

# **PRODUCT SPECIFICATION**

## ( ) PRODUCT INFORMATION ( $\checkmark$ ) APPROVAL SPECIFICATION

CUSTOMER	Dell	MODEL	LTM230HL10
PROGRAM	P2317H	EXTENSION CODE	C01

CUSTOMER APPROVAL & FEEDBACK

ARPPROVED BY	15. / Apr. ' 16	Brandon Kim	Brandon Kim
PREPARED BY	15. / Apr. ' 16	Kyle Choi	Kyle Choi
	IT Product Pla Samsung Dis		

#### **Product Configuration Approval Sheet**

#### Description

Items	Content
Customer	Dell
Product Name	LTM230HL10-C01
Project Name	Р2317Н
E-spec. No.	-

#### **Customer System Configuration**

Items		Content
System Name		Р2317Н
Purpose		Standard Monitor
	Scalar	_
IC	LED Driver	-
Inpu	ut Interface	-
OS (AIO)		_
Graph	ic Card (AIO)	_

Notice : SDC product approval spec guarantee a above customer system.



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## **Revision History**

Version	Date	Page	Description
P0.0	09.,Nov.,,2015	All	Product Information
P0.1	15.Jan., 2016	P8	Color coordinates
		P13 P15	TFT Power consumption BLU Specification
		P13 P19	Interface timing specification
		P26	2D Dimension(add tape on top chassis)
P0.2	21.Jan., 2016	P15	LED Max Voltage
A1.0	10.Mar., 2016	All	Approval Specification
		P15	LED Max Voltage (41.6V $\rightarrow$ 42.9V)
A1.1	15.Apr., 2016	P15	Add LED Min Voltage
MSUNG	A1.1		M230HL10 15. Apr., 2016 4/36

#### **1. General Description**

#### **Overview**

LTM230HL10 is a color active matrix liquid crystal display (LCD) that uses amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor) as switching components. This model is composed of a TFT LCD panel, a driver circuit and a back light unit. The resolution of a 23.0" is 1920 x 1080 (FHD ) and this model can display up to 16.7 million colors.

#### Features

#### Application

- Workstation & Desktop monitors
- Display terminals for AV Products
- Monitors for Industrial machine

DE (Data Enable) only mode

LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface (2pixel/clock)

RoHS, Halogen Free

Reverse type Landscape display White LED Edge slim Backlight (1-side)

TCO 6.0 compliance

#### **General Information**

Items	Specification	Unit
Pixel Pitch	0.2652(H) x 0.2652(W)	mm
Active Display Area	509.184(H) x 286.416(V)	mm
Surface Treatment	AG type, Haze 25% , Hard coating (3H)	-
Display Colors	16.7M (Hi-FRC)	colors
Number of Pixels	1,920 x 1080	pixel
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-
Display Mode	Normally Black	-
Luminance of White	250(Тур.)	cd/m <sup>2</sup>
Power Consumption	Total 12.94W Typ. ( Panel 1.74W / BLU 11.20W)	W



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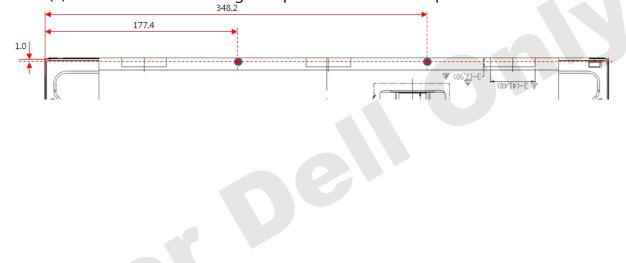
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#### **Mechanical Information**

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal (H)	521.88	522.38	522.88	mm	
Module size	Vertical (V)	305.12	305.62	306.12	mm	-
Depth (D)		-	-	12.6	mm	РВА
Weight		_	_	2,380	g	LCD module only

Note (1) Mechanical tolerance is  $\pm$  0.5mm unless there is a special comment.

Note (2) The thickness measuring area please refer to below picture.



#### 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

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If the condition exceeds maximum ratings, it can cause malfunction or unrecoverable damage to the device.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	GND-0.5	6.5	V	(1)
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	0	50	Ĉ	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-20	60	Ĉ	(2)
Glass surface temperature (Operation)	T <sub>SUF</sub>	0	65	Ĉ	(3)

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#### Note (1) Ta= 25 ± 2 °C

- (2) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. a. 90 % RH Max. (Ta  $\leq$  39 °C)
  - b. Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less. (Ta  $\leq$  39 °C)
  - c. No condensation.
- (3) The maximum operating temperature of LCD module is defined with surface temperature of active area. Under any condition, the maximum ambient operating temperature should be keeping the surface of active area not any higher than 65 °C

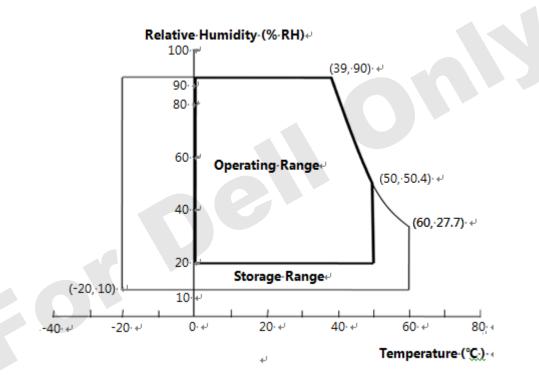


Fig. Temperature and Relative Humidity range



#### **3. Optical Characteristics**

The optical characteristics should be measured in a dark room or equivalent. Measuring equipment : SR-3, RD-80S (TOPCON), EZ-Contrast (Eldim)

