| REPARED BY : DATE | | SPEC No. LD-22118B |
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| | SHARP | FILE No. |
| APPROVED BY : DATE | | ISSUE : Feb. 10, 2010 |
| | | PAGE : 25 pages |
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| | SHARP CORPORATION | |
| | SPECIFICATION | LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP |
| | I | REVISION: Jul. 8. 2010 |
| | DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR TFT-LCD Modu MODEL No. LQ150X1LW7 | |
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RECORDS OF REVISION

| SPEC No. | DATE | | SUMMARY | NOTE |
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| А | | | | 1 st Issu |
| В | 2010/07/08 | 10 | Revise: [Note5] | |
| | | 18 | Add: 10. Handling Precautions (w,x,y,z) | |
| | | | Revise: 11. Packing form | |
| | | 20 | Revise: 13. Others (3,4,5) | |
| | | 23 | Add: Fig.3 packing form | |
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1. Application

This specification applies to the color 15.0 XGA TFT-LCD module LQ150X1LW73.

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[©]The device listed in this specification was designed and manufactured for use in general electronic equipment.

- ◎In case of using the device for applications such as control and safety equipment for transportation(aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.), rescue and security equipment and various safety related equipment which require higher reliability and safety, take into consideration that appropriate measures such as fail-safe functions and redundant system design should be taken.
- ◎Do not use the device for equipment that requires an extreme level of reliability, such as aerospace applications, telecommunication equipment(trunk lines), nuclear power control equipment and medical or other equipment for life support.
- ©SHARP assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the device which does not comply with the instructions and the precautions specified in these specification sheets.

©Confirm "10. Handling Precautions " item when you use the device.

©Contact and consult with a SHARP sales representative for any questions about this device.

2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (<u>Thin Film Transistor</u>). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, power supply circuit and a back light unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a $1024 \times RGB \times 768$ dots panel with about 16 million colors by using LVDS (<u>Low Voltage Differential Signaling</u>) and supplying +3.3V DC supply voltages for TFT-LCD panel driving and supply voltage for backlight.

It is a wide viewing-angle-module

(Vertical viewing angle:170° Horizontal viewing angle:170° , $CR \ge 10$).

Backlight-driving DC/AC inverter is not built in this module.

3. Mechanical Specifications

| Parameter | Specifications | Unit |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------|
| Display size | 38 (Diagonal) | cm |
| | 15.0 (Diagonal) | Inch |
| Active area | 304.1 (H)×228.1 (V) | mm |
| Pixel format | 1024 (H)×768 (V) | Pixel |
| | (1 pixel=R+G+B dots) | |
| Pixel pitch | 0.297 (H)×0.297 (V) | mm |
| Pixel configuration | R, G, B vertical stripe | |
| Display mode | Normally black | |
| Unit outline dimensions *1 | 331.6(W)×254.76(H)×12.5(D) | mm |
| Mass | 1450(MAX) | g |
| Surface treatment | Anti-glare, LR-coating | |
| | and hard-coating | |

*1.Note: excluding back light cables.

The thickness of module (D) doesn't contain the projection.

Outline dimensions are shown in Fig.1.

4. Input Terminals

4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

| CN1 (Interface signals and +3.3V DC | c power supply) |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Using connectors | : DF14H-20P-1.25H (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.) |
| Corresponding connectors | : DF14-20S-1.25C(Connector) |
| | DF14-2628SCFA(Terminal) |
| Using LVDS Receiver | : Contained in a control IC. [THC63LVDF84A(Thine) compatible] |
| Corresponding LVDS Transmitter | : THC63LVDM83R(Thine) or compatible |
| | |

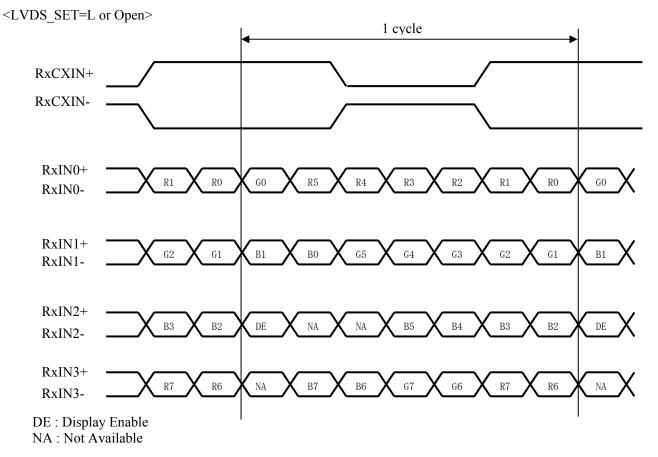
| Pin No. | Symbol | Function | Remark |
|---------|----------|---------------------|---------|
| 1 | Vcc | +3.3V Power supply | |
| 2 | Vcc | +3.3V Power supply | |
| 3 | GND | | |
| 4 | GND | | |
| 5 | RXIN0- | Receiver signal (-) | LVDS |
| 6 | RXIN0+ | Receiver signal (+) | LVDS |
| 7 | GND | | |
| 8 | RXIN1- | Receiver signal (-) | LVDS |
| 9 | RXIN1+ | Receiver signal (+) | LVDS |
| 10 | GND | | |
| 11 | RXIN2- | Receiver signal (-) | LVDS |
| 12 | RXIN2+ | Receiver signal (+) | LVDS |
| 13 | GND | | |
| 14 | RXCKIN- | Clock signal (-) | LVDS |
| 15 | RXCKIN+ | Clock signal (+) | LVDS |
| 16 | GND | | |
| 17 | RXIN3- | Receiver signal (-) | LVDS |
| 18 | RXIN3+ | Receiver signal (+) | LVDS |
| 19 | GND | | |
| 20 | LVDS_SET | LVDS_SET | [note1] |

