

# SPECIFICATION FOR LCD MODULE

MODEL NO:	TM81ABCWVBYA
CUSTOMER:	
CUSTOMER P/N.	
VERSION	V1.0
CUSTOMER	
APPROVED	

- Preliminary specification
- Final specification

PREPARED BY	CHECKED BY	VERIFIED BY QA DEPT.	APPROVED BY

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## **REVISION RECORD**

Page	Revision Items	Name	Date
	First release	Tangpu	2006.04.11
	Change some symbol	TP	2006.09.30
	Change Part NO	YangYong	2007.07.31
6-8,10-15	Change IC and value of Vop	LiuHao	2008.01.17
		First release Change some symbol Change Part NO	First release     Tangpu       Change some symbol     TP       Change Part NO     YangYong

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## **1** Description

The TM81ABCWVBYA, Character LCM unit consists of 8-character×1-line dot-matrix (5×11 dot) LCD panel, LCD driver, controller LSI on a single PCB .Incorporating mask ROM-based character generator and display data RAM in the controller LSI, the unit can efficiently display the desired character under microprocessor control.

- Wide viewing direction.
- Wide Operating temperature.
- Requirements on environmental protection: RoHS.

#### 2 Features

Item	Contents
	STN
LCD type	Positive
LCD Duty	1/11
LCD Bias	1/5
Polarizer	Transflective
LCD background color	Yellow-Green
Segment color	Blue-Black
Backlighting	LED
Backlighting type	Area
Backlighting color	Yellow-Green
Backlighting drive	50mA (4.2V typ.)
View direction	6:00 (wide view direction)
Operating temperature	-20 ℃ ~ +70 ℃
Storage temperature	-30℃ ~ +80℃
Controller	ST7066U-0A-B
Frame	SPCC (black)
Technology	СОВ
Power supply	VDD=5.0V
Data Transfer	8 Bit parallel

Notes:

- Color tone can slightly change with temperature and driving voltage.
- Color tone will be changed by backlight.

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## 3 Absolute maximum ratings

(Without LED backlighting, Ta=25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit	Remark
Logic circuit supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3	+7.0	V	
LCD driving voltage	$V_{LCD}$	V <sub>CC</sub> -10.0	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V	
Operating temperature range	Тор	-20	+70	°C	No condensation
Storage temperature range	Tst	-30	+80	°C	NO CONCENSATION

#### Notes:

- LCD operating voltage V<sub>LCD</sub>=V<sub>CC</sub> -V<sub>EE</sub>.
- If the module is above these absolute maximum ratings. It may become permanently damaged. Using the module within the following electrical characteristic conditions are also exceeded, the module will malfunction and cause poor reliability, and its service life will reduce.
- $V_{CC} > V_{SS}$  must be maintained.

## **4 Mechanical Characteristics**

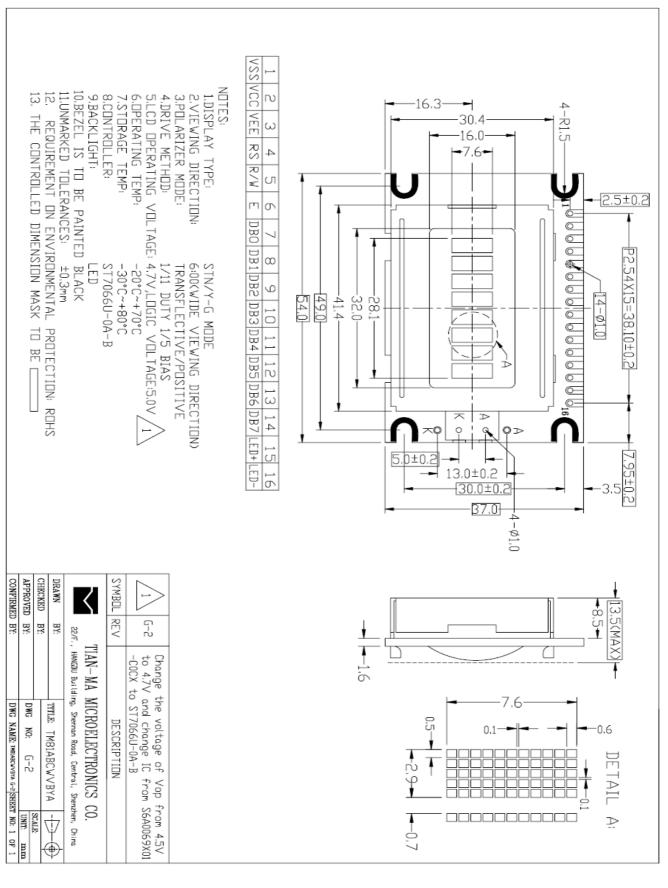
#### 4.1 Mechanical features

Parameter	Standard Value	Unit
Display type	Character module	
Character size(W×H)	2.90×7.60	mm
Number of dots/characters (W×H)	8×1 (5×11)	
View area (W×H)	32.00 × 16.00	mm
Active Area (W×H)	28.10 × 7.60	mm
Dot Size (W×H)	0.50 × 0.60	mm
Dot Pitch (W×H)	0.60 × 0.70	mm
Module size(W×H×D)	54.00 × 37.00 × 13.50 (MAX)	mm
Module total weight (approx.)	18	g
Module outline dimensions	Refer to page 5 -"Outline drawing"	

