# PRELIMINARY

# NLT Technologies, Ltd.

## TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL192108AC10-01D

22.8cm (9.0 Type) FHD LVDS interface (2port)

# PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET

DOD-PP-1438 (2nd edition)

This DATA SHEET is updated document from PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET DOD-MDA-0606(1).

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.

#### INTRODUCTION

The Copyright to this document belongs to NLT Technologies, Ltd. (hereinafter called "NLT"). No part of this document will be used, reproduced or copied without prior written consent of NLT.

NLT does and will not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of any third party arising out of or in connection with application of the products described herein except for that directly attributable to mechanisms and workmanship thereof. No license, express or implied, is granted under any patent, copyright or other intellectual property right of NLT.

Some electronic products would fail or malfunction at a certain rate. In spite of every effort to enhance reliability of products by NLT, the possibility of failures and malfunction might not be avoided entirely. To prevent the risks of damage to death, human bodily injury or other property arising out thereof or in connection therewith, each customer is required to take sufficient measures in its safety designs and plans including, but not limited to, redundant system, fire-containment and anti-failure.

The products are classified into three grades: "Standard", "Special", and "Specific".

Each quality grade is designed for applications described below. Any customer who intends to use a product for application other than that of Standard is required to contact an NLT sales representative in advance

The **Standard:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products are free from any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and not related the safety of the public (Social Issues), like general electric devices.

Examples: Office equipment, audio and visual equipment, communication equipment, test and measurement equipment, personal electronic equipment, home electronic appliances, car navigation system (with no vehicle control functions), seat entertainment monitor for vehicles and airplanes, fish finder (except marine radar integrated type), PDA, etc.

The **Special:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might directly cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and required high level reliability by conventional wisdom.

Examples: Vehicle/train/ship control system, traffic signals system, traffic information control system, air traffic control system, surgery/operation equipment monitor, disaster/crime prevention system, etc.

The **Specific:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might severe cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the standards or quality assurance program designated by the customer who requires extremely high level reliability and quality.

Examples: Aerospace system (except seat entertainment monitor), nuclear control system, life support system, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

#### **CONTENTS**

INTRODUCTION	
1. OUTLINE	1
1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE	<b>4</b> 4 1
1.2 APPLICATION	
1.3 FEATURES	
2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	
3. BLOCK DIAGRAM	
4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS.	
4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS	7
4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	
4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS.	
4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board	
4.3.2 Backlight lamp	9
4.3.2 Backlight lamp	9
4.3.4 Fuse	9
4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE	10
4.4.1 LCD panel	10
4.4.2 LED Driver	10
4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS	
4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board	11
4.5.2 Positions of plug and socket	12
4.5.3 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS	13
4.5.4 Input data mapping	19
4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS	
4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal	20
4.6.2 16,777,216 colors	12
4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS	
4.8 DISPLAY DIRECTIONS	
4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS	
4.9 1 Outline of input signal timings	24 2 <i>4</i>
4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings	25
4.9.3 Input signal timing chart	26
4.10 OPTICS.	
4.10.1 Optical characteristics	
4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio	
4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity	28
4.10.4 Definition of response times	28
4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles	28
5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME	
6. RELIABILITY TESTS	
7. PRECAUTIONS	31
7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS	
7.2 CAUTIONS	
7.3 ATTENTIONS	
7.3.1 Handling of the product	
7.3.2 Environment	
7.3.3 Characteristics	
7.3.4 Others	
8.1 FRONT VIEW	
8.2 REAR VIEW	
0.2 REARCHEN	
DEVISION HISTORY	35

# PRELIMINARY

### NLT Technologies, Ltd.

NL192108AC10-01D

#### 1. OUTLINE

#### 1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL192108AC10-01D is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

#### 1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

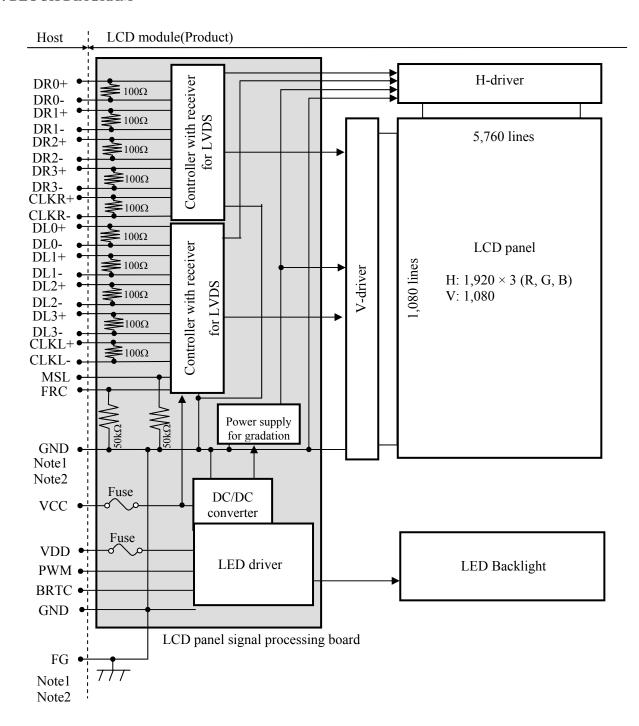
#### 1.3 FEATURES

- Ultra Wide viewing angle (Adoption of Ultra-Advanced Super Fine TFT (UA-SFT))
- Narrow frame
- LED backlight type
- LED driver Built-in
- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- Selectable 8bit or 6bit digital signals for data of RGB
- Replaceable lamp holder for backlight

#### 2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	198.72 (H) × 111.78 (V) mm
Diagonal size of display	22.8cm (9.0 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	16,777,216 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= High) 262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= Low or Open)
Pixel	1920 (H) × 1080 (V) pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	0.0345 (H) × 0.1035 (V) mm
Pixel pitch	$0.1035 \text{ (H)} \times 0.1035 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$
Module size	214.6 mm (W) (typ.) × 130.0 mm (H) (typ.) × (9.1) (D) mm (typ.)
Weight	(300) g (typ.)
Contrast ratio	TBD (typ.)
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio ≥10:1  • Horizontal: Right side 88° (typ.), Left side 88° (typ.)  • Vertical: Up side 88° (typ.), Down side 88° (typ.)
Designed viewing direction	• Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ≒ 2.2): Normal axis (perpendicular)
Polarizer surface	(Antiglare) (Haze: 41%)
Polarizer pencil-hardness	(2H) (min.) [by JIS K5600]
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 72% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
Response time	$Ton + Toff (10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%)$ 25ms (typ.)
Luminance	At the maximum luminance control (400)cd/m <sup>2</sup> (typ.)
Signal system	LVDS 2port (Receiver: THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc. or equivalent) [8bit/6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE), Selection of LVDS input map (MSL)]
Power supply voltage	LCD panel: 3.3V LED backlight: 12V
Backlight	LED backlight type  (Replaceable part  • Lamp holder set: Type No. TBD
Power consumption	At the maximum luminance control, Checkered flag pattern (11.4) W (typ.)

