

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE NL6448BC33-31D

26 cm (10.4 inches), 640 × 480 pixels, 262,144 colors, Incorporated two-lamp/Edge-light type backlight Wide viewing angle

DESCRIPTION

NL6448BC33-31D is a TFT (thin film transistor) active matrix color liquid crystal display(LCD) comprising amorphous silicon TFT attached to each signal electrode, a driving circuit and a backlight. NL6448BC33-31D has a built-in backlight. Backlight includes long-life-lamps and the lamps are replaceable.

The 26cm (10.4 inches) diagonal display area contain s 640×480 pixels and can display 262,144 colors simultaneously.

NL6448BC33-31D is suitable for industrial application use, because the viewing angle is wide and the luminance is high. The viewing direction is also selectable either upper or lower side by changing scan direction.

NL6448BC33-31D is a Anti-Glare polarizer surface version of NL6448BC33-31.

FEATURES

- Anti-Glare surface on polarizer
- Wide viewing angle (with Retardation Film)
- High luminance (350 cd/m², TYP.)
- Low reflection
- 6-bit digital RGB interface
- Data enable (DE) function
- Incorporated edge type backlight with two long-life-time lamps (one lamp holder)
- Lamp holder replaceable (Type No.: 104LHS31)
- Reversible scan direction (with DPS terminal or SW1 switch)
- · Best viewing angle select function (with MVA terminal)

APPLICATIONS

- Display terminals for control system
- Monitors for process controller
- Personal computers (PC), Word processor



The information in this document is subject to change without notice.

STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONS

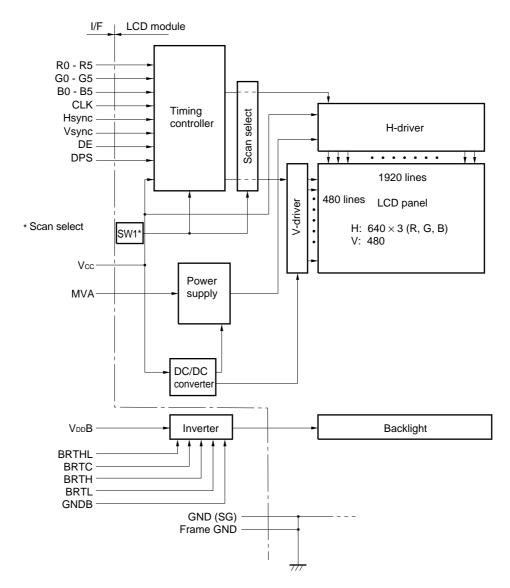
NEC

A color TFT (thin film transistor) LCD module is comprised of a TFT liquid crystal panel structure, LSIs for driving the TFT array, and a backlight assembly. The TFT panel structure is created by sandwiching liquid crystal material in the narrow gap between a TFT array glass substrate and a color filter glass substrate. After the driver LSIs are connected to the panel, the backlight assembly is attached to the backside of the panel.

RGB (red, green, blue) data signals from a source system is modulated into a form suitable for active matrix addressing by the onboard signal processor and sent to the driver LSIs which in turn addresses the individual TFT cells.

Acting as an electro-optical switch, each TFT cell regulates light transmission from the backlight assembly when activated by the data source. By regulating the amount of light passing through the array of red, green, and blue dots, color images are created with clarity.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



Remark Frame is not connected to GNDB.

OUTLINE OF CHARACTERISTICS (at room temperature)

Display area	211.2 (H) \times 158.4 (V) mm						
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix						
Display colors	262,144 colors						
Number of pixels	640×480 pixels						
Pixel arrangement	RGB vertical stripe						
Pixel pitch	0.33 (H) × 0.33 (V) mm						
Module size	243.0 (H) × 185.1 (V) × 11.0 TYP. (D) mm						
Weight	530 g (TYP.)						
Contrast ratio	300 : 1 (TYP.)						
Viewing angle (more than the	contrast ratio of 10:1)						
	Horizontal : 50° (TYP., left side, right side)						
	Vertical : 40° (TYP., up side), 45° (TYP, down side)						
Designed viewing direction	Wider viewing angle without image reversal : down side (6 o'clock normal scan)						
	up side (12 o'clock reverse scan)						
	Wider viewing angle with contrast ratio : up side (12 o'clock normal scan)						
	down side (6 o'clock reverse scan)						
	Optimum grayscale (γ = 2.2): perpendicular						
Color gamut	43% (TYP., center, to NTSC)						
Response time	15 ms (TYP.), white to black						
Luminance	350 cd/m ² (TYP., lamp current: 5.0 mA (per one lamp))						
Signal system	6-bit digital signals for each of RGB primary colors, synchronous signals						
	(Hsync, Vsync), dot clock (CLK)						
Supply voltages	3.3 V [5.0 V]						
Backlight	Edge light type, two cold cathode fluorescent lamp						
Power consumption	6.8 W (TYP., 3.3 V, with recommended inverter)						
Note							
Recommended inverter							

