

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

- (
 Preliminary Specification
- () Final Specification

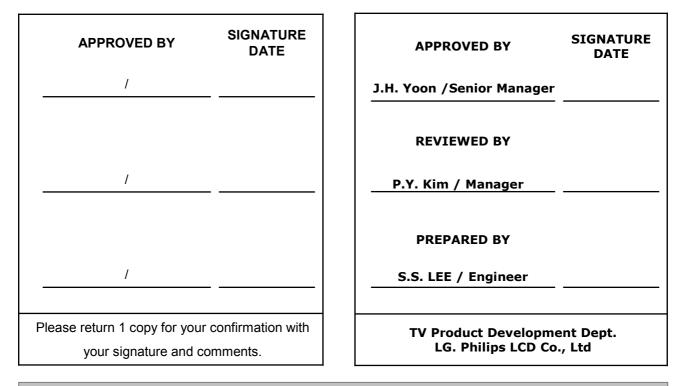
Titl	е

47.0" WUXGA TFT LCD

BUYER	
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LC470WUF
SUFFIX	SAA1(RoHS Verified)

*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix



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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description
0.4	Dec.07,2007	-	Preliminary Specification

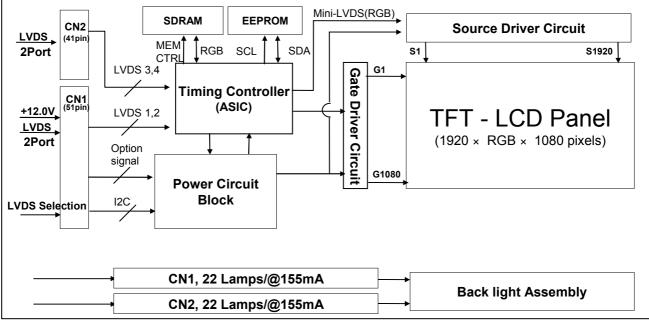
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1. General Description

LC470WUF is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 46.96 inch diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus presenting a palette of more than 1.07Billion(FRC) of colors.

It has been designed to apply the 10-bit 4 port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast moving picture response time are important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	46.96 inch (1192.87mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	1096.0(H) x 640.0 (V) x 50 mm (D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.5415 mm x 0.5415 mm x RGB
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	10Bit(D), 1.07 Billion colors
Luminance, White	500 cd/m ² (Center 1point ,Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 178 (Min.), U/D 178 (Min.))
Power Consumption	Total 232.25W (Typ.) (Logic=9.25 W, Backlight=223W @with inverter)
Weight	14 Кg (Тур.)
Display Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer (Haze 13%)

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

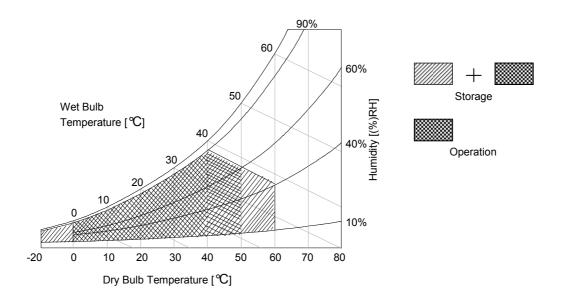
The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter		Symbol	Value		Unit	Remark	
r ara	meter	Symbol	Min	Max	Onit	Render	
Power Input Voltage	LCM	V_{LCD}	-0.3	+14.0	V _{DC}	at 25 ± 2 ℃	
B/L Input voltage	Operating Voltage (one side)	Vop	1000	2000	V[RMS]	at 25 ± 2 ℃ ExtVвR-в 100%	
Operating Temp	erature	T _{OP}	0	+50	C		
Storage Tempera	Storage Temperature		-20	+60	C		
Operating Ambient Humidity		H _{OP}	10	90	%RH	Note 1,2	
Storage Humidity	Storage Humidity		10	90	%RH		

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39 ℃ Max. and no condensation of water.

- 2. Crewity mure see the guaranteed under 40% condition
- 2. Gravity mura can be guaranteed under 40 $^{\circ}\!\mathrm{C}$ condition.



3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit.

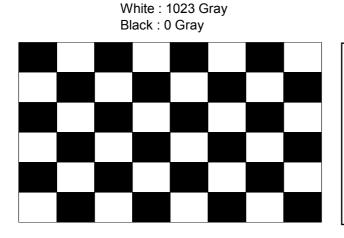
The other Is used for the CCFL backlight circuit.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

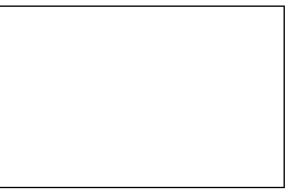
Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note			
	Gymbol	Min	Тур	Max		Note		
Circuit :	Circuit :							
Power Input Voltage	V _{LCD}	11.4	12.0	12.6	V _{DC}			
Dower Input Current		539	771	1003	mA	1		
Power Input Current	LCD	793	1134	1474	mA	2		
Power Consumption	P _{LCD}	-	9.25	12.1	Watt	1		
Rush current	I _{RUSH}	-	-	5	А	3		

Note : 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD} =12.0V, 25 ± 2 °C, f_V =120Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.