#### 3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground and LED driver ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module are as follows.

	·
GND - FG	Connected

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds be connected together in customer equipment.

#### 4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

#### 4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification	Unit	
Module size	$214.6 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 130.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times (9.1) \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	198.72 (H) × 111.78 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	(300)(typ.), (330)(max.)		gg

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

#### 4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter			Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power supply	LCD panel		VCC	-0.3 to +4.0	V	
voltage	LED	driver	VDD	-0.3 to 15.0		
	Display No		VD	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	_
Input voltage for	Function No		VF	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	
signals		0 175 11	PWM	-0.3 to +5.5	V	
	Function signal for LED driver		BRTC	-0.3 to VDD+1.0	V	
S	Storage temperature		Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-
Operating		Front surface	TopF	-20 to +70	°C	Note3
Operating t	emperature	Rear surface	TopR	-20 to +70	°C	Note4
				≤ 95	%	Ta ≤ 40°C
	Relative humidity		RH	≤ 85	%	40°C < Ta ≤ 50°C
Note5			КП	≤ 55	%	50°C < Ta ≤ 60°C
				≤36	%	60°C < Ta ≤ 70°C
	Absolute humidity Note5	АН	≤ 70 Note6	g/m <sup>3</sup>	Ta > 70°C	

Note1: DL0+/-, DL1+/-, DL2+/-, DL3+/-, CLKL+/-, DR0+/-, DR1+/-, DR2+/-, DR3+/- and CLKR+/-

Note2: FRC, MSL

Note3: Measured at LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta= 70°C and RH= 36%

2

### 2

### NLT Technologies, Ltd.

#### 4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$ 

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-	
Power supply current		ICC	-	(900) Note1	(1440) Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V	
Permissible ripple voltage		VRPC	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC	
Differential input	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 1.2V	
threshold voltage	Low	VTL	-100	ı	-	mV	Note3	
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	-	Ω		
Input voltage for	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	CMOS level	
FRC and MSL signals	Low	VFL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	CWOS level	
Input current for	High	IFH	-	-	300	μΑ		
FRC and MSL signal	Low	IFL	-300	-	-	μΑ	•	

PRELIMINARY

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

#### 4.3.2 Backlight lamp

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$ 

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	Power supply voltage		10.8	12.0	13.2	V	Note1
Power supply current Note3		IDD	-	(700)	(1,000) Note2	mA	at VCC=12.0V Note6
Permissible ripple vo	Permissible ripple voltage		-	-	100	mVp-p	for VDD
Input voltage for	High	VDFH1	2.0	-	5.0	V	
PWM signal	Low	VDFL1	0	-	0.8	V	-
Input voltage for	High	VDFH2	2.0	-	VDD	V	
BRTC signal	Low	VDFL2	0	-	0.8	V	-
PWM frequency		$f_{PWM}$	(100)	-	(500)	Hz	Note4, Note5
PWM pulse v	vidth	tPWH	(20)	-	-	μs	-

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage.

Note2: This value excludes peak current such as overshoot current.

Note3: The power supply lines (VDD and GND) may have ripple voltage during luminance control of LED. There is the possibility that the ripple voltage produces acoustic noise and signal wave noise in audio circuit and so on. Put a capacitor between the power supply lines (VDD and GND) to reduce the noise if necessary.

Note4: A recommended f<sub>PWM</sub> value is as follows.

$$f_{PWM} = \frac{2n-1}{4} \times fv$$

(n = integer, fv = frame frequency of LCD module)

Note5: Depending on the frequency used, so noise may appear on the screen, please conduct a thorough evaluation.

Note6: At the maximum luminance control.

#### 4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values as the following table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power supp	ly voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p
VDD	12.0V	≤ 100	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

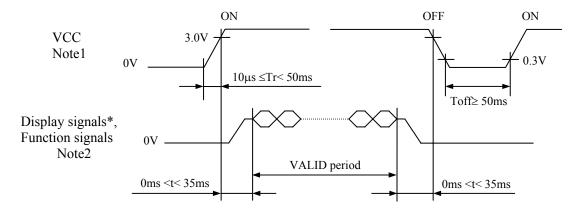
#### 4.3.4 Fuse

Parameter		Fuse	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
Туре		Supplier	Kating	rusing current	Kemarks
VCC	FHC16322AD	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	3.15A	7.88A	Note1
VCC	11101032211D	CO., LTD	24V	7.0011	
VDD	FHC16322AD	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	3.15A	7.88A	Note1
VDD	111C10322AD	CO., LTD	24V	7.0071	

Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

#### 4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

#### 4.4.1 LCD panel



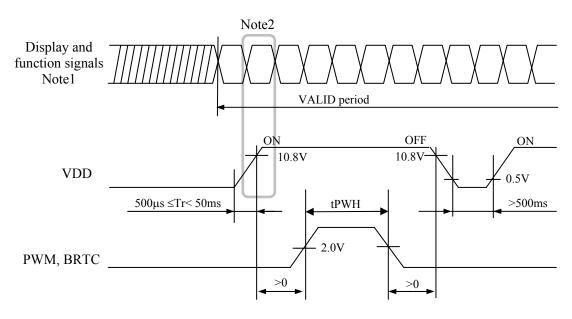
<sup>\*</sup> These signals should be measured at the terminal of  $100\Omega$  resistance.

Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.

Note2: Display signals (DL0+/-, DL1+/-, DL2+/-, DL3+/-,CLKL+/-,DR0+/-, DR1+/-, DR2+/-, DR3+/- and CLKR+/-) and function signals (FRC, MSL) must be set to Low or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display and function signals, VCC also must be shut down.

