

MODEL NO. :	I MUZZUDU 16	
ISSUED DATE:	2009-11-19	
VERSION :	Ver 1.0	
	ary Specification  oduct Specification	

Customer: Longcheer

Approved by	Notes

## **SHANGHAI TIANMA Confirmed:**

Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by

This technical specification is subjected to change without notice.





# **Table of Contents**

Cov	versheet	1
Tab	le of Contents	2
Red	cord of Revision	3
1	General Specifications	4
2	Input/Output Terminals	5
3	Absolute Maximum Ratings	6
4	Electrical Characteristics	7
5	Timing Chart	9
6	Optical Characteristics	16
7	Environmental / Reliability Test	21
8	Mechanical Drawing	21
9	Packing Drawing	23
10	Precautions for Use of LCD Modules	24



# **Record of Revision**

Rev	Issue Date	Description	Editor
1.0	2009-11-19	Preliminary release.	Qiuping Yang



# 1 General Specifications

	Feature	Spec		
	Size	2.2 inch		
	Resolution	240(RGB) x 320		
	Interface	CPU 16 bit		
	Color Depth	262K		
	Technology Type	a-Si		
Display Spec	Pixel Pitch (mm)	0.141 x 0.141		
	Pixel Configuration	R.G.B. Vertical Stripe		
	Display Mode	TM with Normally White		
	Surface Treatment	Clear type (3H)		
	Viewing Direction	6 o'clock		
	Gray Scale Inversion Direction	12 o'clock		
	LCM (W x H x D) (mm)	44.40×55.30×2.35		
Mashaniasi	Active Area(mm)	33.84×45.12		
Mechanical Characteristics	With /Without TSP	Without TSP		
Onaracteristics	Weight (g)	TBD		
	LED Numbers	4 LEDs		
Electronic	Driver IC	S6D04H0		

Note 1: Viewing direction for best image quality is different from TFT definition, there is a 180 degree shift.

Note 2: Requirements on Environmental Protection: RoHS.

Note 3: LCM weight tolerance: +/- 5%.



# 2 Input/Output Terminals

#### 2.1 TFT LCD Panel

No	Symbol	I/O	Description	Remark
1	X+	-	Dummy	
2	Y+	-	Dummy	
3	X-	-	Dummy	
4	Y-	-	Dummy	
5	GND	Р	Power Ground	
6	/CS	I	Chip select	
7	RS	I	Register select	
8	/WR	I	Write strobe	
9	/RD	I	Read strobe	
10	DB00	-	NC	
11	DB01	I	Data bus	
12	DB02	I	Data bus	
13	DB03	I	Data bus	
14	DB04	I	Data bus	
15	DB05	I	Data bus	
16	DB06	I	Data bus	
17	DB07	I	Data bus	
18	DB08	1	Data bus	
19	DB09	-	NC	
20	DB10	1	Data bus	
21	DB11	1	Data bus	
22	DB12	1	Data bus	
23	DB13	1	Data bus	
24	DB14	1	Data bus	
25	DB15	1	Data bus	
26	DB16	I	Data bus	
27	DB17	I	Data bus	
28	RESET	I	Reset	
29	FLM	0	FMARK	
30	IM0	1	Mode select	
31	IM3	1	Mode select	
32	IOVCC	Р	Logic supply Voltage	
33	VCC	Р	Analog supply Voltage	
34	LEDA1+	Р	LED anode	
35	LEDA2+	Р	LED anode	
36	LEDA3+	Р	LED anode	
37	LEDA4+	Р	LED anode	
38	NC	-	NC	
39	LEDK-	Р	LED cathode	

Note: I/O definition: I-----Input; O---Output; P----Power/Ground.

i80-parallel 16bit interface only:

IM3	IM0	IM0 Interface DB pin			
0	0	i80-parallel 16bit interface	DB[17~10],DB[08~01]		





# 3 Absolute Maximum Ratings

# 3.1 Driving TFT LCD Panel

GND=0V, Ta=25°C

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remark
Logic Supply Voltage	IOVCC	-0.3	3.3	V	
Analog Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	5.0	٧	
Input Signal Voltage	/CS,RS,/WR,/RD RESET,DB[17:00],IM0,IM3	-0.3	VCC +0.5	V	
Back Light Forward Current	I <sub>LED</sub>		25.0	mA	For each LED
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-20	70	${\mathbb C}$	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-30	80	${\mathbb C}$	