Recommended inverterType number101PWBR1Dimension25.0 (H) x 105.0 (V) x 10.2 MAX (D) mmWeight25 g MAXInput12.0V DC

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

ltem	Specification	Unit
Module size	243.0 \pm 0.5 (H) \times 185.1 \pm 0.5 (V) \times 11.5 MAX. (D)	mm
Display area	211.2 (H) × 158.4 (V)	mm
Number of dots	640 imes 3 (H) $ imes 480$ (V)	dot
Number of pixels	640 (H) × 480 (V)	pixel
Dot pitch	0.11 (H) × 0.33 (V)	mm
Pixel pitch	$0.33 (H) \times 0.33 (V)$	mm
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red, Green, Blue) vertical stripe	_
Display colors	262,144	color
Weight	Module: 550 (MAX.)	g

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit		Remarks	
Supply voltage	Vcc	-0.3 to 6.5	V	Ta = 25℃		
Input voltage	Vı	-0.3 to 6.5	V	Vı – Vcc < 3.0		
Storage temp.	Тsт	-20 to 60	°C			
Operating temp.	Тор	0 to 50	°C	Module surface Note		
Humidity	_	≤ 95% relative humidity	-	Ta ≤ 40°C	No condensation	
	-	≤ 85% relative humidity	-	$40 < T_a \leq 50^{\circ}C$		
	-	\leq (T _a = 50°C, 85% relative humidity) Absolute humidity.	-	Ta > 50℃		

Note Measured at the display area

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(1) Logic, LCD driving

						Ta = 25°C
Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Remarks
Supply voltage	Vcc	3.0 (4.75)	3.3 (5.0)	3.6 (5.25)	V	Vcc = 3.3 V (Vcc = 5.0 V)
Logic input Low voltage	VIL	0	-	Vcc imes 0.3	V	
Logic input High voltage	Vін	Vcc imes 0.7	-	Vcc	V	
Supply current	Icc		325 Note (250)	370 (300)	mA	Vcc = 3.3 V (Vcc = 5.0 V)

Note Checkered flag pattern (in EIAJ ED-2522)

(2) Backlight

						Ta = 25℃
Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Remarks
Lamp current	ΙL	2.0	5.0	5.5	mArms	Per lamp (x2)
Lamp voltage	VL	-	510	-	Vrms	
Lamp turn-on voltage	Vs	840	_	_	Vrms	Ta = 25°C
		1265	_	_	VIIIS	Ta = 0℃
Oscillation	Ft	50	54	58	kHz	Note

Note Recommended value of "Ft"

If Ft is our of the specification above, interfacence between Ft frequency and Hsync may cause beat noise on the display. The following formula should be considered.

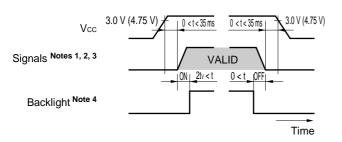
Ft=1/4th x (2n-1) th: Hsync period, n: a natural number (1, 2, 3,)

(3) Backlight (with the recommended inverter 104PWBR1)

Ta = 25℃

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Remarks
Supply voltage	VDDB	11.4	12.0	12.6	V	
Supply current	IddB	-	480	550	mA	350 cd/m ²

SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE



- Notes 1. Signals: CLK, Hsync, Vsync, DE, DATA (R0-R5, G0-G5, B0-B5)
 - **2.** The supply voltage for input signals should be the same as Vcc.
 - Apply VDDB within the LCD operation period. When the backlight turns on before LCD operation or the LCD operation turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become white.
 - **4.** When the power is off, please keep whole signals low level or high impedance.

INTERFACE AND PIN CONNECTION

- (1) Interface signals, power supply
 - Module side connector

NE

CN1 ··· DF9C-31P-1V

Mating connector DF9-31S-1V, DF9M-31S-1R or IL-310-T31S-VF Supplier: HIROSE ELECTRIC CO., LTD., Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	GND	Ground (SG) Note 2
2	CLK	Dot clock
3	Hsync	Horizontal sync.
4	Vsync	Vertical sync.
5	GND	Ground (SG) Note 2
6	R0	Red data (LSB)
7	R1	Red data
8	R2	Red data
9	R3	Red data
10	R4	Red data
11	R5	Red data (MSB)
12	GND	Ground (SG) Note 2
13	G0	Green data (LSB)
14	G1	Green data
15	G2	Green data
16	G3	Green data
17	G4	Green data
18	G5	Green data (MSB)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1 11 110.	Cymbol	T difetion
19	GND	Ground (SG) Note 2
20	В0	Blue data (LSB)
21	B1	Blue data
22	B2	Blue data
23	B3	Blue data
24	B4	Blue data
25	B5	Blue data (MSB)
26	GND	Ground (SG) Note 2
27	DE	Data enable Note 3
28	Vcc	Power supply Note 1
29	Vcc	Power supply Note 1
30	MVA	Best Viewing Select Note 4
31	DPS	Scan direction select Note 5

LSB : Least Significant Bit

MSB: Most Significant Bit

Notes 1. Vcc: All Vcc terminals should be connected to 3.3V or 5.0 V.

