

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

- () Preliminary Specification
- () Final Specification

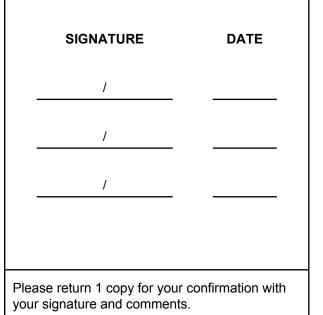
Title

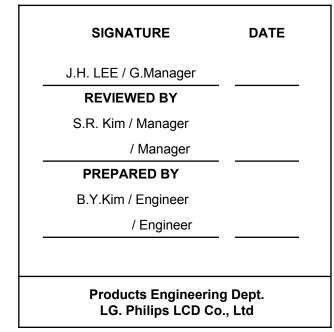
15.4" WUXGA TFT LCD

BUYER	DELL
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.			
*MODEL	LP154WU1			
Suffix	A1K3			

*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix







<u>Contents</u>

No	ITEM	Page
	COVER	1
	CONTENTS	2
	RECORD OF REVISIONS	3
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	4
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	5
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
3-1	ELECTRICAL CHARACTREISTICS	6
3-2	INTERFACE CONNECTIONS	7
3-3	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS	9
3-4	SIGNAL TIMING WAVEFORMS	9
3-5	COLOR INPUT DATA REFERNECE	10
3-6	POWER SEQUENCE	11
4	OPTICAL SFECIFICATIONS	12
5	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	16
6	RELIABLITY	20
7	INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS	
7-1	SAFETY	21
7-2	EMC	21
8	PACKING	
8-1	DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK	22
8-2	PACKING FORM	22
9	PRECAUTIONS	23
Α	APPENDIX. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data	25
В	APPENDIX. Inspection Criteria	28



RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
0.0 1.0	Sep.15.2005 Jan.06.2006		First Draft Final CAS	V0.0 V0.1
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

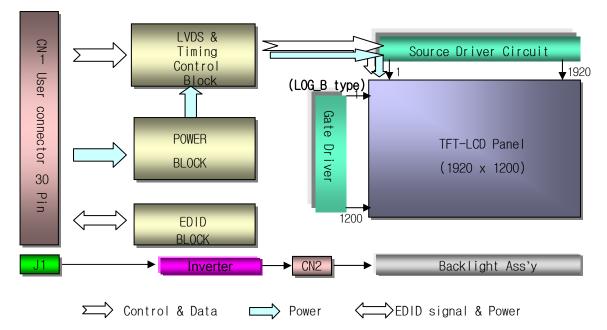


1. General Description

The LP154WU1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.4 inches diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution(1920 horizontal by 1200 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP154WU1 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP154WU1 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP154WU1(A1K3) characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



General Features

Active Screen Size	15.4 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	344.0 (H) × 222.0 (V) × 6.5(D, max) mm
Pixel Pitch	0.1725 mm × 0. 1725 mm
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1200 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	185 cd/m²(Typ.) , 5 point
Power Consumption	Total 6.13 Watt(Typ.) @ LCM circuit 1.75 Watt(Typ.), B/L input 4.38 Watt(Typ.)
Weight	575 g (Max.) with inverter
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer



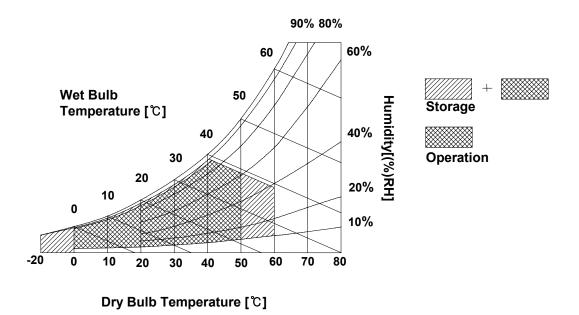
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
Farameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 \pm 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.