#### 4 Electrical Characteristics

#### 4.1 Driving TFT LCD Panel

GND=0V, Ta=25℃

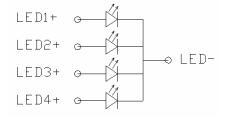
Item		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark
Logic Supply Voltage		IOVCC	1.65	2.8/1.8	3.3	V	
Analog S Voltag		VCC	2.5	2.8	3.3	V	
Input Signal	Low Level	$V_{IL}$	0		0.2xVCC	V	/CS,RS,/WR,/RD
Voltage	High Level	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.8xVCC	1	VCC	\	RESET,DB[17:00],IM0,IM3
Output	Low Level	Vol	0		0.2xVCC	V	ELM.
Signal Voltage	High Level	Vон	0.8xVCC		VCC	V	FLM
		Black Mode		TBD		mW	Frame Rate:60Hz
(Panel+ LSI) Power Consumption		8 Color Mode		TBD		μW	
		Sleeping Mode		TBD		μW	

## 4.2 Driving Backlight

Ta=25°C

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark
Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>		15		mA	For each LED
Forward Voltage	$V_{F}$		3.2		V	
Power Consumption	$W_{BL}$		192		mW	

Note 1: The figure below shows the connection of backlight LED.

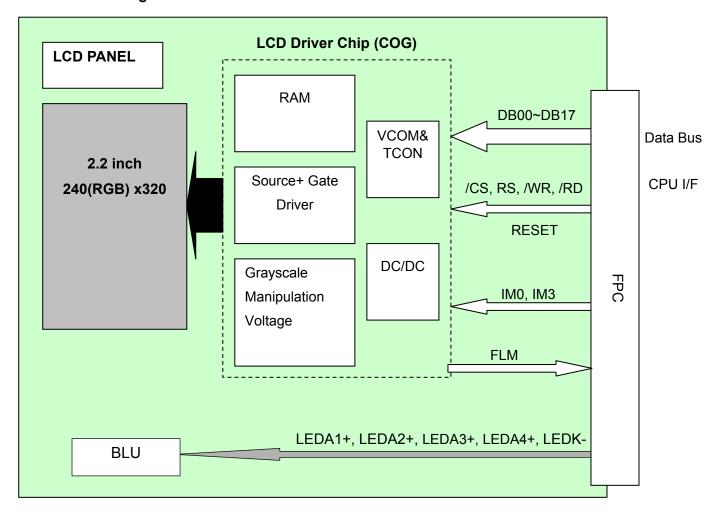


Note 2: One LED:  $I_F = 15 \text{mA}$ ,  $V_F = 3.2 \text{V}$ .

Note 3: The life of LED: 20,000 hrs.



