

AVC Liquid Crystal Displays Group

LQ121S7LY01 TFT-LCD Module

Spec. Issue Date: October 5, 2006 No: LD-18967

No.	LD – 18967					
DATE	Oct. 05. 2006					

TECHNICAL LITERATURE

FOR

TFT - LCD module

These parts have corresponded with the RoHS directive.

MODEL No. LQ121S7LY01

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> Engineering department IV Mobile LCD design center MOBILE LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLY GROUP I SHARP CORPORATION

RECORDS OF REVISION

SPEC No.	DATE	REVISED		SUMMARY	NOTE	
		No.	PAGE		HOTE	
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1. Application

This technical literature applies to color TFT-LCD module, LQ121S7LY01

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2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color transflective TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, power supply circuit and a backlight unit.

Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 800 X 3 X 600 dots panel with 262,144 colors by using LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) system for interface and supplying +3.3Vor+5.0V DC supply voltage for TFT-LCD panel driving.

The TFT-LCD panel of this module is transflective type (Transmissive /reflection) and has SHARP original wide viewing-angle technology. It is high quality and wide viewing angle display in indoor and outdoor use. Backlight-driving DC/AC inverter is not built in this module.

3. Outline Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	31 (12.1") Diagonal	cm
Active area	246.0 (H) X 184.5 (V)	mm
Pixel format	800 (H) X 600 (V)	pixel
	(1 pixel=R+G+B dots)	
Number of colors	262, 144 colors	
(Number of gray scale level)	(64 gray scales per color)	
Pixel pitch	0.3075 (H) X 0.3075 (V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R,G,B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally black	
Unit outline dimensions *1	276.0(W)×209.0(H)×Max.11.0 (D) *Outline dimensions is shown in Fig.1	mm
Mass	(Max. 800)	g
Surface treatment	Glare LR and hard-coating 2H	

[Note] excluding backlight cables.

4. Input Terminals

4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

CN1 (LVDS signals, +3.3V / +5.0V	V DC power supply and Control signal)					
Corresponding connector:FI-SE20ME (JAE) or FI-S20S (JAE)						
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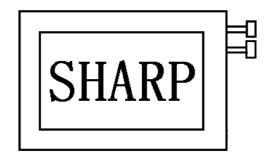
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	V _{CC}	+3.3V / +5.0V power supply	
2	V _{CC}	+3.3V / +5.0V power supply	
3	GND		
4	GND		
5	RXIN0-	Differential data input, CH0 (negative)	LVDS signal
6	RXIN0+	Differential data input, CH0 (positive)	LVDS signal
7	GND		
8	RXIN1-	Differential data input, CH1 (negative)	LVDS signal
9	RXIN1+	Differential data input, CH1 (positive)	LVDS signal
10	GND		
11	RXIN2-	Differential data input, CH2 (negative)	LVDS signal
12	RXIN2+	Differential data input, CH2 (positive)	LVDS signal
13	GND		
14	RXCLK IN-	Differential clock input (negative)	LVDS signal
15	RXCLK IN+	Differential clock input (positive)	LVDS signal
16	GND		
17	R/L	Horizontal display mode select signal	[Note1]
18	U/D	Vertical display mode select signal	[Note2]
19	GND		
20	GND		

[Note] To obtain the proper relation between LVDS signals and actual digital data signals,

the digital signals should be inputted into the transmitter as described in the next section, 4-2.[Note] The shielding case is connected with signal GND.

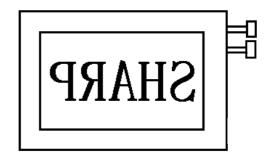
[Note 1], [Note 2] R/L = High, U/D = Low

