

| MODEL NO. : _ | TM104SBH01 |
|----------------|------------------------------------|
| ISSUED DATE: _ | 2009-12-16 |
| VERSION : _ | Ver 2.1 |
| | Specification act Specification |
| Approved by | Notes |
| A | |

SHANGHAI TIANMA Confirmed :

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This technical specification is subjected to change without notice



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Record of Revision

| Rev | Issued Date | Description | Editor |
|-----|-------------|---|-------------|
| 1.0 | 2009-05-27 | Preliminary Release | Jianbin Zhu |
| 1.1 | 2009-07-28 | Update Block Diagram Add the Pin's definition of TP FPC Change the Reliability Test Condition | Xing Nie |
| 2.0 | 2009-9-25 | Revise Common Electrode Driving Signal VCOM from 4.36 V to 4.30±0.02 V Final Product Specification | Xing Nie |
| 2.1 | 2009-12-16 | Update Operating Life Time in page 7 Revise View Angles in page 19 Update Reliability Test Remarks in page 15 | Xing Nie |
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1 General Specifications

| | Feature | Spec | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| | Size | 10.4 inch | | |
| | Resolution | 800(RGB) x 600 | | |
| | Interface | LVDS 6 bits | | |
| | Color Depth | 262K | | |
| | Technology Type | a-Si | | |
| Display Spac | Pixel Pitch (mm) | 0.264x0.264 | | |
| Display Spec. | Pixel Configuration | R.G.B. Vertical Stripe | | |
| | Display Mode | TM with Normally White | | |
| | Surface Treatment(Up Polarizer) | Anti-Glare(3H) | | |
| | Surface Treatment(TSP) | Anti-glare type (3H) | | |
| | Viewing Direction | 12 o'clock | | |
| | Gray Scale Inversion Direction | 6 o'clock | | |
| | LCM (W x H x D) (mm) | 236.00x176.90x7.3 | | |
| Mechanical | Active Area(mm) | 211.20x158.40 | | |
| Characteristics | With /Without TSP | With TSP | | |
| | Weight (g) | 412 | | |

Note 1: Viewing direction for best image quality is different from TFT definition, there is a 180 degree shift.

Note 2 : Requirements on Environmental Protection: Q/S0002

Note 3 : LCM weight tolerance : +/- 5%

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2 Input/Output Terminals

2.1 TFT LCD Panel

Matching connector of Hirose DF19K-20P-1H (56)

| No | Symbol | I/O | Description | Comment |
|----|--------|-----|---|---------|
| 1 | VDD | Р | Power Supply | |
| 2 | VDD | Р | Power Supply | |
| 3 | GND | Р | Ground | |
| 4 | GND | Р | Ground | |
| 5 | IN0- | - | LVDS receiver negative signal channel 0 | |
| 6 | IN0+ | I | LVDS receiver positive signal channel 0 | |
| 7 | GND | Р | Ground | |
| 8 | IN1- | I | LVDS receiver negative signal channel 1 | |
| 9 | IN1+ | | LVDS receiver positive signal channel 1 | * |
| 10 | GND | Р | Ground | |
| 11 | IN2- | I | LVDS receiver negative signal channel 2 | |
| 12 | IN2+ | I | LVDS receiver positive signal channel 2 | |
| 13 | GND | Р | Ground | |
| 14 | CLK- | Ι | LVDS receiver negative signal clock | |
| 15 | CLK+ | I | LVDS receiver positive signal clock | |
| 16 | GND | Р | Ground | |
| 17 | NC | - | No connection | |
| 18 | NC | - | No connection | |
| 19 | GND | Р | Ground | |
| 20 | GND | Р | Ground | |

Note: I/O definition:

I-----Input O---Output P----Power/Ground

2.2 CN2 (BackLight Connector)

| No | Symbol | I/O | Description | Wire Color |
|----|--------|-----|-----------------------------------|------------|
| 1 | LEDA | Р | LED driving anode (high voltage) | Red |
| 2 | LEDK | Р | LED driving cathode (low voltage) | White |