- 2. GND is connected to the frame of LCD module.
- 3. DE can select DE/Fixed mode.
 - DE = Data enable signal : DE mode
 - DE = Vcc or open : Fixed mode
- 4. MVA can change best viewing angle at gray scale screen. MVA = Vcc or open : Perpendiculer (best viewing angle: 0°) MVA = GND : Up side (best viewing angle : - 10°)

5. DPS can change scan direction (normal scan and reverse scan.)

DPS = GND or open: normal scan

DPS = Vcc: reverse scan

See INPUT SIGNAL TIMING (4) Display position of input data about another way for reversible scan. When DPS is high, reverse scan is selected even if SW1 is set at normal scan.

- NEC
 - (2) Backlight
 - Lamp side connector Mating connector CN2 --- BHR-03VS-1 SM03 (4.0)B-BHS-TB Supplier: J.S.T TRADING COMPANY, LTD.

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	VL	Return terminal
2	Vн	High voltage terminal
3	Vн	High voltage terminal

<Recommended Inverter connection>

Inverter side connector 1
Mating connector 1

CN1 ··· LZ-5P-SL-SMT LZ-5S-SC3

Supplier: Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	VDDB	Power supply	4	GNDB	Backlight ground
2	VddB	Power supply	5	BRTHL	Luminance select Note
3	GNDB	Backlight ground			

Note High luminance (100%): BRTHL = High or open Low luminance (60%): BRTHL = GND

Inverter side connector 2
Mating connector 2
IL-Z-3PL-SMTY
IL-Z-3S-S125C3

Supplier: Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	BRTC	Backlight ON/OFF signal Note 1
2	BRTH	Luminance control input Note 2
3	BRTL	Luminance control input Note 2

Notes 1. TTL level

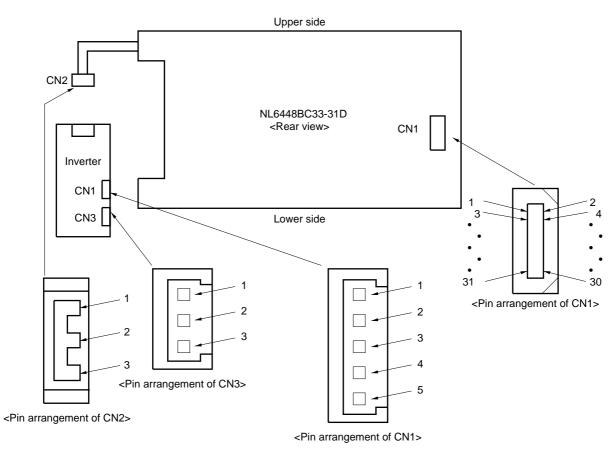
Backlight ON : BRTC = High or open Backlight OFF : BRTC = Low

2. <1> A way of luminance control by a variable resistor

This way works when BRTHL (No.5 pin) of CN1 is opened.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{BRTL} & \text{Mating variable resistor} & : \ 10 \ \text{k}\Omega \ \pm 5\% \\ \text{Minimum luminance (50\%)} & : \ \text{R} = 0 \ \Omega \\ \text{Maximum luminance (100\%)} & : \ \text{R} = 10 \ \text{k}\Omega \end{array}$$

<2> A way of luminance control by a voltage This way works when BRTHL and BRTL are opened. The range of input voltage between BRTH and GNDB is as follows. Minimum luminance (50%) : 2.5 V Maximum luminance (100%): ≤ 1.2 V <Connector location>



Remark With the recommended inverter

(3) Pin function

Symbol	In/Out	Logic	Description
R0-R5 G0-G5 B0-B5	In	Positive	Data for R, G and B
Vsync	In	Negative	Vertical synchronous signal
Hsync	In	Negative	Horizontal synchronous signal
CLK	In	Negative	Dot clock input Data is valid at negative edge of CLK signal
DE	In	Positive	Data enable signal Data during DE = High is valid on the screen
MVA	In	_	Signal to select the best viewing angle of γ = 2.2 MVA = High or open : 0° MVA = Low : 10° (up side)
DPS	In	Positive	Signal to select the scan direction DPS = GND or open : no mal scan DPS = High : reverse scan
Vcc	In	_	Power supply for logic and LCD drivers
GND	-	-	Ground for logic

DISPLAY COLORS vs. INPUT DATA SIGNALS

							Dat	a sigr	nal (0:	Low	level	, 1: H	ligh le	vel)					
Display col	ors	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Red grayscale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↑																		
	\downarrow			İ															
	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green grayscale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↑																		
	\downarrow			İ							Í						ĺ		
	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue grayscale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	↑																		
	\downarrow																		
	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

Remark Colors are developed in combination with 6-bit signals (64 steps in grayscale) of each primary red, green, and blue color.