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## MODULE No.: TM81ABCWVBYA V1.0

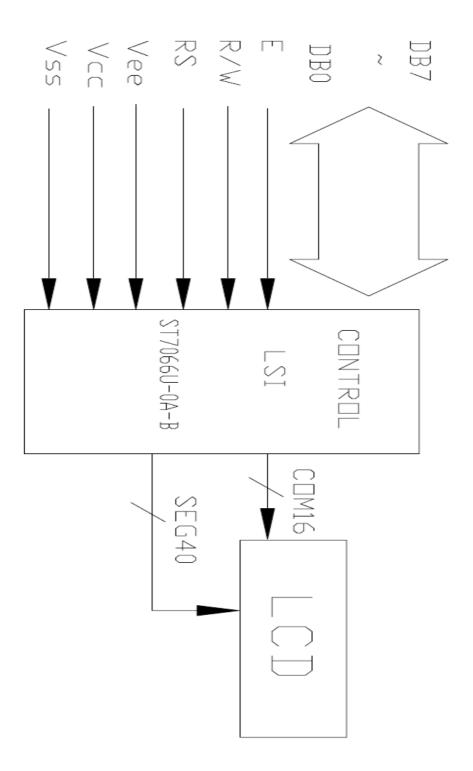
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## **5 Circuit**

#### 5.1 Block Diagram



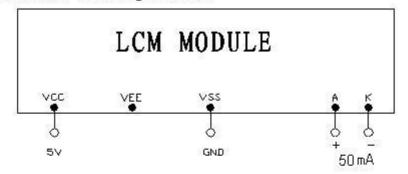
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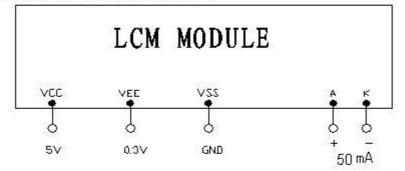


5.2 Recommend power supply circuit

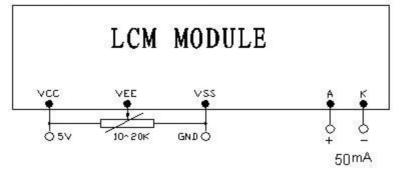
The first driving method



The second driving method



The third driving method



- You can control the contrast of module outside by add a VR (the third driving method, please remove R11 on PCB)
- You can use fixed current or 4.2V DC to drive the backlight

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## 6 Interface description

Pin No.	Symbol	Level	Description
1	Vss	0V	Ground
2	Vcc	5.0V	Power supply voltage for logic and LCD (+)
3	Vee	0.3V	Power supply voltage for LCD (-)
4	RS	H/L	Selects registers (H: Data L: Instruction)
5	R/W	H/L	Selects read or write
6	E	H/L	Data read/write enable signal
7	DB0	H/L	Data bit0
8	DB1	H/L	Data bit1
9	DB2	H/L	Data bit2
10	DB3	H/L	Data bit3
11	DB4	H/L	Data bit4
12	DB5	H/L	Data bit5
13	DB6	H/L	Data bit6
14	DB7	H/L	Data bit7
15	LED+	E 0 A	Power supply voltage for LED (+)
16	LED-	50mA	Power supply voltage for LED (-)



## 7 Instruction Code & Timing characteristics

#### 7.1 COMMAND

The module TM81ABCWVBYA includes the controller-ST7066U. The table below lists the types of commands, including the code of each command. More details refer to ST7066U data sheet please.

