

# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

- (V) Preliminary Specification
- ( ) Final Specification

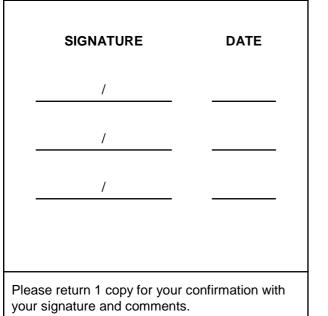
Title

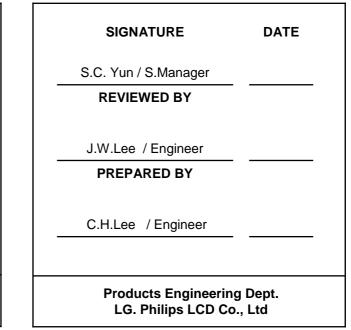
# 17.1" WXGA+ TFT LCD

Customer	
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.							
*MODEL	LP171WX2							
Suffix	A4K5							

\*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix







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## **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
1.0	Mar.01. 2005	-	Final CAS (Lead Free)	V1.0
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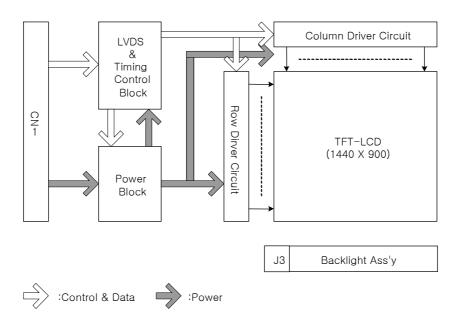


#### 1. General Description

The LP171WX2 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 17.1 inches diagonally measured active display area with WXGA+ resolution(900 vertical by 1440 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP171WX2 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP171WX2 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP171WX2 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



#### **General Features**

Active Screen Size	17.1 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	382.2(H) × 244.5(V) × 6.5(D, max) mm
Pixel Pitch	0.255 mm × 0.255 mm
Pixel Format	1440 horiz. By 900 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	200 cd/m²(Typ.)
Power Consumption	Total 6.2 Watt(Typ.) @ LCM circuit 1.4Watt(Typ.), B/L input 4.8Watt(Typ.)
Weight	685 g (Max.), 670g(Typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(2H) Glare + Anti reflective treatment of the front polarizer



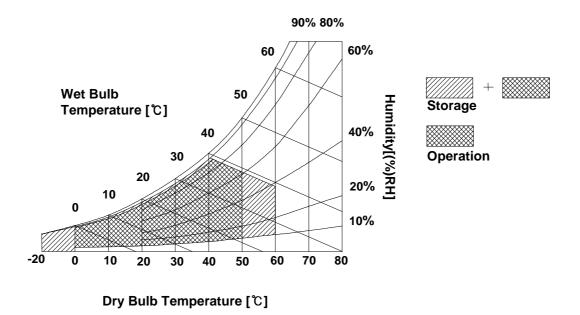
### 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes
Falanletei	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	NOICES
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 $\pm$ 5°C
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1

#### Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.





#### 3. Electrical Specifications

#### **3-1. Electrical Characteristics**

The LP171WX2 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Deveneter	Ci imala a l		Linit			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
MODULE :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V <sub>DC</sub>	
Power Supply Input Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	-	420	483	mA	1
Power Consumption	Pc	-	1.4	1.6	Watt	1
Differential Impedance	Zm	90	100	110	Ohm	2
LAMP :						
Operating Voltage	V <sub>BL</sub>	714(6.8mA)	735(6.5mA)	920(3.0mA)	V <sub>RMS</sub>	
Operating Current	I <sub>BL</sub>	3.0	6.5	6.8	mA <sub>RMS</sub>	3
Power Consumption	P <sub>BL</sub>		4.8	4.9		
Operating Frequency	f <sub>BL</sub>	40	60	70	kHz	
Discharge Stabilization Time	Ts	-	-	3	Min	4
Life Time		10,000	-	-	Hrs	5
Established Starting Voltage at 25℃ at 0 ℃	Vs			1300 1500	V <sub>rms</sub> V <sub>rms</sub>	