This process can result in up to 262,144 ($64 \times 64 \times 64$) colors.

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING

(1) Input signal specifications (DE mode is default.)

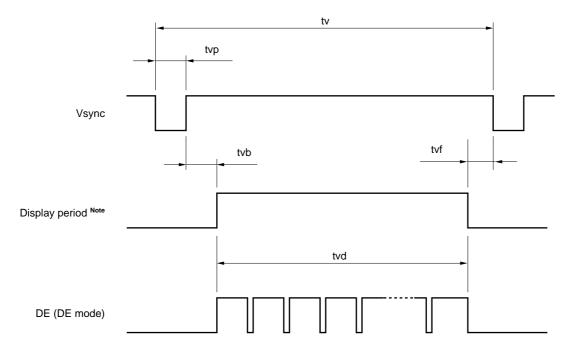
	Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Remarks
CLK	Frequency	1/tc	21.0	25.175	29.0	MHz	39.72 ns (TYP.)
	Duty	tch/tc	0.4	0.5	0.6	_	
	Rise, fall	tcrf	I	-	10	ns	
Hsync	Period	th	30.0	31.778	33.6	μs	31.468 kHz (TYP.)
			-	800	-	CLK	
	Display period	thd		640		CLK	
	Front-porch	thf		16		CLK	Fixed mode
			2	2 16 –			DE mode
	Pulse width	thp	Ι	96	Ι	CLK	Fixed mode
			10	96	-		DE mode
	Back-porch	thb	I	48	I	CLK	Fixed mode
			4	48	I		DE mode
		thp + thb		144		CLK	Fixed mode
			14	144	-		DE mode
	CLK-Hsync timing	thch	12	_	-	ns	
	Hsync-CLK timing	thcs	8	-	-	ns	
	Hsync-Vsync timing	tvh	1	_	-	CLK	
	Vsync-Hsync timing	tvs	30	_	-	ns	
	Rise, fall	thrf	_	-	10	ns	
Vsync	Period	tv	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms	59.94 Hz (TYP.)
			-	525	-	Н	
	Display period	tvd		480		Н	
	Front-porch	tvf		12		Н	Fixed mode
			1	12	-		DE mode
	Pulse width	tvp	-	2	-	Н	Fixed mode
			1	2	-		DE mode
	Back-porch	tvb	-	31	-	Н	Fixed mode
			4	31	_		DE mode
		tvp + tvb		33		Н	Fixed mode
			5	33	-		DE mode
	Rise, fall	t∨rf	-	-	10	ns	
DATA	CLK-DATA timing	tds	8	-	-	ns	
R0-R5 G0-G5	DATA-CLK timing	tdh	12	_	-	ns	
B0-B5	Rise, fall	tdrf	-	-	10	ns	
DE	DE-CLK timing	tes	8	-	-	ns	
	CLK-DE timing	teh	12	-	-	ns	
	Rise, fall	terf	_	_	10	ns	

Caution All of parameters should be kept in the specified range.