- 2. The current is specified at full white pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 1ms (min.).







Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

Full White pattern

Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS for IPB& Lamp (Continue)

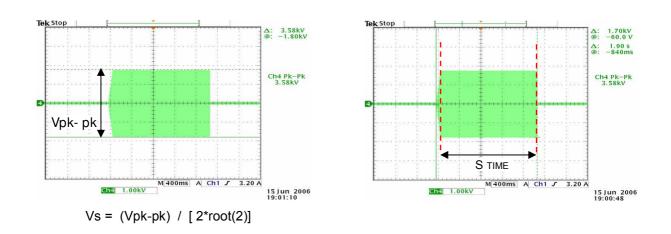
Parameter		Querrahad	Symbol			L locit	Natas
		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Backlight Assembly :							
Operating Voltage (one side,fBL=45KHz, IBL= 1	55mArms))	VBL	1150	1350	1550	V _{RMS}	1, 2
Operating Current (one side	e)	IBL	145	155	165	mA _{RMS}	1
Established Starting Voltage (one side)	0℃ 25℃	Vs	-	-	1800 1500	V _{RMS}	1, 3
Operating Frequency		fBL	43	45	47	kHz	4
Striking Time		S TIME			1.5	sec	3
Balance Cap.		Cb	-	22	-	pF	13
Power Consumption		PBL	-	223	240	Watt	6
Burst Dimming Duty		PWM duty	20	-	100	%	9
Burst Dimming Frequency		1/T	98		182	Hz	9
Doromotor		Symbol	Values			1.1	Neter
Parameter		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	- Unit	Notes
Lamp : (APPENDIX-II)					-	-	
Lamp Voltage (one side)		VLAMP	1740	1560	1460	V _{RMS}	1, 2
Lamp Current (one side)		ILAMP	3	6	8	mA _{RMS}	1
Discharge Stabilization Tim	ne	Ts	-	-	3	Min	1, 5
Lamp Frequency		f LAMP	30	48	80	KHz	
Lamp Temperature		TLAMP			80	°C	Center
					130		Both side
Established Starting Voltage (one side)	0℃ 25℃	Vs Vs			2965 2280	V _{RMS}	1, 3
Life Time			50,000			Hrs	7

The electrical characteristics of inverter are based on High-High Driving type. The performance of the lamps in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter. So, all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) has never been occurred. When you confirm it, the LCD– Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument. * Do not attach a conductive tape to lamp connecting wire.

Do not attach a conductive tape to lamp connecting wire. If you attach conductive tape to the lamp wire, not only luminance level can be lower than typical one but also inverter operate abnormally on account of leakage current which is generated between lamp wire and conductive tape.

- 1. Specified values are defined for a Backlight Assembly.(IBL : 22 lamp, 155mA/Lamp)
- 2. Operating voltage is measured at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ (after 2hr.aging). The variance range for operating voltage is $\pm 10^{\circ}$.
- 3. The established starting voltage [Vs] should be applied to the lamps for more than Striking time (S TIME) for start-up. Inverter open voltage must be more than established starting voltage. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is typical value.



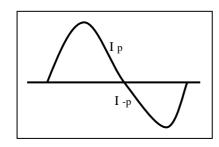


- 4. Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore, lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics range in order to prevent interference.
- 5. The brightness of the lamp after lighted for 5minutes is defined as 100%. T_S is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95% at typical current. The screen of LCD module may be partially dark by the time the brightness of lamp is stable after turn on.
- 6. Maximum level of power consumption is measured at initial turn on.
- Typical level of power consumption is measured after 2hrs aging at 25 ± 2 °C.
- 7. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at 25 ± 2 °C, based on duty 100%.
- 8. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage and current waveform (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%). Please do not use the inverter which has not only unsymmetrical voltage and current but also spike wave.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to achieve better display performance, power efficiency and more reliable lamp characteristics.

It can help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$.
 - * Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.

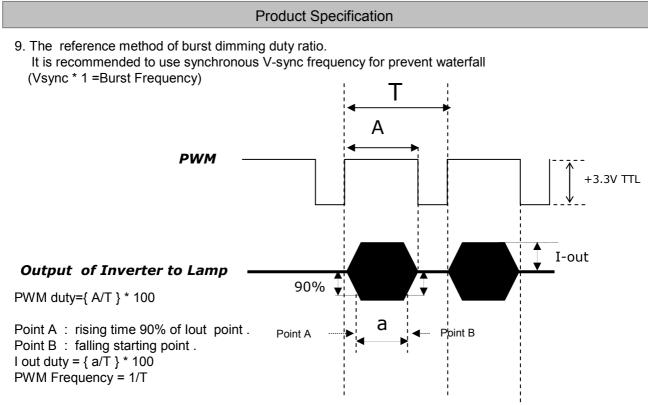


* Asymmetry rate:

$$|I_p - I_{-p}| / I_{op} \times 100\%$$

* Distortion rate
 $I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{op}$

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- * We recommend not to be much different between PWM duty and lout duty .
- * Dimming current output rising and falling time may produce humming and inverter trans' sound noise.
- * Burst dimming duty should be 100% for 1second after turn on
- ※ Equipment