4-2 Data Mapping

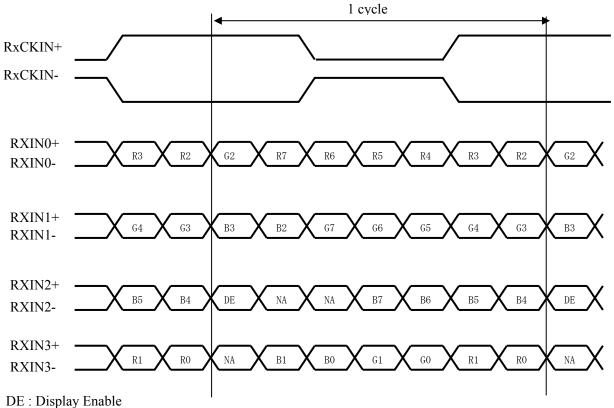
1) 8 bit input

[note1] pin assignment with LVDS_SET pin (Thine:THC63LVDM83R)

| Transmitter | | 20pin LVDS_SET | | | | |
|-------------|------|------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Pin No | Data | =L (GND) or Open | =H (3.3V) | | | |
| 51 | TA0 | R0 (LSB) | R2 | | | |
| 52 | TA1 | R1 | R3 | | | |
| 54 | TA2 | R2 | R4 | | | |
| 55 | TA3 | R3 | R5 | | | |
| 56 | TA4 | R4 | R6 | | | |
| 3 | TA5 | R5 | R7 (MSB) | | | |
| 4 | TA6 | G0 (LSB) | G2 | | | |
| 6 | TB0 | G1 | G3 | | | |
| 7 | TB1 | G2 | G4 | | | |
| 11 | TB2 | G3 | G5 | | | |
| 12 | TB3 | G4 | G6 | | | |
| 14 | TB4 | G5 | G7 (MSB) | | | |
| 15 | TB5 | B0 (LSB) | B2 | | | |
| 19 | TB6 | B1 | B3 | | | |
| 20 | TC0 | B2 | B4 | | | |
| 22 | TC1 | B3 | B5 | | | |
| 23 | TC2 | B4 | B6 | | | |
| 24 | TC3 | B5 | B7 (MSB) | | | |
| 27 | TC4 | (NA) | (NA) | | | |
| 28 | TC5 | (NA) | (NA) | | | |
| 30 | TC6 | DE | DE | | | |
| 50 | TD0 | R6 | R0 (LSB) | | | |
| 2 | TD1 | R7 (MSB) | R1 | | | |
| 8 | TD2 | G6 | G0 (LSB) | | | |
| 10 | TD3 | G7 (MSB) | G1 | | | |
| 16 | TD4 | B6 | B0 (LSB) | | | |
| 18 | TD5 | B7 (MSB) | B1 | | | |
| 25 | TD6 | (NA) | (NA) | | | |



<LVDS_SET =H>



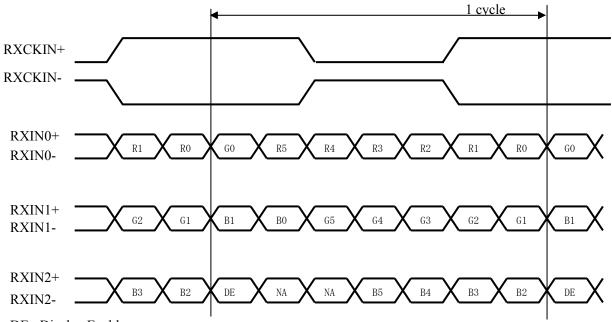
NA : Not Available

4-3 Data Mapping

2) 6 bit input

[note1] pin assignment with LVDS_SET pin (Thine:THC63LVDM83R)

| | smitter | 20pin LVDS_SET | | | | |
|--------|---------|------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Pin No | Data | =L (GND) or Open | =H (3.3V) | | | |
| 51 | TA0 | — | R0 (LSB) | | | |
| 52 | TA1 | — | R1 | | | |
| 54 | TA2 | — | R2 | | | |
| 55 | TA3 | — | R3 | | | |
| 56 | TA4 | — | R4 | | | |
| 3 | TA5 | — | R5 (MSB) | | | |
| 4 | TA6 | — | G0 (LSB) | | | |
| 6 | TB0 | — | G1 | | | |
| 7 | TB1 | — | G2 | | | |
| 11 | TB2 | — | G3 | | | |
| 12 | TB3 | — | G4 | | | |
| 14 | TB4 | — | G5 (MSB) | | | |
| 15 | TB5 | — | B0 (LSB) | | | |
| 19 | TB6 | — | B1 | | | |
| 20 | TC0 | — | B2 | | | |
| 22 | TC1 | — | В3 | | | |
| 23 | TC2 | — | B4 | | | |
| 24 | TC3 | — | B5 (MSB) | | | |
| 27 | TC4 | — | (NA) | | | |
| 28 | TC5 | _ | (NA) | | | |
| 30 | TC6 | — | DE | | | |
| 50 | TD0 | — | GND | | | |
| 2 | TD1 | _ | GND | | | |
| 8 | TD2 | — | GND | | | |
| 10 | TD3 | — | GND | | | |
| 16 | TD4 | — | GND | | | |
| 18 | TD5 | — | GND | | | |
| 25 | TD6 | — | (NA) | | | |



