TENTATIVE

All information in this technical data sheet is tentative and subject to change without notice.

6.5"VGA

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

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MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC Corp.

Date: Jun.16,'08

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1. APPLICATION

This specification applies to color TFT-LCD module, AA065VD03.

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MITSUBISHI classifies the usage of the TFT-LCD module as follows. Please confirm the usage before using the product.

(1) Standard Usage

Computers, office equipment, factory automation equipment, test and measurement equipment, communications, transportation equipment(automobiles, ships, trains, etc.), provided, however, that operation is not influenced by TFT-LCD directly.

(2) Special Usage

Medical equipment, safety equipment, transportation equipment, provided, however, that TFT-LCD is necessary to its operation.

(3) Specific Usage

Cockpit Equipment, military systems, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems and any other equipment. MITSUBISHI should make a contract that stipulate apportionment of responsibilities between MITSUBISHI and our customer.

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MITSUBISHI has been making continuous effort to improve the reliability of its products. Customers should implement sufficient reliability design of their application equipments such as redundant system design, fail-safe functions, anti-failure features.

MITSUBISHI assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the product that does not comply with the instructions and the precautions specified in this document.

Please contact and consult a MITSUBISHI sales representative for any questions regarding this product.

2. OVERVIEW

AA065VD03 is 6.5" color TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module composed of LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, and backlight unit.

By applying 6 bit digital data 640×480 , 262k-color images are displayed on the 6.5" diagonal screen. Input power voltage is 3.3 V for LCD driving.

The type of data and control signals are digital and transmitted via CMOS interface per Typ. 25 MHz clock cycle.

Driver circuit for LED backlight is not included in this module. General specifications are summarized in the following table:

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Display Area (mm)	132.48(H) × 99.36(V) (6.5-inch diagonal)
Number of Dots	$640 \times 3 \text{ (H)} \times 480 \text{ (V)}$
Pixel Pitch (mm)	0.207 (H) × 0.207 (V)
Color Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe
Display Mode	Normally white TN
Number of Color	262k
Luminance (cd/m²)	700
Wide Viewing Angle Technology	Optical compensation film
Viewing Angle (CR ≥ 10)	-80~80° (H) −60~80° (V)
Surface Treatment	Anti-refrection and hard-coating 2H
Electrical Interface	CMOS
Optimum Viewing Angle (Contrast ratio)	6 o'clock
Module Size (mm)	154.0 (W) × 121.0 (H) × 11.0 (D)
Module Mass (g)	185
Backlight Unit	LED, edge-light, replaceable

Characteristic value without any note is typical value.

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage for LCD	VCC	-0.3	4.0	V
Logic Input Voltage	VI	-0.3	6.0	V
Backlight (LED) Current	IF	0	180	mA
Operation Temperature (Panel) Note 1,2)	Top(Panel)	-30	80	°C
Operation Temperature (Ambient) Note 2)	Top(Ambient)	-30	80	°C
Storage Temperature Note 2)	T_{stg}	-30	80	°C

[Note]

- 1) Measured at the center of active area and at the center of panel back surface
- 2) Top,Tstg \leq 40°C : 90%RH max. without condensation

Top,Tstg > 40°C : Absolute humidity shall be less than the value of 90%RH at 40°C without condensation.

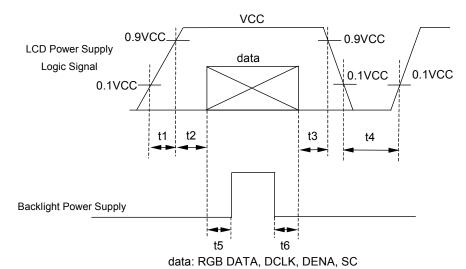
4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(1) TFT-LCD Ambient Temperature : $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

ΓΙ	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks	
Power Supply V	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	*1)	
Power Supply C	ICC		185	280	mA	*2)	
Permissive Inpu	t Ripple Voltage	VRP			100	mVp-p	VCC = +3.3V
Logic Input	High	VIH	2.0		5.5	V	
Voltage	Voltage Low		0		0.8	V	

*1) Power and signals sequence:

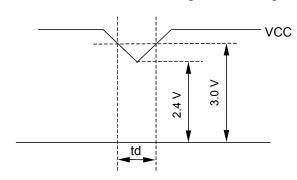
 $t1 \le 10 \text{ ms}$ 200 ms $\le t4$ 0 < $t2 \le 50 \text{ ms}$ 200 ms $\le t5$ 0 < $t3 \le 50 \text{ ms}$ 0 $\le t6$



VCC-dip conditions:

- 1) When $2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{VCC} < 3.0 \text{ V}$, $\text{td} \le 10 \text{ ms}$
- 2) When VCC < 2.4 V

VCC-dip conditions should also follow the power and signals sequence.