#### 4.4.2 LED Driver



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel.

Note2: The LED driver should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

#### 4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): DF19L-30P-1H (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS))

Adaptable plug: DF19-30S-1C, DF19G-30S-1C (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS))

Adaj	otable plug	: DF	19-30S-1C, DF19G-30	S-IC (Hirose Electric	Co., Ltd. (HR	S))		
Pin	Symbol	Signal	Input data	signal: 8bit	Input data	Remarks		
No.	Symbol	Signai	MAP A	MAP B	signal: 6bit	Kemarks		
1	N.C.	N.C.	k	-				
2	VDD	Power supply for	Dowe	Power supply for backlight				
3	VDD	backlight	rowe	a supply for backlight		Note1		
4	GND							
5	GND	Ground		Ground		Note1		
6	GND							
7	PWM	Luminance control		Luminance control		-		
8	BRTC	Backlight ON/OFF control	Back High o	light ON/OFF control OPEN: ON, Low: OFF		-		
9	N.C.	N.C.	K	eep this pin Open.		_		
10	N.C.	1		oop uns pm open.	-			
11	MSL	Selection of LVDS input map	Low or Open	High	Low or Open	Note4		
12	GND	Ground	•	Ground	•	Note1		
13	DL0-	Pixel data	RA2-RA7,GA2	Note2				
14	DL0+	~ .						
15	GND	Ground		Note1				
16 17	DL1- DL1+	Pixel data	GA3-GA7,BA2-BA3	Note2				
18	GND	Ground		Ground		Note1		
19	DL2-	D: 11.	DA4 DA7 DE	D 4 2 D 4 5 1	DE .	N 2		
20	DL2+	Pixel data	BA4-BA7,DE	BA2-BA5,I	JE	Note2		
21	GND	Ground		Ground		Note1		
22	CLKL-	Pixel clock		Pixel clock		No.4-2		
23	CLKL+	1 IXCI CIOCK		1 IACI CIOCK		Note2		
24	GND	Ground		Ground		Note1		
25	DL3- or GND	Pixel data or Ground	RA0-RA1,GA0-GA1,	RA6-RA7,GA6-GA7,	Ground	Note1, Note2,		
26	DL3+ or GND	Pixel data or Ground	BA0-BA1	BA6-BA7	Ground	Note3		
27	GND	Ground			Note1			
28	FRC	Selection of the number of colors	Hi	Note3 Note4				
29 30	GND GND	Ground		Ground		Note1		

Note1: All GND, VCC and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note2: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note3: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note4: See "4.5.3 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".

Note5: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

CN2 socket (LCD module side): DF19L-20P-1H (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS))

Adaptable plug: DF19-20S-1C, DF19G-20S-1C (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS))

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		i	`		- //		
Symbol	Signal	Input data s	Input data	Remarks			
Symoon	Signai	MAP A	MAP B	signal: 6bit	Remarks		
GND	Ground		Ground				
DR0-	Divel data	RB2_RB7 GB2	RR0-RR5 G	B0	Note2		
DR0+	1 ixei uata	KD2-KD7,OD2	Notez				
GND	Ground		Ground		Note1		
DR1-	Pivel data	GR3_GR7 RR2_RR3	GR1-GR5 RR(	)_RR1	Note2		
DR1+	1 IACI data	GB3-GB7,BB2-BB3	OD1-OD3,DD0	)-DD1	110102		
GND	Ground		Ground		Note1		
DR2-	Divel data	RR4-RR7 DE	RR4 RR7 DE RR2 RR5 DE				
DR2+	1 ixel data	DD4-DD7,DE	Note2				
GND	Ground		Note1				
CLKR-	Pivel clock		Note2				
CLKR+	1 IACI CIOCK		Note2				
GND	Ground		Ground		Note1		
DR3-							
		RB0-RB1 GB0-GB1 B	RB6-RB7 GB6-GB7		Note1,		
DR3+	Pixel data	B0-BB1	BB6-BB7	Ground	Note2, Note3		
or GND	or Ground				110103		
GND	Ground		Note1				
	Power supply for	Power	Note1				
	LCD panel						
	Symbol  GND  DR0-  DR0-  GND  DR1-  DR1-  GND  DR2-  DR2-  GND  CLKR-  CLKR+  GND  DR3-  or  GND  DR3+  or  GND  GND  GND  GND	Symbol Signal  GND Ground  DR0- DR0- DR0+ GND Ground  DR1- DR1+ GND Ground  DR2- DR2- DR2+ GND Ground  CLKR- CLKR+ GND Ground  DR3- or GND Ground  DR3- or GND Ground  DR3+ Or GND Ground  GND Ground  GND Ground  GND Ground  CLCD panel	Symbol         Signal         Input data section           GND         Ground         Ground           DR0+         Pixel data         RB2-RB7,GB2           GND         Ground         GB3-GB7,BB2-BB3           DR1+         Pixel data         GB3-GB7,BB2-BB3           GND         Ground         GB3-GB7,BB2-BB3           DR2+         Pixel data         BB4-BB7,DE           GND         Ground         GB3-GB7,BB2-BB3           BB4-BB7,DE         BB4-BB7,DE           GND         Ground         GB3-GB7,BB2-BB3           BB4-BB7,DE         BB4-BB7,DE           BB4-BB7,DE         RB0-RB1,GB0-GB1,BB           BB4-BB7,DE         BB4-BB7,DE           CLKR+         GND         Ground           DR3-         Pixel data         BB0-RB1,GB0-GB1,BB           BO-BB1         BO-BB1         BO-BB1           GND         Ground         Ground           WCC         Power supply for LCD panel         Power	Symbol         Input data signal: 8bit           GND         Ground         MAP A         MAP B           GND         Ground         Ground         Ground           DR0+         Pixel data         GB2-RB7,GB2         RB0-RB5,G           GND         Ground         Ground           DR1+         Pixel data         GB3-GB7,BB2-BB3         GB1-GB5,BB6           GND         Ground         Ground           DR2+         Pixel data         BB4-BB7,DE         BB2-BB5,I           GND         Ground         Ground           CLKR-         Pixel clock         Pixel clock           CLKR+         Pixel data or or GND         Ground           GND         Ground         RB0-RB1,GB0-GB1,B B0-BB1         RB6-RB7,GB6-GB7,BB6-BB7           DR3+ or Ground         Ground         Ground         Ground           GND         Ground         Ground         Ground           GND         Ground         Ground         Ground           GND         Ground         Pixel clock         Pixel clock	Symbol         Signal         Input data signal: 8bit         MAP B         MAP B         Ground           DR0-DR0-DR1-DR1+DR1+DR1+DR1+DR1+DR2+DR2+DR2+DR2+DR2+DR2+DR2+DR2+DR2+DR2		

