

LQ104V1DG61

TFT-LCD Module

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		SHARP CORPORATION	APPLICABLE GROUP
		SPECIFICATION	MOBILE LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY
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		DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR	
	_	MODEL No.	C

These parts have corresponded with the RoHS directive.

☐ CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL	
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	TO NIATE A

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SHARP CORPORATION

RECORDS OF REVISION

LQ104V1DG61

SPEC No.	DATE	REVISED	SUMMARY		NOTE
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1. Application

This specification applies to color TFT-LCD module, LQ104V1DG61

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2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit and power supply circuit and a backlight unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 640×3×480 dots panel with 262,144 colors by supplying 18 bit data signal (6bit/color), four timing signals, +3.3V/5.0V DC supply voltage for TFT-LCD panel driving and supply voltage for backlight.

The TFT-LCD panel used for this module is a low-reflection and higher-color-saturation type.

Therefore, this module is also suitable for the multimedia use. Viewing angle is 6 o'clock direction.

This module is the type of wide viewing angle, superhigh brightness (450cd/m²) and high contrast (600:1). Backlight-driving DC/AC inverter is not built in this module.

3. Outline specification.

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	26 (10.4") Diagonal	cm
Active area	211.2(H)×158.4(V)	mm
Pixel format	640(H)×480(V)	pixel
	(1 pixel=R+G+B dots)	-
Number of colors	262, 144 colors	
(Number of gray scale level)	(64 gray scales per color)	
Pixel pitch	0.330(H)×0.330(V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R,G,B vertical stripe	-
Display mode	Normally white	-
Unit outline dimensions *1	246.5(W)×179.4(H)×Max.13.7 (D)	mm
Mass	620 (max)	g
Surface treatment	Anti-glare and hard-coating 3H	-

^{*1:} excluding backlight cables.

Outline dimensions is shown in Fig.1

4. Input Terminals

4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

CN1 Used connector: DF9MA-31P-1V(32) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.)



CN1 pin arrangement from module surface (Transparent view)

Corresponding connector:

DF9-31S-1V(32), DF9A-31S-1V(32), DF9B-31S-1V(32), DF9C-31S-1V(32) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.)

(**) Please do not use it besides corresponding conector

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	GND	-	
2	CK	Clock signal for sampling each data signal	
3	Hsync	Horizontal synchronous signal	[Note1]
4	Vsync	Vertical synchronous signal	[Note1]
5	GND	-	
6	R0	RED data signal(LSB)	
7	R1	RED data signal	
8	R2	RED data signal	
9	R3	RED data signal	
10	R4	RED data signal	
11	R5	RED data signal(MSB)	
12	GND	-	
13	G0	GREEN data signal(LSB)	
14	G1	GREEN data signal	
15	G2	GREEN data signal	
16	G3	GREEN data signal	
17	G4	GREEN data signal	
18	G5	GREEN data signal(MSB)	
19	GND	-	
20	В0	BLUE data signal(LSB)	
21	B1	BLUE data signal	
22	B2	BLUE data signal	
23	В3	BLUE data signal	
24	B4	BLUE data signal	
25	B5	BLUE data signal(MSB)	
26	GND	-	
27	ENAB	Signal to settle the horizontal display position	[Note2]
28	Vcc	+3.3V / +5.0V power supply	
29	Vcc	+3.3V / +5.0V power supply	
30	R/L	Horizontal display mode select signal	[Note3]
31	U/D	Vertical display mode select signal	[Note4]

^{*}The shielding case is connected with GND.

[Note1] The polarity of both synchronous signals are negative.

[Note2] The horizontal display start timing is settled in accordance with a rising timing of ENAB signal. In case ENAB is fixed "Low", the horizontal start timing is determined as described in 8-2. Don't keep ENAB "High" during operation.