;					struct							Execution
Instruction	R S	R/ W	DB 7	DB 6	DB 5	DB 4	DB 3	DB 2	DB 1	DB 0	Description Instruction Code	time (fsoc= 270kHz)
Clear Display	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Write "20H" to DDRAM. and set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC.	1.52ms
Return Home	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	х	Set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC and return cursor to its original position if shifted. The contents of DDRAM are not changed.	1.52ms
Entry Mode Set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	I/D	S	Sets cursor move direction and specifies display shift. These operations are performed during data write and read.	37us
Display ON/OFF Control	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	С	В	D=1:entire display on C=1:cursor on B=1:cursor position on	37us
Cursor or Display Shift	0	0	0	0	0	1	S/C	R/L	х	х	Set cursor moving and display shift control bit, and the direction, without changing DDRAM data.	37us
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	DL	N	F	х	х	Set interface data length (DL : 4- bit/8-bit), numbers of display line (N : 1-line/2-line), display font type(F : 5 X 8 dots/ 5 X 11 dots)	37us
Set CGRAM Address	0	0	0	1	AC 5	AC 4	AC 3	AC 2	AC 1	AC 0	Set CGRAM address in address counter.	37us
Set DDRAM Address	0	0	1	AC 6	AC 5	AC 4	AC 3	AC 2	AC 1	AC 0	Set DDRAM address in address counter.	37us
Read Busy Flag and Address	0	1	BF	AC 6	AC 5	AC 4	AC 3	AC 2	AC 1	AC 0	Whether during internal operation or not can be known by reading BF. The contents of address counter can also be read.	Ous
Write Data to RAM	1	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Write data into internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM).	37ms
Read Data from RAM	1	1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Read data from internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM).	37ms

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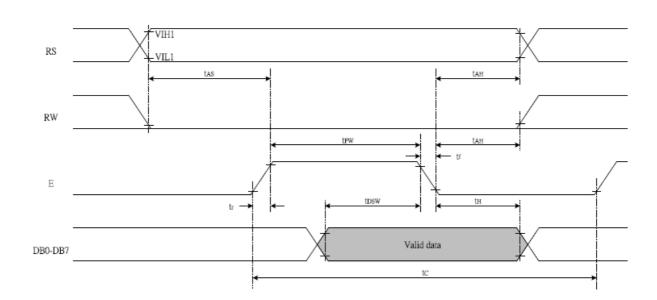


Note:

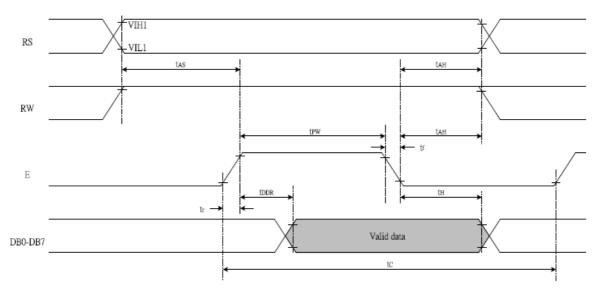
Be sure the ST7066U is not in the busy state (BF = 0) before sending an instruction from the MPU to the ST7066U. If an instruction is sent without checking the busy flag, the time between the first instruction and next instruction will take much longer than the instruction time itself. Refer to Instruction Table for the list of each instruction execution time.

#### 7.2 Interface Timing characteristics

Note: Please refer to IC: <u>ST7066U</u> data sheet for more details.



Writing data from MPU to ST7066U



Reading data from ST7066U to MPU

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			V <sub>CC</sub> =5.0V, Ta=25℃						
Symbol	Paramet	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units				
f <sub>CLKI</sub>	internal Clock Frequenc	y R=91K	190	270	350	KHz			
	Write Mode (	Writing data from	MPU to ST	7066U)					
Тс	Enable Cycle Time	P <sub>in</sub> E	1200			ns			
T <sub>PW</sub>	Enable Pulse Width	P <sub>in</sub> E	140			ns			
T <sub>R</sub> ,T <sub>F</sub>	Enable Rise/Fall Time	P <sub>in</sub> E			25	ns			
T <sub>AS</sub>	Address Setup Time	P <sub>ins</sub> :RS, RW, E	0			ns			
T <sub>AH</sub>	Address Hold Time	P <sub>ins</sub> :RS, RW, E	10			ns			
T <sub>DSW</sub>	Data Setup Time	P <sub>ins</sub> : DB0-DB7	40			ns			
T <sub>H</sub>	Data Hold Time	P <sub>ins</sub> :DB0-DB7	10						
	Read Mode (	Reading data from	n ST7066U	to MPU	)				
Тс	Enable Cycle Time	P <sub>in</sub> E	1200			ns			
T <sub>PW</sub>	Enable Pulse Width	P <sub>in</sub> E	140			ns			
T <sub>R</sub> ,T <sub>F</sub>	Enable Rise/Fall Time	P <sub>in</sub> E			25	ns			
T <sub>AS</sub>	Address Setup Time	P <sub>ins</sub> :RS, RW, E	0			ns			
T <sub>AH</sub>	Address Hold Time	P <sub>ins</sub> :RS, RW, E	10			ns			
T <sub>DDR</sub>	Data Setup Time	P <sub>ins</sub> : DB0-DB7			100	ns			
T <sub>H</sub>	Data Hold Time	P <sub>ins</sub> : DB0-DB7	10			ns			