Note1: All GND, VCC and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

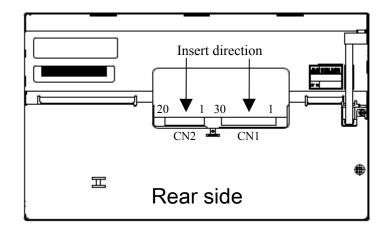
Note2: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

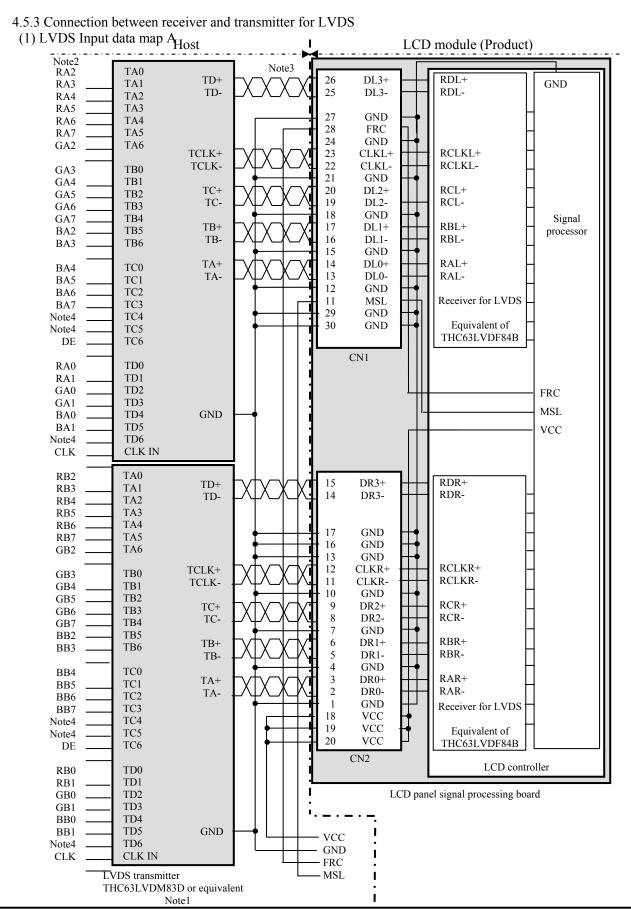
Note3: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note4: See "4.5.3 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".

Note5: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

#### 4.5.2 Positions of plug and socket





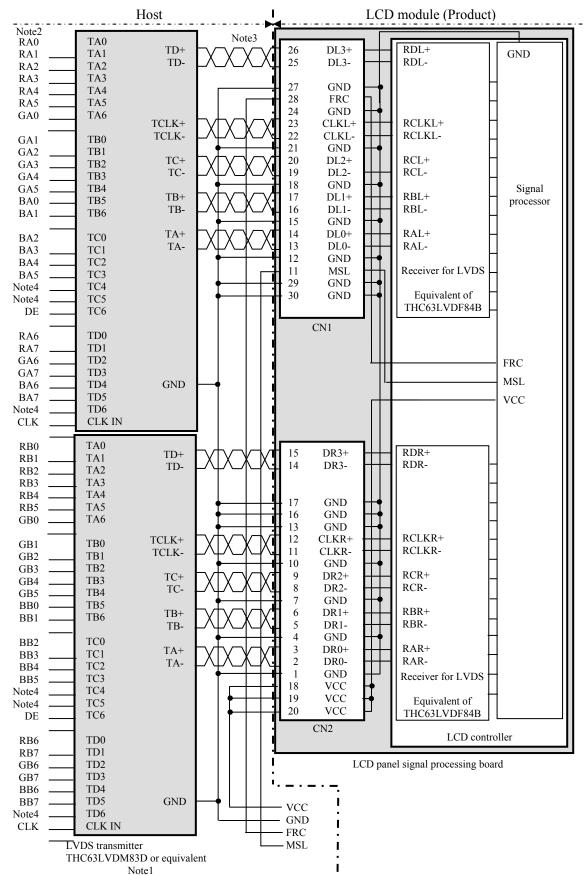


### NLT Technologies, Ltd.

NL192108AC10-01D

- Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83D (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent
- Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) RA0, GA0, BA0, RB0, GB0, BB0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) RA7, GA7, BA7, RB7, GB7, BB7
- Note3: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.







### NLT Technologies, Ltd.

NL192108AC10-01D

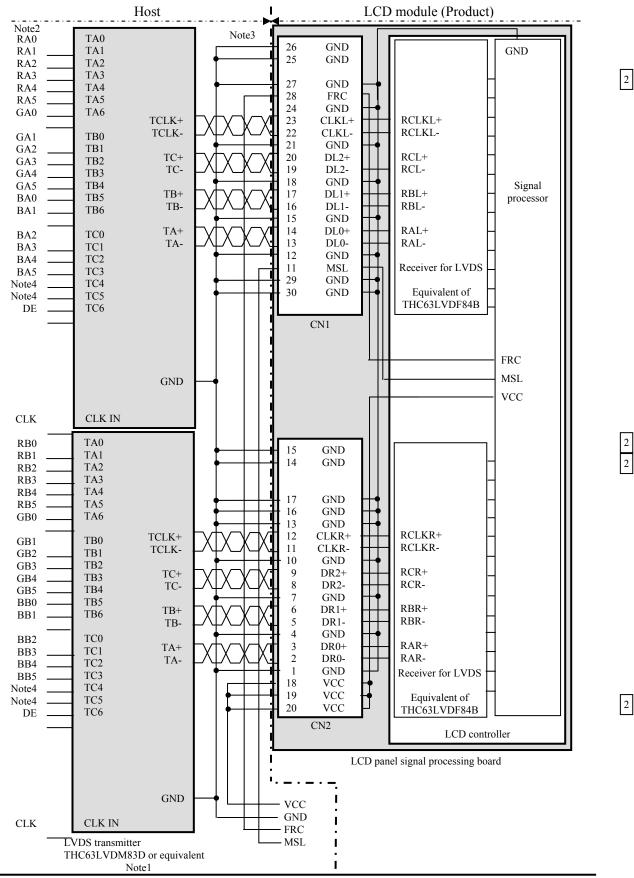
Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83D (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) - RA0, GA0, BA0, RB0, GB0, BB0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) - RA7, GA7, BA7, RB7, GB7, BB7

Note3: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.