R/L = High, U/D = High

R/L = Low, U/D = High





4-2. Backlight driving

CN2,CN3

Used connector: BHR-02(8.0)VS-1N (JST)

Corresponding connector: SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB or -1N-TB (JST)

Pin no.	symbol	function	Color of FL cable
1	VHIGH	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	Pink/Blue
2	VLOW	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	White / Gray

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	1 Condition Ratings		Unit	Remark
Input voltage	VI	Ta=25 °C	-0.3 to Vcc+0.3	V	[Note1]
Lamp input voltage	VHIGH	-	2000	Vrms	
supply voltage	Vcc	Ta=25 °C	0 to +6.0	V	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-	-30 to +80	°C	[Note2]
Operating temperature	Topa	Panel surface	-30 to +80	°C	

[Note1] CK,R0 \sim R5,G0 \sim G5,B0 \sim B5,Hsync,Vsync,ENAB,R/L,U/D

[Note2] Humidity: 95%RH Max. at $Ta \le 40$ °C.

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less at Ta>40 °C.

No condensation.

6. Recommended operation condition

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Input voltage	V_{I}	0		Vcc	V	[Note1]
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	+3.0	+3.3/+5.0	+5.5	V	[Note2]
Ambient temperature	Topa	-30		+80	$^{\circ}\! \mathbb{C}$	[Note3], [Note4]

[Note1]CK,R0~R5,G0~G5,B0~B5,Hsync,Vsync,ENAB,R/L,U/D

[Note2]

Vcc-turn-on conditions

 $0 < t1 \le 15 ms$

 $0 < t2 \le 10 ms$

 $0 < t3 \le 100 ms$

 $0 \le t4 \le 1s$

t5>200ms

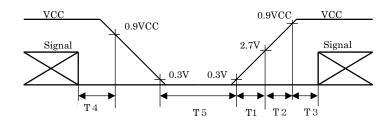
Vcc-dip conditions

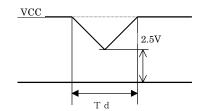
1) $2.5V \le Vcc$ $td \le 10ms$

2) Vcc<2.5V

Vcc-dip conditions should also follow the

Vcc-turn-on conditions





[Note3] Humidity: 95%RH Max. at Ta≤40°C.

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less at Ta>40 °C.

No condensation.

[Note4] Maximum value : Panel surface temperature

7. Electrical Characteristics

7-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

Ta=25 °C

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Current dissipation	Vcc=3.3V	Icc	-	200	300	mA	[Note1]
	Vcc=5.0V	Icc	-	130	200	mA	
Permissive input		VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	
ripple voltage							
Input voltage	Low	VIL	-	=	0.8	V	[Note2]
Input voltage	High	VIH	2.1	=	=	V	
Input current 1	Low(VI=0V)	IOL1	-10.0	-	10.0	μА	[Note3],[Note6]
	Hogh(VI=Vcc)	IOH1	-10.0	-	10.0	μА	
Input current 2	Low(VI=0V)	IOL2	-800	-	-	μА	[Note4],[Note6]
	Hogh(VI=Vcc)	IOH2	-10.0	-	10.0	μА	
Input current 3	Low(VI=0V)	IOL3	-10.0	-	10.0	μΑ	[Note5],[Note6]
	Hogh(VI=Vcc)	ІОН3	-	-	800	μΑ	

 $[Note1]\ Typical\ current\ situation: 16-gray-bar\ pattern.$

Vcc=+3.3V/+5.0V

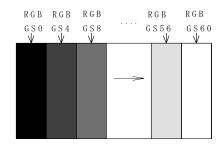
[Note2] CK,R0~R5,G0~G5,B0~B5,Hsync,Vsync,ENAB, R/L,U/D

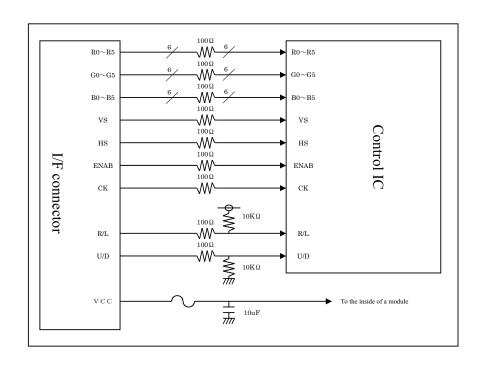
 $[Note3]~CK,R0{\sim}R5,G0{\sim}G5,B0{\sim}B5,Hsync,Vsync,ENAB,\\$

[Note4] R/L

[Note5] U/D

[Note6] See below block diagram of input interface.





