

# SPECIFICATION FOR LCD MODULE

MODEL NO:	TM162IBCWVBYA
CUSTOMER:	
CUSTOMER P/N.	
VERSION	V1.0
CUSTOMER	
APPROVED	

□Preliminary specification

■Final specification

PREPARED BY	CHECKED BY	CHECKED BY QA DEPT.				

**Tianma Europe GmbH** Herrenalber Strasse 22; D-76199 Karlsruhe Phone: +49-(0)721-89311-0; Fax +49-(0)721-89311-20 www.tianma.eu, info@tianma.eu

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# **REVISION RECORD**

Version	Page	Revision Items	Name	Date
0.0		First release	Tangpu	2006.4.11
0.1		Change some symbol	TP	2006.9.30
0.2		Change Part NO	YangYong	2007.7.30
1.0		Change IC	HongLi	2008.1.15



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# **1** Description

The TM162IBCWVBYA, Character LCM unit consists of 16-character  $\times$ 2-line dot-matrix(5 $\times$ 8 dot) LCD panel, LCD driver, controller LSI on a single PCB. Incorporating mask ROM-based character generator and display data RAM in the controller LSI, the unit can efficiently display the desired character under microprocessor control.

- Wide viewing direction.
- Wide Operating temperature.
- Requirements on environmental protection: RoHS.

# 2 Features

ltem	Contents
	STN
LCD type	Positive
LCD Duty	1/16
LCD Bias	1/5
Polarizer	Transflective
LCD background color	Yellow-Green
Segment color	Blue-Black
Backlighting	LED
Backlighting type	Area
Backlighting color	Yellow-Green
Backlighting drive	100mA
View direction	6:00(Wide view direction)
Operating temperature	-20°C∼+70°C
Storage temperature	-30℃~+80℃
Controller	ST7066U
Frame	SPCC(Black)
Technology	СОВ
Power supply	VDD=5.0V
Data Transfer	8 Bit Parallel

#### Notes:

- Color tone can slightly change with temperature and driving voltage.
- Color tone will be changed by backlight.

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### **3 Absolute maximum ratings**

(Without LED backlighting ,Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remark
Logic circuit supply voltage	VCC	-0.3	+7.0	V	
LCD driving voltage	VLCD	VCC-10.0	VCC+0.3	V	
Operating temperature range	Тор	-20	+70	°C	No
Storage temperature range	Tst	-30	+80	°C	Condensation

Note :

- LCD operating voltage V<sub>LCD</sub>=V<sub>CC</sub> -V<sub>EE</sub>
- If the module is above these absolute maximum ratings. It may become permanently damaged.
- $V_{DD} > V_{SS}$  must be maintained.

# **4 Mechanical Characteristics**

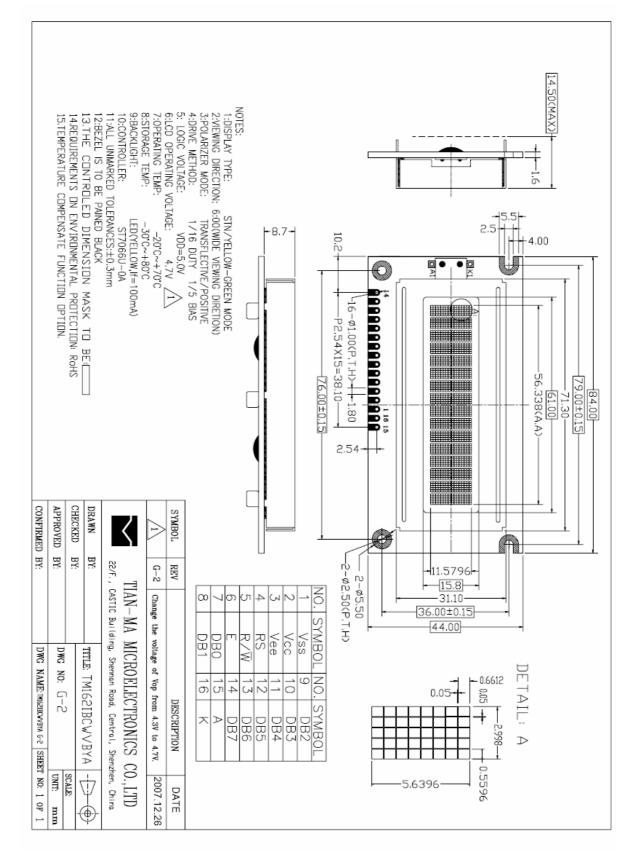
#### 4.1 Mechanical features

Parameter	Standard Value	Unit
Display type	Character Module	
Character size(W×H)	2.998×5.6396	mm
Number of dots/characters (W×H)	16×2(5×8)	
View area (W×H)	61.00 × 15.80	mm
Active Area (W×H)	56.338 × 11.5796	mm
Dot Size (W×H)	0.5596 × 0.6612	mm
Dot Pitch (W×H)	0.6096 × 0.7112	mm
Module size(W×H×D)	$84.00 \times 44.00 \times 14.50$ (MAX)	mm
Module total weight (approx)	42	g
Module outline dimensions	Refer to page 5-"Outline drawing"	

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#### 4.2 Mechanical drawing.