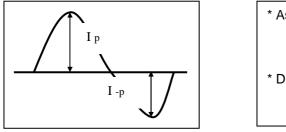
#### Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note)

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V , 25 °C, fv = 60Hz condition whereas full black pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.
- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 3. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance ( $L_{WH}$ ) in optical characteristics.
- 4. Define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%, Ts is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 5. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of lamp is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical lamp current.
- 6. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Asymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 7. It is defined the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%.
- $T_{\rm S}$  is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 8. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter.
- The applied lamp current is a typical one.



- Note)
  - 9. Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.
    - It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
      - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
      - b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within  $\sqrt{2}$   $\pm10\%.$ 
        - \* Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



\* Asymmetry rate:  

$$|I_p - I_{-p}| / I_{rms} * 100\%$$
  
\* Distortion rate  
 $I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$ 

- \* Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.
  - If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.



#### 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model FI-XB30SR-HF11 manufactured by JAE.

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	GND	Ground	
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power	
5	NC	Reserved for supplier test point	
6	CIk EEDID	DDC Clock	1, Interface chips
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	1.1 LCD : KZ4E053G23CFP(LCD Controller)
8	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> O-	Negative LVDS differential data input	including LVDS Receiver
9	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> 0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	1.2 System : THC63LVDF823A or equivalent * Pin to Pin compatible with TI LVDS
10	GND	Ground	
11	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> 1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	2. Connector 2.1 LCD :FI-XB30SR-HF11. JAE or
12	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> 1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	2.1 LCD : FI-XB30SR-HF11, JAE or its compatibles
13	GND	Ground	2.2 Mating : FI-X30M or equivalent.
14	0dd_R <sub>IN</sub> 2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	2.3 Connector pin arrangement
15	0dd_R <sub>IN</sub> 2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	30 1
16	GND	Ground	h آ آ آ ا
17	Odd_CLKIN-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	
18	Odd_CLKIN+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	
19	GND	Ground	[LCD Module Rear View]
20	Even_R <sub>IN</sub> 0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
21	Even_R <sub>IN</sub> 0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
22	GND	Ground	
23	Even_R <sub>IN</sub> 1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
24	Even_R <sub>IN</sub> 1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
25	GND	Ground	
26	Even_R <sub>IN</sub> 2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
27	Even_R <sub>IN</sub> 2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
28	GND	Ground	
29	Even_CLKIN-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	
30	Even_CLKIN+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	

#### Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST. The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 or equivalent.

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1

#### Table 5. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (J3)

Notes : 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored pink and the low voltage side terminal is blue.

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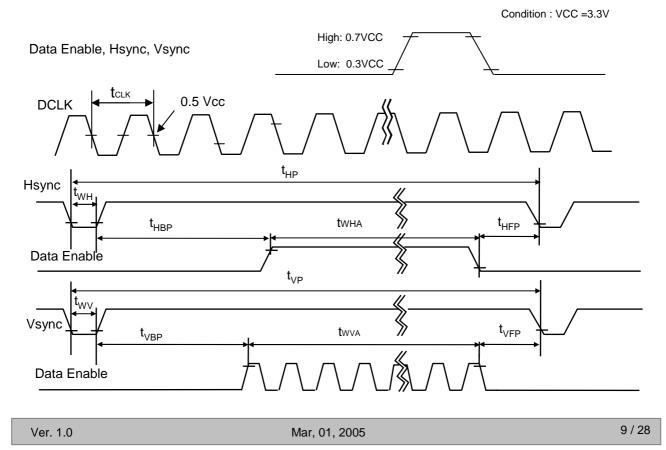
#### 3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note				
DCLK	Frequency	fclk	96.21	96.21	96.21	MHz					
Hsync	ync Period		1760	1760	1760	tour					
	Width	twн	32	32	32	tCLK					
Vsync	Period	tVP	912	912	912	110					
	Width	tw∨	3	3	3	tHP					
Data	Horizontal back porch	thbp	224	224	224	tour					
Enable	Horizontal front porch	tHFP	64	64	64	tCLK					
	Vertical back porch	tvbp	6	6	6	110					
	Vertical front porch	tVFP	3	3	3	tHP					