3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP154WU1(A1K3)requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Deservator	Oursels al					
Parameter	Symbol	Min Typ		Max	Unit	Notes
MODULE :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V _{DC}	
Power Supply Input Current	I _{CC}	450	530	610	mA	1
Power Consumption	Pc	1.49	1.75	2.01	Watt	1
Differential Impedance	Zm	90	100	110	Ohm	2
LAMP :						
Operating Voltage	V _{BL}	660 (7mA)	675 (6.5mA)	880 (2mA)	V _{RMS}	3
Operating Current	I _{BL}	2	6.5	7	mA _{RMS}	4
Power Consumption	P _{BL}	-	4.38	4.6		9
Operating Frequency	f _{BL}	40	60	80	kHz	7
Discharge Stabilization Time	Ts	-	-	3	Min	5
Life Time	[10,000			Hrs	6
Established Starting Voltage at 25℃ at 0 ℃	Vs			1200 1500	V _{RMS} V _{RMS}	8

Table 2	ELECTRICAL	CHARACTERISTICS
i able 2.	ELECINICAL	CHARACTERISTICS

Note)

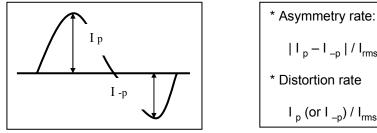
1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V , 25°C, fv = 60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.

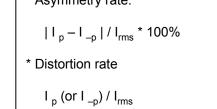
2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.

- 3. The variance of the voltage is \pm 10%.
- 4. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance (L_{WH}) in optical characteristics.
- 5. Define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%, Ts is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 6. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of lamp is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical lamp current.
- 7. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Asymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 8. The voltage above VS should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
- 9. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The applied lamp current is a typical one.



- Note)
 - 9. Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.
 - It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
 - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
 - b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$.
 - * Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.





- * Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.
- If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.



3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model MDF76LBRW-30S-1H manufactured by HIROSE.

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	GND	Ground	
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power	1, Interface chips
5	NC	Reserved for supplier test point	1.1 LCD :KZ4E053G23CFP(LCD Controller) including LVDS Receiver
6	CIk EEDID	DDC Clock	(THINE, THC63LVD824A)
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	1.2 System : THC63LVD823A or equivalent
8	R _{IN} 0-	Odd channel differential data input	* Pin to Pin compatible with THINE LVDS
9	R _{IN} 0+	Odd channel differential data input	2. Connector
10	GND	Ground	2.1 LCD : MDF76LBRW-30S-1H
11	R _{IN} 1-	Odd channel differential data input	(HIROSE) or its compatibles
12	R _{IN} 1+	Odd channel differential data input	2.2 Mating : FI-X30M or equivalent.
13	GND	Ground	2.3 Connector pin arrangement
14	R _{IN} 2-	Odd channel differential data input	
15	R _{IN} 2+	Odd channel differential data input	, <u> </u>
16	GND	Ground	
17	CLKIN-	Odd channel differential clock input	[LCD Module Rear View]
18	CLKIN+	Odd channel differential clock input	
19	GND	Ground	
20	RA2-	Even channel differential data input	
21	RA2+	Even channel differential data input	
22	GND	Ground	
23	RB2-	Even channel differential data input	
24	RB2+	Even channel differential data input	
25	GND	Ground	
26	RC2-	Even channel differential data input	
27	RC2+	Even channel differential data input	
28	GND	Ground	
29	RCLK2-	Even channel differential clock input	
30	RCLK2+	Even channel differential clock input	

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST or Compatible. The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 or equivalent.

Table 5. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (J3)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1

Notes : 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored pink and the low voltage side terminal is white.

Ver. 1.0	Jan.06. 2006	8 / 26
----------	--------------	--------



3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

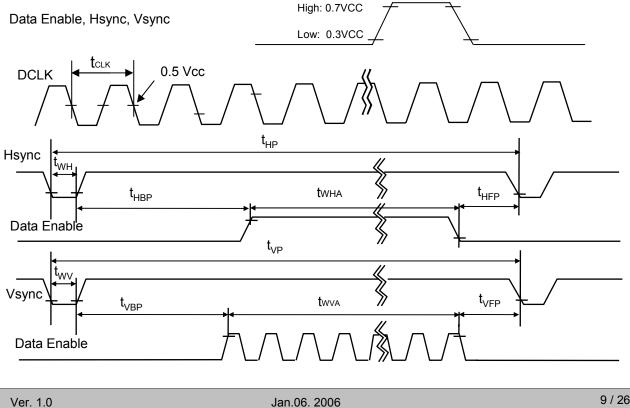
This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note	
DCLK	Frequency	fclk	80	81	82	MHz		
Hsync	Period	tHP	1030	1080	1170			
	Width	twн	8	44	104	tclk		
	Active	twнa	960	960	960			
Vsync	Period	tvp	1207	1250	1400	tHP		
	Width	tw∨	1	3	6			
	Active	twva	1200	1200	1200			
Data	Horizontal back porch	tнвр	8	-	-	tour		
Enable	Horizontal front porch	thep	8	-	-	tclk		
	Vertical back porch	tvbp	5	-	-	tup		
	Vertical front porch	tvfp	1	-	-	tHP		