7-2. Backlight driving

The backlight system is an edge-lighting type with double CCFT (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

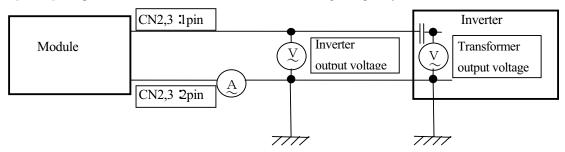
The characteristics of single lamp are shown in the following table.

(It is usually required to measure under the following condition.

condition:IL=6.0mA,Ta=25 $^{\circ}$ C $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C,FL=60kHz.)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Lamp current	IL	3.0	6.0	6.5	mA rms	[Note1]
Lamp power consumption	PL	-	2.8	-	W	[Note2]
Lamp frequency	FL	35	60	70	kHz	[Note3]
Kick-off voltage	Vs	-	-	1300	V rms	Inverter output [Note4]
		-	-	(2000)		Transformer output Ta=-30°C
						at barast capacitor=12pF
Lamp life time	LL	50000	-	-	Hour	IL=6.0mArms [Note5]
		60000	-	-	Hour	IL=5.0mArms [Note5]

[Note1] Lamp current is measured with current meter for high frequency as shown below.



- [Note2] Referential data per one CCFT by calculation. (I L \times VL) The data don't include loss at inverter. (IL=6.0mArms)
- [Note3] Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency, and this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be detached as much as possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from the harmonics of horizontal synchronous to avoid interference.
- [Note4] The open output voltage of the inverter shall be maintained for more than 1s; otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.
- [Note5] Above value is applicable when lamp (the long side of LCD module) is placed horizontally. (Landscape position)

Lamp life time is defined that it applied either ① or ② under this condition

(Continuous turning on at Ta=25 °C, IL=6.0mA rms)

- ① Brightness becomes 50% of the original value under standard condition.
- ② Kick-off voltage at Ta=-30 °C exceeds maximum value, 1300Vrms.

(Lamp lifetime may vary if lamp is in portrait position due to the change of mercury density inside the lamp.) In case of operating under lower temp environment, the lamp exhaustion is accelerated and the brightness becomes lower.

(Continuous operating for around 1 month under lower temp condition may reduce the brightness to half of the original brightness.)

In case of such usage under lower temp environment, periodical lamp exchange is recommended.

[Note6] The performance of the backlight, for example life time or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting,flicker, etc.) never occur. when you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

Be sure to use a back light power supply with the safety protection circuit such as the detection circuit for the excess voltage, excess current and or electric discharge waveform.

Be sure to use the detect circuit by which one side of the CCFT lamps can be controlled

independently. Otherwise, when one side of the CCFT is open, the excess current may possibly be applied to the other side of the lamp.

Recommended inverter is "CXA-0454(TDK)".

("CXA-P1212B-WJL(TDK)" is also recommended general temperature condition.)

[Note7] It is required to have the inverter designed so that to allow the impedance deviation of the two CCFT lamps and the capacity deviation of barast capacitor.

[Note8] Under the environment of 10lx or less, miss-lighting delay may occur.

8. Timing Characteristics of input signals

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig.2.

8-1. Timing characteristics

Pa	rameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	23	25.18	28.33	MHz	-
	High time	Tch	5	-	-	ns	-
	Low time	Tcl	10	-	-	ns	-
	Duty ratio	Th/T	40	50	60	%	-
Data	Setup time	Tds	5	-	-	ns	-
	Hold time	Tdh	10	-	-	ns	-
Horizontal	Cycle	TH	30.00	31.78	-	μs	-
sync. signal			750	800	900	clock	-
	Pulse width	THp	2	96	200	clock	-
Vertical	Cycle	TV	515	525	560	line	-
sync. signal	Pulse width	TVp	1	-	34	line	-
Horizontal d	isplay period	THd	640	640	640	clock	-
Hsync-Clock phase differe		ТНс	10	-	Tc-10	ns	-
Hsync-Vsync phase difference		TVh	0	-	ТН-ТНр	clock	-
Vertical data	start position	TVs	34	34	34	line	_

[Note] In case of lower frequency, the deterioration of display quality, flicker etc.,may be occurred.