(3) Input data signal: 6bit





### NLT Technologies, Ltd.

#### NL192108AC10-01D

Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83D (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

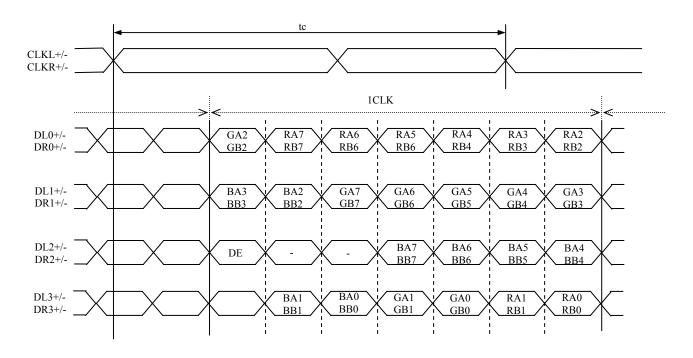
Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) - RA0, GA0, BA0, RB0, GB0, BB0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) - RA7, GA7, BA7, RB7, GB7, BB7

Note3: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

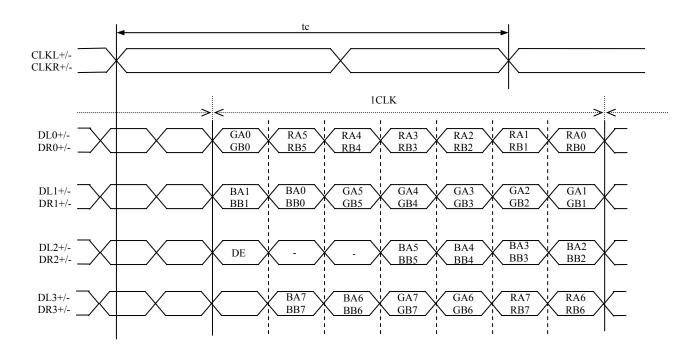
Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.

#### 4.5.4 Input data mapping

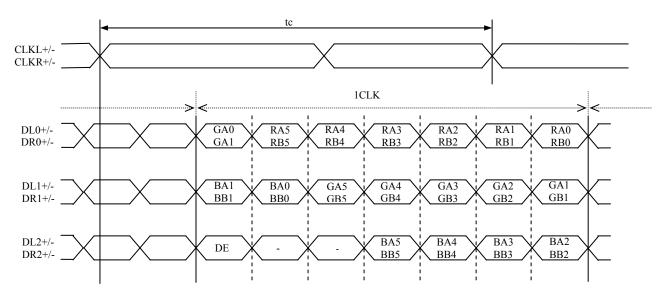
(1) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP A



(2) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP B



#### (3) Input data signal: 6bit



#### 4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

#### 4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal

This product can display 16,777,216 colors equivalent with 256 gray scales and 262,144 colors with 64 gray scales by combination of input data signals and FRC and MSL signal. See the following table.

Combination	Input data signals	Input Data mapping	CN1- Pin No.25 and 26 CN2 Pin No.14 and 15	FRC terminal	MSL terminal	Display colors	Remarks
1	8 bit	Map A	DL3+/- DR3+/-	High	Low	16,777,216	Note1
2	8 bit	Мар В	DL3+/- DR3+/-	High	High	16,777,216	Note1
3	6 bit	-	GND	Low or open	Low	262,144	Note2

Note1: See "4.6.2 16,777,216 colors". Note2: See "4.6.3 262,144 colors".

4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display 16,777,216 colors equivalent with 256 gray scales by combination ① or ②. (See "4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal".)

Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

											ta sigr				, 1: H	igh le	evel)								
Disp	lay colors							RA1 I RB1		GA7 GB7					GA2 GB2		GA0 GB0	BA7 BB7		BA5 BB5			BA2 BB2		BA0 BB0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
LS	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ic C	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3as	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
gray scale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ly S(	<b>↑</b>																				:				
gra	$\downarrow$																				:	:			
Red g	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ıle		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scs	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ray	<b>↑</b>					:								:							:	:			
Green gray scale	$\downarrow$																				:				
ìreε	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue gray scale	<b>↑</b>					:															:	:			
e g	<b>↓</b>	0	0	0	0	:	0	0	0		0	0	0	:	0	0	0		1	1	1		1	0	1
Blt	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Diue	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display 262,144 colors with 64 gray scales by combination ③. (See "4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

	_						Data	ı sigi	nal (0:	Low	level	, 1: F	ligh le	evel)					
Display	colors	RA5 RB5			RA2 RB2				5 GA4 5 GB4							BA3 BB3			
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
sic (	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
မ		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red gray scale	<b>↑</b>			:	:					:	:						:		
प्र हा	$\downarrow$			:						:							:		
Rec	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ъ 1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
y sc	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
gra.	1																		
Green gray scale	↓ 1i14	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	. 0	0	0
Gre	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Diack	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
y sc	uai k ↑	Ü	Ü			Ů	Ů	V	v			Ü	o	Ů	Ü	Ü		•	Ů
Blue gray scale	<u> </u>			:															
lue	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
В	3119111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

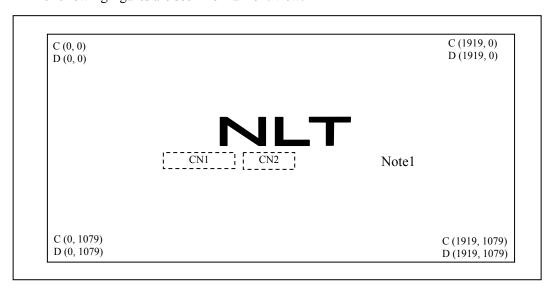
#### 4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel.