DE : Display Enable

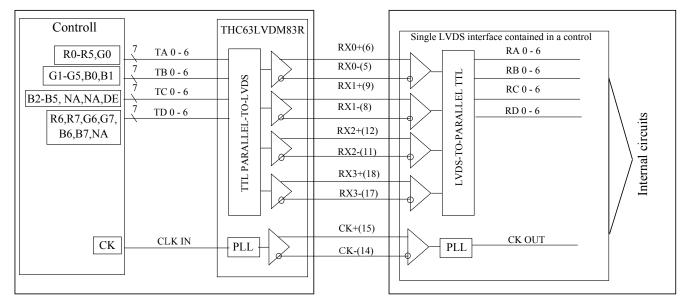
NA : Not Available

4-3 Interface block diagram

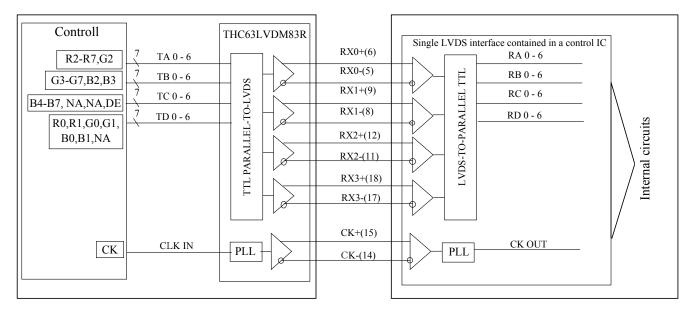
(Computer Side)

(TFT-LCD side)

①8Bit Mode LVDS SET=L (20 pin=GND or OPEN)

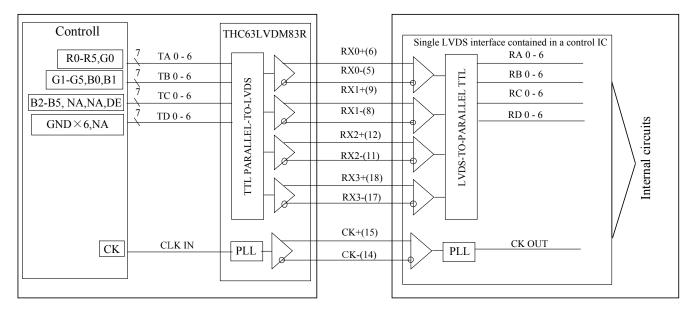


(2)8Bit Mode LVDS SET=H (20 pin=3.3[V])



36Bit Mode

LVDS_SET=H (20 pin=3.3[V])

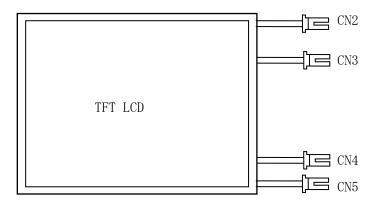


4-4. Backlight

CN 2, 3, 4, 5

The module-side connector : BHSR-02VS-1(N)(JST)

| The use | er-side cor | nnector : SM02-BHSS-1 | -TB (JST) | | |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Pin no. | symbol | Function | | | |
| 1 | $V_{\rm H}$ | Power supply for lamp | (High voltage side) | | |
| 2 | GND | Ground | | | |



5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Ratings | Unit | Remark |
|-----------------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|------|---------|
| Supply voltage | Vcc | Ta=25°C | $0 \sim +4.0$ | V | |
| Storage temperature | T _{STG} | — | $-25 \sim +65$ | °C | [Note1] |
| Operating temperature | T _{OPA} | Panel surface | $0 \sim +60$ | °C | |

[Note1] Humidity : 95%RH Max. (Ta \leq 40°C)

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ or less. (Ta>40 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$) No condensation.

6. Electrical Characteristics

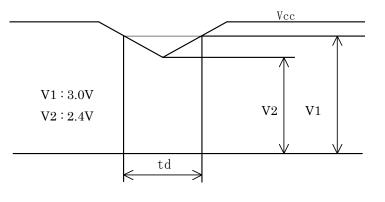
| 6-1. TFT-LCD panel driving Ta=25°C | | | | | | Ta=25℃ | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|------|------|--------|-------|-----------|
| | | Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
| | Power | Supply voltage | Vcc | +3.0 | +3.3 | +3.6 | V | [Note1] |
| | Supply | Current dissipation | Icc | _ | 400 | 700 | mA | [Note2] |
| | Permi | ssive input ripple voltage | V _{RF} | _ | | 100 | mVp-p | Vcc=+3.3V |
| | Terminate Resister | | R _T | | 100 | | Ω | |
| | Input voltage (High) | | V _{IH} | | | 100 | mA | |
| | Input | voltage (Low) | V _{IL} | -100 | | | mA | |

[Note1]

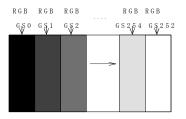
| 1) On-off sequences of Vcc and data | <u>2.8</u> V | 2.8V Vcc |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| $0 \le t1 \le 60 \text{ms}$ | LVDS | LVDS |
| $0 \le t2 \le 50 \text{ms}$ | 0.3V | 0.3V |
| $0 \leq t3 \leq 50 \text{ms}$ | | |
| $t4 \ge 100 ms$ | | $4 \times t1 \times t2$ |

2) Dip conditions for supply voltage

- 1) V2 \leq Vcc < V1 td \leq 10ms
- Vcc<V2
 Vcc-dip conditions should also follow the on-off conditions.



[Note2] Typical current situation : 253-gray-bar pattern Vcc=+3.3V, CK=65MHz Gray scale : GS(n) $n=0\sim252$



The explanation of each gray scale, GS(n), is described below section 8.

