

PRELIMINARY

NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL8060BC26-30D

26cm (10.4 Type)

SVGA

LVDS Interface (1port)

PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET

DOD-PP-0394 (3rd edition)

**This PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET is updated
document from DOD-PP-0383(2).**

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starting to design your system.**

INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Military systems, aircraft control equipment, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, medical equipment/devices/systems for life support, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "**Standard**" unless otherwise specified in this document.

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1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL8060BC26-30D is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing circuit, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

- For industrial use

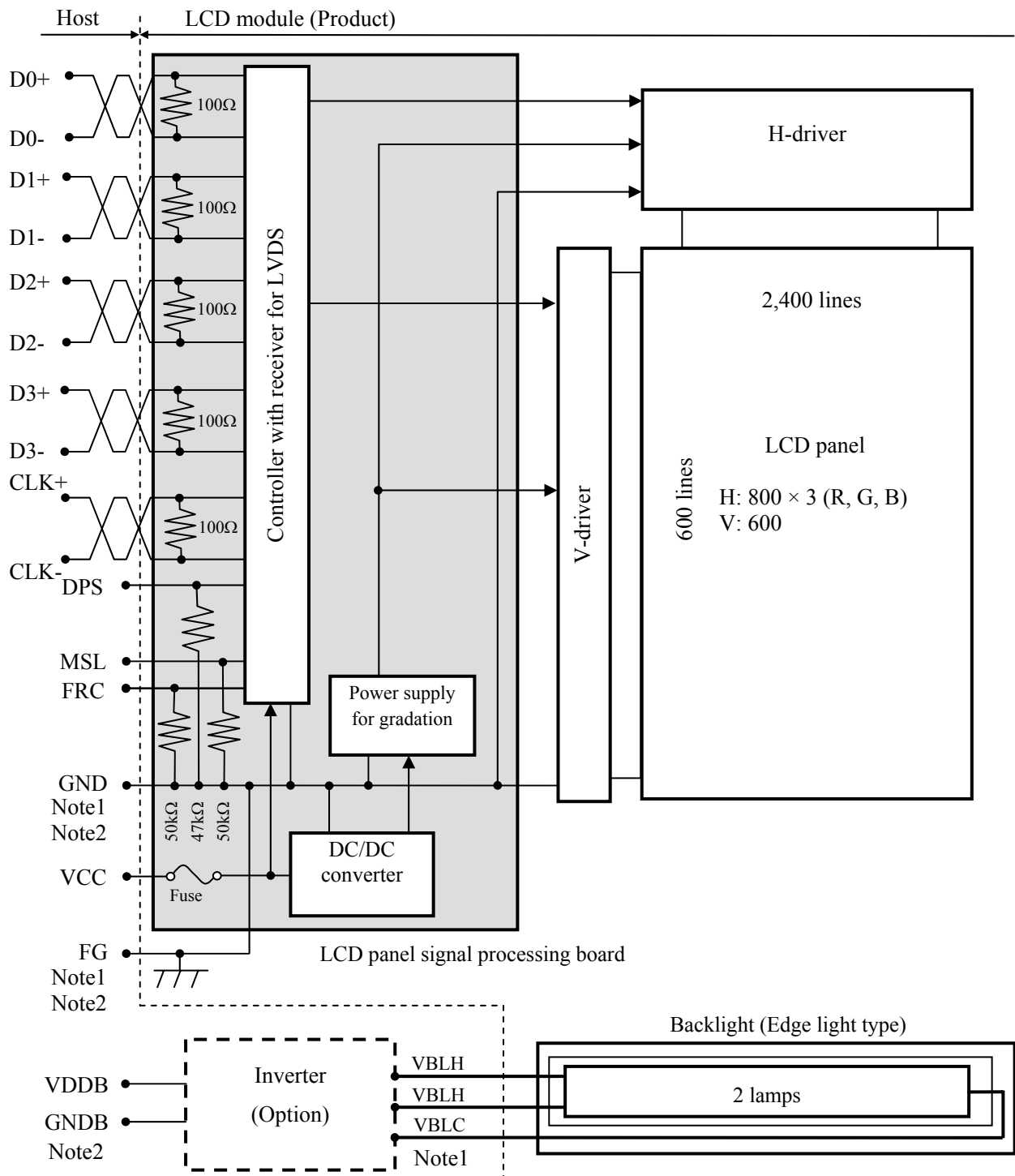
1.3 FEATURES

- High luminance
- High contrast
- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8bit or 6bit digital signals for data of RGB
- Edge light type (without inverter)
- Replaceable lamp for backlight

2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	211.2 (H) × 158.4 (V) mm
Diagonal size of display	26cm (10.4 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	16,777,216 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= High) 262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= Low or Open)
Pixel	800 (H) × 600 (V) pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	0.088 (H) × 0.264 (V) mm
Pixel pitch	0.264 (H) × 0.264 (V) mm
Module size	243.0 (W) × 185.1 (H) × 10.5 (D) mm (typ.)
Weight	(475) g (typ.)
Contrast ratio	(600:1) (typ.)
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio ≥ 10:1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.) Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 80° (typ.)
Designed viewing direction	At DPS terminal= Low or Open: Normal scan <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Viewing direction without image reversal: up side (12 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: down side (6 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale: normal axis (perpendicular)
Polarizer surface	Antiglare
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5400]
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
Response time	$T_{on} + T_{off}$ (10% ← → 90%) (25)ms (typ.)
Luminance	At IBL=5.0mAmps / lamp 400cd/m ² (typ.)
Signal system	LVDS 1port (Receiver: Equivalent of THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc.) [8-bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)]
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V
Backlight	Edge light type: 2 cold cathode fluorescent lamps (without inverter) <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="font-size: 2em; margin-right: 10px;">{</div> <div> Replaceable part • Lamp holder set: Type No. TBD </div> <div style="font-size: 2em; margin-left: 10px;">}</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="font-size: 2em; margin-right: 10px;">{</div> <div> Recommended inverter (Option) • Inverter: Type No. 104PW201 </div> <div style="font-size: 2em; margin-left: 10px;">}</div> </div>
Power consumption	At IBL = 5.0mAmps / lamp, Checkered flag pattern TBD W (typ., Power dissipation of the inverter is not included.)

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground), FG (Frame ground) and VBLC (Lamp low voltage terminal) in the product are as follows.

GND-FG	Connected
GND-VBLC	Not connected
FG-VBLC	Not connected

Note2: GND, FG and GNDB must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds are connected together in customer equipment.

4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification	Unit
Module size	243.0 ± 0.5 (W) × 185.1 ± 0.5 (H) × 10.5 ± 0.5 (D) Note1	mm
Display area	211.2 (H) × 158.4 (V) Note1	mm
Weight	(475) (typ.), TBD (max.)	g

Note1: See "7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

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4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +4.0	V	-
	Lamp voltage	VBLH	2,000	Vrms	
Input voltage for signals	Display signals Note1	VD	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	
	Function signals Note2	VF			
Storage temperature		Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-
Operating temperature	Front surface	TopF	-20 to +70	°C	Note3
	Rear surface	TopR	-20 to +70	°C	Note4
Relative humidity Note5		RH	≤ 95	%	Ta ≤ 40°C
			≤ 85	%	40 < Ta ≤ 50°C
			≤ 55	%	50 < Ta ≤ 60°C
			≤ 36	%	60 < Ta ≤ 70°C
Absolute humidity Note5		AH	≤ 70 Note6	g/m ³	Ta > 70°C

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-

Note2: DPS, FRC, MSL

Note3: Measured at center of LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at center of LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta= 70°C and RH= 36%

4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

(Ta= 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current		ICC	-	TBD Note1	TBD Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
Permissible ripple voltage		VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC
Differential input threshold voltage	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 1.2V Note3
	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	-
Input voltage for DPS, FRC and MSL signal	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	CMOS level
	Low	VFL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	
Input current for FRC and MSL signal	High	IFH	-	-	300	μA	
	Low	IFL	-300	-	-	μA	