C (0, 0	BA		C (960, 0)  RB GB BB							
$\begin{pmatrix} C(&0,&0) \end{pmatrix}$	C( 1, 0)		C( 959, 0)	(C(960, 0))		C(1918, 0)	C(1919, 0)			
C(0, 1)	C( 1, 1)		C( 959, 1)	C( 960, 1)		C(1918, 1)	C(1919, 1)			
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
•	•		•	•		•	• • •			
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
C( 0, Y)	C( 1, Y)		C(959, Y)	C( 960, Y)	• • •	C(1918, Y)	C(1919, Y)			
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
•	•		•	•		•	•			
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
C( 0, 1078)	C( 1, 1078)		C( 959, 1078)	C( 960, 1078)	• • •	C(1918,1078)	C(1919,1078)			
C( 0, 1079)	C( 1, 1079)	• • •	C( 959, 1079)	C( 960, 1079)		C(1918,1079)	C(1919,1079)			

#### 4.8 DISPLAY DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view.



Note1: Meaning of C(X, Y) and D(X, Y)

C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)

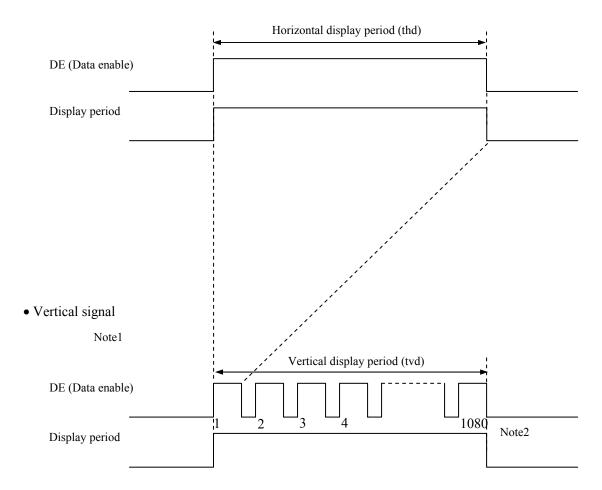
D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

#### 4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

#### 4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings

• Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing. Note2: See "**4.9.3 Input signal timing chart**" for the pulse number.

# PRELIMINARY

### NLT Technologies, Ltd.

#### NL192108AC10-01D

#### 4.9.2 Timing characteristics

							(Note)	I, Note2, Note3)	
	Parameter	•	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
	Fre	quency	1/tc	59.38	74.59	82.40	MHz	13.406ns (typ.)	
CLK	]	Duty					-		
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	-		-		ns	•	
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-				ns		
DATA	CLK-DATA	Hold time	-	-			ns	-	
	Rise tim	-		_		ns			
		Cycle	th	13.59	15.02	18.86	μs	66.6 kHz (typ.)	
	Horizontal	Cycle	ţII	-	1120	-	CLK	00.0 KHZ (typ.)	
		Display period	thd	960			CLK	-	
	\$7	Cycle	tv	15.09	16.67	20.84	ms		
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	tv	- 1110 -		-	Н	60 .0Hz (typ.)	
	(one name)	Display period	tvd		1080		Н		
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-			·	ns	_	
	CLK-DE	Hold time	-	-			ns	-	
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	-				ns		

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc = 1CLK, th = 1H

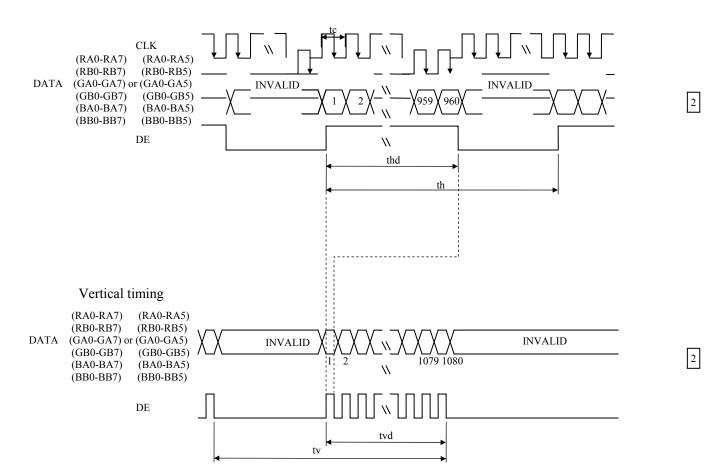
Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

2

#### 4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing



#### 4.10 OPTICS

#### 4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(	No	te1.	N	ote2)

Paramete	er	Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminand	ce	White at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$		TBD	(400)	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	BM-5A	-
Contrast ra	itio	White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	CR	TBD	TBD	ı	1	BM-5A	Note3
Luminance uni	formity	White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	LU	-	1.25	1.40	-	BM-5A	Note4
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-		
	VV IIIC	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-		
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	1	TBD	1	1		
Chromaticity	Reu	y coordinate	Ry	-	TBD	-	-		
Cilibiliation	Green	x coordinate	Gx	•	TBD			SR-3	Note5
	Green	y coordinate	Gy	1	TBD	-	-	SIX-3	Notes
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	•	TBD				
	Blue	y coordinate	By	1	TBD	-	-		
Color gam	ıut	$\theta$ R= 0°, $\theta$ L= 0°, $\theta$ U= 0°, $\theta$ D= 0° at center, against NTSC color space	С	TBD	72	ı	%		
Pasnonsa ti	ima	Black to White	Ton	1	13	-	ms	BM-5A	Note6
Response time		White to Black	Toff	-	12	-	ms	-10000	Note7
	Right	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θR	70	88	-	0		
37' ' 1	Left	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θL	70	88	-	0	ΕZ	N-4-0
Viewing angle	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	θU	70	88	-	0	Contrast	Note8
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θD	70	88	ı	0		

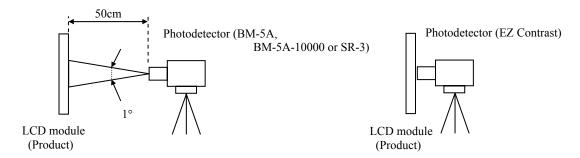
Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, VDD=12.0V, PWM: Duty 100%,

Display mode: FHD, Horizontal cycle= 1/66.6kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/60.0Hz,

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= TBD°C

Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".