#### Table 6. TIMING TABLE

#### 3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms





#### 3-5. Color Input Data Reference

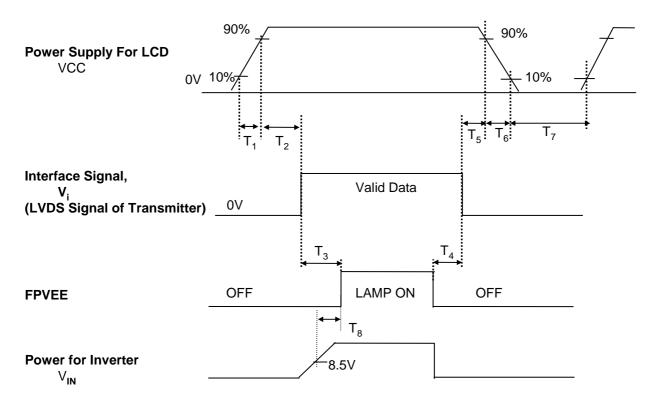
The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color ; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Color			Input Color Data																
		RED				GREEN					BLUE								
		MSE						MSE					LSB						LSB
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0		G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0		0 	0 	0	0	0 	.0 	0 	0	0	0	0 	0	0	0	0	0 0
	Red	1 	1 	1	1 	1 	1 1	0 	0	0	0	0	0	0 		0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1 	1 	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN					•••••				••••	•••••	••••• 						 		
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	 1	 1	 1	 1	1	0	 0	0	0	0	0	 0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	 1	1	 1		1	1	 0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	0	 1
BLUE				•••••	•••••					•••••	• • • • • 					· · · · · ·	 		
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0		0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	 1		1	 1	1	 0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0		0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	 1		 1	 1	 1	 1

 Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE



#### 3-6. Power Sequence



#### Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value		Units
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T <sub>1</sub>	-	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>2</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>3</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>4</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>5</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>6</sub>	0	-	100	(ms)
T <sub>7</sub>	1000	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>8</sub>	10	-	-	(ms)

#### Note)

1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.

3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.



Parameter

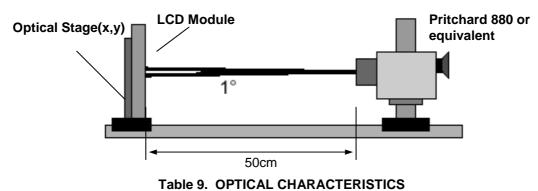
**Product Specification** 

#### 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to  $0^{\circ}$ .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

0.....



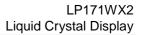
#### FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

•	INCAL	<b>UIANA</b>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

Symbol	Min	Тур	MAx	Units	Notes
 CR	350		-		1
 L <sub>WH</sub>	170	200	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
 $\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$	-	1.8	2.0		3
					4
 Tr <sub>R</sub>	-	6	10	ms	

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, fv=60Hz, f<sub>CLK</sub>= 96.2MHz, I<sub>BL</sub>= 6.5mA Values

Contrast Ratio	CR	350		-		1
Surface Luminance, white	 с с	170			 cd/m²	
Luminance Variation	δ <sub>WHITE</sub>	-	1.8	2.0		
Response Time						4
Rise Time	 Tr <sub>R</sub>		6		ms	·····
Delay Time			19	25	ms	
Color Coordinates						
RED	RX	0.562	0.592	0.622		
	RY	0.314	0.344	0.374		
GREEN	GX	0.290	0.320	0.350		
	GY	0.523	0.553	0.583		
BLUE	BX	0.130	0.160	0.190		
	BY	0.114	0.144	0.174		
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right( $\Phi$ =0°)	Θr	65	-	-	degree	
x axis, left ( $\Phi$ =180°)	ΘΙ	65	-	-	degree	
y axis, up ( $\Phi$ =90°)	Θu	50	-		degree	
y axis, down ( $\Phi$ =270°)	Θd	50	-	-	degree	
Gray Scale						6
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Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.