R/L = Low, U/D = Low

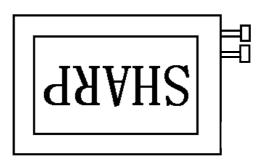


R/L = High, U/D = High





R/L = Low, U/D = High

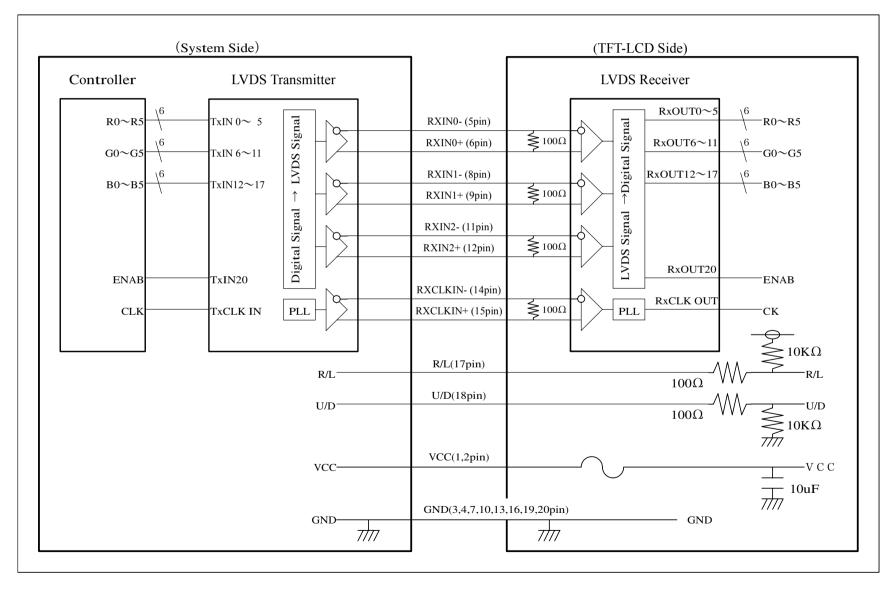


4-2 LVDS Interface block diagram

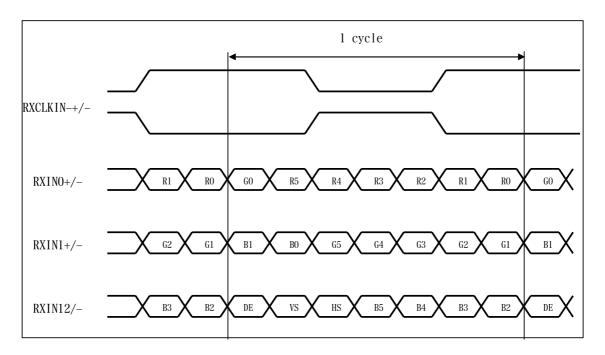
Using receiver : Single LVDS interface, which equals THC63LVDF64A(THine), contained in a control IC

Corresponding Transmitter : DS90C363, DS90C363A, DS90C383, DS90C383A (National semiconductor),

THC63LVDF63A,THC63LVDM63A(THine), SN75LVDS84(Ti)







4-3. Backlight driving

CN2, CN3

Used connector : BHR-02(8.0) VS-1N (JST)

Corresponding connector : SM02 (8.0) B-BHS-1-TB(LF)(SN) or -1N-TB(LF)(SN) (JST)

Pin no.	symbol	function	Color of FL cable	
			CN2	CN3
1	VHIGH	Power supply for lamp	Orange	Blue
		(High voltage side)		
2	VLOW	Power supply for lamp	White	Gray
		(Low voltage side)		

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Pin name	Ratings	Unit	Remark
+3.3V / +5.0V	Vcc	Ta=25 °C	Vcc	0 to + 6.0	V	
supply voltage						
Input voltage	VI1	Ta=25°C	RXINi-/+($i=0,1,2$)	-0.3 to Vcc+0.3	V	Vcc<3.0V
			RXCLK IN-/+	-0.3 to 3.3V	V	3.0V≦Vcc
	VI2	Ta=25°C	R/L, U/D	-0.3 to Vcc+0.3	V	
Lamp input voltage	VHIGH	-	-	1800	Vrms	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-	-	-25 to +60	°C	[Note1]
Operating temperature	Тора	-	-	0 to +50	°C	

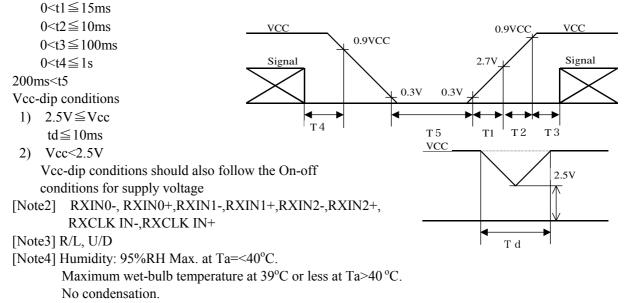
[Note1] Humidity: 95%RH Max. at Ta=<40°C.