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#### 7.3 character generator code map (Please refer to ST7066U datasheet for other character code map)

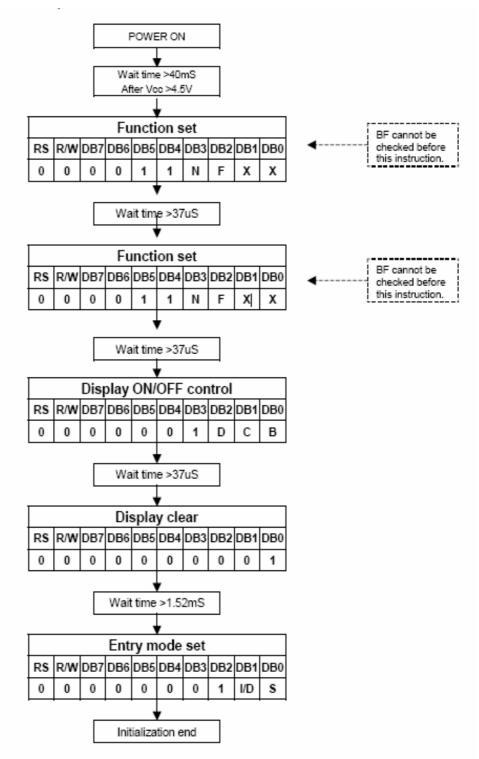
67-64 63-60	0000	0001	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111
0000	CG RAM (1)															
0001	(2)															
0010	(3)														83	
0011	(4)															
0100	(5)															
0101	(6)														83	
0110	Ø															
0111	(8)															
1000	(1)															
1001	(2)															
1010	(3)															
1011	(4)															
1100	(5)															
1101	(6)															
1110	Ø															
1111	(8)															

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#### 7.4 Initialization flow map

(For 8-Bit Interface F<sub>OSC</sub>=270 kHz)



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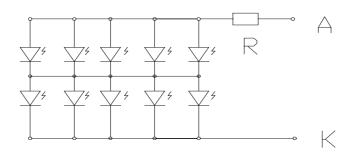


## **8 Electrical characteristics**

					V <sub>CC</sub> =4.5	V-5.5V, Ta	i=25℃		
Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN	ТҮР	ΜΑΧ	UNIT			
Logic circuit supply voltage	je	V <sub>CC</sub>		4.8	5.0	5.2			
LCD driving voltage		$V_{LCD}$		4.4	4.7	5.0			
Input voltage for logic	"H"level	V <sub>IH</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> -1.0		$V_{CC}$			
circuit	"L"level	V <sub>IL</sub>				1.0	V		
Output voltage for logic	"H"level	V <sub>OH</sub>	VCC=5.0V	3.9		VCC			
circuit	"L"level	V <sub>OL</sub>				0.4			
Logic power supply curre (Without backlighting and	I <sub>CC</sub>				2.0	mA			
Used driver IC			ST7066U OF SITRONIX						

## 9 LED backlight characteristics

Ta=25℃



Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Forward current	l <sub>f</sub>		35	50	92	mA
Peak Wave Length	$\lambda_{P}$		569	572	575	nm
Luminous intensity*	Вр	$V_f = 4.2V$	100			cd/m <sup>2</sup>
Luminous Uniformity*	∆Вр		70			%

Note:

- Measured at the bare LED backlight unit.
- If the backlight is above these maximum ratings for long time, the service life of the LED backlight will reduce or it will cause poor reliability.

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## **10 Optical Characteristics**

#### **10.1 Optical Characteristics**

Parameter		Symbol	Ratings		1	Unit	Measuring	Reference	
Fala	netei	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max.	Unit	Temp.	Nelefence	
Operatin	g voltage	Vo	4.5	4.7	4.9	V	25 <i>°</i> C	(Note10-1)	
Frame fr	requency	f		70		Hz		(Note10-2)	
Contra	Ontrast ratio $Cr(\theta=20^\circ, 8$		8				25℃	(Note10-3)	
Contra	51 1410	<b>Φ</b> =90° or 270°)		0			23 0		
Response	Turn on	t <sub>on</sub>			250	ms	25 <i>°</i> C	(Note10-4)	
time	Turn off	t <sub>off</sub>			250	ms	25 <i>°</i> C		
Viewing	Up-down	θ1		-50~50		deg	25℃		
angle	00-00001	( <b>Φ</b> =90° or 270°)	270°)		uey	deg 25 C	(Note10-5)		
(Cr≥2)	Left-right	<del>θ</del> 2		-35~40		deg	25℃		
(01-2)	Leit-nyilt	( <b>Φ</b> =0° or 180°)		-00-40		uey	23 0		

(Note10-1) The maximum and minimum ratings don't mean the LCD works well in the whole range of Vo. Vo must be adjusted to optimize the viewing angle and contrast. Refer to definition of drive voltage, refer to 10.2.