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Contrast Ra (Center of sc		C/R		700	1000	_		(3) SR-3
Response Time		G to G		-	14	25	msec	(5) RD-80S
Luminance of (Center of sc		YL		200	250	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	(6) SR-3
Brightness Uni (9 Points)	-	B <sub>uni</sub>		-		25	%	(4) SR-3
	Ded	Rx			0.652			
	Red	Ry		- 0.030	0.333			
		Gx	Normal θ <sub>L,R</sub> =0 θ <sub>U,D</sub> =0		0.318	+0.030		(7),(8)
Color Chromaticity		Gy			0.618			
(CIE 1931)	Blue	Bx			0.153			
	Diue	Ву	°U,D <sup>-0</sup>		0.066			
	White	Wx	Viewing Angle		0.313			
		Wy			0.329			
	Red	Ru'		-	0.458	-		SR-3
	Reu	Rv'		-	0.527	-		
Color	Green	Gu'		-	0.130	-		
Color Chromaticity	Green	Gv'		-	0.569	-		
(CIE 1976)	Blue	Bu'		-	0.176	-		
	Dide	Bv'		-	0.170	-		
	White	Wu'		-	0.198	-		
	VVIIILE	Wv'		-	0.468	-		

 $(Ta = 25 \pm 2^{\circ}C, VDD=5V, fv = 60Hz, f_{actual} = 67.3MHz, If = 292mA)$ 

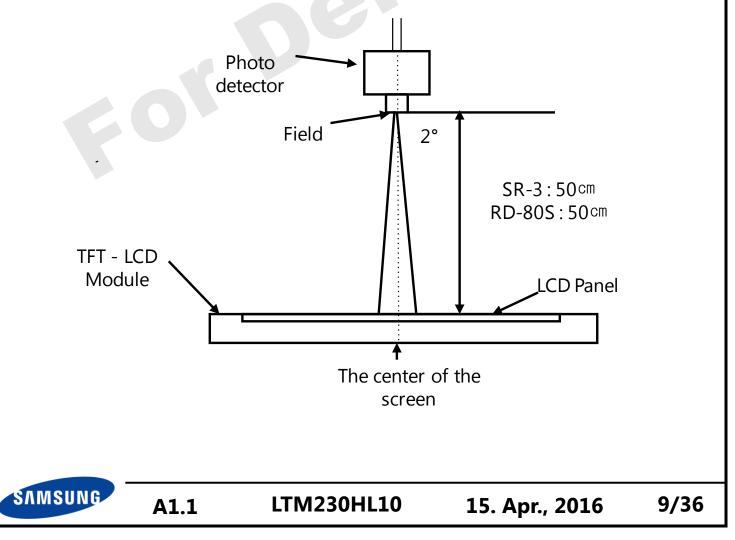
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Color Gamut		-		-	72	-	%	
Color Temperature		-		-	6500	-	К	
	Hor	θ	CR≥10	80	89	-		
Viewing	Hor.	$\theta_{R}$		80	89	-		(8) EZ-
Angle	Vor	θυ		80	89	-	Degrees	EZ- Contrast
	Ver.	θ		80	89	-		

#### Note (1) Test Equipment Setup

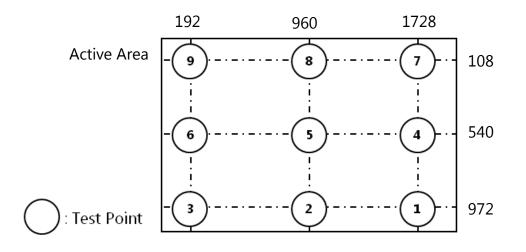
The measurement should be executed in a stable, windless and dark room between 30min after lighting the back light at the given temperature for stabilization of the back light. This should be measured in the center of screen.

LED forward current : If = 292mA

Environment condition : Ta =  $25 \pm 2$  °C



(2) Definition of test point



(3) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR)
: Ratio of gray max (*G* max) & gray min (*G* min) at the center point<sup>5</sup> of the panel

$$CR = \frac{G_{max}}{G_{min}}$$

 $G_{max}$ : Luminance with all pixels white  $G_{min}$ : Luminance with all pixels black

(4) Definition of 9 points brightness uniformity

$$B_{uni} = 100 \ x \ \frac{B_{max} - B_{min}}{B_{max}}$$

*B<sub>max</sub>* : Maximum brightness *B<sub>min</sub>* : Minimum brightness



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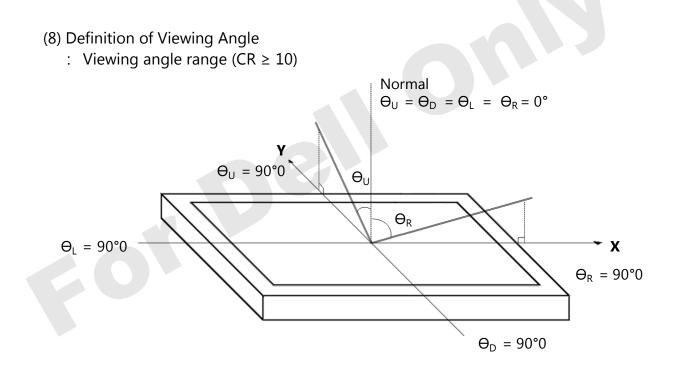


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GtoG : The time for transitions between specific gray levels

- 31 → 63, 63 → 95, 95 → 127, 127 → 159, 159 → 191 , 191 → 223 grays and vice versa
- G to G typ. : Average time at rising and falling for gray transition except the transition
- (6) Definition of Luminance of White : Luminance of white at center point (5)
- (7) Definition of Color Chromaticity (CIE 1931, CIE1976)Color coordinate of Red, Green, Blue & White at center point (5)