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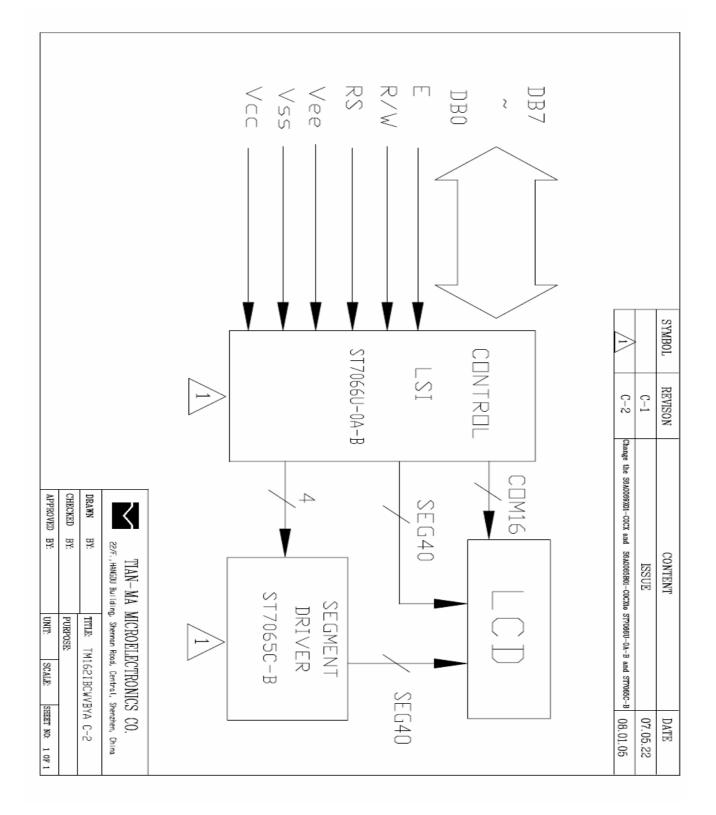
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MODULENo.:TM162IBCWVBYA V1.0



# **5 Circuit**

# 5.1 Block Diagram



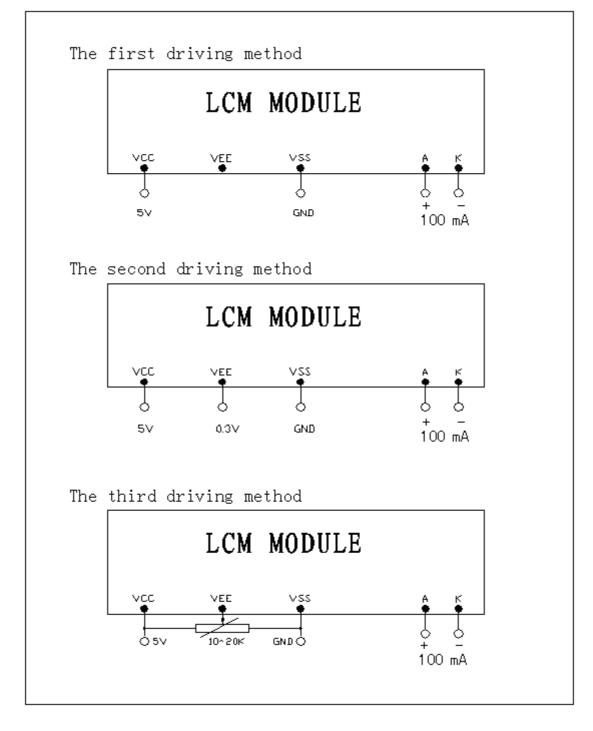
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ROHS



#### 5.2 Recommend power suppler circuit



Note:

- You can control the contrast of module outside by add a VR (the third driving method, please remove R11 on PCB)
- You can use fixed current or 4.2VDC to drive the backlight

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# 6 Interface description .