2.3 CN3 (TP FPC)

| No | Symbol | I/O | Description | Remark |
|----|--------|-----|-------------|--------|
| 1 | Y2 | I | ITO film | |
| 2 | X2 | I | ITO glass | |
| 3 | Y1 | I | ITO film | |
| 4 | X1 | I | ITO glass | |



3 Absolute Maximum Ratings

3.1 Driving TFT LCD Panel

| GND=0V,Ta | = 25°C |
|-----------|--------|
|-----------|--------|

| Item | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|-----------------------|------------------|------|-----|------|--------|
| Power Voltage | VDD | -0.3 | 5.0 | V | |
| Input voltage | V _{IN} | -0.3 | 5.0 | V | Note1 |
| Operating Temperature | T _{OPR} | -10 | 60 | °C | |
| Storage Temperature | T _{STG} | -20 | 70 | °C | |

Note1: V_{IN} represent IN0±,IN1±,IN2±,CLK±

4 Electrical Characteristics

4.1 Driving TFT LCD Panel

GND=0V, Ta=25℃

| ltem | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Remark |
|---|-----------------|--------|------|----------------|------|--------------|
| LVDS Differential input high threshold | V_{TH} | - | - | +100 | mV | VCMLVDS=1.2V |
| LVDS Differential input low threshold | V_{TL} | -100 | I | - | mV | VCMLVDS=1.2V |
| Differential input voltage | Vid | 0.1 | | 0.6 | V | |
| LVDS input common mode voltage | VCMLVDS | Vıd /2 | - | 1.4-(Vid /2) | V | |
| Input current | I _{IN} | -10 | - | 10 | μA | |
| Supply Voltage | VDD | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V | |
| Common Electrode Driving Signal | VCOM | -0.02 | 4.30 | +0.02 | V | Note1 |
| Sync Frequency | FVD | - | 60 | 70 | Hz | |
| VDD Power Consumption | I _{DD} | - | 260 | 380 | mA | Note2 |

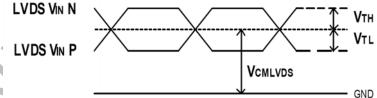


Figure 4.1.1 LVDS DC timing diagram

Note1: The value may be different for different LCM.

Note2: To test the current dissipation, using the "color bar" testing pattern shown as below:

| 1. White 2. Yellow 3. Cyan 4. Green 5. Magenta 6. Red 7. Blue 8. Black | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|---|---|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| _ | | ~ ~ | | | | | | |

Figure 4.1.2 Current dissipation testing pattern



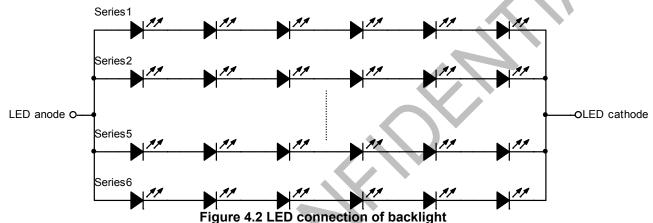
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Ta=25℃

4.2 Driving Backlight

| | | | | | | 10 20 C |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-------|---------|-----|------|---------|
| Item | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Remark |
| Forward Current | ١ _F | - | 120.0 | - | mA | Note 1 |
| Forward Current Voltage | V _F | | 19.2 | | V | Note 1 |
| Backlight Power Consumption | W_{BL} | - | 2.304 | | W | Note 1 |
| Operating Life Time | | 10000 | (20000) | | hrs | Note 2 |

Note 1: The figure below shows the connection of backlight LED.



Note 2: I_F is defined for one channel LED,

Optical performance should be evaluated at Ta=25 $^{\circ}$ C only.

If LED is driven by high current, high ambient temperature & humidity condition. The life time of LED will be reduced.