*2) VCC = + 3.3 V, f_H=31.5kHz, f_V=60Hz, f_{CLK}= 25MHz Display image at typical power supply current value is 64-gray-bar pattern (6 bit), 480 line mode.

*3) Fuse

- 6	/			
	Parameter	Fuse Type Name	Supplier	Remark
	VCC	FCC16162AB	Kamaya Electric Co., Ltd.	*)

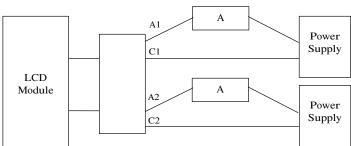
^{*)} The power supply capacity should be designed to be more than the fusing current.

(2) Backlight

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks
			(20.4)	22.8	V	IF = 90 mA, Ta = 25°C
LED Voltage	VF			23.1	V	IF = 90 mA, $Ta = 0^{\circ}C$
			-1	23.7	V	IF = 90 mA, $Ta = -30^{\circ}C$
LED Current	IF		90	120	mA	*1), *3)
LED Life Time	LT	60,000	-1		h	IF = 90 mA, Ta = 25°C *4), *5), Continuous operation

[Note]

- *1) Constant Current Drive
- *2) The Voltage deviation between strings: $|V_{f1} V_{f2}| \le 4V$
- *3) LED Current measurement method



- *4) LED life time is defined as the time when the brightness becomes 50% of the initial value.
- *5) The life time of the backlight depends on the ambient temperature. The life time will decrease under high temperature.

5. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION

(1) CN 1(Interface Signal)

Used connector: DF9B-31P-1V(32) (HIROSE)

Corresponding connector: DF9-31S-1V(32) (HIROSE)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	GND	
2	DCLK	Clock signal for sampling catch data signal
3	HD	Horizontal sync signal *1)
4	VD	Vertical sync signal *1)
5	GND	
6	R0	Red data signal(LSB)
7	R1	Red data signal
8	R2	Red data signal
9	R3	Red data signal
10	R4	Red data signal
11	R5	Red data signal(MSB)
12	GND	
13	G0	Green data signal(LSB)
14	G1	Green data signal
15	G2	Green data signal
16	G3	Green data signal
17	G4	Green data signal
18	G5	Green data signal(MSB)
19	GND	
20	В0	Blue data signal(LSB)
21	B1	Blue data signal
22	B2	Blue data signal
23	В3	Blue data signal
24	B4	Blue data signal
25	В5	Blue data signal(MSB)
26	GND	
27	DENA	Data enable signal (to settle the viewing area)
28	VCC	3.3 V Power Supply
29	VCC	3.3 V Power Supply
30	NC	This pin should be open.
31	SC	Scan direction control (Low=Normal, High=Reverse)

^{*1)} HD and VD are not being used for timing control.

^{*2)} Metal frame is connected to signal GND.

(2) CN 2(Backlight)

Backlight-side connector: SM06B-SHLS-TF (JST) Corresponding connector: SHLP-06V-S-B (JST)

Pin No. Symbol Function 1 NC This pin should be open. 2 NC This pin should be open. 3 LED C 1 LED cathode 1 4 LED A 1 LED anode 1 5 LED A 2 LED anode 2 6 LED C 2 LED cathode 2

6. INTERFACE TIMING

(1) Timing Specifications

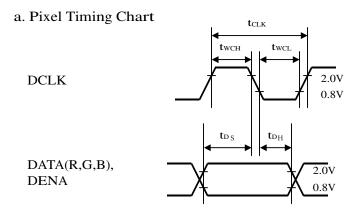
	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT									
	Frequency		fclk	20	25	30	MHz							
	Period		t CLK	33.3	40	50	ns							
DCLK	Low Width		twcl	10			ns							
	High Width	1	twch	10			ns							
DATA(R,G,B),	Set up time	;	$t_{ m DS}$	4			ns							
DENA	Hold time		t _{DH}	4			ns							
		Active Time	t _{HA}	640	640	640	t_{CLK}							
	Horizontal	TT : . 1	TT 1	TT 1	TT 1	TT ' . 1	TT ' . 1	TT ' . 1	Blanking Time	tнв	20	160		tclk
		Frequency	fн	27	31.5	38	kHz							
		Period	t _H	26.3	31.7	37.0	μs							
DENA		Active Time	tva	480	480	480	tн							
	V4:1	Blanking Time	tvB	4	45		tн							
	Vertical	Frequency	fv	55	60	70	Hz							
		Period	tv	14.3	16.7	18.2	ms							