Oscilloscope :TDS3054B(Tektronix) Current Probe : P6022 AC (Tektronix) High Voltage Probe: P5100(Tektronix)

- 10. The Cable between the backlight connector and its inverter power supply should be connected directly with a minimized length. The longer cable between the backlight and the inverter may cause the lower luminance of lamp and may require more higher starting voltage (Vs).
- 11. The operating current must be measured as near as backlight assembly input.
- 12. The operating current unbalance between left and right must be under typ \pm 10%.
- 13. The measurement method of V_{BL} & $I_{BL}\,$ refer to appendix XII.

3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, 51pin(CN1) and 41pin(CN2) connectors are used for the module electronics and 14-pin connector are used used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-RE51S-HF or Equivalent, Refer to below table.

- Mating Connector : FI-RE51HL

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground	27	GND	NC
2	NC	Reserved	28	RA2N	SECOND CHANNEL A-
3	NC	Reserved	29	RA2P	SECOND CHANNEL A+
4	NC	Reserved	30	RB2N	SECOND CHANNEL B-
5	NC	Reserved	31	RB2P	SECOND CHANNEL B+
6	NC	Reserved	32	RC2N	SECOND CHANNEL C-
7	LVDS Select	''H'=JEIDA , 'L'= VESA	33	RC2P	SECOND CHANNEL C+
8	NC	Reserved	34	GND	Ground
9	NC	Reserved	35	RCLK2N	SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL CIK-
10	NC	Reserved	36	RCLK2P	SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL CIk+
11	GND	Ground	37	GND	Ground
12	RA1N	FIRST CHANNEL A-	38	RD2N	SECOND CHANNEL D-
13	RA1P	FIRST CHANNEL A+	39	RD2P	SECOND CHANNEL D+
14	RB1N	FIRST CHANNEL B-	40	RE2N	SECOND CHANNEL E-
15	RB1P	FIRST CHANNEL B+	41	RE2P	SECOND CHANNEL E+
16	RC1N	FIRST CHANNEL C-	42	GND	Ground
17	RC1P	FIRST CHANNEL C+	43	GND	Ground
18	GND	Ground	44	GND	Ground (NSB)
19	RCLK1N	FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL CIK-	45	GND	Ground
20	RCLK1P	FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL CIk+	46	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	47	NC	No connection
22	RD1N	FIRST CHANNEL D-	48	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
23	RD1P	FIRST CHANNEL D+	49	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
24	RE1N	FIRST CHANNEL E-	50	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
25	RE1P	FIRST CHANNEL E+	51	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
26	GND	Ground	-	-	-

Notes : 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.

2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.

3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 664 Standard.

- 4. Specific pins(pin No. #2~#6) are used for internal data process of the LCD module. If not used, these pins are no connection.
- 5. Specific pins(pin No. #8~#9) are used for Inverter test of the LCD module. If not used, these pins are no connection.
- Specific pin No. #44 is used for "No signal detection" of system signal interface. It should be GND for NSB(No Signal Black) during the system interface signal is not. If this pin is "H", LCD Module displays AGP(Auto Generation Pattern).

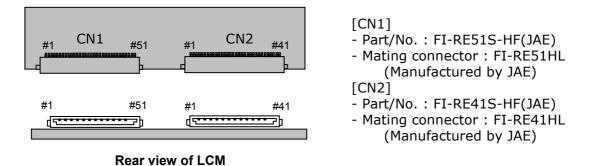
- LCD Connector(CN2): FI-RE41S-HF or Equivalent, Refer to below table

- Mating Connector : FI-RE41HL

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	NC	No connection(Reserved)	22	RE3N	Third CHANNEL E-
2	NC	No connection	23	RE3P	Third CHANNEL E+
3	NC	No connection	24	GND	Ground
4	NC	No connection	25	GND	Ground
5	NC	No connection	26	RA4N	Fourth CHANNEL A-
6	NC	No connection	27	RA4P	Fourth CHANNEL A+
7	NC	No connection	28	RB4N	Fourth CHANNEL B-
8	NC	No connection	29	RB4P	Fourth CHANNEL B+
9	GND	Ground	30	RC4N	Fourth CHANNEL C-
10	RA3N	Third CHANNEL A-	31	RC4P	Fourth CHANNEL C+
11	RA3P	Third CHANNEL A+	32	GND	Ground
12	RB3N	Third CHANNEL B-	33	RCLK4N	Fourth CLOCK CHANNEL Clk-
13	RB3P	Third CHANNEL B+	34	RCLK4P	Fourth CLOCK CHANNEL Clk+
14	RC3N	Third CHANNEL C-	35	GND	Ground
15	RC3P	Third CHANNEL C+	36	RD4N	Fourth CHANNEL D-
16	GND	Ground	37	RD4P	Fourth CHANNEL D+
17	RCLK3N	Third CLOCK CHANNEL Clk-	38	RE4N	Fourth CHANNEL E-
18	RCLK3P	Third CLOCK CHANNEL Clk+	39	RE4P	Fourth CHANNEL E+
19	GND	Ground	40	GND	Ground
20	RD3N	Third CHANNEL D-	41	GND	Ground
21	RD3P	Third CHANNEL D+	-		

 Table 3-2. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN2)
 PIN CONFIGURATION

Note : 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.