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description
1	VSS	0V	Ground
2	VCC	5.0V	Power supply voltage for logic and LCD(+)
3	VEE	0.3V	Power supply voltage for LCD(-)
4	RS	I/O	Selects registers (H: Data L: Instruction)
5	R/W	I/O	Selects read or write
6	Е	I/O	Data read/write enable signal
7	DB0	I/O	Data bit0
8	DB1	I/O	Data bit1
9	DB2	I/O	Data bit2
10	DB3	I/O	Data bit3
11	DB4	I/O	Data bit4
12	DB5	I/O	Data bit5
13	DB6	I/O	Data bit6
14	DB7	I/O	Data bit7
15	А	100 4	Power supply for LED(+)
16	K	100mA	Power supply for LED(-)



# 7 Instruction Code & Timing characteristics

### 7.1 COMMAND

The module TM162IBCWVBYA include the controller-ST7066U. The table below lists the types of commands, including the code of each command. more details refer to ST7066U data sheet please.

		-		С	omma	and Co		Execution				
Command	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Command Description	time (fsoc= 270kHz)
Clear Display	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Write "20H" to DDRAM. and set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC.	1.52ms
Return Home	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	x	Set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC and return cursor to its original position if shifted. The contents of DDRAM are not changed.	1.52ms
Entry Mode Set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	I/D	S	Sets cursor move direction and specifies display shift.These operations are performed during data write and read.	37us
Display ON/OFF Control	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	С	В	D=1:entire display on C=1:cursor on B=1:cursor position on	37us
Cursor or Display Shift	0	0	0	0	0	1	S/C	R/L	Х	Х	Set cursor moving and display shift control bit, and the direction, without changing DDRAM data.	37us
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	DL	N	F	X	X	Set interface data length (DL : 4- bit/8-bit), numbers of display line (N : 1-line/2-line), display font type(F : 5 X 8 dots/ 5 X 11 dots)	37us
Set CGRAM Address	0	0	0	1	AC 5	AC 4	AC 3	AC 2	AC 1	AC 0	Set CGRAM address in address counter.	37us
Set DDRAM Address	0	0	1	AC 6	AC 5	AC 4	AC 3	AC 2	AC 1	AC 0	Set DDRAM address in address counter.	37us
Read Busy Flag and Address	0	1	BF	AC 6	AC 5	AC 4	AC 3	AC 2	AC 1	AC 0	Whether during internal operation or not can be known by reading BF. The contents of address counter can also be read.	Ous
Write Data to RAM	1	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Write data into internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM).	37 us
Read Data from RAM	1	1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Read data from internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM).	37 us

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Be sure the ST7066U is not in the busy state(BF=0) before sending an instruction from the MPU to the ST7066U.If an instruction is sent without checking the busy flag, the time between the first instruction and next instruction will take much longer than the instruction time itself. Refer to instruction Table for the list of each instruction execution time.

#### 7.2 Interface Timing characteristics

Note: Please refer to IC: <u>ST7066U</u> data sheet for more details.

			(VCC = 5)	V, TA =25℃	2)	
Mode	Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Enable Cycle Time	T <sub>C</sub>	1200	-	-	
	Enable Rise / Fall Time	$T_R, T_F$	-	-	25	
Write Mode	Enable Pulse Width	$T_{PW}$	140	-	-	
(refer to	Address Setup Time	T <sub>AS</sub>	0	-	-	ns
Figure-1)	Address Hold Time	$T_{AH}$	10	-	-	
	Data Setup Time	T <sub>DSW</sub>	40	-	-	
	Data Hold Time	$T_{\rm H}$	10	-	-	

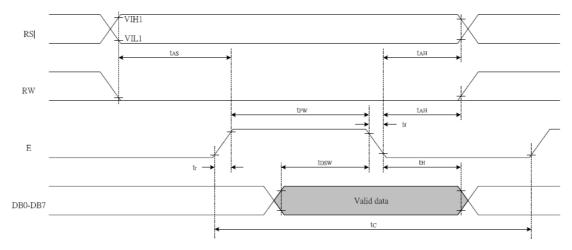


Figure 1. Write Mode Timing Diagram

ROH

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			<b>`</b>	,	,	
Mode	Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Enable Cycle Time	T <sub>C</sub>	1200	-	-	
	Enable Rise / Fall Time	$T_R, T_F$	-	-	25	
Read Mode	Enable Pulse Width	$T_{PW}$	140	-	-	
(refer to	Address Setup Time	T <sub>AS</sub>	0	-	-	ns
Figure-2)	Address Hold Time	T <sub>AH</sub>	10	-	-	
	Data Setup Time	T <sub>DDR</sub>	-	-	100	
	Data Hold Time	T <sub>H</sub>	10	-	-	