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39°C or less at Ta>40 °C. No condensation.

6. Recommended operation condition

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Supply voltage	Vcc	+3.0	+3.3/+5.0	+5.5	V	[Note1]
LVDS Signals	$V_{\rm L}$	0		2.4	V	[Note2]
Input voltage	VI	0		Vcc	V	[Note3]
Ambient temperature	Тора	0		+50	°C	[Note4], [Note5]

[Note1]On-off conditions for supply voltage



[Note5] Maximum value : Panel surface temperature

7-1.TFT-LCD panel driving Ta=25 °C									
Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark		
Current dissipation	Vcc=+3.3V	Icc	-	(440)	(580)	mA	[Note1]		
	Vcc=+5.0V	Icc	-	(290)	(380)	mA			
Permissive input ripple voltage		VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p			
Input voltage range	LVDS signal	VL	0	-	2.4	V	[Note2]		
	High	VTH	-	-	VCM+	mV			
Differential input					100		$V_{CM}=1.2V$		
threshold voltage	Low	VTL	VCM-	-	-	mV	[Note3]		
			100						
Input impedance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	[Note2]		
(Differential input)									
Input voltage	Low	VIL	-	-	0.8	V	[Note4]		
	High	VIH	2.1	-	-		[Note5]		
Input current1	Low(VI=0V)	IOL1	-800	-	-		[Note4]		
	High(VI=Vcc)	IOH1	-10.0	-	10.0				
Input current2	Low(VI=0V)	IOL2	-10.0	-	10.0	uA	[Note5]		
	High(VI=Vcc)	IOH2	-	-	800	uA			

[Note1] Typical current situation : 16-gray-bar pattern.

Vcc=+3.3V / +5.0V

[Note2] LVDS signals

[Note3] V_{CM} : Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.

[Note4] R/L

[Note5] U/D

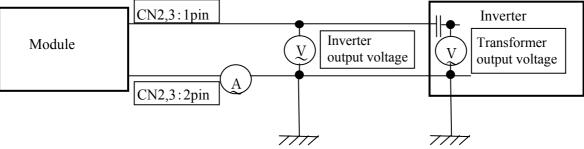
R G B	R G B	R G B	F	R G B	R G B	
G S 0 ↓	GS4 ↓	G S 8 ↓	G	S56 ↓	G S 6 0 ↓	
			>			

7-2. Backlight driving

The backlight system is an edge-lighting type with two CCFT (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube). The characteristics of single lamp are shown in the following table

The characteristics of single famp are shown in the following table.									
Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark				
IL	3.0	6.0	6.5	mArms	[Note1]				
PL	-	3.5	-	W	[Note2]				
FL	35	60	70	kHz	[Note3]				
Vs	-	-	1400	Vrms	Inverter output [[Note4]		
	-	-	(2000)	Vrms	Transformer output Ta=		Ta=		
					at barast capacitor = $12 pF$ 0 °C		0 °C		
LL	50000	-	-	hour	IL=6.0 mArms [Note5]		te5]		
	60000	-	-	hour	IL=5.0 mArms	[Not	te5]		
	Symbol IL PL FL Vs	Symbol Min. IL 3.0 PL - FL 35 Vs - LL 50000	Symbol Min. Typ. IL 3.0 6.0 PL - 3.5 FL 35 60 Vs - - LL 50000 -	Symbol Min. Typ. Max. IL 3.0 6.0 6.5 PL - 3.5 - FL 35 60 70 Vs - - 1400 LL 50000 - -	Symbol Min. Typ. Max. Unit IL 3.0 6.0 6.5 mArms PL - 3.5 - W FL 35 60 70 kHz Vs - - 1400 Vrms LL 50000 - - hour	Symbol Min. Typ. Max. Unit Remain IL 3.0 6.0 6.5 mArms [Note1] PL - 3.5 - W [Note2] FL 35 60 70 kHz [Note3] Vs - - 1400 Vrms Inverter output - - (2000) Vrms Transformer output LL 50000 - - hour IL=6.0 mArms	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		

[Note1] Lamp current is measured with current meter for high frequency as shown below.