8-2. Horizontal display position

The horizontal display position is determined by ENAB signal and the input data corresponding to the rising edge of ENAB signal is displayed at the left end of the active area.

Pa	rameter	symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Enable	Setup time	Tes	5	-	Tc-10	ns	-
signal	Pulse width	Tep	2	640	TH-10	clock	-
Hsync-Enab	le signal	THe	44	-	TH-664	clock	-
phase difference							

[Note] When ENAB is fixed "Low", the display starts from the data of C104(clock) as shown in Fig.2.

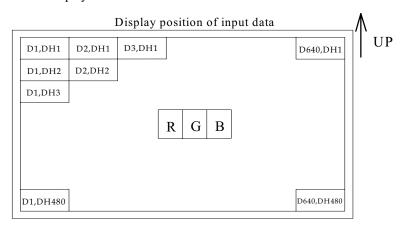
Be careful that the module does not work when ENAB is fixed "High".

When the phase difference is below 104 clock, keep the "High level of ENAB is signal longer than 104-The. If it will not be keeped, the display starts from the data of C104(clock).

8-3. Vertical display position

The vertical display position, TVs is fixed "34" (line).

8-4. Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen



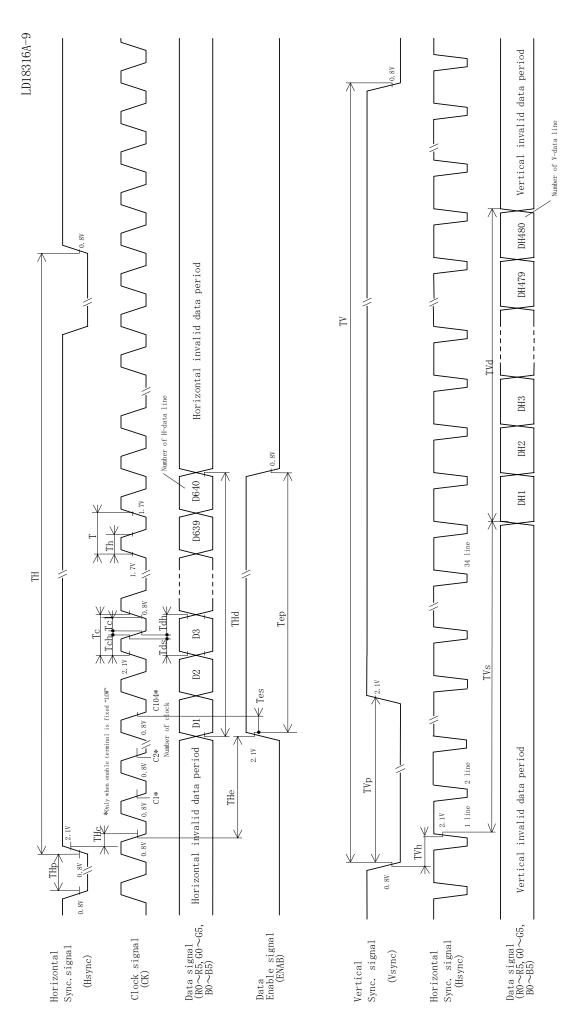


Fig. 2 Input signal waveforms

9. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

	Colors &	Data signal																		
	Gray scale	Gray Scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	В0	В1	B2	В3	В4	В5
Basic Color	Black	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Û	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Red	仓	V	V				↓				↓									
le of	Û	₩		\downarrow			\downarrow				↓									
Red	Brighter	GS61	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Û	GS62	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS63	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l G	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Green	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	仓	Ψ		↓				↓				\downarrow								
e of (Û	Ψ	\downarrow				↓				↓									
Gree	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
=	Û	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Blue	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	仓	→	. ↓				↓				↓									
	Û	→	↓				V				↓									
	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
	Û	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	Blue	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

0 :Low level voltage, 1 : High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.