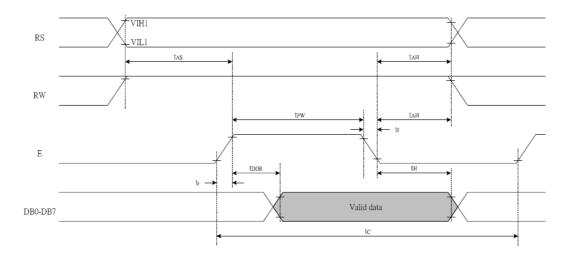


Figure2. Read Mode Timing Diagram

 $\mathbf{R}$ 

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#### 7.3 character generator code map(Please refer to ST7066U datasheet for other character code map)

67-64 63-60	0000	0001	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111
0000	CG RAM (1)															
0001	(2)															
0010	3															
0011	(4)															
0100	(5)															
0101	(6)															
0110	Ø															
0111	(8)															
1000	(1)															
1001	(2)															
1010	(3)															
1011	(4)															
1100	(5)															
1101	(6)															
1110	Ø															
1111	(8)															

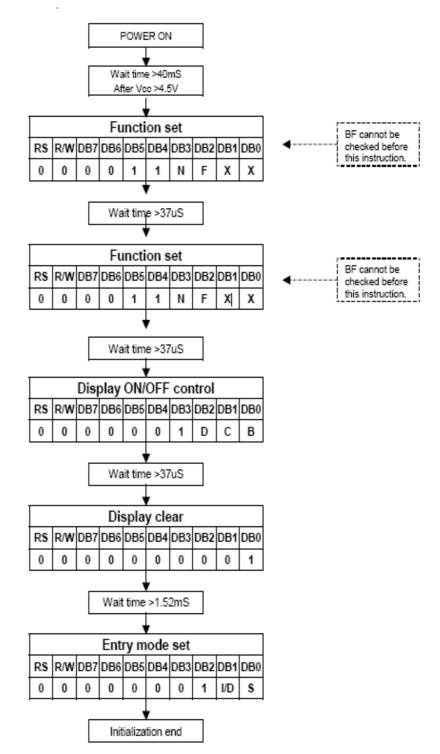
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#### 7.4 Initialization flow map

(For 8-Bit Interface F<sub>OSC</sub>=270KHz)



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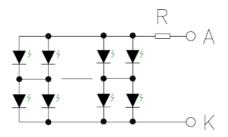
# **8 Electrical characteristics**

 $V_{CC}$ =5.0V,  $V_{SS}$ =0V, Ta=25°C

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNIT
Logic circuit supply voltage		V <sub>CC</sub>		4.8	5.0	5.2	
Power supply LCD(-)		V <sub>LCD</sub>		4.4	4.7	5.0	
Input voltage for logic circuit	"H"level	V <sub>IH</sub>		0.7V <sub>CC</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
	"L"level	V <sub>IL</sub>		-0.3		0.6	
Output voltage for	"H"level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =5.0V	3.9		V <sub>CC</sub>	
logic circuit	"L"level	V <sub>OL</sub>				0.4	
Logic power supply current (Without backlighting)		Icc	F <sub>OSC</sub> =270KHz VCC=5.0V			2.0	mA
Used driver IC		ST7066U OF SITRONIX					

# 9 LED backlight characteristics

**Ta=25°**℃



# CIRCUIT DIAGRAM (LED 2×10=20 dies)

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Forward voltage	V <sub>f</sub>	I <sub>f</sub> =100mA	4.0	4.2	4.4	V
Luminous intensity*	Вр		100			cd/m <sup>2</sup>
Luminous Uniformity*	∆Вр	I <sub>f</sub> =100mA	75			%
Peak Wave length	λρ		569	572	575	nm

#### Note:

- Measured at the bare LED backlight unit.
- If the backlight is above these maximum ratings for long time, the service life of the LED backlight will reduce or it will cause poor reliability.

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#### • 10 Optical Characteristics 10.1 Optical Characteristics

10.1 Optical Characteristics							Ta=25			
Parameter		Symbol		Ratings		Unit	Measuring	Reference		
Fala	netei	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max.	Unit	Temp.	Nelerence		
Operating	g voltage	Vo	4.5	4.7	4.9	V	25 <i>°</i> C	(Note10-1)		
Frame fr	equency	f		70		Hz		(Note10-2)		
Contra	st ratio	Cr( <b>θ</b> =20°,		10			25℃	(Note10-3)		
Contra	51 14110	<b>Φ</b> =90° or 270°)		10			23 0			
	Turn on	Turn on	Turn on	+			250	ms	25 <i>°</i> C	
Response		t <sub>on</sub>				1115	<b>℃</b> 0	(Note10-4)		
time	Turn off	time Turn off				200		25 <i>°</i> C	(1000 + 10 - 4)	
			t <sub>off</sub>				ms	<b>℃</b> 0		
Viewing	Up-down	θ1		-45~50			25℃			
J J	Op-down	( <b>Φ</b> =90° or 270°)		-45~50		deg	25.0	(Note10-5)		
angle (Cr≥2)	l oft-right	θ2		-35~35		dog	25℃			
(01=2)	Lett-right	Left-right $(\boldsymbol{\Phi}=0^{\circ} \text{ or } 180^{\circ})$ 35~35			deg	23 0				