 $L_{WH} = Average(L_1, L_2, \dots, L_5)$ 

3. The variation in surface luminance , The panel total variation ( $\delta_{WHITE}$ ) is determined by measuring L<sub>N</sub> at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as followed numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(L_1, L_2, \dots, L_{13}) - \text{Minimum}(L_1, L_2, \dots, L_{13})}{\text{Maximum}(L_1, L_2, \dots, L_{13})} \times 100$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time,  $Tr_R$ ) and from black to white(Decay Time,  $Tr_D$ ). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.15
L7	0.53
L15	2.93
L23	9.01
L31	20.91
L39	35.04
L47	52.98
L55	78.18
L63	100

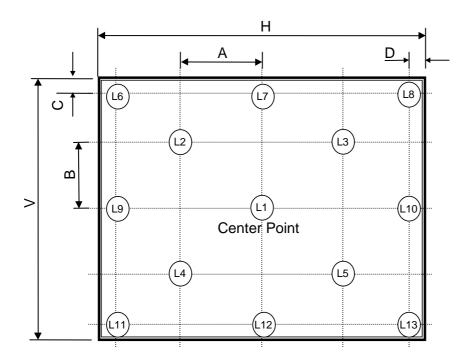
6. Gray scale specification

\*  $f_{v} = 60Hz$ 



#### FIG. 2 Luminance

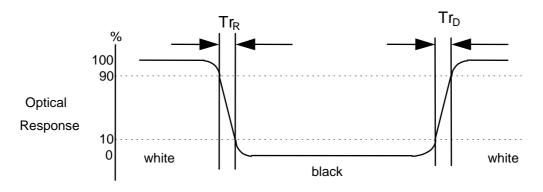
<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>



H,V : ACTIVE AREA A : H/4 mm B : V/4 mm C : 10 mm D : 10 mm POINTS : 13 POINTS

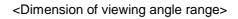
#### FIG. 3 Response Time

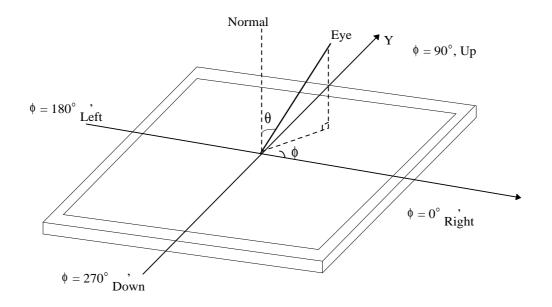
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".