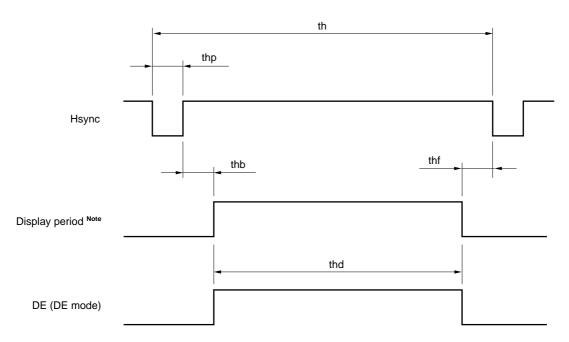


(2) Definition of input signal timing

<Vertical>

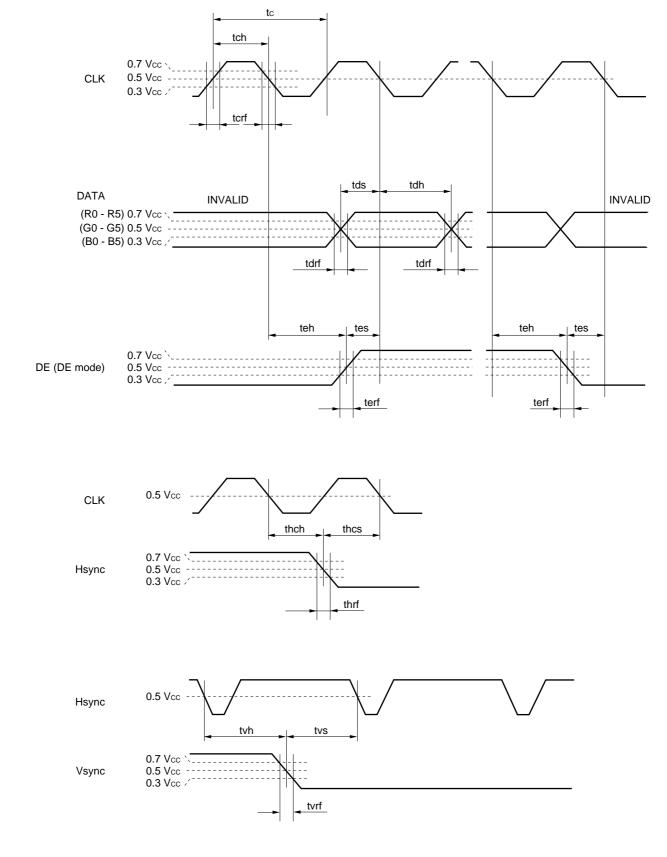


<Horizontal>



Note These do not exist as signals.

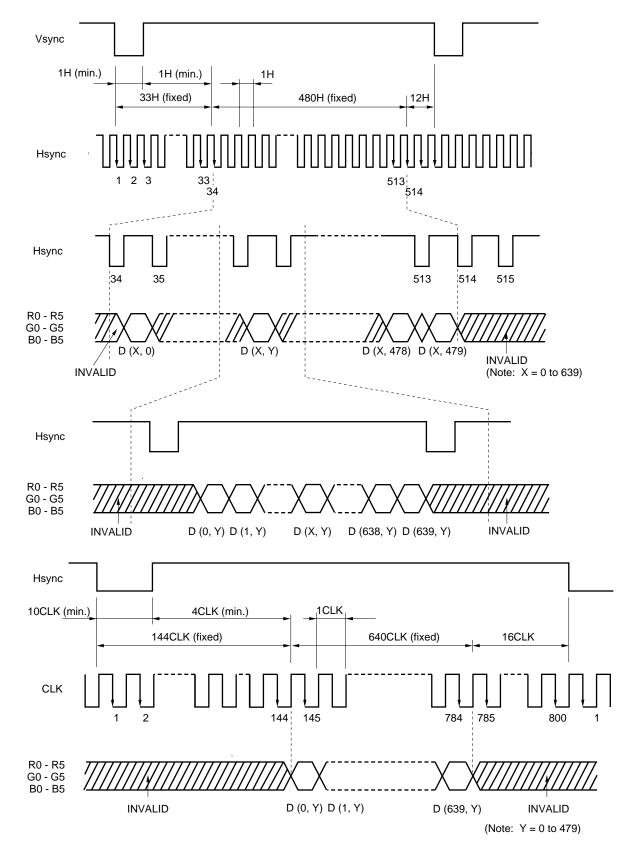
Remark Set the total of thp + thb and tvp + tvb as the table of input signal timing, otherwise display position is shifted to right or left side, or to up or down side.