(Note10-1) The maximum and minimum ratings don't mean the LCD works well in the whole range of Vo. Vo must be adjusted to optimize the viewing angle and contrast. Refer to definition of drive voltage, refer to 10.2.

(Note10-2) The frequency shouldn't be too low to avoid flicker. Refer to definition of drive voltage, refer to 10.2.

(Note10-3) Refer to 10.2/10.3/10.4/10.5.

(Note10-4) The selected state is dark and non-selected state is white( or bright) with positive type, reversely the selected state is white (or bright) and non-selected state is dark with negative type. Refer to 10.6 definition of response time.

(Note10-5) Generally the viewing direction is 6:00 or 12:00, sometimes 3:00 or 9:00. The range of left to right and up to down based on Cr=2 show the viewing angle. Viewing angle range isn't the range of defects inspection. Refer to 10.4.



#### 10.2 Definition of drive voltage

#### (1) Definition of drive voltage and waveform

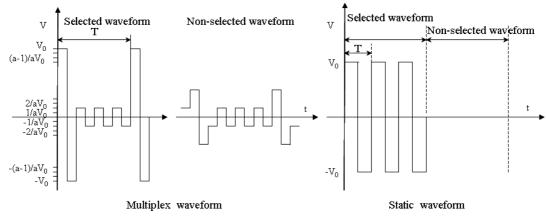


Fig.1 Definition of drive voltage and waveform

Operating voltage: $V_o$	Frame frequency: f=1/T
Duty: 1/N	Bias: 1/a

#### (2) Operating voltage: $V_o$

TIANMA can evaluate whether the LCD can be redesigned to obtain customer preferable performance if customer's LCD drive voltage isn't adjustable.

#### 10.3 Optical characteristics measurement equipment and method

The setup and test method are showed in fig.2. Test methods are different according to different illumination mode.

Transmissive mode: light resource is placed at the back of LCD.

Reflective mode and transflective mode: light resource is placed at the front side of LCD.

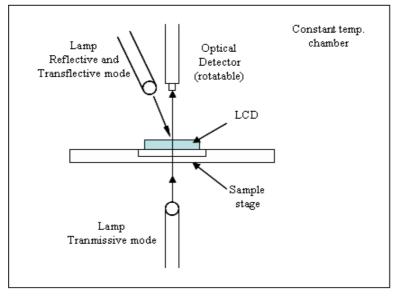


Fig.2 Optical characteristics measurement equipment

The chamber temperature, light resource and driving signal should be stable before testing. If test the



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characteristics under high or low temperature, the test system should be stable for more than 10 minutes before testing.

#### 10.4 Definition of viewing direction

Refer to the graph below marked by  $\theta$  and  $\phi$ 

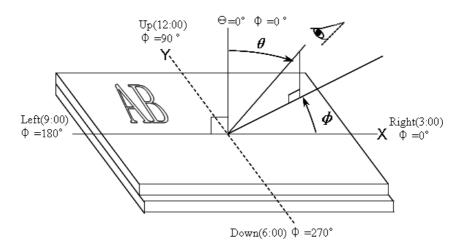


Fig.3 Definition of viewing direction

#### 10.5 Definition of contrast ratio

Contrast ratio can be calculated by the formula (10-1) below for positive type. If the LCD is negative type, Cr ( $\theta$ ,  $\phi$ ) is equal to luminance ( $\theta$ ,  $\phi$ , non-selected state) divided by luminance ( $\theta$ ,  $\phi$ , selected state). Note3-4 shows the relationship between selected state, non-selected state and bright state, dark state.

$$\operatorname{Cr}(\theta, \phi) = \frac{L_2}{L_1} = \frac{\operatorname{Luminance}(\theta, \phi) (\operatorname{Bright state})}{\operatorname{Luminance}(\theta, \phi) (\operatorname{Dark state})}$$
(10-1)