- [Note2] Referential data per one CCFT by calculation. (I L \times VL) The data don't include loss at inverter. (IL=6.0mArms)
- [Note3] Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency, and this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be detached as much as possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from the harmonics of horizontal synchronous to avoid interference.
- [Note4] The voltage above this value should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second to start-up. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.
- [Note5] Since lamp is consumables, the life time written above is referencial value and it is not guaranteed in this technical literature sheet by SHARP.

Above value is applicable when lamp (the long side of LCD module) is placed horizontally. (Landscape position)

Lamp life time is defined that it applied either (1) or (2) under this condition

- (Continuous turning on at Ta=25 °C, IL=6.0mArms)
- 1 Brightness becomes 50% of the original value under standard condition.
- ② Kick-off voltage at Ta=0 °C exceeds maximum value,1400Vrms.

(Lamp lifetime may vary if lamp is in portrait position due to the change of mercury density inside the lamp.) In case of operating under lower temp environment, the lamp exhaustion is accelerated and the brightness becomes lower. (Continuous operating for around 1 month under lower temp condition may reduce the brightness to half of the original brightness.)

In case of such usage under lower temp environment, periodical lamp exchange is recommended.

[Note6] The performance of the backlight, for example life time or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occur. When you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.Be sure to use a back light power supply with the safety protection circuit such as the detection circuit

for the excess voltage, excess current and or electric discharge waveform. Be sure to use the detect circuit by which one side of the CCFT lamps can be controlled independently. Otherwise, when one side of the CCFT is open, the excess current may possibly be applied to the other side of the lamp. Recommended inverter is CXA-P1212B-WJL(TDK).

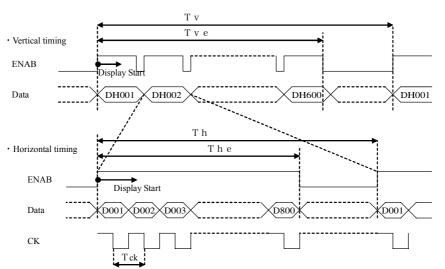
(CXA-454:TDK(wide temperature model) can also be used)

- [Note7] It is required to have the inverter designed so that to allow the impedance deviation of the two CCFT lamps and the capacity deviation of barast capacitor.
- [Note8] Under the environment of 10lx or less, miss-lighting or lighting delay may occur.

8. Timing characteristics of input signals

8-1. Timing characteristics

(These are specified at the digital inputs/outputs of LVDS transmitter/receiver.)



(Vertical timing)

Item(symbol)	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Vsync cycle (T _V)	-	17.6	-	ms	Negative
	628	666	798	line	
Active display area (T _{ve})	600	600	600	line	

(Horizontal timing)

Item(symbol)	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Hsync cycle (T _h)	20.8	26.4	39.9	us	Negative
	832	1056	1395	clock	
Active display area (T _{he})	800	800	800	clock	

(Clock signal)

Item	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Frequency (1/T _{ck})	35	40	42	MHz	[Note1]

[Note1] In case of lower frequency, the deterioration of display quality, flicker etc., may be occurred.

8-2. Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen

Dutu Bigilui			// the screen	ת ת
D1,DH1	D2,DH1	D3,DH1	D800,DH1	I
D1,DH2	D2,DH2			
D1,DH3				
			R G B	
D1,DH600			D800, DH600	

Display position of input data (H , V)

9. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

	Colors &	Data signal																		
	Gray	Gray	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5
	scale	Scale																		
	Black	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ш	Green	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Color	Cyan	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
сC	Red	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
olo	Magenta	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
r	Yellow	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gr	仓	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Red	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sca	仓	\rightarrow				↓ ↓						\mathbf{k}								
le o	Û	\rightarrow				\downarrow						\boldsymbol{k}						$\boldsymbol{\nu}$		
f R	Brighter	GS61	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ed	Û	GS62	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS63	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gra	۲	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ıy S	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scal	①	\downarrow			``	↓ ↓												\mathbf{k}		
e o	Û	\checkmark				\downarrow														
Gray Scale of Green	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
reet	Û	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gr	۲	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
ıy S	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
cal	①	\rightarrow -	_		``	↓ ↓											``			
Gray Scale of Blue	Û	\downarrow	6	0	<u> </u>	<u>↓</u>	6	0	6	C C			6	6		0		۲		
fBl	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
ue	٦. DI	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	Blue	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

0 :Low level voltage, 1 : High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.