3-2-2. Backlight Module

[Master]

- 1) Balance Connector
 - : 65002WS-03 (manufactured by YEONHO)or equivalent

: 65002HS-03 (manufactured by YEONHO) or equivalent.

2) Mating Connector

1) Balance Connector : 65002WS-03 (manufactured by YEONHO)or equivalent

[Slave]

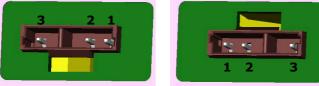
2) Mating Connector

: 65002HS-03 (manufactured by YEONHO) or equivalent.

Table 5. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION(CN2,CN3)

No	Symbol	Master	Slave	Note
1	H_Input	High_Input	High_Input	
2	H_Input	High_Input	High_Input	
3	FB	NC	NC	

Rear view of LCM



Master

Slave

3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

	ITEM	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
	Display Period	tн∨	-	480	-	tclk	1920/4
Horizontal	Blank	tнв	40	70	200	tclk	
	Total	tHP	520	550	680	tclk	
	Display Period	tvv	-	1080	-	Lines	
Vertical	Blank	tvв	10	45	86	Lines	
	Total	tvp	1090	1125	1166	Lines	
	ITEM	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
	DCLK	fclk	66.97	74.25	75.00	MHz	
Frequency	Horizontal	fн	121.8	135	136.4	KHz	
	Vertical	fv	108.2	120	121.2	Hz	

Table 6. TIMING TABLE for NTSC/ATSC (DE Only Mode)

Table 7 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

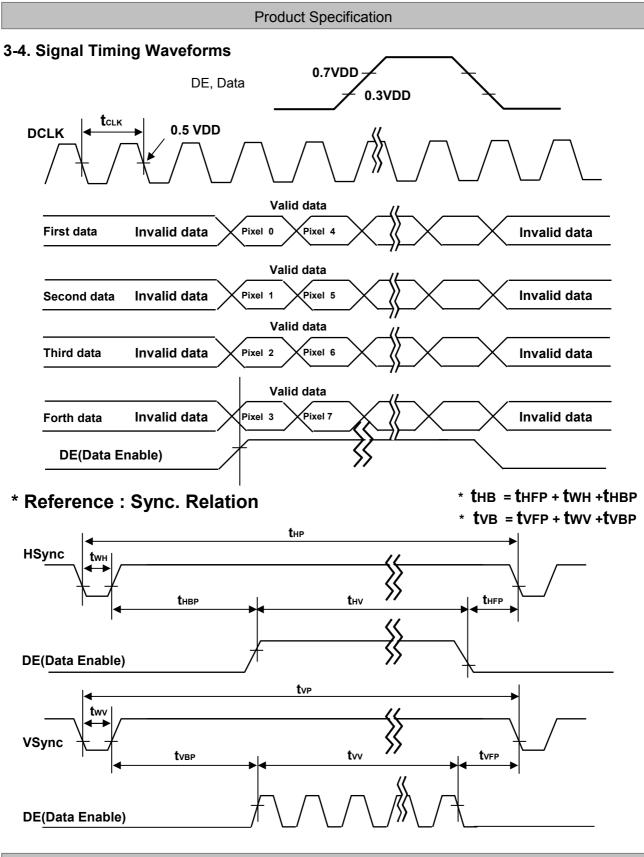
Table7. TIMING TABLE for DVB/PAL (DE Only Mode)

	ITEM	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
	Display Period	tн∨	-	480	-	tclk	1920/4
Horizontal	Blank	tнв	40	70	200	tclk	
	Total	tHP	520	550	680	tclk	
	Display Period	tvv	-	1080	-	Lines	
Vertical	Blank	tvв	228	270	300	Lines	
	Total	tvp	1308	1350	1380	Lines	

	ITEM	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
	DCLK	fclk	66.97	74.25	75.00	MHz	
Frequency	Horizontal	fн	121.8	135	140	KHz	
	Vertical	fv	95	100	103.7	Hz	

Note : The Input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation(DE Only Mode). The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate.