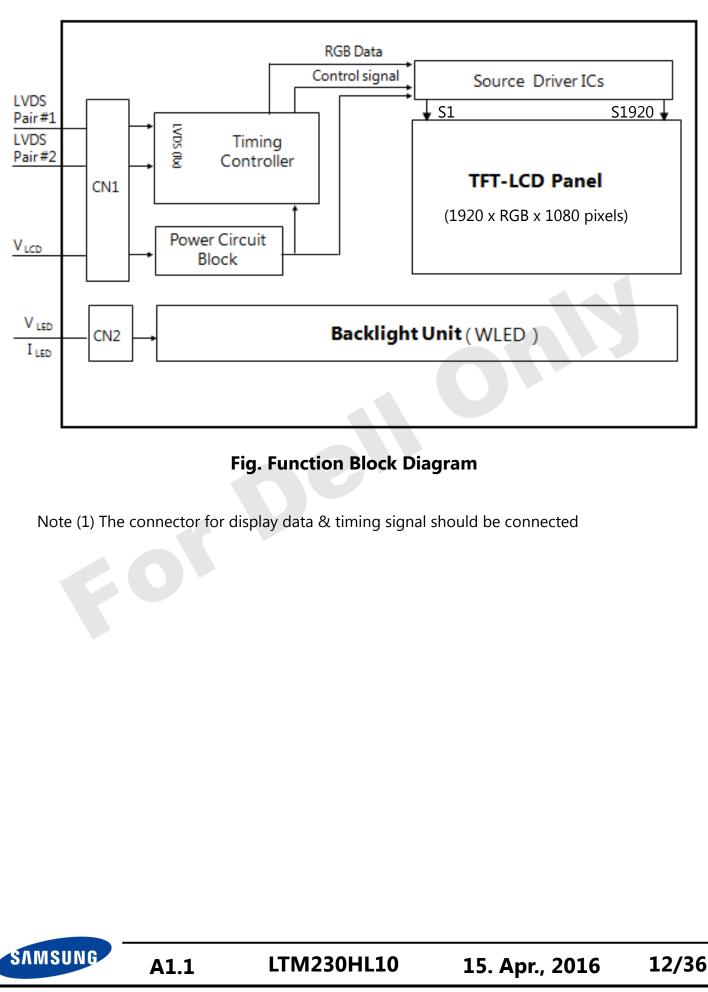


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#### 4. Block Diagram

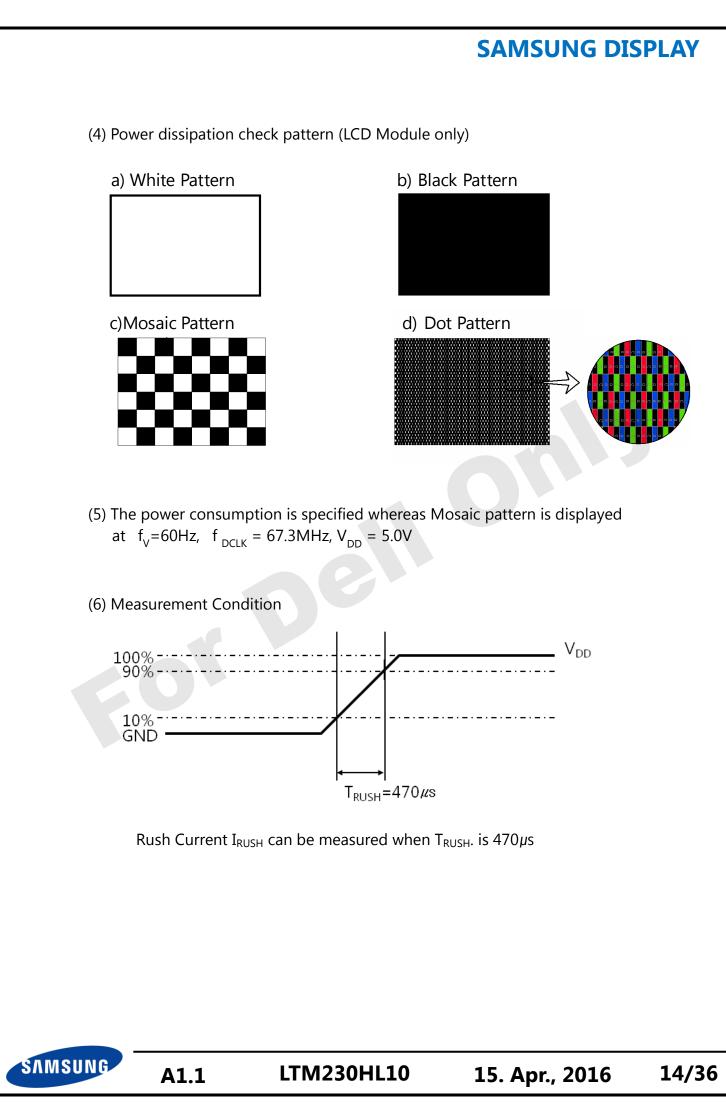


## **5. Electrical Characteristics**

#### 5.1 TFT LCD Module

The connector for display data & timing signal should be connected.

						Ta=25	± 2°C		
	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note		
Voltage of	f Power Supply	V <sub>DD</sub>	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	(1)		
Dower	Nin Condition	V <sub>cc</sub>	4.0	-	V <sub>DD</sub>	V	(2)		
PowerL	Power Dip Condition		0	-	20	msec	(2)		
	(a) White		-	337	-	mA			
Current of	(b) Black		-	354	-	mA	(2) (4)		
Power Supply	(c) Mosaic		-	347	-	mA	(3),(4)		
	(d) Dot			809					
Power C	Consumption	P <sub>LCD</sub>		1.74	-	Watt	(4),(5)		
Rusł	n Current	I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	-	5.0	А	(6)		
	(2) Definition of $V_{DD}$ Power Dip - The above conditions are for the glitch of the input voltage. - For stable operation of an LCD Module power, please follow them. $V_{DD}$ 90% 80% $V_{CC}$ GND $4.5V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5V$ If $V_{DD}$ (Typ.) x 80% $\le V_{CC} \le V_{DD}$ (Typ.) x 90%, then 0 < Td ≤ 20msec (3) $f_V = 60Hz$ , $f_{DCLK} = 67.3Hz$ , $V_{DD} = 5.0V$ , DC Current.								
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#### 5.2 Backlight Unit

The characteristics of LED bar

 $Ta=25 \pm 2^{\circ}C.s$ 

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
LED Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	-	292	307	mA	(1),(2)
LED Array Voltage	V <sub>P</sub>	37.05	38.35	42.9	V	(1)
Power Consumption	P <sub>BLU</sub>	-	11.20	13.17	Watt	(3)
Operating Life Time	Hr	40,000	-	_	Hour	(4)

Note (1) The above specification is not for the converter output, but for the LED bar.

- The LED bar consists of 52 LED packages ; 4 parallel X 13 serial
- LED current is defined at 100% duty ratio of LED driver
- (2) The LED Forward current for single LED channel is Typ.73mA
  - The output current of converter in the system should be transmitted to the LED bar constantly.
  - It is recommended to control the returned signal respectively for even distribution of current to each channel of LED bar
- (3) The power consumption is specified at typical current 292mA with 100% duty ratio
  - It does not include power loss of external LED driver circuit block
  - Typical power consumption  $P_{BLU} = I_F$  (Typ.) x  $V_P$  (Typ.)
- (4) Life time(Hr) is defined as the time when brightness of a LED package itself becomes 50% or less than its original value at the condition of Ta=25  $\pm$  2°C and I<sub>F</sub> =292mA.