6-2. Backlight

The back light system is an edge-lighting type with 4 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

The characteristics of the lamp are shown in the following table.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|------------------------|-------------|--------|------|------|-------|---------------------|
| Lamp current range | $I_{\rm L}$ | 3.5 | 6.5 | 7.5 | mArms | [Note1] |
| Lamp voltage | VL | _ | 615 | 700 | Vrms | Ta=25°C,IL=6.5mArms |
| Lamp power consumption | PL | | 4.0 | 4.55 | W | [Note2],IL=6.5mArms |
| Lamp frequency | Fl | 40 | 60 | 70 | KHz | [Note3] |
| Kick-off voltage | Vs | _ | | 1080 | Vrms | Ta=25°C [Note4] |
| | | _ | _ | 1480 | Vrms | Ta=0°C [Note4] |
| Lamp life time | TL | 50,000 | _ | — | Hour | IL=6.5mArms [Note5] |

| The value mentioned | below is at t | the case of one | CCFT |
|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------|
| | UCIUW IS at t | the case of one | CCIT. |

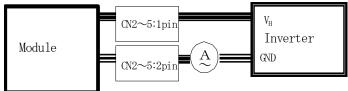
[Note1] A lamp can be light in the range of lamp current shown above.

Maximum rating for current is measured by high frequency current measurement equipment connected to V_{LOW} at circuit showed below.

(Note : To keep enough kick-off voltage and necessary steady voltage for CCFT.)

Lamp frequency : $40 \sim 70 \text{kHz}$

Ambient temperature : $0 \sim 60^{\circ}$ C



- [Note2] Referential data per one CCFT by calculation ($I_L \times V_L$). The data does not include loss at inverter .
- [Note3] Lamp frequency of inverter may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency, and this may cause horizontal beat on the display. Therefore, adjust lamp frequency, and keep inverter as far as from module or use electronic shielding between inverter and module to avoid interference.
- [Note4] Kick-off voltage value is described as the index in the state of lamp only. The kick-off voltage is estimated to be risen up as approx. +200V in the state of module only, and the further rise up can be seen according to the assembling status of user cabinet. Please set the kick-off voltage of inverter to avoid the lighting failures in the state of operation. Please design the inverter so that
- its open output voltage can be connected for more than 1 second to startup. Otherwise, the lamp may not be turned on. But, please set as 100ms when the ambient luminance around the lamp is more than 1lux.[Note5] Lamp life time is defined as the time when either ① or ② occurs in the continuous operation under
- the condition of Ta= 25° C and the lamp current value indicated to the Remark .
 - ① Brightness becomes 50% of the original value under standard condition.
 - 2 Kick-off voltage at Ta=0°C exceeds maximum value, 1480Vrms.

Lamp life time shortens according to the state of mounting and use.

In case of operating under lower temperature environment, the lamp exhaustion is accelerated

and the brightness becomes lower.(Continuous operating for around 1 month under lower temperature condition may reduce the brightness to half of the original brightness.)

In case of such usage under lower temperature environment, periodical lamp exchange is recommended.

[Note6] The performance of the backlight, for example lifetime or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. When you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

Use the lamp inverter power source incorporating such safeguard as overvoltage / overcurrent protective circuit or lamp voltage waveform detection circuit, which should have individual control of each lamp.

In case one circuit without such individual control is connected to more than four lamps, excessive current may flow into one lamp when the other one is not in operation.

[Note7] Under the environment of 10lx or less, miss-lighting delay may occur.

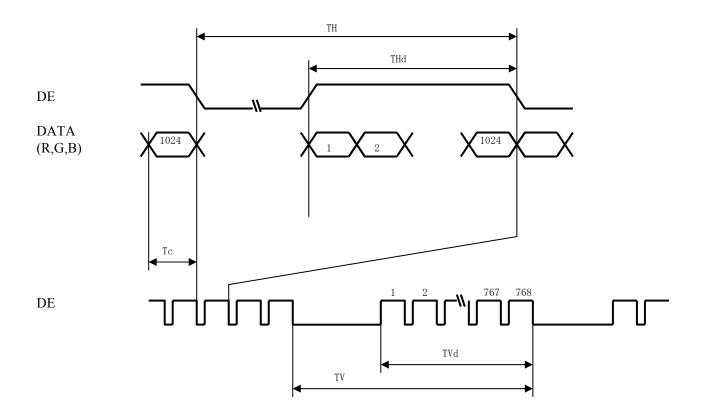
[Note8] It is required to have the inverter designed so that to allow the impedance deviation of the two CCFT lamps and the capacity deviation of barast capacitor.

7. Timing characteristics of input signals

7-1. Timing characteristics

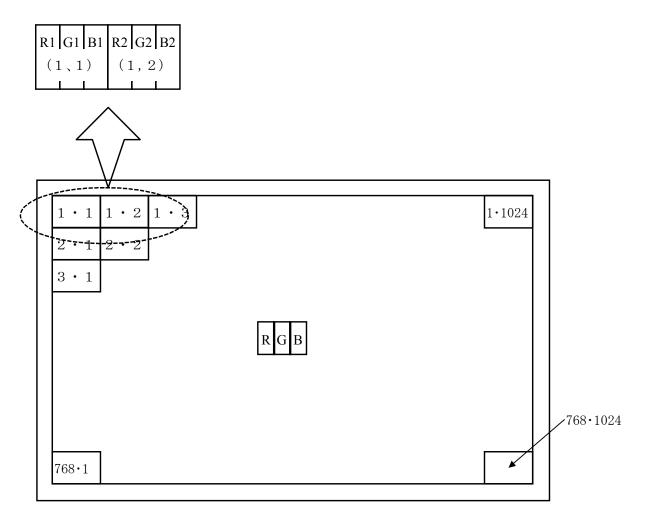
| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|--------------------------|--------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| Frequency | 1/Tc | 60 | 65 | 85 | MHz | |
| Horizontal period | TH | 1056 | 1344 | 1720 | clock | |
| | | 16.0 | 20.7 | 23.4 | μs | |
| Horizontal period (High) | THd | 1024 | | 1024 | clock | |
| Vertical period | TV | 773 | 806 | 1008 | line | [Note] |
| | | 13.3 | 16.7 | 18.1 | ms | |
| Vertical period (High) | TVd | 768 | | 768 | line | |