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3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 7 provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7.	COLOR I	DATA	REFERENCE
1 4010 11	OCLOIN		

														Ir	ipu	t (Col	or	Da	ita												
	Color			D7	DC	RE				.SB		MS			.7 (EN	<u></u>	00		.SB GO						UE			LS	
						R5							_	_	_	_															B1	
	Black		0		0	0	0	0	0	0			••)) 	0	0	•••	0		0	•••		0	•••	0	0	•••	0	0	0	
	Red (1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0) 	0 	0	0			0	0	0	0	0			0				
	Green (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 	1 • •	•••	1	1 •••	1 •••	1 • • • •	1 	1 •••	1 •••	1 •••	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Basic	Blue (1023)	0	0 	0	0))	0 	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 	1		1 • • • •	1	1	1 	1 •••	1 	1 								
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1 		1	1 	1	1 	1 	1 	1 	1 	1	1	1	1	1	1 	1 	1 	1 	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	.1	.1	. 1	1	1	.1	.1	.1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 1	0	0	()	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED			•••	•••	•••	••••	· · ·	• • •	•••	• • •	•••		••	•••	•••	•••	•••	••••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	• • • •	••••	····	•••	•••	•••	••••
	RED (1022)	 1	 0	0	 0	· · ·)	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0		0	 0	0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0								
	RED (1023)	 1	 0	 0	 ()	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	0	 0	0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0									
	GREEN (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)	 0	0	 0	· · ·)	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	···· 1	 0	0	0	0	0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0									
GREEN	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•••	•••		•••		• • •	•••	•••	•••		••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	••••	•••	•••		•••		•••	•••	• • • •	••••	····	•••	•••	•••	•••
	GREEN (1022)	 0	 1	 1	•••	 1	 1	 1	 1	 1	 1	 1	 0	 0				0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0									
	GREEN (1023)	 0	 1	 1	••••	 1	 1	 1	 1	 1	 1	 1	 1	 0	 0	0	 0	0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0									
	BLUE (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(<u></u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)		 0	•••	 0	•••	•••	••••	 0	 0	•••	 0)	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0		 0		 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 1
BLUE												l				••••	•••															···
	BLUE (1022)		 0				 0	 0	 0	 0		 	 0	· · ·	.)	 0	0	 0	 0	•••	 0	•••	 1	 1		•••• 1	 1	 	 1	 1	 1	 0
			• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	•••		•••	•••	••••	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	•••			•••	יייי יייי ייי	יייי יייי יי	 	 	 	י ייי יי	י ייי י	 1
	BLUE (1023)	U	U	U	U	0	U	0	0	0	U	U	0	(J	0	0	0	0	0	0	U		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	I

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3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

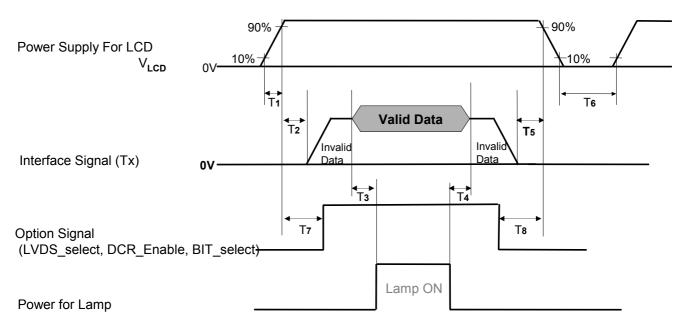


Table 9. POWER SEQUENCE

Deremeter		Value									
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes						
T1	0.5	-	20	ms							
T2	0	-	-	ms	4						
Т3	3 x (1/f _V)	-	-	ms	3						
T4	200	-	-	ms	3						
T5	0	-	-	ms							
Т6	2.0	-	-	S	5						
Τ7	0	-	T2	ms	4						
Т8	0	-	-	ms	4						

- Note: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
 - 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply V_{LCD} to 0V.
 - 3. The T3/T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
 - 4. If the on time of signals(Interface signal and Option signals) precedes the on time of Power(V_{LCD}), check the LCD logic Power(Vcc) is under 0.8V, otherwise it will be happened abnormal display.
 - 5. T6 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at 25 ± 2 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °.

FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

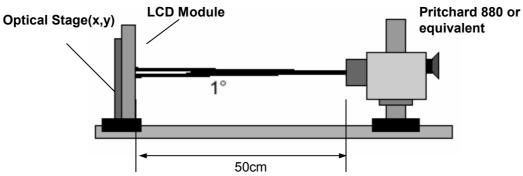


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

```
Ta= 25± 2 °C, V<sub>LCD</sub>=12.0V, fv=120Hz, Dclk=297MHz, I<sub>BL</sub>=155mA<sub>rms</sub>
```

		1	O			Value		11	Nists
Р	arame	ter	Symbo	I	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio			CR		800	1200	-		1
Surface Lumi	nance,	white	L _{WH}		400	500		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Va	ariation		δ_{WHITE}	5P			1.3		3
			δ_{BLACK}	5P			1.7		3
Response Tim	1e	MPRT	-			5	8	ms	4,5
		G to G	-			0.638		ms	4,0
		RED	Rx			0.335			
		RED	Ry			0.289			
		GREEN	Gx Gy Bx		Тур	0.609	Тур		
Color Coordin	ates	GREEN			-0.03	0.145	+0.03		
[CIE1931]		BLUE				0.063			
			By			0.279			
		WHITE	Wx			0.292			
		VUHILE	Wy		800	1200	-		
Viewing Angle	e (CR>	10)							
	x axis,	right(φ=0°)	θr		89	-	-		
	x axis,	left (φ=180°)	θI		89	-	-	1	
y axis, up (φ=90 °)		θu		89	-	-	degree	6	
y axis, down (φ=270 °)		θd		89	-	-			
Gray Scale					2.2			7	
Cross Talk							1.8	%	8

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Notes :1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :

- CR = Surface Luminance at all white pixels
 - Surface Luminance at all black pixels

It is measured at center 1-point.