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

4.3.2 Backlight lamp

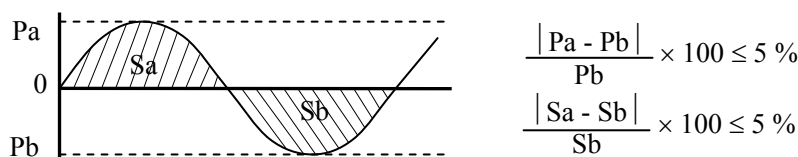
(Ta= 25°C, Note1)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Lamp current	IBL	2.0	5.0	5.5	mArms	at IBL= 5.0mArms: L= 400cd/m ² (typ.) Note3, Note4
Lamp voltage	VBLH	-	520	-	Vrms	Note2, Note3
Lamp starting voltage	VS	850	-	-	Vrms	Ta= 25°C Note2, Note3, Note5, Note8
		1,150	-	-	Vrms	Ta= -20°C Note2, Note3, Note5, Note8
Lamp oscillation frequency	FO	50	-	72	kHz	Note6

Note1: This product consists of 2 backlight lamps, and these specifications are for each lamp.

Note2: The lamp voltage cycle between lamps should be kept on a same phase. "VS" and "VBLH" are the voltage value between low voltage side (Cold) and high voltage side (Hot).

Note3: The asymmetric ratio of working waveform for lamps (Lamp voltage peak ratio, Lamp current peak ratio and waveform space ratio) should be less than 5 % (See the following figure.). If the waveform is asymmetric, DC (Direct current) element apply into the lamp. In this case, a lamp lifetime may be shortened, because a distribution of a lamp enclosure substance inclines toward one side between low voltage terminal (Cold terminal) and high voltage terminal (Hot terminal). When designing the inverter, evaluate asymmetric of lamp working waveform sufficiently.



Pa: Supply voltage/current peak for positive, Pb: Supply voltage/current peak for negative
Sa: Waveform space for positive part, Sb: Waveform space for negative part

Note4: This product consists of 2 lamps. 2 lamps are contained in the 1 lamp holder, and both lamps are connected to 1 low voltage cable. Recommended lamp current is 5.0mArms typical for each lamp, and sum of 2 lamps is 10mArms typical. The lamp current should be measured by high-frequency current meter at the low voltage terminal.

Note5: The inverter should be designed so that the lamp starting voltage can be maintained for more than 1 second. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.

Note6: In case "FO" is not the recommended value, beat noise may display on the screen, because of interference between "FO" and "1/th". Recommended value of "FO" is as following.

$$FO = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{th} \times (2n-1)$$

th: Horizontal signal period (See "4.9.2 Timing characteristics".)

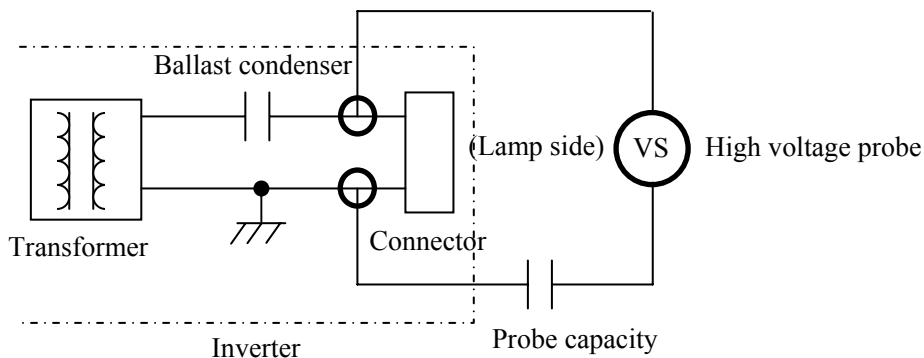
n: Natural number (1, 2, 3)

Note7: Method of lamp cable installation may invite fluctuation of lamp current and voltage or asymmetric of lamp working waveform. When designing method of lamp cable installation, evaluate the fluctuation of lamp current, voltage and working waveform sufficiently.

Note8: In case of Inverter with Ballast condenser, "VS" is the voltage level between Ballast condenser and Connector (Refer to the below "Example of measurement"). "VS" should be designed to be more than minimum "VS". Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on because the lamp starting voltage is less than minimum "VS".

Example of measurement

Probe capacity: 3pF (Tektronix, inc.: P6015A)



4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are beyond the permissible values as following the table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power supply voltage		Ripple voltage (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Note1	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100		mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

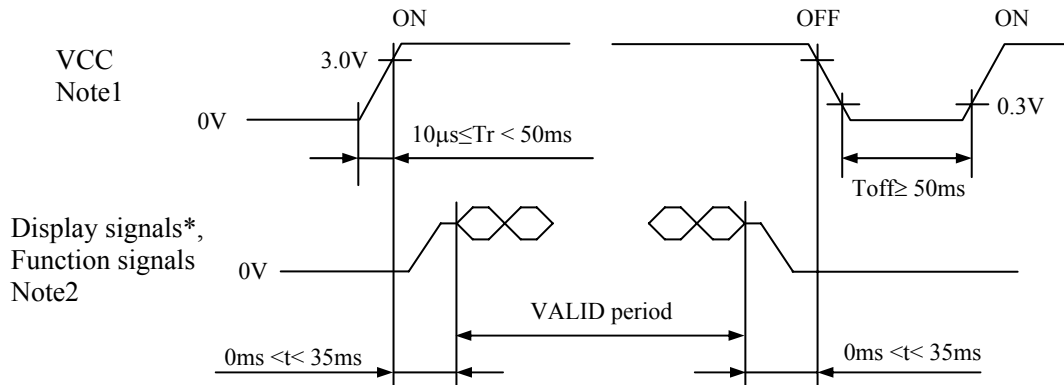
4.3.4 Fuse

Parameter	Fuse		Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
	Type	Supplier			
VCC	TBD	TBD	TBD A	TBD A	Note1
			TBD V		

Note1: The power supply capacity should be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



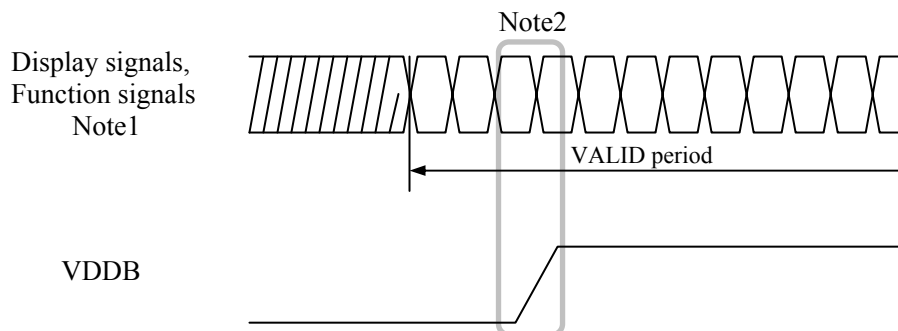
* These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.

Note1: In terms of voltage variation (voltage drop) while VCC rising edge is below 3.0V, a protection circuit may work, and then this product may not work.

Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS, FRC and MSL) must be Low or High impedance, exclude the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid that internal circuit is damaged.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. VCC should be cut when the display and function signals are stopped.