[Note]

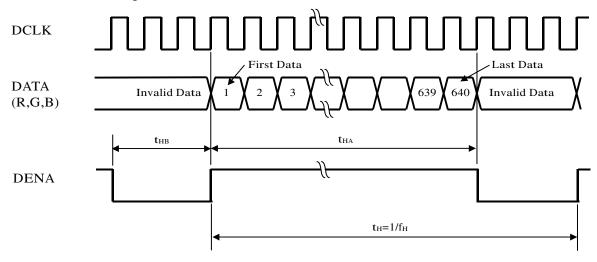
- 1) DATA is latched at fall edge of DCLK in this specification.
- 2) DENA (Data Enable) should always be positive polarity as shown in the timing specification.
- 3) DCLK should appear during all invalid period.
- 4) In case of blanking time fluctuation, please satisfy following condition.

 $t_{VBn} > t_{VBn-1} - 3(t_H)$

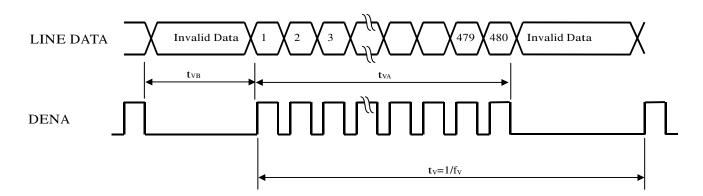
(2) Timing Chart



b. Horizontal Timing Chart



c. Vertical Timing Chart



(3) Color Data Assignment

(5) 56161	Data Assigni								IN	PUT	`DA'	ГА							
				R D	ATA					G D	ATA					B D	ATA		
CO	OLOR	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В5	В4	В3	В2	В1	В0
		MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BASIC	BLUE(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
COLOR	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DED																			
RED																			
	RED(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CDEEN																			
GREEN													ļ						
	GREEN(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	BLUE(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ргип																			
BLUE																	-		
	BLUE(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

[Note]

1) Definition of gray scale

Color (n) --- n indicates gray scale level.

Higher n means brighter level.

(11/23)

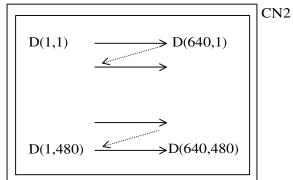
2) Data

1:High, 0: Low

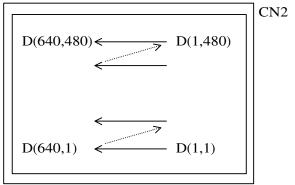
(4) Display Position and Scan Direction

D(X,Y) shows the data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing PCB.