- 2. Surface luminance are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 30min after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at 25± 2 °C. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE and δ BLACK are defined as : δ WHITE(5P) = Maximum(L_{on1},L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}) / Minimum(L_{on1},L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}) δ BLACK(5P) = Maximum(L_{on1},L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}) / Minimum(L_{on1},L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}) Where Lon1 to Lon5 are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations . For more information, see the FIG. 2.(Black uniformity Spec is reference)
- 5. MPRT is defined as the 10% to 90% blur-edge width Bij(pixels) and scroll speed U(pixels/frame)at the moving picture. For more information, see FIG 4
- 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 5.
- 7. Gray scale specification Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 10.

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ.)
LO	0.08
L63	0.22
L127	1.03
L191	2.52
L255	4.74
L319	7.74
L383	11.56
L447	16.22
L511	21.76
L575	28.20
L639	35.56
L703	43.85
L767	53.10
L831	63.33
L895	74.54
L959	86.76
L1023	100

Table 10. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation

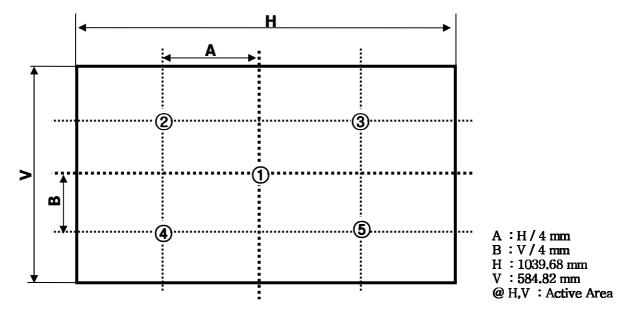


FIG. 2 Measure Point for Luminance

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

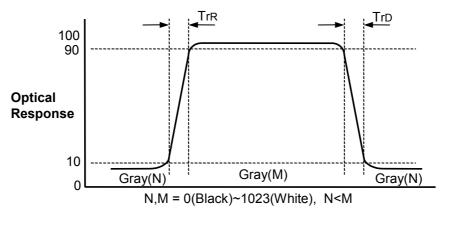
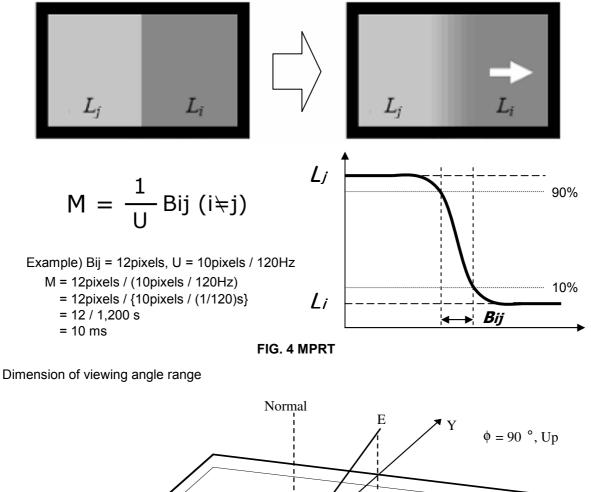


FIG.3 Response Time(G to G)

MPRT is defined as the 10% to 90% blur-edge with Bij(pixels) and scroll speed U(pixels/frame)at the moving picture.