NEC

(3) Input signal timing chart

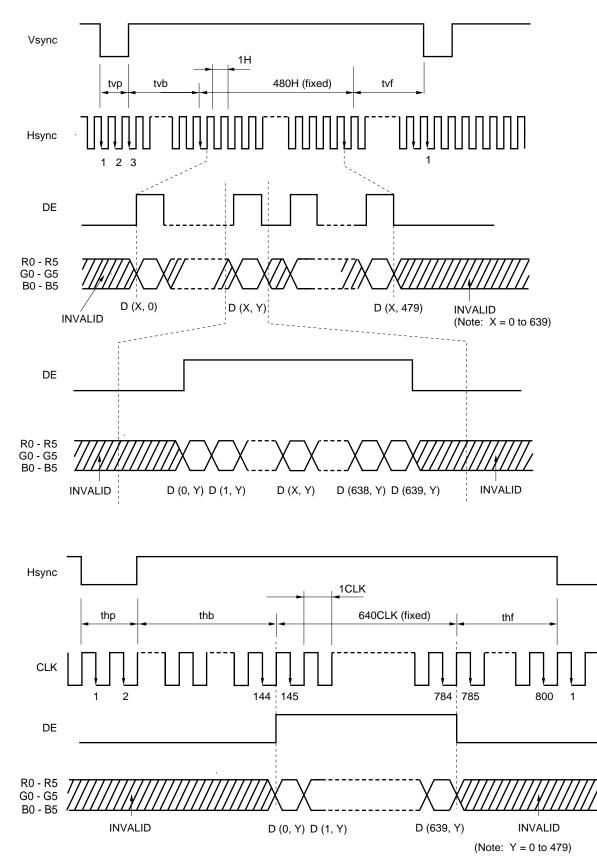
a) Fixed timing mode



www.DataSheet4U.com

NEC www.DataSheet4U.com

b) DE mode





(4) Display position of input data

Normal Scarr (la							
D (0, 0)	D (1, 0)		D (X, 0)		D (638, 0)	D (639, 0)	
D (0, 1)	D (1, 1)		D (X, 1)		D (638, 1)	D (639, 1)	
		-+		-+-			
D (0, Y)	D (1, Y)		D (X, Y)		D (638, Y)	D (639, Y)	
		-+		-+-			
D (0, 478)	D (1, 478)		D (X, 478)		D (638, 478)	D (639, 478)	
D (0, 479)	D (1, 479)		D (X, 479)		D (638, 479)	D (639, 479)	

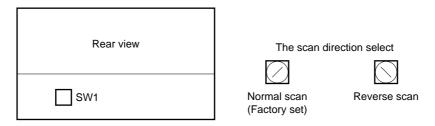
Normal scan (factory set)

Reverse scan

N

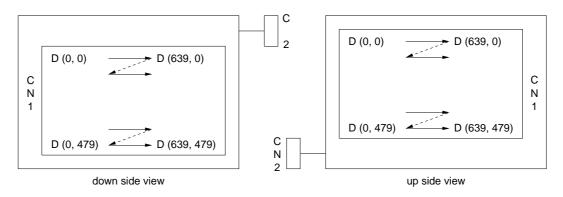
D (639, 479)	D (638, 479)		D (X, 479)		D (1, 479)	D (0, 479)
D (639, 478)	D (638, 478)		D (X, 478)		D (1, 478)	D (0, 478)
		-+		-+-		
D (639, Y)	D (638, Y)		D (X, Y)		D (1, Y)	D (0, Y)
		-+		_+_ _		
D (639, 1)	D (638, 1)		D (X, 1)		D (1, 1)	D (0, 1)
D (639, 0)	D (638, 0)		D (X, 0)		D (1, 0)	D (0, 0)

Remarks 1. The scan direction is set up by the switch (SW1) on the rear side.



See (1) Interface signals, power supply (Note 5) about another way for reversible scan. When DPS is High, reverse scan is selected even if SW1 is set at normal scan.

2. Below drawings shows relation between the scan direction and viewing direction.



OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter Syml		Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Luminance	e	LVMAX	$\theta X = \pm 0^{\circ}, \ \theta Y = \pm 0^{\circ}, \text{ at center}$	280	350	-	cd/m ²
Contrast ra	atio	CR	$\theta X = \pm 0^{\circ}, \ \theta Y = \pm 0^{\circ}, \ at \ center$	150	300	-	_
Viewing	Horizontal	<i>θ</i> X+	$CR > 10, \ \theta Y = \pm 0^{\circ}$	45	50	-	deg.
angle		θХ–	$CR > 10, \ \theta Y = \pm 0^{\circ}$	45	50	-	deg.
range	range Vertical θY+		$CR > 10, \ \theta X = \pm 0^{\circ}$	35	40	-	deg.
θΥ- Ο		<i>θ</i> Υ–	$CR > 10, \ \theta X = \pm 0^{\circ}$	40	45	-	deg.
Color gamut		С	at center, to NTSC	35	43	-	%
Response time to		ton	White to black	-	15	40	ms
toff		toff	Black to white	-	70	85	
Brightness uniformity -		-	Maximum luminance	-	1.25	1.40	_
			Minimum luminance				

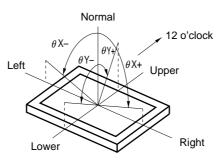
 T_a = 25 \pm 5°C, Vcc = 3.3 V, MVA = Vcc or open, at normal scan, with the recommended inverter

Remarks 1. The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

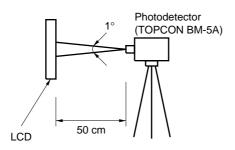
Contrast ratio (CR) = $\frac{\text{Luminance with all pixels in white}}{\text{Luminance with all pixels in black}}$

The Luminance is measured in darkroom.

2. Definitions of viewing angle are as follows.

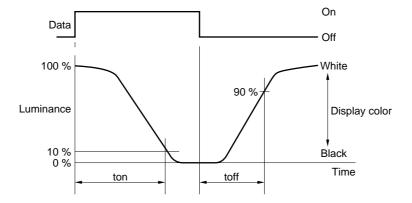


3. The luminance is measured after 20 minutes from the module works, with all pixels in white. Typical value is measured after luminance saturation.