[Note] In case of using the long vertical period, the deterioration of display quality, flicker etc. may occur.



7-2 Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen

Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 1024 \times RGB \times 768 dots panel with 16M colors by supplying 24 bit data signal (8bit/color [253 gray scales] \times 3).



Display Position of Data (V,H)

8. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

8-1 8bit input

| 8-1 | 801t 1nj | | | | | | | | | | | | Data | sior | nal | | | | | | | Data signal | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------|---------------|--------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|--------------|--------------|------|------|-----|----|----|--------------|----|----|----|-------------|--------|----|----|----|--|--|--|--|
| | Colors & | Gray | | | | | | | | | | | Duu | | iui | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Gray scale | Scale | R0 | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | R5 | R6 | R7 | G0 | G1 | G2 | G3 | G4 | G5 | G6 | G7 | B0 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | В5 | B6 | B7 | | | | |
| | Black | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | Blue | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Х | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| Ba | Green | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Х | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Basic Color | Cyan | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Х | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Х | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| Colo | Red | _ | Х | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| r | Magenta | - | Х | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Х | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| | Yellow | _ | Х | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Х | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | White | _ | Х | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Х | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Х | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| G | 仓 | GS1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| ray S | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| scale | Û | \downarrow | \checkmark | | | | | | | | | \checkmark | | | | | | \checkmark | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gray Scale of Red | Û | \checkmark | | | | | | | | | | | | `` | | | | | | | | `` | r | | | | | | | |
| Red | Brighter | GS250 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | Ţ. | GS251 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | Red | GS252 | X | X | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | Black 企 | GS0 GS1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Gray | Darker | GS1 GS2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Sca | ि यो Kei | ↓ | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | ٥ ا | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Gray Scale of Green | Û | • • | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | l I | | | | | | | |
| Gre | Brighter | GS250 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| en | Û | GS251 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | Green | GS252 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | х | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | Ŷ | GS1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| ìray | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Scal | Ŷ | \rightarrow | | | | | L | | | | \checkmark | | | | | | | | | _ | r | | | | | | | | | |
| e of | Û | \rightarrow | | | | | L | | | | | \checkmark | | | | | | | | | `` | V | | | | | | | | |
| Gray Scale of Blue | Brighter | GS250 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| | Û | GS251 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| | Blue | GS252 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Х | Х | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | |

0 : Low level voltage,

1 : High level voltage. X :Don't care.

Each basic color can be displayed in 253 gray scales from 8 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 24 bit data signals, the 16-million-color display can be achieved on the screen.

8-2 6bit input

| 0-2 | Data signal | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------------|---------------|------------------|----|----|----|----|----|--------------|--------------|----|----|----|--------------|--------|----|----|-------|----|----|
| | Colors & Gray scale | Gray Scale | R0 | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | R5 | G0 | Gl | G2 | G3 | G4 | G5 | В0 | B1 | B2 | В3 | B4 | В5 |
| | Black | — | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Blue | — | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| в | Green | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| asic | Cyan | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Basic Color | Red | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Or | Magenta | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Yellow | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | White | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| G | 仓 | GS1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gray Scale of Red | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Scal | 仓 | \checkmark | | | | L | | | \checkmark | | | | | \checkmark | | | | | | |
| e of | Û | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | | | | | \checkmark | | | | | ↓ ↓ | | | | | |
| Red | Brighter | GS61 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Û | GS62 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Red | GS63 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gra | Û | GS1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ay So | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| cale | ۲ | ↓ | | | | k | | | ↓ | | | | | ↓ | | | | | | |
| of G | Û | ↓ | 0 | | | | | | | | | ۶ | | | 0 | | | ۲ | | - |
| Gray Scale of Green | Brighter | GS61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| _ | ↓ Crean | GS62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Green | GS63 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Black 企 | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gra | Darker | GS1 GS2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ay S | Darker री | 4052 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | 0 | 0 |
| Gray Scale of Blue | τ τ | → → | | | | | | | | \checkmark | | | | | | | | | | |
| of B | - | • GS61 | ↓ 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| lue | Brighter ₽ | GS61 GS62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Blue | GS62 GS63 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Diuc | 0303 | 0 | 0 | 0 | U | U | U | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

0 : Low level voltage, 1 : High level voltage.

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.