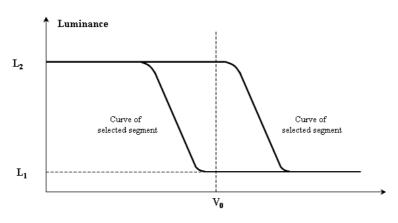


Fig.4 Electro-optical characteristic (EOC) graph (positive type)

#### 10.6 Definition of response time

Turn on time (rise time):  $t_{on}=t_d + t_r$  (from non-selected state to selected state) Turn off time (fall time):  $t_{off}=t_D + t_R$  (from selected state to non-selected state)

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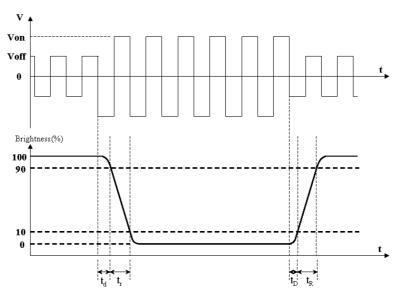


Fig.5 Definition of response time (positive type)

### 10.7 Definition of viewing angle

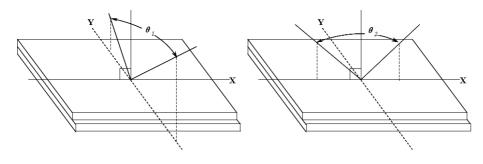


Fig 6 Definition of viewing angle

- $\theta_1$  ——range of viewing angle from up to down
- $\theta_2$  ——range of viewing angle from left to right.

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# **11 Reliability**

### **11.1 Content of Reliability Test**

Ta=25

	Content of Reliability Test		
No	Test Item	Test condition	Criterion
1	High Temperature Storage	80℃±2℃ 120H Restore 2H at 25℃ Power off	
2	Low Temperature Storage	-30℃±2℃ 120H Restore 2H at 25℃ Power off	
3	High Temperature Operation	70℃±2℃ 120H Restore 2H at 25℃ Power on	
4	Low Temperature Operation	-20℃±2℃ 120H Restore 4H at 25℃ Power on	After testing, cosmetic and electrical defects
5	High Temperature & Humidity Operation	40℃±2℃ 90%RH 120H Power on	should not happen.
6	Temperature Cycle	-30°C →25°C →80°C 30min 5min 30min after 10cycle, Restore 2H at 25°C Power off	
7	Vibration Test	10Hz~150Hz, 100m/s <sup>2</sup> , 120min	
8	Shock Test	Half-sine wave,300m/s <sup>2</sup> ,18ms	
9	Drop Test(package state)	800mm, concrete floor,1corner, 3edges, 6 sides each time	<ol> <li>After testing, cosmetic and electrical defects should not happen.</li> <li>the product should remain at initial place</li> <li>Product uncovered or package broken is not permitted.</li> </ol>

Notes:

1. Each test item applies for a test sample only once, The test sample can not be used again in any other test item.

- 2. The test sample is inspected after 2 hours or more storing at room temperature and room humidity after each test item is finished.
- 3. The criteria refer to 11.2.

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# 11.2 Inspection of criteria

Remark NO.	Content					
1	Functional test is OK. Missing Segment, shorts, unclear segment, nondisplay, display abnormally, liquid crystal leak are unallowable.					
2	After testing, cosmetic defects should not happen, no low temperature bubbles, seal loose and fall, frame rainbow, ACF bubble growing are unallowable in the appearance test.					
3	Total current consumption should not be over 10% of initial value.					
4	After tests being executed, Contrast must be larger than 70% of its initial value prior to the tests.					
5	No glass crack, chipped glass, end seal loose frame crack and so on.					
6	No structure loose and fall.					



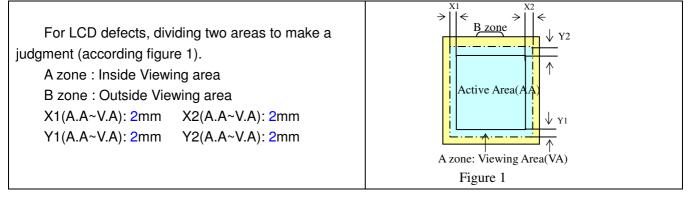
# **12 Quality level**

### 12.1 Classification of defects

Major defects (MA): A major defect refers to a defect that may substantially degrade usability for product applications, including all functional defects (such as no display, abnormal display, open or missing segment, short circuit, missing component), outline dimension beyond the drawing, progressive defects and those affecting reliability.

Minor defects (MI): A minor defect refers to a defect which is not considered to be able to substantially degrade the product application or a defect that deviates from existing standards almost unrelated to the effective use of the product or its operation, such as black spot, white spot, bright spot, pinhole, black line, white line, contrast variation, glass defect, polarizer defect, etc.