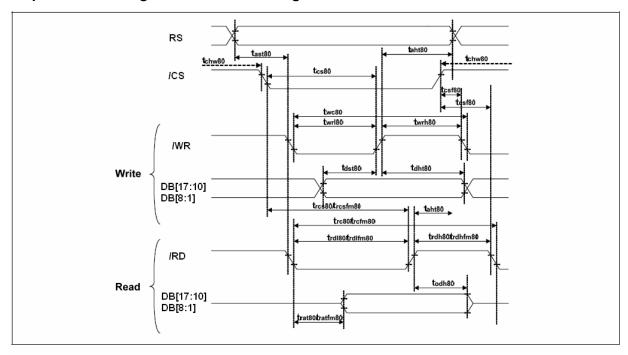
#### 4.3 Block Diagram





# 5 Timing Chart

### 180-parallel 16bit register write/read timing



#### TM022HDH16 V1.0

#### 5.1 Timing Parameter

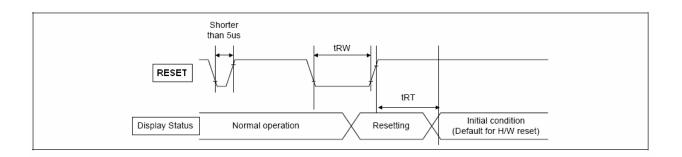
Normal Write Mode

Signal	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Description
D.C.	Rs setup time	tast80	0	_	ns	
RS	RS hold time	taht80	10	_	ns	
	ICS "H" pulse width	tchw80	0	-	ns	
	Chip select setup time(write)	tcs80	15	-	ns	
/CS	Chip select setup time (Read ID)	trcs80	45	_	ns	
	Chip select setup time (Read FM)	trcsfm80	355	_	ns	
	Chip select wait time(write/read)	tcsf80	10	_	ns	
	Write cycle	twc80	66	_	ns	
/WR	Control pulse H duration	twrh80	15	_	ns	
	Control pulse L duration	twrl80	15	_	ns	
	Read cycle	trc80	160	_	ns	When read
/RD (ID)	Control pulse H duration	trdh80	90	_	ns	ID data
	Control pulse L duration	trdl80	45	-	ns	
	Read cycle	trcfm80	450	_	ns	When read
/RD (FM)	Control pulse H duration	trdhfm80	90	_	ns	from frame
	Control pulse L duration	trdlfm80	355	_	ns	memory
	Write data setup time	tdst80	10	_	ns	For maximum
	Write data hold time	tdht80	10	_	ns	For maximum  CL = 30 pF
DB[17: 10] DB[8: 1]	Read access time	trat80	_	40	ns	For minimum
	Read access time (FM)	tratfm80	_	340	ns	CL = 8 pF
	Read output disable time	todh80	20	80	ns	OL = 0 pi

Table 5.1 timing parameter

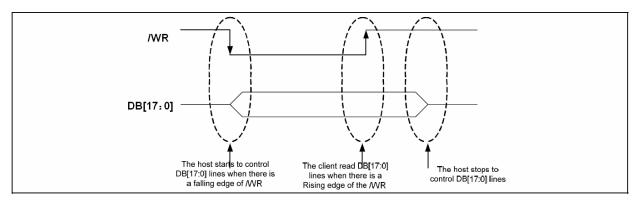
## **Reset Timing Characteristics**

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
	tRW	Reset pulse duration	10	_	us
RESET	tRT	Baset sensel	-	5 (note 5)	ms
	lK1	Reset cancel	-	120 (note 6, 7)	ms

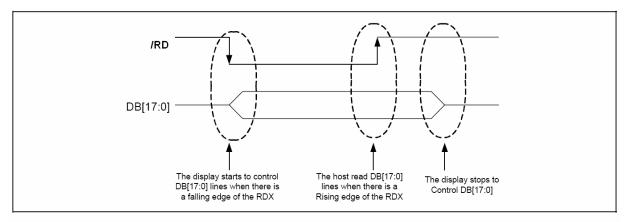




## 5.2 Register write timing



#### 80-series MPU Parallel Interface Write Mode



80-series MPU Parallel Interface Read Mode

#### 5.2.1 16-bit System Bus Interface Register Write Timing

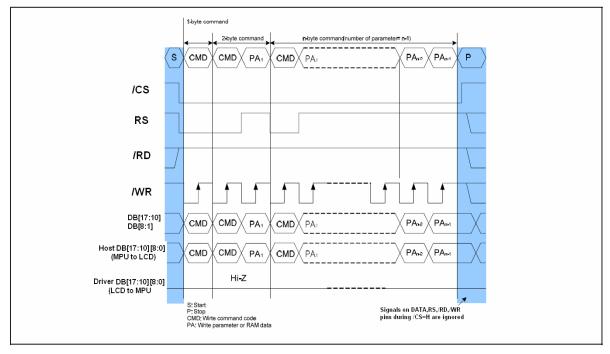


Figure 5.2.1 16-bit System Bus Interface Timing(Register Write Timing)

#### 5.2.2 16-bit System Bus Interface Register Read Timing

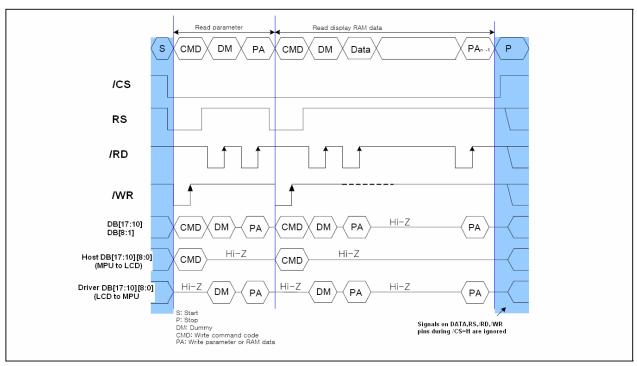


Figure 5.2.2 16-bit System Bus Interface Timing(Register Read Timing)