 $Ta=25^{\circ}C$, Vcc=+3.3V/+5.0V

Para	ameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Viewing	Horizontal	θ 21, θ 22	CR>10	60	70	-	Deg.	[Note1]	
angle	angle Vertical			35	50	-	Deg.	[Note4]	
range	range			55	60	-	Deg.		
Contrast ra	itio	CRn	$\theta = 0^{\circ}$	300	-	-		[Note2]	
		CRo	Optimum viewing angle	-	600	-		[Note4]	
Response	Rise	τr		-	10	-	ms	[Note3]	
time	Decay	τd		-	25	-	ms	[Note4]	
Chromaticity of white		X		0.263	0.313	0.363			
		у		0.279	0.329	0.379			
Chromaticity of red		of red x		0.546	0.596	0.646			
		y	$\theta = 0^{\circ}$	0.279	0.329	0.379		[Note4]	
Chromaticity of green		X	0 –0	0.260	0.310	0.360		IL=6.0mArms	
		у		0.502	0.552	0.602		f=60kHz	
Chromaticity of blue		х		0.117	0.167	0.217]	
		у		0.132	0.182	0.232			
Luminance	e of white	Y _{L1}		360	450	-	cd/m ²	1	
White Uni	formity	δW		-	-	1.35		[Note5]	

[Note] The measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after lighting at rating. (condition:IL=6.0mA rms) The optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the method shown in Fig.3 below.

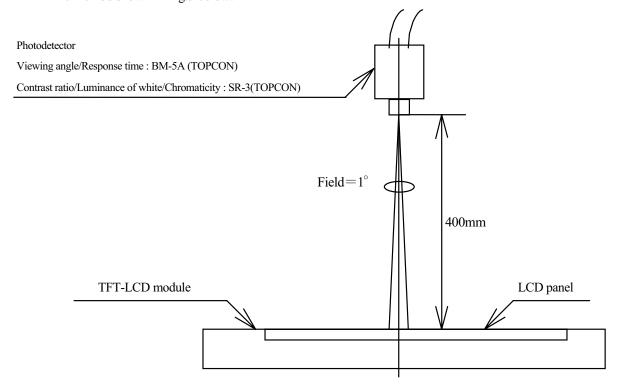
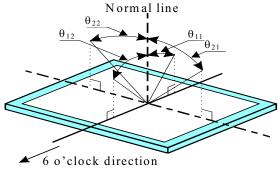


Fig.3 Optical characteristics measurement method

Center of the screen

[Note1] Definitions of viewing angle range:



[Note2] Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

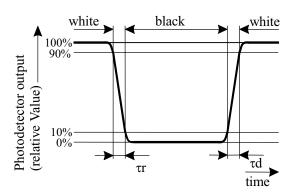
Contrast Ratio (CR) =

Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white

Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black

[Note3] Definition of response time:

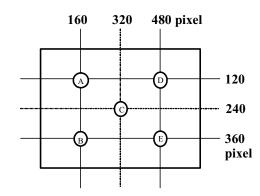
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



[Note4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note5] Definition of white uniformity:

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements $(A \sim E)$.



 $\delta w = \frac{\text{Maximum Luminance of five points (brightness)}}{\text{Minimum Luminance of five points (brightness)}}$

11. Display Quality

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module shall be in compliance with the Incoming Inspection Standard.