4.4.2 Inverter (Option)



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): FI-SE20P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))
Adaptable plug: FI-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Input data signal 8bit		Input data signal 6bit	Remarks
			Map A	Map B		
1	D3+ or GND	Pixel data or Ground	R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1	R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7	Ground	Note1 Note3 Note4
2	D3- or GND	Pixel data or Ground				
3	DPS	Selection of scan direction	High: Reverse scan Low or Open: Normal scan			Note2
4	FRC	Selection of the number of colors	High		Low or Open	Note1 Note5
5	GND	Ground	Ground			Note4
6	CLK+	Pixel clock	Pixel clock			Note3
7	CLK-					
8	GND	Ground	Ground			Note4
9	D2+	Pixel data	B4-B7,DE	B2-B5,DE		Note3
10	D2-					
11	GND	Ground	Ground			Note4
12	D1+	Pixel data	G3-G7,B2-B3	G1-G5,B0-B1		Note3
13	D1-					
14	GND	Ground	Ground			Note4
15	D0+	Pixel data	R2-R7,G2	R0-R5,G0		Note3
16	D0-					
17	GND	Ground	Ground			Note4
18	MSL	Selection of LVDS input map	Low	High	Low	Note5
19	VCC	Power supply	Power supply		Power supply	Note4
20	VCC					

Note1: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note2: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note5: See "4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".

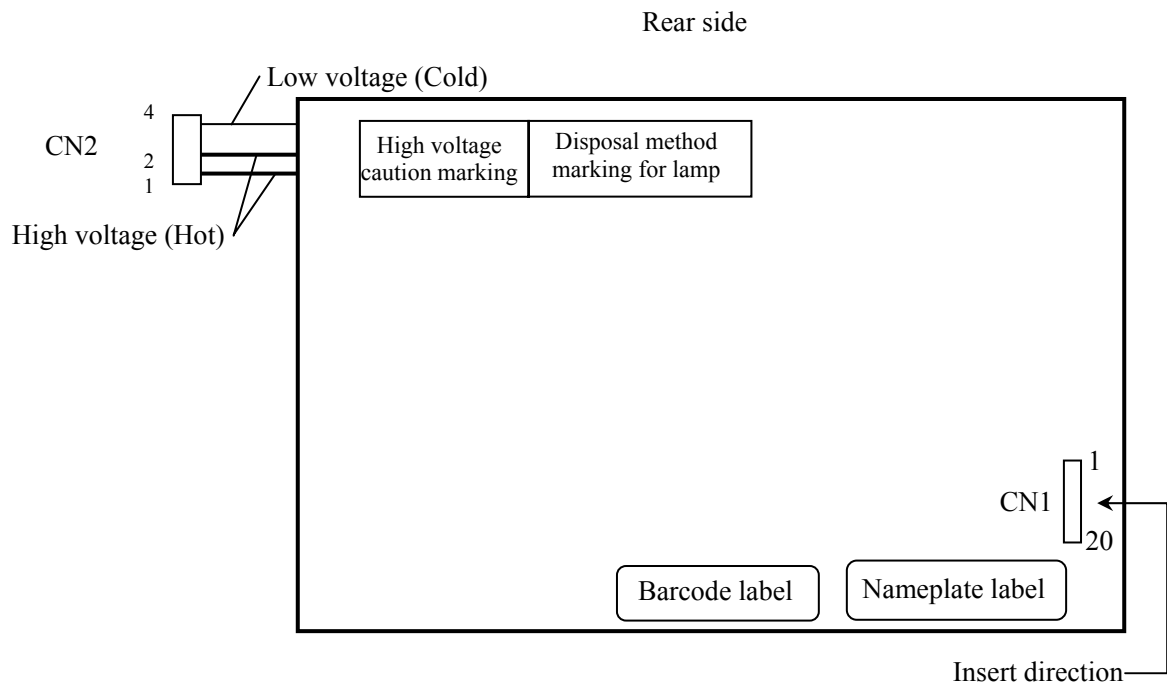
4.5.2 Backlight lamp

Attention: VBLH and VBLC must be connected correctly. Wrong connections will cause electric shock and also break down of the product.

CN2 plug (LCD module side): BHR-04VS-1 (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)
 Adaptable socket: SM03 (7-D1) B-BHS-1-TB(LF)(SN),
 SM03 (7-D1) B-BHS-1-TB (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

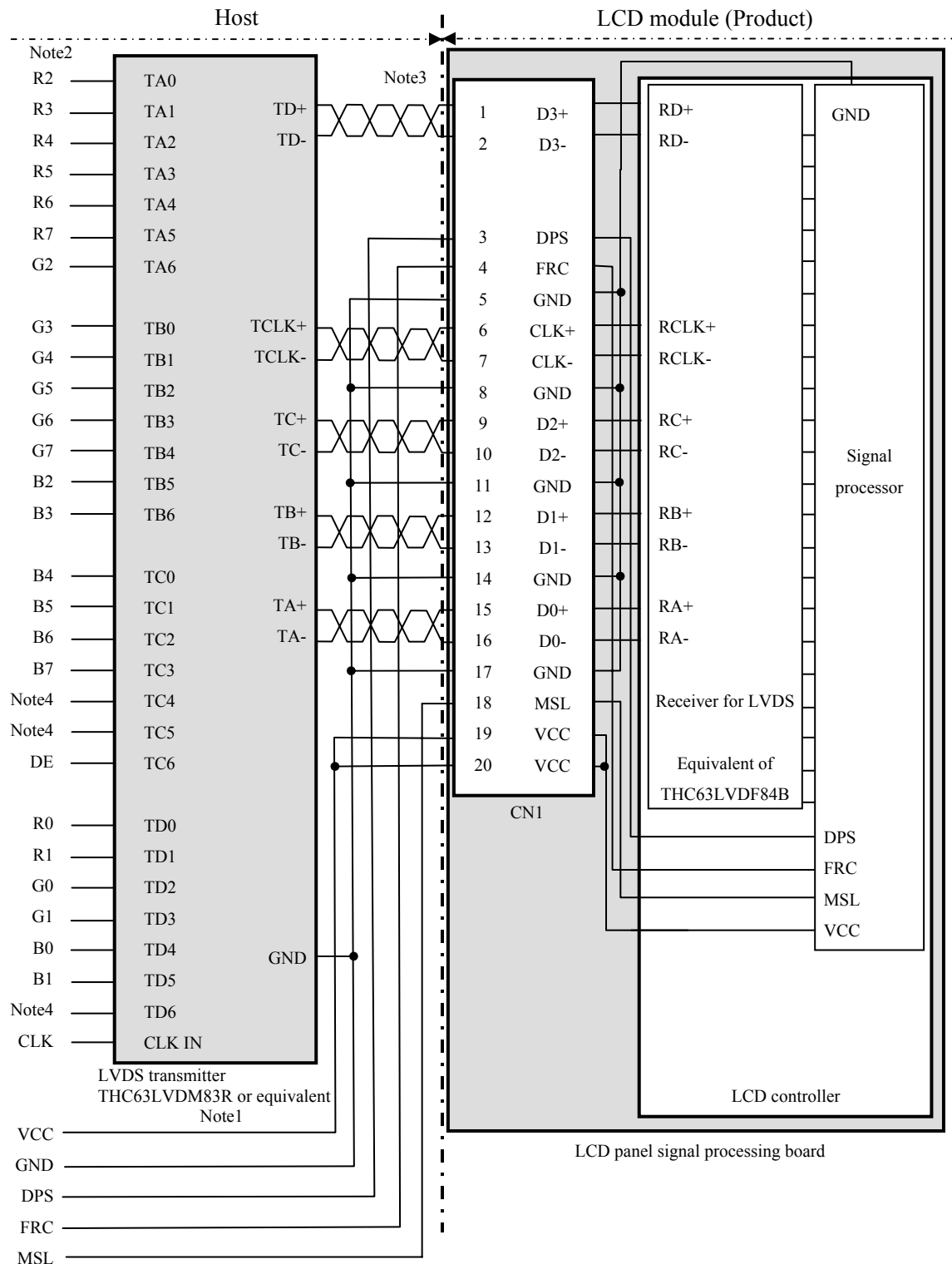
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	VBLH	High voltage terminal (Hot)	Cable color: Pink
2	VBLH	High voltage terminal (Hot)	Cable color: Pink
3	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
4	VBLC	Low voltage terminal (Cold)	Cable color: Black