#### 12.2 Definition of inspection range



#### 12.3 Inspection items and general notes

Should any defects which are not specified in this standard happen, additional standard sh							
	be determined by mutual agreement between customer and TIANMA.						
	Viewing area should be the a	rea which TIANMA guarantees.					
General	Limit sample should be prior	to this Inspection standard.					
notes	Viewing judgment should be	under static pattern.					
notoo	Inspection conditions						
	Inspection distance: 250 mm						
	Inspection angle : 45 degrees in 12 o'clock direction (all defects in viewing area should be						
	inspected from this direction) Pinhole, Bright spot, Black						
	spot, White spot, Black line,	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The					
	White Line, Foreign particle,	phenomenon doesn't change with voltage					
	Bubble	processing and a second second ge					
	Contrast variation	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The					
	Contrast variation	phenomenon changes with voltage					
Inspection	Polarizer defect	Scratch, Dirt, Particle, Bubble on polarizer or between					
items		polarizer and glass					
	Functional defect	no display, display abnormally, open or missing segment,					
		short circuit, False viewing direction					
	Glass defect	Glass crack, Shaved corner of glass, Surplus glass					
	Segment defect	Pin holes or cracks in segment, Transformation of segment					
	PCB defect	Components assembly defect					

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#### 12.4 Outgoing Inspection level

Outgoing Inspection	Inspection conditions		Inspection					
standard			Max.	Unit	IL	AQL		
Major Defects	See 13.3 general notes	S	See 13.5		See 13.5		П	0.65
Minor Defects	See 13.3 general notes		See 13.5		П	1.5		
Note: Sampling standard conforms to GB2828								

### 12.5 Inspection Items and Criteria

			Judgment standard					
	Inspectio	on items		Catagony	Acceptable	number		
				Category	A zone	B zone		
	Black spot,White spot, Bright Spot,	<b>b</b> ↓	А	Ф≦0.10	Neglected			
1	Pinhole, Foreign Particle, Particle in or on glass,		В	0.10<Φ≦0.20	3	Neglected		
	Scratch on glass	Φ=(a+b)/2(m	С	0.20<Ф	0			
	Black line, White	Y	А	W≦0.02	Neglected			
2	Between Polarizer	Between Polarizer Width		0.02 <w≦0.05 L≦3.0</w≦0.05 	3	Neglected		
	on glass			W>0.05 or L>3.0	0			
		$ \begin{array}{c}     b \\     \hline     a \\     \Phi = (a+b)/2(mm) \end{array} $	А	Φ≦0.2	Neglected			
			В	0.2<Φ≦0.3	2	Neglecte		
3	Contrast variation		С	0.3<Φ≦0.4	1	d		
			D	0.4<Ф	0			
			Total defective point(B,C)		3			
4	Bubble inside cell			any size	none	none		
5	Polarizer defect (if	Scratch ,damage on polarizer, Particle on polarizer or between polarizer and glass.	Refer to item 1 and item 2.					
	Polarizer is used)	Bubble, dent and	А	Ф≦0.3	Neglected			
		convex	В	0.3<Φ≦0.7	2	Neglecte d		
			С	0.7<Φ	0			

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	Surplus	Stage surplus glass	b≦0.3mm				
6	glass	Surrounding surplus glass	Should not influence	outline dimension and ass	embling.		
7	Open segment or op	ben common	Not permitted				
8	Short circuit		Not permitted				
9	False viewing direct	ion	Not permitted				
10	Contrast ratio uneve	en	According to the limit	specimen			
11	Crosstalk		According to the limit	specimen			
12	Black /White spot(di	splay)	Refer to item 1				
13	Black /White line(dis	splay)	Refer to item 2				
14			not counted	Max.3 dots allowed			
	Pin holes and	a-1	x<0.1mm	0.1mm≤x≤0.2mm			
	cracks in segment		X=(	Max.3 dots			
		T T T	not counted	Max.2 dots allowed each segment	allowed		
			A<0.1mm	0.1mm≤A≤0.2mm D<0.25mm			
15	Transformation of segment		not counted	Max.1 defect allowed each segment			
			x<0.1mm	0.1mm≤x≤0.2mm			
				(a+b)/2	Max.3 defects		
			not counted	Max.1 defect allowed each segment	allowed		
			a<0.1mm	0.1mm≤a≤0.2mm D>0			

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		0.8W≤a≤1.2W a=measured value of width W=nominal value of width	Max.2 defects allowed
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				Judgment standard	
	Inspection items			Category(application: B zone)	Acceptable number
16		The front of lead terminals		a≤ t, b≤1/5W, c≤3mm Crack at two sides of lead terminals should not cover patterns and alignment mark	Max.3 defects allowed
	Glass defect crack			< Inner borderline of the seal	
		③ Surrounding crack— contact side seal c b a <u>Inner border line of the seal</u> Outer border line of the seal	b <	< Outer borderline of the seal	
		④Corner	A	a t, b 3.0, c 3.0	

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w

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t

b



	В	Glass crack should not cover	
		patterns u and alignment mark	
		and patterns.	