Table 6. TIMING TABLE

3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms

Condition : VCC = 3.3V





3-5. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color ; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

									Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
Color				RE	ED					GRE	EEN					BL	UE		
0000		MSE						MSE						MSE					LSB
	1	R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1			G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0 	0 	0	0	0 	0 	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1 	1 	1 	1 1	0 	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	1 	1 	1 	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED					····					····· 							·····		
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN										····· 	 				•••••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 1
BLUE				•••••	•••••					····· 	••••• ••				•••••	· · · · · ·	••••• ••		
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	1			1	 1	 0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	 1		1	1	1	 1

Table 7.	COLOR DATA REFERENCE



3-6. Power Sequence

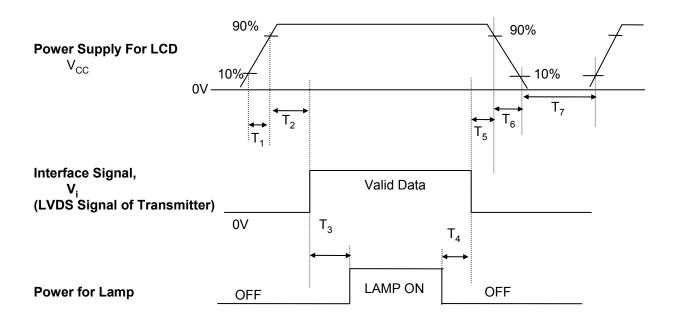


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value		Units
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T ₁	-	-	10	(ms)
T ₂	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₃	200	-	-	(ms)
T ₄	200	-	-	(ms)
T ₅	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₆	0	-	10	(ms)
T ₇	400	-	-	(ms)

Note)

- 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and Θ equal to 0° .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

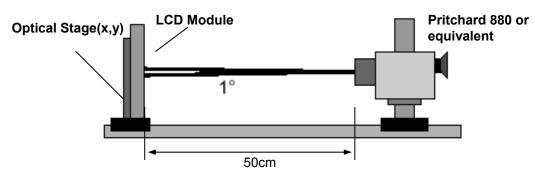


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

		Ta=25°C, V0	CC=3.3V, f∨=	=60Hz, f _{CLK} =	= 162MHz	, lout = 6.5mA
Deremeter	Symbol		Values		Units	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	300	-	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	L _{WH}	160	185	-	cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ_{WHITE}	-	-	2.0	[2
Response Time				[[3
Rise Time+Decay Time	Tr _{R +} Tr _D	-	25	40	ms	
Color Coordinates					[±0.03
RED	RX	0.555	0.585	0.615		
	RY	0.302	0.332	0.362		
GREEN	GX	0.292	0.322	0.352		
	GY	0.513	0.543	0.573		
BLUE	BX	0.125	0.155	0.185		
	BY	0.105	0.135	0.165		
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Angle					[5
x axis, right(Φ =0°)	Θr	65	-	-	degree	
x axis, left (Φ =180°)	Θl	65	-		degree	
y axis, up (Φ =90°)	Θu	50	-		degree	
y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd	50	-	-	degree	
Gray Scale						6



Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

- Surface luminance is the 5point (1~5)average across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2. When I_{BL}= 6.5mA, L_{WH=}185cd/m²(typ.)
- 3. Luminance % uniformity is measured for 13 point For more information see FIG 2. δ WHITE = Maximum(LN1,LN2, LN13) ÷ Minimum(LN1,LN2, LN13)
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time, Tr_R) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

Gray Level Luminance [%] (Typ) L0 0.17 L7 0.46 L15 3.22 L23 10.56 L31 24.0 L39 39.2 L47 57.4 L55 77.6 L63 100