4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket



4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS

(1) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP A



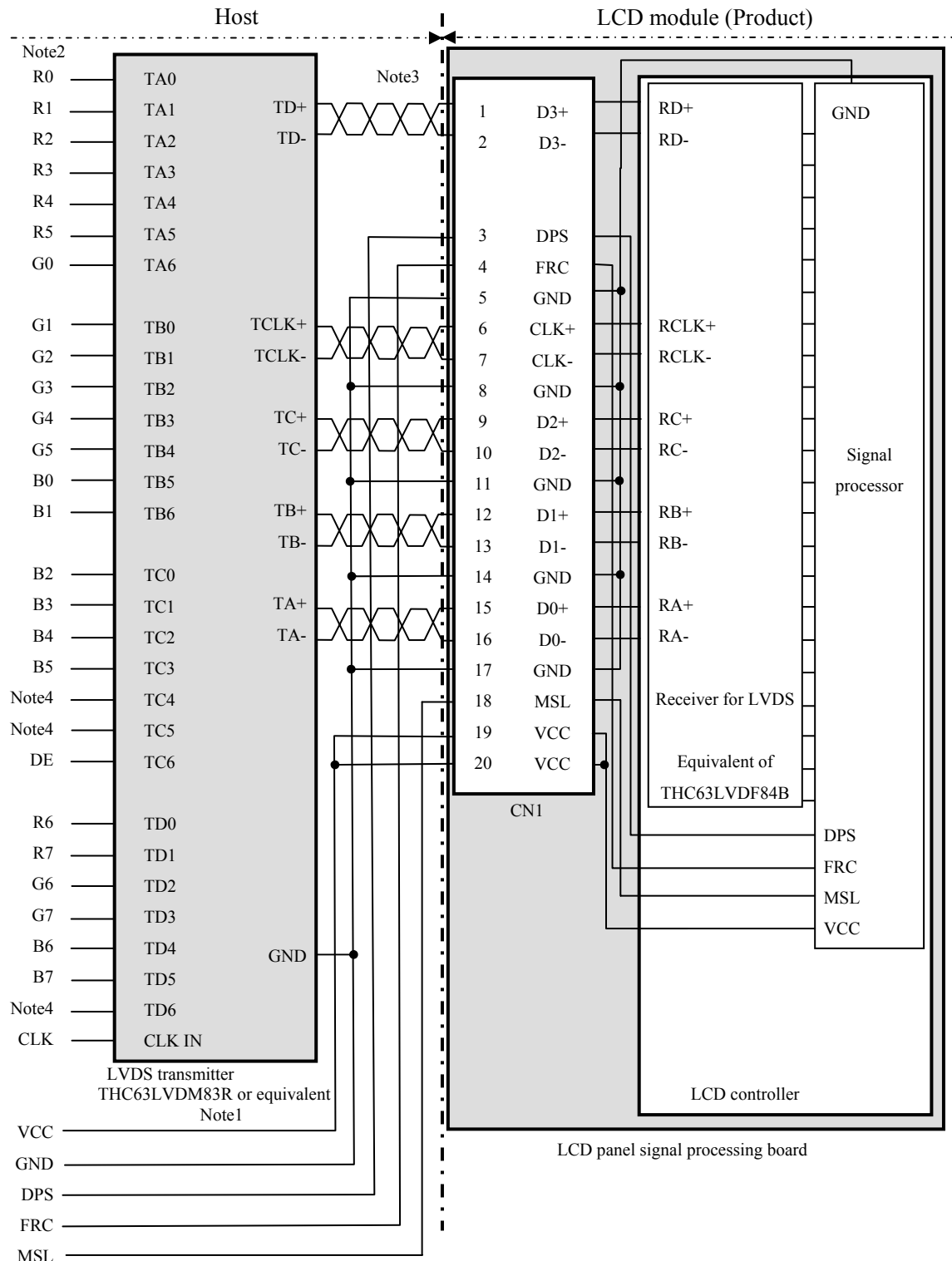
Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.

(2) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP B



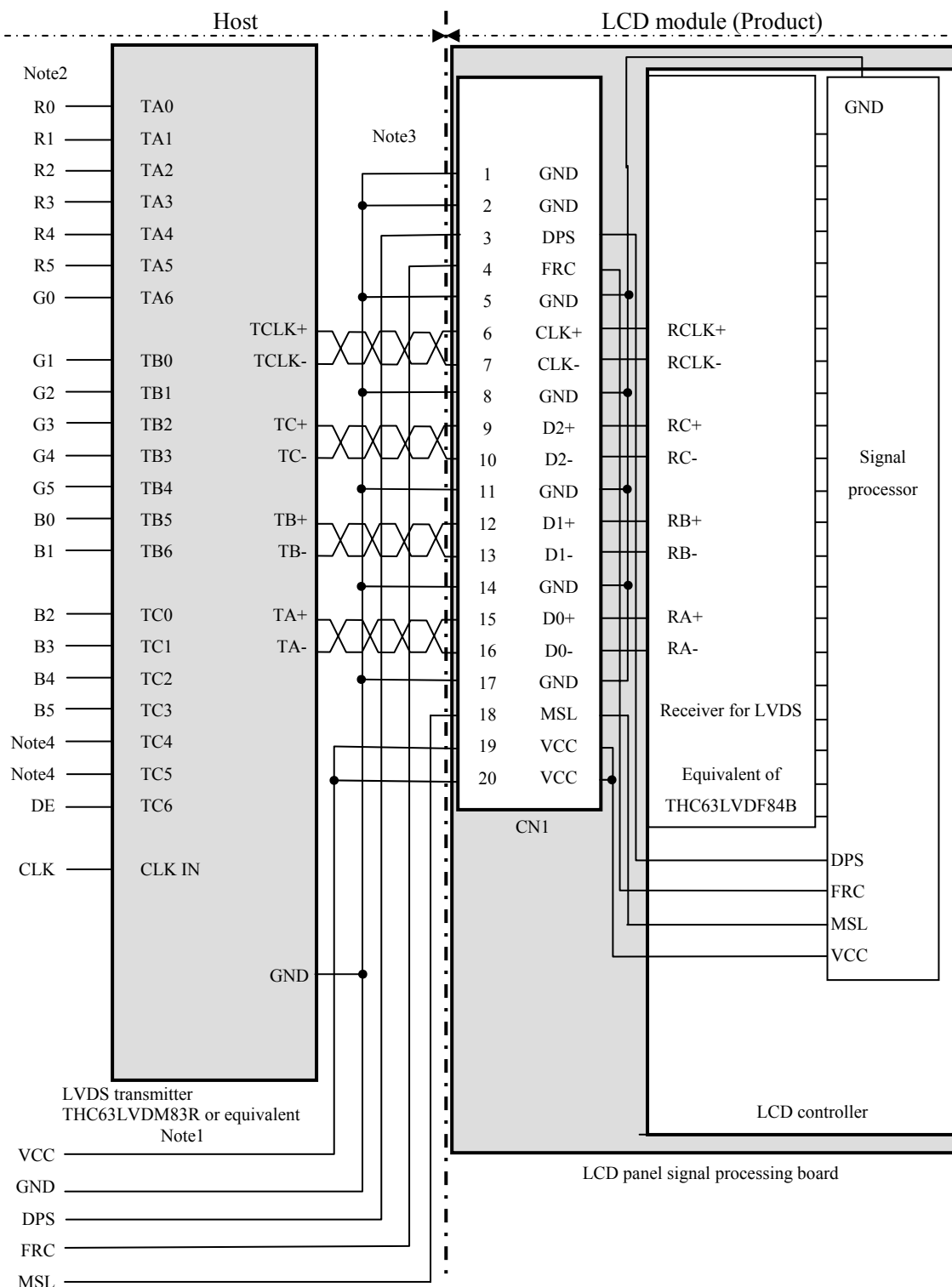
Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83R (Thine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.