#### 5.3 LVDS Characteristics

#### 5.3.1. LVDS Input Characteristics

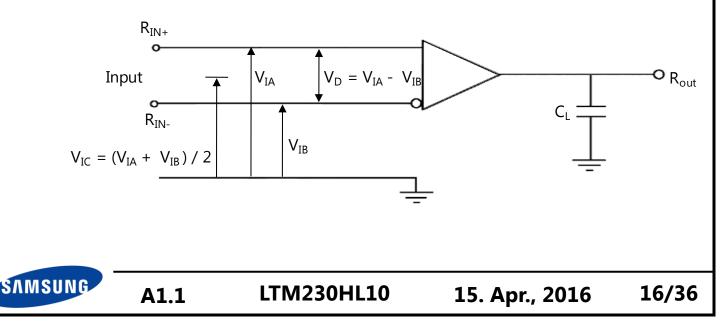
 $Ta=25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$ 

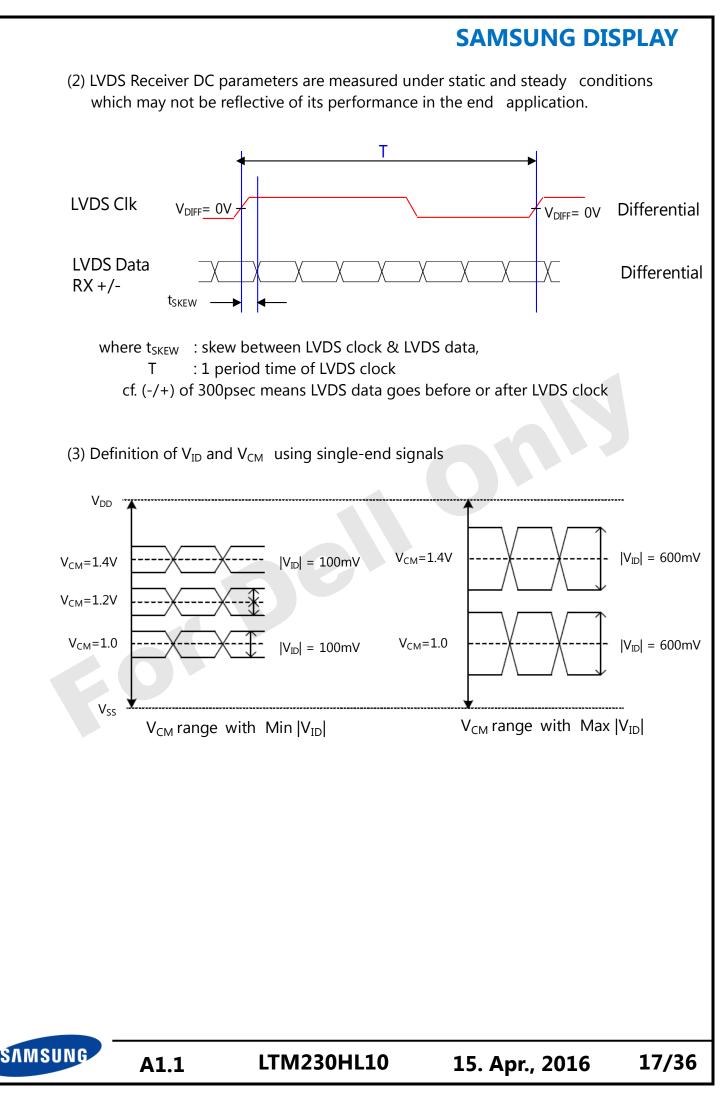
Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Differential Input Voltage for LVDS	High	-	-	+50	mV	(1)
receiver threshold	Low	-50	-	-	mV	(1)
LVDS skew	t <sub>skew</sub>	-270	-	270	ps	(2)
Differential input voltage	IV <sub>id</sub> I	100	-	600	mV	(3)
Input voltage range(single ended)	V <sub>in</sub>	0.7	-	1.7	V	(3)
Common mode voltage	V <sub>cm</sub>	1.0	1.2	1.4	V	(3)

Note (1) Differential receiver voltage definitions and propagation delay and transition time test circuit

a. All input pulses have frequency = 10MHz,  $t_R$  or  $t_F$  =1ns

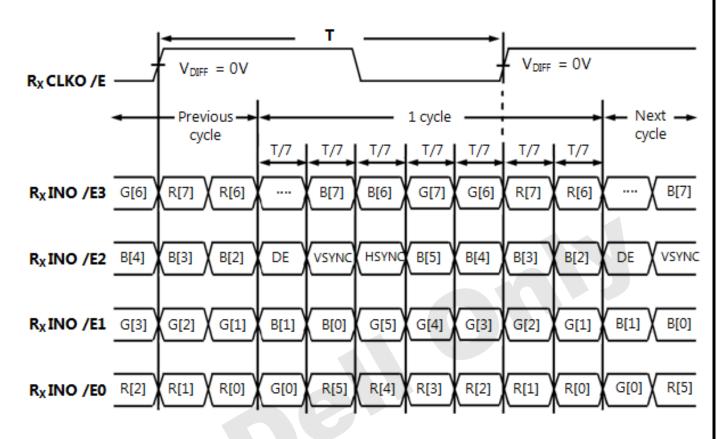
b.  $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$  includes all probe and fixture capacitance





#### 5.3.2. LVDS Data Format

Timing Diagrams of LVDS For Transmitting - LVDS Receiver : Integrated T-CON





#### 5.4 Interface Timing Specification

#### 5.4.1. Timing Parameters

SIGNAL	ITEM	SYMBOL	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Clock		1/T <sub>c</sub>	53.51	67.3	92.5	MHz	-
Hsync	Frequency	F <sub>H</sub>	53.49	66.0	89.14	kHz	-
Vsync		F <sub>v</sub>	49	60.0	77	Hz	-
Vertical	Active Display Period	T <sub>VD</sub>	1080	1080	1080	Lines	-
Display Term	Vertical Total	T <sub>v</sub>	1105	1111	1251	Lines	-
Horizontal	Active Display Period	T <sub>HD</sub>	960	960	960	Clocks	2pixel/clock
Display Term	Horizontal Total	T <sub>H</sub>	990	1010	1040	clocks	2pixel/clock