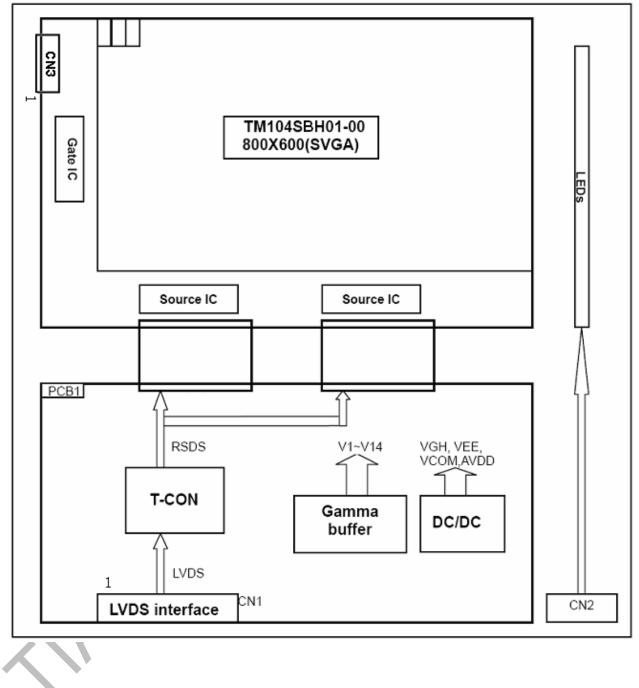
Operating life means brightness goes down to 50% initial brightness.

Typical operating life time is estimated data.

Note 3: One LED: $I_F(1/6) = 120 \text{mA}$.



4.3 Block Diagram





5 Timing Chart

5.1 Timing Parameter

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|------|-------|-------|------|-----------|--|--|
| ltem | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Condition | | |
| Clock period | tLVCP | 20.0 | 25 | 31.25 | ns | | | |
| Clock high time | tLVCH | _ | 14.29 | - | ns | | | |
| Clock low time | tLVCL | - | 10.71 | - | ns | | | |
| PLL wake-up time | tLVPLL | - | - | 1 | ms | | | |
| Input skew marign | tLVSKM | 400 | - | - | ps | f=85MHz | | |
| Table 5.1 timing parameter | | | | | | | | |

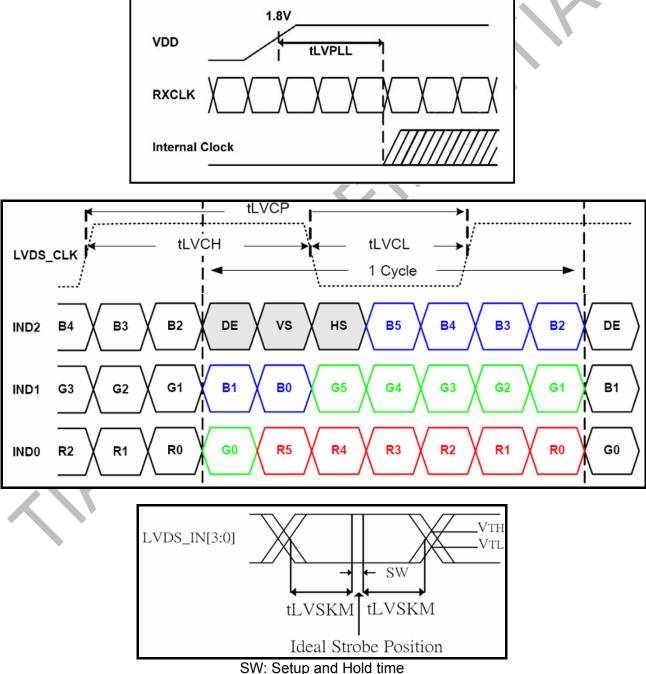
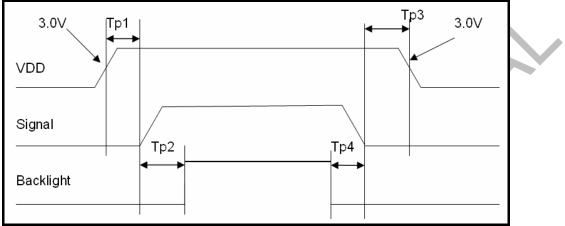