(3) Input data signal: 6bit



Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (Thine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

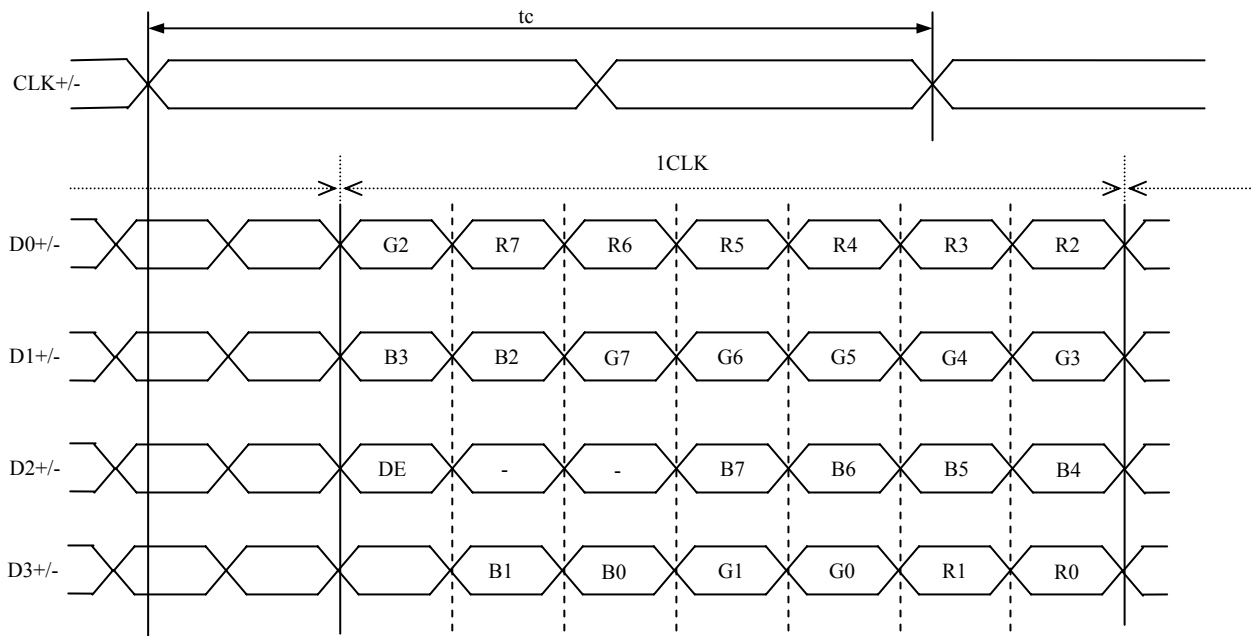
Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R5, G5, B5

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

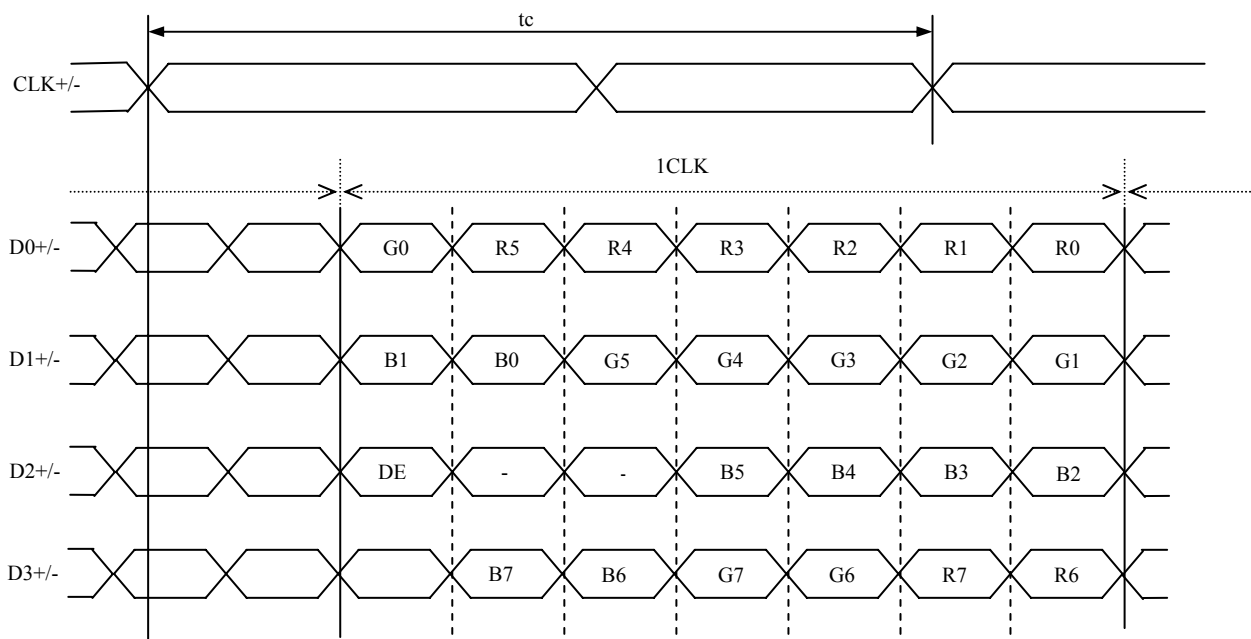
Note4: Input signals to TC4 and TC5 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4 and TC5 open to avoid noise problem.

4.5.5 Input data mapping

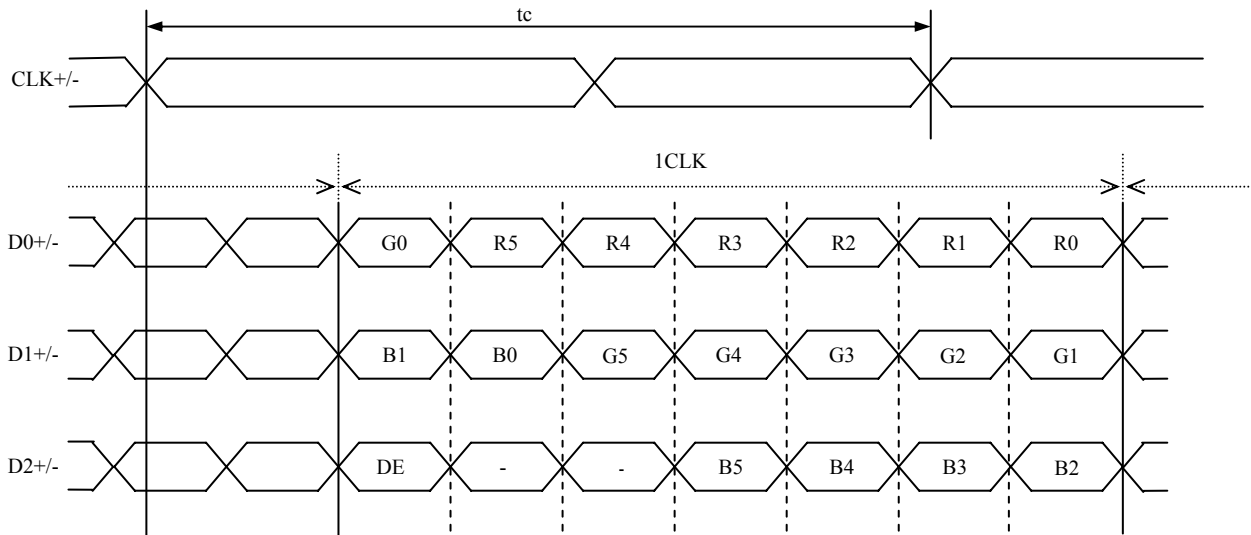
(1) Input data signal: 8bit , MAP A



(2) Input data signal: 8bit , MAP B



(3) Input data signal: 6bit



4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal

This product can display in equivalent to 16,777,216 colors in 256 gray scales and 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination between input data signals and FRC signal. See following table.