#### FIG. 4 Viewing angle



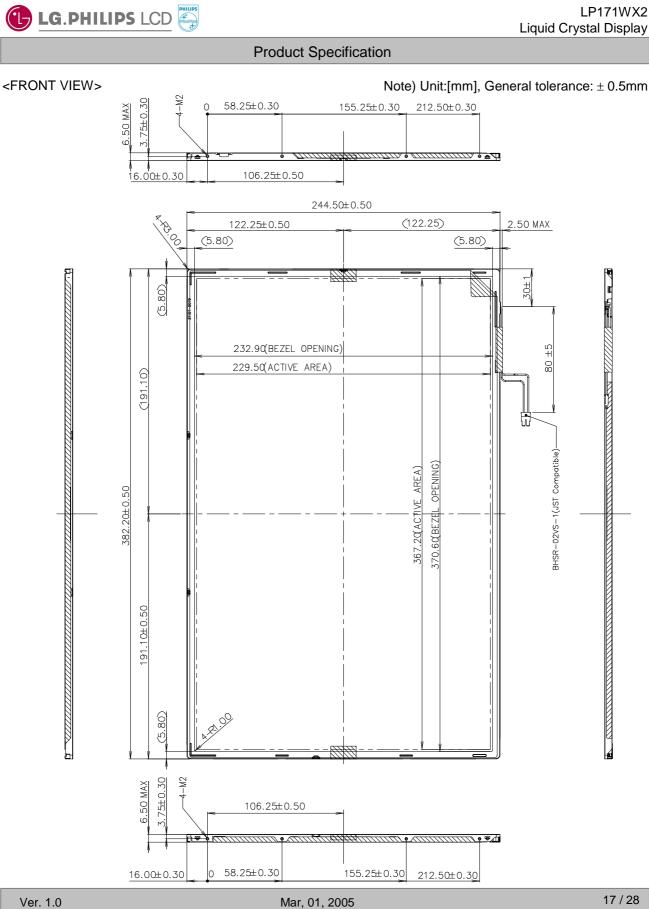




#### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP171WX2(A4K1). In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	$382.2\pm0.5\text{mm}$			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	$244.5\pm0.5\text{mm}$			
	Depth	$6.3\pm0.3$ mm			
Bezel Area	Horizontal	370.6 ± 0.5mm			
Dezer Area	Vertical	$232.9\pm0.5\text{mm}$			
Active Display Area	Horizontal	367.2 mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	229.5 mm			
Weight	670g (Typ.) 685g (Max.)				
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(2H) Glare + Anti reflective treatment of the front Polarizer				



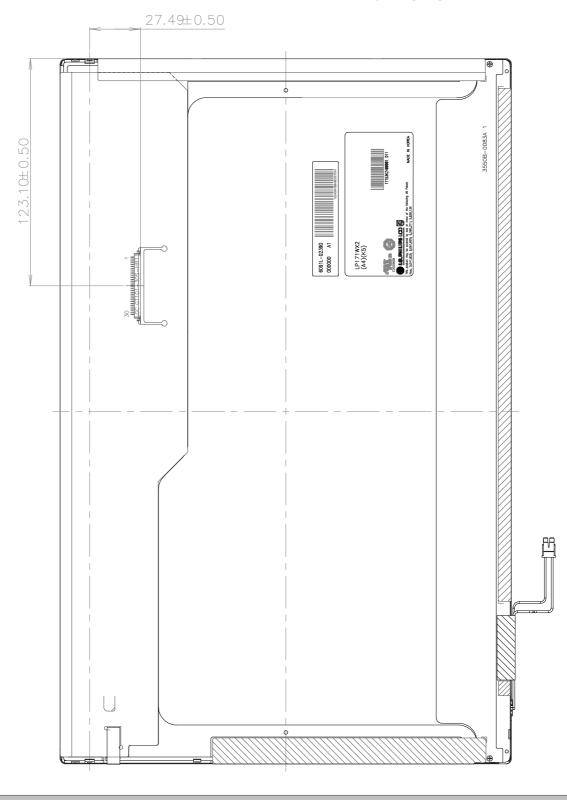


LP171WX2 Liquid Crystal Display

### **Product Specification**

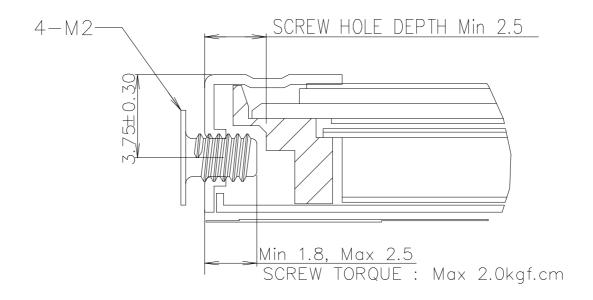
#### <REAR VIEW>

#### Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.5mm





[ DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW ]



Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.5mm



### 6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions			
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h			
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h			
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h			
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h			
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis			
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 6ms for all six faces)			
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr			

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



#### 7. International Standards

#### 7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950, Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Dated Dec. 11, 2000.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment. b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950, Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Dec. 1, 2000. Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.