(Note10-2) The frequency shouldn't be too low to avoid flicker. Refer to definition of drive voltage, refer to 10.2.

(Note10-3) Refer to 10.2/10.3/10.4/10.5.

(Note10-4) The selected state is dark and non-selected state is white (or bright) with positive type, reversely the selected state is white (or bright) and non-selected state is dark with negative type. Refer to 10.6 definition of response time.

(Note10-5) Generally the viewing direction is 6:00 or 12:00, sometimes 3:00 or 9:00. The range of left to right and up to down based on Cr=2 show the viewing angle. Viewing angle range isn't the range of defects inspection. Refer to 10.4.

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#### 10.2 Definition of drive voltage

#### (1) Definition of drive voltage and waveform

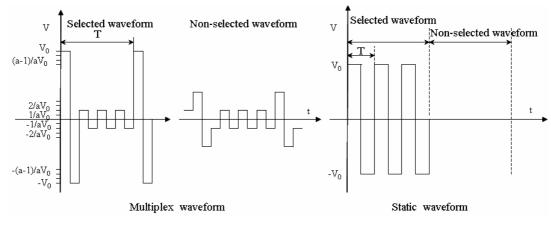


Fig.1: Definition of drive voltage and waveform

Operating voltage: V <sub>o</sub>	Frame frequency: f=1/T
Duty: 1/N	Bias: 1/a

#### (2) Operating voltage: Vo

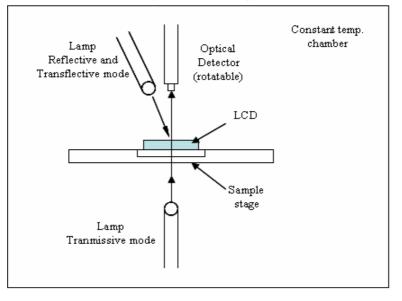
TIANMA can evaluate whether the LCD can be redesigned to obtain customer preferable performance if customer's LCD drive voltage isn't adjustable.

#### 10.3 Optical characteristics measurement equipment and method

The setup and test method are showed in fig.2. Test methods are different according to different illumination mode.

Transmissive mode: light resource is placed at the back of LCD.

Reflective mode and transflective mode: light resource is placed at the front side of LCD.



#### Fig.2: Optical characteristics measurement equipment

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The chamber temperature, light resource and driving signal should be stable before testing. If test the characteristics under high or low temperature, the test system should be stable for more than 10 minutes before testing.

#### 10.4 Definition of viewing direction

Refer to the graph below marked by  $\theta$  and  $\phi$ 

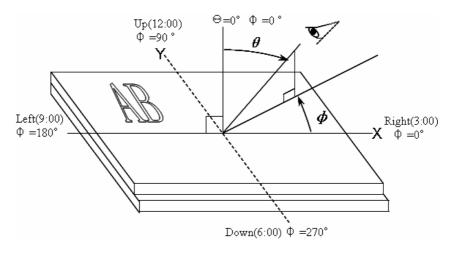


Fig.3: Definition of viewing direction

#### 10.5 Definition of contrast ratio

Contrast ratio can be calculated by the formula (10-1) below for positive type. If the LCD is negative type, Cr ( $\theta$ ,  $\phi$ ) is equal to luminance ( $\theta$ ,  $\phi$ , non-selected state) divided by luminance ( $\theta$ ,  $\phi$ , selected state). Note3-4 shows the relationship between selected state, non-selected state and bright state, dark state.

$$\operatorname{Cr}(\theta, \phi) = \frac{L_2}{L_1} = \frac{\operatorname{Luminance}(\theta, \phi) (\operatorname{Bright state})}{\operatorname{Luminance}(\theta, \phi) (\operatorname{Dark state})}$$
(10-1)

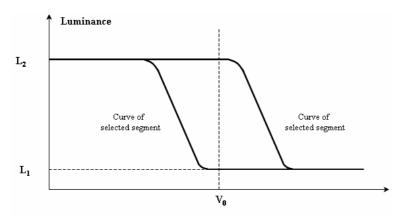


Fig.4: Electro-optical characteristic (EOC) graph (positive type)

#### 10.6 Definition of response time

Turn on time (rise time):  $t_{on} = t_d + t_r$  (from non-selected state to selected state) Turn off time (fall time):  $t_{off} = t_D + t_R$  (from selected state to non-selected state)

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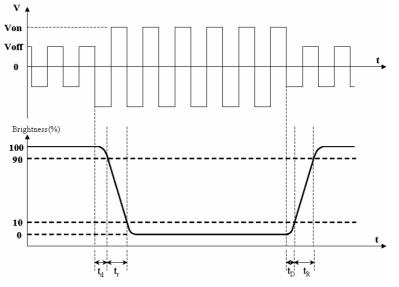