2

2

#### 4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

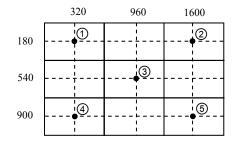
The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

#### 4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

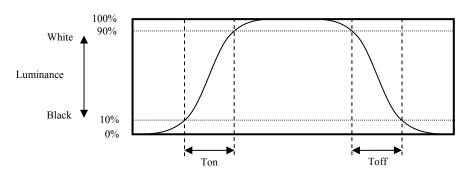
$$Luminance uniformity (LU) = \frac{Minimum luminance from ① to ⑤}{Maximum luminance from ① to ⑥} [\%]$$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

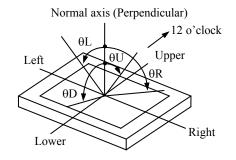


#### 4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from "black" to "white", or "white" to "black" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance changes from 10% up to 90%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance changes from 90% down to 10% (See the following diagram.).



#### 4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles



### NLT Technologies, Ltd.

NL192108AC10-01D

#### 5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

#### This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit	
LED elementary substance	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, PWM Duty:100%	(70,000)	h

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for an LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

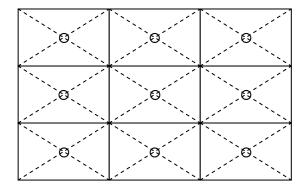
Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

#### 6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment Note1
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	① +60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours ② Display data is white.	
High temperature (Operation)	① +70 ± 3°C, 240hours ② Display data is white.	
Heat cycle (Operation)	① -20 ± 3°C1hour +70 ± 3°C1hour ② 50cycles, 4hours/cycle ③ Display data is white	
Thermal shock (Non operation)	<ul> <li>30 ± 3°C30minutes         +80 ± 3°C30minutes</li> <li>100cycles, 1hour/cycle</li> <li>Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes.</li> </ul>	No display malfunctions
ESD (Operation)	<ul> <li>① 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV</li> <li>② 9 places on a panel surface Note2</li> <li>③ 10 times each points at 1 sec interval</li> </ul>	
Dust (Operation)	<ul> <li>Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901)</li> <li>15 seconds stir</li> <li>8 times repeat at 1 hour interval</li> </ul>	
Vibration (Non operation)	<ul> <li>5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s²</li> <li>1 minute/cycle</li> <li>X, Y, Z directions</li> <li>120 times each directions</li> </ul>	No display malfunctions No physical damages
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	<ul> <li>539m/ s², 11ms</li> <li>±X, ±Y, ±Z directions</li> <li>5 times each directions</li> </ul>	The physical damages

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



#### 7. PRECAUTIONS

#### 7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS"!



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured if the customer practices wrong operations.

#### 7.2 CAUTIONS



\* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 539m/s² and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N (\$\phi\$16mm jig))

### 7.3 ATTENTIONS



#### 7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- 2 When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- 3 When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ⓐ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.147N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel. And the length of product mounting screws must be ≤ 2.0mm.
- ⑤ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- **(6)** Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the panel surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- ② Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working. When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- (3) Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.

# PRELIMINARY

### NLT Technologies, Ltd.

NL192108AC10-01D

#### 7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
- 3 Do not operate in high magnetic field. If not, circuit boards may be broken.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

#### 7.3.3 Characteristics

#### The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots may be observed depending on display patterns.
- 3 Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

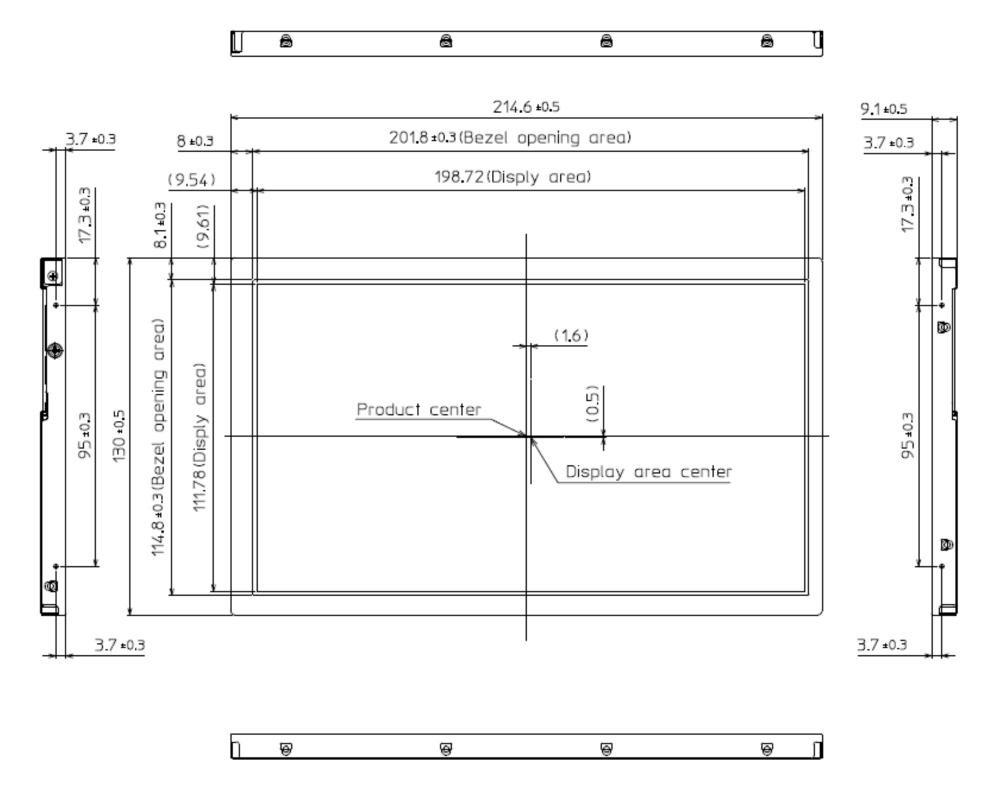
#### 7.3.4 Others

- ① All GND, VCC and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing lamp holder set.
- Pack the product with the original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NLT for repairing and so on.

