria		
Scratches	Linear	W < 0.05 and L < 5		
Dent	Circular	$0.2 \leq D \leq 0.5, n \leq 4$, $0.5 \leq D \leq 1.0, n \leq 1$		
Note) a. Average Diameter $D = \frac{a+b}{2}$ $W : Width$ $L : Length$ $D : Average diameter$ $n : Number of Defects$				

- b. Linear : a > 2b, Circular : $a \le 2b$
- c. Extraneous substances which can be wiped out, like Finger Print, Particles, are not considered as a defect.
- d. Defects which is on the Black Matrix(outside of Active Area) are not considered as a defect.

11.4 Foreign Material (including Touch Panel and Polarizer)

It	ems	Criteria	
Foreign	Linear	0.05 < W \leq 0.07 and L \leq 3.0, N \leq 11 , n \leq 2	
Material (Bright & Gray)	Circular	0.35 < D ≤ 0.50 , Φ < 20mm, n ≤ 3	
Note) a. Average Di $D = \frac{a+b}{2}$	ameter b	W : Width L : Length D : Average diameter n : Number of Foreign Ma N : Number of Pixels on w Foreign Material reside Φ :Distance of 0ther	hich es
h Linear a	>2h Circular	Material	rororgii

- b. Linear : a > 2b, Circular : $a \le 2b$
- c. In case of Linear Foreign Material, both length(L) and number of pixels(N) are used as criteria for the sake of inspection convenience.
- d. The distance between inspector's eyes and screen is 30cm(11.8inch)

11.5. Line Defect

All kinds of line defects such as vertical, horizontal or cross are not allowed.

11.6. Bezel Appearance

Scratches, minor bents, stains, particles on the Bezel frame are not considered as a defect. Electrodes and Laser Etching Vestiges of touch panel are not considered as a defect unless they encroach on the active area of LCD.

11.7. Others

Issues which is not defined in this criteria shall be discussed with both parties, Customer and Supplier, for better solution.