9. Optical Characteristics

Ta= 25° C, Vcc =+3.3V

| Par | ameter | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|---------|--------------|------------|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Viewing | Vertical | θ 11 | $CR \ge 10$ | 70 | 85 | _ | Deg. | [Note1,4] |
| angle | | θ 12 | | 70 | 85 | _ | Deg. | |
| range | Horizontal | θ 21, θ 22 | | 70 | 85 | _ | Deg. | |
| Contr | rast ratio | C R | $\theta = 0^{\circ}$ | 400 | 600 | _ | | [Note2,4] |
| Respo | nse Time | Td+Tr | | _ | 35 | 55 | ms | [Note3,4] |
| Chron | naticity of | Wx | | 0.283 | 0.313 | 0.343 | _ | [Note4] |
| W | Vhite | Wy | | 0.299 | 0.329 | 0.359 | _ | |
| Chron | naticity of | Rx | | 0.608 | 0.638 | 0.668 | _ | |
|] | Red | Ry | | 0.309 | 0.339 | 0.369 | _ | |
| Chron | naticity of | Gx | | 0.250 | 0.280 | 0.310 | _ | |
| G | ireen | Gy | | 0.570 | 0.600 | 0.630 | _ | |
| Chron | naticity of | Bx | | 0.114 | 0.144 | 0.174 | _ | |
| I | Blue | By | | 0.057 | 0.087 | 0.117 | — | |
| Luminar | nce of white | YL | | 280 | 350 | _ | cd/m ² | IL=6.5mA rms [Note4] |
| White U | Uniformity | δ w | | _ | _ | 1.25 | _ | [Note5] |

%The measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after lighting at rating.

The optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the method shown in Fig.2 below.

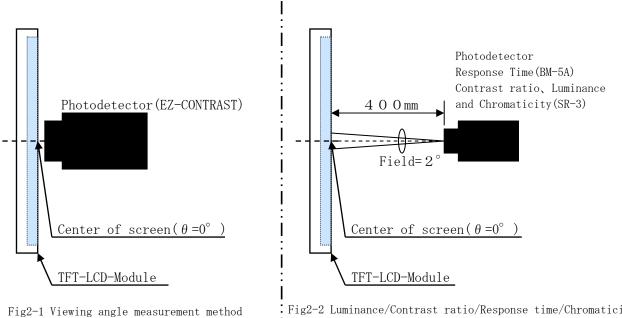
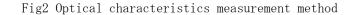
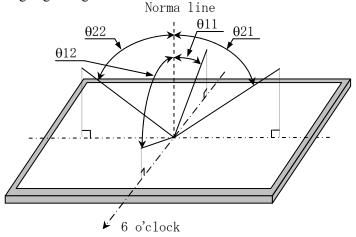


Fig2-2 Luminance/Contrast ratio/Response time/Chromaticity measurement method



[Note1] Definitions of viewing angle range:

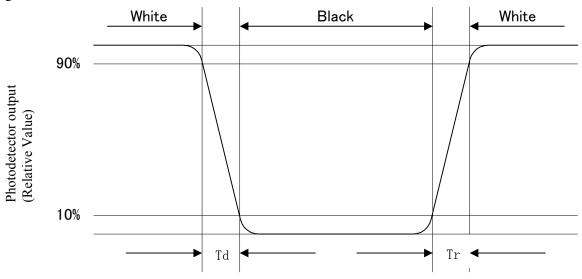


[Note2] Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

[Note3] Definition of response time:

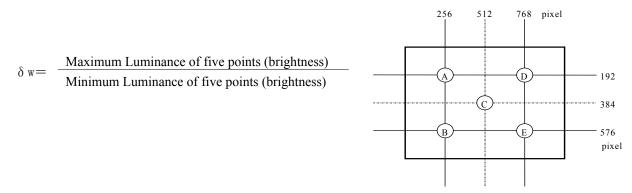
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



[Note4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note5] Definition of white uniformity:

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements $(A \sim E)$.



10. Handling Precautions

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Since the front polarize is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.

Blow away dust on the polarizer with antistatic N_2 blow. It is undesirable to wipe off because a polarizer is sensitive.

It is recommended to peel off softly using the adhesive tape when soil or finger oil is stuck to the polarizer. When unavoidable, wipe off carefully with a cloth for wiping lenses.

- d) Since long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe off water drop immediately.
- e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and take the human earth into consideration when handling.
- h) Make sure the four mounting holes of the module are grounded sufficiently. Take electro-magnetic interference (EMI) into consideration.
- The module has some printed circuit boards (PCBs) on the back side. Take care to keep them form any stress or pressure when handling or installing the module; otherwise some of electronic parts on the PCBs may be damaged.
- j) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- k) When some pressure is added onto the module from rear side constantly, it causes display non-uniformity issue, functional defect, etc. So, please avoid such design.
- When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.
- m) If a minute particle enters in the module and adheres to an optical material, it may cause display nonuniformity issue, etc. Therefore, fine-pitch filters have to be installed to cooling and inhalation hole if you intend to install a fan.
- Protection film is attached to the module surface to prevent it from being scratched.
 Peel the film off slowly, just before the use, with strict attention to electrostatic charges.
 Blow off 'dust' on the polarizer by using an ionized nitrogen.
- The polarizer surface on the panel is treated with Anti-Glare for low reflection. In case of attaching
 protective board over the LCD, be careful about the optical interface fringe etc. which degrades
 display quality.
- p) Do not expose the LCD panel to direct sunlight. Lightproof shade etc. should be attached when LCD panel is used under such environment.
- q) There are high voltage portions on the backlight and very dangerous. Careless touch may lead to electrical shock. When exchange lamps or service, turn off the power without tail.
- r) Be careful of a back light lead not to pull by force at the time of the wiring to an inverter, or line processing.