10. Optical Characteristics

Ta=25°C, Vcc=+3.3V / +5.0V

						1a-25 C,	VCC-+3.	3V / + 3.0V
Para	umeter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing	Horizontal	θ 21, θ 22	CR>10	(70)	(80)	-	Deg.	[Note1]
angle	Vertical	θ11		(70)	(80)	-	Deg.	[Note4]
range		θ 12		(70)	(80)	-	Deg.	
Contr	ast ratio	CRn	$\theta = 0^{\circ}$	(250)	(400)	-	-	[Note2] [Note4]
Response	Rise	τr	$\theta = 0^{\circ}$	-	(15)	-	ms	[Note3]
time	Decay	au d		-	(10)	-	ms	[Note4]
Chromati	eity	Х			(0.313)		-	[Note4]
	of white	у			(0.329)		-	
Chromati	city	х			(0.596)		-	
	of red	у			(0.329)		-	
Chromati	city	х			(0.310)		-	
	of green	у			(0.552)		-	
Chromati	city	х			(0.148)		-	
	of blue				(0.140)		-	
Luminance of white		Y _{L1}		(160)	(200)	-	cd/m ²	IL=6.0mArms
								fL=60kHz
Reflectivity		R _F			(2.0)		%	
White U	Jniformity	δW		-	-	(1.35)	-	[Note5]
DI. (.)								

[Note]

The measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after lighting at rating.

The optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the method shown in Fig.3 below.

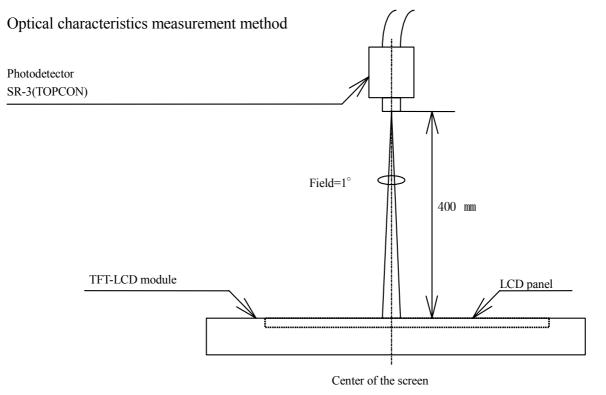
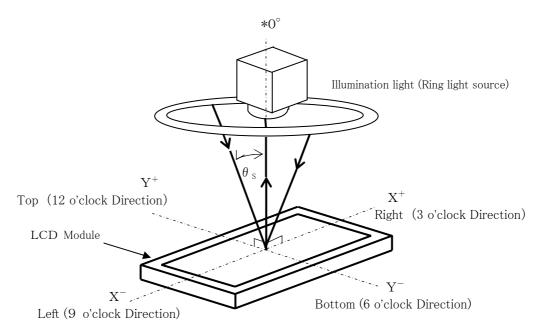
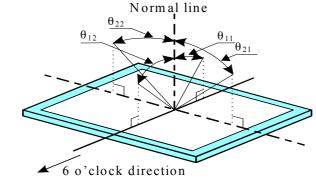


Fig.3 Optical characteristics measurement method

It is measured by CM-512m3 (CONICA MINOLTA Co., LTD.) or equivalent.



[Note1]Definitions of viewing angle range:



[Note2]Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

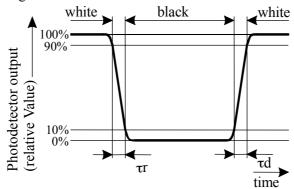
Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white

Contrast Ratio (CR) =

Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black

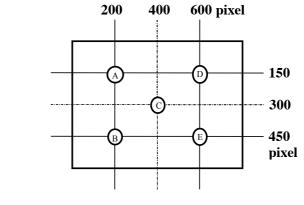
[Note3]Definition of response time:

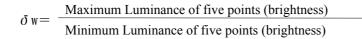
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



[Note4]This shall be measured at center of the screen. [Note5]Definition of white uniformity:

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements $(A \sim E)$.