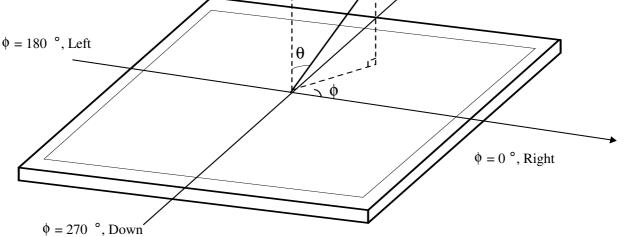


FIG. 5 Viewing angle

5. Mechanical Characteristics

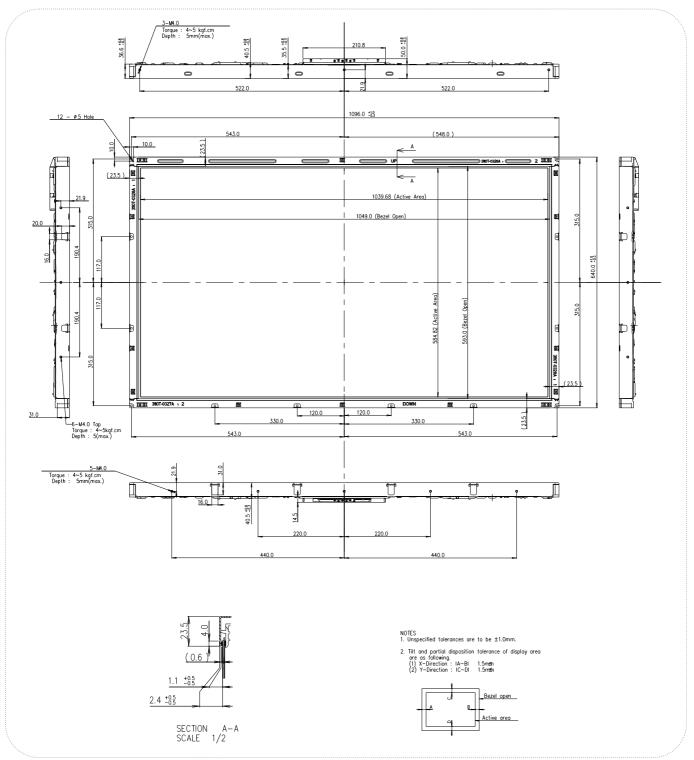
Table 11 provides general mechanical characteristics.

Table 11.	MECHANICAL	CHARACTERISTICS
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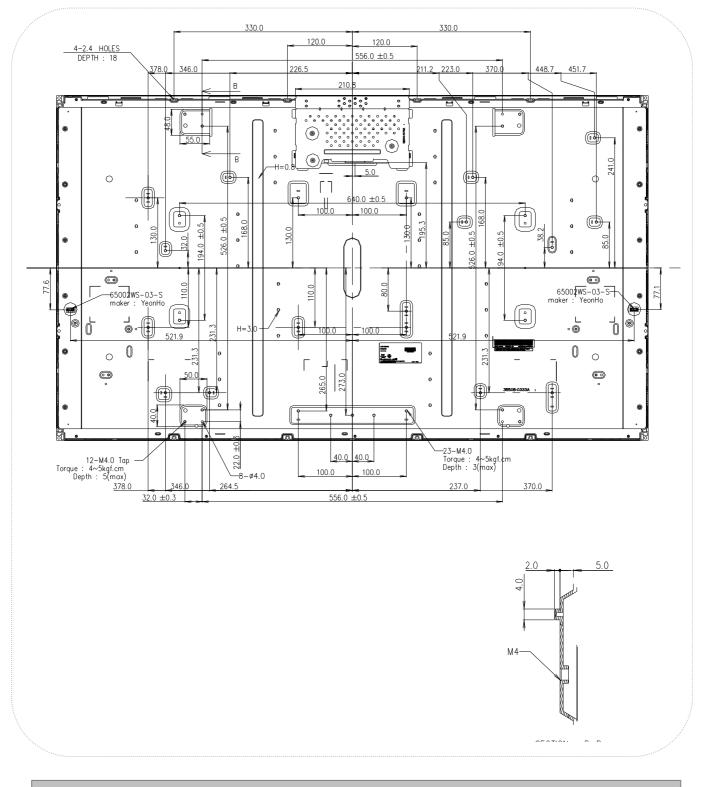
Item		Value			
	Horizontal	1096.0 mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	640.0 mm			
	Depth	50.0 mm			
Denal Aven	Horizontal	1049.0 mm			
Bezel Area	Vertical	593.0 mm			
Active Dicelay Area	Horizontal	1039.68 mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	584.82 mm			
Weight	14 Kg (Typ.), 15kg (Max.)				

Note : Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

<FRONT VIEW>



<REAR VIEW>



6. Reliability

Table 12. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition						
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60 ℃ 75%RH 240h						
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20 ℃ 240h						
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50 ℃ 60%RH 240h						
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0 ℃ 240h						
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : 30 min for X,Y,Z axis One time each direction						
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level :50G(X,Y axis) , 35G(Z axis) Waveform : half sine wave, 11ms Direction : ±X, ±Y, ±Z One time each direction						
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 ℃, 90%RH						
8	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 14,000 feet(4267.2m) 0 - 40,000 feet(12192m)						

Note : Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 60065, 7th Edition, dated June 30, 2003, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.
b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60065:03, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.
c) IEC60065:2001, 7th Edition CB-scheme and EN 60065:2002, Safety requirements for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus..

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) CISPR13 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
 CISPR22 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN55013 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
 EN55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" European Committee for Electro Technical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1988(Including A1:2000)

8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)

D : YEAR

F : PANEL CODE

H : ASSEMBLY CODE

E : MONTH G : FACTORY CODE I,J,K,L,M : SERIAL NO.

Note 1 YEAR

1. 1 🗆 🗤										
Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

- a) Package quantity in one pallet : 14 pcs
- b) Pallet Size : 1300mm X 1140mm X 860mm

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.

Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)

- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : V=± 200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)
- And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw.
- (if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (10) Partial darkness may happen during 3~5 minutes when LCM is operated initially in condition that luminance is under 40% at low temperature (under 5°C). This phenomenon which disappears naturally after 3~5 minutes is not a problem about reliability but LCD characteristic.