Figure 5.1 Input signal data timing



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| 5.2 Power On/Off Sequence | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|--------|--|
| ltem | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Remark | |
| VDD 3.0V to signal starting | Tp1 | 0 | - | 50 | ms | | |
| Signal starting to backlight on | Tp2 | 150 | - | - | ms | | |
| Signal off to VDD 3.0V | Tp3 | 0 | - | 50 | ms | | |
| Backlight off to signal off | Tp4 | 150 | - | - | ms | | |







6 Optical Characteristics

6.1 Optical Specification

| Ta=25℃ | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|----------------|--|
| ltem | 1 | Symbol | Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Remark | |
| View Angles | | θΤ | | 50 | 60 | - | | | |
| | | θΒ | CR≧10 | 60 | 70 | - | Degree | Noto 2 | |
| | | θL | CR≦ 10 | 60 | 70 | - | | Note 2 | |
| | | θR | | 60 | 70 | - | | | |
| Contrast Ratic |) | CR | θ=0° | 300 | 400 | - | - \ | Note1 Note3 | |
| Response Tim | | T _{ON} | 25 ℃ | - | 10 | 15 | | Note1 | |
| Response fill | le | T _{OFF} | 230 | - | 15 | 25 | ms | Note4 | |
| | White | х | | 0.271 | 0.321 | 0.371 | | Note5 Note1 | |
| | WINE | у | | 0.293 | 0.343 | 0.393 | | | |
| | Red | х | Backlight is on | 0.545 | 0.595 | 0.645 | | | |
| Chromoticity | | у | | 0.308 | 0.358 | 0408 | | | |
| Chromaticity | Green Blue | х | | 0.286 | 0.336 | 0.386 | | | |
| | | у | | 0.510 | 0.560 | 0.610 | | | |
| | | х | | 0.098 | 0.148 | 0.198 | | | |
| | | у | | 0.075 | 0.125 | 0.175 | | | |
| Uniformity | | U | | | 80 | - | % | Note1 Note6 | |
| NTSC | | | - | - | 50 | - | % | Note 5 | |
| Luminance(With TP) | | Ľ | | 260 | 300 | - | cd/m ² | Note1 Note7 | |

Test Conditions:

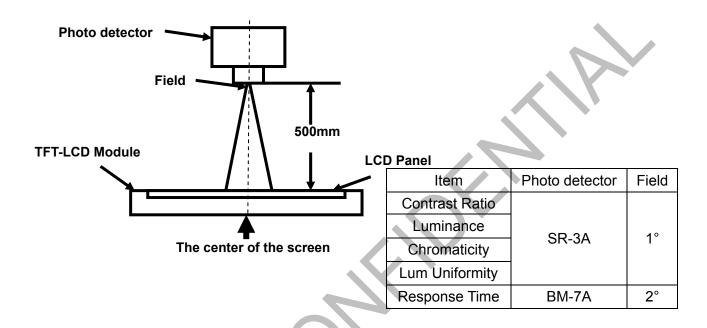
1. The ambient temperature is $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C.humidity is $65\pm7\%$.

2. The test systems refer to Note 1 and Note 2.



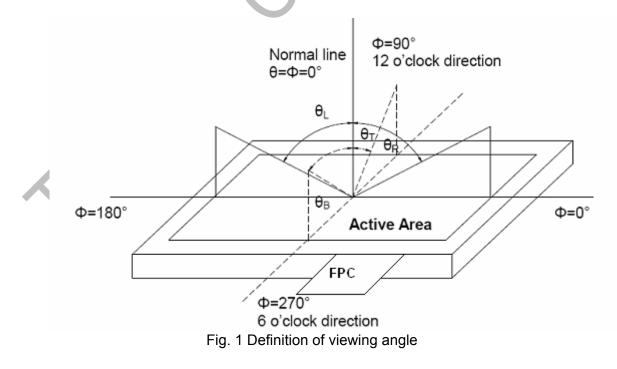
Note 1: Definition of optical measurement system.