c) EN 60950 : 2000, Third Edition

IEC 60950 : 1999, Third Edition

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

#### 7-2. EMC

a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992

b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.

c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)



### 8. Packing

#### 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C : Inch

- D : Year
- E : Month
- F : Panel Code
- G : Factory Code
- H : Assembly Code

I,J,K,L,M : Serial No

#### Note

1. Year

Year	97	98	99	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mark	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

2. Month

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С

3. Panel Code

Panel Code	P1 Factory	P2 Factory	P3 Factory	P4 Factory	P5 Factory	Hydis Panel
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	Н

4. Factory Code

Factory Code	LPL Gumi	LPL Nanjing	Hee Sung
Mark	к	С	D

#### 5. Serial No

Serial No.	1 ~ 99,999	100,000 ~
Mark	00001 ~ 99999	A0001 ~ A9999, , Z9999



b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

#### 8-2. Packing Form

- a) Package quantity in one box : 10 pcs
- b) Box Size : 490mm × 277mm × 322mm



### 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental)
- to the polarizer.)(7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm 200 \text{mV}(\text{Over and under shoot voltage})$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.



#### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.

Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.

- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™)1/3LP171WX2-A4K5 E-EDID DATA (ver1.0)200

2005-03-01

Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments	_	lue	Value		
(decimal)	(HEX)			EX)	(binary)		
0		Header			0000 0000		
1	01		F				
2	02		F		<u>1111 1111</u> 1111 1111	11	
3	03 04		F		1111 1111	Header	
5	04		F	F	1111 1111		
6	06				1111 1111		
7	07		0		0000 0000		
8	08	EISA manufacturer code(3 Character ID) = LPL	3	2	0011 0010		
9	09		0	С	0000 1100		
10	0A	Product code =	0	0	0000 0000		
11	0B	(Hex, LSB first)	0	0	0000 0000		
12	0C	32-bit serial number	0	0	0000 0000	Vender/	
13	0D		0	0	0000 0000	Product ID	
14	0E		0	0	0000 0000		
15	0F		0	0			
16	10	Week of manufacture	0	0	0000 0000		
17		Year of manufacture = 2005	0		0000 1111		
18		EDID Structure version # = 1			0000 0001	EDID Version/	
19		EDID Revision $\# = 2$	0			Revision	
20	14	Video input definition = Digital I/p,non TMDS CRGB	8		1000 0000		
21		Max H image size(cm) = 36.72cm(37)	2	5	0010 0101	Display	
22		Max V image size(cm) = 22.95cm(23)	1	7	0001 0111	Parameter	
23		Display gamma = 2.20	7	8			
24	_	Feature support(DPMS) = Active off, RGB Color	0		0000 1010		
25 26		Red/Green low Bits	F		1000 1110 1111 0000		
20		Blue/White Low Bits           Red X         Rx = 0.592	г 9	7			
28		Red Y Ry = 0.344	5	_			
29		Green X $Gx = 0.320$	5		0101 0001	Color	
30		Green Y Gy = 0.553	8	D	1000 1101	Characteristic	
31	1F	Blue X Bx = 0.160	2		0010 1000		
32		Blue Y By = 0.144	2	4			
33		White X Wx = 0.313	5				
34		White Y $Wy = 0.329$	5		0101 0100		
35		Established Timing I	0		0000 0000	Established	
36		Established Timing II	0	-		Timings	
37	_	Manufacturer's Timings	0		0000 0000		
38 39		Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	-	1	0000 0001		
<u> </u>			-	1	0000 0001		
-		Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	0	1	0000 0001		
41		Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	-				
42		Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	0	1	0000 0001		
43		Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	-	-		Otom de sed	
44		Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used			0000 0001	Standard	
45		Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	-	1		Timing ID	
46	2E	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used		1			
47		Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	-	1			
48		Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used			0000 0001		
49		Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used		1	0000 0001		
50	32	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	_	1	0000 0001		
51	33	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	-	1			
52		Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	-	1			
53	35	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000 0001		