- s) Liquid crystal contained in the panel may leak if the LCD is broken. Rinse it as soon as possible if it gets inside your eye or mouth by mistake.
- t) Never dismantle the module , because it will cause failure.
- u) Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- v) The lamp used for this product is very sensitive to the temperature. Luminance decreases rapidly when it is used for a long time or repeatedly under the environment of the low temperature or the module is being cooled. Please avoid the continuous or repeating use of it under such an environment. It may decrease up to 50% of the initial luminance in about one month under the low temperature environment.Please consult our company when it is used under the environment like the above mentioned.
 w) Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD panel contains a small amount of mercury, please follow local
- w) Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD panel contains a small amount of mercury, please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal. $\triangle B$
- x) When install LCD modules in the cabinet, please tighten with "torque = (0.34)N·m(Max). Be sure to confirm it in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument. $\triangle B$
- y) Be careful when using it for long time with fixed pattern display as it may cause afterimage. (Please use a screen saver etc., in order to avoid an afterimage.) $\triangle B$
- z) Notice : Never take to pieces the module , because it will cause failure. Please do not peel off the Black tape pasted to the product. $\triangle B$

11. Packing form $\triangle B$

| Product countries / Areas | China |
|---|----------------------------|
| Piling number of cartons | maximum 5 cartons |
| Package quantity in one carton | 5 modules |
| Carton size(TYP) | 319mm(W)×402mm(H)×280mm(D) |
| Total mass of one carton filled with full modules | MAX 8.5kg |
| Packing form is shown | Fig.3 |

12. Reliability test items

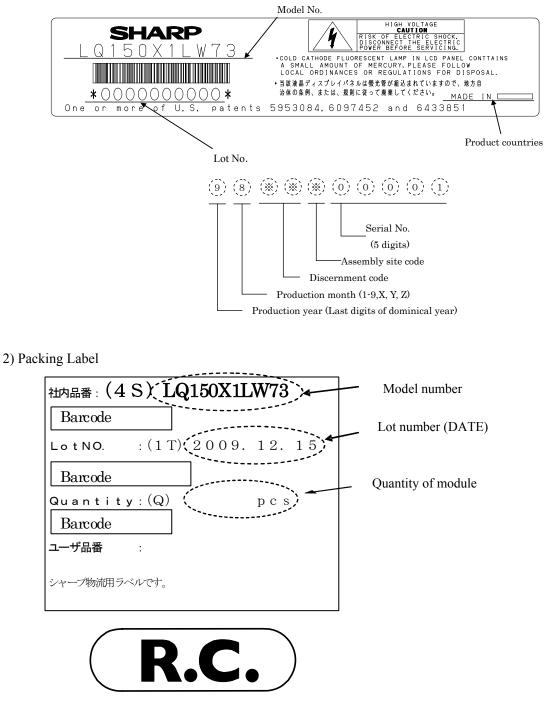
| No. | Test item | Conditions |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|
| 1 | High temperature storage test | $Ta = 65^{\circ}C \qquad 240h$ |
| 2 | Low temperature storage test | $Ta = -25^{\circ}C \qquad 240h$ |
| 3 | High temperature | $Ta = 40^{\circ}C$; 95%RH 240h |
| | & high humidity operation test | (No condensation) |
| 4 | High temperature operation test | $Tp = 60^{\circ}C$ (panel surface) 240h |
| | | |
| 5 | Low temperature operation test | $Ta = 0^{\circ}C \qquad 240H$ |
| 6 | Vibration test | Frequency : $10 \sim 57$ Hz/Vibration width (one side) : 0.076mm |
| | (non- operating) | : 57 \sim 500Hz/Gravity : 9.8m/s ² |
| | | Wave form : sin wave |
| | | Sweep time : 11minutes |
| | | Test period : 3 hours |
| | | (1 hour for each direction of X,Y,Z) |
| 7 | Shock test | Max. gravity : 490m/s ² |
| | (non- operating) | Pulse width : 11ms, half-sine wave |
| | | Direction : $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$, |
| | | once for each direction. |

[Result Evaluation Criteria]

Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these shall be no change which may affect practical display function.

13. Others

1) Lot No. and indication Bar Code Label:



*R.C. (RoHs Compliance) means these parts have corresponded with the RoHs directive.

3) The chemical compound which causes the destruction of ozone layer is not being used.