Fig.5: Definition of response time (positive type)

#### 10.7 Definition of viewing angle

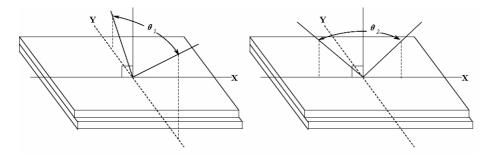


Fig 6: Definition of viewing angle

- $\theta_1$  ——range of viewing angle from up to down
- $\theta_2$  ——range of viewing angle from left to right.

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## **11 Reliability**

#### 11 1 Content of Reliability Test

11.1	Content of Reliability Test	Ta=25 ℃	
No	Test Item	Test condition	Criterion
1	High Temperature Storage	80 ℃±2 ℃ 240H Restore 2H at 25 ℃ Power off	
2	Low Temperature Storage	-30 ℃±2 ℃ 240H Restore 2H at 25 ℃ Power off	
3	High Temperature Operation	70 ℃±2 ℃ 240H Restore 2H at 25 ℃ Power on	
4	Low Temperature Operation	-20 ℃±2 ℃ 240H Restore 4H at 25 ℃ Power on	After testing, cosmetic and electrical defects
5	High Temperature & Humidity Operation	40 ℃±2 ℃ 90%RH 240H Power on	should not happen.
6	Temperature Cycle	-30℃ → 25℃ → 80℃ 30min 5min 30min after 10cycle, Restore 2H at 25℃ Power off	
7	Vibration Test	10Hz~150Hz, 100m/s <sup>2</sup> , 120min	
8	Shock Test	Half-sine wave,300m/s <sup>2</sup> ,11ms	
9	Drop Test(package state)	800mm, concrete floor,1corner, 3edges, 6 sides each time	<ol> <li>After testing, cosmetic and electrical defects should not happen.</li> <li>The product should remain at initial place</li> <li>Product uncovered or package broken is not permitted.</li> </ol>

Notes:

- 1. Each test item applies for a test sample only once, the test sample can not be used again in any other test item.
- 2. The test sample is inspected after 2 hours or more storing at room temperature and room humidity after each test item is finished.
- 3. The criteria refer to 11.2.

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#### 11.2 Inspection of criteria

Remark NO.	Content
1	Functional test is OK. Missing Segment, shorts, unclear segment, non-display, display abnormally, liquid crystal leak are unallowable.
2	After testing, cosmetic defects should not happen, no low temperature bubbles, seal loose and fall, frame rainbow, ACF bubble growing are unallowable in the appearance test.
3	Total current consumption should not be over 10% of initial value.
4	After tests being executed, Contrast must be larger than 70% of its initial value prior to the tests.
5	No glass crack, chipped glass, end seal loose frame crack and so on.
6	No structure loose and fall.



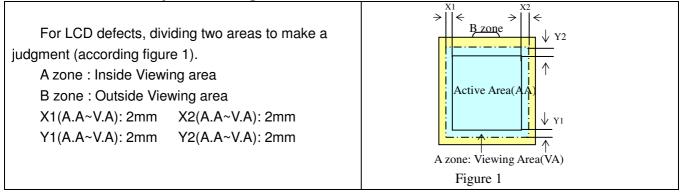
## **12 Quality level**

#### 12.1 Classification of defects

Major defects (MA): A major defect refers to a defect that may substantially degrade usability for product applications, including all functional defects (such as no display, abnormal display, open or missing segment, short circuit, missing component), outline dimension beyond the drawing, progressive defects and those affecting reliability.

Minor defects (MI): A minor defect refers to a defect which is not considered to be able to substantially degrade the product application or a defect that deviates from existing standards almost unrelated to the effective use of the product or its operation, such as black spot, white spot, bright spot, pinhole, black line, white line, contrast variation, glass defect, polarizer defect, etc.

#### 12.2 Definition of inspection range



#### 12.3 Inspection items and general notes

General notes	are not specified in this standard happen, additional standard agreement between customer and TIANMA. area which TIANMA guarantees. to this Inspection standard. under static pattern.					
	Inspection angle : 45 degrees in 6 o'clock direction (all defects in viewing area should be inspected from this direction)					
	Pin hole, Bright spot, Black spot, White spot, Black line, White Line, Foreign particle, BubbleThe color of a small area is different from the remainder. T phenomenon doesn't change with voltage					
	Contrast variation	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon changes with voltage				
Inspection items	Polarizer defect	Scratch, Dirt, Particle, Bubble on polarizer or between polarizer and glass				
	Functional defect	no display, display abnormally, open or missing segment, short circuit, False viewing direction				
	Glass defect	Glass crack, Shaved corner of glass, Surplus glass				
	Segment defect	Pin holes or cracks in segment, Transformation of segment				
	PCB defect	Components assembly defect				