### 5.3 GRAM Write/Read Timing

#### 5.3.1 16-bit Read/Write GRAM Data format

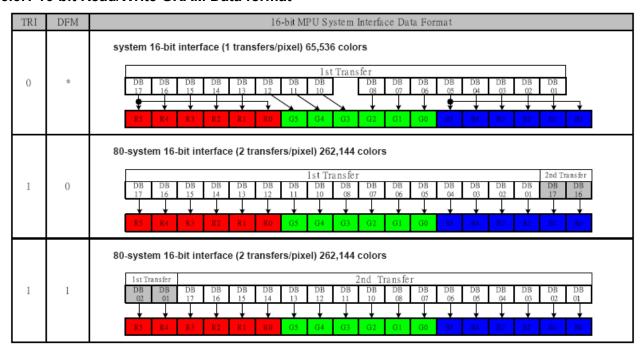
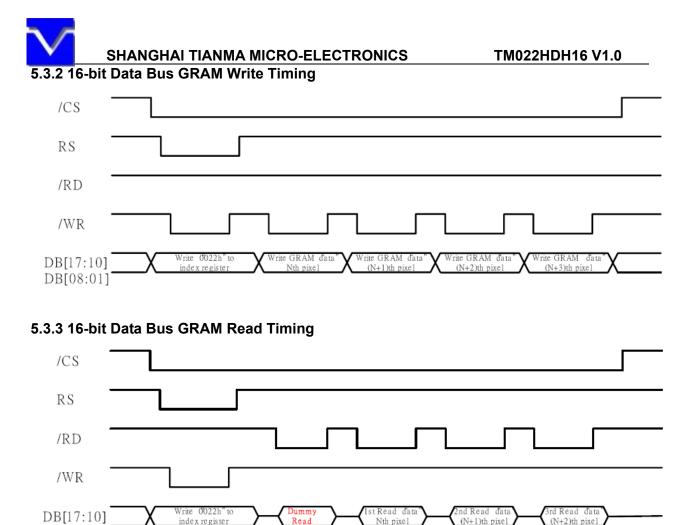


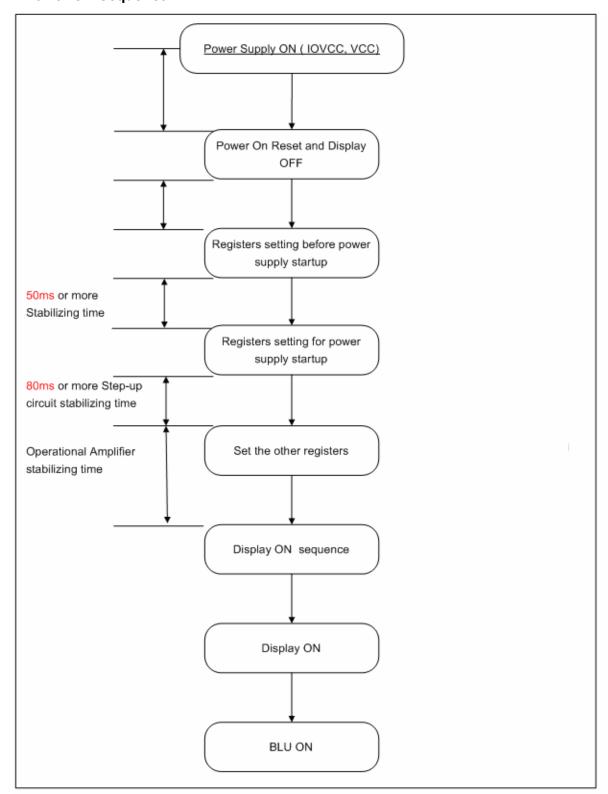
Figure 5.3.1 16-bit Read/Write GRAM Data format