The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 5 minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. All input terminals LCD panel must be ground when measuring the center area of the panel.



Note 2: Definition of viewing angle range and measurement system.

viewing angle is measured at the center point of the LCD by CONOSCOPE(ergo-80).





Note 3: Definition of contrast ratio

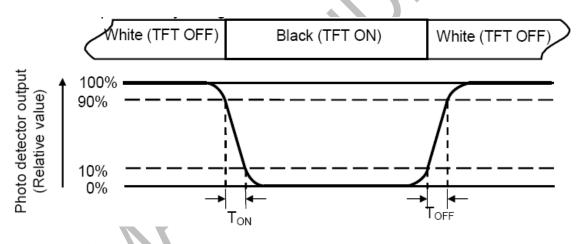
 $Contrast ratio (CR) = \frac{Luminance measured when LCD is on the "White" state}{Luminance measured when LCD is on the "Black" state}$ "White state ":The state is that the LCD should driven by Vwhite.

"Black state": The state is that the LCD should driven by Vblack.

Vwhite: To be determined Vblack: To be determined.

Note 4: Definition of Response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time (TON) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time (TOFF) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.



Note 5: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931) Color coordinates measured at center point of LCD.



Note 6: Definition of Luminance Uniformity

Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (Refer Fig. 2). Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

Luminance Uniformity(U) = Lmin/ Lmax

L-----Active area length W----- Active area width

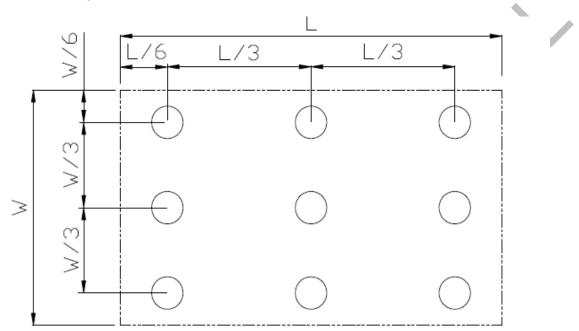


Fig. 2 Definition of uniformity

Lmax: The measured maximum luminance of all measurement position.

Lmin: The measured minimum luminance of all measurement position.

Note 7: Definition of Luminance :

Measure the luminance of white state at center point.



7 Environmental / Reliability Test

| No | Test Item | Condition | Remark |
|----|--|---|--|
| | High Temperature Operation | Ts=+60℃, 240hrs | Note1 IEC60068-2-2,GB2423.2 |
| 2 | Low Temperature Operation | Ta=-10℃, 240hrs | IEC60068-2-1 GB2423.1 |
| | High Temperature Storage (non-operation) | Ta=+70℃, 240hrs | IEC60068-2-1 GB2423.2 |
| 4 | Low Temperature Storage (non-operation) | Ta=-20℃, 240hrs | IEC60068-2-1 GB2423.1 |
| | High Temperature & High Humidity Operation | Ta = +40℃, 90% RH max,240 hours | Note2 IEC60068-2-78 GB/T2423.3 |
| 6 | Thermal Shock (non-operation) | -20℃ 30 min~+70℃ 30 min, Change time:5min, 30 Cycles | Start with cold temperature, end with high temperature IEC60068-2-14,GB2423.22 |
| 7 | Electro Static Discharge (operation) | C=150pF,R=330Ω, Air:±8Kv, Contact:±4Kv, 5imes/terminal | IEC61000-4-2 GB/T17626.2 |
| 8 | Vibration (non-operation) | Frequency range:10~55Hz, Stroke:1.5mm Sweep:10Hz~55Hz~10Hz 2hours for each direction of X.y.z (6 hours for total) | IEC60068-2-6 GB/T2423.10 |
| 9 | Shock (non-operation) | 80G 6ms, ±X,±Y,±Z 3 times for each direction | IEC60068-2-27 GB/T2423.5 |
| 10 | Package Drop Test | Height:80 cm,1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces | IEC60068-2-32 GB/2423.8 |
| 11 | Package Vibration Test | Random Vibration: 0.015GxG/Hz for 5-200Hz, -6dB/Octave from 200-500Hz 2 hours for each direction of X,Y,Z (6 hours for total) | IEC60068-2-34 GB/T2423.11 |