* f_v=60Hz



FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>

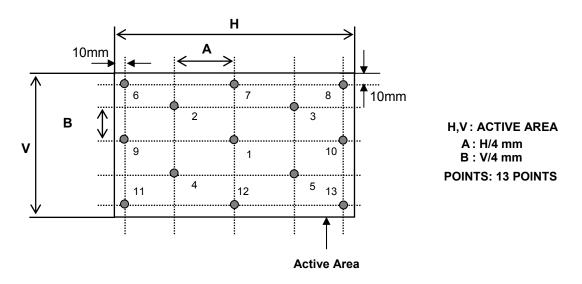


FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

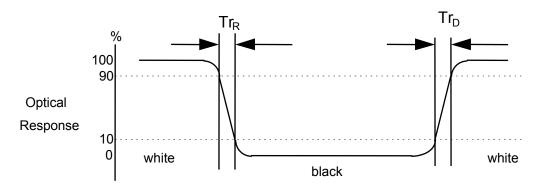
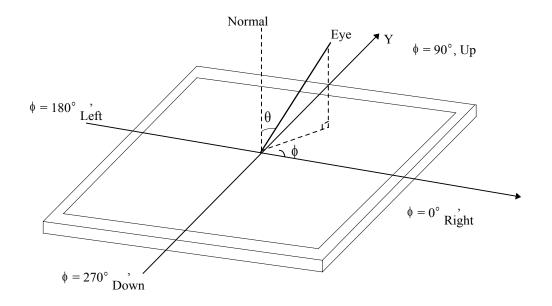




FIG. 4 Viewing angle



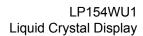




5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP154WU1(A1K3). In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

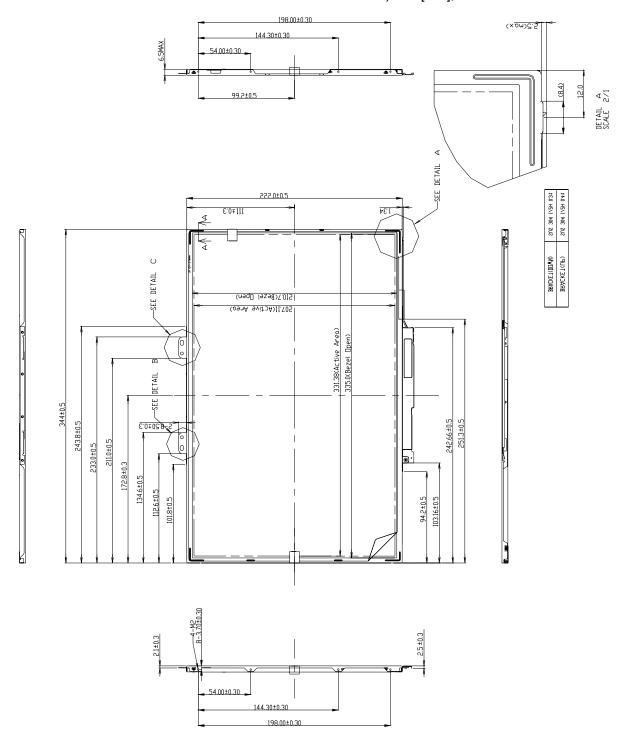
	Horizontal	344.0 ± 0.5mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	$222.0\pm0.5 \text{mm}$			
	Depth	$6.2(typ) \pm 0.3mm$			
Bezel Area	Horizontal	$335.0\pm0.5\text{mm}$			
Bezei Area	Vertical	$210.7\pm0.5 \text{mm}$			
Antivo Diaplay Arao	Horizontal	331.2 mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	207.0 mm			
Weight	575 g (Max.) with inverter				
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer				