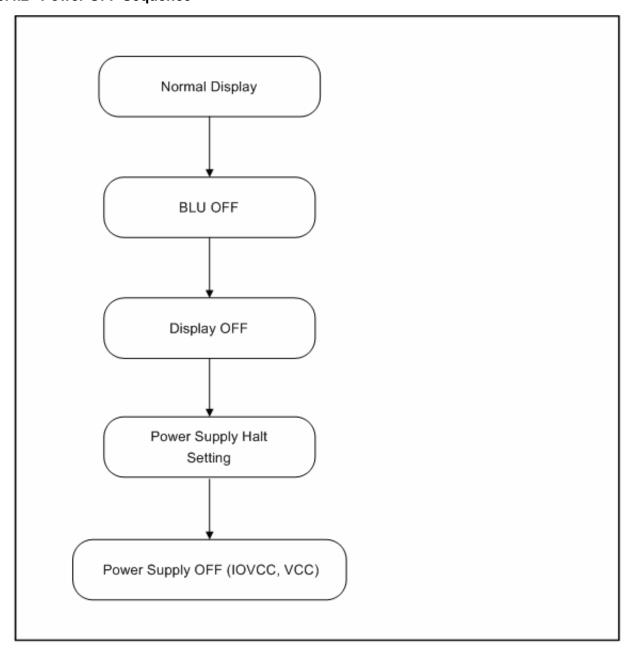
DB[08:01]

#### 5.4 Power ON/OFF Sequence

#### 5.4.1 Power ON Sequence



## 5.4.2 Power OFF Sequence





#### TM022HDH16 V1.0

# Optical Characteristics Optical Specification

Ta=25°C

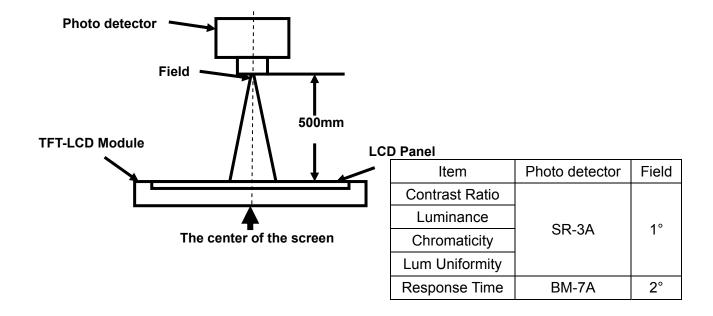
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark
View Angle		θТ	- CR≥10	60	65		Degree	Note 2
		θВ		15	20			
		θL		35	40			
		θR		35	40			
Contrast Ratio		CR	θ=0°	250	350			Note1 Note3
Response Time		T <sub>ON</sub>	- 25℃		20	30	ms	Note1
		T <sub>OFF</sub>						Note4
	White	х		0.253	0.303	0.353		Note1 Note5
		у	Backlight is on	0.278	0.328	0.378		
	Red	х		0.555	0.605	0.655		
Chromaticity		у		0.273	0.323	0.373		
Chilomaticity	Green	х		0.300	0.350	0.400		
		у		0.490	0.540	0.590		
	Blue	Х		0.098	0.148	0.198		
		у		0.054	0.104	0.154		
Uniformity (%)		U						Note1 Note6
NTSC (%)					50			Note5
Luminance		L		180	200			Note1 Note7

#### **Test Conditions:**

- 1.  $V_F = 3.2V$ ,  $I_F = 15mA(LED current)$ , the ambient temperature is  $25^{\circ}C$ .
- 2. The test systems refer to Note1 and Note2.

Note 1: Definition of optical measurement system.

The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 5 minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. All input terminals LCD panel must be ground when measuring the center area of the panel.



Note 2: Definition of viewing angle range and measurement system.

viewing angle is measured at the center point of the LCD by CONOSCOPE(ergo-80).