Inspection items		Inspection items	Judgment standard	
			Category(application: B zone)	
17	PCB defect	Component soldering: No cold soldering, short, open circuit, burr, tin ball The flat encapsulation component position deviation must be less than 1/3 width of the pin (Pic.1); the sheet component deviation: Pin deviates from the pad and contact with the near components is not permitted (Pic.2) lead defect: The lead lack must be less than 1/3 of its width; The lead burr must be less than 1/3 of the seam; Impurities connect with the near leads is not permitted	Component L < W/2 W Soldering pad Lead L2>0 Component L1>0	
		Connector soldering: Soldering tin is at contact position of the plug and socket is not permitted No foundation is scald Serious cave distortion on plug and socket contact pin is not permitted	bead Base Board Soldering tin is not permit in this area Soldering tin is not permit in this area	

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	Glue on root of the speaker receiver and motor lead: The insulative coat of the lead must join into the PCB; the protected glue must envelop to the insulative coat.	Glue Lead PCB Insulative coat
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# 13 Precautions for Use of LCD Modules

### 13.1 Handling Precautions

- 13.1.1 The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.
- 13.1.2 Liquid in LCD is hazardous substance, if the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth, if the substance comes into contact with your skin or clothes, thoroughly and promptly wash it off using soap and water.
- 13.1.3 Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- 13.1.4 Don't touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module with anything harder than an HB pencil lead, the polarizer is soft and easily scratched, handle it carefully.
- 13.1.5 Don't put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving any marks on.
- 13.1.6 If the display surface is contaminated or becomes dusty, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. do not scrub hard to avoid damage the surface. If still not completely clear, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:

- Isopropyl alcohol

— Ethyl alcohol

- Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:
  - Water
  - Ketone
  - Aromatic solvents
- 13.1.7 Do not attempt to disassemble the LCD Module.
- 13.1.8 If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- 13.1.9 Avoid using the same display pattern long time ( continous ON segment).Software must be prepared so that the pattern will be changed
- 13.1.10 To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
  - a. Be sure to ground the body and electric appliances when handling the LCD Modules. It is preferable to use conductive mat on table and wear cotton clothes or conductive processed fibre. Synthetic fibre is not recommended.
  - b. Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly ground.
  - c. To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.
  - d. The LCD Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be careful and slow when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated. It is recommended to use ionic fan or machine when operating. It is recommended to remove the protection foil slowly (> 3 sec.).
  - e. It is preferable to wear gloves etc, to avoid damaging the LCD. Please do not touch electrodes with bare hands or avoid any other contamination.

## 13.2 Storage precautions

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- 13.2.1 When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.
- 13.2.2 The LCD modules should be stored under the storage temperature range. If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend condition is:

Temperature : 5  $\sim$  40

Relatively humidity: ≤80%

- 13.2.3 The LCD modules should be stored in a clean environment or room, free from acid, alkali and harmful gas.
- 13.2.4 Store the module in anti-static electricity container and without any physical load.

#### **13.3 Transportation precautions**

The LCD modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.

#### 13.4 Soldering

13.4.1 Use the high quality solders, only solder the I/O terminals.

- 13.4.2 No higher than 280 and time less than 3-4 second during soldering.
- 13.4.3 Rewiring: no more than 3 times.
- 13.4.4 when you remove connector or cable soldered to I/O terminals, please confirm that solder is fully melted. If you remove by force, electrodes at I/O terminals may be damaged (or stripped off). It is recommended to use solder suction machine.



# 14. LCD Module Part Numbering System

ТМ							
1	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10						
NO.	Explanation						
1	TIANMA module indicating						
2	<b>Module type:</b> 3 DIGITS, 16-Character $\times$ 2-Line,						
3	TIANMA module series (A,B,C,D)						
	LCD type						
4	B Positive, Yellow-Green mode, STN						
5	Backlight type						
0	C Transflective, LED						
6	Temperature range						
0	W Wide temperature						
$\overline{7}$	Viewing Angle						
	V Wide viewing direction						
8	Technology						
	B COB (including SMT)						
9	The color of backlight						
	Y Yellow-green						
(10)	Function choice						
	A Basic function						