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID<sup>™</sup>) 2/3

Byte#	Byte#		Va	lue	Value	
(decimal)		Field Name and Comments		EX)		
(decimal) 54		1440 X 900 @ 60Hz mode : pixel clock = 96.21Mb	`	,	1001 0101	
55		(Stored LSB first)	9	5	0010 0101	
56		Horizontal Active = 1440 pixels	A	0	1010 0000	
57		Horizontal Blanking = 320 pixels	4		0100 0000	
58	30	Horizontal Active : Horizontal Blanking = 1440 : 320	5	1	0101 0001	
59		Vertical Avtive = 900 lines	8		1000 0100	
60		Vertical Blanking = 12 lines	0		0000 1100	Detailed
61		Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking = 900 : 12	3		0011 0000	Timing
62		Horizontal Sync. Offset = 64 pixels	4	0	0100 0000	Description
63		Horizontal Sync Pulse Width = 32 pixels	2	0	0010 0000	#1
64		Vertical Sync Offset = 3 lines, Sync Width = 3 lines	3		0011 0011	" 1
65		Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2bits = 0	0		0000 0000	
66		Horizontal Image Size = 367.2mm(367)	6		0110 1111	
67		Vertical Image Size = $229.5$ mm(230)	E	6	1110 0110	
68		Horizontal & Vertical Image Size	1		0001 0000	
69		Horizontal Border = 0	0		0000 0000	
70		Vertical Border = 0			0000 0000	
70		Non-interlaced,Normal display,no stereo,Digital separate sync,H/V pol negatives	1		0000 0000	
72	48	Detailed Timing Descriptor #2	0	_	0000 0000	
73	40				0000 0000	
74	4A		0		0000 0000	
75	4B			0	0000 0000	
76	4C		0		0000 0000	
77	4D		0		0000 0000	
78	4E				0000 0000	Detailed
79	4F		0		0000 0000	Timing
80	50		0		0000 0000	Description
81	51				0000 0000	#2
82	52		0		0000 0000	~-
83	53				0000 0000	
84	55				0000 0000	
85	55				0000 0000	
86	56		0		0000 0000	
87	57		0		0000 0000	
88	58		0		0000 0000	
89	59		0	0	0000 0000	
90	5A	Detailed Timing Descriptor #3			0000 0000	
91	5B				0000 0000	
92	5C		0		0000 0000	
93	5D				1111 1110	
94	5E				0000 0000	
95	5F		4	С	0100 1100	
96	60	G			0100 0111	Detailed
97	61	Р	5	0	0101 0000	Timing
98	62	h	6	8	0110 1000	Description
99	63	i	6	9	0110 1001	#3
100	64		6	С	0110 1100	
101	65	<u> </u>	6	9	0110 1001	
102	66	p	7	0	0111 0000	
103	67	S		3	0111 0011	
104	68	L	4	С	0100 1100	
105	69	C	4	3	0100 0011	
106	6A	D	4		0100 0100	
107	6B	LF	0	А	0000 1010	



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID<sup>™</sup>) 3/3

	Byte#	Field Name and Comments	-	lue		
(decimal)	(HEX)		(H	EX)	(binary)	
108	6C	Detailed Timing Descriptor #4	0	0	0000 0000	
109	6D		0	0	0000 0000	
110	6E		0	0	0000 0000	
111	6F		F	_	1111 1110	
112	70		0		0000 0000	
113	71	L	4		0100 1100	
114	72	Р	5	0	0101 0000	Detailed
115	73	1	3	1	0011 0001	Timing
116	74	7	3	7	0011 0111	Description
117	75	1	3	1	0011 0001	#4
118	76	W	5	7	0101 0111	
119	77	Χ	5		0101 1000	
120	78	2	3		0011 0010	
121	79	-	2	_	0010 1101	
122	7A	Α	4	1	0100 0001	
123	7B	4	3		0011 0100	
124	7C	K	4		0100 1011	
125	7D	5	3	5	0011 0101	
126	7E	Extension flag = 00	0	0	0000 0000	Extension Flag
127	7F	Checksum	F	5	1111 0101	Checksum