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#### 12.4 Outgoing Inspection level

Outgoing Inspection	Inspection conditions		Inspection				
standard	Inspection conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit	IL	AQL	
Major Defects	fects See 13.3 general notes		See 13.5			0.65	
Minor Defects See 13.3 general notes		S	ee 13.	5	II	1.5	
Note: Sampling standard conforms to GB2828							

#### 12.5 Inspection Items and Criteria

				Judgmer	nt standard		
	Inspectio	on items		Catagan	Acceptable	number	
				Category	A zone	B zone	
	Black spot, white spot, Bright Spot,			Φ≦0.10	Neglected		
1	Pinhole, Foreign Particle, Particle in or on glass,		В	0.10<Φ≦0.20	3	Neglected	
	Scratch on glass	Φ=(a+b)/2(mm)	С	0.20<Ф	0		
	Black line, white	Y	А	W≦0.02	Neglected		
2	2 line, Particle 2 Between Polarizer and glass, Scratch	n Polarizer	В	0.02 <w≦0.05 L≦3.0</w≦0.05 	3	Neglected	
	on glass	L:Length(mm)	С	W>0.05 or L>3.0	0		
				Ф≦0.2	Neglected		
		b	В	0.2<Φ≦0.3	2	- Neglected	
3	Contrast variation	$\langle a \rangle^{\vee}$	С	0.3<Φ≦0.4	1	Neglecieu	
		Φ=(a+b)/2(mm)	D	0.4<Φ	0		
			To	tal defective point (B,C)	3		
4	Bubble inside cell			any size	none	none	
5	Polarizer defect (if Polarizer is used)	Scratch, damage on polarizer, particle on polarizer or between polarizer and glass.	Re	fer to item 1 and item 2.			
		Bubble, dent and	А	Ф≦0.3	Neglected	Neglected	
		convex	В	0.3<Φ≦0.7	2		

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							· · · ·	
			С	0.7<Φ		0		
	Curplus	Stage surplus glass	b≦0.3mm					
6	Surplus glass	Surrounding surplus glass	Should not influence outline dimension and assembling.				embling.	
7	Open segment or op	pen common	No	t permitted				
8	Short circuit		No	t permitted				
9	False viewing direct	ion	No	t permitted				
10	Contrast ratio uneve	en	Ac	cording to the limit	specin	nen		
11	Crosstalk			According to the limit specimen				
12	Black /White spot(display)			Refer to item 1				
13	Black /White line(display)		Refer to item 2					
14				not counted	Ма	x.3 dots allowed		
	Pin holes and				x<0.1mm	0.1	1mm≤x≤0.2mm	Marco
	cracks in segment	a-1		X=(	(a+b)/2		Max.3 dots	
		T T T		not counted		x.2 dots allowed each segment	allowed	
				A<0.1mm	0.1	1mm≤A≤0.2mm D<0.25mm		
15	Transformation of segment			not counted		.1 defect allowed each segment		
			x<0.1mm		0.	1mm≤x≤0.2mm		
		×	x = (a+b)/2		Max.3 defects			
				not counted		.1 defect allowed each segment	allowed	
				a<0.1mm	0.1	1mm≤a≤0.2mm D>0		

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0.8W≤a≤1.2W a=measured value of width of W=nominal value of width a
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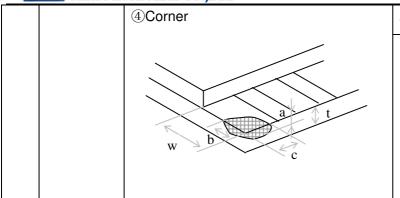
				Judgment standard	
Inspection items			(	Category (application: B zone)	Acceptable number
16	Glass defect crack	1)The front of lead terminals	A	a≤t, b≤1/5W, c≤3mm Crack at two sides of lead	Max.3 defects allowed
				terminals should not cover patterns and alignment mark	
		②Surrounding crack—non-contact side          seal       t         c       b       a         c       b       a         linner border line of the seal       Outer border line of the seal	b <	< Inner borderline of the seal	
		(3) Surrounding crack— contact side seal c b a <u>inner border line of the seal</u> Outer border line of the seal	b <	< Outer borderline of the seal	

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MODULE No.: TM81ABCWVBYA V1.0