Combination	Input data signals	Input Data mapping	CN1- Pin No.1 and 2	FRC terminal	MSL terminal	Display colors	Remarks
①	8 bit	MAP A	D3+/-	High	Low	16,777,216	Note1
②	8 bit	MAP B	D3+/-	High	High	16,777,216	Note1
③	6 bit	-	GND	Low or open	Low	262,144	Note2

Note1: See "**4.6.2 16,777,216 colors**".

Note2: See "**4.6.3 262,144 colors**".

4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display equivalent of 16,777,216 colors in 256 gray scales by combination ① and ②.
(See "4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal".)

Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Display colors		Data signal (0: Low level, 1: High level)																							
		R 7	R 6	R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 7	G 6	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 7	B 6	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Red gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↑					⋮								⋮								⋮			
	↓					⋮								⋮								⋮			
	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↑					⋮								⋮								⋮			
	↓					⋮								⋮								⋮			
	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	↑					⋮								⋮								⋮			
	↓					⋮								⋮								⋮			
	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Blue		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

PRELIMINARY

NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

NL8060BC26-30D

4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display equivalent of 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination ③.

(See "4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal".)

Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Display colors		Data signal (0: Low level, 1: High level)																	
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Red gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark ↑ ↓ bright	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark ↑ ↓ bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark ↑ ↓ bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS").

C (0, 0)						
R	G	B				
C(0, 0)	C(1, 0)	• • •	C(X, 0)	• • •	C(798, 0)	C(799, 0)
C(0, 1)	C(1, 1)	• • •	C(X, 1)	• • •	C(798, 1)	C(799, 1)
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	• • •
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, Y)	C(1, Y)	• • •	C(X, Y)	• • •	C(798, Y)	C(799, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, 598)	C(1, 598)	• • •	C(X, 598)	• • •	C(798, 598)	C(799, 598)
C(0, 599)	C(1, 599)	• • •	C(X, 599)	• • •	C(798, 599)	C(799, 599)

4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.

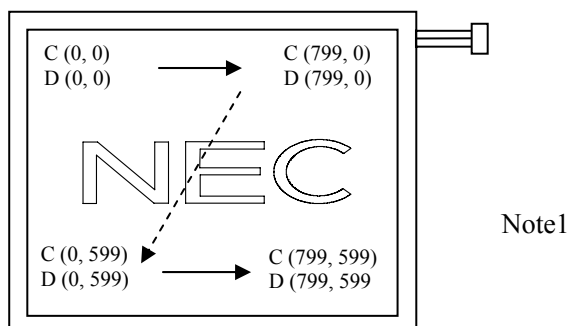


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)

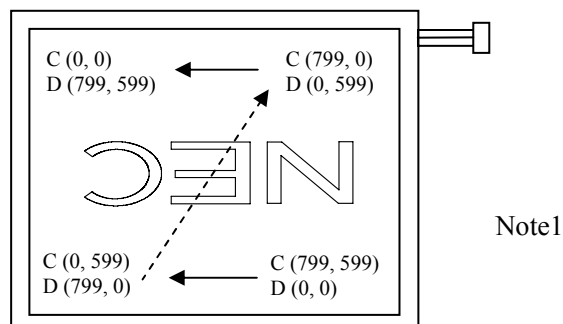


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

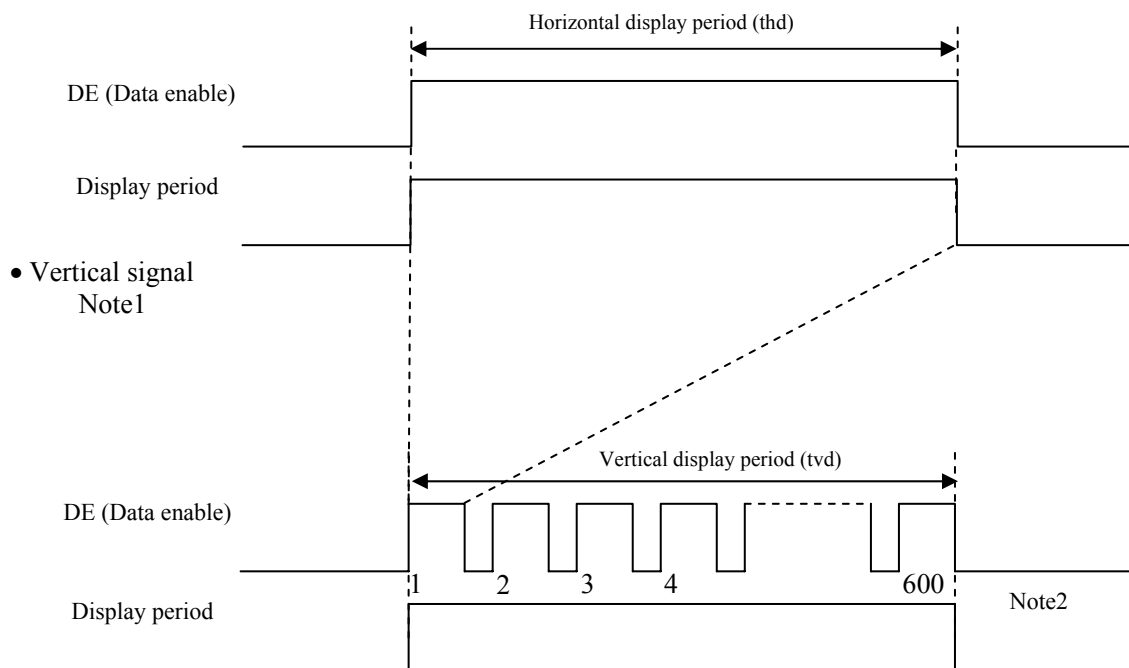
C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)

D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings

- Horizontal signal
Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.

Note2: See "4.9.3 Input signal timing chart" for numeration of pulse.

4.9.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter			Symb ol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
CLK	Frequency		1/tc	34.0	38.362	40.0	MHz	26.067ns (typ.)
	Duty		-	-			-	-
	Rise time, Fall time		-				ns	
DATA	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-	-			ns	-
		Hold time	-				ns	
	Rise time, Fall time		-				ns	
DE	Horizontal	Cycle	th	24.0	26.693	30.1	μs	37.463kHz (typ.)
				-	1,024	-	CLK	
		Display period	thd	800			CLK	-
	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	tv	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms	59.94Hz (typ.)
				-	625	-	H	
		Display period	tvd	600			H	
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-	-			ns	
		Hold time	-				ns	
	Rise time, Fall time		-				ns	

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

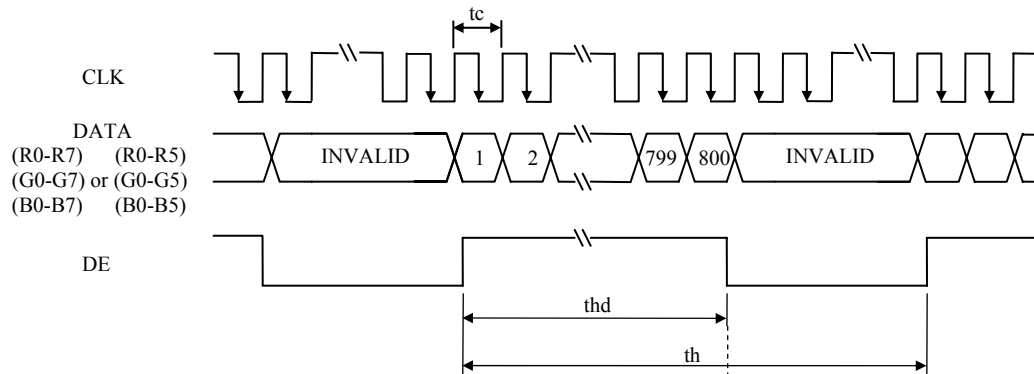
tc= 1CLK, th= 1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