12. Handling Precautions

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it. Blow away dust on the polarizer with antistatic N_2 blow. It is undesirable to wipe off because a polarizer is sensitive. It is recommended to peel off softly using the adhesive tape when soil or finger oil is stuck to the polarizer. When unavoidable, wipe off carefully with a cloth for wiping lenses.
- d) Wipe off water drop immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.
- e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and injure the human earth when handling. Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- h) Since there is a circuit board in the module back, stress is not added at the time of a design assembly. Please make it like. If stress is added, there is a possibility that circuit parts may be damaged.
- i) Protection film is attached to the module surface to prevent it from being scratched.
 Peel the film off slowly, just before the use, with strict attention to electrostatic charges.
 Blow off 'dust' on the polarizer by using an ionized nitrogen.
- j) The polarizer surface on the panel is treated with Anti-Glare for low reflection. In case of attaching protective board over the LCD, be careful about the optical interface fringe etc. which degrades display quality.
- k) Do not expose the LCD panel to direct sunlight. Lightproof shade etc. should be attached when LCD panel is used under such environment.
- 1) Connect GND to 4 place of mounting holes to stabilize against EMI and external noise.
- m) There are high voltage portions on the backlight and very dangerous. Careless touch may lead to electrical shock. When exchange lamps or service, turn off the power without tail.
- n) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.
- o) Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD panel contains a small amount of mercury, please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal.
- p) Be careful of a back light lead not to pull by force at the time of the wiring to an inverter, or line processing.
- q) When install LCD modules in the cabinet, recommended torque value is " 0.294 ± 0.02 N·m (3.0 ± 0.2 kgf·cm)". Be sure to confirm it in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.
- r) Liquid crystal contained in the panel may leak if the LCD is broken. Rinse it as soon as possible if it gets inside your eye or mouth by mistake.
- s) Notice: Never dismantle the module, because it will cause failure.
- t) Be careful when using it for long time with fixed pattern display as it may cause afterimage.
- u) Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value.
 If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- v) If a minute particle enters in the module and adheres to an optical material, it may cause display non-uniformity issue, etc. Therefore, fine-pitch filters have to be installed to cooling and inhalation hole if you intend to install a fan.

13. Packing form

Product countries / Areas	JAPAN	TAIWAN	CHINA				
Piling number of cartons	6						
Package quantity in one carton	10pcs						
Carton size	395(L)×310(W)×270(H)						
Total mass of one carton filled	8,000g						
with full modules							
Packing form is shown		Fig4					

14.Reliability test items

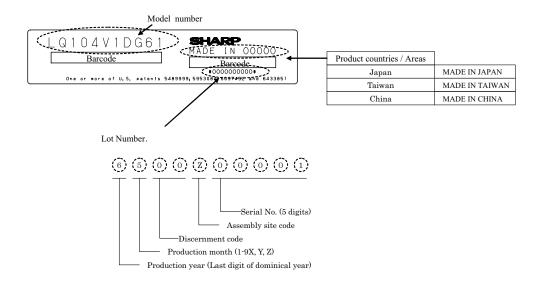
No.	Test item	Conditions	Remark
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=80°C 240h	Panel surface
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-30°C 240h	
3	High temperature	Ta=40°C;95%RH 240h	
	& high humidity operation test	(No condensation)	
4	High temperature operation test	Ta=80°C 240h	Panel surface
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta= -30°C 240h	
6	Vibration test	Frequency: 10~57Hz/Vibration width (one side): 0.153mm	
	(non-operating)	: $57\sim500$ Hz/Gravity: 14.7 m/s ²	
		Sweep time: 11 minutes	
		Test period: 3 hours	
		(1 hour for each direction of X,Y,Z)	
7	Shock test	Max. gravity: 490m/s ²	
	(non-operating)	Pulse width: 11ms, half sine wave	
		Direction : $\pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z$ once for each direction.	
8	ESD test	Human model	
9	EMI	VCCI (Class B)	
$\overline{}$			

[Result Evaluation Criteria]

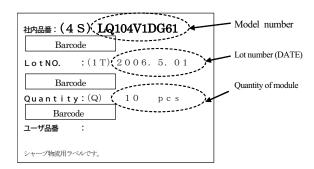
Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these shall be no change which may affect practical display function. (normal operation state : Temperature: $15\sim35^{\circ}$ C, Humidity: $45\sim75^{\circ}$ %, Atmospheric pressure: $86\sim106$ kpa)