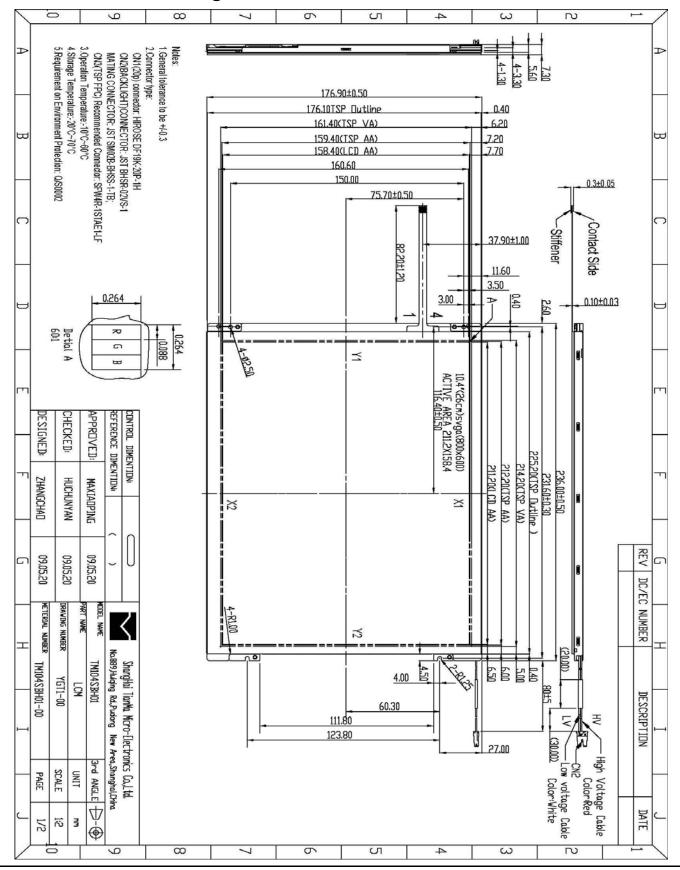
Note1: Ts is the temperature of panel's surface.

Note2: Ta is the ambient temperature of sample.



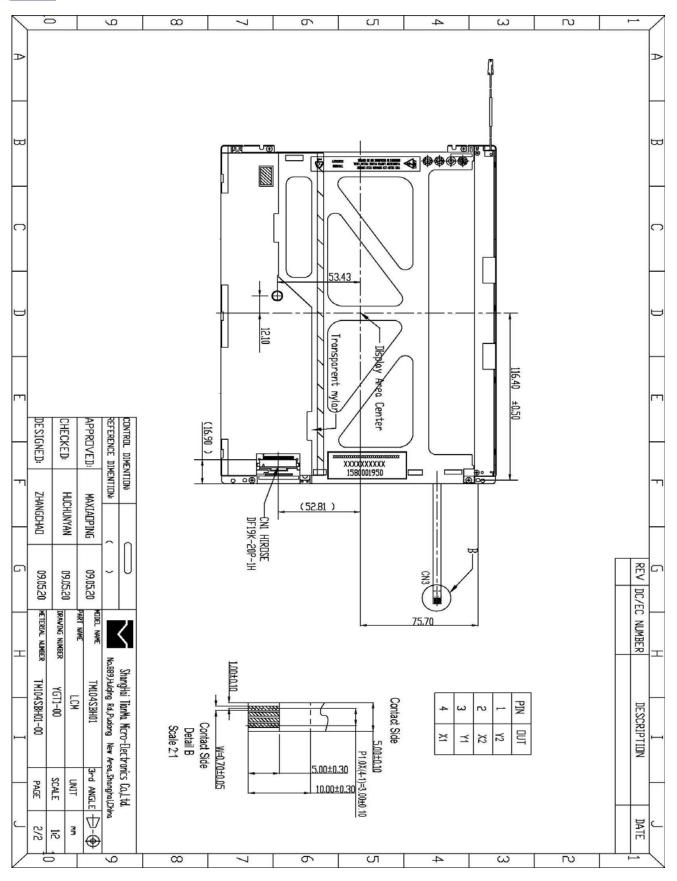
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8 Mechanical Drawing