<FRONT VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: $\pm \ 0.5 mm$



Jan.06. 2006

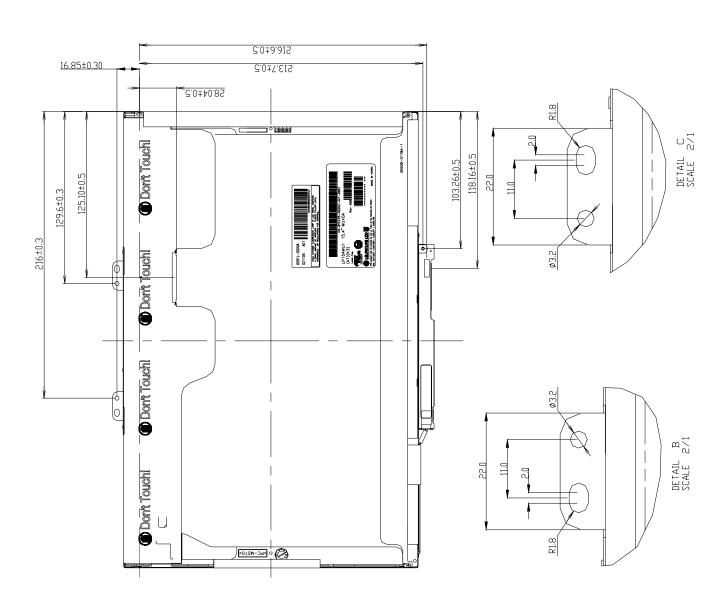


LP154WU1 Liquid Crystal Display

Product Specification

<REAR VIEW>

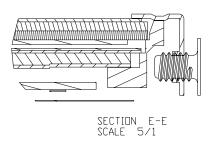
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.5mm





[DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW]

*Screw Torque (8 point):



*SCREW(8ea) TORQUE : 2kgf.cm max *Mounting SCREW Depth : 2.5mm max

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.5mm



6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 5 ~ 150Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 30min/axis
6	Shock test (non-operating)	 No functional or cosmetic defects following a shock to all 6 sides delivering at least 200 G in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to the display module No functional defects following a shock delivering at least 260 g in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to each of 6 sides. Each of the 6 sides will be shock tested with one each display, for a total of 6 displays
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC) European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

7-2. EMC

a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992

b) C.I.S.P.R. "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.

c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)



8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)

E : MONTH

G : ASSEMBLY CODE

D : YEAR F : FACTORY CODE H ~ M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С

3. FACTORY CODE

Factory Code	Factory Code LPL Gumi		HEESUNG
Mark	К	С	D

4. SERIAL NO.

Mark 100001~199999, 200001~299999, 300001~399999,, A00001~A99999,, Z00001~Z99999

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

- a) Package quantity in one box : 10 pcs
- b) Box Size : 441mm ×373mm × 348mm



9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm 200 mV$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.



9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.

Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.

- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID[™]) 1/3

	Byte	Field Name and Comments	Value	Value
	(hex)		(hex)	(binary)
	0	Header	00	0000000
	1	Header	FF	11111111
Header	2	Header	FF	1111111
ad	3	Header	FF	11111111
Це Це	4	Header	FF	1111111
	5	Header	FF FF	1111111
	6	Header	00	1111111
	7	Header	32	0000000
	8 9	EISA manufacture code = 3 Character ID = "LPL"	0C	00110010 00001100
	9 0A	EISA manufacture code (Compressed ASCII)	00	00001100
Vendor / Product EDID Version	0A 0B	Panel Supplier Reserved – Product Code Panel Supplier Reserved – Product Code	AB	10101011
i od	0B 0C	LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used)	00	
Pro	0C 0D	• • •	00	00000000
2>	0D 0E	LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used) LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used)	00	0000000
ਙੁੁ	0E 0F	LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used)	00	0000000
й С	10		00	
≥ ∎	10	Week of manufacture = 00	00 0F	00000000
	11	Year of manufacture = "2005" EDID structure version # = 1	01	00001111 00000001
	12	EDID structure version $\# = 1$ EDID revision $\# = 3$	03	0000001
y ers	14	Video I/P definition = Digital I/P (80h)	80	10000000
Display Parameters	15	Max H image size = (Rounded to cm) = 33.12 cm (33)	21	00100001
Dis	16	Max V image size = (Rounded to cm) = 20.70cm (21)	15	00010101
a	17	Display gamma = $(gamma \times 100)-100 = Example: (2.2 \times 100) - 100 = 120$	78	01111000
	18	Feature support (no DPMS, Active off, RGB, timing BLK 1)	0A	00001010
	19	Red/Green Low bit (RxRy/GxGy)	C8	11001000
	1A	Blue/White Low bit (BxBy/WxWy)	E5	11100101
Panel Color Coordinates	1B	Red X $Rx = 0.585$	95	10010101
ate	1C	Red Y $Ry = 0.332$	55	01010101
O Ë	1D	Green X $Gx = 0.322$	52	01010010
an Dro	1E	Green Y $Gy = 0.543$	8B	10001011
õa	1F	Blue X $Bx = 0.155$	27	00100111
± 0	20	Blue Y $By = 0.135$	22	00100010
	21	White X $Wx = 0.313$	50	01010000
	22	White Y $Wy = 0.329$	54	01010100
Established Timings	23	Established timings 1 (00h if not used)	00	00000000
stablishe Timings	24	Established timings 2 (00h if not used)	00	00000000
Est	25	Manufacturer's timings (00h if not used)	00	0000000
	25	Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	00	00000001
	20	Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	27	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	28	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	23 2A	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
D	2A 2B	Standard timing ID3 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
лі.	2D 2C	Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	2C 2D	Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
σ	2D 2E	Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
lar	2E 2F	Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
Standard Timing ID	30	Standard timing ID5 (offinin not used)	01	00000001
ota	31	Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	32	Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	33	Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	33	Standard timing ID7 (offi if not used)	01	00000001
	35	Standard timing ID8 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	55			0000001