11. Display Quality

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module shall be in compliance with the Incoming Inspection Standard.

12.Handling Precautions

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- d) Wipe off water drop immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.
- e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and injure the human earth when handling.Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- h) Since there is a circuit board in the module back, stress is not added at the time of a design assembly. Please make it like. If stress is added, there is a possibility that circuit parts may be damaged.
- i) Protection film is attached to the module surface to prevent it from being scratched.
 Peel the film off slowly, just before the use, with strict attention to electrostatic charges.
 Blow off 'dust' on the polarizer by using an ionized nitrogen.
- j) In case of attaching protective board over the LCD, be careful about the optical interface fringe etc. which degrades display quality.
- k) Connect GND to 4 place of mounting holes to stabilize against EMI and external noise.
- l) There are high voltage portions on the backlight and very dangerous. Careless touch may lead to electrical shock. When exchange lamps or service, turn off the power without tail.
- m) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.
- n) Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD panel contains a small amount of mercury, please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal.
- o) Be careful of a back light lead not to pull by force at the time of the wiring to an inverter, or line processing.
- p) When install LCD modules in the cabinet, please tighten with "torque= 0.294 ± 0.02 N·m(3.0 ± 0.2 kgf·cm)".
- q) Liquid crystal contained in the panel may leak if the LCD is broken. Rinse it as soon as possible if it gets inside your eye or mouth by mistake.
- r) Notice:Never dismantle the module , because it will cause failure.
- s) Be careful when using it for long time with fixed pattern display as it may cause afterimage.
- t) Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- u) If a minute particle enters in the module and adheres to an optical material, it may cause display nonuniformity issue, etc. Therefore, fine-pitch filters have to be installed to cooling and inhalation hole if you intend to install a fan.

13. Packing form

Product countries / Areas	JAPAN	TAIWAN	CHINA			
Piling number of cartons		5				
Package quantity in one carton	10pcs					
Carton size	410(L) x 295(W) x 340(H)					
Total mass of one carton filled	10,000g					
with full modules						
Packing form is shown	Fig2					

14.Reliability test items

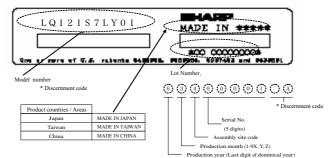
ЪT			D 1
No.	Test item	Conditions	Remark
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60°C 240h	
2	Low temperature storage test	$Ta = -25^{\circ}C$ 240h	
3	High temperature	Ta=40°C ; 95%RH 240h	
	& high humidity operation test	(No condensation)	
4	High temperature operation test	$Ta=50^{\circ}C$ 240h	
5	Low temperature operation test	$Ta = 0^{\circ}C \qquad 240h$	
6	Vibration test	Frequency: $10 \sim 57$ Hz/Vibration width (one side):0.075mm	
	(non- operating)	: 57~500Hz/Gravity: 9.8 m/s ²	
		Sweep time : 11 minutes	
		Test period : 3 hours	
		(1 hour for each direction of X,Y,Z)	
7	Shock test	Max. gravity : 490m/s ²	
	(non- operating)	Pulse width : 11ms, half sine wave	
		Direction : $\pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z$ once for each direction.	
8	ESD test	Human Body Model(IEC-6100-4-2)	
		• Contact discharge $(150 \text{pF} 330 \Omega)$	
		non-operating = ± 10 kV, operating = ± 8 kV	
		• Atmospheric discharge $(150 \text{pF} 330 \Omega)$	
		non-operating = ± 20 kV, operating = ± 15 kV	

[Result Evaluation Criteria]

Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these shall be no change which may affect practical display function. (normal operation state : Temperature: $15 \sim 35^{\circ}$ C, Humidity: $45 \sim 75^{\circ}$ %, Atmospheric pressure: $86 \sim 106$ kpa)

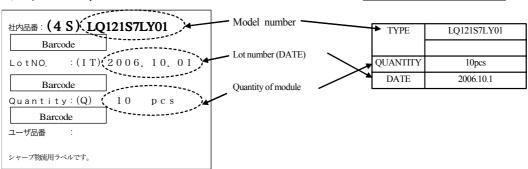
15.Others

15-1 Lot number Label:



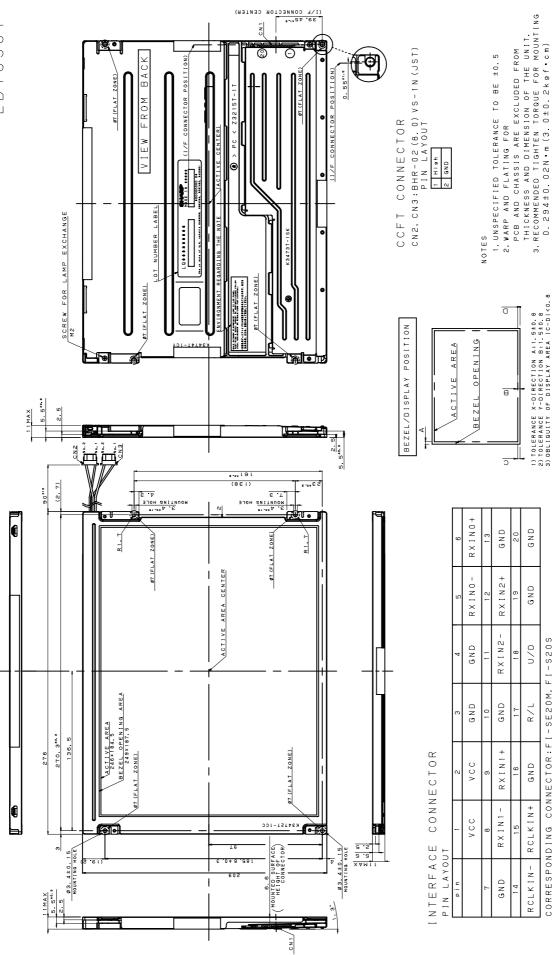
15-2 Packing box Label: Quantity of module : Japan

Quantity of module : Taiwan or China



15-3 If any problem occurs in relation to the description of this specification, it shall be resolved through discussion with spirit of cooperation.

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CORRESPONDING CONNECTOR: FI-SE20M, FI-S20S

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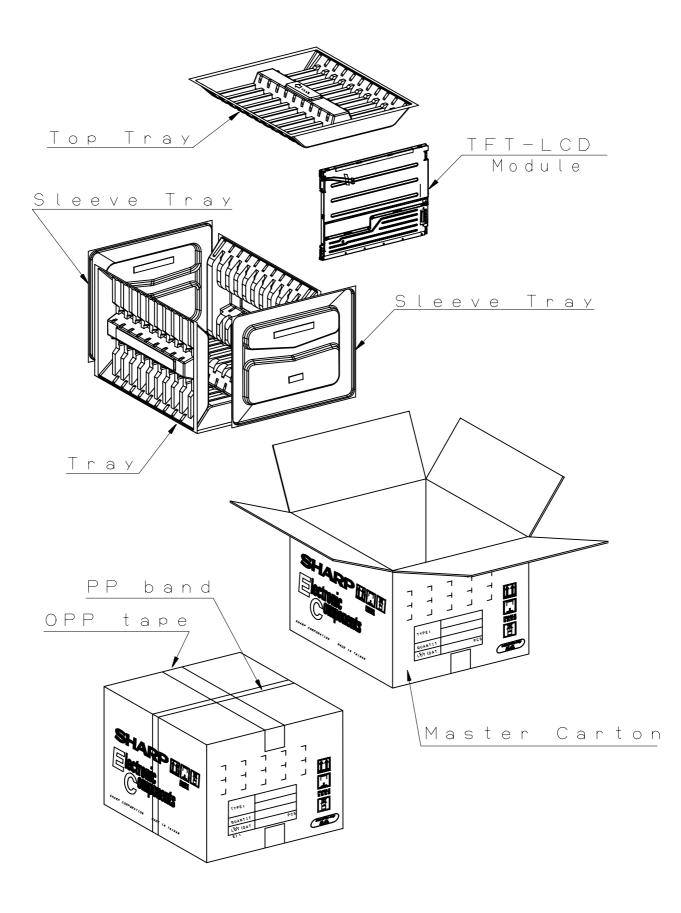


Fig2. Packing Form

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