#### Note (1) DE only mode

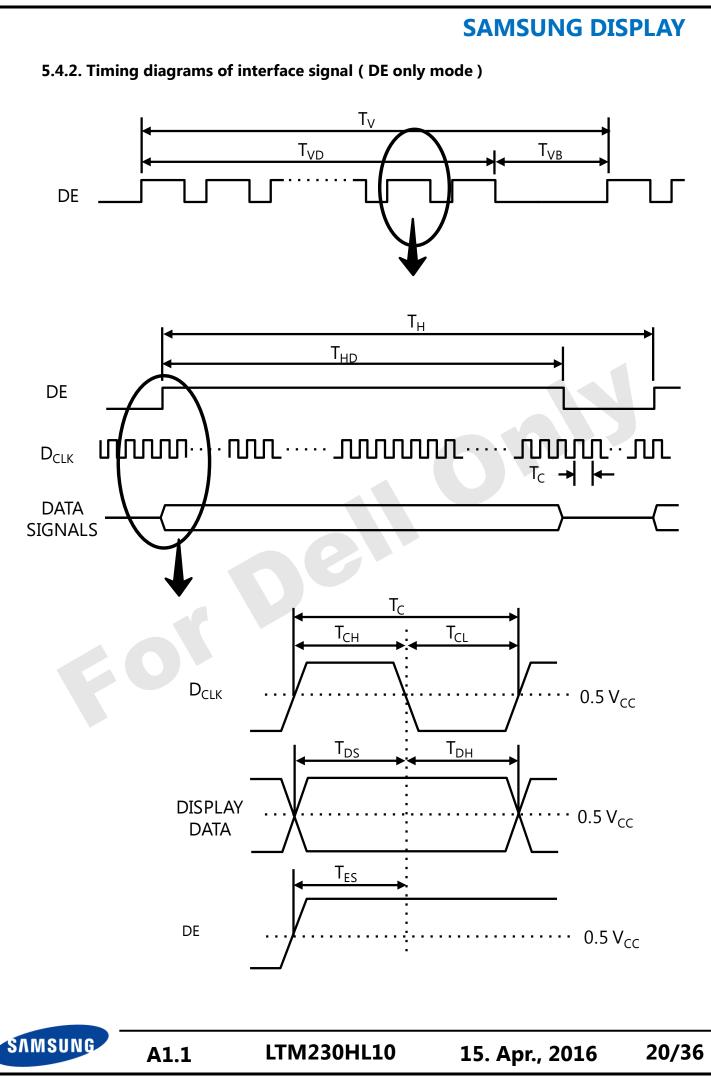
- While operation, DE signal should be have the same cycle.

(2) Best operation clock frequency is 67.3MHz(60Hz)

(3) Max, Min variation range is at main clock typical value 67.3MHz

(4) Main frequency Max is 92.5MHz without spread spectrum





#### 5.5 Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

												DA	ATA S	SIGN	۹L											GRAY
COLOR	DISPLAY (8bit)				R	Ð							GR	EEN							BL	UE				SCALE
	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	LEVEL	
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	BLUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
BASIC	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
COLOR	RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	RO
		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R1
	DARK	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R2
GRAY SCALE	Î																									
OF RED	L	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:				:	:	:	:	:	:			•
RED	LIGHT	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R253
		0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R254
	RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R255
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G1
	DARK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G2
GRAY SCALE	Ť																									
OF GREEN		:	÷	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			
	⊥ LIGHT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G253
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G254
	GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G255
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B1
	DARK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	B2
GRAY	1																									
SCALE OF BLUE		:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			•
	↓ LIGHT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	В253
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B254
	BLUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B255
Note	e (1) Definiti	ion	of	Gra	iy				1							1										
	- Rn : F					n : (	Gre	en	Gra	ay,	Bn	: B	lue	Gra	ay (	n =	Gr	ay I	leve	el)						
1	Input			-						-					-			-								



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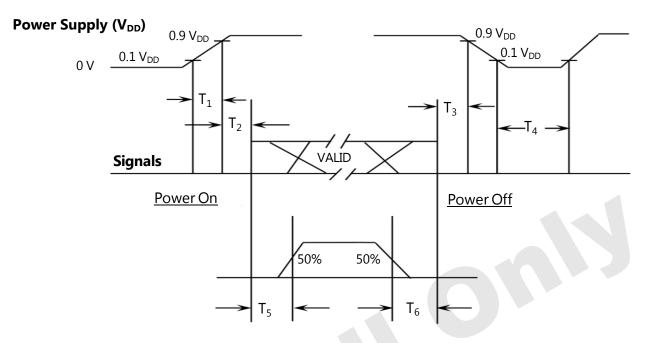
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#### 5.6 Power ON/OFF Sequence

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of the LCD Module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



SYMBOL	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Description				
T <sub>1</sub>	0.5	-	10	ms	V <sub>DD</sub> rising time from 10% to 90%				
T <sub>2</sub>	20	-	50	ms	s The time from V <sub>DD</sub> to valid data at power ON				
T <sub>3</sub>	100	-	500	ms	The time from valid data off to $V_{_{DD}}$ off at power Off				
T <sub>4</sub>	1	-	-	S	V <sub>DD</sub> off time for Windows restart				
T <sub>5</sub>	500	-	-	ms	The time from valid data to B/L enable at power ON				
T <sub>6</sub>	100	-	-	ms	The time from valid data off to B/L disable at power Off				

Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the Module input should be the same as the definition of VDD.