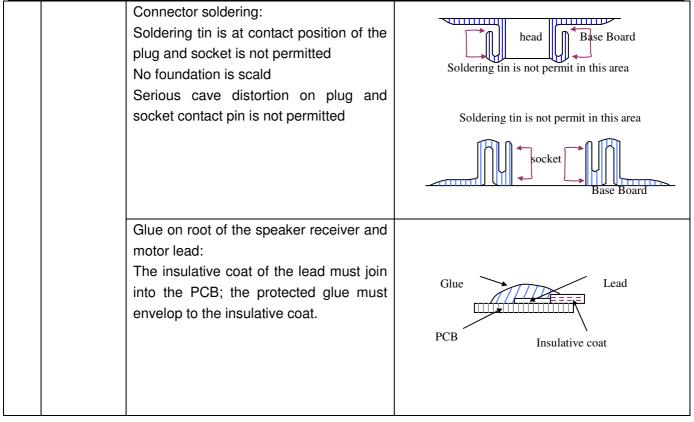
A	$a \leq t$ , $b \leq 3.0$ , $c \leq 3.0$	
В	Glass crack should not cover patterns u and alignment mark and patterns.	

Inspection items			Judgment standard
			Category (application: B zone)
17	PCB defect	Component soldering: No cold soldering, short, open circuit, burr, tin ball The flat encapsulation component position deviation must be less than 1/3 width of the pin (Pic.1); the sheet component deviation: Pin deviates from the pad and contact with the near components is not permitted (Pic.2) lead defect: The lead lack must be less than 1/3 of its width; The lead burr must be less than 1/3 of the seam; Impurities connect with the near leads is not permitted	Component Component Soldering pad Lead Component L1>0

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## **13 Precautions for Use of LCD Modules**

#### 13.1 Handling Precautions

- 13.1.1 The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.
- 13.1.2 Liquid in LCD is hazardous substance, if the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth, if the substance comes into contact with your skin or clothes, thoroughly and promptly wash it off using soap and water.
- 13.1.3 Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- 13.1.4 Don't touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module with anything harder than an HB pencil lead, the polarizer is soft and easily scratched, handle it carefully.
- 13.1.5 Don't put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving any marks on.
- 13.1.6 If the display surface is contaminated or becomes dusty, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. do not scrub hard to avoid damage the surface. If still not completely clear, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:
  - Isopropyl alcohol
  - Ethyl alcohol
  - Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:
    - Water
    - Ketone
    - Aromatic solvents
- 13.1.7 Do not attempt to disassemble the LCD Module.
- 13.1.8 If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- 13.1.9 Avoid using the same display pattern long time (continuous ON segment).Software must be prepared so that the pattern will be changed
- 13.1.10 To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
  - a. Be sure to ground the body and electric appliances when handling the LCD Modules. It is preferable to use conductive mat on table and wear cotton clothes or conductive processed fiber. Synthetic fiber is not recommended.
  - b. Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly ground.
  - c. To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.
  - d. The LCD Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be careful and slow when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated. It is recommended to use ionic fan or machine when operating. It is recommended to remove the protection foil slowly (> 3 sec.).
  - e. It is preferable to wear gloves etc, to avoid damaging the LCD. Please do not touch electrodes with bare hands or avoid any other contamination.

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#### 13.2 Storage precautions

13.2.1 When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.

13.2.2 The LCD modules should be stored under the storage temperature range. If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend condition is:

ed for a long time, the recommend condition i

Temperature:  $5^{\circ}C \sim 40^{\circ}C$ 

Relatively humidity: ≤80%

- 13.2.3 The LCD modules should be stored in a clean environment or room, free from acid, alkali and harmful gas.
- 13.2.4 Store the module in anti-static electricity container and without any physical load.

#### 13.3 Transportation precautions

The LCD modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.

#### 13.4 Soldering

13.4.1 Use the high quality solders, only solder the I/O terminals.

- 13.4.2 No higher than 280 ℃ and time less than 3-4 second during soldering.
- 13.4.3 Rewiring: no more than 3 times.
- 13.4.4 When you remove connector or cable soldered to I/O terminals, please confirm that solder is fully melted. If you remove by force, electrodes at I/O terminals may be damaged (or stripped off). It is recommended to use solder suction machine.



1	) 2	34567891		
NO.	Explanation			
1	TIANMA module indicating			
2	Module type: 3 DIGITS, 8-Character × 1-Line,			
3	TIANMA module series (A,B,C,D)			
	LCD type			
4	В	Positive, Yellow-Green mode, STN		
5	Backlight type			
$\bigcirc$	С	Transflective, LED		
6	Temperature range			
$\bigcirc$	W	Wide temperature		
$\overline{7}$	Viewing Angle			
$\odot$	-	V Wide viewing direction		
8	Technology			
0	В	COB (including SMT)		
9	The color of backlight			
C	Y	Yellow-green		
(10)	Function choice			
	A	Basic function		

## 14. LCD Module Part Numbering System

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