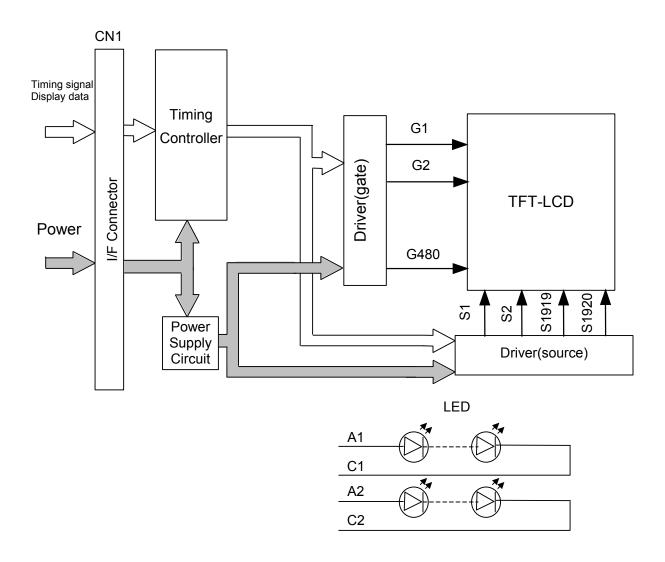




SC: High

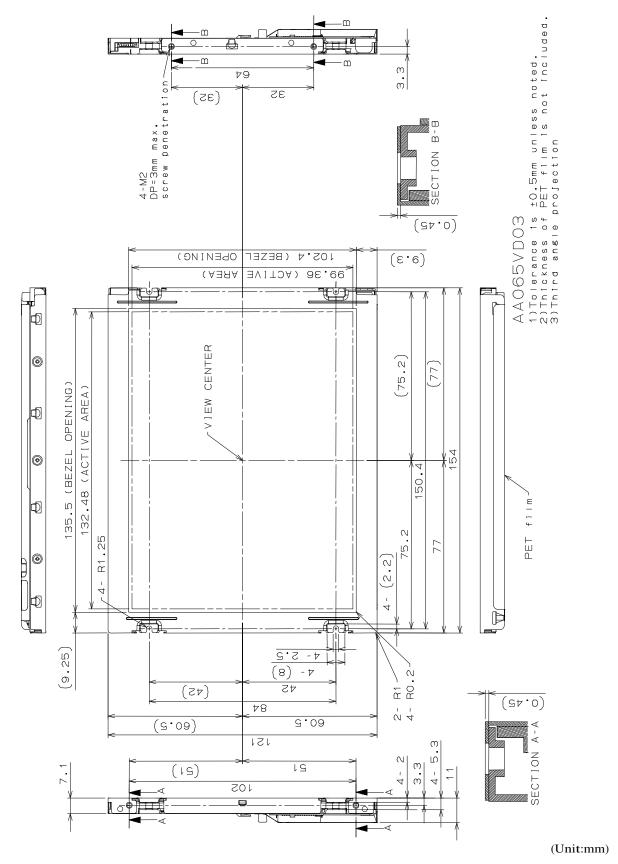


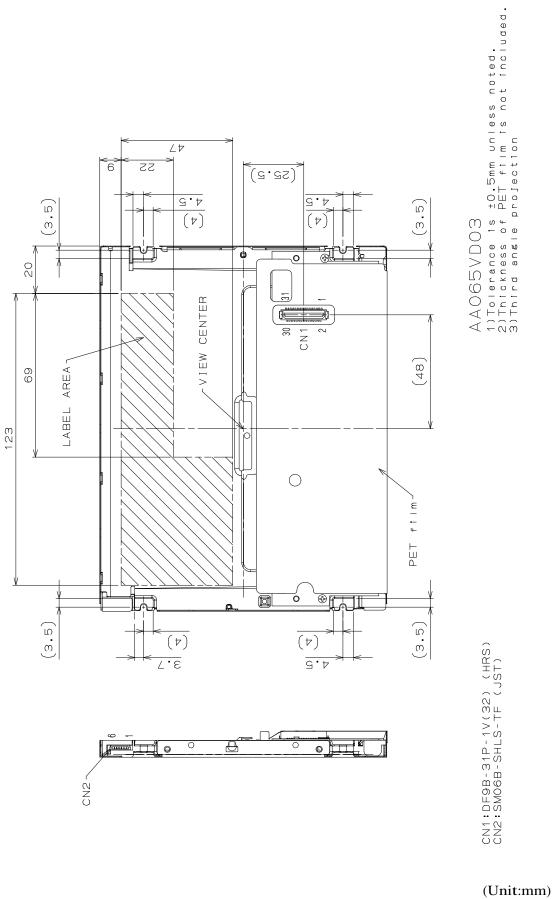
7. BLOCK DIAGRAM



8. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Front Side





9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3 V, Input Signals: Typ. Values shown in Section 6

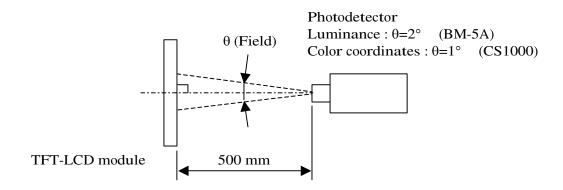
ITE	M	SYMBOL CONDI		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks
Contrast Rat	io	CR	θν=0°, θн=0°	350	600			*1)*2)*5)
Luminance		Lw	$\theta_V=0^\circ,\theta_H=0^\circ$	560	700		cd/m ²	*1)*5)
Luminance U	Iniformity	ΔLw	$\theta_V=0^\circ,\theta_H=0^\circ$			30	%	*1)*3)*5)
Paspansa Tir	20	tr	$\theta_V=0^\circ,\theta_H=0^\circ$		6	-	ms	*1)*4)*5)
Response Tir	ne	tf	$\theta_V=0^\circ,\theta_H=0^\circ$		19		ms	*1)*4)*5)
Viewing	Horizontal	θ_{H}	CR ≥ 10	-70~70	-80~80		0	*1)*5)
Angle	Vertical	$\theta_{ m V}$	CR ≥ 10	-50~70	-60~80		0	*1)*5)
Image Sticking	ng	tis	2 h			2	s	*6)
	Red	Rx		0.516	0.556	0.596		
		Ry		0.301	0.341	0.381		
Color	Green	Gx		0.321	0.361	0.401		
Coordinates		Gy	$\theta_V=0^\circ,\theta_H=0^\circ$	0.522	0.562	0.602		*1)*5)
	Blue	Bx		0.126	0.166	0.206		
				0.100	0.140	0.180		
	White	Wx		0.273	0.313	0.353		
	Wy			0.289	0.329	0.369		