- (2) Apply the BLU power within the LCD operation range. When the back light turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the back light turns off, the display may momentarily show abnormal screen.
- (3) In case of  $V_{DD}$  = off level, please keep the level of input signals low or keep a high impedance.
- (4) T4 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (5) Interface signal should not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

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#### 5.7 Input Terminal Pin Assignment

#### 5.7.1. Input signal & Power Pin Assignment

Connector : UJU IS100-L30B-C23 or equivalent

Pin No.	Symbol	Function			
1	RXO0N	Negative LVDS differential data output			
2	RXO0P	Positive LVDS differential data output			
3	RXO1N	Negative LVDS differential data output			
4	RXO1P	Positive LVDS differential data output			
5	RXO2N	Negative LVDS differential data output			
6	RXO2P	Positive LVDS differential data output			
7	GND	Reversed for LCD manufacturer's use(BIST)			
8	RXOC-	Negative Sampling Clock (ODD data)			
9	RXOC+	Positive Sampling Clock (ODD data)			
10	RXO3N	Negative LVDS differential data output			
11	RXO3P	Positive LVDS differential data output			
12	RXE0N	Negative LVDS differential data output			
13	RXE0P	Positive LVDS differential data output			
14	GND	Ground			
15	RXE1N	Negative LVDS differential data output			
16	RXE1P	Positive LVDS differential data output			
17	GND	Ground			
18	RXE2N	Negative LVDS differential data output			
19	RXE2P	Positive LVDS differential data output			
20	RXEC-	Negative Sampling Clock (EVEN data)			
21	RXEC+	Positive Sampling Clock (EVEN data)			
22	RXE3N	Negative LVDS differential data output			
23	RXE3P	Positive LVDS differential data output			
24	GND	LCD logic and driver ground			
25	NC	* Reserved for LCD manufacturer's use (SDA)			
26	NC	* Reserved for LCD manufacturer's use (SCL)			
27	NC	* Reserved for LCD manufacturer's use (WPN)			
28	VDD				
29	VDD	Power Supply : +5V			
30	VDD				

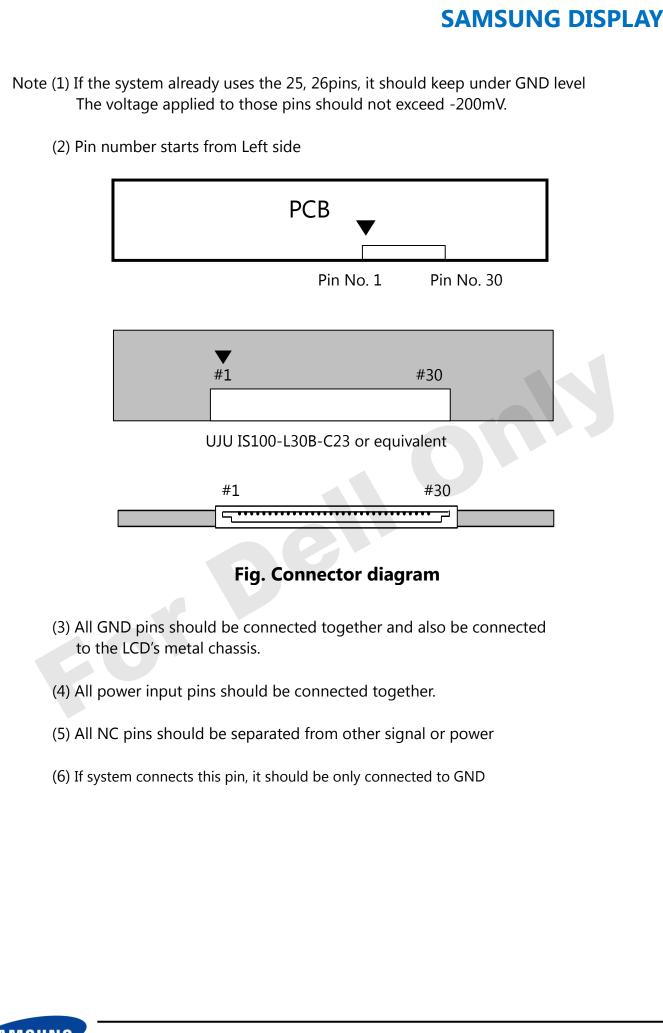
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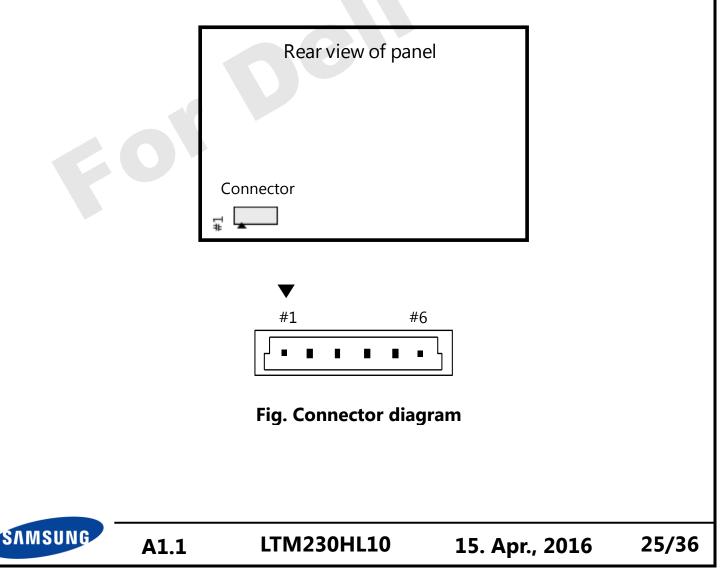
#### 5.7.2. LED Connector Pin assignment

Connector: Molex 104127-0620 or equivalent

- The mating type connector: Molex 104128-0610/620 or equivalent

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	RTN 1	LED return channel1
2	RTN 2	LED return channel2
3	Vin	LED power input
4	Vin	LED power input
5	RTN 3	LED return channel3
6	RTN 4	LED return channel4