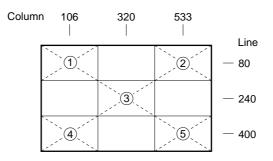


4. Definition of response time is as follows.

NEC



5. The luminance is measured at near the five points shown below.

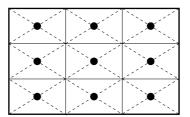


RELIABILITY TEST

Test item	Test condition
High temperature/humidity operation Note 1	50 ± 2°C, 85% relative humidity 240 hours Display data is black.
Heat cycle (operation) Note 1	<1> 0°C ± 3°C ··· 1 hour 55°C ± 3°C ··· 1 hour <2> 50 cycles, 4 hours/cycle <3> Display data is black.
Thermal shock (non-operation) Note 1	<1> -20°C ± 3°C ··· 30 minutes 60°C ± 3°C ··· 30 minutes <2> 100 cycles <3> Temperature transition time within 5 minutes
Vibration (non-operation) Notes 1, 2	<1> 5 - 100 Hz, 2G 1 minute/cycle X, Y, Z direction <2> 120 times each direction
Mechanical shock (non-operation) Notes 1, 2	<1> 55 G, 11 ms X, Y, Z direction <2> 5 times each direction
ESD (operation) Notes 1, 3	150 pF, 150 Ω , ±10 kV 9 places on a panel 10 times each place at one-second intervals
Dust (operation) Note 1	15 kinds of dust (JIS Z 8901) Hourly 15 seconds stir, 8 times repeat

Notes 1. Display function is checked by the same condition as LCD module out-going inspection.

- 2. Physical damage.
- **3.** Discharge points "•" are shown in the figure.



GENERAL CAUTIONS

Next figures and sentence are very important. Please understand these contents as follows.

	This figure is a mark that you will get hurt and/or the module will have damages when you make a mistake to operate.
--	--

	This figure is a mark that you will get an electric shock when you make a mistak
A	This figure is a mark that you will get hurt when you make a mistake to operate

This figure is a mark that you will get an electric shock when you make a mistake to operate.

CAUTION

Do not touch an inverter, on which is stuck a caution label, while the LCD module is under the operation, because of dangerous high voltage.

(1) Caution when taking out the module

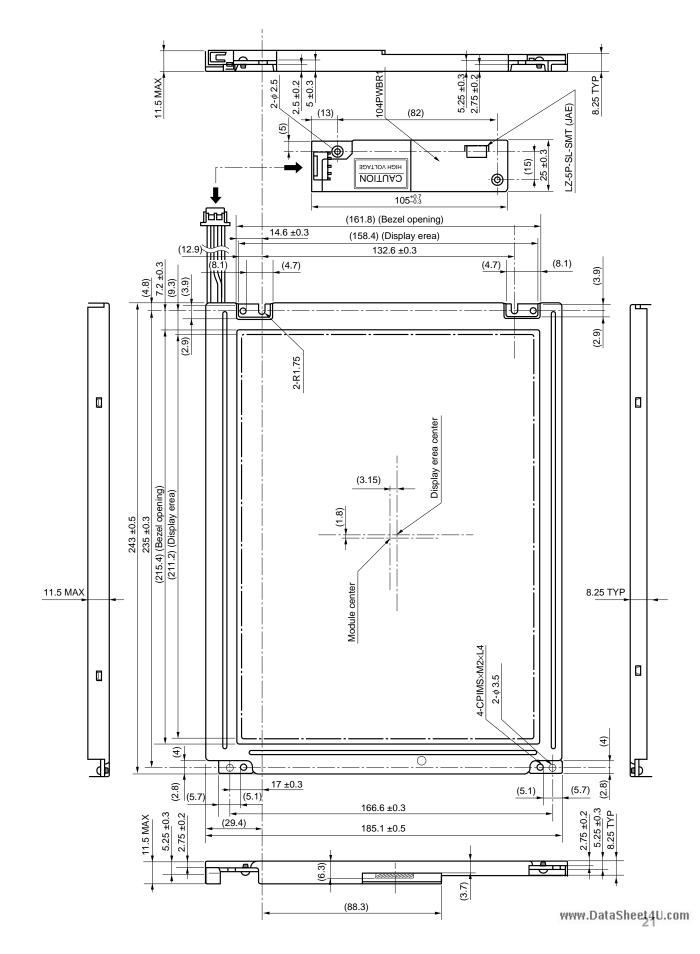
- a) Pick the pouch only, in taking out module from a carrier box.
- (2) Cautions for handling the module
 - a) As the electrostatic discharges may break the LCD module, handle the LCD module with care against electrostatic discharges.
 - As the LCD panel and backlight element are made from fragile glass material, impulse and b) pressure to the LCD module should be avoided.
 - As the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched, use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for C) cleaning.
 - d) Do not pull the interface connectors in or out while the LCD module is operating.
 - e) Put the module display side down on a horizontal plane.
 - Handle connectors and cables with care. f)
 - g) When the module is operating, do not lose CLK, Hsync or Vsync signal. If any one of these signals is lost, the LCD panel would be damaged.
 - h) The torque to mounting screw should never exceed 0.294 N·m (3 kgf·cm).
- (3) Cautions for the atmosphere
 - a) Dew drop atmosphere should be avoided.
 - b) Do not store and/or operate the LCD module in a high temperature and/or high humidity atmosphere. Storage in an electro-conductive polymer packing pouch and under relatively low temperature atmosphere is recommended.
 - c) This module uses cold cathod fluorescent lamp. Therefore, the life time of lamp becomes short conspicuously at low temperature.
 - d) Do not operate the LCD module in a high magnetic field.
- (4) Caution for the module characteristics
 - a) Do not apply fixed pattern data signal for a long time to the LCD module. It may cause image sticking. Please use screen savers if the display pattern is fixed more than one hour.