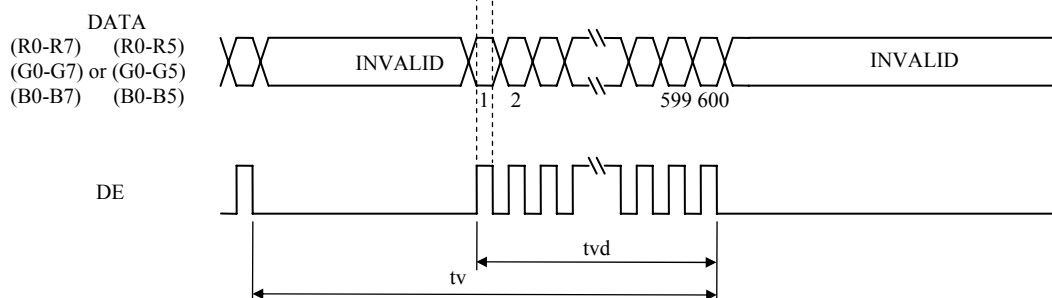
Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing



Vertical timing



4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminance		White at center θR= 0°, θL= 0°, θU= 0°, θD= 0°	L	TBD	400	-	cd/m ²	BM-5A	-
Contrast ratio		White/Black at center θR= 0°, θL= 0°, θU= 0°, θD= 0°	CR	TBD	(600)	-	-	BM-5A	Note3
Luminance uniformity		White θR= 0°, θL= 0°, θU= 0°, θD= 0°	LU	-	1.25	1.4	-	BM-5A	Note4
Chromaticity	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.283	0.313	0.343	-	SR-3	Note5
		y coordinate	Wy	0.299	0.329	0.359	-		
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	TBD	-	-		
		y coordinate	Ry	-	TBD	-	-		
	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	TBD	-	-		
		y coordinate	Gy	-	TBD	-	-		
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	TBD	-	-		
		y coordinate	By	-	TBD	-	-		
Color gamut		θR= 0°, θL= 0°, θU= 0°, θD= 0° at center, against NTSC color space	C	35	40	-	%		
Response time		White to Black	Ton	-	(6)	TBD	ms	BM-5A	Note6
		Black to White	Toff	-	(19)	TBD	ms		Note7
Viewing angle	Right	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θR	TBD	80	-	°	EZ Contrast	Note8
	Left	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θL	TBD	80	-	°		
	Up	θR= 0°, θL= 0°, CR≥ 10	θU	TBD	80	-	°		
	Down	θR= 0°, θL= 0°, CR≥ 10	θD	TBD	80	-	°		

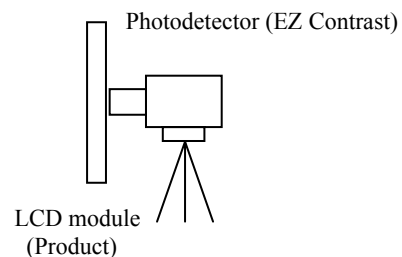
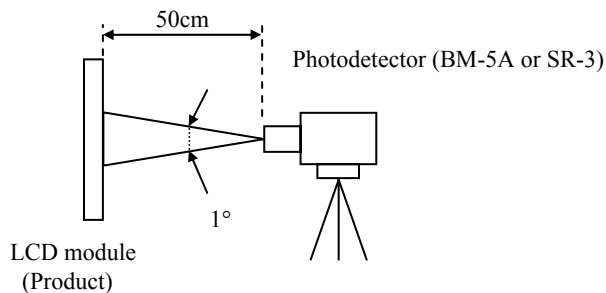
Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, IBL= 5.0mArms/lamp, Display mode: SVGA,

Horizontal cycle= 1/37.463kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/59.94Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation after 20minutes from working the product, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= TBD°C

Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".

4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

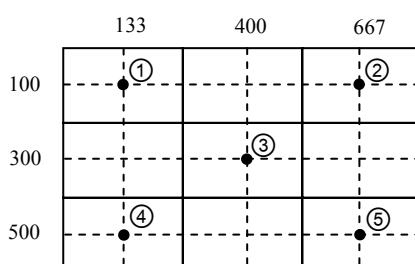
$$\text{Contrast ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance of white screen}}{\text{Luminance of black screen}}$$

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

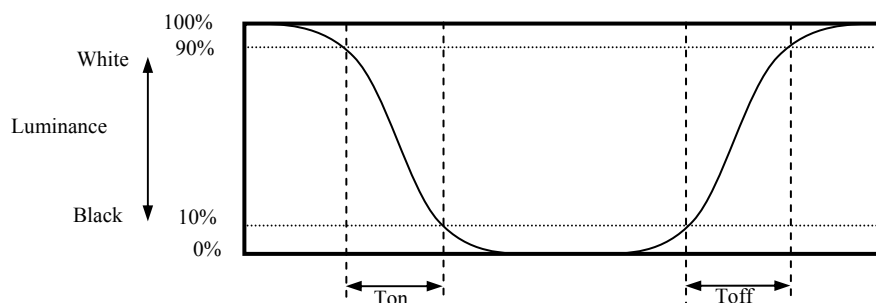
$$\text{Luminance uniformity (LU)} = \frac{\text{Maximum luminance from ① to ⑤}}{\text{Minimum luminance from ① to ⑤}}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

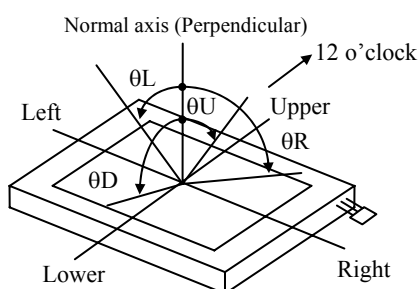


4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured, the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time it takes the luminance change from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time it takes the luminance change from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles

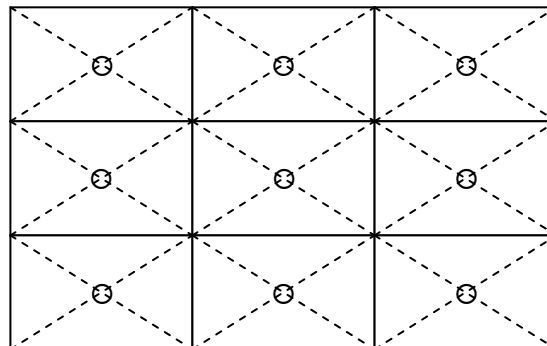


5. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	① $60 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$, RH= 90%, 240hours ② Display data is black.	No display malfunctions Note1
High temperature (Operation)	① $70 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$, 240hours ② Display data is black.	
Heat cycle (Operation)	① $-20 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$...1hour $70 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$...1hour ② 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle ③ Display data is black.	
Thermal shock (Non operation)	① $-30 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$...30minutes $80 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$...30minutes ② 100cycles, 1hour/cycle ③ Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes.	
ESD (Operation)	① 150pF, 150 Ω , $\pm 10\text{kV}$ ② 9 places on a panel surface Note2 ③ 10 times each places at 1 sec interval	
Dust (Operation)	① Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901) ② 15 seconds stir ③ 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval	No display malfunctions No physical damages Note1
Vibration (Non operation)	① 5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s ² ② 1 minute/cycle ③ X, Y, Z direction ④ 120 times each directions	
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	① 539m/ s ² , 11ms ② $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ direction ③ 5 times each directions	

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



6. PRECAUTIONS

6.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. **Be sure to read "6.2 CAUTIONS" and "6.3 ATTENTIONS", after understanding these contents!**



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself or the product will sustain a damage, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will get an electrical shock, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself, if customer has wrong operations.