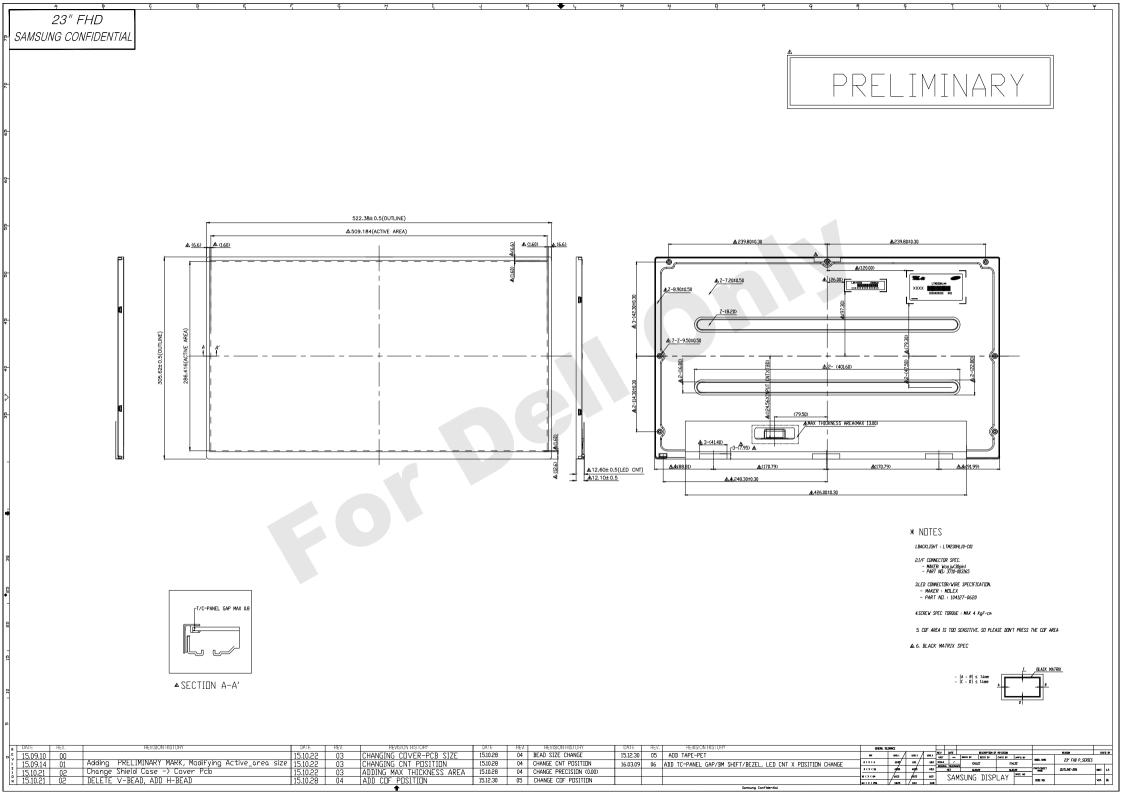
Note (1) Pin number starts from the left



#### **6. Outline Dimension**

[Refer to the next page]





#### 7. Reliability test

Test Iter	m	Condition	Time/Cycle
HTOL		50°C , Bias	500 hrs
LTOL		0°C , Bias	250 hrs
ТНВ		40°C / 95% , Bias	500 hrs
HTS		70°C , No Bias	500 hrs
LTS		-20°C , No Bias	500 hrs
Therma	l Cycle	-20°C/30min ~ +60°C/30min , No bias	100 cycle
	Non- Operating	CDM : 150pF, 330Ω, 9point, 3 times/point	± 10kV
ESD		Contact : 150pF, 330Ω, 100point, once/point	± 8kV
	Operating	Air(non-contact) : 150pF, 330Ω, 100point, once/point	± 15kV
Altitude		Thermal :-10~50℃, 15000ft(Operating), 40000ft(Non-operating) Normal :45℃, 15000ft	8Hr 10Hr

#### [Result Evaluation Criteria]

Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these should be no change which may affect practical display functions.

- HTOL / LTOL : High/Low Temperature Operating Life
- THB : Temperature Humidity Bias

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- HTS/LTS : High/Low Temperature Storage



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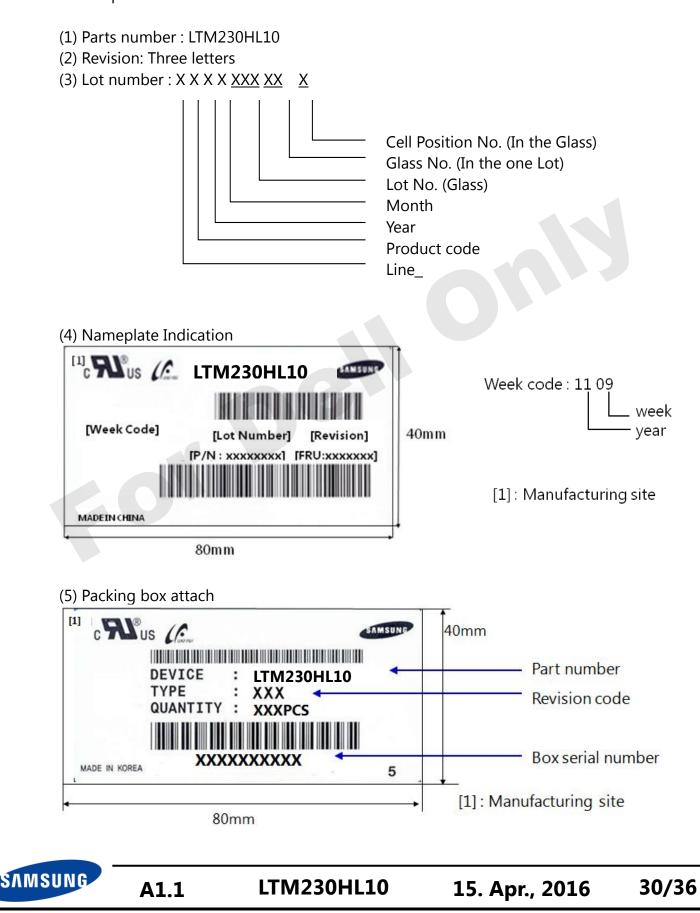
#### 8.Packing 8.1 Carton

Item	Packing form	Specification
Weight	_	- Total Weight ( Including Pallet ) : 363kg
Packing case	11 panels in a case	- Packing Case Size : (281*619*361) - Material : Paper (SW,DW)
Pallet box	12 cases in a box 132 panels in a box	- Packing Pallet Box Size : (1150*1270*854) - Material : Paper (SW,DW)
Pallet	-	- Pallet Size : (1150*1270*122) - Material : (Wood)



#### 8.2 Marking

A nameplate bearing followed by is affixed to a shipped product at the specified location on each product.