- (5) Other cautions
 - a) Do not disassemble and/or reassemble LCD module.
 - b) Do not readjust variable resistors etc.
 - c) When returning the module for repair or etc, please pack the module not to be broken. We recommend to the original shipping packages.

Liquid Crystal Display has the following specific characteristics. There are not defects or malfunctions.

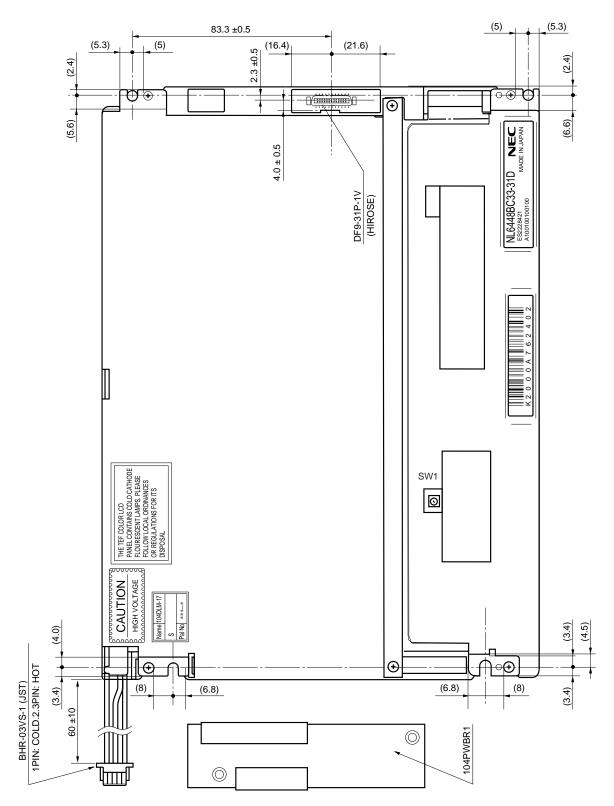
- The display condition of LCD module may be affected by the ambient temperature.
- The LCD module uses cold cathode tube for backlighting. Optical characteristics, like luminance or uniformity, will change during time.
- Uneven brightness and/or small spots may be noticed depending on different display patterns.

OUTLINE DRAWING: Front View (Unit in mm)



NEC

OUTLINE DRAWING: Rear View (Unit in mm)



NEC

No part of this document may be copied or reproduced in any form or by any means without the prior written consent of NEC Corporation. NEC Corporation assumes no responsibility for any errors which may appear in this document.

NEC Corporation does not assume any liability for infringement of patents. Copyrights or other intellectual property rights of third parties by or arising from use of a device described herein or any other liability arising from use of such device. No license, either express, implied or otherwise, is granted under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of NEC Corporation or others.

While NEC Corporation has been making continuous effort to enhance the reliability of its Electronic Components, the possibility of defects cannot be eliminated entirely. To minimize risks of damage or injury to persons or property arising from a defect in an NEC Electronic Components, customers must incorporate sufficient safety measures in its design, such as redundancy, fire-containment, and anti-failure features.

NEC devices are classified into the following three quality grades:

"Standard", "Special", and "Specific". The Specific quality grade applies only to devices developed based on a customer designated "quality assurance program" for a specific application. The recommended applications of a device depend on its quality grade, as indicated below. Customers must check the quality grade of each device before using it in a particular application.

Standard: Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots

Special: Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support) Specific: Aircrafts, aerospace equipment, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems or medical equipment for life support, etc.

The quality grade of NEC devices is "Standard" unless otherwise specified in NEC's Data Sheets or Data Books. If customers intend to use NEC devices for applications other than those specified for Standard quality grade, they should contact an NEC sales representative in advance.

Anti-radioactive design is not implemented in this product.