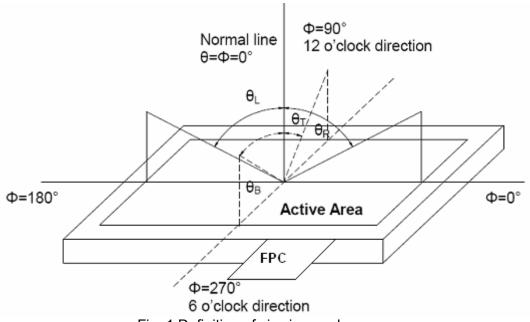


Fig. 1 Definition of viewing angle

Note 3: Definition of contrast ratio

Contrast ratio (CR) =  $\frac{\text{Luminance measured when LCD is on the "White" state}}{\text{Luminance measured when LCD is on the "Black" state}}$ 

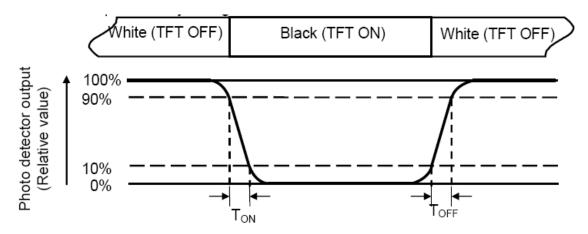
"White state ": The state is that the LCD should driven by Vwhite.

"Black state": The state is that the LCD should driven by Vblack.

 $V_{\text{white}}$ : To be determined  $V_{\text{black}}$ : To be determined.

### Note 4: Definition of response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time  $(T_{ON})$  is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time  $(T_{OFF})$  is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.



Note 5: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

Color coordinates measured at center point of LCD.

### Note 6: Definition of luminance uniformity

Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (Refer Fig. 2). Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

Luminance Uniformity(U) = Lmin/Lmax

L-----Active area length W----- Active area width

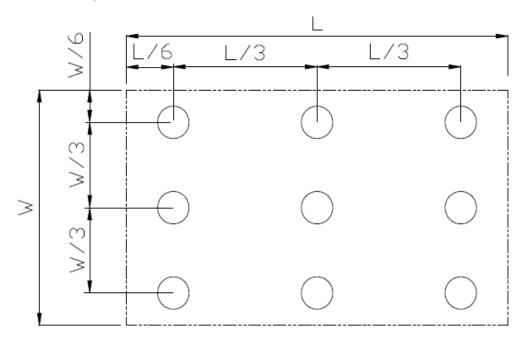


Fig. 2 Definition of uniformity

Lmax: The measured maximum luminance of all measurement position.

Lmin: The measured minimum luminance of all measurement position.

#### Note 7: Definition of luminance:

Measure the luminance of white state at center point.