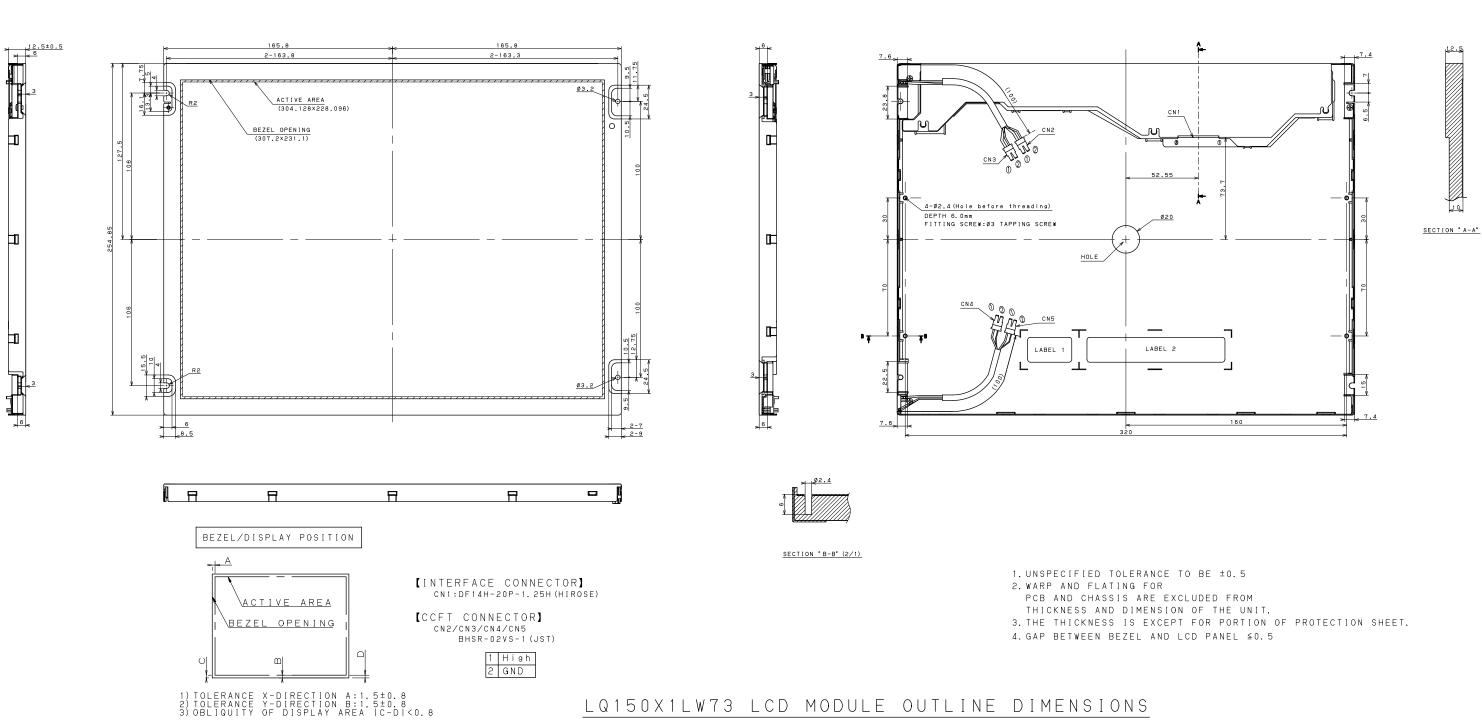
4)Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD PANEL contains a small amount of mercury, Please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal. (It describes in the label.)

COLD CATHOED FLUORESCENT LAMP IN LCD PANEL CONTAINS A SMALL AMOUNT OF MERCURY, PLEASE FOLLOW LOCAL ORDINANCES OR REGULATIONS FOR DISPOSAL 当該液晶ディズ^{*} レ/n^{*} ネルは支光管が組込まれていますので、地方自 治体の条例、または、規制に従って廃棄して下さい。

5) When any question or issue occurs, it shall be solved by mutual discussion.

14. Storage conditions

| Temperature | 0° C to 40° C | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Humidity | 95%RH or less | | | | | | |
| Reference condition : 20° C to 35° C , 85% RH or less (summer) | | | | | | | |
| | : 5°C to 15°C , 85%RH or less (winter) | | | | | | |
| | • the total storage time (40°C,95%RH) : 240H or less | | | | | | |
| Sunlight | Be sure to shelter a product from the direct sunlight. | | | | | | |
| Atmosphere | Harmful gas, such as acid and alkali which bites electronic components and/or | | | | | | |
| | wires must not be detected. | | | | | | |
| Notes | Be sure to put cartons on palette or base, don't put it on floor, and store them with | | | | | | |
| | removing from wall | | | | | | |
| | Please take care of ventilation in storehouse and around cartons, and control | | | | | | |
| | changing temperature is within limits of natural environment | | | | | | |
| Storage period | Within above mentioned conditions, maximum storage period should be one year. | | | | | | |



PROTECTION SHEET [THICKNESS=0.1mm] 3

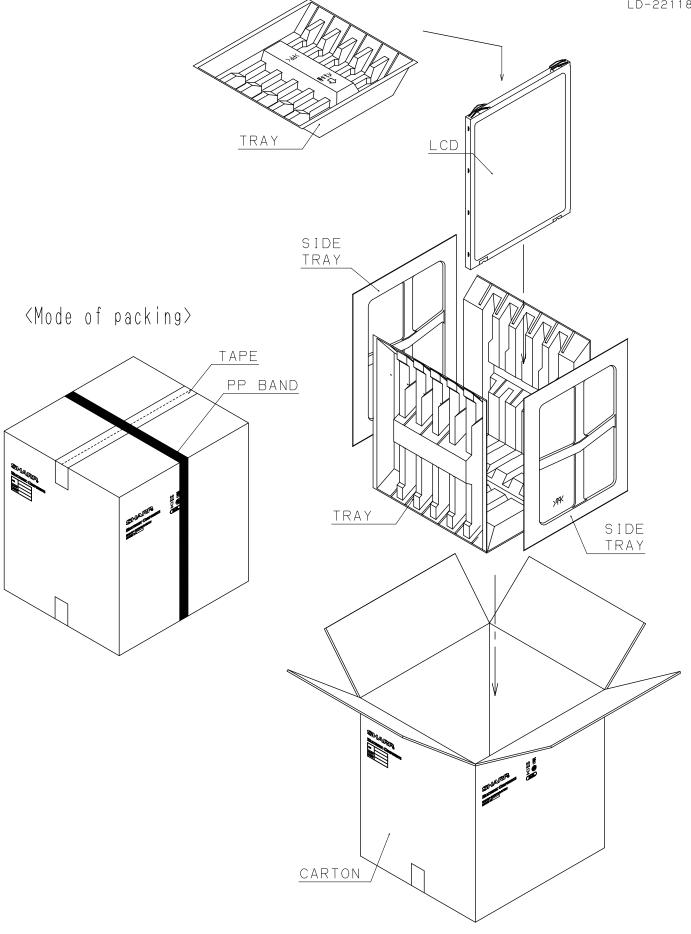


Fig.3:PAKING FORM