2

#### 8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1 FRONT VIEW

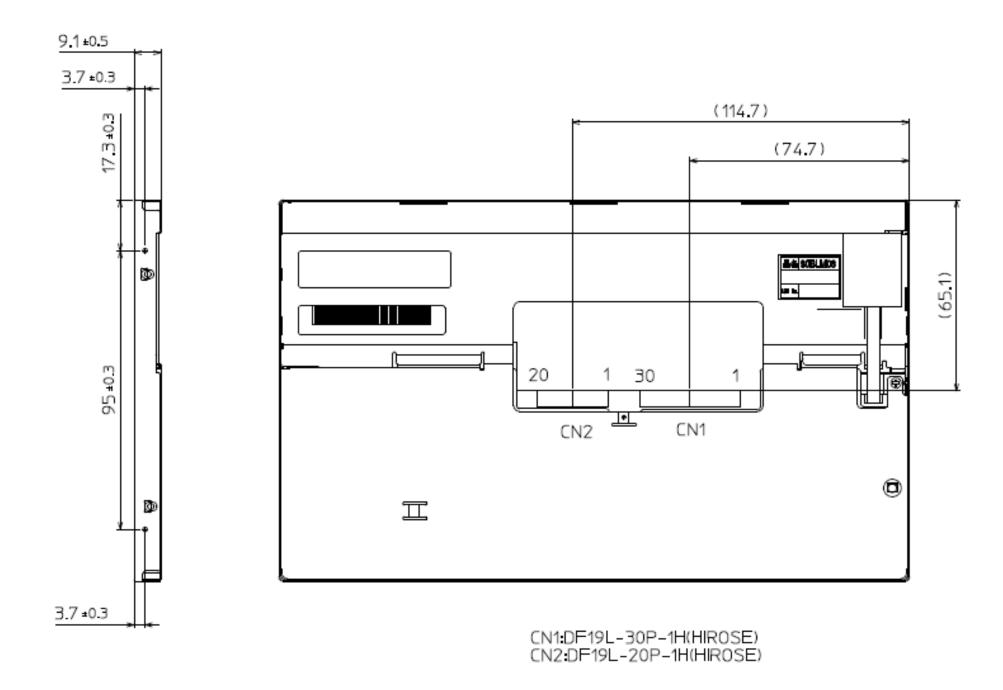


Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed  $0.147 \text{N} \cdot \text{m}$ . And the length of product mounting screws must be  $\leq 2.0 \text{mm}$ .

Unit: mm

8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed  $0.147 \text{N} \cdot \text{m}$ . And the length of product mounting screws must be  $\leq 2.0 \text{mm}$ .

Unit: mm

#### **REVISION HISTORY**

The inside of latest specifications is revised to the clerical error and the major improvement of previous edition. Only a changed part such as functions, characteristic value and so on that may affect a design of customers, are described especially below.

Edition	Document number	Prepare d date	Revision contents and signature
1st edition	DOD-MDA- 0606	Feb. 29, 2012	Revision contents  New issue  Write
			Approved by Checked by Prepared by T. KANATSU H. MIYAUCHI
2nd edition	DOD-PP- 1438	Jun. 08, 2012	Revision contents  P5 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS  • Module size: (10.0) (D) mm (typ.) → (9.1) (D) mm (typ.)  • Polarizer surface: (Haze:41%) (addition)  • Polarizer pencil-hardness: (3H) → (2H)  P7 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS  • Module size: (10.0) ± 0.5 (D) mm → (9.1) ± 0.5 (D) mm  • Weight: TBD g (max.) → 330 g (max.)  P8 LCD panel signal processing board  • Power supply current: (1800) mA (max.) → (1440) mA (max.)  P9 Fuse: VDD: TBD → specified  P17 Input data signal 6bit  • LCD module (Product) - CN1: 27 GND (addition)  • CN2: 14 GND , 15 GND (addition)  • CN2: 14 GND , 15 GND (addition)  • Vertical signal  • 768 → 1080  P25 Timing characteristics  • CLK - Frequency: 67.05 MHz (min.) → 59.38 MHz (min.)  • DE - Horizontal − Cycle: 14.68 μs (min.) → 13.59 μs (min.)  ∴ 15.36 μs (max.) → 18.86 μs (max.)  ∴ 1030 CLK (min.) → - CLK (min.)  • Vertical − Cycle: 15.93 μs (min.) → 15.09 μs (min.)  ∴ 17.43 μs (max.) → 20.84 μs (max.)  ∴ 1085 CLK (min.) → - CLK (min.)  P26 Input signal timing chart  • Horizontal timing  • 127 → 959, 1280 → 960  • Vertical timing  • 127 → 1079, 768 → 1080  P27 Optical characteristics  • Viewing angle - ΘR, ΘL, ΘU, ΘD: - ° (min.) → 70 ° (min.)  • Note2 - Display mode: WXGA → FHD  · Horizontal cycle: 1/47.396kHz → 1/60.0Hz  - Photodetector: BM-5A-10000 (addition)

#### **REVISION HISTORY**

Edition	Document number	Prepared date	Revision contents and signature
2nd edition	DOD-PP- 1438	Jun. 08, 2012	Revision contents  P28 Definition of luminance uniformity  • 5points - ①: 213,128 → 320,180 ②: 1067,128 → 1600,180  ③: 640,384 → 960,540 ④: 213, 640 → 320,900 ③: 1067, 640 → 1600, 900  P31 Handling of the product  • ②0.23N·m → 0.147, ≤2.5mm → ≤2.0mm  P33 OUTLINE DRAWINGS  • FRONT VIEW (revised)  • $3.7 \rightarrow 3.7 \pm 0.3$ (4points)  • $17.3 \rightarrow 17.3 \pm 0.3$ (2points)  • $95 \rightarrow 95 \pm 0.3$ (2points)  • $95 \rightarrow 95 \pm 0.3$ (2points)  • $130 \rightarrow 130 \pm 0.3$ • $8.1 \rightarrow 8.1 \pm 0.3$ • $114.8 \rightarrow 114.8 \pm 0.3$ • $8 \rightarrow 8 \pm 0.3$ • $214.6 \rightarrow 214.6 \pm 0.5$ • $201.8 \rightarrow 201.8 \pm 0.3$ • $10 \rightarrow 9.1 \pm 0.5$
			Signature of writer  Approved by Checked by E. Yoshimura  T. OGAWA  E. YOSHIMURA