15.Others

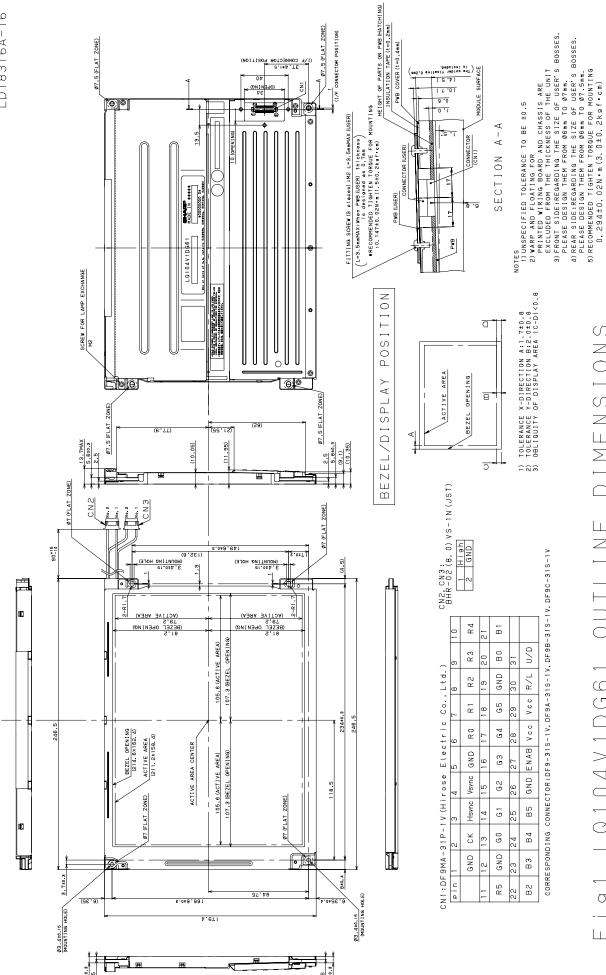
15-1 Lot No. Label:



15-2 Packing box Label:



15-3 If any problem occurs in relation to the description of this specification, it shall be resolved through discussion with spirit of cooperation.



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 \Box

CORRESPONDING CONNECTOR: DF9-31S-1V, DF9A-31S-1V, DF9B-31S-1V, DF9C-31S-1V

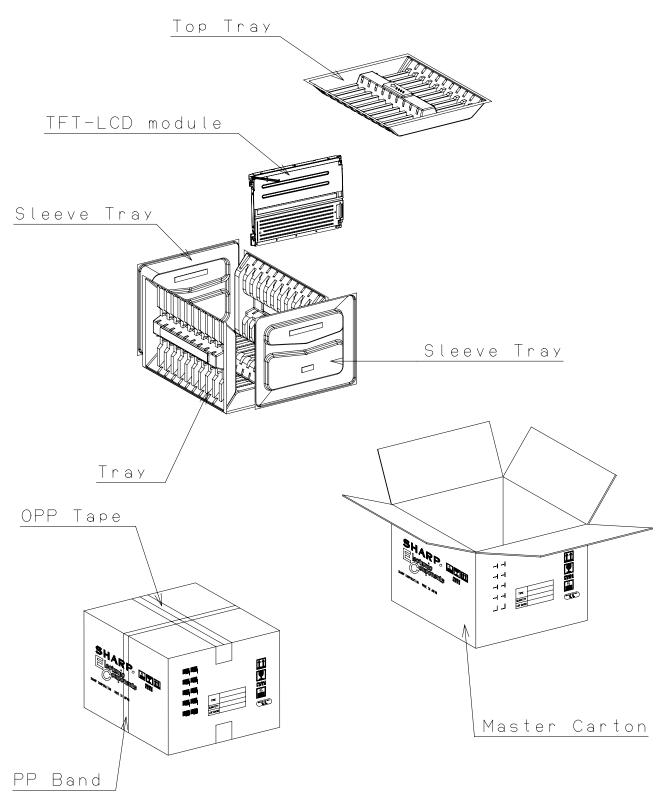


Fig4. PACKING FORM



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- Gas leakage sensor breakers
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