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID[™]) 2/3

Timing Descripter #1	7 Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB) - 162MHz 8 Horizontal Active = 1920 pixels (lower 8 bits)	48 3F 80	01001000 00111111
3 3 3.	8 Horizontal Active = 1920 pixels (lower 8 bits)	-	00111111
3			
3.			1000000
		F0	11110000
		70	01110000
<u> </u>		B0	10110000
		32	00110010
<u>id</u> 3		40	01000000
<u>່ວ</u> 3		64	01100100
3		58	01011000
		13	00010011
oui 4		00	00000000
<u>.</u> <u>4</u>		4B	01001011
		CF	11001111
4		10	00010000
4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	00	00000000
4		00	00000000
	Non-interlaced, Normal, no stereo, Separate sync, H/V pol Negatives, DE only note: LSB is set to		
4		19	00011001
4		48	01001000
4		3F	00111111
4.		80	1000000
4		F0	11110000
N 4		70	01110000
Ciming Descripter #2 5 5 5 5 6 7		B0	10110000
4 ote		32	00110010
diu 4		40	01000000
<u> </u>		64	01100100
		58	01011000
<u>ල</u> 5		13	00010011
. 5		00	0000000
		4B	01001011
5	0	CF	11001111
5		10	00010000
5		00	0000000
5		00	0000000
5		00	00000000
5.	A Flag	00	00000000
5.	B Flag	00	00000000
5	C Flag	00	00000000
5		FE	11111110
5		00	00000000
		59	
atio			01011001
6 united		43	01000011
o loi		34	00110100
		37	00110111
o Cifi D	3 Dell P/N 5 th Character = 5	35	00110101
e e	4 LCD Supplier EEDID Revision # = VER 0.1	01	00000001
Timing Descripter #3	5 Manufacturer P/N = 1	31	00110001
De De	6 Manufacturer P/N = 5	35	00110101
6	7 Manufacturer P/N = 4	34	00110100
6		57	01010111
6		55	01010101
6.		31	00110001
	B Manufacturer P/N (If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char = $20h$)	0A	00001010



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID[™]) 3/3

Timing Descripter #4	6C	Flag	00	00000000
	6D	Flag	00	00000000
	6E	Flag	00	00000000
	6F	Data Type Tag:	FE	11111110
	70	Flag	00	00000000
	71	SMBUS Value = 10nits +/-10% (5-point average)	2C	00101100
	72	SMBUS Value = 17nits +/-10% (5-point average)	41	01000001
	73	SMBUS Value = 24nits +/-10% (5-point average)	4F	01001111
	74	SMBUS Value = 30nits +/-10% (5-point average)	58	01011000
	75	SMBUS Value = 60nits +/-10% (5-point average)	7E	01111110
	76	SMBUS Value = 110nits +/-10% (5-point average)	B1	10110001
	77	SMBUS Value = 150nits +/-10% (5-point average)	DB	11011011
	78	SMBUS Value = max nits (Typically = FFh, max nits)	FF	11111111
	79	Number of LVDS receiver chips = '01' or '02'	02	00000010
	7A	BIST Enable: Yes = (01) No = (00)	01	00000001
	7B	(If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	0A	00001010
	7C	(If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	20	00100000
	7D	(If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	20	00100000
Checksum				
	7E	Extension flag (# of optional 128 EDID extension blocks to follow, Typ = 0)	00	00000000
с Ч	7F	Checksum (The 1-byte sum of all 128 bytes in this EDID block shall = 0)	20	00100000