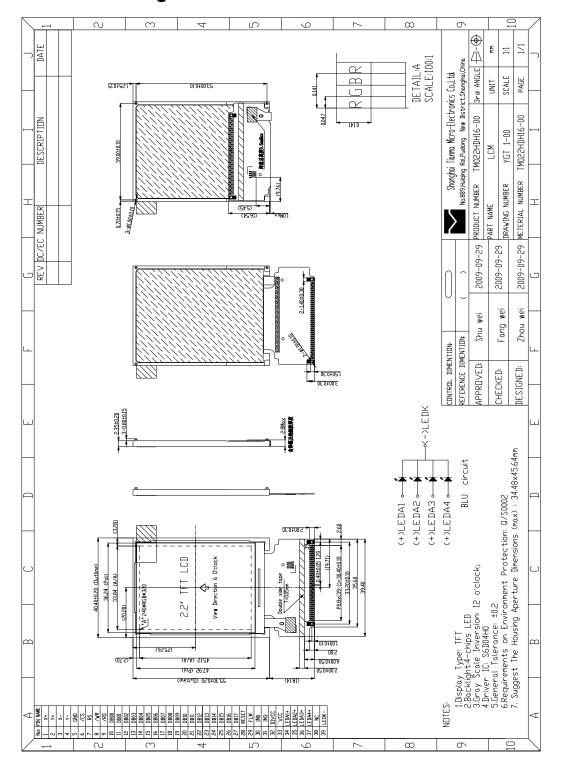
# 7 Environmental / Reliability Test

No	Test Item	Condition	Remark
1	High Temperature Operation	Ts=+70℃, 240hrs	Note1 IEC60068-2-2,GB2423.2—89
2	Low Temperature Operation	Ta=-20℃, 240hrs	IEC60068-2-1 GB2423.1—89
3	High Temperature Storage	Ta=+80℃, 240hrs	IEC60068-2-2, GB2423.2—89
4	Low Temperature Storage	Ta=-30℃, 240hrs	IEC60068-2-1 GB2423.1—89
5	High Temperature & High Humidity Storage	Ta=+60℃, 90% RH 240 hours	Note2 IEC60068-2-3, GB/T2423.3—2006
6	Thermal Shock (Non-operation)	-30°C 30 min∼+80°C 30 min, Change time:5min, 20 Cycles	Start with cold temperature, End with high temperature, IEC60068-2-14,GB2423.22—87
7	Electro Static Discharge (Operation)	C=150pF, R=330 $\Omega$ , 5points/panel Air:±8KV, 5times; Contact:±4KV, 5 times; (Environment: 15 $^{\circ}$ C~35 $^{\circ}$ C, 30%~60%, 86Kpa~106Kpa).	IEC61000-4-2 GB/T17626.2—1998
8	Vibration (Non-operation)	Frequency range:10~55Hz, Stroke:1.5mm Sweep:10Hz~55Hz~10Hz 2 hours for each direction of X.Y.Z. (6 hours for total)(Package condition)	IEC60068-2-6 GB/T2423.10—1995
9	Shock (Non-operation)	60G 6ms, ±X,±Y,±Z 3times, for each direction	IEC60068-2-27 GB/T2423.5—1995
10	Package Drop Test	Height:80 cm,1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces	IEC60068-2-32 GB/T2423.8—1995

Note1: Ts is the temperature of panel's surface.

Note2: Ta is the ambient temperature of sample.

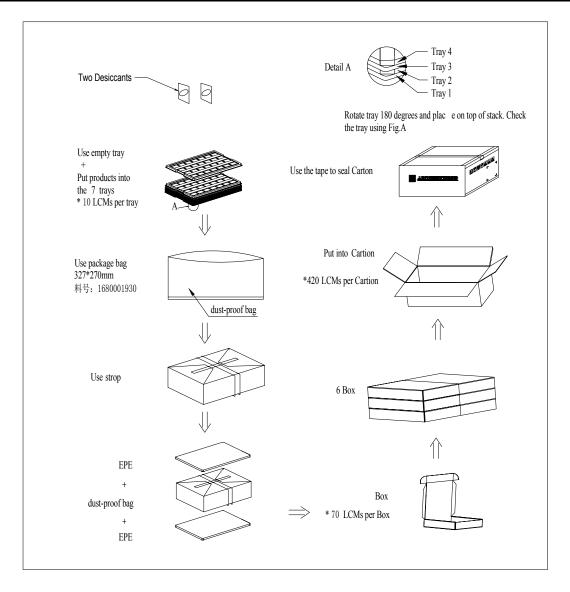
# Mechanical Drawing





# 9 Packing Drawing

No	Item	Model (Material)	Dimensions(mm)	Unit Weight(Kg)	Quantity	Remark
1	LCM module	TM022HDH16	44.40×55.30×2.35	TBD		
2	Tray	PET(Transmit)	TBD	TBD		Anti-static
3	EPE	EPE	TBD	TBD		
4	Desiccant	Desiccant	TBD	TBD		
5	Anti-static bag	PE	TBD	TBD		
6	BOX	Corrugated paper	TBD	TBD		
7	Carton	Corrugated paper	TBD	TBD		
8	Total Weight(Kg)	TBD				



#### 10 Precautions for Use of LCD Modules

- 10.1 Handling Precautions:
- 10.1.1 The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.
- 10.1.2 If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth, if the substance comes into contact with your skin or clothes, promptly wash it off using soap and water.
- 10.1.3 Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- 10.1.4 The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.
- 10.1.5 If the display surface is contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If still not completely clear, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:
  - Isopropyl alcohol
  - Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents
- 10.1.6 Do not attempt to disassemble the LCD Module.
- 10.1.7 If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- 10.1.8 To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
- 10.1.8.1 Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD Modules.
- 10.1.8.2 Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly ground.
- 10.1.8.3 To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.
- 10.1.8.4 The LCD Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.
- 10.2 Storage precautions:
- 10.2.1 When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.
- 10.2.2 The LCD modules should be stored under the storage temperature range. If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend condition is:
- 10.2.3 Temperature: 0°C~40°C Relatively humidity: ≤80%
- 10.2.4 The LCD modules should be stored in the room without acid, alkali and harmful gas.
- 10.3 Transportation Precautions:
  - The LCD modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.