6.2 CAUTIONS



*** Do not touch the working backlight. There is a danger of an electric shock.**



*** Do not touch the working backlight. There is a danger of burn injury.**
*** Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: To be not greater 539m/s² and to be not greater 11ms, Pressure: To be not greater 19.6N (φ16mm jig))**



6.3 ATTENTIONS

6.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② Do not hook nor pull cables such as lamp cable, and so on, in order to avoid any damage.
- ③ When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- ④ When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ⑤ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel.
- ⑥ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- ⑦ Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, use of the cloth with ethanolic liquid such as screen cleaner for LCD is recommended.
- ⑧ Do not push nor pull the interface connectors while the product is working.

- ⑨ Do not bend or unbend the lamp cable at the near part of the lamp holding rubber, to avoid the damage for high voltage side of the lamp.
- ⑩ Properly connect the plug (backlight side) to adaptable socket (inverter side) without incomplete connection. After connecting, be careful not to hook the lamp cables because incomplete connection may occur by hooking the lamp cables. This incomplete connection may cause abnormal operation of high voltage circuit.
- ⑪ If the lamp cable is attached on the metal part of the product directly, high frequency leak current to the metal part may occur, then the brightness may decrease or the lamp may not be turned on.
- ⑫ When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- ⑬ Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal for the worst, please wash it out with soap.

6.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurring by temperature difference, the product packing box should be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the leaving time sufficiently because a situation of dew condensation occurring is changed by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with packing state)
- ③ Do not operate in high magnetic field. Circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

6.3.3 Characteristics

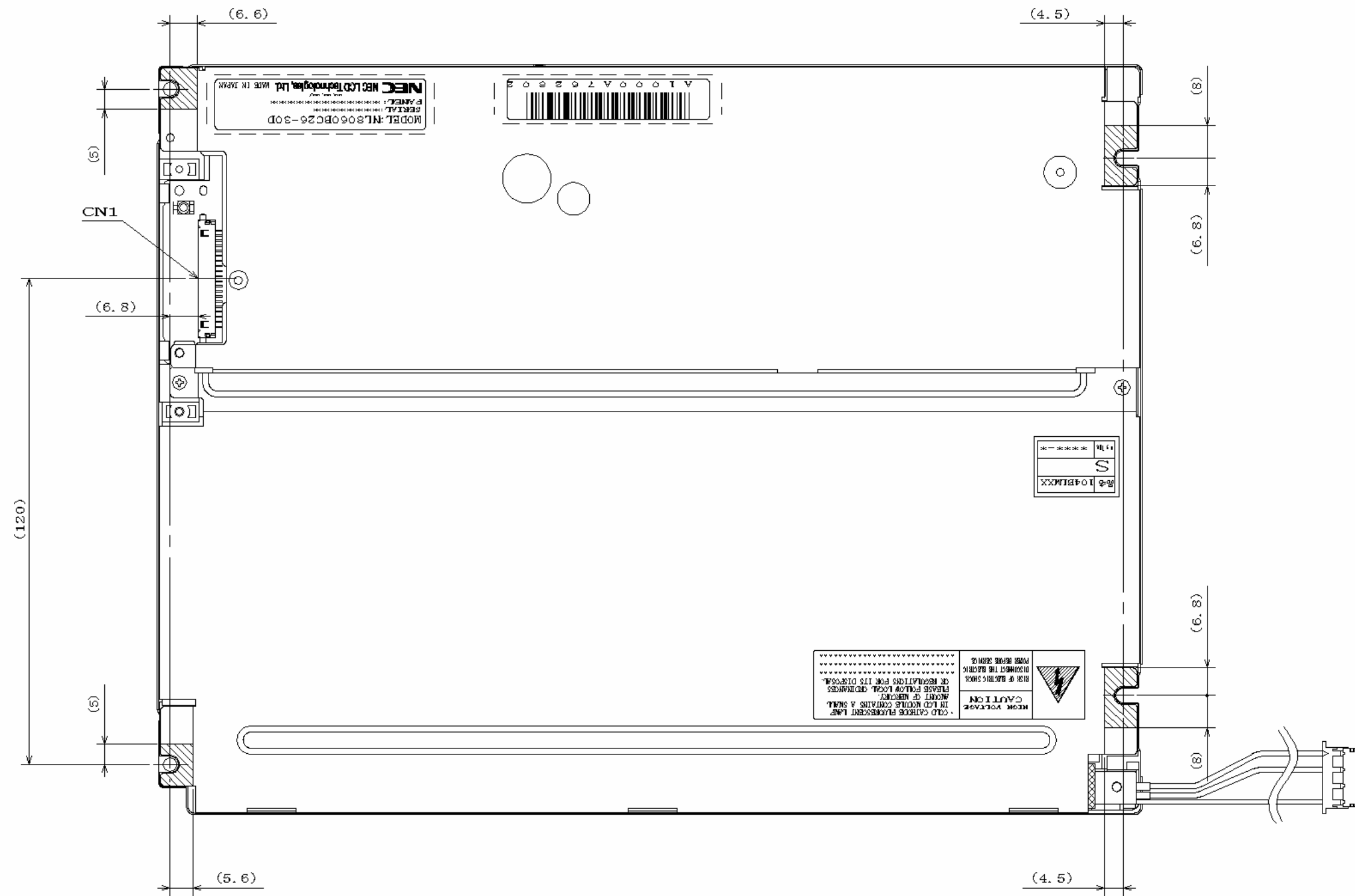
The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flicker, vertical seam or small spot may be observed depending on display patterns.
- ③ Optical characteristics (e.g. luminance, display uniformity, etc.) gradually is going to change depending on operating time, and especially low temperature, because the LCD has cold cathode fluorescent lamps.
- ④ Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- ⑤ The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑥ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.
- ⑦ The interference noise between input signal frequency for this product's signal processing board and luminance control frequency of the inverter may appear on a display. Set up luminance control frequency of the inverter so that the interference noise does not appear.
- ⑧ After the product is stored under condition of low temperature or dark place for a long time, the cold cathode fluorescent lamp may not be turned on under the same condition because of the general characteristic of cold cathode fluorescent lamp. In addition, when Luminance control ratio is low in pulse width modulation method inverter, the lamp may not be turned on. In this case, power should be supplied again.

6.3.4 Other


- ① All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing backlight lamps.
- ④ Pay attention not to insert foreign materials inside of the product, when using tapping screws.
- ⑤ Pack the product with original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NEC for repair and so on.

7.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.



Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

Note3:  Mounting hole portions (4 pieces)

Unit: mm

REVISION HISTORY

The inside of latest specifications is revised to the clerical error and the major improvement of previous edition. Only a changed part such as functions, characteristic value and so on that may affect a design of customers, are described especially below.

Edition	Document number	Prepared date	Revision contents and signature
1st edition	DOD-PP-0346	Aug 3, 2007	Revision contents New issue Writer <div> <div>Approved by</div> <div>T. OGAWA</div> </div> <div> <div>Checked by</div> <div></div> </div> <div> <div>Prepared by</div> <div>T. OGAWA</div> </div>
2nd edition	DOD-PP-0383	Sep. 28, 2007	Revision contents P1 Module name, P5 Structure and principle, P34 Outline drawings-Rear view: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> NL8060BC26-30 → NL8060BC26-30D (change) P6 General specifications <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Polarizer surface: Clear → Antiglare (change) Writer <div> <div>Approved by</div> <div>T. OGAWA</div> </div> <div> <div>Checked by</div> <div></div> </div> <div> <div>Prepared by</div> <div>M. TANAKA</div> </div>
3rd edition	DOD-PP-0394	Oct. 11, 2007	Revision contents P6 General specifications <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Weight: → (475) g (typ.) Color gamut: 60% (typ.) → 40% (typ.) P8 Mechanical specifications <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Weight: → (475) g (typ.) P27 Optical characteristics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Color gamut: 55% (min.), 60% (typ.) → 35% (min.), 40% (typ.) Signature of writer <div> <div>Approved by</div> <div></div> <div>T. OGAWA</div> </div> <div> <div>Checked by</div> <div></div> </div> <div> <div>Prepared by</div> <div></div> <div>M. TANAKA</div> </div>