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5℃ and 35℃ at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ionblown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

APPENDIX-I-1

■ REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR LVDS TRANSMITTER (Pin7="L ")

Host System 30 Bit		C63LVD103 Compatible				Timing
RED0	 33			•		Controller
RED1	 34		FI-	RE51S-	HF	
RED2	35					
RED3	36		31			
RED4	37	TA-		12	<u>100</u> Ω >	RO0N
RED5	 38	TA+	30	13	10025	ROOP
RED6	59					
RED7	 61	TB-	29	14		RO1N
RED8	 4		28		100Ω ≶	
RED9	 5	TB+		15		RO1P
GREEN0	 40		25			
GREEN1	 41	TC-		16		RO2N
GREEN2	42	TC+	24	17	100Ω ≶	RO2P
GREEN3	44					
GREEN4	45	TCLK-	23	19		ROCLKN
GREEN5	46		22		100Ω <	
GREEN6	62	TCLK+		20		ROCLKP
GREEN7	63		21			
GREEN8	6	TD-		22		RO3N
GREEN9	8	TD+	20	23	100Ω ≶	RO3P
BLUE0	48					
BLUE1	49	TE-	19	24		RO4N
BLUE2	50		18		100Ω ≷	
BLUE3	 52	TE+		25		RO4P
BLUE4	53					
BLUE5	54			7		VESA/ JEIDA
BLUE6	 64					
BLUE7	 1				1	
BLUE8	 9			1		
BLUE9	11					
Hsync	55		പ		LCM Module	
Vsync	57		GND			
Data Enable	58					
CLOCK	12]			

Notes :1. The LCD module uses a 100 $Ohm[\Omega]$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)

3. '9' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

APPENDIX-I-2

REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR LVDS TRANSMITTER (Pin7="H")

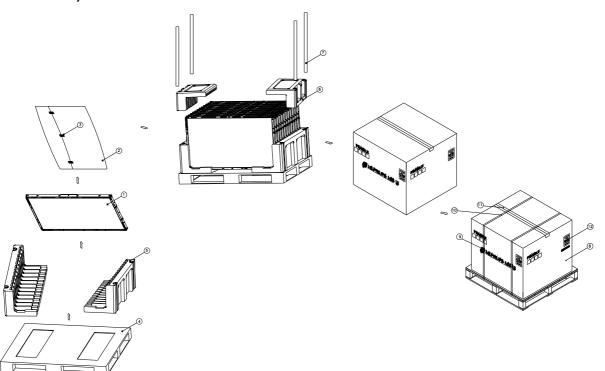
Host System	тно	C63LVD103				
30 Bit	or C	Compatible				Timing
RED0	 4			·		Controller
RED1	5		FI-	RE51S-	HF	
RED2	59					
RED3	61		31			
RED4	33	TA-		12	<u>100</u> Ω >	RO0N
RED5	34	TA+	30	13	10025	ROOP
RED6	35					
RED7	36	TB-	29	14		RO1N
RED8	 37		28		100Ω Š	
RED9	38	TB+		15		RO1P
GREEN0	6		25			
GREEN1	8	TC-		16		RO2N
GREEN2	62	TC+	24	17	<u>100</u> Ω	RO2P
GREEN3	63					
GREEN4	40	TCLK-	23	19		
GREEN5	41		22		1 00 Ω ≷	
GREEN6	42	TCLK+		20		ROCLKP
GREEN7	44		21			
GREEN8	45	TD-		22		RO3N
GREEN9	46	TD+	20	23	<u>100</u> Ω	RO3P
BLUE0	 9					
BLUE1	11	TE-	19	24		RO4N
BLUE2	64		18		100 Ω ≷	
BLUE3	1	TE+		25		RO4P
BLUE4	48					
BLUE5	49			7		VESA / JEIDA
BLUE6	50					
BLUE7	52				1	
BLUE8	53			1		
BLUE9	54					
Hsync	 55		<		LCM Module	
Vsync	57		Vcc			
Data Enable	58					
CLOCK	12		J			

Notes :1. The LCD module uses a 100 $Ohm[\Omega]$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)

3. '9' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.





NO.	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1	LCD Module	
2	BAG	47INCH
3	TAPE	MASKING 20MMX50M
4	PALLET	PAPER 1300X1140X130MM
5	PACKING,BOTTOM	EPS
6	PACKING,TOP	EPS
7	ANGLE,POST	PAPER
8	ANGLE,PACKING	PAPER
9	BAND,CLIP	STEEL
10	BAND	PP
11	TAPE	OPP
12	LABEL	YUPO 80G 100X100

APPENDIX- III ■ LCM Label LC470WUF Model-₽ (SA)(A1) RoHS Verified UL, TUV Mark Serial No. Lus 🖭 c**7** LPL Logo ≁ LG.PHILIPS LCD 🛱 **US PATENT No.**-This product may be covered by one or more of the following US Patent Nos. 5,041,823 ; 5,061,920 ; 5,280,371 ; 5,835,139 ≁ MADE IN KOREA Origin ◀

LC470WUF

APPENDIX- IV Pallet Label

LC						
14 PCS	14 PCS 001/01-01					
MADE II						
xxxx	X XXXXXXXX XXX X	XXX XXXX				
_	100.0					