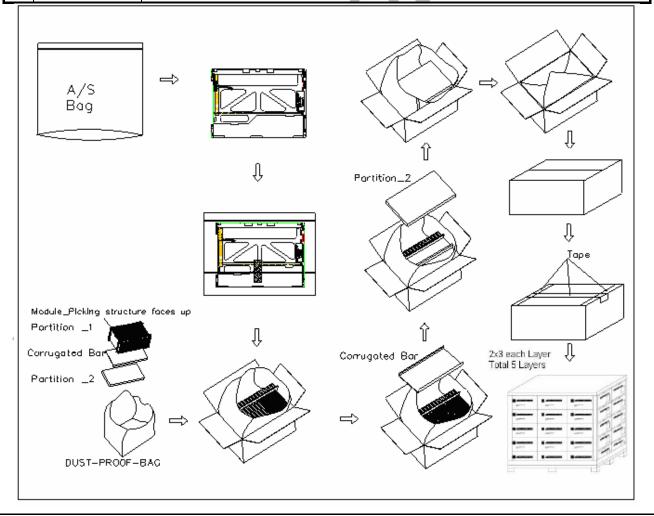
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9 Packing Drawing

| No | ltem | Model (Material) | Dimensions(mm) | Unit Weight(Kg) | Quantity | Remark |
|----|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------|--------|
| 1 | LCM module | TM104SBH01 | 236.00x176.90x7.3 | 0.42 | 20 | |
| 2 | Partition_1 | CORRUGATED PAPER | 513x333x217 | 1.326 | 1 | |
| 3 | Anti-static Bag | PE | 247x256x0.05 | 0.004 | 20 | |
| 4 | DUST-PROOF BAG | PE | 700×530 | 0.05 | 1 | |
| 5 | Partition_2 | CORRUGATED PAPER | 505x332x4.0 | 0.1 | 2 | |
| 6 | CORRUGATED | CORRUGATED PAPER | 513x248 | 0.102 | 2 | |
| 7 | Carton | CORRUGATED PAPER | 530x350x250 | 1.02 | 1 | |
| 8 | Total weight(Kg) | 11.28±10% | | | | |





10 Precautions For Use of LCD Modules

10.1 Handling Precautions

- 10.1.1 The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.
- 10.1.2 If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth, if the substance comes into contact with your skin or clothes, promptly wash it off using soap and water.
- 10.1.3 Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- 10.1.4 The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.
- 10.1.5 If the display surface is contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If still not completely clear, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents
- 10.1.6 Do not attempt to disassemble the LCD Module.
- 10.1.7 If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- 10.1.8 To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
- 10.1.8.1 Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD Modules.
- 10.1.8.2 Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly ground.
- 10.1.8.3 To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.
- 10.1.8.4 The LCD Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

10.2 Storage Precautions

- 10.2.1 When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.
- 10.2.2 The LCD modules should be stored under the storage temperature range. If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend condition is:

Temperature : 0° C ~ 40° C Relatively humidity: $\leq 80\%$

10.2.3 The LCD modules should be stored in the room without acid, alkali and harmful gas.

10.3 Transportation Precautions

The LCD modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.