[Note]

These items are measured using CS1000(MINOLTA) for color coordinates, EZContrast(ELDIM) for viewing angle and CS1000 or BM-5A(TOPCON) for others under the dark room condition (no ambient light) after more than 30 minutes from turning on the backlight unless noted.

Condition: IF=90 mA

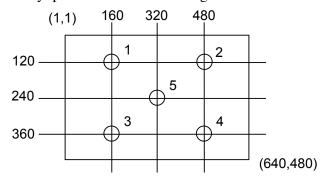
Measurement method for luminance and color coordinates is as follows.



The luminance is measured according to FLAT PANEL DISPLAY MEASUREMENTS STANDARD (VESA Standard).

*1) Measurement Point

Contrast Ratio, Luminance, Response Time, Viewing Angle, Color Coordinates: Display Center Luminance Uniformity: point 1~5 shown in a figure below



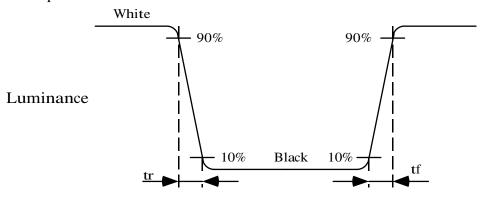
*2) Definition of Contrast Ratio

CR=Luminance with all white pixels / Luminance with all black pixels

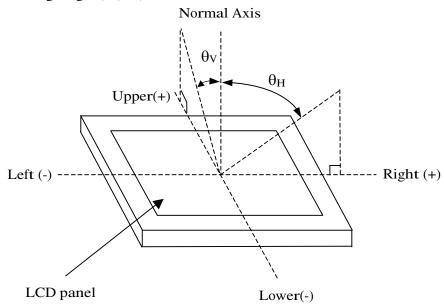
*3) Definition of Luminance Uniformity

 $\Delta Lw = [Lw(MAX)/Lw(MIN)-1] \times 100$

*4) Definition of Response Time

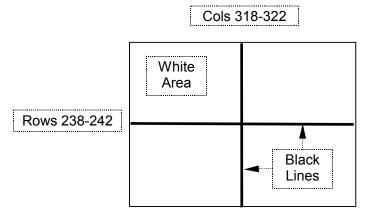


*5) Definition of Viewing Angle (θ_V , θ_H)



*6) Image Sticking

Continuously display the test pattern shown in the figure below for two-hours. Then display a completely white screen. The previous image shall not persist more than two seconds at 25°C.



TEST PATTERN FOR IMAGE STICKING TEST

10. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITION

(1) Temperature and Humidity

ITEM	CONDITIONS
HIGH TEMPERATURE HIGH HUMIDITY OPERATION	40°C, 90%RH, 240 h (No condensation)
HIGH TEMPERATURE OPERATION	80°C, 240 h
LOW TEMPERATURE OPERATION	−30°C, 240 h
HIGH TEMPERATURE STORAGE	80°C, 240 h
LOW TEMPERATURE STORAGE	−30°C, 240 h
THERMAL SHOCK (NON-OPERATION)	BETWEEN -30°C (1h) and 80°C(1h), 100 CYCLES

(2) Shock & Vibration

ITEM	CONDITIONS
SHOCK (NON-OPERATION)	Shock level: 1470m/s² (150G) Waveform: half sinusoidal wave, 2ms Number of shocks: one shock input in each direction of three mutually perpendicular axis for a total of six shock inputs
VIBRATION (NON-OPERATION)	Vibration level: 9.8m/s² (1.0G) Waveform: sinusoidal Frequency range: 5 to 500Hz Frequency sweep rate: 0.5 octave /min Duration: one sweep from 5 to 500 Hz in each of three mutually perpendicular axis(total 3 hours)

(3) Judgment standard

The judgment of the above tests should be made as follow:

Pass: Normal display image, no damage of the display function. (ex. no line defect)

Partial transformation of the module parts should be ignored.