#### 9. General Precautions

#### 9.1 Handling Precautions

- A. When assembling LCD module into its system, using all the mounting holes is strongly suggested.
- B. Keep LCD module from any external shock or force which can cause physical damage to LCD module. It may cause improper operation or damage to LCD module.
- C. Polarizer films are very fragile. It could be damaged easily. Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead.
- D. Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Water drops or oils can cause permanent stain or discoloration.
- E. To clean LCD module, please use IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) or Hexane.
- F. Do not use ketone type material (ex. Acetone), ethyl alcohol, toluene, ethyl acid or methyl chloride. Using these could cause permanent polarizer damage to the LCD module.
- G. If the liquid crystal leaks from LCD module, keep it away from human eyes or mouth. In case of contact with human body or clothes, it should be washed with soap thoroughly.
- H. Protect LCD module from static discharge.
- I. To keep the LCD module clean, make sure to wear fabric gloves and finger coats when you are inspecting and/or assembling the unit.
- J. Do not disassemble LCD module.
- K. Protection film on LCD module display area should be slowly peeled off just before assembly to prevent static discharge.
- L. Pins of the Interface connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.



#### 9.2 Storage Precautions

It is highly recommended to comply with the criteria in the table below

Item	Unit	Min.	Max.
Storage Temperature	(°C)	5	40
Storage Humidity	(%rH)	35	75
Storage life		12 months	
Storage Condition	Control - Products should not be from a wall - Prevent products from o Be cautious of a build u - Avoid other hazardous - If products delivered or of 3 months, the recom	environment while storing kept in conditions of over mended temperature or h eave them at a temperatur	n the Pallet away or water; goods. The storage period umidity range,



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#### 9.3 Operating Precautions

- A. If the module is used to other applications besides the recommendation on General Description, please contact SAMSUNG for application engineering device in advance
- B. Do not connect or disconnect the LCD module when it is set to the "Power On" condition.
- C. Input power should always follow '5.6 Power on/off sequence'
- D. Polarizer films are very fragile. It could be damaged easily. Do not press or scratch the Polarizer films
- E. LCD module contains electrical circuits that operate in high frequencies. To minimize electromagnetic interference, be sure to sufficiently ground and shield the LCD module and system.
- F. If LCD module containing system is out of SAMSUNG 's operating condition, SAMSUNG can not guarantee LCD module operating properly.
- G. If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, humidity, display patterns, operation time, etc., it is strongly recommended to contact SAMSUNG for application engineering device. Otherwise, the reliability and function of the module may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at airports, transit stations, banks, stocks, markets, and controlling systems.
- H. Ultra-violet ray filter is necessary for outdoor operation.
- I. If the module keeps displaying the same pattern for a long period of time, the image maybe burned in to the screen. To avoid image retention, it is recommended to use a screen saver.
- J. This module has its PCB's circuitry on the rear side and should be handled carefully in order to avoid stress.
- K. Please contact SAMSUNG beforehand, if you plan to display the same pattern for a long period of time.
- L. Any foreign materials brought into an LCD module by external forced-airflow are not guaranteed by SAMSUNG .

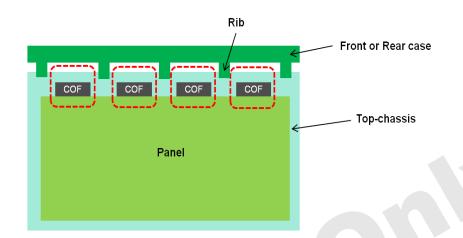


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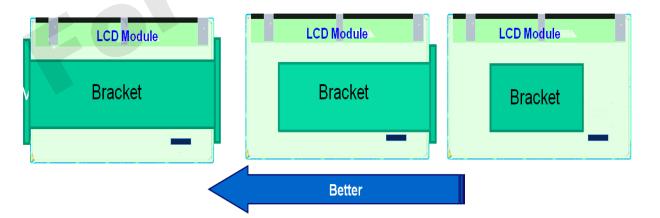
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#### 9.4 Design Guide for System

- A. The LED driver should be designed in compliance with the specifications of LED bar strictly to make the LED in LCD module perform as expected
- B. It is recommended that you locate the rib on the front or rear cover not to be placed on the spot where D-IC is located on the upper or left of LCD module.



- C. It is recommended that assemble the bracket which has two sides with holes for assembly.
- D. It is recommended that you design the bracket with the structure which covers the sides of module when designing the bracket for customer.
- E. It is recommended that you design the bracket not to be interfered with the SET at the area where the PBA of module is located.



- F. It is recommended that more than 0.3 mm is allowable as a gap between the metal case and the rear of module.
- G. It is recommended that structure to support the module shall be far away 10mm from the edge of border.



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SAMSUNG DISPLAY H. It is recommended that metal case (or board) shall be affixed to the rear case at the spot where is far away 10mm from the edge of border. Area to support the case ≤ 10mm Front case (cover) LCD module Gap ≥ 0.3 Metal case Rear case (cover) Screw or the things to connect two parts I. When applying the measures described below to reduce the level of EMI which occurs between the metal cover and the rear of module. J. If you use Finger, less than 0.3mm is allowable for overlap. EMI gasket Overlap ≤ 0.3mm EMI tape (The thickness of EMI Gasket should be less than 1.1 times (110%) of the gap between system metal case and LCD module ) LCD module Finger LCD module Metal-case Rear case (cover) K. It is recommended that more than 0.3mm gap between the front case (or cover) and the panel glass is allowable. L. It is recommended that more than 0.05mm gap between the front case and the top chassis is allowable.

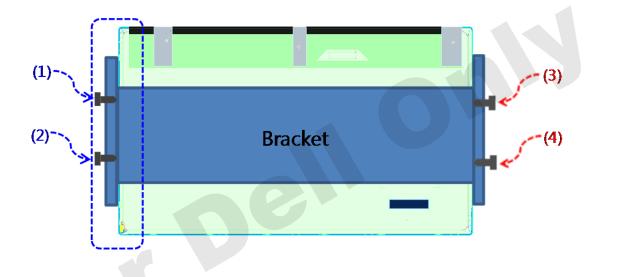


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# Front case (cover) CCD module

M. It is recommended that insert the screws into user holes from the ones on the parts, which the light comes out to ones in the corresponding parts.



N. It is recommended that design the metal frame and the top chassis to be in parallel with having no gap after inserting the side screw.