Fail: No display image, damage of the display function. (ex. line defect)

11. OTHER FEATURE

This LCD module complies with $RoHS^*$ directive.

*) RoHS: Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment

12. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR TFT-LCD MODULE

Please pay attention to the followings in handling TFT-LCD products;

(1) ASSEMBLY PRECAUTION

- a. Please mount the LCD module by using mounting hole with a screw clamping torque less than 0.2 Nm. Please do not bend or wrench the LCD module in assembling. Please do not drop, bend or twist the LCD module in handling.
- b. Please design display housing in accordance with the following guide lines.
 - (a) Housing case must be designed carefully so as not to put stresses on LCD and not to wrench module.
 - (b) Under high temperature environment, performance and life time of LED may heavily shorten. When you design with our LCD product, please consider radiating heat and ventilation for good heat management.
 - (c) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module back surface and housing when the LCD module is mounted. Approximately 1.0mm of the clearance in the design is recommended taking into account the tolerance of LCD module thickness and mounting structure height on the housing.
 - (d) When some parts, such as, FPC cable and ferrite plate, are installed underneath the LCD module, still sufficient clearance is required, such as 0.5mm. This clearance is, especially, to be reconsidered when the additional parts are implemented for EMI countermeasure.
 - (e) Design the LED driver location and connector position carefully so as not to give stress to LED backlight cable.
 - (f) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module and the others parts, such as inverter and speaker so as not to interfere the LCD module. Approximately 1.0 mm of the clearance in the design is recommended.
 - (g) To avoid local elevation/decrease of temperature, considering location of heating element, heat release, thermal design should be done.
- c. Please do not push or scratch LCD panel surface with anything hard. And do not soil LCD panel surface by touching with bare hands. (Polarizer film, surface of LCD panel is easy to be flawed.)
- d. Please wipe off LCD panel surface with absorbent cotton or soft cloth in case of it being soiled.
- e. Please wipe off drops of adhesives like saliva and water on LCD panel surface immediately. They might damage to cause panel surface variation and color change.
- f. Please do not take a LCD module to pieces and reconstruct it. Resolving and reconstructing modules may cause them not to work well.
- g. Please do not touch metal frames with bare hands and soiled gloves. A color change of the metal frames can happen during a long preservation of soiled LCD modules.
- h. Please handle metal frame carefully because edge of metal frame is very sharp.

- i. Please connect the metal frame of LCD module to GND in order to minimize the effect of external noise and EMI.
- j. Be sure to connect the cables and the connecters correctly.

(2) OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- a. Please be sure to turn off the power supply before connecting and disconnecting signal input cable.
- b. Please do not change variable resistance settings in LCD module. They are adjusted to the most suitable value. If they are changed, it might happen LCD does not satisfy the characteristics specification.
- c. The interface signal speed is very high. Please pay attention to transmission line design and other high speed signal precautions to satisfy signal specification.
- d. A condensation might happen on the surface and inside of LCD module in case of sudden change of ambient temperature. Please take care so as not to cause any damage mentioned on (1)-d.
- e. Please pay attention not to display the same pattern for very long time. Image might stick on LCD. Even if image sticking happens, it may disappear as the operation time proceeds.
- f. Please obey the same safe instructions as ones being prepared for ordinary electronic products.

(3) PRECAUTIONS WITH ELECTROSTATICS

- a. This LCD module use CMOS-IC on circuit board and TFT-LCD panel, and so it is easy to be affected by electrostatics. Please be careful with electrostatics by the way of your body connecting to the ground and so on.
- b. Please remove protection film very slowly from the surface of LCD module to prevent from electrostatics occurrence.

(4) STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

LCD should be stored in the room temperature environment with normal humidity. The LCD inventory should be processed by first-in first-out method.

(5) SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- a. When you waste damaged or unnecessary LCDs, it is recommended to crush LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- b. If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.
- c. Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the LED backlight cable.

d. LED driver should be designed carefully to limit or stop its function when over current is detected on the LED.

(6) OTHERS

- a. A strong incident light into LCD panel may cause deterioration to polarizer film, color filter, and other materials, which will degrade the quality of display characteristics. Please do not expose LCD module under strong Ultraviolet rays for a long time.
- b. Please pay attention to a panel side of LCD module not to contact with other materials in preserving it alone.
- c. For the packaging box handling, please see and obey with the packaging specification datasheet.